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LEGISLATIVE DOCUMENTS,

SUBMITTED TO THE

TWELFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

OF THE STATE OF IOWA,

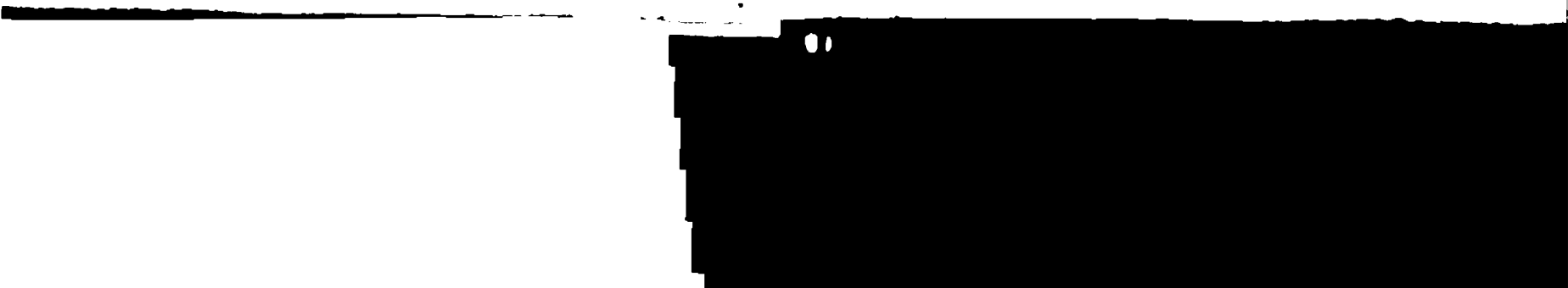
WHICH CONVENED AT DES MOINES, JANUARY, 13, 1868.

WM. M. STONE, RETIRING GOVERNOR.
SAMUEL MERRILL, GOVERNOR; INAUGURATED JAN. 16, 1868.
BENJAMIN F. GUE, RETIRING LT. GOVERNOR.
JOHN SCOTT, LT. GOVERNOR AND PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.
ED WRIGHT, SECRETARY OF STATE.
JOHN A. ELLIOTT, AUDITOR OF STATE.
SAMUEL E. RANKIN, TREASURER OF STATE.
CYRUS C. CARPENTER, REGISTER OF THE STATE LAND OFFICE.
D. FRANKLIN WELLS, SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.
JOHN RUSSELL, SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

VOLUME I.

DES MOINES :

F. W. PALMER, STATE PRINTER,
1868.



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BIENNIAL MESSAGE

OF

GOV. WILLIAM M. STONE,

TO THE

TWELFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

STATE OF IOWA.



DES MOINES :
F. W. PALMER, STATE PRINTER.
1898.

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GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

STATE OF IOWA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Des Moines, January 14th, 1868.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives:

In communicating to the General Assembly the condition of the State, as enjoined by the Constitution, I am permitted to review, with sincere gratification, a period of uninterrupted prosperity in the history and growth of our commonwealth.

The success of our financial transactions during the last biennial term, with public and private faith co-existing and unimpaired, inspires confidence in our fiscal relations, and relieves us of any reasonable apprehension of future derangement. The prosperity of the people in their various pursuits, and the ample returns they have realized from well directed industry, have enabled them to discharge their obligations to the State government with commendable promptitude, and impart vigor and stability to the execution of its powers.

An exhibit of our fiscal operations will show that, while we have been liberal in appropriations designed to promote the public interests, we have also been just to ourselves by observing a system of economy that has confined the total expenditures of the State safely within its available resources. The result of this considerate policy is observable in the facts that the State is not only free from embarrassment, and, as will be seen, practically exempt from debt, but the resources at our disposal, after meeting all demands, arising from current expenditures and appropriations for special and extraordinary purposes, will furnish the basis for a liberal estimate of future disbursements.

While the State disburses more revenue now than at an earlier period, yet it by no means follows that there is less frugality in the

management of its finances. As a State advances in age and population, its fiscal responsibilities become more extended and complex. Not only is the necessity for ordinary outlays continued and increased, but new exigencies arise for the application of its revenue.

All governments derive their support from that form or system of taxation, which the circumstances of the country, and the condition and pursuits of its people render most expedient and available. Accordingly, a wise government will so direct its affairs, and determine the limits of its expenditures, that the revenue required for the performance of its functions may be obtained without oppression or delay. Within these legitimate boundaries, taxation ceases to be onerous, and herein also a well constituted government exemplifies the soundness and wisdom of its financial policy.

Among the grave subjects to which your attention will be earnestly directed during the present session, none will be more important than those measures demanding special appropriations of the public revenue. While it is my conviction that the people of Iowa will freely meet taxation on a scale adequate to the maintenance of the public credit, and the proper support of their State government, I am nevertheless admonished by well developed symptoms of monetary derangement, consequent in part upon hazardous experiments with the national currency, that extravagant or inconsiderate appropriations, in the midst of this uncertainty, may produce unnecessary embarrassment.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The Reports of the Auditor and Treasurer, herewith presented, will furnish you with a detailed statement of the financial transactions of the State, under the various appropriations made by the last General Assembly, and also with the estimated resources and expenditures for the present biennial period.

'At the close of the fiscal term ending November 4th, 1865, there was a residue of \$47,236.62 remaining in the Treasury, which entered into the resources of the period that has just expired. Including this residue, there was received into the State Treasury during the last fiscal period from all sources, \$1,412,395.19, and the

total disbursements during that time amounted to \$1,314,654.74, leaving an unexpended surplus, November 2d, 1867, of \$97,740.45.

These statements show that, notwithstanding the unusually large disbursements required under the appropriations of the last session, the increase of salaries, payments on the public debt, and the various exigencies which augmented the total of ordinary expenditures, we have, out of the revenue thus received, carried the State through the past two years without incurring new liabilities, and have left a larger balance in the Treasury than has been found there at the close of any preceding fiscal period.

In order to understand this exposition more clearly, it may be well to state that nearly \$300,000 of these disbursements were required under the extraordinary appropriations made to the Orphans' Home, Agricultural College, Asylums for the Blind and for the Insane, and other purposes, including also \$114,000 in liquidation of the bonded debt of 1858. Deducting these items from the total expenditures, and it will be observed that the ordinary outlays of the State government during this time were materially curtailed from the former term.

The estimated expenditures for the present fiscal period is \$941,659.31, and to this amount must be added, of course, such appropriations for special and extraordinary purposes as the General Assembly in its wisdom may consider necessary for the public good. The resources for the next two years are estimated at \$2,175,754.21, which may be anticipated with reasonable certainty. In this amount is included \$300,000 due us from the United States on claims for military expenditures, which are now in process of successful adjustment, and will, as I am advised, be audited and paid at an early day.

PUBLIC DEBT.

Since the adjournment of the last session, we have, as before remarked, discharged \$114,000 of the bonded debt of 1858, leaving \$86,000 unpaid; but as the bonds are overdue and the State has taken the proper steps to liquidate them, they ceased to draw interest from the first of the present month. Although these bonds were not due, yet the entire amount of them would have been paid over one year ago, if their surrender for payment could have been

procured. Deeming it advisable to save for the State the accruing interest on these bonds, the treasurer and myself made diligent inquiry for them among the leading bankers of the country, but our efforts to find them, except as to the amount already paid, were unavailing. The amount required to liquidate the balance of this indebtedness is on deposit at the Metropolitan Bank, New York, and will be disbursed on presentation of the bonds.

There being no warrants outstanding, the only remaining indebtedness of the State is the \$300,000 of seven per cent. bonds, issued for war and defense purposes in May, 1861, and due January 1st, 1881. Whether the holders of these bonds could be induced to surrender them for payment, in advance of their maturity, I am not advised; but if this desirable arrangement can be effected, I would recommend that out of the proceeds derived from our claims against the United States, the amount required for this purpose be appropriated and set apart. These bonds having been issued in raising money for military expenditures incurred in behalf of the Federal Government, there would be a manifest propriety in applying the proceeds derived from this source to the extinguishment of the debt thus created; or, in other words, to so manage that this debt will pay itself.

This measure may receive additional weight from the reflection that by adopting it, we shall save to the State \$21,000 as interest annually paid to the holders of the bonds. The policy of permitting our obligations to remain outstanding for a series of years at this high rate of interest, when the State has the means at hand to discharge them, is one which can not be justified by principles of sound economy. But if the surrender of these bonds can not be secured, would it not be advisable, as a measure of economy, to invest the requisite amount, when received from the United States in some class of interest bearing securities, and thereby relieve the people from the burden of this accruing interest? With the principal so invested, we could anticipate the maturity of the bonds, and effect thus early the practical liquidation of the entire debt.

The total amount anticipated from the payment of these military claims exceeds \$500,000, and appearances now indicate that we shall realize the whole amount within the present year.

The record here presented, reaching back to the commencement

of the late civil war, and embracing a period of imminent peril to the national government, and of grave responsibility to the States, may be contemplated with profound satisfaction by every citizen of Iowa.

POPULATION.

Twenty - one years have elapsed since this Commonwealth passed from its Territorial condition, and became a member of the Federal Union. Within a period quite brief, when compared with the history and progress of older countries, this generation has witnessed the origin and marvelous growth of a State that now contains one million of inhabitants, and which, in all the elements of continued advancement and enduring wealth, bids fair to exceed the highest anticipations of its early settlers. The rapid progress we have already made under circumstances which, during most of this period, were quite unfavorable to a speedy development of our resources, is the result of obvious and natural causes. Organized out of territory which the Fathers had wisely dedicated to Freedom, with a genial and invigorating climate, with a soil of unsurpassed productiveness, and amply supplied with the materials required in the various departments of industrial enterprise, the foundations for the prosperity and ultimate greatness of this State existed at the very period of its birth.

The history of Iowa as a distinct political organization dates from July 4th, 1838, when it was created a Territory, although it was not until the 28th day of December, 1846, that it became a sovereign State. We started as a Territory with 22,859 inhabitants, and, at the time of its admission, the State contained a population of 97,588, principally confined to the earlier settlements along the eastern border, and in counties most convenient of approach from the Mississippi River. Of this population the counties of Lee, Van Buren, Des Moines, Henry, Dubuque and Jefferson contained over one half, and there were only twenty - one other counties which, at that date, had reported any inhabitants at all.

When it is considered that the State contains no navigable streams within its boundaries, that during ten years subsequent to its admission it was entirely destitute of railroad facilities, and that more

than two-thirds of the immigration was compelled to reach us by toilsome journeys over rude and often impassable wagon roads, the subsequent rapid increase of our population appears altogether remarkable.

During the ten years that followed our organization as a Territory, the average yearly increase of population was 11,196; and during the succeeding ten years, ending in 1858, the average increase per annum was 46,404. It will be observed that this last decade embraces the heavy immigration we received from 1854 to 1856, during which years, as the older citizens will not fail to remember, the population of the State was augmented more rapidly than at any other equal period of its history. The total increase for these two years was 193,400, or a yearly average of 96,700, showing that our advance during this period was greater than the entire population under the National Census of 1850, and that our increase in a single year was equal to the total growth of population from the first settlement of the Territory up to the time of our admission as a State.

We now approach a period during which, in consequence of the late civil war, the population, commerce and general progress of the State were seriously retarded. From the taking of the National Census in 1860 to the close of the Rebellion, a period of nearly five years, the entire increase of population was only 79,186, producing a yearly average of less than 16,000. In the midst of so much derangement and calamity, while the young and enterprising men of other States were so generally devoting themselves to the public service, and while one-ninth of our own people was connected with the National armies, it may be regarded as worthy of note that our population should have increased even to this extent. Since the return of peace, however, the State appears to have developed new energies, and received a wonderful impetus in every department of enterprise. The census returns for 1867 show a total population of over 900,000, and an addition since the census of 1865 of about 150,000, or nearly double the total amount of our growth during the five years which terminated with the Rebellion.

In representing the present population of the State I have only given the number actually returned by the different township assessors, who, in too many instances, are neither accurate nor thorough in their work. These returns having been made early in the season,

include but little of the spring and none of the summer and fall immigration. They also omit the productions of the last, and confessedly the most prosperous year with which Providence has blessed our State. From careful observation and a thorough analysis of the data thus furnished I feel altogether warranted in saying that there are, at this time, not less than 100,000 inhabitants not included in the census of last year, which, added to the number returned, give us one million as the present population of the State.

It is gratifying to contemplate that while we have thus steadily gained in population, the material wealth of the State has been augmented at a corresponding rate, and the labor and enterprise of our people have been abundantly rewarded. Upon this subject the census returns carefully compiled and published by the Secretary of State, will afford much interesting and valuable information. It will appear that with the advance of railroad enterprises, there has been a rapid appropriation of our vacant domain to agricultural purposes, and that far in the interior, and on the western slope, flourishing towns, and even cities, have sprung up at points where, until recently, the adjacent country has remained in its primeval condition. The rapid and constant yearly addition to the number of cultivated acres indicates the progress of our agricultural interests, and the immense annual surplus of grain and stock, shipped to the markets of other States, demonstrate beyond all question that our soil and climate are favorable to the highest measure of agricultural development.


It is not, however, in the pursuit of agriculture alone that the enterprise and wealth of our people are advancing. In the general development of our varied resources, other departments of enterprise and of remunerative labor are likely to command a large share of attention, and realize an adequate measure of success. Our coal, peat, gypsum, rock, timber and plentiful supplies of water, together with the various kinds of raw material produced within the State, or readily obtainable in exchange for our own productions, present the strongest inducements that can exist for the introduction and promotion of manufacturing enterprises. That these advantages are already understood and realized is sufficiently illustrated by the fact that the capital employed in manufacturing purposes, as shown by the census returns of last year, amounts to \$15,757,599, and that the capital thus invested has been more than doubled within the last two years.

It would be well if the people of this State more fully realized the important fact that the various implements adapted to agricultural and mechanical pursuits, and the machinery required in various manufacturing purposes, may be abundantly supplied by the labor of their own artizans and mechanics. The vast sums now annually expended in the purchase of these articles from the princely establishments of the Eastern States should be retained to augment home capital, and encourage the enterprise and reward the industry of our own citizens. We should understand, as a grave question of political economy, that buying more than we sell, whereby the balance of trade is turned against us, exhausts capital and prevents the accumulation of wealth. I hope to see the attention of our people more fully awakened to the importance of a subject which so intimately concerns individual interests not only, but also the general welfare of the State.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

The carefully prepared and comprehensive report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, will explain to you the condition and progress of our common schools. If shielded, as they wisely have been for several years, from the disturbing hand of attempted legislative improvement, and if liberally sustained by an intelligent public sentiment, our common schools may continue to advance in usefulness, and become an enduring monument to the eminent men by whose wisdom this admirable system of popular education was devised.

Our law generously extends the benefits of common school education to all persons within the State, between the ages of five and twenty-one years, while in many States school ages begin at six and end at fifteen or eighteen years. In this manner the total number to be provided for is largely increased, and educational advantages are thereby more widely extended. The enumeration for 1867 shows the whole number of persons of school age to be 872,969, being an increase over the former year of 24,471. The total number of teachers employed during the last year was 10,343, and an addition of one thousand to that of the preceding year, and showing that for every number of thirty-six persons having a right to common school privileges, one teacher has been employed. There are 5,454 school houses reported, making an average of fifty-



six for every organized county in the State, many of which counties contain less than one thousand inhabitants each, and averaging over five school houses to each organized township. And these, it should be remembered, are independent of the sixty-two academies, colleges and universities established at different points in the State.

The total amount expended for the support of common schools during the last year, was \$2,069,597.82, making eight dollars and four cents paid for each pupil in attendance during the year, and five dollars and fifty-five cents per capita for the entire number of school age, and the sum of two dollars and twenty-nine cents per capita for the entire population of the State, as shown by the recent census.

Without going into farther details, I submit the foregoing facts as sufficient to illustrate the practical workings and great success of our common school system. These liberal and wise provisions for the diffusion of educational advantages impartially among the youth of all classes, furnish contributions of imperishable value to the legacy which the people of this generation will bequeath to posterity.

I heartily concur with the Superintendent in his well-matured suggestions in favor of the establishment of a Normal School, and respectfully invite your attention to the views presented on this subject in my communication to the Eleventh General Assembly.

STATE UNIVERSITY.

The report of the Trustees of State University at Iowa City will be laid before you. The additional building provided for under the appropriation made by the General Assembly in 1864 is completed and is now in use. The high rank which such a seat of learning should occupy, the fact that it is permanently established by the Constitution and placed under our control, and that its endowment is not fully adequate to its current wants, all impose upon the State peculiar obligations. Whatever, therefore, will contribute to the advancement and promote the usefulness of this valuable auxiliary to our educational system, should be promptly afforded.

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

The reports of the proper officers having charge of the

Insane, Blind, and Deaf and Dumb, prepared with evident care and much labor, will explain with intelligent particularity the past transactions and present condition of their respective institutions.

It affords me much pleasure to assure you that these institutions, under their present management, are fully sustaining the high reputation they have hitherto borne. As the State advances in population, the unfortunate class of citizens for whose benefit these institutions were designed will continue to increase in number, and require additional facilities for their accommodation and treatment. The duty of providing for these afflicted persons, is one of unavoidable obligation, and appeals, with peculiar force, to the nobler sentiments of our nature. Whatever is required to ameliorate their condition, and promote their comfort, should be promptly and generously bestowed. To withhold the means necessary to render the capacity of these institutions adequate to the growing demands upon them, because of the pecuniary burden imposed, is equivalent to saying that considerations of dollars and cents are of greater moment to the people of Iowa than the performance of Christian obligations.

The inadequacy of the building at Iowa City, now temporarily occupied as a Deaf and Dumb Asylum, induced the General Assembly at its last session to pass an act permanently locating this institution at Council Bluffs. By this act commissioners were appointed to select the location, procure the plan and specifications for the building, receive proposals for its construction, and put the same under contract. It was also made the duty of these commissioners to report their proceedings to the Governor, on or before the first of October last, which report he was required to transmit to the General Assembly for its approval. This report was received too late for any examination at this department. I am advised by the commissioners that the delay has been occasioned by the destructive fire which occurred in that city in June last. I am informed, however, that the plan for this building has been selected, and a contract entered into for its construction, at a cost of \$810,000. An eligible site has been selected for the institution, within the required distance of that thriving city. It now remains for the General Assembly to determine whether the action of

these commissioners shall be ratified, and the amount of money appropriated necessary to erect this building according to the plan adopted, and at the cost agreed upon in the contract. This subject is invested with so much importance, in all its bearings, that I can not too strongly urge it upon your careful and considerate attention.

ORPHANS' HOME.

The Home established for the care and maintenance of the children of our deceased soldiers is recommended to your thoughtful care. This institution, first established as a private corporation, and supported by voluntary donations from soldiers in the army and other sources, was finally adopted by the State and taken under its exclusive authority. The principal department is established near the city of Davenport, with branches at Cedar Falls and Glenwood. By this distribution the Home is rendered more accessible to the children of the State entitled to its benefits. It affords me pleasure to state that this institution is in excellent condition, and appears to have been managed with much practical ability and economy. Schools have been established and conducted by a competent corps of teachers, thus combining educational advantages with the support of the children committed to its care.

Under the act of the Eleventh General Assembly, by which the State assumed the control of the institution, a levy of three-eighths of one per cent was required to be made for its support, allowing eight dollars and thirty-three cents per month for each child in attendance. Since this change occurred, July 1st, 1866, the sum of \$101,864.58 has been drawn upon the proper vouchers from the State Treasury for its support. The report of the Trustees, which will be submitted for your information, shows the total number of children now maintained at the Home to be 834, distributed as follows: Davenport branch, 537, Cedar Falls, 270, and Glenwood 27. The trustees recommend that the allowance for support and current expenditures be increased to the rate of twelve dollars per month, for each child in attendance, which amount, in their opinion, will furnish no more than an adequate support for the proper and efficient maintenance of the institution. They also recommend that the buildings be improved and extended, in order to provide suitable

accommodations for the present and increasing number of inmates. For this purpose, according to the estimate of the Trustees, about 27,000 will be required.

This subject deserves and should receive your deliberate and considerate attention. The responsibility of providing for these children was assumed under a sense of duty to the men who nobly filled the largest measure of responsibility to the country, by laying down their lives in its defense; and, in doing this, we but discharge, to a limited extent, the highest obligation that can be imposed upon a patriotic and grateful people.

PENITENTIARY.

Your attention is respectfully invited to the condition of the penitentiary, and to the necessity which exists for additional appropriations to increase its capacity and security. The report of the Warden and accompanying documents will fully explain to you the condition and wants of this institution. The necessity for an increase of cell-room is so manifest and urgent that I trust it will receive your prompt and favorable attention. The biennial period just elapsed began with eighty-seven convicts and 148 cells, and closed with 160 convicts and 162 cells, leaving only two unoccupied. It will be observed that the number of convicts has nearly doubled within the last two years; and with the progress of population it is but reasonable to anticipate a continual increase of crime, requiring additional facilities for the keeping and accommodation of convicts.

It should be borne in mind that these additional cells must be provided for immediately, unless the State is prepared to adopt the vicious and discarded system of doubling the convicts in their cells, which is prejudicial to health not only, but destructive of proper discipline.

With the large amount of combustible material unavoidably kept in the various workshops and about the prison inclosure, the danger from destructive fires is constant and imminent, and its occurrence would produce immense loss both to the State and the lessees of the convict labor. To provide against such a catastrophe, inasmuch as no insurance can be effected upon the buildings or their contents, it is necessary to construct a reservoir of sufficient dimensions, at some point on the prison walls, with suitable pipes and other fixtures

requisite for flooding the various buildings when necessary, in any alarm of fire. This reservoir must be supplied with water obtained from the river by means of hydraulic power ; all of which, as I am advised, can be accomplished at a moderate expense to the State.

The accounts and vouchers of the warden have been examined from time to time, and found to be correct. The business and affairs of this institution appear to have been managed, in all respects, with commendable prudence. Its sanitary condition is excellent, not a death having occurred among the convicts during the last two years, and the good order and system which prevail are evidence that the discipline of the prison is efficient and complete.

STATE REFORM SCHOOL.

The report of the warden shows that, out of the one hundred and sixty convicts now in the penitentiary, there are 59 under twenty-one years of age, and 34 of these vary in age from twelve to eighteen years. An examination of our criminal returns will reveal the melancholy fact that a very large and increasing proportion of those arraigned in our Courts, upon criminal accusations, are persons of tender age, many of whom find their way into the penitentiary, there to serve for a term of years in companionship with old and confirmed offenders. A large majority of these unfortunate youth are either orphans, cast out upon their own resources, or the neglected offspring of parents who are either too poor to support, or have, with criminal indifference, neglected the education and moral training of their children. Thus neglected, or deprived of the restraining influences of a well-ordered home, these unfortunate children are often driven into association with older companions, by whose corrupting manners and vicious propensities they are conducted, by sure degrees, into the perpetration of crimes, from which their better natures, if they had been properly directed, would have turned with horror.

Some years of observation and experience both as a judicial and executive officer have deeply impressed me with the conviction that the soundest considerations of public economy, and every sentiment of an enlightened and Christian philanthropy, imperatively demand the erection of a reform school, for the instruction and reformation of juvenile offenders. Instead of working the reformation of such per-

sons, a term in the State penitentiary, by keeping them in the pernicious atmosphere of prison life, constantly subjected to the demoralizing influences of confirmed and hopeless criminals, only serves to prepare them for entering upon a higher and bolder career of crime.

Many other States have deemed it expedient to adopt the policy here suggested, and the signal success which has marked the experiments of Reform Schools, and their universal popularity wherever they have been tried, serves to encourage me in urging the General Assembly to establish one in this State at the earliest day practicable. For this purpose, I would recommend that a tract of land, say from fifty to one hundred acres, be procured by donation or otherwise, at some eligible and convenient point, and that an appropriation be made for the erection of suitable buildings to put the school into immediate and successful operation.

Reference should be had to the erection of workshops where these offenders may also acquire a knowledge of some mechanical art, which, combined with well directed intellectual and moral instruction, will serve to qualify them for a useful manhood, and stimulate them to higher and nobler aims after their terms of sentence shall have expired. With the income derived from these industrial operations, the institution may also, to a great extent, if not altogether, be rendered self-sustaining.

In my opinion a subject more grave and far-reaching in its character can not engage the attention of an enlightened and humane legislator.

SCHOOL FUND.

I respectfully and earnestly renew the suggestions contained in my biennial message to the Eleventh General Assembly, in reference to the urgent necessity of requiring the permanent school fund now on loan to the counties, to be returned to the State Treasury, for the purpose of a more safe and available investment.

This suggestion did not originate with me, nor am I alone in entertaining the opinion that it has become a subject of grave concern. My predecessors, Governors Grimes, Lowe and Kirkwood, wisely directed legislative attention to this subject and, in forcible terms urged the necessity of a more prudent management of

this fund. In these views they were cordially sustained by the accounting and financial officers of the State, whose duties and means of observation entitled their opinion to additional consideration. But, for reasons which I am unable to understand, these wholesome recommendations have been disregarded, and this sacred fund, which the Constitution commits to our care, is permitted to float about the State under the precarious guardianship of county authorities. The immense and continued losses already resulting to the State, is deemed a sufficient argument to illustrate the impolicy of thus creating a hundred local banking shops out of this invaluable fund, designed for the education of our youth. The principal of this fund has already been diminished to the amount of over \$125,000; and while the State has obligated itself to pay to the schools interest on the entire amount at the rate of eight per cent., yet the aggregate of interest actually realized, owing to these losses, is only six per cent. on the entire principal, constituting thereby an annual loss to the State in this direction of \$50,000. Under the Constitution, the State is made the responsible guardian of this fund, the principal of which is intended as a permanent endowment to our common schools, the interest thereon being applied to their temporary support.

The State is thus rendered liable for every dollar of both interest and principal, and the people must inevitably be taxed to re-imburse all losses which occur. How long this loose manner of performing constitutional obligations will continue, is a question which rests in the sound discretion and foresight of the General Assembly. I can not, however, divest myself of the conviction that our imperfect discharge of this solemn trust is a dereliction of duty, which must, in the calm judgment of posterity subject us to merited reproach.

The efforts of the present Auditor to obtain a satisfactory settlement with the delinquent counties have, owing to the imperfect manner in which their accounts are kept, so far resulted only in partial success. The county of Allamakee acknowledges the receipt of \$113,144.61 from this fund, over \$22,000 of which, so far as the State knows or can ascertain, have been lost sight of since the month of June, 1865. Losses of a similar character might be cited from other counties.

I therefore, again recommend and urge the General Assembly to recall this money from the counties, and appropriate it to the estab-

lishment of Normal and Reform schools, or other State institutions; and that bonds be issued therefor to the school fund, bearing interest at eight per cent, and payable semi-annually.

STATE HOUSE.

The unsafe condition of the present State House, with its cracked walls and insecure foundation, and its admitted incapacity for the purposes required, will suggest to your minds the urgent necessity for the construction of a new edifice of a size and character commensurate with the prospective demands and just pride of the State. Constructed largely of wooden materials, with articles of a combustible character scattered through its various apartments, and having no vaults or fire-proof rooms as safe depositories for the documents, libraries, and archives belonging to the State, the building we now occupy, with its invaluable contents, is at no time secure from total destruction by fire. It is impossible to contemplate the magnitude of the loss that would result to the State from such a calamity, and the bare possibility of its occurrence is deemed sufficient to command your intelligent consideration of the subject.

In the prosecution of this work, if it be done in a proper and substantial manner, we can not economically expend more than \$150,000 per annum. An appropriation of this amount from year to year, basing our estimate in part upon the continued increase of taxable property, will require an average yearly assessment of less than one-twentieth of one per cent.

As to the plan and dimensions of the proposed structure, I shall interpose no views or suggestions of my own. The whole subject must be left to the considerate judgment and intelligent action of the General Assembly. We should bear in mind, however, that this edifice is not designed for the use of this generation only, but for future generations also; and in laying its foundations we should endeavor to anticipate the probable requirements of the State for many years to come.

It matters not how soon this building is commenced, or how vigorously the work may be advanced, a period of six to ten years will necessarily elapse before it can be completed, ready for occupancy. The durability of the edifice, and its perfect security from

fire and other casualties, are the leading and essential objects to be kept in view, and to this end, it should be constructed entirely of stone and other incombustible material.

In my judgment every year's delay in the erection of a new Capitol, is unwisely jeopardizing the best interests of the State. I would, therefore, recommend that Commissioners be appointed to determine the plan, character and dimensions of the building, under such directions as you may consider advisable to adopt, and that they be empowered to commence the work at the earliest day practicable, and that an appropriation be made sufficient to carry it forward until the next meeting of the General Assembly.

GOVERNOR'S MANSION.

In retiring from the Executive Chair, I deem it my duty to recommend and urge upon the General Assembly, as a provision eminently calculated to advance the public service, that a suitable residence be provided for the incumbent of this office, and that he be required to reside at the Capital during his official term. While in a position to be personally affected by it, I could not with propriety have made this recommendation, and anticipating that the distinguished citizen who succeeds me may be restrained by like motives of delicacy from making it the subject of an official communication, I am constrained to avail myself of the opportunity now presented to urge this subject as a measure demanded alike by the interests and the credit of the State. Iowa is among the very few States which have not already adopted such a provision. Since its organization the Executives of the State have never been required to reside at the Capital, neither have they done so; and I feel well assured that until an Executive mansion is provided, or a material addition made to the salary, none will, in the future, desire to incur an expenditure far in excess of the compensation allowed by law. Although during the period of my first administration, in consequence of the military responsibilities it involved, the duties were unusually diversified and extended, yet even then, had my residence been at the Capital, I could have given much more attention to the ordinary business of the Executive office which, owing to absence, I was compelled to entrust to others. My own experience, therefore, as well as general observation, have impressed

me with the importance of this addition to the office of Governor, and I can not therefore too strongly urge it upon your attention.

PUBLIC LANDS.

The report of the Register of the State Land Office will furnish the General Assembly with an accurate and comprehensive view of all matters connected with the several grants made by Congress for the benefit of the State.

Since the former report from that department was submitted, there have been patented to the State, under the several grants for educational purposes, 67,979 acres of land, all of which has been sold and patented by the State to individual purchasers. The claims for Swamp Land and Indemnity, filed by the different counties, are being earnestly pressed before the proper department at Washington, and I am able to assure you that they are gradually approaching a final and favorable adjustment. During the last biennial period, and up to the date of Col. Carpenter's report, the State has received, under the Swamp Land grant, patents for 247,947 acres, and since the date of said report patents for 42,720 additional acres have been received at the Executive office. These lands have all been patented to the proper counties, in pursuance of law and of the grant made by the State.

It will be observed that questions of an intricate and somewhat vexatious character, arising from adverse claims to lands embraced within the respective limits of the railroads and Des Moines River grants, remain unadjusted, and are likely to produce still further conflicts between these rival grantees and those who claim by purchase from them. But, as the settlement of these various and conflicting claims involves the adjudication of legal questions, and a judicial interpretation of the Acts of Congress under which these grants were made, it is obvious that legislative action, however prudently devised, will contribute but little towards their ultimate determination.

RAILROADS.

While some of the railroad companies organized under the various land grants made by the State, have failed in many respects to comply, even substantially, with the conditions of their grants, yet, in view of the many difficulties which have confronted their efforts

heretofore, and the assurances now given of an earnest and vigorous prosecution of their respective enterprises, we shall, in my judgment, be fully justified in the exercise of still farther leniency toward them.

It is manifestly the part of wisdom to encourage and assist, by well conceived and liberal measures, the prosecution of these needed enterprises in our State. Any system of legislation therefore tending to their discouragement, should be avoided, unless clearly demanded by considerations promotive of the public good.

I regret, however, that I am unable, with due regard for the public interest, to approve the conduct of the Dubuque and Sioux City Company, or commend their transactions to your favorable attention.

Under the provisions of the Act adopted by the General Assembly, at its extra session (in July, 1856) this Company became the beneficiary of the grant designed to secure the construction of a rail road leading from Dubuque to Sioux City, and this valuable donation was accepted from the State with all the terms and conditions imposed. A large portion of this grant has already been absorbed by the company, in various ways, by pretended sales and incumbrances. This road has been constructed to Iowa Falls, a distance of 148 miles from Dubuque, but I am unable to discover any reliable evidence of earnest intention on the part of this Company, to construct the line to its terminal point on the Missouri river.

The General Assembly need not be reminded that the development of the extensive and fertile region west of the Iowa river, would be greatly accelerated, and the State largely benefitted, by the early construction of this road as originally contemplated. It becomes our duty, in the judicious exercise of conceded authority over the subject, to so provide that the unappropriated portions of this grant shall be faithfully applied to the early completion of that enterprise. As the present company can not pretend to have complied with any essential conditions of their grant, their past derelictions and evidences of bad faith have been such as to preclude confidence in any assurances they may offer for the future.

I therefore earnestly recommend that the General Assembly pass an act, resuming to the State the control over these lands, and that they be held by State authority for the benefit of some responsible company that will prosecute this work to its final termination.

PUBLIC SURVEYS.

The surveys of the State have been entirely completed; and the office of Surveyor General discontinued by the United States. The possession of the various surveys, field notes, maps and other records of that office by the State, is of great value for purposes of general reference and public information; and is almost indispensable to the accurate performance of the duties of the Register of the State Land Office. These archives can not be turned over to this State until the General Assembly shall by law have provided for their reception and safe keeping, and for free access to them by the authorities of the United States.

In view of the great importance of these documents, I would urgently recommend that the State at once properly accept the custody of these surveys and records, and suggest the Register of the State Land Office as the proper person to be made custodian, and his office as the most desirable place of deposit.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

The reports for the years 1866 and 1867 of the State Geologist and assistants, comprising also copies of the articles communicated from time to time to the papers of the State, have been received and will be laid before the General Assembly. The State Geologist has conducted the labors assigned him with praiseworthy energy and faithfulness; and, although his work, on account of its scope, is only partially performed, yet it has already developed practical information of great value to the people of the State. Whatever tends to open up and make known in an authoritative and reliable form the resources of Iowa, should receive your careful attention.

I recommend that a new appropriation be made, and that Dr. White be instructed to complete the geological survey as already inaugurated, by December, 1869, and prepare in due form a full and accurate report for publication.

MISSISSIPPI RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

I am officially advised by Major-General J. H. Wilson, engineer in charge of the Mississippi River Improvement, that, in prosecuting this enterprise, it will be necessary to enter upon and appropriate real estate, owned by individuals, bordering upon the river.

The only restriction, imposed by Constitutional provisions, upon the taking of private property for public use, is the requirement that just compensation shall be made or secured therefor to the owner. I am unable to discover any law of this State applicable to the case, and without some legal mode being provided, authorizing the accredited agents of the United States to use and appropriate the land required, unnecessary delays may occur in the prosecution of the work. In order, therefore, to avoid the likelihood of any hindrance in the advancement of this great enterprise, from the want of proper State action, and to relieve these agents from the necessity of perplexing controversies with individuals, I respectfully recommend the early enactment of a law, authorizing the United States to appropriate private real estate along the Mississippi River, to the extent of 1,500 feet therefrom in width, when required in aid of said improvement, and determining the mode of assessing the damages by jury, the United States paying or securing the compensation awarded to the owners, before using the property condemned.

Improvements designed to enlarge the avenues of commerce and equalize its advantages, are, at all times, considerations of such vital and universal importance to the country, that a more extended and explanatory view of this great enterprise may not be deemed out of place in this communication.

The only serious natural impediments interposed to the navigation of the Mississippi River, between St. Paul and New Orleans, exist along the borders of Illinois and Iowa in the form of what is known as the Des Moines and the Rock Island Rapids. These rapids, though quite dissimilar in their formation and general characteristics are so developed as to render the navigation of this great stream, at certain seasons of the year, exceedingly hazardous and sometimes impossible for boats of ordinary tonnage. By reason of these obstructions the Northwestern States especially, are deprived of the inestimable advantages which this great commercial highway would otherwise afford. By removing these obstructions a safe and uniform medium of transit would be opened to the commerce of these States, from St. Paul to the Gulf of Mexico. The

annual productions of this vast agricultural region, so largely in excess of local demands, would thereby secure a cheap and reliable mode of transportation to the markets of the Atlantic seaboard. To what extent the agricultural interests of the entire Northwest would be promoted by this inter-state achievement, I need not undertake to show; indeed, its real magnitude, viewed with reference to the future, surpasses all computation. In my judgment the period has arrived when the substantial interests of this portion of the country require some system of transit-facilities, whereby the enormous cost of transporting agricultural productions may be essentially reduced. The injudicious and discriminating system of railway tariffs now existing, is the subject of almost universal complaint, and by some is regarded as the most effectual means that ingenious selfishness can devise, for subordinating the proceeds of industrial pursuits to the interests of an imperious monopoly. And the people of these producing States, unless blind to their own welfare, will readily embrace that mode of transmission which imposes the lightest tax upon their productions. The profit realized by the producer is measured by the difference between the actual cost of production, and the price obtained for the commodity, after deducting therefrom the amount expended in getting it to market. It is obvious, therefore, that every dollar which the farmer pays in transport duties diminishes to that extent, the real value of his product, and augments, in like proportion, the amount of his inert capital. The sum expended in transportation, curtails the profits of the producer, and increases the cost, without enhancing the value of the product, to the consumer. The different modes of transportation being questions of relative waste or loss, considerations of economy require the adoption of the cheaper and equally available mode.

A reference to well ascertained facts, will afford us much light in solving this question. The cost of river transportation does not exceed $2\frac{1}{2}$ mills to the mile for a ton of average freight, ocean $1\frac{1}{2}$, lake 2, and canal 5, while that of railway ranges from 12 to 14 mills per mile. The loss to the producer in transportation by water, being so materially less than that by rail, most clearly recommends the former as the superior mode, whenever accessible. This comparison also

discloses the fact, that the agricultural productions of this State can reach New York City at cheaper rates by river and ocean transit, than by railroad, lake and canal; and when the intermediate delays of transshipment are considered, it may not be inaccurate to assume that the latter is also a less expeditious route.

Nor is this the only or most important consideration involved. Being deprived of the advantages of continuous river transportation, the farmers of Iowa are practically excluded from the desirable markets of St. Louis and New Orleans, and deprived of the advantages which a more intimate commercial intercourse with those great cities would afford.

The most practical remedy for existing complaints will be found in the establishment of rival transit lines, and the choice of competing and equally available markets.

Commencing in the year 1829, five different surveys of these rapids have been made by engineers detailed from the military service of the United States, and acting under orders and instructions from the War Department. These surveys, though of a general character, served to develop the extent of the obstructions, and to confirm the idea that they could be permanently removed. The most thorough and scientific survey yet made is the one recently conducted by Gen. J. H. Wilson, the accomplished engineer in charge of the work.

A brief description of the character and extent of these obstructions, may serve to illustrate the feasibility of the present undertaking to remove them. The Rock Island Rapids extend from the city of Davenport to Le Claire, a distance of $14\frac{1}{2}$ miles, developing a fall of about 21 feet between these points. The obstructions here presented consist mainly of a series of reefs or chains of solid rock, with navigable spaces between them.

Such being the character and extent of these obstructions, the mode adopted for removing them is, by excavating the rock from these reefs to an extent sufficient to procure a channel of two hundred feet in width, with a low water depth of not less than four feet, which will be sufficient for the safe passage of boats, with their barges attached, during the entire navigating season. These exca-

vations are effected by means of coffer dams, chisel boats and subaqueous blasting. This work will require the removal of about 57,000 cubic yards of solid rock, at an aggregate cost of \$813,000.00. For this purpose Congress appropriated, in 1866, \$100,000, and in 1867, \$200,000. The contract for this work has been entered into, and if Congress makes the additional appropriation required, it will be completed during the summer of 1869.

The Des Moines Rapids extend from the city of Keokuk to Montrose, a distance of eleven miles, with a fall of twenty-one feet. These rapids are formed by a succession of reefs, or chains of rock, with only short intervals or "pockets" between them, and they form, during the low water season, a serious, and, at times, an absolute barrier to navigation. An attempt to establish a channel here for the passage of boats by excavation, as at the upper rapids, was deemed utterly impracticable. For the improvement of these Rapids, therefore, the plan of a canal on the Iowa side was adopted. The proposed canal will be established in the bed of the river, except at two or three places where it will be necessary to make cuts through projecting points of land. The embankment on the river side will be protected by a "rip-rap" wall, and will be raised through its entire length two feet above the high water mark of 1851. When completed, this canal will have the capacity for floating the largest river steamers at any season of the year.

The estimated cost of this work is \$2,100,000, of which Congress appropriated in 1866 the sum of \$200,000, and in 1867, \$500,000, and if the required amount is provided, General Wilson expresses the opinion that the entire work will be completed by the month of July, 1869.

It is hoped that Congress will not fail to make the additional appropriations required, to complete these improvements. I trust the importance of this great work will not be overlooked by the General Assembly, and, that we may aid in its advancement, I recommend a memorial and joint resolution to Congress, urging an immediate appropriation to complete the work.

I indulge the anticipation, that, in our day, this great national artery will teem with the commerce and carrying trade of the

mighty States which border upon it. I hope to see magnificent cities, with their extended and ever-increasing commerce, flourish on its banks. And what people have a higher claim to the full advantages of this noble river, than they, who during the great war, bravely covered it with the national emblem, and crimsoned its waters with their blood!

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

The Agricultural College building is nearly completed. This structure, in its architectural designs and mechanical execution, is one of the most imposing and substantial in the State. An appropriation will be required to furnish and prepare it for use. The farm should also be stocked and greatly improved. I recommend a liberal appropriation for the purpose of thoroughly testing by an experimental orchard the kinds of valuable fruits that may be grown in the State, and the most feasible and economical methods of cultivation.

We must not hesitate to do what is required to put this institution into practical operation. When this shall have been done, its rich endowment will be sufficient to continue and sustain it. The Board of Trustees will submit their report in due time for your information, rendering the giving of details, on my part, unnecessary.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The officers and members of the State Historical Society, whose report will be submitted, have labored with great care and commendable zeal in collecting and preserving facts and relics of various kinds for the purpose of completing and perpetuating the history of the State. This valuable labor has been performed under serious disadvantages for the want of that assistance which, in my opinion, it was the duty of the State to render. Its operations have so far been conducted by individual enterprise, and to a great extent by private means. If this Society, is to be regarded as a State institution, it is necessary, in order to promote its efficiency, that it be taken under State control and furnished with needed and appropriate aid.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

I transmit for your action the joint resolution of Congress, adopted June 16th, 1866, proposing to the Legislatures of the several States a "Fourteenth Article to the Constitution of the United States."

This proposed amendment embraces considerations of vast importance to the peace of the country; and is designed to secure in a more permanent form the dear bought victories achieved in the mighty conflict carried on by the loyal men of the country for the preservation of the American Union. A large number of the States have already ratified the proposed Article; and the decision of the General Assembly of this State is now required, and I recommend that it be promptly and affirmatively given.

I discover on examining the Act, (chapter 101, Acts of 1866,) proposing to the present General Assembly the pending amendments to the Constitution of this State, and prescribing the manner of publishing notice thereof, that grave doubts exist as to its regularity.

The Constitution, Section 1, Article 10, requires that three months' notice of a proposed amendment, be published "*as provided by law.*" In the enrolled bill, which submitted it, and which required the Secretary of State to publish the proposed amendment in one paper in each Congressional District in the State, the enacting clause, which our Constitution requires all laws to contain, was inadvertently omitted. In my opinion the validity of the Act and of the notice published in obedience to it, admit of most serious doubts, and you may find it necessary to re-submit the proposition of the last session. The question thus presented should be carefully considered before any law is adopted by the present Legislature, finally submitting the proposed amendments to a vote of the people.

I feel assured, however, that you will not falter upon this great question of popular rights, as I shall not myself; and I know the people of Iowa will not take any backward step, or permit their flag to be lowered.

OPINION OF JUDGES.

The Legislative and Executive departments of the State govern-

ment are not unfrequently required, in the performance of their functions, to act upon matters important to the public interest, where grave questions of constitutional or statutory law are involved. The embarrassment experienced in such cases is greatly augmented by the fact that the immediate action of the department is required, when an error of judgment, in the legal questions concerned, may result in much detriment, both to public and individual rights. As the law now stands the members of the judiciary are not authorized to render any opinion upon questions, unless in the adjudication of a case regularly brought and submitted. To obviate these difficulties, some mode must be provided for a resort to judicial assistance in a manner that will render it authoritative upon the questions involved.

In many other States their constitutions provide that "the justices of the Supreme Court shall be obliged to give their opinion upon solemn occasions, when required by the Governor, Council, Senate or House of Representatives."

This provision has been thoroughly tested in States where it prevails, and their experience has amply demonstrated its wisdom and utility. By this means also, much uncertainty and expensive litigation might be avoided in settling the constitutionality of legislative enactments. In the absence of any provision in the Constitution on this subject, I entertain no doubt that you have power to pass a law establishing such a regulation, and earnestly recommend that it be done.

COURTS.

The attention of the General Assembly is respectfully invited to the importance of introducing some material change in the structure of our judicial department, whereby the increasing business of the present Courts may be curtailed, and the prompt administration of justice more perfectly secured.

The Constitution wisely provides that courts, inferior to the Supreme Court, may be established from time to time by the General Assembly. An additional court of common law jurisdiction, in the more populous portions of the State, has become necessary for the speedy administration of justice, and the vindication of individual rights. To meet the present requirement, a change can

be made in the organization of the County Court, making it a Court of Quarter Sessions, giving it appellate jurisdiction in causes determined before justices of the peace, and such additional jurisdiction concurrent with the District Court as you may deem it expedient to confer. This provision should be limited in its application, to counties above a prescribed minimum population. The objection that the judges of the County Court are not generally chosen with a view to the performance of judicial duties, would probably cease after the Court itself is thus reconstructed. Should this plan meet your approbation, it would be advisable to so provide that the new system will not go into operation until the close of the present year, and afford the people an opportunity at the ensuing fall election to select judges with reference to the increased duties and responsibilities of the new Court.

COUNTY AUDITOR.

Concurring with the Auditor of State in the opinion that a change can be made in the present system of county government, which will conduce to greater accuracy and dispatch in the transaction of local business, and also render more satisfactory the fiscal relations which must always exist between the State and the counties, I recommend that a law be passed establishing the office of Auditor in all counties having 15,000 inhabitants and upward. The incompatible duties now imposed upon the Clerks of the District Court, rendered onerous and exceedingly complicated in the populous counties, cause much delay and sometimes fatal errors in important matters pertaining to the public revenue.

REVENUE LAW.

Under our present revenue law, and the generally loose manner of its execution, opportunities are afforded for withholding a large amount of concealed capital from the tax lists. To a great extent, monies and credits are not faithfully returned to the assessors, and thereby much of this class of property escapes its full share of taxation. In this manner, it can not be denied, frauds are perpetrated upon the State and local revenues. This system of abuse can, in my judgment, in part be avoided. The law should be

so amended as to require the assessor to take the affidavit of every person whose property is enlisted; and return the same with the tax lists as evidence for all purposes, civil and criminal. The County Treasurer should also be required, upon information received that a false return of property has been made, to summon the party before him for examination under oath, and also to take other testimony, and decide the case according to the facts. It should be the duty of the Treasurer to do this, under a severe penalty for its omission. Such a law would doubtless produce beneficial results. Capital should not be permitted to assume any form or take any direction that will shield it from a just and equal share in the burdens of government.

REGISTRY LAW.

The attention of the General Assembly has frequently been invited to the importance of a well devised registry law, whereby increased regularity may be imparted to our electoral system, and the perpetration of frauds prevented. The purity of the elective franchise is essential to the stability and perpetuation of Republican government; and while the elective privilege should be impartially distributed, its exercise may and should be defined and regulated by statutory enactments calculated to preserve it from abuse. I therefore repeat the recommendations heretofore made, and urge the adoption of such a law.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE AND REPORT.

In December last, on the completion of the State Arsenal at Des Moines, I directed Adjutant General Baker to remove his office with all the property thereunto belonging, to the Capital. This building has cost some \$4,000 more than the special appropriation made for its erection, although the Commissioners have performed their duties faithfully and economically, and constructed the only fire-proof building belonging to the State. I recommend that an appropriation be made sufficient to meet this deficiency, and also to put the Arsenal and grounds in proper condition.

The report of the Adjutant General for the past year, containing the finale of the history of Iowa soldiers, and necessary to complete

our record of the war, has been made to me, and will be duly submitted for your inspection. I recommend that this valuable document be printed and a sufficient number of copies ordered to supply all proper demands. The affairs of this office, from the beginning of the late war to the present time, have been conducted with distinguished ability, and have reflected great credit upon the officer in charge.

CONCLUSION.

Other subjects I might have presented, but space will not permit. What has been omitted, however, your individual intelligence and collective wisdom will readily supply.

Accepting this high office at a critical juncture in public affairs, the duties which devolved upon me were grave and difficult. In the discharge of these duties I have endeavored to advance the public welfare, and my conscience acquits me of any motive incompatible with the honor of the State. Whatever errors may have occurred are mitigated by the reflection, that the State has emerged from its vicissitudes, and enters upon a new period, with its finances and institutions unimpaired, with a name high on the roll of fame, and its people prosperous and contented. With these auspicious omens to cheer us, and no cloud above, the helm passes to another.

In a broader field great events have transpired. The power of treason has been crushed, although its spirit still lingers in the land. Freedom has been exalted, and a gigantic nation redeemed. From shore to shore of the great Oceans, from the Lakes to the Gulf, strong arms and resolute hearts are uniting to strengthen the institutions of liberty and perpetuate a government which their valor and blood have defended.

Will this nation pause at the threshold of destiny, and forget its noble army of martyrs? Shall the progress of the revolution started amid the carnage of war and the agonies of men, be thwarted by a perfidious arm? Iowa answers, with a voice emphatic as the thunder of her guns: No!—NEVER! NEVER!

As there is but one Throne before which all can bow, so may there exist but one form of government for all, extending its blessings, under the providence of God, until they encircle the whole brotherhood of man.

WILLIAM M. STONE.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS

OF

HON. SAMUEL MERRILL,

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF IOWA,

TO

BOTH BRANCHES OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

TWELFTH SESSION,

JANUARY, 1868.

DES MOINES:

**F. W. PALMER, STATE PRINTER,
1868.**

INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives:

With gratitude to the people of Iowa for an election to the responsible office of chief magistrate of the State, I appear before you to take the solemn obligations prescribed by the Constitution, and to give assurance of fidelity to the interests of the Commonwealth.

The period in which we meet is distinguished with peculiar favor. The labors of the husbandman have been crowned with plenty; Pestilence and Want have not visited us; a spirit of good will and fraternal regard has prevailed throughout all our borders. Let us gratefully acknowledge the beneficent Author of these blessings and recognize our obligations of obedience and love.

The prospects of our State were never more hopeful. The finances are in a sound and healthful condition. Notwithstanding the heavy burdens of the war, we find ourselves untrammelled with debt and free from exhausting taxation. Our seasons are kindly, and harvests abundant. The useful and mechanic arts have not been neglected in the development of our resources. Never in our history has the spirit of internal improvements exhibited such strength of purpose as to-day, and energy and enterprise are everywhere striving to promote the commercial facilities of the State. Especially is this manifest in the rapid development of our railway communications. In 1859 the number of miles of railway in operation was three hundred and ninety; in 1865 it was seven hundred and ninety-three; while at the present time it can not be less than twelve hundred and as this estimate embraces but a fractional part of chartered lines, we see how hopeful, how full of promise is our future in this particular. The growth of our cities and towns; the spread of our commerce; the multiplication of schools and colleges in our midst, are evidences of a substantial and progressive prosperity.

The representations of the condition of the State in its details by my predecessor have given you a favorable introduction to its varied interests, and I bespeak for his recommendations your careful consideration. To again consider the topics which have been so recently and so well presented would seem unnecessary upon the present occasion. Hereafter I may deem it my duty to invite your attention to some particular subjects of legislation, and therefore I shall be pardoned if I now turn to the more extended field of national affairs.

In the war for preserving the unity of the Republic, the people of Iowa bore a leading and brilliant part. Well may we congratulate ourselves, therefore, that the labors in which we have shared, the sorrows in which we have participated, the hopes and anxieties which we have felt in common with loyal hearts all over the land, have established it upon firmer foundations than ever before. The pernicious dogma of "State Rights" perished with the sword which was drawn in its defense. It is one of the first fruits of victory that we are not a Republic of corporations, but a Republic of the people, and that in questions affecting the interests of all the States, the ultimate arbiters are the people of the United States. While the rights of none are to suffer encroachment, and the prerogatives of each are to be jealously guarded by the power of the whole, the popular will must be the great expounder of the Constitution. The cry has been raised that in establishing and fortifying the powers of the nation, the people are in danger of losing their liberties. History has been cited to show that we are imitating the unhappy policy of other free governments, in which, first the spirit, and then the form, of their institutions perished. But it is forgotten that men have never before attained a freedom worthy of the name, and that if they failed they failed because they were unworthy.

Our own experience has more meaning lessons for us than any examples of former success or ruin. Disclaiming the heresy that the nation is every thing and the State nothing, let us at the same time rejoice that we have established so firmly the paramount sovereignty of the Union over all its parts, that in the hour of great national exigency, we shall never again be compelled to listen to the declaration that "there is no power in the general government to coerce a sovereign State." Centrifugal must yield obedience to centripetal law, or our system perishes. And yet neither can be

spared from the perfection of our theory. With the idea that the authority of the whole is supreme, must be coupled the principle that the States have a sphere of action, limited to be sure, but nevertheless a distinct sphere, which the general government has neither the power nor wish to invade.

To vindicate the integrity of the Union required a large expenditure. Happily for us and for the success of our cause, the credit of the nation was equal to the great emergency which called it into exercise. In times of unprecedented difficulty and when our financial ability seemed the pivotal point of triumph or defeat, it proved an unfailing rock of supply. To maintain that credit constitutes our most sacred duty; and whatever responsibilities it may impose upon us, the highest standard of national good faith will command the verdict of the American people. The citadel of financial honor can not be guarded too sacredly. I should reprobate as the most calamitous of misfortunes any legislation on the part of Congress, tending to invalidate the plighted, or even the fairly implied, faith of the nation.

It has become the conviction of some that a part of the national bonds could be redeemed in currency, without fraud upon the holder.

The advocates of this policy base the righteousness of such redemption upon the fact that the bonds themselves contain no stipulation of payment in specie. A more subtle, insidious, and, at the same time, deadly attack upon the public credit, could not have been made. Apart from the fact that gold is the recognized currency of the world and the standard of value, and that we can not exempt ourselves from the operation of this law, there was, in this instance, an implied understanding with both parties to the covenant, that loans to the Government should be paid in specie. The Secretary of the Treasury placed this interpretation upon the contract at the time the loan was being negotiated. All the cotemporaneous acts and sayings of the men who framed the law are explicit in the assurance that no other intention lurked in the purposes of the Government. The scheme of repaying the public loans in an irredeemable paper issue, was a cunningly devised afterthought — the offspring of a desire to evade the payment of our obligations in accordance with the rules of common honesty.

The ability of the American people to pay the utmost farthing of their indebtedness, the least sanguine have never questioned. At the present ratio of increase, in twenty-five years, our wealth and population will double themselves; in the year 1900 our valuation can not be less than four hundred and fifty billions. Mines are opening, farms multiplying and property increasing upon the inventory faster than in any other nation on the globe.

In the very face of this unquestioned ability, we are met by the fact that no civilized nation pays so high premiums upon its loans as ours.

Where are we to look for the grounds of this humiliation? In part, perhaps, to the sophistries which have been promulgated for evading the spirit of our obligations, and in part to our delay in the resumption of specie payments.

Disclaiming to represent the opinions of others, I would urge the authoritative announcement of some definite time when such resumption shall take place. Let the time be fixed, with the idea that the earliest possible moment will best secure a healthful condition of our finances. I am forced to the conclusion that such a policy would tend to realize in our circulation the perfect currency, in which notes could be exchanged for coin and would command equal respect in the markets.

Meanwhile the public service should be distinguished for the most rigid economy. The increase of money has deluded us with the creation of *apparent* wealth, and in the train of this delusion have followed extravagance and lavish expenditure. Let us then refrain from every outlay which *actual* wealth alone could justify. Economy will promote the public credit, better than the ripest theory. Retrenchment is the evidence of an honest purpose to meet our obligations. Faith in the intention of the Government to preserve both the form and spirit of its contracts inviolate is the only foundation for our financial prosperity. Beware of the earliest steps tending to weaken or impair it.

The downfall of the rebellion did not terminate the danger arising from the action of the Southern people. Where the appeal to arms was ended, the task of statesmanship began, and an experience of

two years has demonstrated that it is a work quite as full of difficulty as that which we crowned with success upon the field. Let us not forget that we have merely ascended to another scene in the struggle. It has passed from the battle-field to the forum, but it is the same combat, waged for the same purposes, and animated by the same ambition. The spirit of the rebellion is still alive and strong; strong in the influence of its controlling minds; strong in the devotion and numbers of its followers; strong in the social distinctions which gave it birth. The hope that forbearance and healthful reflection would soon baptize its votaries into loyalty and love for the national flag has been disappointed.

In the light of this fact our government has devised a plan of reconstruction, establishing a temporary military government in the South, to remain until its people shall ask for admission to the councils of the nation upon the basis of equal rights and political equality.

In this policy I heartily concur. Power undoubted and plenary is in our hands to prescribe the terms of restoration. When it is urged then, that the application of military law to the refractory people of the South is despotic, it is forgotten that an appeal to arms involves a compliance with its bloody decision.

They who, with long years of intrigue, boastfully and arrogantly, challenged the nation to the sanguinary field, empowered us to work our will upon them, restrained only by our duties as statesmen and Christian men. To deny this principle, severe though it be, would be to deny the correctness both of history and reason. To declare that its adoption in the present instance is impolitic and unnecessary, would be to set the seal of untruth upon every report that reaches us from that misguided people, and brand with falsehood the utterances of tried lovers of our Republic. No government can secure respect at home or abroad, which does not protect its citizens.

The magnanimity of the American Republic in dealing with treason is unparalleled in history. Its spirit was declared in the words of its noblest martyr, "Malice towards none; charity for all." Indemnity for the past has been forgotten in the task of

erecting guarantees for the future. Content with establishing barriers against probable danger, busied with the work of compacting and solidifying the principles revealed by the war, the sword of the law has been withheld from its deserving sacrifices, and the sacred altar of Justice will probably not be stained with the blood of a single victim. To what extent this may have been questionable leniency, I will not presume to say. How far the legal and traditionary punishment for treason should have been extended, patriotic men may well have differed in determining. That some retribution should have been visited upon the wicked chiefs, a punishment sufficient to have made "treason odious," and to have stood as a warning monument of the danger of like unhallowed ambition, I have no hesitation to declare.

Deprecating the arrogance of victory we have accepted our responsibilities with no desire to be vindictive or exacting. The consciousness that the Southern States were a part of our own territory, and their inhabitants a part of our own people, whose well-being must contribute to the future glory of our country, has been the light in which the work of reconstruction has thus far progressed. At the same time, we have felt bound to insist that those States should concede whatever guarantees are essential to the future safety of the Union. We can not permit the truths established by the war to relapse into a state of doubt, nor the fruits of victory to be swallowed up in a magnanimity which neglects its own salvation. We can afford to be generous, but we must not be unjust.

In restoring the Southern people to rights within the Union, let no discrimination be made against the black man. Fidelity to the Government should be a passport to the high privilege of suffrage. The public welfare must not be imperiled by entrusting its control to hands of doubtful loyalty, much less to hands whose open hostility has only been avoided by their weakness. If any voice comes from the tomb of the past six years, it proclaims: *Beware of placing doubtful guardians over the palladium of your liberties. Secure the safety of the government beyond a doubt. Let all loyal men share in the heritage which has been purchased with loyal blood.* The caprice of men fresh from their carnival of treason must not be allowed to

deprive us of the co-operation of four millions of people whose votes and acts would interpose the most formidable obstacle to the designs of seditious men. To refuse to stay up the hands of the Union men of the South, who resisted secession in its inception, and maintained their opposition to it, through all the trying extremities of war, by making the alliance of the black man available, would be as ungrateful to them as perilous to ourselves.

The theory of our government awards to the individual the largest measure of political trust consistent with the public safety. It declares that "Governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Consistency, therefore, requires that emancipation should be followed by the right of suffrage, for equality is a cardinal principle of the American Constitution.

To the negro himself the ballot is a necessity. Without it freedom will be to him an undefended fortress. Give him a vote and you at once invest him with a panoply which his recent owner will have neither the power nor wish to assail. The sentiment of mankind will approve such a policy, and our justice will be repaid by the presence of a loyal army of defenders of our Constitution in every Southern State.

Many profess to see danger from this extension of the elective franchise. In these apprehensions I have no share. Away with distrust of a people who braved the lash and bloodhound to shelter the soldier of the Union, or guide him to the protection of his flag! Let their ignorance be forgotten in the remembrance that it never beguiled them into the subtleties where Refinement fell. The solemn responsibilities of suffrage can be as safely entrusted to the heroes who charged at Fort Wagner and Port Hudson as to the cultured aristocracy who raised the flag of rebellion at the behests of personal ambition. An honest instinct is worthier than a perverted intelligence. Entitled to our gratitude for their unwavering attachment to the national cause, and for the heroic courage they contributed to its defense, and challenging our respect for their judicious use of the privileges of freedom, let us invite them to share in the blessings which they have helped preserve.

Our own State has already taken the initiatory steps toward the abolition of all distinction of race and color from the Constitution. Let us not fail at this session to advance the work inaugurated by our predecessors, of giving to our colored population the enjoyment of those political privileges which have hitherto been denied to them. They have demonstrated their manhood in the stern realities of war, and in this enlightened Commonwealth no longer let any prerogative of manhood be denied to man. That others falter and cower before the seeming difficulties of this measure, should be no discouragement to us. Let us not emulate their cowardice nor share in their dishonor. Let the alacrity with which we concede the privilege equal the readiness with which we gave them our flag and sent them forth to fight our battles. Let those who nobly volunteered and gallantly defended the flag of the Union—who stood between the foe and our heritage of a common country never have cause to charge Iowa with lack of courage to do justice to her colored soldiers and residents.

Gentlemen of the Assembly: I can not neglect the opportunity to congratulate you upon the favorable auspices under which you enter upon your duties. War with its stern necessities no longer trenches upon the industrial interests of the State. While these responsibilities have ceased with the overthrow of the rebellion, other and more substantial fields invite your effort. Our State is yet in its early manhood. But twenty-nine years have elapsed since the first law-making body of the "New Purchase" assembled in a sister city. Hardly a single generation has passed away, since the few scattered colonies upon the banks of the Mississippi, whose abiding faith in the future seemed even then to foreshadow the glorious reality, have grown to the vigor and strength of an inland empire. The achievements of the past will be succeeded by other advances, no less wonderful. Her sons are but the pioneers of the millions who shall yet find a home on her prairies. The abundant harvests upon which we now congratulate ourselves, are but an earnest of the marvelous resources of a region, richer even than our thought or hope.

The eye of discovery has revealed the presence of a variety of mineral wealth whose possibilities may prove a great reservoir of power

for the demands of civilization. The streams which divide its surface must be made to roll the wheels of machinery and mould the products of our care into the fabrics of trade. Regions hitherto undeveloped are to be bound to our commercial centres by links of railway communication. Worthy industries are to be encouraged and internal improvements of every kind zealously promoted by the judicious patronage of the State.

Let it be our boast and pride that we fear nothing so much as ignorance and artificial distinctions between man and man. Let us establish our power firmly upon the foundations of intelligence and liberal ideas, making manhood our only title of nobility, and believing in nothing so hopefully as an educated public opinion.

But one - sixth of our lands are yet enclosed. Our hopes for the settlement of the millions of acres whose wealth is yet in reserve are largely affected by the character of our institutions. Immigration gravitates toward social order, free schools and equal laws. Our population is largely enriched every year by the tide which reaches us from other and less favored lands. They seek, under the beneficent patronage of our institutions, their privileges as farmers, mechanics, merchants and professional men — transplanting to our soil that love of liberty which impelled them from their old homes. We have nothing to fear from their presence. The sturdiest defenders of freedom are those who have felt its loss.

In the guardianship of the sacred trust which has been reposed in us, the good of the State should be our ruling motive. A just sense of our responsibilities will forbid us to harbor the spirit of partizanship or balance the claims of section or party against the good of the whole. However cherished may be our political convictions, let us remember that we are not the representatives of particular interests or favored classes, but are the servants of the *whole* people, and that, in our keeping, the rights of majority and minority should be equally sacred.

Full of hope in the future of our State, whose past has been so favored of Providence, and whose present is so rich in prosperity,

let us apply ourselves with zeal and fidelity to the advancement of her interests. If we should not summon to our aid the wisdom of statesmanship, let us, at least, meet our responsibilities with faithfulness, integrity and earnest devotion to the Commonwealth ; and may the God of Wisdom and Justice guide us in His own appointed ways.

SAMUEL MERRILL.

REPORT
OF THE
AUDITOR OF STATE,
TO THE
TWELFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY
OF THE
STATE OF IOWA.

NOVEMBER 4, 1867.

JOHN A. ELLIOTT, AUDITOR.

DES MOINES:
F. W. PALMER, STATE PRINTER.
1867.

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REPORT.

STATE OF IOWA, AUDITOR'S OFFICE, }
DES MOINES, Nov. 4th, 1867. }

To the General Assembly of the State of Iowa :

In compliance with the laws of the State, I have the honor to submit herewith the following report of the business transacted in the office of Auditor of State, beginning Nov. 6th, 1865, and ending Nov. 2d, 1867, both days inclusive :

The balance remaining in the Treasury, at the close of the fiscal year Nov. 4th, 1865, was \$47,236.62.

There was received into the Treasury during the past two years, including the above balance on hand, \$1,412,395.19, and the disbursements by the Treasurer during the same period amounted to \$1,314,654.74, leaving in the Treasury Nov. 2d, 1867, \$97,740.45.

This balance is distributed among the several funds as follows :

General Revenue.....	\$82,114.48
Coupon Fund.....	1,454.06
Swamp Land Fund.....	4,355.60
Dictionary Fund.....	20.00
Permanent School Fund.....	8,126.94
Temporary School Fund.....	1,669.37
	<hr/>
	\$97,740.45

The following statement exhibits, in a condensed form, the gross amount of the revenues of the State and of the several funds, with the sources from which they were chiefly derived, and also the disbursements from the several funds respectively :

RECEIPTS.

Balance in Treasury Nov. 4th, 1865.....	\$47,236.62
General Revenue, from Taxes, Insane Dues, Peddler's Licenses and sale of Laws.....	\$1,028,591.24

From Railroad Taxes.....	39,584.14—\$1,068,175.38
War and Defense Fund, from Taxes	7,890.52
Coupon Fund.....	70,258.81
Railroad Fund, from Taxes.....	79,268.10
Swamp Land Fund, from U. S.....	88,053.25
Dictionary Fund.....	293.98
Permanent School Fund, from Eads' loans and sureties.....	11,132.18
Temporary school Fund, from Inter- est on State and U. S. Bonds, &c.	40,086.35
Total receipts.....	<u>\$1,412,395.19</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

General Revenue, redemption of Auditor's Warrants and Interest allowed on same.....	\$1,008,281.54
Refunded to Webster County.....	599.20—\$1,008,880.74
War and Defense Fund, redemption of War and Defense Warrants and Interest on same.....	10,158.36
Coupon Fd., redemption of Coupons	69,629.63
Railroad Fund, apportioned to State and Counties.....	79,268.10
Swamp Land Fund, paid to Counties	104,991.20
Dictionary Fund, paid publishers...	305.98
Permanent School Fund.....	3,003.75
Temporary School Fund.....	38,416.98
Total disbursements.....	<u>\$1,314,654.74</u>

Balance in the Treasury..... \$97,740.45

A statement more in detail of each fund separately will be found immediately following:

1st.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF STATE REVENUE.

W. H. HOLMES, STATE TREASURER.

1865.

Nov. 4. To balance from last report.. \$336,093.47

1866.

March 3. To amount received during
quarter ending this day... 157,409.61—\$493,503.08

CONTRA.

March 3.	By Auditor's Warrants re- deemed during quarter...	\$107,586.92
March 3.	By interest allowed on same.	1.30
March 3.	By balance to next quarter...	385,914.86—\$493,503.08
1866.		
March 3.	To balance from last quarter..	385,914.87
June 2.	To amount received for quar- ter ending this day (State Revenue).....	180,438.14
June 2.	To amount transferred quarter ending this day (Railroad Tax)	19,337.74—\$585,690.73

CONTRA.

May 5.	By amount refunded to Web- ster county (erroneously re- ceipted for by State Treas- urer).....	540.50
June 2.	By Auditor's Warrants re- deemed during quarter...	201,206.58
June 2.	By State Treasurer (War and Defense Fund) transferred as per Chap. 68, Acts of 1866 (overdrawn)	313,273.63
June 2.	By balance to next quarter...	70,670.02—\$585,690.73
1866.		
June 2.	To cash balance from last quar- ter.....	70,670.02
Sept. 1.	To amount received during quarter ending this day, (State Revenue).	92,607.66
Sept. 1.	To amount transferred during quarter ending this day, (Railroad Tax).....	379.03—\$163,656.71

CONTRA.

Sept. 1.	By Auditor's Revenue Warrants redeemed during quarter.....	145,307.45
Sept. 1.	By Auditor's War and Defense Warrants redeemed during quarter.....	179.17
Sept. 1.	By Interest allowed on War and Defense Warrants.....	1.58
Sept. 1.	By balance in Treasury to next quarter	18,168.51—\$163,656.71
1866.		
Sept. 1.	To balance in Treasury this date	18,168.51
Nov. 3.	To amount of Revenue received during quarter ending this day.....	69,259.13—\$ 87,427.64

CONTRA.

1866.		
Nov. 3.	By Revenue Warrants redeemed during quarter....	70,586.97
Nov. 3.	By War and Defense Warrants redeemed during quarter..	47.23
Nov. 3.	By Interest allowed on War and Defense Warrants....	.67
Nov. 3.	By balance in Treasury to next quarter.....	16,792.77—\$ 87,427.64
1866.		
Nov. 3.	To balance in Treasury from last quarter.....	16,792.77
1867.		
Jan. 5.	To amount of Revenue received during quarter ending this day.....	77,995.89
Jan. 5.	To balance overdrawn credited to successor	851.83—\$ 95,640.49

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE.

9

CONTRA.

1867.

5.	By Revenue Warrants re- deemed during quarter...	95,578.19
Jan. 5.	By War & Defense Warrants redeemed during quarter..	62.30—\$ 95,640.49

SAMUEL E. BANKIN, STATE TREASURER.

1867.

Mar. 2.	To amount of Revenue received during quarter.....	71,979.63
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CONTRA.

1867.

Jan. 7.	By balance overdrawn from W. H. Holmes, Treasurer of State.....	851.83
Mar. 2.	By Revenue Warrants redeem'd during quarter.....	65,576.58
Mar. 2.	By Interest allowed on same..	109.16
Mar. 2.	By War and Defense Warrants redeemed during quarter...	266.62
Mar. 2.	By Interest allowed on same..	11.89
Mar. 2.	By balance in Treasury to next quarter	5,163.55—\$ 71,979.63
Mar. 2.	To balance in Treasury from last quarter.....	5,163.55
June 1.	To amount of Revenue received during quarter.....	147,849.04—\$153,012.59

CONTRA.

June 1.	By Revenue Warrants re- deemed during quarter...	123,354.55
June 1.	By War and Defense Warrants redeemed during quarter..	8.88
June 1.	By balance in Treasury to next quarter....	29,649.16—\$153,012.59
June 1.	To balance in Treasury from last quarter.....	29,649.16
Aug. 31.	To amount of Revenue re- ceived during quarter.....	124,197.20—\$153,846.36

CONTRA.

Aug. 31.	By Revenue Warrants re- deemed during quarter..	104,514.33
Aug. 31.	By War and Defense War- rants redeemed during qr.	35.00
Aug. 31.	By Interest allowed on War and Defense Warrants....	1.45
Aug. 31.	By balance in Treasury to next quarter.....	49,295.58—\$153,846.36
Aug. 31.	To balance in Treasury from last quarter.....	49,295.58
Nov. 2.	To amount of Revenue received during quarter ending this day.....	106,854.94
Nov. 2.	To amount transferred from Railroad Tax.....	19,867.38—\$176,017.90

CONTRA.

Nov. 2.	By Revenue Warrants re- deemed for quarter ending this day.....	93,903.42
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury this date.....	82,114.48—\$176,017.90
Nov. 2.	To balance in Treasury this date.....	\$ 82,114.48

2d—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF WAR AND DEFENSE FUND.

W. H. HOLMES, STATE TREASURER.

1866.

Jan. 30.	To amt. recd. of Walter Wiley, per Auditor....	\$ 9.00.
Mar. 3.	To amount received from Counties for Federal Tax for quarter.....	5,406.73
Mar. 3.	To balance overdrawn from State Revenue.....	314,300.41—\$319,716.14

CONTRA.

1865.			
Nov.	4.	By balance overdrawn from State Revenue	\$311,005.79
1866.			
Mar.	3.	By War and Defense War- rants redeemed during quarter.... ..	8,673.25
Mar.	3.	By interest allowed on same	4.45
Mar.	3.	By reissued Warrants re- deemed.... ..	32.65—\$ 319,716.14
1866.			
June	2.	To amount received from Counties for Federal Tax during quarter.....	\$ 2,474.79
June	2.	To amount transferred to State Revenue as per Chapter 68, acts of 1866.	313,273.63—\$ 315,748.42

CONTRA.

1866.			
Mar.	3.	By balance overdrawn from State Revenue.....	\$314,300.41
June	2.	By War and Defense War- rants redeemed for quar- ter.....	1,443.33
June	2.	By Interest allowed on same.... ..	4.68—\$ 315,748.42

3D.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF COUPON FUND.

STATE TREASURER, (W. H. HOLMES).

RECEIPTS.

1865.			
Nov.	4.	To balance in Treasury this date.....	\$ 824.88
Dec.	19.	To Warrant for 6 months Interest and bank com- mission on Bonds of 1858	7,035.00

Dec. 19.	To Warrants for 6 months Interest and bank com- mission on War Bonds..	10,552.50
1866.		
June 21.	To Warrants for 6 months Interest and bank com- mission on War Bonds..	10,552.50
June 21.	To Warrants for 6 months Interest and bank com- mission on Bonds of 1858	7,034.11
Dec. 24.	To Warrants for 6 months Interest and bank com- mission on Bonds of 1858	7,032.20
Dec. 24.	To Warrants for 6 months Interest and bank com- mission on War Bonds..	10,552.50—\$53,583.69

CONTRA.

1867.		
Jan. 5.	By Coupons redeemed— Bonds of 1858.....	\$13,615.00
Jan. 5.	By Coupons redeemed— War Bonds.....	20,860.00
Jan. 5.	Bank Commission for re- deeming \$16,888 @ $\frac{1}{2}$	84.44
Jan. 5.	By balance in Bank and Treasury paid to successor	19,024.25—\$ 53,583.69

SAMUEL E. RANKIN, TREASURER.

RECEIPTS.

1867.		
Jan. 7.	To balance in Bank and Treasury of predecessor..	\$19,024.25
Oct. 16.	To Warrant for 6 months Interest on Bonds of 1858.	7,000.00
Oct. 16.	To Warrant for 6 months Interest on War Bonds..	10,500.00—\$36,524.25

CONTRA.

1867.

Nov. 2.	By Coupons redeemed—	
	Bonds of 1858.....	\$14,000.00
Nov. 2.	By Coupons redeemed—	
	War Bonds.....	20,989.50
Nov. 2.	By Bank Commission for	
	redeeming Coupons @ $\frac{1}{4}$..	80.69
Nov. 2.	By balance in Bank and	
	Treasury this date.....	1,454.06—\$ 36,524.25
Nov. 2.	To balance in Bank and	
	Treasury this date.....	\$1,454.60

4TH. — RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF RAILROAD TAX FUND.

STATE TREASURER, (W. H. HOLMES).

RECEIPTS,

1866.

Jan. 17.	To amount received from B.	
	& M. R. R. Co.....	\$ 4,662.83
Feb. 2.	To amount received from C.	
	R. & M. R. R. Co.....	4,513.10
Feb. 2.	To amount received from C. I.	
	& N. R. R. Co.....	6,813.83
Feb. 13.	To amount received from D.	
	& S. W. R. R. Co....	1,202.48
Feb. 14.	To amount received from D.	
	& S. C. R. R. Co.....	6,249.30
Feb. 14.	To amount received from C.	
	F. & M. R. R. Co.....	398.57
Feb. 15.	To amount received from M.	
	& M. R. R. Co.....	7,301.14
Feb. 28.	To amount received from McG.	
	W. R. R. Co.....	580.54
Feb. 29.	To amount received from D.	
	Val. R. R. Co.....	4,866.54
Mar. 23.	To amount received from C.	
	F. & M. R. R. Co.....	10.21
Mar. 23.	To amount received from D.	

	& S. C. R. R. Co.....	160.47
Mar. 29.	To amount received from McG. W. R. R. Co.....	1,916.39
June 29.	To amount received from K. Mt. P. & M. R. R. Co....	758.05—\$ 39,433.45

DISBURSEMENTS.

1866.

June 2.	By amount transferred to State Revenue.....	\$ 19,337.73
June 2.	By amount apportioned to counties as per receipts on file.....	19,337.67
Sept. 1.	By amount transferred to State Revenue.....	379.08
Sept. 1.	By amount apportioned to counties as per receipts on file.....	379.02—\$ 39,433.45

STATE TREASURER, SAMUEL E. RANKIN.

1867.

Feb. 2.	To amount received from D. & S. C. R. R. Co.....	\$ 8,148.56
Feb. 2.	To amount received from C. F. & M. R. R. Co.....	583.54
Feb. 4.	To amount received from D. S. W. R. R. Co.....	1,354.55
Feb. 7.	To amount received from M. & M. R. R. Co.....	4,023.39
Feb. 7.	To amount received from C. R. I. & P. R. R. Co.....	2,329.51
Feb. 7.	To amount received from C. R. & M. R. R. R. Co.....	5,023.39
Feb. 23.	To amount received from C. I. & N. R. R. Co.....	6,511.83
April 2.	To amount received from B. & M. R. R. Co.....	4,533.95
Oct. 14.	To amount received from D. M. V. R. R. Co.....	6,499.03
Oct. 28.	To amount received from K. Mt. P. & M. R. R. Co....	826.90—\$ 39,834.65

CONTRA.

Nov. 2.	By amount apportioned to counties as per receipts on file.....	\$ 19,967.27
Nov. 2.	By amount transferred to State Revenue.....	19,867.38—\$ 39,834.65

5TH.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF SWAMP LAND FUND.

STATE TREASURER, (W. H. HOLMES).

RECEIPTS.

1865.

Nov. 4. To balance in Treasury this date. \$21,293.55

1866.

Jan. 24.	To amount received for Pottawat- tamie county.....	7,453.38
Jan. 26.	To amount received for Gnthrie county.....	204.40
Jan. 26.	To amount received for Washing- ton county.....	1,501.08
Jan. 26.	To amount received for Dubuque county.....	325.21
Jan. 26.	To amount received for Mahaska county.....	1,339.76
Jan. 27.	To amount received for Buchanan county.....	1,922.22
Feb. 3.	To amount received for Tama Co.	525.00
Feb. 27.	To amount received for Musca- tine county.....	2,721.03
Mar. 3.	To amount received for Linn Co.	2,222.89
Mar. 13.	To amount received for Chicka- saw county.....	5,392.03
Mar. 13.	To amount received for Washing- ton county.....	3,048.63
May 1.	To amount received for Fayette county.....	2,468.76
July 4.	To amount received for Benton county.....	4,986.12

July 13.	To amount received for Shelby county.....	2,129.90
Aug. 1.	To amount received for Black Hawk county.....	5,620.26
Aug. 1.	To amount received for Floyd county.....	4,007.91
Aug. 1.	To amount received for Sac Co..	300.00
Aug. 1.	To amount received for Delaware county.....	3,121.21
Oct. 18.	To amount received for Hardin county.....	4,113.55
Oct. 18.	To amount received for Hamilton county.....	4,616.50
Dec. 1.	To amount received for Tama Co.	2,200.00
Dec. 1.	To amount received for Winne- shiek county.....	1,251.90
Dec. 1.	To amount received for Grundy county.....	554.38—\$83,319.67

DISBURSEMENTS.

1865.

Nov. 20.	By amount paid Guthrie county as per receipt.....	\$2,804.36
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1866.

Jan. 17.	By amount paid Fremont county as per receipt.....	50.00
Jan. 24.	By amount paid on order of Pot- tawattamie county.....	7,304.32
Jan. 29.	By amount paid Clayton county as per receipt.....	240.28
Feb. 5.	By amount paid Louisa county as per receipt.....	2,266.50
Feb. 20.	By amount on order of Butler county.....	605.00
Feb. 20.	By amount paid Tama county as per receipt.....	514.50
Feb. 20.	By amount paid Guthrie county as per receipt.....	202.30
Feb. 20.	By amount paid Washington county as per receipt.....	1,471.06

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Mar. 22.	By amount paid Washington county as per receipt.....	2,987.68
Apr. 21.	By amount paid Chickasaw Co. as per receipt.....	5,284.18
May 16.	By amount paid Linn county as per receipt.....	2,178.44
June 20.	By amount paid Mahaska county as per receipt.....	1,312.96
June 20.	By amount paid Black Hawk county as per receipt.....	878.85
July 13.	By amount paid Shelby county as per receipt....	2,129.90
July 20.	By amount paid Benton county as per receipt.....	4,886.40
Aug. 3.	By amount paid Butler county as per receipt.....	13,613.15
Aug. 3.	By amount paid Floyd county as per receipt.....	1,233.77
Aug. 9.	By amount paid Fayette county as per receipt.....	2,419.07
Sept. 12.	By amount paid Dubuque county as per receipt.....	318.71
Sept. 12.	By amount paid Muscatine Co. as per receipt.....	2,659.95
Sept. 26.	By amount paid Delaware Co. as per receipt.....	8,058.79
Oct. 6.	By amount paid Black Hawk county as per receipt.....	5,507.80
Oct. 27.	By amount paid Floyd county as per receipt.....	1,800.00
Nov. 2.	By amount paid Hardin county as per receipt.....	620.32
Dec. 3.	By amount paid Hardin county as per receipt.....	432.80
Dec. 4.	By amount paid Tama county as per receipt.....	2,156.00
Dec. 19.	By amount paid Grundy county as per receipt.....	543.38

1867.

Jan. 5. By balance in Treasury to successor..... 13,839.25—\$83,819.67

SAMUEL E. RANKIN, STATE TREASURER.

1867.

Jan. 7. To balance in Treasury of predecessor.....\$13,839.25
 Jan. 10. To amount received for Audubon county..... 100.00
 June 1. To amount received for Ringgold county..... 16,737.62
 June 22. To amount received for Mitchell county..... 5,796.04
 June 28. To amount received for Hardin county..... 3.29
 Oct. 14. To amount received for Wayne county..... 3,390 18—\$39,866.38

CONTRA.

Mar. 2. By amount paid Hamilton county as per receipt..... 3,600.87
 Mar. 2. By amount paid Audubon county as per receipt..... 98.00
 Mar. 2. By amount paid Sac county as per receipt..... 294.00
 Mar. 2. By amount paid Floyd county as per receipt..... 893.98
 June 1. By amount paid Hardin county as per receipt..... 2,981.45
 June 1. By amount paid Hamilton county as per receipt..... 923.30
 June 1. By amount paid Ringgold county as per receipt..... 16,402.87
 June 1. By amount paid Winneshiek county as per receipt..... 1,226.87
 — — By amount paid Mitchell county as per receipt..... 5,767.08

— —	By amount paid Wayne county as per receipt.....	3,322.38
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury.....	4,355.60—\$39,866.38

Nov. 2.	To balance in Treasury.....	4,355.60
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6TH.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF DICTIONARY FUND.

STATE TREASURER—(W. H. HOLMES.)

RECEIPTS.

1865.

Nov. 4.	To balance in Treasury this date.....	\$32.00
Nov. 17.	To am't received from Grundy county	44.00
Nov. 20.	To am't received from Guthrie county	72.00

1866.

Feb. 24.	To am't received from Kossuth county	12.00
Mar. 10.	To am't rec'd from Woodbury county	14.00
Mar. 31.	To am't received from Johnson county	48.00
June 6.	To am't received from Grundy county	15.98
June 20.	To am't rec'd from Black Hawk county	36.00
Aug. 4.	To am't received from Mills county (by Council Bluffs Bank).....	32.00
Dec. 17.	To am't received from Bremer county (by Dubuque Bank).....	8.00—\$313.98

DISBURSEMENTS.

1865.

Nov. 27.	By am't paid Messrs. Merriam & Co., Publishers, as per receipt	148.00
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1867.

Jan. 5.	By am't paid Messrs. Merriam & Co., Publishers, as per receipt.....	157.98
Jan. 5.	By balance in Treasury to successor...	8.00—313.98

SAMUEL E. RANKIN, STATE TREASURER.

RECEIPTS.

1867.

Jan. 7.	To balance in Treasury of predecessor..	8.00
April 2.	To am't received from Lucas county....	12.00—20.00

CONTRA.

1867.

Nov. 2. By balance in Treasury.....	20.00
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Nov. 2. To balance in Treasury.....	20.00
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7TH.—RESOURCES OF THE STATE.

Balance of Revenue in State Treasury.....	\$ 82,114.48
Balance of State Revenue due from Counties... ..	357,876.67
Balance of Insane Hospital dues due from Counties.	78,290.38
Balance of Federal Tax due from Counties.....	2,112.20
Balance of Blind Asylum, clothing account due from Counties.....	269.52
Amount due from Banks.....	13,798.09
Tax of 1867 based on valuation.....	641,292.88
Tax of 1868, estimated at 2½ mills.....	650,000.00
Railroad Tax, estimated for 1868 and 1869.....	50,000.00
Estimated balance due from U. S. Government.....	300,000.00

Total Resources.....	\$2,175,754.22
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8TH.—STATE INDEBTEDNESS.

Bond issued to the Permanent School Fund of the State, dated Nov. 12, 1864, interest payable on the 1st days of January and July in each year at 8 per cent.....	\$ 122,295.75
Iowa 7 per cent. Bonds payable in New York Jan. 1st, 1868, issued under Chap. 7, Acts 1858.....	200,000.00
War and Defense Fund 7 per cent. Bonds issued under Chap. 16, Acts of Extra Session, 1861.....	300,000.00
Total.....	\$ 622,295.75

I would (as in former Report) estimate the interest on delinquent taxes, additional assessments, amount from Peddlers' licenses, and the sale of laws, equal to interest on Auditor's warrants, unavailable taxes and erroneous assessments, and consequently have made no reduction for any of last named items. The Bonds of 1858, \$200,000, due January 1, 1868, are provided for. The State Treasurer has already paid \$114,000, and the balance will be

promptly redeemed when presented. The equalized valuation of real and personal property in 1865 was \$215,063,101; this year it is \$256,517,184, showing an increase of \$41,453,783. An extra *levy of 1½ mills would more than pay our entire State indebtedness, except the amount due the Permanent School Fund, and this indebtedness can only be considered as a debt due from one fund to another. We have not a single outstanding warrant that is drawing interest.*

9TH.—EXPENDITURES OF STATE REVENUE.

Showing the amount of Warrants issued and to what account charged, and other expenditures of General Revenue during the two fiscal years ending November 2d, 1867.

ACCOUNTS.	Amount Expended.
Adjutant General's salary.....	\$ 3,833.22
Adjutant General's Contingent Fund.....	3,899.09
Assistant Adjutant General's salary... ..	166.66
Attorney General's salary.....	2,725.10
Attorney General's fees and mileage.....	116.68
Auditor of State's salary.....	2,603.00
Auditor of State's Contingent Fund.....	2,502.00
District Attorney's salary, 1st District.....	1,100.00
District Attorney's salary, 2d District.....	1,200.00
District Attorney's salary, 3d District.....	1,200.00
District Attorney's salary, 4th District.	1,200.09
District Attorney's salary, 5th District.....	950.00
District Attorney's salary, 6th District.....	1,000.00
District Attorney's salary, 7th District.....	1,200.00
District Attorney's salary, 8th District.....	1,150.00
District Attorney's salary, 9th District.....	1,150.00
District Attorney's salary, 10th District.....	1,200.00
District Attorney's salary, 11th District....	1,150.00
District Attorney's salary, 12th District.....	1,100.00
District Judge's salary, 1st District.....	3,017.00
District Judge's salary, 2d District.....	2,867.00
District Judge's salary, 3d District.....	2,867.00
District Judge's salary, 4th District.....	3,017.00
District Judge's salary, 5th District.....	2,266.67
District Judge's salary, 6th District.....	2,718.00

ACCOUNTS.	Amount Expended.
District Judge's salary, 7th District.....	3,018.00
District Judge's salary, 8th District.....	2,758.33
District Judge's salary, 9th District.....	2,417.00
District Judge's salary, 10th District.....	2,567.00
District Judge's salary, 11th District.....	1,717.00
District Judge's salary, 12th District.....	2,492.00
Governor's salary.....	4,818.00
Governor's Private Secretary's salary.....	2,004.33
Janitor and Night Watch.....	3,226.00
Register of the State Land Office's salary....	2,919.00
Register of State Land Office Clerk's salary.....	2,084.00
Superintendent of Agricultural College and Farm's salary.....	1,638.87
Secretary of State's salary.....	2,588.20
Secretary of State's contingent fund.....	2,025.66
State Treasurer's salary.....	2,917.00
State Treasurer's contingent fund.....	2,084.00
State Superintendent of Weights and Measures' salary	100.00
Secretary of Agricultural College and Farm contingent fund.....	1.80
Superintendent of Public Instruction's salary.	2,917.00
Superintendent of Public Instruction Clerk's salary.	2,083.00
Supreme Judge's salary, Hon. C. C. Cole.....	4,883.13
Supreme Judge's salary, Hon. J. F. Dillon.....	4,916.52
Supreme Judge's salary, Hon. Ralph P. Lowe.....	4,550.55
Supreme Judge's salary, Hon. G. G. Wright.....	4,549.52
Supreme Court contingent fund.....	3,418.59
*General contingent fund.....	13,056.58
Agricultural Societies.....	14,056.45
Agricultural College Building.....	80,000.00
Agricultural College Board, mileage.....	2,293.65
Army Vote.....	900.00
Arsenal Building.....	30,000.00
Blind Asylum, support and pupilage....	25,285.00
Blind Asylum, improvements.	6,000.00
Blind Asylum, clothing account.....	319.25

*For detailed account of general contingent fund expenses see statement 10th on page 25.

ACCOUNTS.	Amount Expended.
Commissioner to Washington, J. N. Dewey.....	3,534.06
Commissioner to Washington, J. A. Harvey.....	513.02
Des Moines River Lands.....	463.45
Deaf and Dumb Institute, support and pupilage.....	21,100.00
Deaf and Dumb Institute, building.....	1,000.00
Extraordinary Expenses, Executive Department.....	4,207.35
Eleventh General Assembly, postage.....	13,021.15
Eleventh General Assembly, mileage and per diem..	59,957.85
Eleventh General Assembly, newspapers.....	17,248.99
Eleventh General Assembly, special appropriations..	8,037.85
Expenses on Bonds of 1858.....	70.90
Furnaces for State House.....	1,902.00
Geological Survey.....	10,000.00
Hospital for Insane, County dues.....	111,820.30
Hospital for Insane, deficiency.....	16,000.00
Hospital for Insane, Trustees' expenses.....	1,151.45
Hospital for Insane, improvements.....	25,350.00
Iowa Soldiers' Orphans' Home, support.....	101,864.58
Iowa Soldiers' Orphans' Home, Trustees' expenses...	2,496.30
Interest on Bonds of 1858.....	28,101.31
Interest on War Bonds.....	42,157.50
Interest on School Fund Loans.....	18,298.20
Iowa Digest.....	3,250.00
Penitentiary, general support.....	14,962.00
Penitentiary, Guards' pay.....	12,687.16
Penitentiary, improvements.....	253.50
Penitentiary, Visitor.....	115.25
Penitentiary, Clerk's salary.....	1,500.00
Penitentiary, Chaplain's salary.....	1,000.00
Penitentiary, Physician's salary,.....	729.00
Penitentiary, Warden's salary.....	2,000.00
Penitentiary, Deputy Warden's salary.....	1,500.00
Publishing Laws in Newspapers.....	26,442.65
Quartermaster General's expenses.....	10,000.00
Reports of Iowa.....	10,270.00
Rewards for Criminals.....	200.00
Saline Land.....	444.74
School Journal.....	273.50

ACCOUNTS.	Amount Expended.
Spirit Lake Expedition.....	4.50
Special appropriations.....	5,500.00
Special appropriations, (W. & D. Fund).....	360.00
Swamp Lands.....	740.00
State Binding.....	29,065.10
State Printing.....	24,507.97
State Library.....	25.00
State Bank Expenses.....	148.00
State University, improvements.....	21,000.00
State University, Trustees' expenses.....	1,062.00
Stationery.....	36,274.02
Swamp Land Indemnity Fund Expenses.....	6,962.35
Teachers' Institutes.....	6,650.00
War and Defense Fund (Revenue).....	12,144.80
Total am't of Warrants issued during the two years, \$1,004,671.65	
Interest paid on Warrants redeemed.....	110.46
Mileage to County Treasurers and Banks.....	4,574.87
Total expenditures.....	\$1,009,356.98

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.

By virtue of the 5th clause of Sec. 71, Revision of 1860, I have issued the following certificates, viz. :

Date.	Chap.	In whose favor.	On what account.	Sec.	Year.	Amount.
1867.						
June 20. 1		Amer. Ex. Co...	Distribut'g General's r	2	6 1866	183.58
June 20. 2		U. S. Ex. Co....	Distribut'g General's r	2	6 1866	93.45
June 28. 3		Geo. Githens....	Distribut'g General's r	2	6 1866	175.00
July 8. 4		Nath'l McCalla..	Arrest of 1 tives	45	Revis. 1860	980.10
Sept. 5. 5		Geo. Githens....	Distribut'g General's r	2	6 1866	140.00
Total Certificates of Indebtedness issued.....						\$1,572.13

10TH.—GENERAL CONTINGENT FUND EXPENSES.

4	DATE OF WARRANT	No. of Voucher and Warrant.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1865.					
Nov.	6	4803	W. Redhead & Co.....	Wall-paper for State House	85.20
	6	4804	Hugh Murry	Paid Cannon, 3 days hauling wood	12.00
	8	4808	Tidrick & Hippee.....	Repairing Letter-press.....	6.00
	13	4814	Keyes & Knight.....	175 yards matting, at \$1.10 per yard	192.50
	14	4817	John H. Morris.....	1½ days' labor in front of Capitol	4.50
	15	4819	U. B. & U. H. White..	Lumber for Capitol and hauling.....	14.00
	18	4830	M. C. Wright.....	Services as clerk of State Canvassing Board 8 days.....	24.00
	24	4837	Keyes & Knight.....	Carpet and oil cloth for State offices.....	185.60
	28	4841	M. L. Devin.....	2 doz. brooms for State House.....	9.25
	30	4847	H. Murry	Hanling to & from State House; 5 days extra labor in warehouse	18.00
Dec.	1	4851	M. Hanley	17 days' labor about Capitol and warehouse.....	34.00
	2	4853	Luther Frary	Painting & varnishing woodwork on State House— { \$905.12	
		4854		less previously paid..... } 400.00	505.12
	4	4856	John Bryan, carpenter..	43½ days carpenter work at \$3.50, and material for repairs on State House	211.22
	5	4860	Western Engraving Co..	Seal and press for State Treasurer.....	14.00
	5	4862	J. R. Baker	Whitewashing State House	15.25
	5	4863	M. C. Wright.....	Services as clerk in making up election returns for State Canvassing Board, 5 days	15.00

GENERAL CONTINGENT FUND EXPENSES—CONTINUED.

DATE OF WARRANT	No. of Voucher and Warrant.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1865.				
Dec.	54865	U. S. & Amer. Exp. Co.	arges on books for library and seal.....	17.25
	54866	J. Teesdale.....	mpa, 5,000 3 cents, 1,000 1 cent.....	160.00
	84868	David J. Waggoner.....	n arresting Joseph M. Brice and John J. M. Crous, from justice.....	597.80
	84871	Tidrick & Hippee.....	stove, Auditor's office.....	5.25
	144888	J. H. Purdy & Co.....	clock, Treasurer's office.....	2.50
	154890	J. M. Moody.....	case.....	11.50
	184893	Phillip Rafter.....	eg corus wood at \$6.....	56.00
	184894	John Melvin.....	3 cords wood at \$6.....	18.00
	184895	Isaac Rafter.....	3½ cords wood at \$6.....	21.00
	184896	S. P. Bitting & Son.....	37½ yards bordering at 15 cts.....	5.31
	194909	Merrill & Keeney.....	Board and zinc for stove, Governor's office.....	7.50
	194910	Manning & Miller.....	75 yards enameled cloth and express charges, \$1.10 per yard.....	87.80
	224919	Dan Ellyson.....	Hauling load of lumber and wheelbarrows.....	1.00
	234926	Reed & Terry.....	10 yards curtain lace, \$1.10, and 1 paper tacks, 10 cts.....	1.20
	234929	Isaac Rafter.....	3½ cords wood at \$6.....	21.00
	234930	John Melvin.....	5½ cords wood at \$6.....	30.75
	234931	Philip Rafter.....	7½ cords wood at \$6.....	45.75
1866.				
Jan.	14945	J. C. Taylor.....	25 cords wood at \$5.....	125.00
	24949	J. Simmington.....	Repairing and painting chairs and settees.....	57.75

Jan.	24950	Hugh Murry	Hauling to and from State House in December	9.78
	24951	American Express Co.	Express charges on books for library	3.00
		Fichenor	Lumber for repairing State House	7.27
			14½ days' labor on excavations for furnace	28.50
			17 days' labor in and about Capitol	34.00
			14½ days' labor on excavations for furnace	28.50
			Lumber and repairing Supreme Court room	15.50
		lone	13½ days' labor on excavations	27.75
		C. & L. Warbach	Repairing chairs for Governor and Register's Offices	9.00
	34968	Michael Brady	6½ days' labor on excavations	13.50
	54978	J. Kuhn & Co.	24 yards oil cloth at \$1	24.00
	54999	David Hunter	Sawing 33½ cords wood at 75 cents	25.12
	64980	John Callahan	15½ days' labor excavating for furnace	30.50
	64981	Brown & Spofford	6 R. R. barrows at \$5.25	31.50
			1 step ladder \$6.50, 1 feather duster \$2.50	9.00
	84984	J. R. Baker	Paper hanging	3.00
	94988	Michael Bennett	16½ days' labor excavating for furnace	32.50
	105002	John Ryan	7½ days' labor excavating for furnace	15.00
	105003	Frank Harty	16 days' labor excavating for furnace	32.00
	105004	Michael Brady	5 days' labor excavating for furnace	10.00
	105005	Bryan Corabier	18½ days' labor excavating for furnace	37.50
	105007	Marcus Kavanagh	1½ days' labor excavating for furnace	3.00
	115010	A. J. Jack & Co.	Lumber for basement (furnace)	36.11
	125012	John Kaly	14½ days' labor excavating (furnace)	29.50
	125013	Isaac L. Allen	Postage for Attorney General	20.00
	125021	Wm. Hallerren	12 days' labor excavating for furnace	24.00
	135025	J. Simmington & Co.	Repairing 38 chairs	18.40
	135026	J. R. Baker	Glazing and paper hanging	2.50
	135027	W. B. Davidson	8½ days' carpenter work @ \$3	25.00

GENERAL CONTINGENT FUND EXPENSES—CONTINUED.

DATE OF WARRANT	No. of Voucher and Warrant.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1866.				
Jan. 15	5028	Hugh Murry.....	26 days' labor superintending workmen \$50.00. Cash and labor in furnishing refreshments for night bands \$14.65....	64.65
15	5029	J. S. & A. F. Dicks.....	7 stove dampers @ \$1.....	7.00
16	5031	L. J. Wells.....	8½ days' carpenter work \$3.50.....	29.75
16	5032	J. Teesdale.....	Postage for quarter ending Dec. 31, 1865.....	58.94
16	5034	Mills & Co.....	Letter press and stationery for Governor's office.....	27.00
17	5037	J. Teesdale.....	Postage (Auditor's) quarter ending Dec. 31, 1865.....	1.27
20	5040	B. Riley.....	Freight on 2 bundles book paper.....	1.48
Mar. 30	5091	J. C. Culbertson, Clerk..	Clerk's fees in foreclosure of School Fund mortgage Eads' loans.....	6.00
April 3	5110	Thomas Hanigan..	35½ days' labor excavating for furnace.....	71.00
3	5111	Andrew Murry.....	84 days and 12½ nights' excavating for furnace	183.00
3	5112	J. B. Depew.....	½ day hauling sand.....	2.00
3	5113	E. W. Smith.....	Making 5 keys.....	2.50
3	5114	Sanford & Sherman.....	75 till keys, nails, &c., for Capitol.....	12.40
3	5115	Ill. & Miss. Tel. Co.....	Official telegrams.....	10.77
3	5116	Childs & Howell.....	13 lbs. zinc, 25c.....	3.25
3	5117	J. R. Thomas.....	Repairing stoves, shutters, &c.....	18.90
3	5118	M. Hanly.....	Sawing 28½ cords wood at..... \$22.50	
			9½ days and 4 half nights' labor about Capitol.....	23.50
3	5119	F. Woodruff.....	44 gallons coal oil, zinc, turpentine, &c.....	46.00
				54.00

April	3	5120	L. D. Bloom.....	11 cords wood at \$6.....	66.00
	3	5121	J. K. & W. H. Gilcrest..	1 door and lumber, (furnace)	21.52
	3	5122	Newman & Brickley....	3 1-6 dozen 9x14 glass @ \$2.00 and drayage.....	6.50
	3	5123	U. S. Express Co.....	Express charges on books for Library, &c.....	18.15
	3	5124	Hugh Murry.....	Hauling to and from the State House—Jan., Feb. and Mar..	39.00
	3	5125	E. W. Atmore.....	Whitewashing and patching State House.....	25.00
	3	5143	J. M. Moody.....	Refreshments for night hands.....	14.52
	3	5144	Michael Bennett.....	9½ days' labor, excavations for furnace.....	19.00
	3	5145	Frank Harty.....	8½ days' labor, excavations for furnace.....	17.00
	3	5146	James Higgins.....	3 days' labor, excavations for furnace.....	6.00
	4	5147	M. Hanly.....	Sawing 22½ cords of wood.....	\$18.88
				2 days' work on Capitol.....	4.00
	4	5154	U. S. & Am. Exp. Co....	Express charges on books for State Library.....	22.88
	4	5157	Patrick Bereny.....	2 days' work in cutting out flues, \$4.....	8.85
	5	5174	J. Teesdale.....	Postage for quarter ending March 31, 1866.....	8.00
	5	5189	W. Redhead.....	Bill of wood and coal, (11th General Assembly).....	3.33
	5	5215	W. H. Holmes.....	Paid telegram about furnaces.....	496.49
				Paid T. E. Cave, 10 days' varnishing, &c.....	\$ 1.25
				Paid J. A. Simmington, 3 gallons varnish and paint..	33.95
				Paid B. Canaher, 10 days' labor on Capitol.....	18.50
				Paid James Murphy, 41½ yards plastering, 80c.....	20.00
				Paid Murry & Winne, monitor lock and exp. charges.	33.33
				Postage for Governor, quarter ending March 31, 1866....	51.75
	5	5233	J. Teesdale.....	Official telegrams.....	158.78
	6	5323	Ill. & Miss. Tel. Co.....	Telegram, Clerk of House to Bissell.....	92.46
	6	5324	Ill. & Miss. Tel. Co.....	1 dozen cedar pails, well bucket, &c.....	58.87
	6	5328	Davis & Dennis.....	7½ yards curtain linen and batting.....	1.00
	7	5334	Keyes & Knight.....	Repairing and varnishing chairs.....	21.70
	7	5339	J. Simmington.....	Lumber for basement, (furnace).....	3.13
	10	5354	Getchell & Tichenor....		8.00
					70.49

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE

GENERAL CONTINGENT FUND EXPENSES—CONTINUED.

DATE OF WARRANT	No. of Voucher and Warrant.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1866.				
April 10	5355	N. R. Howard	Stencil marking apparatus for Executive office	1.75
11	5356	L. Cate	Hauling safe door to foundry and back	3.00
11	5361	J. Teesdale	Postage, 11th General Assembly, (balance)	213.25
14	5378	W. England	Making keys, repairing locks, &c.	10.65
17	5379	Luther Frary	Painting in Capitol and graining door	22.87
19	5387	Merrill, Keeney & Co.	1 case pigeon holes, (Auditor's office)	45.00
20	5390	Barnes & Patterson	Making trap doors and removing storm doors	6.52
23	5392	J. Teesdale	Postage stamps	441.00
23	5408	Isaac Rafter	5 cords wood at \$6.	30.00
24	5412	A. J. Jack & Co.	Lumber	5.04
24	5413	U. S. & Am. Express Co	Express charges on books for library	4.00
26	5422	S. P. Bitting & Son	2 bolts wall paper (court room)	3.00
28	5427	M. Connelly	3 days' labor with team on State square	12.00
30	5430	Hugh Murry	Hauling to and from Capitol in April	4.50
30	5440	S. Persing	Balance due on carpenter work	33.34
May 2	5445	W. Collard	Expenses of inauguration of Governor	30.00
5	5472	E. W. Atmore	Balance on whitewashing and patching on Capitol	10.00
7	5473	Andrew Murry	63 days' labor at and around Capitol during the session of Legislature	126.00
9	5484	J. M. Moody	7 bars soap and 6 pounds rope	2.80
12	5491	T. Olmstead	8 bottles ink at 40 cents	3.20

May	14	5494	Otis & Himer.....	Fitting lock, refilling safe door &c., (Auditor's office).....	52.80
	16	5496	J. G. Weeks.....	Abstract of titles to "Orwig property".....	20.00
	19	5499	Otis & Himer.....	Work on safe lock (Treasurer's office).....	2.60
	25	5505	J. Teesdale.....	2,500 3 cent and 3,000 2 cent stamps.....	135.00
	30	5517	L. Frary.....	Varnishing in Governor's room.....	25.25
	31	5518	U. S. Express Co.....	Express charges on books, &c.....	2.80
	31	5519	Hugh Murry.....	Hauling to and from Capitol in May.....	8.35
	June 1	5531	M. Hanly.....	13 days' work on State square.....	26.00
	6	5541	M. R. Laird.....	Surveying State House lots.....	5.00
	15	5562	Isaac Brandt.....	4 2-12 dozen sash locks at \$1.80.....	7.50
	22	5595	E. W. Smith.....	1 Navy revolver and cartridges for night watch.....	16.10
	22	5597	Michael Connely.....	Hauling gravel 3 days and 1 load.....	12.70
	23	5602	State Insurance Co.....	Insurance on library and warehouse.....	97.50
	25	5606	U. S. & Am. Express Co.....	Charges on books from Secretary's office.....	3.25
	25	5607	American Express Co.....	Express charges on books for library.....	2.00
	28	5612	L. E. Ayres.....	1 days' carpenter work.....	2.50
	30	5629	Hugh Murry.....	Hauling to and from Capitol in June.....	3.75
	30	5631	American Express Co.....	Charges on books for library.....	3.60
	2	5636	David Hunter.....	at watch 32 days at \$1.50.....	48.00
	2	5637	H. M. Wilson.....	1 box books [Secretary's office].....	9.40
July	3	5647	Redhead & Wellslager..	old pen and holder for Governor Stone.....	6.50
	5	5654	Michael Hanly.....	labor about State House and square.....	41.00
	5	5661	Knight & Bros.....	ash.....	1.00
	10	5678	J. Teesdale.....	or quarter ending June 30, 1866, including 5,000 3 cent stamps, less \$3.....	147.24
	10	5679	J. Teesdale.....	Postage for quarter ending June 30, 1866.....	73.95
	11	5682	L. Cate.....	Drayage on chairs.....	.60
	12	5690	Andrew Murry.....	69 days' labor in Capitol Square and about Capitol.....	138.00

GENERAL CONTINGENT FUND EXPENSES—CONTINUED.

DATE OF WARRANT	No. of Voucher and Warrant.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1866.				
July 12	5691	Tabor W. McKee.....	Interest on \$250 paid on sale of school fund land which he relinquishes.....	22.50
18	5701	R. E. Carpenter, Clerk...	Costs in foreclosure of school fund mortgage vs. E. C. Craw- ford, Eads' Loans.....	23.75
20	5704	D. B. Barnes.....	3 large boxes for distributing Adj't. General's Reports.....	1.00
20	5705	James W. Hinesly.....	Expenses in arresting Patrick Cotterson by requisition on Governor of Indiana.....	129.50
23	5706	John Bryan.....	Repairing doors and windows.....	18.62
26	5714	Davis & Dennis.....	2½ lbs. jute twine.....	1.00
27	5717	Patrick Kyly.....	1 day's labor shoveling gravel.....	2.00
28	5721	M. Ilanly.....	11½ days' labor grading around Capitol.....	23.00
28	5722	Getchell & Tichenor....	17 fence posts at 25 cts.....	4.25
31	5733	Hugh Murry.....	Hauling to and from Capitol.....	8.50
31	5736	M. Yard.....	1 Lloyd's map.....	4.00
Aug. 1	5739	Andrew Murry.....	22 days' labor in warehouse and packing Adj't. Gen's Reports	44.00
1	5742	U. S. & Amer. Expr. Co.	Express charges on school laws.....	113.65
1	5742	U. S. & Amer. Expr. Co.	Express charges on books for library, &c.....	15.10
1	5745	W. H. Holmes.....	Expenses of Census Board to Ft. Madison and return, to de- vise a method for constructing a vault and sewer to Peni- tentiary, and examine into the general condition of the prison, at the request of the Governor and Warden.....	35.50

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Aug.	2 5746	U. S. & Amer. Expr. Co.	Express charges on school laws, &c.....	2.50
	2 5748	N. A. Newton.....	Expenses in arresting John D. McBane, by requisition on Governor of Missouri.....	149.00
	6 5761	J. Kuhn & Co.....	25 packing boxes at 75 cents, for sending Adj. General's Reports to counties.....	18.75
	13 5781	L. E. Ayres.....	Making fence around State House.....	120.00
	15 5785	James Wright.....	Delivering 4 copies each of Adj. General's Reports (1866) to 148 members of 11th General Assembly, under Sec. 3, Chap. 133, Acts of 1866.....	148.00
	15 5789	J. Teesdale.....	Stamped envelopes.....	140.10
	18 5798	L. E. Ayres.....	Making and hanging 5 gates at \$15.....	75.00
	22 5811	Jones & Read.....	9 yards crash and 3 boxes.....	4.45
	27 5817	L. E. Ayres.....	3 1/4 days' carpenter work and lumber.....	21.99
	31 5832	Hugh Murry.....	Hauling to and from Capitol in August.....	8.50
Sept.	1 5843	Redhead & Wellslager..	33 packing boxes for Adjutant General's Reports, box of pens, &c.....	23.90
	4 5846	Barney McCarty.....	1 day's labor cleaning cistern.....	2.00
	4 5853	U. S. Express Co.....	Charges on School Laws and books for library.....	31.00
	6 5857	Merrill & Keeney.....	3 picture frames and glass.....	6.75
	7 5869	L. E. Ayres.....	10 days' painting in Capitol, \$3 per day.....	30.00
	13 5904	Andrew Murry.....	19 1/4 days' labor in warehouse packing Adjutant General's Reports and Laws.....	39.00
	14 5906	Charles Grafe.....	9100 lbs ice at 75 cents per 100 lbs.....	68.25
	24 5945	L. E. Ayres.....	Painting well-curb and paint \$5.05, whitewashing stable and out buildings \$8.....	13.05
	29 5966	U. S. & Amer. Exp. Co.	Charges on books for library, &c.....	13.50
	29 5969	Hugh Murry.....	Hauling to and from Capitol in September.....	4.00
Oct.	2 5979	Russell & Cox.....	Lead, oil, drayage, &c.....	58.60
	4 5986	A. W. Otis.....	Opening safe (Auditor's Office).....	5.00

GENERAL CONTINGENT FUND EXPENSES—CONTINUED.

DATE OF WARRANT	No. of Voucher and Warrant	TO WHOM ISSUED.	ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1866.				
Oct.	6 5992	L. E. Ayres.....	24 days' painting fence, \$3.....	7.50
	8 6008	M. Hanly.....	8 days' labor about Capitol.....	16.00
	9 6013	Fuller, Warren, & Co....	24 No 24 furnace grates.....	14.30
	9 6014	Des Moines Valley R. R.	.....	1.10
	10 6015	J. Teesdale.....	.....	36.82
	12 6020	E. W. Smith.....	.....	.50
	19 6036	Isaac Brandt.....	.....
			ber and making side walk on north side of	
			
	22 6044	E. M. Wright.....	.....	364.89
	22 6047	D. B. Barnes.....	.....	2.50
	25 6053	S. A. Robertson.....	.....	34.00
	31 6084	U. S. & Amer. Exp. Co.	.....	360.42
Nov.	1 6088	Des Moines Coal Co....	.....	8.15
	26 6186	W. H. Holmes.....	.....	85.88
			452 bushels coal at 19 cents.....	
			Expenses in visiting the Penitentiary, June 27, 1866, in	
			company with the Census Board.....	
	26 6187	W. H. Holmes.....	.....	6.75
	27 6193	J. Teesdale.....	.....	50.00
	30 6207	Hugh Murry.....	.....	334.96
Dec.	1 6220	U. S. Express Co.....	.....	6.50
	1 6221	M. Hanly.....	.....	8.50
	3 6226	John W. Scott.....	.....	20.00
			Expenses in arresting G. Wells by requisition on Gov. of Mo.	88.45

Dec. 10	6261	G. L. Eason.....	Repairing four clocks.....	10.00
13	6283	L. J. Wells.....	Putting up storm doors and repairing lock.....	2.50
14	6284	E. A. Nixon.....	Frame for Resolution ratifying amendment to Constitution....	3.00
14	6286	J. R. Thomas.....	Leak for Sup't Public Instruction's office.....	2.50
			rate, dampers, &c.....	4.35
15	6289	Kurtz & Bro.....	of, zinc, &c.....	13.00
15	6290	J. Simmington.....	chairs and stools.....	6.15
20	6315	F. Woodruff.....	ster and lamp wicks.....	3.60
24	6328	C. O. Nourse.....	ces in case of State of Iowa vs. Elizabeth Todd- al. in Dis't Court of Warren and Clarke counties.	100.00
24	6331	Hugh Murry.....	a labor in warehouse.....	12.00
28	6349	McKisson & Bolton.....	ware from May to Dec., 1866.....	19.02
1867.				
Jan. 2	6361	U. S. & Amer. Ex. Co's.	urges on 148 pkg's books for Senators and Repr's.	44.40
2	6361	U. S. & Amer. Ex. Co's.	urges on 33 pkg's books for Governors of several	34.25
2	6361	U. S. & Amer. Ex. Co's.	urges on 96 pkg's books for County Judges.....	28.80
2	6361	U. S. & Amer. Ex. Co's.	urges on 96 pkg's books for State Library, &c.....	7.35
2	6364	Hugh Murry.....	and from Capitol in December.....	7.50
2	6367	U. S. Express Co.....	urges on package from Iowa City to State Treas'r.	.50
2	6370	Davis & Dennis.....	t and 17 lbs. twine.....	14.85
3	6374	Des Moines Coal Co.....	s coal at 12c per bus.....	114.16
3	6376	Redhead & Wellslager..	packing Adjutant General's reports.....	2.00
3	6383	Andrew Murry.....	r in warehouse and Capitol.....	10.00
3	6385	J. Teesdale.....	envelopes.....	103.40
4	6389	Mer. Union Ex. Co.....	4 packages furnace castings.....	5.45
4	6390	F. Dillon.....	nason work.....	27.75
5	6392	Fuller, Warren & Co...	nace linings and 1 doz. door fasteners.....	18.90
7	6399	W. H. Holmes.....	urges on \$1,000 from Iowa City.....	1.25

GENERAL CONTINGENT FUND EXPENSES--CONTINUED.

DATE OF WARRANT	No. of Voucher and Warrant.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1867.				
Jan. 11	6408	John Bryan	Lumber, repairing safe, &c.	6.00
11	6410	Stephen McBee	Expenses in attempting to arrest Geo. H. McBee, by requisition on the Governor of Missouri.	90.00
		iburg	Freight on Adjutant General's and Agricultural reports from Des Moines	5.50
		ess Co.	Charges on 60 pkg's books for Clerks	30.05
			Charges on books for Library	1.70
			Postage for quarter ending Dec. 31, 1866	81.75
Feb.		orn	Expenses in arresting Frederick McKinsey, by requisition on the Governor of Kansas	27.95
		s Coal Co.	460½ bushels coal at 19c.	154.75
Jan.			Postage stamps and envelopes	87.45
		ich	18 packing boxes at 35c.	123.40
		it	oil, brush and elastic band	6.30
		Bro.	1.25	1.75
		ry	Passing to and from Capitol in January	6.25
Feb.		Un. Ex. Co.	Charges on furnace linings from Chicago	9.00
		rren, & Co.	300 lbs. furnace linings and 2 bricks	13.15
		phy	4 days' labor in warehouse	31.00
4	6519	U. S. & Amer. Ex. Co's.	Charges on books for library, &c.	8.00
7	6580	Charles Mosher	Revenue stamps	12.40
				50.00

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE

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Feb.	7 6533	Enos Grandy.....	± packing boxes at 30c.....	1.20
	12 6546	Isaac Brandt.....	Cash paid for stationery for Treasurer's office.....	2.80
	15 6560	Laird & Bro.....	17½ lbs. twine.....	8.85
	13 6552	T. E. McCracken.....	Expenses in arresting a fugitive from justice by requisition on the Governor of Illinois.....	77.40
	15 6561	F. Butler.....	3½ yards E. A. cloth at 1.75.....	5.69
	16 6562	M. Hanly.....	Repairing furnace and sawing wood.....	8.40
	18 6564	Des Moines Coal Co.....	80½ bushels coal at 19c.....	15.34
	18 6565	B. C. Davis.....	2 coal picks, with handles.....	3.00
	25 6584	Mercht's Union Ex. Co..	Sawing 41½ cords wood, at 40c.....	16.60
	26 6585	John Bryan.....	Charges on books for Library.....	1.75
	26 6586	Herzberg, Goodman & Co	Carpenter work and lumber.....	5.50
	27 6588	J. Teesdale.....	57½ yards carpet at 2.05.....	117.85
	28 6591	Hugh Murry.....	Postage stamps and envelopes.....	57.40
Mar.	4 6611	Mercht's Union Ex. Co..	Hauling to and from Capitol in February.....	7.20
			1 Monitor Safe Lock, and Express charges thereon, for the Auditor's safe.....	51.40
	11 6632	W. England.....	Making keys, screws, and work on safe.....	3.05
	14 6635	Dan Ellyson.....	Hauling wood 1 day.....	4.00
	15 6651	Hugh Murry.....	Making carpets.....	6.00
	18 6658	Frank Dillon.....	Material and lathing and plastering 167 yards at 50c.....	136.10
	20 6661	Thos. Griffen.....	10 days' labor about Capitol.....	20.00
	20 6662	Mercht's Union Ex. Co..	Express charges on a package from Chicago.....	.75
	21 6663	Jas. Murphy.....	17½ days' labor about State House at \$2.00.....	35.00
	22 6673	J. Teesdale.....	19 sheets of 3 cent stamps.....	57.00
	28 6691	D. W. Johnson.....	Carpenter work and material in repairing State House.....	111.99
	30 6692	Hogate & Bartholomew..	Lead, oil and putty.....	5.50
	30 6693	Hugh Murry.....	Hauling to and from Capitol in March.....	7.50
	30 6696	John Bryan.....	Case of pigeon holes for Auditor's office.....	15.00

GENERAL CONTINGENT FUND EXPENSES—CONTINUED.

DATE OF WARRANT	No. of Voucher and Warrant	TO WHOM ISSUED.	ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1867.				
Mar.	30 6698	Ed Wright.....	Paid Harris for sawing wood.....	15.40
			Paid Barnes for 8 packing boxes.....	2.15
Apr.	30 6702	U. S. Express Co.....	Charges on books for library and census schedules.....	17.55
	1 6708	J. Teesdale.....	2,500 stamped envelopes.....	7.75
	1 6710	McKisson & Bolton.....	Hardware bill for January, February and March, 1867.....	137.70
	3 6721	Dan Ellyson.....	14 days hauling wood at 4.00.....	15.23
	4 6724	P. Dickinson.....	Provision for lender clock for Treasurer's office.....	5.00
	5 6728	J. Teesdale.....	Quarter ending March 31, 1867.....	3.00
	6 6731	L. E. Ayres.....	For Auditor's office.....	22.96
	8 6735	L. E. Ayres.....	Lighting at 2.50.....	45.00
	9 6739	A. W. Otis.....	Work on safe door, fire proof cement, drayage, &c.....	6.87
	23 6760	J. Simmington.....	and repairing frame.....	56.40
May	10 6830	H. Murry.....	and from Capitol in April.....	1.10
	11 6834	J. A. Nash.....	for Capitol grounds.....	4.50
	14 6837	N. M. Conklin.....	for arresting A. H. Comis, a fugitive from justice at.....	2.50
			and roses for Capitol grounds.....	37.30
	17 6843	Ayres & Titus.....	and roses for Capitol grounds.....	12.50
	29 6870	Ed Wright.....	for nails, grass seed, &c., for State House.....	8.83
	30 6878	Geo. C. Tichenor.....	Postage stamps.....	65.00
	31 6887	H. Murry.....	Hauling to and from Capitol in May.....	5.50
	31 6889	W. T. Painter.....	Graining door in Treasurer's office.....	5.00

June	4 6892	Harrison Johnson.....	7 days' work cleaning and scrubbing Capitol.....	14.00
	14 6918	Jno. Teesdale.....	Stamps for Governor and letters due April and May.....	18.32
July	2 6974	Geo. C. Tichenor.....	Stamps for Governor, &c., in June.....	47.35
	2 6975	Hugh Murry.....	Hauling to and from Capitol in June.....	7.50
	5 6989	Read, Potter & Co.....	Packing boxes and crash.....	8.25
	6 6992	Diamond Coal Co.....	61 bushels coal at 18.....	10.98
	6 6994	Andrew Murry.....	5½ days' labor at Capitol.....	11.00
	8 6999	J. W. Burk.....	Mowing State square.....	15.00
	27 7031	L. P. Baker.....	33 lbs. paint and painting ¼ day.....	11.90
	31 7052	H. Murry.....	Hauling to and from Capitol in July.....	8.75
Aug.	17 7086	Geo. C. Tichenor, P. M..	Stamps and stamped envelopes.....	80.00
	20 7096	Samuel Malone.....	Expenses in arresting Napoleon Johnson, a fugitive from justice in Wisconsin.....	55.30
	31 7133	H. Murry.....	Hauling to and from Capitol in August.....	9.75
	31 7135	Samuel Malone.....	Expenses in arresting C. D. Ramsdell, a fugitive from justice in Minnesota.....	77.50
Sept.	21 7175	Morris & Neale.....	Plastering in Supt. Public Instruction office.....	32.50
	23 7179	Michael Murry.....	6 days' labor in warehouse.....	12.00
	23 7182	Mills & Co.....	Gold pens and 1 office).....	26.75
	30 7215	H. Murry.....	Hauling to and umber.....	7.50
Oct.	5 7233	Geo. C. Tichenor, P. M..	Postage (Execu.....	88.98
	7 7235	J. M. Moody & Co.....	Scrub brushes, 1.....	8.00
	14 7260	Jno. Potted.....	2 days' labor in warehouse.....	4.00
	16 7266	S. E. Rankin.....	Cash paid for microscope.....	5.00
	17 7271	C., R. I. & P. R. R.....	Freight for furnace castings.....	8.95
	25 7293	Fuller, Warren & Co....	Repairing furnace, &c.....	50.00
Total.....				\$ 13,056.58

11TH—WARRANTS—REVENUE.

Amount of warrants outstanding Nov. 4th, 1865.....	\$ 13,756.33
Amount issued during the two years ending Nov. 2,'67	1,004,671.65
Total.....	1,018,427.98
Deduct amount redeemed during the two years....	1,007,614.99
Leaves outstanding Nov. 2, 1867.....	10,812.99

WAR AND DEFENSE WARRANTS.

Amount of warrants outstanding Nov. 4, 1865.....	\$ 3,885.70
Amount of warrants issued during two years ending Nov. 2, 1867.....	7,084.61
Total.....	10,970.31
Deduct the amount redeemed during the two years...	10,715.78
Leaves outstanding Nov. 2, 1867.....	254.53

WAR AND DEFENSE WARRANTS—REISSUED.

Amount of warrants outstanding Nov. 4, 1865.....	\$ 33.01
Amount of warrants redeemed to Nov. 2, 1867.....	33.01
Leaves none outstanding Nov. 2, 1867.....	00.00

12TH—DES MOINES RIVER LAND CLAIM WARRANTS.

Under the provisions of Chapter 22, Acts of 1866, warrants have been issued on the *special fund* created by said act to the amount of \$95,067.23, and there has not been any of these warrants yet redeemed by State Treasurer.

13TH.—WAR AND DEFENSE FUND.

Under the provisions of Chapter 68, Section 2, Acts of 1866, this fund has been closed, and the balance, (which includes \$300,000 War Bonds, issued in 1861,) \$584,854.19, charged over to General Revenue.

Total amount of warrants issued on this fund from its creation to date.....	\$1,049,044.88
Total amount redeemed to date.....	1,048,790.35
Leaves warrants outstanding Nov. 2, 1867.....	254.53

The Eleventh General Assembly abolished the office of "War and Defense Fund Commissioner," and by Chapter 68, approved March 27, 1866, authorized the Auditor to audit all claims against the War and Defense Fund. This has added considerably to the labors of this office. A large amount of the claims presented since this transfer has been made, have, after careful examination, been rejected, a majority of them having been presented to former War and Defense Fund Commissioner; and, in my opinion, there are few, if any, claims on this fund unsettled, except those due on Pay Certificates.

14TH. — DISBURSEMENT OF AUDITOR'S CONTINGENT FUND.

There has been paid out of this fund for services rendered as follows :

November 1, 1865, to November 1, 1867, for the payment of a deputy in the office of Auditor of State for the term of two years.....\$2,000.00

November 1, 1865, to November 1, 1867, for the payment of extra labor in the office arising from the auditing of War and Defense accounts..... 500.00

Total.....\$2,500.00

15TH. — HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

HOSPITAL FOR INSANE (COUNTY DUES).

The Superintendent of the hospital has certified to this office, quarterly, the amount due from each county on account of board and clothing, under section 1487, Revision of 1860, which amounts during the two years in the aggregate to.....\$127,070.48

Add for balance due hospital, November 4, 1865... 6,248.55

Total.....\$133,319.03

Under the above section Auditor's warrants have been issued to the Steward of the hospital during the two years, amounting in the aggregate to.....\$127,820.30

Leaving balance undrawn and due hospital. .. \$5,498.73

16TH.—ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES

For the two fiscal years commencing November 4, 1867, and ending the first Monday in November, 1869, exclusive of extraordinary appropriations for special purposes; also, amounts of appropriations undrawn and estimated appropriations required to pay salaries and expenses until January 1, 1870:

ACCOUNTS.	Estimated expenditures.	Amt. appropriated and undrawn.	Amt. of appropriation required to pay to Jan. 1, 1870.
Adjutant General's salary	\$ 4000.00	\$ 544.29	\$ 4000.00
Adjutant Genl's. Contgt. Fund.	6000.00	1600.54	6000.00
Attorney General's salary	3000.00	391.90	2858.10
Auditor of State's salary	2600.00	197.00	2600.00
Auditor of State's Contgt. Fund	3000.00	192.74	3000.00
District Attorneys' salaries	14400.00	2000.00	14500.00
District Judges' salaries	42200.00	7975.00	42200.00
Governor's salary	5000.00	533.00	5000.00
Janitor and night watch	2924.00	244.00	2924.00
Register of State L. O's. sal'y.	3000.00	250.00	3000.00
Register of State L. O's. clerk.	2000.00	166.00	2000.00
Supt. Agrl. Col. and Farm sal'y	2000.00	333.38	2000.00
Secretary of State's salary	2600.00	214.80	2600.00
Secretary of State's Congt. Fund	3000.00	267.14	3000.00
State Treasurer's salary	3000.00	251.00	3000.00
State Treasurer's Contgt. Fund.	2000.00	166.66	2000.00
State Supt. W'ts and Meas. sal.	100.00	150.00	.....
Supt. of Pub. Instruction's salary	3000.00	250.00	3000.00
Supt. of Pub. Instruction's clerk	2000.00	167.00	2000.00
Supreme Judges' salaries	18400.00	1533.95	18400.00
Supreme Court Contgt. Fund.	4000.00	none.	4000.00
General Contingent Fund	15000.00	none.	15000.00
Agricultural Societies	15000.00	.....	.....
Agrl. College Board, mileage..	2500.00	.....	.....
Blind Asylum, support	10000.00	1250.00	10000.00
Blind Asylum, pupilage	15000.00	.....	.....
Blind Asylum, clothing account.	600.00	.....	.....
Commissioners to Washington.	4000.00	.....	.....
Deaf and Dumb Institute, support and pupilage	23000.00	1000.00	8000.00
Des Moines River Lands	500.00	.....	.....
Hospital for Insane, county dues	150000.00	.....	.....

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES—CONTINUED.

ACCOUNTS.	Estimated expenditures.	Amt. appropriated and undrawn.	Amt. of appropriation required to pay to Jan. 1, 1870.
Hospital for Insane, Trustees expenses.....	1200.00	.....	.....
Iowa Soldiers' Orphans' Home, support.....	200000.00	.....	.....
Iowa Soldiers' Orphans' Home, Trustees expenses.....	3000.00	.....	.....
Int. on War and Defense Bonds	42105.00	11564.73	41105.00
Interest on School Fund Loans.	19567.32	1269.12	19567.32
Penitentiary, general support..	15000.00	2396.18	15000.00
Penitentiary, guards' pay... ..	15000.00	3791.71	15000.00
Penitentiary, visitor.....	200.00	.....	.....
Penitentiary Clerk's salary.....	1500.00	187.50	1500.00
Penitentiary Chaplain's salary..	1000.00	125.00	1000.00
Penitentiary Physician's salary.	730.00	94.00	730.00
Penitentiary Warden's salary..	2000.00	250.00	2000.00
Penit'ry Dep. Warden's salary.	1500.00	187.50	1500.00
Publishing Laws in newspapers	27000.00	.....	.....
Q. M. General's expenses.	6000.00	.....	.....
Reports of Iowa.....	10000.00	.....	.....
School Journal.....	200.00	.....	.....
Special Appropriations.....	10000.00	.....	.....
Swamp Lands.....	500.00	.....	.....
State Binding.....	30000.00	.....	.....
State Printing.....	20000.00	.....	.....
State University, Trustees' expenses.....	1000.00	.....	.....
Stationery	25000.00	.....	.....
Teachers' Institute.....	7000.00	.....	.....
Twelfth General Assembly....	100000.00	.....	.....
War & Defense Fund, Revenue	5000.00	.....	.....
	\$ 930826.32		
Red'n of outstanding warrants.	10812.99		
Total estimated expenditures.	\$ 941639.31		

17TH.—STATEMENT "A."

Showing the balances on the books of this office due from the several counties on account of State and Federal Revenue, Insane Hospital dues, and Blind Asylum (clothing account) on the 2d day of November, A. D. 1867—not including old balances due from Ex-Treasurers:

COUNTIES.	Insane Hos- pital.	State Reve- nue.	Federal Revenue.	Blind Asylum. Clothing Account.
Adair.....	.....	2521.31	.....	.....
Adams.....	.....	2916.77	.....	.....
Allamakee.....	906.25	4858.68	.....	.....
Appanoose.....	762.13	2245.24	.....	26.75
Audubon.....	.....	1662.17	.....	.....
Benton.....	1391.43	4411.09	.....	66.00
Black Hawk.....	553.63	4995.73	.....	.....
Boone.....	909.05	7670.17	444.83	.....
Bremer.....	23.17	1738.57	.....	.....
Butler.....	1572.95	3091.23	.....	.....
*Buena Vista.....	.....	400.53	36.03	.....
Buchanan.....	68.78	7043.55	.....	.....
Calhoun.....	.....	2912.57	.....	.....
Carroll.....	280.27	2825.87	.....	.....
Cass.....	.....	2134.81	.....	.....
Cedar.....	2678.17	8880.99	.....	.....
Cerro Gordo.....	994.67	2943.44	.....	.....
Cherokee.....	.....	483.82	.....	.....
Chickasaw.....	187.15	1426.39	.....	.....
Clarke.....	873.47	3274.49	.....	.....
Clay.....	.....	530.51	.....	.....
Clayton.....	1188.70	13134.56	.....	.....
Clinton.....	1092.97	2105.75	.....	.....
Crawford.....	.....	1508.63	.....	.....
Dallas.....	451.37	3118.92	.....	.....
Davis.....	1547.92	4623.65	.....	.....
Decatur.....	964.18	5650.13	.....	.....
Delaware.....	1819.04	5192.50	.....	.....
Des Moines.....	2328.52	2323.39	.....	.....
Dickinson.....	.....	overpaid.	.....	.....
Dubuque.....	3927.22	23425.13	1127.92	20.55
Emmett.....	.....	17.99	4.33	.....
Fayette.....	619.35	1129.28	.....	.....
Floyd.....	465.11	793.23	.....	.....
Franklin.....	595.84	3324.90	.....	.....
*Fremont.....	94.32	overpaid.	268.29	.....

* State tax of 1866 not charged to county — no report of valuation of tax having been received.

STATEMENT "A"—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Insane Hos- pital.	State Reve- nue.	Federal Revenue.	Blind Asylum. Clothing Account.
Greene.....	.....	1136.64	.....	.....
Grundy.....	.....	2841.42	.....	.....
Guthrie.....	90.75	4310.46	.....	.....
Hamilton.....	.....	4428.45	.....	.....
Hancock.....	.....	3859.81	.....	.....
Hardin.....	2379.36	1553.02	.....	.....
Harrison.....	167.75	3427.64	.....	.....
Henry.....	590.58	4510.98	.....	.....
Howard.....	769.75	1790.28	.....	.....
Humboldt.....	.....	1471.80	.....	.....
Ida.....	.....	425.76	.....	.....
Iowa.....	649.38	5106.13	.....	.....
Jackson.....	1341.64	8306.99	.....	.....
Jasper.....	745.97	3973.00	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	3991.55	3833.29	.....	.....
Johnson.....	1271.93	6360.23	.....	.....
Jones.....	412.49	1989.60	.....	.....
Keokuk.....	1679.40	2818.39	.....	.....
*Kossuth.....	.....	70.09	110.88	.....
Lee.....	6645.00	19762.36	.....	5.50
Linn.....	1414.07	6596.07	.....	100.58
Louisa.....	1048.96	3915.11	.....	.....
Lucas.....	3076.45	4689.66	.....	.....
Madison.....	200.63	5877.83	.....	.....
Mahaska.....	152.13	5217.87	.....	.....
Marion.....	2938.34	6910.83	.....	23.48
Marshall.....	overpaid	2035.80	.....	.....
Mills.....	2498.23	4588.00	.....	.....
Mitchell.....	overpaid	568.65	.....	.....
Monona.....	346.00	1824.68	.....	.....
Monroe.....	1379.30	2096.46	.....	.....
Montgomery.....	570.36	3002.92	.....	.....
Muscatine.....	3112.07	3432.98	.....	.....
O'Brien.....	.....	111.27	.....	.....
Page.....	751.00	1896.47	.....	.....
Palo Alto.....	.....	942.20	.....	.....
Plymouth.....	.....	493.39	.....	.....
Pocahontas.....	.....	1000.62	.....	.....
Polk.....	3697.32	5117.95	.....	.....
*Pottawattamie.....	752.26	1843.02	119.92	.....
Poweshiek.....	230.32	8593.32	.....	.....

* State tax of 1866 not charged to county—no report of valuation and tax having been received.

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE

STATEMENT "A"—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Insane Hos- pital.	State Reve- nue.	Federal Revenue.	Blind Asylum. Clothing Account.
Ringgold.....	51.87	3797.43	.....	18.32
Sac.....	.....	969.53	.....	.....
Scott.....	867.26	1081.59	.....	.....
Shelby.....	132.80	2311.99	.....	.....
Story.....	740.03	2364.96	.....	.....
Sioux.....	.....	1035.60	.....	.....
Tama.....	1542.50	7741.43	.....	.....
Taylor.....	51.14	3604.69	.....	.....
Union.....	246.58	3820.88	.....	.....
Van Buren.....	1625.38	2572.12	.....	.....
Wapello.....	1055.01	2387.07	.....	.....
Warren.....	221.98	3640.19	.....	.....
Washington.....	1617.61	8302.03	.....	.....
Wayne.....	541.55	4087.86	.....	.....
Webster.....	467.37	5817.16	.....	.....
Winnesheik.....	1285.49	8708.82	.....	8.34
Woodbury.....	258.67	4560.32	.....	.....
Winnebago.....	168.08	2827.54	.....	.....
Worth.....	.....	1074.03	.....	.....
Wright.....	7.60	2286.76	.....	.....
Total.....	\$80079.57	\$361039.43	\$2112.20	\$269.52
Deduct for amount overpaid by Dick- inson Co. (Rev.) \$ 266.29	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fremont Co. (Rev.) 2866.47	.....	3162.76	.....	.....
Marshall Co. (In- sane Hospital)... 1427.98	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mitchell Co. (In- sane Hospital)... 361.21	1789.19	.....	.....	.....
Total am't due from Co's.	\$78290.38	\$357876.67	\$2112.20	\$269.52

RECAPITULATION.

Insane Hospital fund — due from counties.....	\$ 78,290.38
State revenue — due from counties.....	357,876.67
Federal revenue — due from counties.....	2,112.20
Blind Asylum, clothing account — due from counties..	269.52
Total.....	\$438,548.77

STATEMENT SHOWING THE BALANCES DUE FROM COUNTY
TREASURERS WHOSE TERMS OF OFFICE HAVE EXPIRED.

Adair county, S. W. Armstrong.....	\$ 39.00
Allamakee county, Topliff, in judgment.....	3,884.09
Audubon county, N. Hamlin, in suit, State revenue...	733.25
“ “ “ “ “ Federal revenue..	291.31
Bremer county, Norris, in suit.....	2,086.73
Buchanan county, E. B. Older, warrants and cash re- ported stolen.....	92.55
* Dubuque county, O'Brien and Mahoney.....	11,527.86
Floyd county, Jackson, judgment for \$567.17.....	675 14
Franklin county, Miller.....	338.84
Fremont county, Briggs, in judgment.....	1,104.56
Hardin county, Pardee.....	100.00
Hardin Co., J. D. Gourley, reported stolen, Federal rev..	255.23
“ “ “ “ “ State revenue	1,951.30
Jasper county, Hammer.....	6,435.48
Lucas county, W. T. Wade.....	1,470.83
Marion county, W. T. Cunningham, reported stolen February, 1867.....	3,729.07
Monona county, William Burton.....	969.07
Page county, Conner.....	696.32
Polk county, S. M. Dyer, in suit.....	4,281.28
Shelby county, Wyland.....	37.45
Washington county, S. M. Cox.....	190.95
	<hr/>
	\$40,890.31

* The State claims about \$1000 of this amount from D. A. Mahoney, Ex-Treasurer, and the balance from O'Brien, Ex-Treasurer. The Clerk writes that a final settlement was made by the county, with the estate of O'Brien and received from it all that was claimed. The case vs. D. A. Mahoney, was in the hands of a referee, no report having been yet made, September 16, 1867.

STATEMENT

Showing the counties from which no report of the Treasurer's accounts with State Revenue have been received, and the date of the last report:

COUNTIES.	DATE OF LAST REPORT.
Boone.....	January 4th, 1864.
*Buena Vista...	June 1st, 1863.
Carroll.....	January 1st, 1866.
Clay.....	January 7th, 1867.
Dickinson.....	January 7th, 1867.
Dubuque.....	January 1st, 1866.
Emmett.....	January 2d, 1865.
Fremont.....	January 1st, 1866.
Guthrie.....	January 7th, 1867.
Ida.....	January 7th, 1867.
Keokuk.....	January 7th, 1867.
Kossuth	January 1st, 1866.
Pottawattamie.....	June 5th, 1865.
Sioux.....	January 7th, 1877.
Woodbury.....	January 7th, 1867.
Wright.....	January 7th, 1867.

*The present Clerk of this County writes that the former Treasurer and Clerk have left the County, taking with them all moneys, books, &c., belonging to the County, and that it is therefore impossible to make a Report. He says, however, that his County will levy a tax of one-half mill each year until the deficiency is made up.

18TH--STATEMENT B.

Showing the number of acres of land assessed, the average value per acre, and the aggregate valuation after equalization; also, the aggregate value of town property and of personal property, and total valuation of taxable property, and the State tax thereon, in each county, for the year 1887.

COUNTIES.	Acres of land.	Reported value per acre.	Equalized value per acre.	Reported value of lands.	Reported value of town lots.	Decrease per cent.	Increase per cent.	Reported value of town lots.	Reported value of lands and town lots.	Equalized value of lands and town lots.	Personalty value.	Reported total value.	Equalized total value.	State tax at 24 mills.
Adair	358,808	3.20	3.20	1,150,092	15,632	...	...	15,632	1,165,724	1,165,724	91,732	1,257,456	1,257,456	3,143.63
Adams	259,791	2.99	2.99	777,568	86,441	...	...	86,441	814,009	814,009	157,584	971,593	971,593	2,428.98
Allamakee...	406,163	3.14	3.76	1,276,646	207,827	20	...	207,827	1,484,473	1,781,368	701,231	2,185,704	2,482,599	6,206.50
Appanoose ..	324,648	5.48	5.48	1,776,521	139,620	...	...	139,620	1,916,141	1,916,141	998,507	2,914,648	2,914,648	7,286.63
Audubon	121,096	3.02	3.02	365,239	11,592	...	...	11,592	376,831	376,831	68,122	444,953	444,953	1,112.38
Benton	459,498	5.72	5.72	2,626,897	413,035	...	...	413,035	3,039,932	3,039,932	997,069	4,037,001	4,037,001	10,092.50
Black Hawk ..	851,138	6.65	6.65	2,337,401	871,306	...	...	871,306	3,208,707	3,208,707	1,034,360	4,243,067	4,243,067	10,607.67
Roane	304,104	4.61	4.61	1,403,347	318,876	...	...	318,876	1,722,223	1,722,223	522,287	2,244,510	2,244,510	5,611.27
Bremer	267,115	5.06	5.06	1,351,517	238,177	...	...	238,177	1,589,694	1,589,694	378,937	1,968,631	1,968,631	4,921.58
Buchanan	359,104	6.14	6.14	2,205,449	495,666	...	...	495,666	2,701,115	2,701,115	714,605	3,415,720	3,415,720	8,539.30
Buena Vista ..	141,051	3.00	2.00	423,153	...	33	...	...	423,153	382,102	5,318	428,471	387,420	968.55
Butler	360,608	4.00	4.00	1,448,592	52,621	...	...	52,621	1,501,213	1,501,213	803,423	1,804,636	1,804,636	4,511.59
Calhoun	297,095	2.69	2.69	798,878	3,972	...	...	3,972	802,850	802,850	35,790	838,640	838,640	2,096.60
Carroll	223,680	4.11	3.08	921,060	2,082	25	...	2,082	923,142	692,356	43,296	966,438	735,652	1,839.13
Cass	306,452	3.57	3.57	1,094,843	61,051	...	...	61,051	1,155,894	1,155,894	194,268	1,350,162	1,350,162	3,375.40
Cedar	364,916	10.73	9.13	8,920,873	356,584	15	...	356,584	4,277,457	3,635,839	1,325,840	5,603,297	4,961,679	12,404.20
Cerro Gorde ..	359,642	3.14	3.14	1,129,673	27,624	...	...	27,624	1,157,297	1,157,297	70,679	1,227,976	1,227,976	3,069.95
Cherokee	59,980	1.67	1.67	100,264	1,661	...	...	1,661	101,925	101,925	11,338	113,263	113,263	283.16
Chickasaw	815,022	3.34	4.00	1,052,808	69,616	20	...	69,616	1,122,424	1,346,909	186,535	1,308,959	1,533,444	3,833.61
Clarke	270,478	4.16	4.16	1,125,843	106,965	...	...	106,965	1,232,808	1,232,808	502,451	1,735,259	1,735,259	4,338.15

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE.

STATEMENT B--CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Acres of land.	Reported value per acre.	Equalized value per acre.	Reported value of land.	Reported value of town lots.	Reported value of lands and town lots.	Equalized value of lands and town lots.	Personality value.	Reported total value.	Equalized total value.	State tax at 2½ mills.
Clay.....	No report.	.....	2.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clayton.....	492,294	5.72	6.86	2,816,839	822,901	3,639,740	4,367,688	1,341,806	4,981,546	5,709,494	14,273.78
Clinton.....	445,078	6.75	8.04	3,002,641	1,148,531	4,151,172	5,188,965	1,668,568	5,819,740	6,857,533	17,148.83
Crawford.....	264,382	2.87	3.15	759,289	25,731	785,020	863,522	55,178	840,198	918,700	2,296.75
Dallas.....	867,404	4.84	4.84	1,779,516	105,876	1,884,892	1,884,892	1,174,555	3,059,447	3,059,447	7,648.62
Davis.....	815,290	5.68	5.68	1,790,765	146,868	1,937,633	1,937,633	1,058,512	2,996,145	2,996,145	7,490.36
Decatur.....	339,593	4.00	4.00	1,356,788	67,023	1,423,811	1,423,811	423,906	1,847,717	1,847,717	4,619.28
Delaware.....	363,137	6.26	6.90	2,278,849	293,594	2,572,443	2,829,687	818,150	3,390,593	3,647,837	9,119.59
Des Moines.....	256,846	11.40	12.54	2,927,929	1,831,095	4,759,024	5,234,926	2,504,524	7,263,548	7,789,450	19,348.62
Dickinson.....	2,991	4.09	2.05	12,250	.....	12,250	6,125	24,051	36,301	30,176	75.44
Dubuque.....	381,650	6.85	8.56	2,613,498	2,980,276	5,593,774	6,992,217	3,771,503	9,365,277	10,763,720	26,909.30
Emmett.....	16,134	2.46	1.97	39,682	5,302	44,984	35,987	45,377	90,361	81,364	203.41
Fayette.....	460,035	4.89	4.89	2,248,264	177,014	2,425,278	2,425,278	618,340	3,043,618	3,043,618	7,609.05
Floyd.....	323,084	3.68	4.04	1,188,501	178,572	1,367,073	1,503,780	320,432	1,687,505	1,824,212	4,560.53
Franklin.....	322,809	3.41	3.07	1,100,010	12,892	1,112,902	1,001,612	92,954	1,205,856	1,094,566	2,736.42
Fremont.....	283,199	3.64	4.86	1,081,825	121,007	1,152,832	1,537,109	635,332	1,788,164	2,172,441	5,431.10
Greene.....	317,851	3.79	3.79	1,204,236	74,470	1,278,696	1,278,696	284,846	1,513,542	1,513,542	3,783.85
Grundy.....	317,692	3.36	3.36	1,067,843	2,737	1,070,580	1,070,580	118,735	1,189,315	1,189,315	2,973.29
Guthrie.....	333,910	4.01	4.01	1,338,702	39,276	1,377,978	1,377,978	287,893	1,665,871	1,665,871	4,164.68
Hamilton.....	336,915	3.26	3.26	1,097,517	85,594	1,183,111	1,183,111	206,656	1,389,767	1,389,767	3,474.42
Hancock.....	344,890	2.67	2.15	920,253	1,271	921,529	737,223	18,593	935,123	750,816	1,877.04
Hardin.....	336,921	4.06	4.06	1,368,523	101,691	1,470,214	1,470,214	423,090	1,893,304	1,893,304	4,733.26
Harrison.....	355,427	5.37	5.37	1,909,412	77,082	1,986,494	1,986,494	605,793	2,592,287	2,592,287	6,480.72
Henry.....	265,893	8.41	9.25	2,235,567	780,330	2,965,947	3,262,542	1,532,095	4,498,042	4,794,037	11,986.59

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE.

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Howard.....	291,000	3.31	3.64	969,804	74,236	10	1,037,040	1,140,744	174,664	1,211,704	1,315,408	3,288.53
Humboldt.....	156,912	2.46	2.46	885,622	2,507	...	888,129	888,129	67,512	455,641	455,641	1,139.10
Ida.....	No report.	...	2.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iowa.....	389,101	5.93	5.93	2,808,250	199,932	...	2,508,182	2,508,182	1,018,185	3,526,367	3,526,367	8,815.92
Jackson.....	397,578	5.74	6.88	2,280,952	415,824	20	2,696,776	3,236,131	1,029,533	3,726,309	4,365,664	10,664.16
Jasper.....	449,175	6.29	6.29	2,814,884	324,071	...	3,138,455	3,138,455	1,477,605	4,616,060	4,616,060	11,540.15
Jefferson.....	273,326	6.67	7.33	1,824,479	233,039	10	2,057,518	2,263,370	969,544	3,027,062	3,232,814	8,082.08
Johnson.....	388,507	7.03	8.78	2,730,849	698,980	25	3,429,329	4,286,661	1,663,771	5,093,100	5,950,432	14,876.08
Jones.....	353,740	7.40	7.40	2,618,276	247,186	...	2,865,462	2,865,462	1,143,298	4,008,760	4,008,760	10,021.90
Keokuk.....	369,089	4.98	6.22	1,839,677	117,478	25	1,957,155	2,446,444	1,019,170	2,976,325	3,465,614	8,064.08
Kossuth.....	165,829	2.28	2.07	379,086	9,218	10	388,304	349,474	46,041	434,345	395,515	988.78
Lee.....	320,609	9.46	11.35	3,033,093	3,005,298	20	6,038,391	7,246,069	3,009,215	9,047,606	10,255,284	25,638.21
Linn.....	448,306	7.23	8.67	3,239,065	962,222	20	4,201,287	5,041,544	1,800,913	6,002,200	6,842,457	17,106.14
Louisa.....	247,142	7.11	7.11	1,757,226	174,713	...	1,931,939	1,931,939	907,978	2,839,917	2,839,917	7,099.79
Lucas.....	272,285	4.86	4.79	1,188,511	181,950	10	1,370,461	1,507,507	529,974	1,900,435	2,037,481	5,093.70
Madison.....	359,173	5.89	5.89	2,063,504	161,929	...	2,225,433	2,225,433	953,738	3,179,171	3,179,171	7,947.93
Mahaska.....	359,886	9.44	8.97	3,396,159	485,015	5	3,881,174	3,881,115	1,828,080	5,709,254	5,515,195	13,787.99
Marion.....	354,104	7.54	7.54	2,670,186	318,243	...	2,988,429	2,988,429	1,542,771	4,531,200	4,531,200	11,328.00
Marshall.....	330,933	6.37	6.37	2,109,769	126,829	...	2,236,598	2,236,598	924,669	3,161,267	3,161,267	7,903.17
Mills.....	258,660	5.00	5.00	1,266,093	135,717	...	1,401,810	1,401,810	709,624	2,111,434	2,111,434	5,278.58
Mitchell.....	286,436	4.10	4.10	1,174,496	131,078	...	1,305,574	1,305,574	308,027	1,613,601	1,613,601	4,034.00
Monona.....	302,255	3.29	3.29	994,902	61,600	...	1,056,502	1,056,502	143,042	1,199,544	1,199,544	2,993.86
Monroe.....	270,164	6.55	6.55	1,770,627	204,898	...	1,975,525	1,975,525	833,836	2,809,361	2,809,361	7,023.40
Montgomery ..	173,600	2.88	3.16	498,950	25,731	10	524,681	577,149	147,827	672,508	724,976	1,812.44
Muscatine.....	272,567	11.30	10.74	3,080,230	1,326,675	...	4,406,905	4,186,560	1,711,631	6,118,536	5,898,191	14,745.48
O'Brien.....	112,589	2.00	2.00	225,178	...	...	225,178	225,178	3,155	228,333	228,333	570.83
Page.....	335,689	3.72	3.72	1,249,122	97,019	...	1,346,141	1,346,141	452,426	1,798,567	1,798,567	4,496.42
Palo Alto.....	No report.	...	2.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Plymouth.....	53,813	2.00	2.00	107,626	100	...	107,726	107,726	23,847	131,573	131,573	328.93
Pocahontas...	250,063	2.00	2.00	500,126	...	...	500,126	500,126	22,352	522,478	522,478	1,306.19
Polk.....	362,098	8.80	8.80	3,183,777	2,425,106	...	5,608,883	5,608,883	1,960,423	7,569,306	7,569,306	18,923.26
Pottawattamie.	458,427	5.46	6.00	2,505,506	1,506,301	10	4,011,801	4,412,981	844,391	4,856,192	5,257,372	13,143.43
Poweshiek ..	356,256	6.70	6.03	2,388,674	189,897	...	2,578,571	2,820,714	949,952	3,528,523	3,270,666	8,176.66
Ringgold.....	343,862	3.30	3.30	1,136,428	23,962	...	1,160,390	1,160,390	214,644	1,375,034	1,375,034	3,437.58
Sac.....	166,361	2.04	2.04	338,824	11,051	...	349,875	349,875	30,164	380,039	380,039	950.10
Scott.....	284,906	12.74	12.74	3,629,082	2,738,241	...	6,367,323	6,367,323	2,346,496	8,713,819	8,713,819	21,784.55
Shelby.....	208,487	3.20	3.20	667,631	7,988	...	675,614	675,614	168,616	844,230	844,230	2,110.57
Sioux.....	175,454	2.00	2.00	350,908	950	...	351,858	351,858	3,509	355,367	355,367	888.42

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE

STATEMENT B--CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Acres of land.	Reported value per acre.	Equalized value per acre.	Reported value of lands.	Reported value of town lots.	Increase per cent.	Decrease per cent.	Reported value of lands and town lots.	Equalized value of lands and town lots.	Personalty value.	Reported total value.	Equalized total value.	State tax at 24 mills.
Butry..	359,241	3.96	3.96	1,421,947	85,922	..	..	1,507,869	1,507,869	317,841	1,825,710	1,825,710	4,554.27
Tama	450,773	5.14	5.14	2,317,115	281,655	..	..	2,548,770	2,548,770	880,989	3,429,759	3,429,759	8,574.40
Taylor	380,540	2.49	3.11	947,939	42,350	25	..	990,289	1,237,861	544,259	1,534,548	1,782,120	4,455.80
Union	271,867	3.38	3.38	905,721	41,909	..	..	947,630	947,630	191,690	1,139,320	1,139,320	2,848.30
Van Buren ..	305,350	8.07	8.07	2,463,095	351,598	..	..	2,814,693	2,814,693	1,341,458	4,156,151	4,156,151	10,390.38
Wapello	272,761	7.81	7.81	2,130,100	1,131,403	..	..	3,261,505	3,261,505	1,913,062	5,174,567	5,174,567	12,936.43
Warren	855,408	7.02	7.02	2,495,353	220,382	..	..	2,715,735	2,715,735	1,064,382	3,780,117	3,780,117	9,450.29
Washington ..	357,867	5.89	7.37	2,107,175	408,019	25	..	2,515,194	3,143,992	1,625,421	4,140,615	4,769,413	11,923.53
Wayne	333,799	3.93	4.32	1,310,442	43,793	10	..	1,354,237	1,489,661	439,008	1,793,245	1,928,669	4,821.67
Webster	488,342	3.08	3.38	1,349,158	191,233	10	..	1,540,391	1,694,430	269,213	1,829,604	1,983,643	4,959.11
Winnebago ..	244,918	4.00	2.00	979,672	3,780	..	50	983,452	491,726	24,166	1,007,618	515,892	1,289.73
Winneshek ...	488,027	4.09	4.09	1,795,109	295,801	..	..	2,090,910	2,090,910	639,724	2,730,634	2,730,634	6,826.58
Woodbury	221,233	3.00	3.00	664,606	297,763	..	..	962,369	962,369	256,411	1,218,780	1,218,780	3,046.95
Worth	244,639	2.15	2.15	528,292	8,338	..	..	536,630	536,630	79,756	616,386	616,386	1,540.96
Wright	346,634	2.43	2.19	842,081	7,388	..	10	849,469	764,522	59,095	908,564	823,617	2,059.04
Total	28,773,400	.....	.....	148,302,729	32,445,348	.....	.....	180,748,077	189,550,825	66,966,359	247,714,436	256,517,184	641,292.88

197E.—STATEMENT C,

Showing the number of cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine assessed, and the value thereof in the several counties for the year 1907.

COUNTIES.	No. of sheep.	Value of sheep.	No. of swine.	Value of swine.	Total value.
Adair.....	2,955	\$ 8,273	850	\$ 1,222	\$ 72,479
Adams.....	5,845	8,617	1,455	2,441	90,220
Allamakee.....	9,819	10,637	12,379	11,632	362,496
Appanoosa.....	31,966	53,990	12,372	81,297	499,927
Audubon.....	1,309	2,788	366	2,500	55,249
Benton.....	19,410	29,167	14,856	20,425	580,704
Black Hawk.....	11,691	20,655	7,154	10,359	494,907
Boone.....	10,799	16,953	4,520	6,440	206,802
Bremer.....	9,782	9,570	4,525	2,078	188,984
Buchanan.....	16,451	20,107	6,326	8,606	366,123
Buena Vista.....	98	199	26	60	5,818
Butler.....	6,899	6,823	2,911	2,740	225,740
Calhoun.....	1,156	2,023	274	500	22,434
Carroll.....	1,379	2,399	851	911	21,536
Cass.....	3,986	6,169	1,074	3,245	108,715
Cedar.....	36,110	49,953	27,592	59,387	766,878
Cerro Gordo.....	2,563	2,563	875	1,190	54,032
Cherokee.....	10	15	29	151	10,000
Chickasaw.....	9,268	4,823	2,602	1,135	122,411
Clarke.....	15,237	29,531	6,096	12,277	100,172
Clay.....	No report	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clayton.....	14,397	25,823	15,777	30,027	585,986
Clinton.....	12,793	12,793	26,173	26,379	700,226
Crawford.....	1,923	2,396	1,000	231	41,916
Dallas.....	18,457	38,577	6,755	16,809	361,449
Davis.....	33,984	50,607	18,804	23,481	534,545
Decatur.....	25,132	39,857	7,498	6,448	393,182
Delaware.....	20,784	25,049	13,171	18,530	457,838
Des Moines.....	22,930	45,926	23,466	55,756	758,240
Dickinson.....	52	84	38	137	16,498
Dubuque.....	12,714	16,172	25,446	48,543	696,548

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE.

Mitchell..	4,619	49,231	2,028	98,625	50	2,649	8,851	4,004	1,437	2,583	157,092
Monona....	2,824	33,278	804	47,788	10	1,175	3,760	4,908	601	896	88,045
Monroe	9,816	121,520	8,930	223,845	241	13,924	24,137	40,840	11,949	27,573	426,702
Montgomery.....	1,870	81,688	922	53,871	42	3,126	4,446	8,892	2,035	4,916	99,053
Muscatine.....	18,104	192,003	7,528	327,661	578	29,806	18,212	17,753	18,574	27,268	594,491
O'Brien.....	47	940	26	1,950	8	225	.....	.....	10	40	3,155
Page.....	6,167	67,946	2,724	123,593	372	20,174	14,000	14,000	5,317	5,067	239,780
Palo Alto.....	no report.	no report.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plymouth.....	723	13,584	120	6,850	2	125	46	146	53	117	20,822
Pocahontas.....	710	9,495	132	6,688	.....	.....	9	14	137	102	16,299
Polk	11,908	144,007	6,809	341,611	438	32,150	24,488	29,423	13,603	27,506	574,697
Pottawattamie.....	4,889	100,758	2,409	183,905	154	14,250	4,999	10,048	2,170	8,092	317,053
Poweshiek....	8,517	138,190	4,464	262,787	260	10,378	28,206	69,667	10,033	31,620	521,642
Ringgold.....	4,164	40,922	2,232	85,927	125	7,434	11,984	16,891	5,332	8,562	159,736
Sac.....	487	6,241	220	11,297	1	50	500	1,000	106	280	18,868
Scott.....	14,958	173,227	9,010	414,337	575	87,947	14,655	14,528	22,505	31,688	671,727
Shelby.....	1,285	24,859	640	94,222	39	4,075	2,958	5,780	10,422	1,742	130,678
Sioux.....	16	490	6	550	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	1,050
Story.....	6,636	58,104	2,918	101,711	70	3,355	10,147	10,894	4,072	4,834	178,898
Taylor	4,199	67,726	1,946	115,322	161	10,299	8,913	16,196	3,781	7,578	217,121
Tama.....	8,235	157,313	5,020	298,366	85	5,075	16,756	31,495	9,898	29,577	521,826
Union.....	2,284	28,710	1,811	62,464	71	3,989	7,204	14,390	2,787	2,948	112,351
Van Buren.....	11,201	157,666	6,664	337,983	585	26,750	39,041	40,918	16,184	29,463	592,780
Wapello.....	11,235	136,411	6,162	310,173	676	36,931	41,454	50,356	14,743	44,595	578,466
Warren.....	11,356	164,751	5,973	354,719	356	23,862	28,152	48,856	13,264	34,441	626,629
Washington	16,146	151,597	8,217	331,875	402	17,857	39,681	73,145	19,213	26,529	601,003
Wayne.....	6,245	70,242	3,869	155,634	207	10,925	18,685	31,474	5,784	8,853	277,128
Webster.....	4,480	52,807	2,030	75,053	50	2,710	9,354	13,644	2,336	3,244	147,453
Winnebago.....	819	11,546	147	6,822	4	230	400	634	108	167	19,399
Winneshiek	15,242	212,655	6,612	349,254	72	4,500	13,568	15,720	10,235	7,595	589,724
Woodbury.....	2,278	35,777	6,510	8,748	13	955	677	1,404	343	1,339	48,223
Worth.....	2,275	34,898	436	18,761	2	140	1,669	2,804	427	773	56,876
Wright.....	1,412	16,186	594	30,433	.....	.....	1,438	1,589	577	669	21,877
Total.....	686,109	\$8,628,941	843,593	\$16,532,925	17,267	\$1,125,410	1,354,608	\$2,084,476	776,412	\$1,483,245	\$29,823,516

*No. of cattle, horses, &c., not reported.

20TH.—REMARKS AND SUGGESTIONS.

ARREST OF FUGITIVES.

The expenses attending the arrest of fugitives from justice is now made payable out of the General Contingent Fund. This, I think, should not be so, for the reason that these expenses may absorb a large portion of the Fund that is created for the purpose of paying for necessary repairs and improvements upon State House and grounds, for postage, fuel, lights and all necessary expenses *not specifically provided for*. The expense incurred in arresting a single fugitive from justice a short time since amounted to nearly \$1,000. These arrests are frequent, and the expenses for the same cannot be estimated very well for the next two years. Permit me to call your attention to our present laws in regard to arresting fugitives. They require amending in several respects, particularly in regard to the expenses incurred. In issuing a requisition for a fugitive from justice the Governor should have authority in certain cases to make the parties procuring the requisition bear the expense of the arrest and return of the fugitive. This power is frequently used to force debtors into this State in order to collect money from them, and in such cases I think the parties benefited should pay the cost.

I would suggest that the law be so amended as to give the Governor some discretionary power in regard to the expenses in such cases; and at the same time let the law provide for the payment of expenses without the necessity of future and special appropriations for this purpose.

CLAIMS OF SECOND AND THIRD IOWA INFANTRY VOLUNTEERS
FOR AMOUNT PAID FOR GREY UNIFORMS.

Chapter 123, acts of Eleventh General Assembly, makes an appropriation to refund to the soldiers of the second and third infantry regiments \$14.25 each, the amount paid by them for grey uniforms. The Adjutant General issued his certificate to all applying, that were entitled to the same, certifying that the soldier named therein was entitled to receive from the State of Iowa the above amount.

I have considered it my duty to refuse payment on these certificates on account of the following provision contained in the same

section of the law making the appropriation, viz.: "Provided that no payments shall be made under the provisions of this Act until the General Government refund to the State the amounts stopped against the pay of said regiments for said clothing."

The claim of the State against the General Government for *this clothing* has been returned endorsed "*suspended*," consequently the U. S. Government has not "refunded to the State the amount stopped against the pay of said regiments for said clothing."

I would suggest that this last provision of Sec. 1, of Chap. 123, be repealed. It will require only about \$13,500 to pay these certificates. The State of Iowa is able to pay these brave men this small pittance, on demand, and wait on the General Government for the amount, much better than the soldier can afford to wait for the adjustment of our claims against the General Government.

IOWA SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' HOME.

Chapter 92, Acts of 11th General Assembly, appropriates eight and one-third dollars per month for each orphan supported at the "Home." We have drawn warrants on the State Treasury for the support of the Orphans' Home amounting to.....\$101,864.58

And for Trustees' expenses..... 2,426.30

Section 8 of this Chapter requires the State Treasurer to keep a separate account of the amount of tax collected for this purpose, and to apportion the same between the Revenue proper and the Orphans' Home Fund. Owing to the manner in which County Treasurers make their payments and reports, this plan has been found impracticable.

I would suggest that Section 8 should be so amended as to have the tax raised for the Orphans' Home merged into the General Revenue, and appropriate the necessary amount for the support of the Orphans' Home and Trustees' mileage, to be drawn from the last named fund.

COUNTY AUDITOR.

The District Clerk is ex-officio Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, and in counties that have a population exceeding five thousand his duties are entirely too arduous. As an apology for not making to this Office the reports required by law, we frequently receive such letters as these from the District Clerks: "District

Court will soon be in session, and I have so much to do to get ready for it that it will be impossible for me to attend to making out the reports due your Office until some time after Court adjourns;" or "District Court is coming on, and I have the Tax List to make out, and cannot possibly attend to looking up the discrepancy in our School Fund account;" or "our School Fund accounts are so tangled up that I cannot possibly take time to correct them. My time is so taken up with other matters, that the Board of Supervisors will have to appoint some person to straighten out this account." I do not find fault with the Clerks, but I do find fault with the system that overtasks them.

If we had County Auditors, to relieve our District Clerks of the duties now imposed upon them as Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, I am confident our County and State accounts would be kept more correctly, and the reports due from County to State offices would be received in time to present to the Legislature. As it now is, it is impossible to get the necessary reports from county officers in time, and many of them are necessarily prepared so hastily that they are not at all reliable. Create the office of County Auditor and this serious difficulty will be swept away. The County Auditor could act as Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, have charge of the School Fund account, make out Tax List, keep account of Tax sales, and make settlements with the County Treasurers.

In counties that have a population of upwards of five thousand there will be plenty to do both for the District Clerk and the County Auditor. It is true that in sparsely settled counties, one person can discharge the duties now imposed upon our District Clerk, and there would be no necessity for paying a County Auditor; but this difficulty could be easily obviated by making the District Clerk eligible to hold both offices as is the case with Treasurer and Recorder.

The report of settlement with County Treasurers is to this office a very important matter. Section 798 of the Revision of 1860 makes it the duty of the Board of Supervisors at their regular meeting, in January and June of each year, to make a full and complete settlement with the County Treasurer, and to make and certify to the Auditor of State all credits to the Treasurer for double and erroneous assessments and unavailable taxes, also

all dues for State Revenue, interest collected, additional assessments, all revenue collected and amount of revenue delinquent. The Supervisors seldom attend to this duty, leaving it to the Clerk to look after. The consequence is that from some counties there have been no reports received for years. The Clerk says (and justly too) that it is the business of the Board to attend to making these settlements, and between the two this office is deprived of reports that it is almost impossible to get along without; indeed we can tell little or nothing of the accounts of those counties. I would suggest that if the system of County Auditors is not adopted that you make it the duty of the Clerk to settle with the County Treasurer, on the first Monday of January of each year, submit the settlement to the Board of Supervisors for approval, and promptly report to this office. To make this effective, some penalty should be attached for non-performance of this duty. It is impossible to keep our accounts correctly with the counties without receiving these reports regularly.

21st. — STATEMENT D,

Showing the Foreign Insurance Companies which have complied with the laws in relation thereto, their capital stock, liabilities, &c.
for the year 1867.

Company Name	City	Capital	Assets	Liabilities	Surplus
Economical Mutual Life	Providence, R. I.	756,740.95	103,300.00	756,740.95	36,355.57
Farmers' & Merchants'	Quincy, Illinois	115,000.00	115,000.00	179,033.90	None.
Great Western Life	New York City	500,000.00	500,000.00	740,482.43	40,238.37
Germania Fire	New York City	125,000.00	125,000.00	737,413.66	11,500.00
Guardian Life	New York City	Mutual Co.			
Globe Mutual Life	New York City	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,788,070.82	149,155.08
Hartford Fire	Hartford, Conn.	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	3,645,388.87	267,934.65
Home	New York City	400,000.00	400,000.00	561,331.61	34,250.98
Hanover Fire	New York City	150,000.00	150,000.00	178,929.41	393.65
Hartford Live Stock	Hartford, Conn.	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,440,116.60	68,599.86
Home	New Haven, Conn.	125,000.00	125,000.00	1,231,678.50	57,347.09
Home Life	Brooklyn, N. Y.	200,000.00	200,000.00	242,016.32	None.
Hahnemann Life	Cleveland, Ohio	300,000.00	300,000.00	295,469.28	1,000.00
Hartford Accident	Hartford, Conn.	500,000.00	100,000.00	100,000.00	None.
Hartford Steam and Boiler Inspection and Insurance Co	Hartford, Conn.	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,444,936.17	184,179.86
International	New York City	100	100,000.00	1,579,145.88	19,513.12
Knickerbocker Life	New York City	100	100,000.00	524,506.00	10,500.00
John Hancock Mutual Life	Boston, Mass.	300	300,000.00	331,394.10	12,098.81
Lumberman's	Chicago, Illinois	1,000	1,000,000.00	1,436,540.27	46,529.24
Lorillard	New York City	800	800,000.00	433,321.13	10,500.00
Lamar Fire	New York City	10,000	10,000,000.00	*1,836,004.47	*155,897.37
London, Liverpool & Globe	Liverpool, Eng.	100,000,000	100,000,000.00	3,557,281.31	200,126.59
Manhattan Life	New York City	200,000.00	200,000.00	418,450.84	26,447.70
Market Fire	New York City	432,200.00	432,200.00	519,753.30	8,430.00
Merchants'	Chicago, Illinois	200,000.00	200,000.00	353,415.53	37,083.03
Merchants'	Hartford, Conn.	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,502,872.98	515,059.17
Metropolitan	New York City				

* In United States (gold).

STATEMENT B—CONTINUED.

NAME OF COMPANY.	LOCATION.	CAPITAL.	CAPITAL PAID IN.	TOTAL ASSETS.	LIABILITIES.
Manhattan Fire.....	New York City.....	\$ 500,000.00	\$ 500,000.00	\$ 1,034,128.10	107,484.50
Mutual Benefit Life.....	Newark, N. J.....	Mutual Co.	.....	.....	.....
Mutual Life.....	New York City.....	Mutual Co.	.....	12,358,764.68	114,911.65
Massachusetts Mutual Life.....	Springfield Mass..	Mutual Co.	.....	.....	.....
Northwestern Mutual Life.....	"	Mutual Co.	.....	.....	.....
North American Fire.....	Hartford, Conn.....	300,000.00	300,000.00	392,048.46	31,032.17
Northwestern Mutual Life.....	Milwaukee, Wis..	Mutual Co.	.....	.....	.....
Niagara Fire.....	New York City.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,283,155.98	45,886.00
North America.....	Philadelphia, Penn.	500,000.00	500,000.00	1,763,267.23	139,000.00
National Life.....	New York City.....	130,000.00	130,000.00	206,707.47	5,000.00
New York Accidental.....	New York City.....	250,000.00	250,000.00	285,878.27	4,000.00
New York Life.....	New York City.....	Mutual Co.	.....	7,009,092.25	197,900.73
National.....	Boston, Mass.....	300,000.00	300,000.00	685,149.49	54,203.00
New York State Life.....	Syracuse, N. Y.....	120,000.00	120,000.00	149,706.52	996.77
New England Mutual Life.....	Boston, Mass.....	Mutual Co.	.....	.....	.....
National Travelers'.....	New York City.....	200,000.00	200,000.00	247,300.74	1,512.49
North American.....	New York City.....	500,000.00	500,000.00	755,057.77	86,980.55
North American Life.....	New York City.....	100,000.00	100,000.00	11,278,877.49	83,500.00
Phoenix.....	Hartford, Conn.....	600,000.00	600,000.00	1,103,467.85	50,595.22
Provident Life.....	Chicago, Ill.....	1,000,000.00	183,850.00	185,637.08	9,000.00
Putnam Fire.....	Hartford, Conn.....	500,000.00	500,000.00	617,478.86	80,916.82
Provident Life and Trust Co..	Philadelphia, Penn.	150,000.00	150,000.00	205,528.31	1,300.00
Phoenix.....	Brooklyn, N. Y.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,666,544.88	118,353.75
Phoenix Mutual Life.....	Hartford, Conn.....	Mutual Co.	.....	.....	.....
Republic Fire.....	New York City.....	800,000.00	800,000.00	584,237.76	41,650.98

Resolute Fire.....	New York City.....	200,000.00	200,000.00	275,818.48	20,620.82
Railway Passenger Assurance	Hartford, Conn.....	304,800.00	262,800.00	284,101.06	16,800.00
Springfield F. & M.....	Springfield, Mass....	500,000.00	500,000.00	710,519.44	41,553.13
Security Fire.....	New York City.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,421,325.39	158,956.99
Security Life.....	New York City.....	110,000.00	110,000.00	753,398.56	30,750.00
St. Louis Mutual Life.....	St. Louis, Mo.....	100,000.00	93,000.00	1,395,162.13	64,000.00
Sangamo.....	Is.....	201,600.00	201,600.00	221,035.39	6,536.34
Travelers'.....	n.....	500,000.00	500,000.00	798,437.02	57,100.00
Universal Life.....	New York City.....	200,000.00	200,000.00	416,154.22	5,000.00
United States Casualty.....	Trenton, N. J.....	100,000.00	100,000.00	152,786.56	1,000.00
Union Mutual Life.....	Augusta, Maine.....	100,000.00	100,000.00	2,188,429.20	24,000.00
Union Central Life.....	Cincinnati, Ohio....	100,000.00	100,000.00	131,758.10	30,461.41
Washington Life.....	New York City.....	125,000.00	125,000.00	727,129.99	10,883.94
Winnebiek.....	Freeport, Ills.....	741,508.00	741,508.00	741,508.64	120,457.80
World Mutual Life.....	New York City.....	200,000.00	200,000.00	213,668.55	7,645.62
Yonkers & New York.....	Yonkers, N. Y.....	500,000.00	500,000.00	619,945.24	15,000.00

HOME INSURANCE COMPANIES.

NAME OF COMPANY.	LOCATION.
Burlington.....	Burlington.....
Capital City.....	Des Moines.....
Cedar Valley.....	Cedar Falls.....
Davenport Fire.....	Davenport.....
Dubuque Mutual Fire.....	Dubuque.....
Farmers'	Cedar Rapids
Fire and Tornado	Lyons.....
Fire and Tornado	Marion
Home.....	Lyons.....
Home.....	Iowa City.....
Home.	Fayette
Hawk-Eye.....	Des Moines.....
Hawk-Eye	Oskaloosa
Iowa Mutual.....	Wyoming.....
Independence.....	Independence
Iowa State	Keokuk
Iowa Central	Des Moines.....
Keokuk Fire and Marine.....	Keokuk
Mississippi Valley.....	Decorah.....
National.....	Davenport
Northwestern Horse.....	Clinton
Northwestern Fire.....	Decorah
Northwestern Farmers'.....	Johnson County.....
Star.....	McGregor
State	Independence
State	Des Moines.....
State	Clinton.....
State Fire	Lyons.....
Western Accident.....	Des Moines.

INSURANCE.

Insurance against loss by fire, accident, death, &c., has become a very important branch of business. The fortunes of individuals and families have become involved in it to such an extent as to make it the imperative duty of our Legislators to see that the interests of the insured are properly cared for, and the business of insurance safely and successfully managed. It is the duty of the State to require the corporations of this State to organize with capital sufficient, and to be managed with such skill and honesty, as to fully warrant the confidence, that is necessarily required to be placed in them in order to have them compete with Insurance

Companies organized in other States, that are now doing business in Iowa. By our laws a joint stock company may be organized and do business with little or no cash capital. No public officer is required to examine and pass upon their statements. Unlike foreign Insurance Companies, they are not required to obtain the Auditor's certificate, nor publish statements showing their condition. We have many good, reliable Companies organized in this State, but they cannot successfully compete with foreign Insurance Companies, for the reason that so many other home Companies are doing business without capital or bottom of any kind, and the public has no means by which to distinguish the *reliable* from the *unreliable* Companies. Our law requires a foreign Insurance Company to file with the Auditor of State an annual statement of its condition, setting forth the amount of its capital stock, amount of same paid in cash, how invested, and proofs of investment; also the amount of its liabilities. This statement is sworn to by the President and Secretary of the Company. In this statement they are required to show that they are possessed of at least *One Hundred Thousand Dollars* of actual capital invested in stocks, of at least par value, or in bonds or mortgages on real estate worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged. Upon examination of this statement and accompanying proofs of investment, if satisfactory, the Auditor issues a certificate thereof, acknowledging their compliance with the law, and their right to transact business in this State by properly accredited agents.

This certificate and copy of the statement filed, is published, one week in three daily, and three weeks in five weekly newspapers. Every agent before doing business for any foreign Insurance Company must procure Auditor's certificate, certifying that he is duly appointed by said Company their lawful Agent and Attorney, to take risks of Insurance and to acknowledge service of process, &c. This certificate is accompanied with a copy of statement, both of which are filed with the Clerk of the County in which he is licensed to do business. The Auditor's certificate granted to a foreign Insurance Company carries with it in some sense, the guaranty of the State, of its fitness for the purposes it presumes to accomplish, and of its pecuniary responsibility. The absence of any requirement of this kind, the small amount of authorized capital stock with which they are organized, and above all the small amount of

cash capital paid up, will forever prevent our home Insurance Companies from acquiring permanent stability and credit. No home Company whose capital mostly consists of stock-notes, no matter how skillfully and honestly managed, has ever been able to compete with foreign Insurance Companies, and for the reasons I have given, more than half a million of money is annually carried out of this State by foreign Insurance Companies. Were our home Companies placed upon a basis that would command the confidence and respect of our citizens, this large amount of money, or at least a great share of it, would be kept in their own circle, and would add just so much more to the cash capital of our State. Many of our Iowa Companies are established on a good basis, and managed by men of the highest integrity, and best business qualifications, but for want of a law requiring any particular amount of capital to be invested, and in absence of all official reports, their standing and condition is not known outside of their own circle of stockholders.

In my opinion a law requiring each Company organized in this State to have a capital of at least \$100,000, with 25 per cent. of same paid up, and invested in stocks of par value or bonds, and mortgages secured on real estate worth double the amount for which it is mortgaged, would be beneficial to the insurer and insured, would give the people confidence in them, and would retain within our State a large amount of the money that is annually paid to foreign Insurance Companies.

SCHOOL FUND.

22D.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF SCHOOL FUND.

STATE TREASURER, (W. H. HOLMES), PERMANENT FUND.

RECEIPTS.

1865.

Nov. 13.	To amount received from Eads' sureties.	\$2,000.00
Dec. 5.	To amount received from Floyd county.	8.75
Dec. 16.	To amount received from Chickasaw county..	8.75

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1866.

June 25.	To amount received from Thompson & Tiffany, on note.....	1,000.00
Nov. 30.	To amount received from J. Tracy, District Attorney, on Eads' loans.....	630.00
		<hr/>
		\$3,642.50

DISBURSEMENTS.

1865.

Nov. 4.	By balance overdrawn from last report.....	1.49
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1866.

Mar. 3.	By amount invested in 7-30 U. S. Bonds (\$2,000).....	2,003.75
Sept. 3.	By amount invested in 7-30 U. S. Bonds.....	1,000.00

1867.

Jan. 5.	By balance in Treasury paid over to successor.....	637.26—\$3,642.50
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SAMUEL E. BANKIN, STATE TREASURER.

RECEIPTS.

1867.

Jan. 7.	To balance of predecessor, W. H. Holmes....	637.26
Jan. 21.	To amount received from Clerk of Humboldt county, Eads' loans.....	156.08
Feb. 25.	To amount received from J. Tracy, District Attorney, Eads' loans.....	207.80
Mar. 5.	To amount received from J. Tracy, District Attorney, Eads' loans... ..	1,236.95
May 15.	To amount received from J. Tracy, District Attorney, Eads' sureties.....	2,000.00
May 31.	To amount received from J. Tracy, District Attorney, Eads' loans.....	600.00
July 31.	To amount received from J. Tracy, District Attorney, Eads' sureties.....	1,250.00
Sept. 2.	To amount received from J. Tracy, District Attorney, Eads' sureties.....	1,500.00
Oct. 24.	To am't received from H. O'Connor, Attorney General, Eads' loans.....	538.85
		<hr/>
		\$8,126.94

1867.

CR.

Nov. 2. By balance in Treasury.....\$8,126.94

Nov. 2. To balance in Treasury..... \$8,126.94.

STATE TREASURER (W. H. HOLMES), TEMPORARY FUND.

RECEIPTS.

1866.

Feb. 5. To amount received from Interest
on U. S. Bonds.....\$2,530.16Feb. 17. To amount received from Interest
on U. S. Bonds..... 992.80Mar. 3. To amount received from Interest
on U. S. Bonds..... 860.50Mar. 14. To amount received from State,
(Interest on loans)..... 9,240.77May 31. To amount received from Interest
on U. S. Bonds, exchanged for
State Bonds, 1868..... 15.11June 25. To amount received from Interest
on Thompson & Tiffany's note,
(Eads' loans)..... 500.00July 5. To amount received from Interest
on U. S. Bonds exchanged for
State Bonds, 1868..... 42.24July 5. To amount received from Interest
on U. S. Bonds..... 922.32Sept. 6. To amount received from Interest
on U. S. Bonds..... 2,836.85Sept. 10. To amount received from State,
(Interest on loans)..... 2,843.99Nov. 30. To amount received from Interest
on Thompson & Tiffany's note,
(Eads' loans)..... 36.44—20,821.18

DISBURSEMENTS.

1866.

Mar. 14. By amount included in the apportionment of March, 1866, and transferred to Revenue to reimburse the same for Warrants issued under Sections 1967 & 1969 of Revision of 186013,624.23

Sept. 10. By amount included in apportionment of September, 1866, (as above) 7,160.51

1867.

Jan. 5. By balance in Treasury, paid over to successor 36.44—20,821.18

SAMUEL E. RANKIN, (STATE TREASURER), TEMPORARY FUND.

RECEIPTS.

1867.

Jan. 7. To balance in Treasury from predecessor 36.44

Jan. 22. To amount received from Interest on U. S. Bonds 791.92

Jan. 25. To amount received from Interest on U. S. Bonds.... 1,368.75

Feb. 21. To amount received from Interest on U. S. Bonds.... 992.80

Feb. 21. To amount received from Interest on Iowa Bonds, 1868..... 700.00

Mar. 9. To amount received from Interest on State Loans..... 5,108.19

Mar. 9. To amount received from J.Tracy, Interest on Eads' Loans..... 47.13

June 1. To amount received from Premium and Int. on U. S. 7-30 Bonds. 1,328.00

June 25. To amount received from Interest on U. S. 7-30 Bonds..... 91.25

Aug. 6. To amount received from Interest on U. S. 7-30 Bonds..... 1,277.50

Aug. 29.	To amount received from Premium and Interest on U. S. 7-30 and State Bonds.....	4,785.01
Sept. 4.	To amount received from Interest on State Loans.....	1,105.25
Oct. 31.	To amount received from Premium on \$25,000, 7-30 B'ds sold	1,212.50
Oct. 31.	To amount received from Interest on \$25,000, 7-30 Bonds.....	\$ 456.87—\$19,301.61

CONTRA.

1867.

Mar. 9.	By amount included in the apportionment of March, 1866, and transferred to Revenue, to reimburse the same for Warrants issued under Secs. 1967 and 1969, of Revision of 1860	\$8,998.10
Sept. 4.	By amount included in apportionment of Sept. '67, [as above]	8,634.14
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury.....	1,669.37—\$19,301.61
Nov. 2.	To balance in Treasury.....	\$ 1,669.37

23D.—STATEMENT E,

Showing the amount of Permanent School Fund in the several counties on the 1st day of June, 1867, as shown by the Auditor's books, and also by Clerk's reports.

COUNTIES.	Amount as per Auditor's Books.	Amount as per Clerks' Reports.
Adair.....	\$ 15,038.23	\$ 15,038.23
†Adams.....	13,703.19	13,790.32
†Allamakee.....	106,472.87	90,474.56
†Appanoose.....	20,435.30	20,488.19
†Audubon.....	5,706.83	5,365.48
Benton.....	40,634.16	40,636.52
†Blackhawk.....	54,731.46	*54,731.46
†Boone.....	19,448.19	19,317.91
†Bremer.....	45,124.10	45,631.50

* Counties marked thus * have not reported for June 1, 1867, and in such cases the figures in the last Reports from said counties are taken as being the nearest approximation to the correct amount.

† For explanation of discrepancies in these amounts see remarks on School Fund.

STATEMENT E—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Amount as per Auditor's Books.	Amount as per Clerks' Reports.
Buchanan.....	21,715.00	21,715.00
Buena Vista.....	No fund.	No fund.
Butler.....	13,422.86	*13,422.86
Calhoun.....	5,104.45	5,104.45
Carroll.....	14,246.43	14,731.13
Cass.....	3,440.00	3,440.00
Cedar.....	41,765.43	41,765.43
†Cerro Gordo.....	13,159.94	15,370.94
Cherokee.....	770.00	770.00
†Chickasaw.....	20,257.14	21,190.49
Clarke.....	32,112.49	32,126.25
Clay.....	No fund.	No fund.
†Clayton.....	54,518.55	54,555.55
†Clinton.....	60,319.40	63,670.70
Crawford.....	12,650.84	12,650.84
†Dallas.....	21,593.99	21,576.73
†Davis.....	26,985.28	25,214.31
†Decatur.....	67,989.30	63,852.98
Delaware.....	32,984.07	32,984.07
Des Moines.....	35,404.72	35,406.64
Dickinson.....	No fund.	No fund.
†Dubuque.....	45,988.17	47,331.32
Emmett.....	No report.	No report.
Fayette.....	64,475.83	64,475.83
Floyd.....	22,877.97	22,867.96
Franklin.....	13,288.72	13,268.70
†Fremont.....	12,511.30	13,822.99
Greene.....	10,164.58	10,164.58
Grundy.....	21,323.44	21,323.46
Guthrie.....	8,105.08	8,105.08
Hamilton.....	19,355.99	19,323.60
†Hancock.....	2,428.80	2,649.10
†Hardin.....	20,451.90	*17,534.87
Harrison.....	25,883.35	25,883.35
Henry.....	15,856.94	15,856.94
†Howard.....	26,711.47	*23,430.53
Humboldt.....	5,306.82	5,306.82
Ida.....	1,280.00	1,280.00
Iowa.....	80,099.12	80,099.12

* Counties marked thus * have not reported for June 1, 1867, and in such cases the figures in the last Reports from said counties are taken as being the nearest approximation to the correct amount.

† For explanation of discrepancies in these amounts see remarks on School Fund.

† Hardin county reports \$1,460.17 of Permanent School Fund stolen at safe robbery.

STATEMENT E—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Amount as per Auditor's Books.	Amount as per Clerks' Reports.
†Jackson.....	32,490.05	32,689.55
Jasper.....	20,465.89	20,442.24
Jefferson.....	25,493.33	25,493.33
Johnson.....	32,338.75	32,342.45
†Jones.....	57,938.13	*57,541.52
†Keokuk.....	22,080.04	21,959.55
†Kossuth.....	10,753.88	*6,879.42
Lee.....	41,277.15	41,277.15
Linn.....	35,639.60	35,639.60
†Louisa.....	17,976.57	16,823.83
†Lucas.....	18,583.98	*17,235.93
†Madison.....	23,875.35	23,906.15
†Mahaska.....	32,586.01	32,628.60
†Marion.....	26,524.31	26,008.40
†Marshall.....	26,369.73	26,259.36
Mills.....	18,152.96	18,175.36
†Mitchell.....	10,293.90	9,964.84
Monona.....	13,226.72	13,269.72
Monroe.....	15,612.41	15,612.41
Montgomery.....	9,774.06	9,774.98
Muscatine.....	24,777.77	24,777.77
O'Brien.....	No fund.	No fund.
†Page.....	14,278.70	14,858.53
Palo Alto.....	No fund.	No fund.
Plymouth.....	1,343.74	1,337.74
Pocahontas.....	No fund.	No fund.
†Polk.....	31,664.36	33,751.08
†Pottawattamie.....	4,999.67	*5,399.66
†Poweshiek.....	55,850.50	*34,704.96
†Ringgold.....	25,092.99	25,419.39
Sac.....	3,012.43	3,012.43
Scott.....	36,124.21	36,124.21
Shelby.....	5,813.96	5,823.96
Sioux.....	No fund.	No fund.
†Story.....	22,545.78	22,647.34
†Tama.....	36,847.01	37,204.59
†Taylor.....	11,137.01	10,867.67
†Union.....	22,323.39	31,785.61
Van Buren.....	19,843.92	19,853.41

* Counties marked thus * have not reported for June 1, 1867, and in such cases the figures in the last Reports from said counties are taken as being the nearest approximation to the correct amount.

† For explanation of discrepancies in these amounts see remarks on School Fund.

† Marion county reports \$515.91 of Permanent School Fund stolen at safe robbery.

STATEMENT E—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Amount as per Auditor's Books.	Amount as per Clerks' Reports.
Wapello.....	26,931.73	26,931.73
Warren.....	19,612.18	19,612.18
Washington.....	36,609.48	26,609.48
†Wayne.....	35,834.99	35,659.42
†Webster.....	26,781.30	22,031.08
Winnebago.....	2,800.00	2,800.00
†Winnebago.....	53,041.93	53,412.06
†Woodbury.....	3,761.00	*3,929.61
Worth.....	6,190.80	6,190.80
†Wright.....	6,982.15	4,685.23
Total.....	\$2,221,497.52	\$2,181,101.07

24TH.—REMARKS OF CLERKS RELATING TO PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND.

ALLAMAKEE COUNTY.

The Clerk writes: As to the Reports for which you sent the blanks, I think the Board will authorize them made out at their next meeting. It will require a long time to get them up in proper shape. The greater portion of the pay for getting them up ought to be paid out of the School Fund Interest, as the hardest part of the job will be to adjust the transactions of the School Fund Commissioners.

BLACK HAWK COUNTY.

The Clerk says: These judgments are somewhat mixed, and I fear the Reports cannot show the true state of the Fund.

CARROLL COUNTY.

The Clerk says: I presume the way that the difference arose was by parties making application for an additional amount, and have given a new mortgage before the old one was canceled, and it being reported twice, as the report has been made from the notes and contracts.

*Counties marked thus * have not reported for June 1, 1867, and in such cases the figures in the last Reports from said counties are taken as being the nearest approximation to the correct amount.

†For explanation of discrepancies in these amounts see remarks on School Fund.

CERRO GORDO COUNTY.

The Clerk writes, Sept. 30, 1867: Referring to the matter of difference between the accounts in your office and mine of the school funds of this county, permit me to say that I have given the matter as much of my attention at times, as I could, in order to arrive at the gist of the matter, and my delay in answering you was for no other purpose. I am fully satisfied that the amount reported by me June 1st, 1867, is correct. I have bestowed all the time on this matter that I could find, and for the next two months business in my office will be even more urgent than in the past. But as soon as I can find time I will take up the subject again, and would, if necessary, go to your place with my books and accounts, in order to have the matter fully adjusted.

CHICKASAW COUNTY.

The Clerk says: The balance sheet of settlement with School Fund Commissioner Wright is not to be found, and I have no copy of it, but it was undoubtedly incorrect, as my last Report is tested by the record of notes for 1861, on file in Treasurer's office, and correspond with it very nearly. The utmost care has been taken to have this Report show a true statement of Fund, and I cannot alter it.

CLINTON COUNTY.

The Clerk says: Yours of the 24th inst., relating to the discrepancy in our Permanent School Fund Account, is received. It has been my intention to attend to the matter just as soon as I could find sufficient leisure to enable me to do so; but I have examined the subject sufficiently to enable me to see that I cannot get a clue to the discrepancy without overhauling the *entire* record of School Fund receipts and disbursements from the *beginning*; and I have not yet found sufficient leisure, after attending to the *necessary* every-day business of my office, to warrant my undertaking such a job. I think you need not expect anything to be done in time for your Report.

DAVIS COUNTY.

The Clerk writes: In accordance with your request I submit-

ted your letter to the Board of the county, and they appointed a committee of investigation as follows: H. H. Trimble, J. W. Ellis, and H. A. Wonn. I hope they may be able soon to adjust the matter. I shall render them all the assistance in my power. There was a great apathy existing concerning the School Fund prior to the session of the Grand Jury. It is gone, and I hope the result will be favorable.

DECATUR COUNTY.

The Clerk says: As I have mentioned previously, I think our accounts are defective, but as yet have not had time to overhaul them thoroughly, to know precisely where the discrepancy is; but I assure you the data of this office is in very bad shape as far as School Fund matters are concerned.

DUBUQUE COUNTY.

The Clerk says: The correspondence between us in relation to the School Fund has become voluminous indeed, occasioned, no doubt, by the unsatisfactory manner in which the accounts have been kept with that Fund.

FREMONT COUNTY.

The Clerk writes: I have been unable to find any thing in any of the books, showing where the county, at any time received any permanent school money only from the sale of the 16th section. The report shows amount that the sales of the 16th section brought, which makes the fund and notes differ \$2,918.99, which amount must come from the State, as due this county, from the sale of the 500,000 acre grant.

JACKSON COUNTY.

The Clerk says: In the matter of difference between your office and this, I am not able to see where the difference is except in the Rhodes' matter. Allow me to say that the books and accounts have not been kept in a satisfactory shape to me and the Board at their June session appointed an attorney to settle up several old matters.

LOUISA COUNTY.

The Clerk says: I have examined the discrepancy (in Permanent School Fund Reports) as well as I am able to just now. The District Court is in session and I can not get time till its adjournment, when I will immediately undertake the job of correcting my account (as I think I must) to conform to your usages. I think part of the discrepancy is there, a part probably on account of shape in which the fund came into my hands, and a part on account of the notes to which I refer, in a note on the report of losses, but did not include as actual losses, which were receipted for by me (they being in attorney's hands and the receipt passed to me), as mortgage notes, but which prove to be contract notes that had been paid in Keache's time, years before, and had been passed to his successor as unpaid notes.

MAHASKA COUNTY.

The Clerk writes: I have been so hurried in my office that I have not had time to look up the discrepancy in our accounts as regards "Permanent Fund." It is going to be quite a task to look the matter all over and I write to know if a month or six weeks from now will do, before I give you a definite reply.

UNION COUNTY.

The Clerk says: Blanks for the Permanent School Fund Reports are just received. The reports required are from 1858 to 1867. *A correct report can not be made from this office.*

I with Judge Rowell spent much time in 1866, investigating and trying to correct this whole school fund record, but failed to accomplish anything. To go back of report for June, 1866, would be all guess work, as our records in the school fund account are bad and conflicting. Believe it good policy for the school fund to be loaned to the State.

WEBSTER COUNTY.

The Clerk writes: Yours, stating my report of amount of Permanent School Fund was received, is at hand. My other reports will be forwarded as soon as possible. I have had an "awful" job. The school fund of this county (or rather the records) are in a very imperfect condition.

WINNESHIEK COUNTY.

The Clerk says: When I get time I will make an effort to look up the remaining discrepancy. It is no very desirable job to look up these old matters of ten or eleven years' standing, and I don't know whether I can straighten them out or not.

25TH.—STATEMENT F,

Showing the Losses to the Permanent School Fund in the several Counties, and also the *Cash* in hands of County Treasurers, June 1st 1867, belonging to Permanent School Fund.

COUNTIES.	LOSSES.	CASH.
Adair.....	None.	98.84
Adams.....	None.	246.55
Allamakee.....	No report.	.....
Appanoose.....	None.	610.74
Audubon.....	None.	None.
Benton.....	547.50	950.79
Black Hawk.....	No report.	No report.
Boone.....	None.	14.21
Bremer.....	524.75	194.06
Buchanan.....	None.	None.
Buena Vista.....	No fund.	.....
Butler.....	No report.	.....
Calhoun.....	None.	39.90
Carroll.....	None.	None.
Cass.....	None.	89.00
Cedar.....	None.	266.95
Cerro Gordo.....	None.	35.85
Cherokee.....	None.	275.00
Chickasaw.....	1,754.80	1,749.88
Clarke.....	255.00	137.91
Clay.....	No fund.	.....
Clayton.....	None.	334.75
Clinton.....	165.20	2028.84
Crawford.....	None.	118.86
Dallas.....	None.	215.18
Davis.....	None.	109.21
Decatur.....	61.66	54.16
Delaware.....	325.00	458.68
Des Moines.....	500.37	178.29
Dickinson.....	No fund.	.....
Dubuque.....	2,733.00	429.33
Emmett.....	No report.	.....
Fayette.....	None.	50.21
Floyd.....	None.	3.14

STATEMENT F—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	LOSSES.	CASH.
Franklin	None.	360.79
Fremont	None.	136.37
Greene	None.	764.61
Grundy	None.	166.00
Guthrie	None.	1,180.02
Hamilton	956.10	355.20
Hancock	None.	.....
Hardin	No report.	.....
Harrison	5.00	398.27
Henry	1,011.20	566.62
Howard	No report.	.....
Humboldt	None.	17.94
Ida	None.	653.33
Iowa	None.	.....
Jackson	None.	193.29
Jasper	None.	54.74
Jefferson	None.	631.58
Johnson	560.00	100.00
Jones	No report.	.....
Keokuk	None.	1,266.34
Kossuth	No report.	.....
Lee	None.	802.65
Linn	376.25	667.70
Louisa	585.00	164.55
Lucas	No report.	.....
Madison	1,261.23	67.35
Mahaska	252.00	823.60
Marion	200.00	701.32
Marshall	422.05	None.
Mills	None.	22.40
Mitchell	80.00	722.69
Monona	None.	28.52
Monroe	100.00	None.
Montgomery	None.	13.25
Muscatine	500.00	493.79
O'Brien	No fund.	.....
Page	None.	293.59
Palo Alto	No fund.	.....
Plymouth	None.	81.07
Pocahontas	No fund.	.....
Polk	None.	526.66
Pottawattamie	No report.	.....
Poweshiek	No report.	.....
Ringgold	446.37	None.
Sac	None.	266.68

STATEMENT F—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	LOSSES.	CASH.
Scott	1,662.25	10,260.21
Shelby	None.	19.99
Sioux	No fund.	.....
Story	None.	758.73
Tama	1,324.45	1,832.31
Taylor	None.	105.97
Union	No report.	.....
Van Buren	32.75	211.82
Wapello	None.	801.84
Warren	None.	82.82
Washington	None.	195.94
Wayne	None.	486.30
Webster	30.00	666.74
Winnebago	None.	535.00
Winneshiek	219.86	44
Woodbury	No report.	.....
Worth	None.	None.
Wright	No report.	105.00
	\$ 16,891.71	\$ 37,274.36

26TH. — STATEMENT G,

Showing the amount of sales of School Lands made in the several counties from October 1, 1858, (the date the School Fund Commissioner system was abolished); up to June 1, 1867.

COUNTIES.	AMOUNT.	COUNTIES.	AMOUNT.
Adair	\$9,886.67	Jasper	None.
Adams	8,365.50	Jefferson	None.
Allamakee	2,882.00	Johnson	416.85
Appanoose	None.	Jones	200.00
Audubon	725.00	Keokuk	4,845.00
Benton	None.	Kossuth	No report.
Black Hawk	15,142.28	Lee	None.
Boone	3,785.11	Linn	100.00
Bremer	2,870.90	Louisa	29.52
Buchanan	6,025.61	Lucas	None.
Buena Vista	No fund.	Madison	6,317.98
Butler	No report.	Mahaska	None.
Calhoun	4,880.00	Marion	None.
Carroll	12,810.00	Marshall	5,012.00
Cass	1 906.00	Mills	4,036.00
Cedar	None.	Mitchell	None.
Cerro Gordo	9,456.78	Monona	13,032.11

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STATEMENT G—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	AMOUNT.	COUNTIES.	AMOUNT.
Cherokee.....	770.00	Monroe.....	None.
Chickasaw....	7,857.45	Montgomery....	None.
Clarke.....	2,668.20	Muscatine.....	285.00
Clay.....	No fund.	O'Brien.....	No fund.
Clayton.....	1,740.00	Page.....	1,800.00
Clinton.....	16,250.00	Palo Alto.....	No fund.
Crawford.....	8,282.50	Plymouth.....	1,337.74
Dallas.....	525.00	Pocahontas.....	No fund.
Davis.....	None.	Polk.....	6,941.40
Decatur.....	480.00	Pottawattamie.....	No report.
Delaware.....	2,958.00	Poweshiek.....	No report.
Des Moines.....	3,730.00	Ringgold.....	4,634.07
Dickinson.....	No fund.	Sac.....	2,440.00
Dubuque.....	None.	Scott.....	1,340.00
Emmett.....	No report.	Shelby.....	4,090.80
Fayette.....	2,947.04	Sioux.....	No fund.
Floyd.....	1,934.00	Story.....	360.00
Franklin.....	7,500.00	Tama.....	960.00
Fremont.....	6,254.00	Taylor.....	7,860.02
Greene.....	4,244.80	Union.....	8,034.00
Grundy.....	20,504.00	Van Buren.....	None.
Guthrie.....	380.00	Wapello.....	None.
Hamilton.....	5,322.81	Warren.....	768.00
Hancock.....	2,428.80	Washington.....	3,000.00
Hardin.....	5,409.80	Wayne.....	3,522.19
Harrison.....	12,758.88	Webster.....	None.
Henry.....	None.	Winnebago.....	2,800.00
Howard.....	No report.	Winneshiek.....	1,916.56
Humboldt.....	3,874.45	Woodbury.....	No report.
Ida.....	1,280.00	Worth.....	6,190.80
Iowa.....	13,386.37	Wright.....	1,952.00
Jackson.....	2,771.92		
Total.....			\$319,205.91

LIST OF NOTES AND MORTGAGES (KNOWN AS EADS' LOANS) REMAINING UNPAID AT THIS DATE, NOV. 2, 1867.

NAMES.	AMOUNT.	REMARKS.
James D. Eads, balance.....	\$ 10,750.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, February 15, 1861....
A. T. Walling & Co.....	2,000.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, February 15, 1861....
A. T. Walling, balance.....		}
A. T. Walling, balance.....		
L. J. Swartz and B. Swartz, balance.....	2,400.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, June 16, 1865.....
S. Boyles, Hugel & Stanfel.....	4,000.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, February 15, 1861....
W. G. Crawford and McCorkle balance....	643.92	Placed in hands of D. D. Chase, Dist. Att'y, Sept. 30, '65
T. J. Cannon.....	1,000.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, February 15, 1861....
T. J. Cannon.....	6,318.87	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, February 15, 1861....
Jno. S. Hamilton, and Anderson.....	1,200.00	Placed in hands of D. D. Chase, Sept. 7, 1865.....
R. W. Rothrock.....	2,000.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, Feb. 15, 1861.....
J. A. Goodrich, balance.....	734.50	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, June 16, 1865.....
Jos. B. Dorr, and Jos. Dorr.....	4,000.00	Placed in hands of G. Watson, Dist. Att'y, Sept. 30, '65
J. K. Hornish, and Hiatt.....	2,000.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, June 16, 1865.....
John W. Stanton, and A. Shaw.....	2,000.00	Placed in hands H. W. Maxwell, Dis. Att'y, Oct. 26, '65
E. J. Toof, balance.....	672.50	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, June 16, 1865.....
B. Hugel, balance.....	641.39	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, June 16, 1865.....
Wm. H. Leech, and R. McFarland, balance..	1,765.25	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, February 15, 1861....
Wm. H. Leech.....	3,000.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, June 16, 1865.....
Geo. S. Hampton.....	5,000.00	Placed in hands of C. R. Scott, Dis. Att'y, Sept. 30, '65
Sylvester, Harrison & Bro.....	2,100.00	Placed in hands of G. Watson, Dist. Att'y, Sep. 16, '65
Geo. Andrews, and R. H. Kelly.....	1,250.00	No mortgage to secure this note on file.....
W. J. Gilbert.....	600.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, February 15, 1861.....
W. H. White.....	500.00	Placed in hands of C. R. Scott, September 30, 1865..
Hugh F. King, and Wm. White.....	500.00	Placed in hands of C. R. Scott, September 30, 1865..

List of Notes and Mortgages (known as Eads' Loans) remaining unpaid at this date, Nov. 2, 1867—Continued.

NAMES.	AMOUNT.	REMARKS.
E. W. Lake.....	1,000.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, February 15, 1861....
Thos. Snyder.....	1,500.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, February 15, 1861....
Benj. Grossman, and Marsell.....	750.00	Placed in hands of J. Tracy, September 30, 1865....
Total.....	\$ 64,293.10	

37TH.—EADS' LOANS AND SURETIES

Amount of loans made by Superintendent J. D. Eads', unpaid as per Auditor's Report, November 4, 1865.....	\$94,803.87
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CONTRA.

Amount paid on said Loans during the two fiscal years ending Nov. 2, 1867, as per Report of Hon. J. Tracy, Dist. Att'y, 1st Dist., Receiver and Commissioner, cash.	\$15,001.36
Amount of cash received on W. G. Craw- ford's note.....	156.08
Amount realized from sale of real estate on execution to the State at two-thirds of appraised value, as per Hon. J. Tracy's Report.....	15,353.33—\$30,510.77

Amount of Principal remaining unpaid, Nov. 2, 1867..\$64,293.10

In the case of the State for use of School Fund, vs. James D. Cavenor and J. M. Griffiths, where the mortgaged premises were sold to third parties (owing to a misunderstanding between the District Attorney and Sheriff) for a mere nominal sum—as appears by my last Report, page 57—the said Sheriff's sale has been set aside by the District Court, and a new sale ordered.

At said second sale the Attorney General, Hon. H. O'Connor, attended in person and bid in the following land for the State, viz: Sw qr sec. 4; nw qr sec. 7; sw qr sec. 7; n hf nw qr sec. 18; sw qr sec. 15; w hf ne qr sec. 32; all in town 77, range 25, for \$6,747.00.

Also at the same sale the following land was sold to a third party for \$800 cash: S hf of nw qr sec. 15, T. 77, R. 25, 80 acres.

The above sale, according to the provisions of Chap. 94, Acts of 1864, is in full satisfaction of above judgment.

Herewith find Report of Hon. J. Tracy, District Attorney of 1st District, showing the disposition made of certain notes belonging to the Permanent School Fund (Eads' loans) which were placed in his hands at various times, in pursuance of law:

To Hon. John A. Elliott, Auditor of State :

I beg leave to make the following reports, regarding the School Fund obligations placed into my hands by you for collection :

1. Note of \$10,000, given by James M. Reid and Hugh T. Reid, July 10, 1856—secured by mortgage on real estate in the city of Keokuk.

Judgment rendered upon said note in District Court of Lee County, Iowa, Dec. 15, 1865, for \$18,890.00.

The property mortgaged together with other property in the city of Keokuk was sold under execution and bid in by the State of Iowa, for use of the School fund, at two-thirds of its appraised value, in full satisfaction of said judgment.

Description of property bid in by State on above judgment, vs. James M. Reid and Hugh T. Reid :

Block 18, lying west of a north and south line running through the centre of block 21, and produced through said block 18, $6\frac{1}{2}$ acres.

S w qr bl'k 28, $2\frac{1}{2}$ acres ; w hf bl'k 21, 5 acres ; w hf bl'k 25, 5 acres ; w hf bl'k 22, 5 acres ; e hf bl'k 27, 5 acres.

Lots 13, 14, 15, and 16, bl'k 6, Nassau's addition to Keokuk.

Also: Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, block 8.

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 12, block 9.

Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 15, 16, block 10.

Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16, 17, 18, block 11.

Lots 1, 2, 5, 6, 9, 10, block 12.

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, block 13.

Lots 5 and 6, block 14.

Fractional block 16, Nassau's addition to Keokuk.

2. Note of S. J. Reid and J. M. Anderson, of \$640.00, dated July 12th, 1856 ; and note of S. J. Reid and H. T. Reid, for \$680.00, of same date.

These two notes were secured by the mortgage of S. J. Reid of Sept. 20, 1856, upon real estate in the city of Keokuk. Judgment and decree in District Court of Lee county, Iowa, Dec. 15, 1865, for \$2,425.92.

The property mortgaged, together with other property levied upon by the Sheriff, was sold under execution to the State of Iowa, for use, &c., at two-thirds of its appraised value, in full satisfaction of said judgment.

Description of property bid in by the State on above judgments, vs. Reid & Anderson and S. J. & H. T. Reid :

Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, blk 6 ; lots 1 and 2, bl'k 7 ; all in Nassau's addition to the city of Keokuk. Also lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, bl'k 60, lying partly in Mason's lower addition, and partly in Reid's addition to Keokuk.

3. Note of J. M. Anderson and S. J. Reid, dated July 12, 1856, for \$640.00. This note was satisfied in full by the payment of the principal and six per cent. interest.

4. Note of E. J. Toof, of \$800, dated Aug. 12, 1856 — secured by mortgage upon lots in the city of Fort Madison. Judgment and decree rendered Dec. 15, 1865, for \$1,350.00.

Realty mortgaged sold under execution, and amount realized, \$577.50 and costs.

5. Note of E. J. Toof, dated Aug. 12, 1856, for \$450 — secured by mortgage upon real estate in Lucas county, returned to Auditor of State.

6. Note of B. Grossman and J. E. Marsell, of June 3, 1857, for \$1,000 — secured by mortgage of J. E. Marsell upon real estate in the city of Fort Madison.

Judgment rendered Dec. 16, 1865, for \$1,800.00.

Property sold under execution, and \$250.00 and costs realized.

7. Note of L. J. & B. Swartz, dated July 19, 1856. Amount, \$4,000 — secured by mortgage on real estate in the city of Keokuk.

Judgment rendered Dec. 20, 1865, for \$7,757.00.

Property sold under execution. Amount realized, \$1,600 and costs.

8. Note of J. K. Hornish and J. M. Hiatt, for \$2,000, dated July 18th, 1856. Suit pending in District Court of Lee county.

9. Note and mortgage of J. A. Goodrich, for \$1,125.00, dated Nov. 21, 1856.

Judgment rendered in District Court of Lee county, Iowa, Dec. 16, 1865, for \$2,180.25. Property sold under execution. Amount realized is, \$390.50 and costs.

10. Note of B. Hogle, dated Nov. 18, 1856 — secured by mortgage on realty in Fort Madison.

Judgment rendered in District Court of Lee county, December 15th, 1856, for \$1,955.00.

Property sold under execution. Amount realized, \$358.61 and costs.

11. Two notes of A. T. Walling, one for \$4,900.00, dated April 4, 1856, and one for \$5,100.00, dated May 12, 1856—secured by mortgage upon lands in Lee, Marshall, Story, Decatur, Clark and Wright counties, Iowa.

Judgment and decree rendered Dec. 16, 1865, for \$18,390.00.

The property mortgaged was sold under execution, and bid in by the State as follows :

In Lee county for.....	\$1,333.33
In Story county for.....	1,060.00
In Marshall county for.....	800.00
In Clarke county for.....	640.00
In Wright county for.....	200.00

Execution for the sale of the property in Decatur county has also been sent to the proper Sheriff, but no returns made yet.

The property described in the mortgage of said Walling, as lying in Lee county, was encumbered by and sold to satisfy a prior mortgage, excepting 35 acres, in which said Walling had but a one-third interest.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY SOLD ON JUDGMENT, VS. A. T. WALLING.

Commence on se cor of sw qr sec. 1, T. 65, R. 5; thence w on s line of said qr sec. to s w cor of said qr; thence n on w line of said qr, 11 chains, 42 links, to stone; thence e parallel to s line of said qr sec., 30 chains, 50 links, to post; thence south 10 chains, 92 links, to post; thence e parallel to s line of said qr sec., 9 chains, 50 links, to post; thence s 50 links, to beginning, containing 35 acres, in Lee county.

Also nw qr of sw qr and ne qr sw qr, sec. 3, T. 91, R. 26, 80 acres, in Wright county.

W hf of se qr, sec. 31, T. 71, R. 25, in Clarke county.

W fr hf nw qr, w hf ne qr, ne qr se qr and se qr ne qr, of sec. 25 T. 84, R. 23, Story county.

The Sheriff's deed for land in Marshall county was returned to him for correction, and the description of property is unknown.

12. Note of Wm. Thompson, P. C. Tiffany for \$1,000, dated June 16th, 1856. Satisfied by payment of principal and six per cent. interest.

13. Wm. H. Leech's note of \$3,000, dated Nov. 20, 1856.

Judgment May 31, 1866, for \$5,860.00.

Amount made by sale of realty under execution, \$1,236.75.

JOSHUA TRACY,
District Attorney, 1st Judicial District.

EADS' SURETIES.

Under Chap. 28, Acts of 1864, Messrs. J. Tracy, T. W. Newman, and L. W. Vale were appointed Commissioners to settle by compromise or otherwise, with the sureties of James D. Eads, Ex-Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Prior to the passage of this law, Hon. J. Tracy, District Attorney of 1st District, had been appointed by the Court as Receiver in the suit of State of Iowa vs. James D. Eads and his sureties, on his official bond as Superintendent of Public Instruction. I have the honor to submit herewith the report of Hon. J. Tracy as Receiver, made to the Hon. F. Springer, Judge of the 1st Judicial District, and also the report of the above named Commissioners, in relation thereto:

TO THE HON. JOHN A. ELLIOTT, *Auditor of State*:

The undersigned Commissioners, appointed by virtue of an act of the 10th General Assembly of the State of Iowa, (Chapter 28,) to settle with the sureties of James D. Eads, late Superintendent of Public Instruction, beg leave to submit the following report:

After having ascertained the pecuniary ability of each one of said sureties, as near as could be, the amount of property owned by each, and their willingness or unwillingness to compromise, the Commissioners met at different times between the 31st day of January, 1865, and the 26th day of June, of the same year, and endeavored to make an equitable assessment against each one of said sureties, in proportion to his ability to pay. After the assessments were made, Commissioner Tracy, assisted by Charles Doerr, Esq., of Fort Madison, went to work to effect a settlement upon the basis proposed by the assessments — he reporting to the other Commissioners, and advising with them from time to time. Up to this date, (Nov. 12th, 1867) the Commissioners have effected a settlement with some twenty-two of said sureties, and have executed to them, severally, a release from the judgment the State

holds against them, viz.: Joseph Sawyer, Samuel Dinsmore, H. M. Salmon, F. Holtzberger, Joseph Ehart, Robert McHenry, N. McCollough, A. Eighinger, F. Wilze, Samuel Boyles, B. Rophol, William Witte, John Able, Lewis Pappe, John G. Swartz, Theodore Nabors, Willoughby Tibbs, John Stewart, Estate of J. Henkle, Estate of C. J. Price, B. Hngle and Jonathan Jones.

There are some twenty-five or thirty others of said sureties with whom no settlement has been made as yet. The several notes and mortgages placed by order of the Court in the hands of J. Tracy, as Receiver in the suit of the State of Iowa, against the sureties of James D. Eads, which remain unsettled, or which have not been put into judgments, have been passed to the account of the Commissioners, and also the net proceeds of those settled and collected by him as such Receiver.

In order to make this report more intelligible, a copy of the report of J. Tracy, as Receiver, is herewith enclosed; also copy of the account of the Commissioners.

Respectfully submitted,

J. TRACY, T. W. NEWMAN, L. W. VALE,	}	Commissioners.
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To the Honorable Francis Springer, Judge of the First Judicial District, State of Iowa:

I beg leave to submit the following report respecting the notes and mortgages placed in my hands as Receiver, by your order, in the suit of the State of Iowa, vs. James D. Eads, late Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the sureties upon his official bonds:

1. Note of James D. Eads for \$20,000.00, secured by mortgage on three lots in Fort Madison.

Judgment rendered in the District Court, at Fort Madison, for \$35,550.00.

Dr. McMurphy, who claimed to own one of the lots, with the improvements thereon, included in the mortgage executed by Mr. Eads to secure this note, was made party defendant to this suit; and upon the trial, his title to said lot and improvement was confirmed as against the State, by decree of said Court, which decree, upon an appeal being taken to the Supreme Court, was subsequently affirmed.

The other two lots were sold on execution, and the sum of \$529.00 and costs realized.

2. Note of A. T. Walling & Co., with ten per cent. interest, \$2,000—secured by mortgage on “Journal Printing Office” in Keokuk, Lee County, Iowa.

Judgment rendered in District Court of Keokuk, for \$2,794.74, Sept. 6th, 1864.

I procured the possession of the “Journal Office” on writ of replevin and then caused the same to be advertised and sold by the Sheriff of Lee county. Amount realized, \$700.00. Each member of the firm of A. T. Walling & Co. being regarded as insolvent, and each having removed from the State permanently, this judgment was compromised by Hon. J. M. Beck, paying to me for said Walling the sum of \$400.00, making the total amount realized, \$1,100.00.

3. Note of T. J. Cannon, \$1,000.00, dated October 15th, 1856, due April 1st, 1857, payable to C. J. Crego, and indorsed by Crego to James D. Eads. The note not having been protested for non-payment, Mr. Crego was released as indorser and Cannon, the maker, as I am informed, has left the State and is insolvent.

4. Note of Boyles, Hogle, and Stemple, \$4,000.00, dated November 19th, 1856, due ten years after date, secured by mortgage on real estate in Lee county. This land was advertised for sale by Peter Miller, as Trustee, named in a prior deed of trust executed by James D. Eads, to Green Erskin, I procuring the sale by an injunction. Afterwards by an arrangement with Daniel F. Miller, Esq., Attorney for Mr. Erskin, the land was sold on the Erskin deed of trust and bid off in my name, and the amount of his claim was paid by the Board of Supervisors of Lee county. I then caused the land to be divided into small tracts and sold them at auction.

The total amount realized, after refunding the money advanced by the Board of Supervisors, was \$792.38.

5. Note of T. J. Cannon, with 10 per cent. interest, \$6,318.87, dated December 16th, 1856, due four years from date. This note was secured by mortgage on the “Des Moines House,” and the furniture in said house, in the city of Des Moines. There was a prior incumbrance upon this property to the amount of about \$13,000.00, which absorbed the whole of the property, and, as

stated in paragraph No. 3, Cannon is insolvent and has left the State.

6. Note of R. W. Rothrock, \$2,000.00, dated Nov. 19th, 1856, due ten years after date, with ten per cent. interest. This note was secured by mortgage on two hundred acres of unimproved lands in Iowa county, which I am informed is worth about \$1,000.00. I procured a judgment for the amount of the principal and interest due upon this note, at the last September term of the District Court of Iowa county, and also an order of Court directing the sale of the mortgaged premises. Rothrock left the State several years ago, and I have not been able to learn his place of residence. Messrs. J. H. Murphy & Brother, of Marengo, assisted me in procuring the above judgment. The two hundred acres of land in Iowa county was sold for taxes, a portion of which accrued before the mortgage was made by Rothrock to Eads. I redeemed the land from the tax sale, and the title is now regarded good.

7. Note of Leech & McFarland \$3,000.00, dated November 19th, 1856, due ten years after date. This note was given to James D. Eads for the purchase money for one hundred and sixty acres of land in Polk County. I found upon an examination that this land belonged to the State University, and that it was sold to Mr. Eads on credit, except the first payment of \$320.00, the deferred payments falling due and not being paid, the Trustees of the State University ordered Eads' title bond to be forfeited and resold the land. Messrs. Leech & McFarland therefore having received no consideration for the note, a suit against them would be unavailing.

8. Note of Gilbert, Burns, McBride and Paul, \$600.00, dated May 6th, 1856, due two years after date with ten per cent. interest. I brought suit upon this note in the District Court of Johnson County, Burns and Paul set up a defense to said note, and after the case had been pending for some two or three terms of Court they were released upon the payment of \$375.00; and judgment taken against the other defendants for the balance of the note and interest. I have been unable to collect anything further upon this note. Amount of judgment against Gilbert and McBride, \$803.00.

9. Note of Elijah W. Lake, \$1,000.00, dated November 5, 1855, due April 1, 1856, payable to Daniel Gillis with two per

cent. per month as a penalty for non payment; and by Gillis assigned to James D. Eads. I caused suit to be brought upon this note in the District Court of Johnson county, and after a long and closely contested litigation in the District and Supreme Courts upon the questions of priority of mortgage liens, we were successful in establishing the priority of lien in favor of the State; judgment was rendered upon the note for the amount of the principal without costs or interest.

10. Note of Thomas Snyder, \$1,500.00, dated January 2, 1856, due four years after date, with ten per cent. interest, secured by mortgage on town lots in Iowa City; judgment rendered in the District Court of Johnson county, for \$2,370. Nothing as yet has been realized upon this judgment; the lots described in the mortgage are regarded as of but little value, and the defendant, I am informed, is insolvent. Hon. Rush Clark, of Iowa City, assisted me in the suits against Thos. Snyder, Elijah Lake, *et al*, and against Paul, Burns and others. A particular account of money collected, amount paid out including my fees for services, is hereto attached. All of which is respectfully submitted and asked to be approved.

J. TRACY, Receiver.

STATE OF IOWA, }
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT, } ss.

I, Francis Springer, Judge of the District Court of said district, certify, that I have this day examined the foregoing report of the Hon. J. Tracy, who was by me on the 26th day of January, 1861, appointed Receiver as therein stated; and that the said report is approved by me.

In testimony whereof I hereto subscribe my name, at Mt. Pleasant, in said State, this 12th day of November, A. D., 1867.

FRANCIS SPRINGER, Judge.

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE

JOSHUA TRACY, Receiver,

1862.		DR.
Feb. 3	To proceeds from sale of Journal Printing Office.....	\$ 700.00
1863.		
July 12	To am't collected on execution sale of lots on Ead's judgment.	576.00
1864.		
	To amount collected from sale of Erskin land.....	792.88
1865.		
	To amount collected of Paul & Burns, of Iowa City	875.00
Aug. 1	To amount collected on judgment against Lake, et. al.....	1000.00
	To accumulated interest on judgment after date of redemption in District Court.....	183.80
	To amount collected on judgment against A. T. Walling & Co. on compromise.....	400 00
		<u>\$ 3976.58</u>

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE.

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In account with the sureties of JAMES D. EADS.

1862.		CR.
Feb. 3	By Sheriff's fee on sale of printing office, \$33.10; printing notice of sale, \$3.00; appraisers' fee, \$10 00.....	\$ 51.10
	By taxes paid city of Keokuk on printing office.....	6.40
	By 10 per cent. on \$700	70.00
	By legal services in replevin suit for possession of Journal Office against Sellman.....	80.00
	By fee paid Recorder for copy of Erskin mortgage.....	1.75
1864.		
June 2	By omnibus hire to take Board of Supervisors to look at Erskin land.....	3.00
	By cash to Peter Miller, trustee, &c.....	10.00
	By 10 per cent. on \$792.38, proceeds of Erskin land.....	79.23
	By cash to "Plaindealer," printing notice of land sale.....	15.00
	By costs paid Clerk of Court at Keokuk.....	2.85
	By legal services in District Court at Fort Madison in injunction suit against Erskin & Miller	30.00
	By legal services in suit vs. Eads and Dr. McMurphy in District Court.....	50.00
	By legal services in same suit in Supreme Court.....	30.00
	By cost of transcript for Supreme Court in suit of State vs. Eads and McMurphy.....	12.00
	By costs paid Sheriff on execution, court costs, &c.....	47.00
	By 10 per cent on net proceeds collected on Eads' judgment..	52.90
	By telegraphic dispatch respecting sale of lots.....	60
	By Rush Clark's Attorney's fees, State vs. Lake, <i>et al.</i>	200.00
	By Rush Clark's Attorney's fees, State vs. Snyder.....	25.00
	By Rush Clark's Attorney's fees, State vs. Paul, <i>et al.</i>	75.00
	By costs paid Clerk of District Court, Johnson county, and to referee adjudged to plaintiffs in suit of State vs. Lake, <i>et al.</i> ..	23 25
	By 10 per cent on net proceeds of Lake judgment \$909.00....	91.00
	To 10 per cent on \$375.00 of Paul & Burns.....	37.50
	By Notary fees paid in taking Eads' deposition in suit of State vs. Paul & Burns.....	10.00
	By amount paid to redeem 200 acres of land in Iowa county..	134.10
	By amount paid abstract of title to Iowa county lands, and for redeeming said lands from tax sale.....	11.15
	By legal services in suit at Keokuk, District Court vs. A. T. Walling & Co.	30.00
	By 10 per cent collected on \$400.00 in Walling judgment.....	40.00
	* By 6 days' services including expenses to Iowa City, Marengo, and Des Moines, in relation to the notes and Mortgages of T. J. Cannon, Leech & McFarland, Rothrock & Snyder.....	50.00
	By balance passed to account of Eads' Commissioners.....	2,757.75
	Total.....	<u>\$3,976.58</u>

* I made two trips to Iowa City to assist in the Lake and Paul, and Burns suit, for which I have made no additional charge.

J. TRACY, T. W. NEWMAN, and L. W. VALE, Com'rs to settle with Eads' Sureties.

1865.		Dr.
July 15	To amount transferred from account of J. Tracy, Receiver...	\$ 2,757.75
	To amount collected of Eads' Sureties at sundry times, viz:	
	Joseph Sawyer, \$400.00, S. Dinsmore, \$200.00.....	600.00
	H. Salmon, \$200.00, F. Holzberger, \$125.00.....	325.00
	Joseph Ehart, \$400.00, Robert McHenry, \$400.00.....	800.00
	N. McCullough, \$200.00, A. Eighinger, \$200.00.....	400.00
	F. Wilze, \$100.00, W. Witte, \$150.00.....	250.00
	John Able, \$100.00, L. Pappe, \$350.00.....	450.00
	J. G. Swartz, \$375.00, T. Nabors, \$300.00.....	675.00
	W. Tibbs, \$200.00, John Stewart, \$1000.00.....	1,200.00
	J. Henkle's estate, \$200.00, H. Boyles, \$200.00.....	400.00
	C. J. Price's estate, \$3,000 00, J. Jones, \$1,500.00.....	3,500.00
	F. Wilze, \$200.00, Samuel Boyles, \$400.00.....	600.00
	Total.....	<u>\$11,957.75</u>

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE

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In account with the State of Iowa,

1865.		CR.
June 28	By cash on account to Commissioner Vale.....	\$ 100.00
July 27	By draft to State Treasurer.....	5,000.00
27	By Exchange on draft.....	5.00
Nov. 9	By draft to State Treasurer.....	2,000.00
9	By Exchange on draft.....	2.00
9	By costs to Sheriff of Lee county.....	25.00
9	By cash on account to Commissioner Newman.....	100.00
1867.		
May 8	By draft to Auditor.....	1,000.00
8	By exchange on same.....	1.00
July 29	By draft to Auditor.....	1,250.00
29	By exchange on same.....	1.25
Aug. 3	By draft to Auditor.....	1,500.00
3	By exchange on same.....	1.50
Nov. 8	By cash on account to Commissioner Tracy.....	300.00
9	By bill of W. H. Howard for making duplicate copies of Report.....	10.00
9	By draft to Auditor of State.....	461.50
9	By draft to Auditor of State.....	200.00
9	By exchange on same.....	.50
Total.....		<u>\$11,957.75</u>

23TH.—AMOUNT OF PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND AND HOW INVESTED.

This Fund is composed of the following sums as near as can be determined from the reports received and the books in this office, to wit:

Amount in the counties as per Clerks' Reports.....	*\$2,181,101.07
Amount loaned to the State.....	122,295.75
Amount of Eads' loans unpaid.....	64,293.10
Amount loaned Med. Department, State University. .	15,000.00
Amount invested in U. S. Bonds.....	102,008.00
Amount due from J. C. Bishop, Ex-School Fund Commissioner of Mitchell county.....	6,162.69
Amount due from W. W. Reed, Ex-School Fund Commissioner of Shelby county.....	31.25
Amount due from Ex-School Fund Commissioner of Madison county	569.13
Amount due from Ex-School Fund Commissioner of Story county.....	231.55
Amount in hand of State Treasurer.....	8,126.94
	<hr/>
	\$2,499,819.48
Add for losses ascertained and credited to counties..	16,891.17
Add for discrepancy between amount of Permanent Fund in counties as reported by the Clerks and the amount as shown by Auditor's books.....	40,396.45
	<hr/>
	\$2,557,107.10

*The amount in the counties as shown by the Auditor's Books is \$2,221,497.52. As several counties have not reported for June, 1867, either of these amounts are but approximations to the true amount.

29TH.—STATEMENT H.

Of the apportionment of the interest on the Permanent School Fund, made by the Auditor of State, on the 5th day of March, 1866, as provided by Sections 1967 and 1969 of the Revision of 1860.

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COUNTIES.	No. of Youths.	Amount of In- terest delin- quent.	Amount of In- terest collect- ed.	Amount of In- terest appor- tioned.	Warrants on Revenue for deficiency.	Excess pay- able to Rev- enue.
Adair.....	474	\$ 643.63	\$ 61.53	\$ 156.42	94.89	.....
Adams.....	821	236.33	411.92	270.93	.....	140.99
Allamakee.....	5,885	7,072.77	4,082.64	1,942.05	.....	2,140.59
Appanoose.....	5,662	852.28	990.13	1,868.46	878.33	.....
Audubon.....	250	584.43	96.04	82.50	.....	18.54
Benton.....	4,850	3,617.18	2,319.76	1,600.50	.....	719.26
Black Hawk.....	5,006	3,857.57	1,983.78	1,651.98	.....	331.80
Boone.....	2,658	2,175.30	615.40	877.14	261.74	.....
Bremer.....	2,849	4,849.14	1,938.48	940.17	.....	998.31
Butler.....	2,207	1,459.22	1,011.32	728.81	.....	283.01
Buchanan.....	4,062	813.27	1,621.91	1,340.46	.....	281.45
Calhoun.....	98	21.70	59.44	32.34	.....	27.10
Carroll.....	216	151.87	106.91	71.28	.....	35.63
Cass.....	827	250.50	34.35	272.91	238.56	.....
Cedar.....	6,121	1,275.18	4,106.90	2,019.93	.....	2,086.97
Cerro Gordo.....	530	975.17	369.90	174.90	.....	195.00
Cherokee.....	46	2.65	32.58	15.18	.....	17.40
Chickasaw.....	2,347	2,463.66	600.93	774.51	173.58	.....
Clay.....	55	No fund....	No fund....	18.15	18.15	.....
Clarke.....	2,557	1,879.20	1,595.86	843.81	.....	752.05
Clayton.....	9,302	5,238.01	2,174.48	3,069.66	895.18	.....
Clinton.....	9,472	2,382.03	2,627.89	3,125.76	497.87	.....

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE.

STATEMENT H—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.		No. of Youths.					Excess pay- able to Rev- enue.
Crawford.	304	624.54	226.04	100.32	.....	.....	125.72
Dallas.	2,852	1,538.34	1,114.90	941.16	.....	.....	173.74
Davis.	5,981	841.57	1,252.63	1,973.73	.....	721.10	.....
Decatur.	3,887	2,999.41	3,743.65	1,282.71	.....	.....	2,460.94
Delaware.	5,154	1,175.26	1,645.32	1,700.82	.....	55.50	.....
Des Moines.	8,127	1,081.32	1,449.10	2,681.91	.....	1,232.81	.....
Dickinson.	136	No fund.	No fund.	44.88	.....	44.88	.....
Dubuque.	12,382	10,203.79	2,379.39	4,086.06	.....	1,706.67	.....
Emmett.	170	No fund.	No fund.	56.10	.....	56.10	.....
Fayette.	5,692	4,417.20	3,626.30	1,878.36	.....	.....	1,747.94
Floyd.	2,075	5,042.06	1,289.60	684.75	.....	.....	604.85
Franklin.	899	1,264.56	228.18	296.67	.....	68.49	.....
Fremont.	3,124	No report.	No report.	1,030.92	.....	1,030.92	.....
Greene.	715	290.97	997.25	235.95	.....	.....	761.30
Grundy.	618	132.98	383.95	203.94	.....	.....	180.01
Guthrie.	1,594	808.14	445.40	526.02	.....	80.62	.....
Hamilton.	934	757.85	1,020.77	308.22	.....	.....	712.55
Hancock.	112	No fund.	No fund.	36.96	.....	36.96	.....
Harrison.	1,893	1,406.95	1,627.28	624.69	.....	.....	1,002.59
Hardin.	3,079	638.87	991.04	1,016.07	.....	25.03	.....
Henry.	7,071	3,414.51	924.81	2,333.43	.....	1,408.62	.....
Howard.	1,540	631.49	398.27	508.20	.....	109.93	.....
Humboldt.	289	851.22	7.92	95.37	.....	87.45	.....
Iowa.	4,289	1,548.07	3,078.35	1,415.37	.....	.....	1,662.98
Jackson.	8,224	1,672.13	1,469.57	2,713.92	.....	1,244.35	.....

Jasper.....	5,396	2,196.40	1,241.26	1,780.68	539.42	.....
Jefferson.....	6,718	1,010.54	1,213.19	2,216.94	1,003.75	.....
Johnson.....	7,628	4,796.18	1,317.02	2,517.24	1,200.22	.....
Jones.....	6,330	3,292.94	2,498.75	2,088.90	.....	409.85
Keokuk.....	6,357	304.50	1,089.20	2,097.81	1,008.61	.....
Kossuth.....	338	*1,650.00	348.30	111.54	.....	236.76
Lee.....	12,156	4,593.28	1,823.88	4,011.48	2,187.60	.....
Linn.....	9,137	2,225.22	2,101.71	3,015.21	913.50	.....
Louisa.....	4,655	2,874.87	1,404.95	1,536.15	131.20	.....
Lucas.....	2,935	843.27	1,083.77	968.55	.....	115.22
Madison.....	3,570	340.12	1,620.05	1,178.10	.....	441.95
Mahaska.....	7,397	1,506.64	2,245.34	2,441.01	195.67	.....
Marion.....	8,343	1,424.00	1,648.36	2,753.19	1,104.83	.....
Marshall.....	3,158	1,509.17	1,440.25	1,042.14	.....	398.11
Mills.....	2,418	531.46	418.39	797.94	379.55	.....
Mitchell.....	1,996	692.51	434.66	658.68	224.02	.....
Monona.....	584	88.79	198.34	192.72	.....	5.62
Monroe.....	4,345	1,049.28	613.47	1,433.85	820.38	.....
Montgomery.....	673	*3,200.00	196.87	222.09	25.22	.....
Muscatine.....	6,716	2,555.83	1,331.44	2,216.28	884.84	.....
Page.....	2,563	842.42	756.53	845.79	89.26	.....
Palo Alto.....	132	No fund....	No fund....	43.56	43.56	.....
Plymouth.....	37	No fund....	No fund....	12.21	12.21	.....
Pocahontas.....	100	No fund....	No fund....	33.00	33.00	.....
Polk.....	6,937	4,917.17	1,473.28	2,289.21	815.93	.....
Pottawattamie.....	2,497	490.00	124.00	794.31	670.31	.....
Poweshiek.....	3,424	3,252.25	1,603.65	1,129.92	.....	473.73
Ringgold.....	1,356	858.34	1,232.14	447.48	.....	784.66

* Estimated.

STATEMENT H—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES	No. of Youths.	Amount of Interest delin- quent.	Amount of Interest col- lected.	Amount of Interest ap- portioned.	Warrant on Revenue for deficiency.	Excess payable to Revenue.
Sac	174	22.25	11.38	57.42	46.04	.....
Scott.....	9,977	430.90	693.96	3,292.41	2,598.45	.....
Shelby.....	420	62.26	144.43	138.60	.....	5.83
Story.....	2,597	1,376.08	777.14	857.01	79.87	.....
Tama.....	3,517	7,399.02	1,223.44	1,160.61	.....	62.83
Taylor.....	1,777	249.39	255.29	586.41	331.12	.....
Union.....	1,195	1,076.70	829.56	394.35	.....	435.21
Van Buren.....	6,773	946.07	1,368.96	2,235.09	866.13	.....
Wapello.....	7,565	1,056.96	1,163.64	2,496.45	1,332.81	.....
Warren.....	5,179	1,270.19	814.11	1,709.07	894.96	.....
Washington.....	6,846	1,290.44	1,935.12	2,259.18	324.06	.....
Wayne.....	3,104	1,025.92	658.83	1,024.32	365.49	.....
Webster.....	1,710	918.60	.....	564.30	564.30	.....
Winnebago.....	214	No fund....	No fund....	70.62	70.62	.....
Winnesiek.....	6,452	2,785.63	3,642.08	2,129.16	.....	1,512.92
Woodbury.....	508	No report...	No report...	167.64	167.64	.....
Worth.....	509	17.41	188.81	167.97	.....	20.84
Wright.....	444	183.72	163.38	146.52	.....	16.86
Totals.....	324,203	\$149,294.04	\$98,470.80	.....	.....	.....
Deduct from this amount too much apportioned last September upon erroneous statement from Boone county.....	.....	.....	5,108.04	.....	.....	.....
			93,362.76	.....	.....	.....

Medical College loans.....	11,100.00	.....	.....	.....
Eads' loans.....	*100,000.00	.....	.....	.....
United States Bonds.....	4,383.46	.....	.....	4,383.46
Interest on State loans.....	9,240.77	.....	.....	9,240.77
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$280,394.04	\$106,986.99	\$30,892.30	\$36,000.84

* Estimated.
† Webster county reported \$575.89 interest collected, and the Clerk was directed to pay the same to the estate of John Tolman, Ex-School Fund Commissioner of Webster county, in part payment of amount due said Tolman, as Ex-School Fund Commissioner, the whole amount being \$769.85.

30TH.—STATEMENT I,

Of the apportionment of the Interest on the Permanent School Fund made by the Auditor of State, on the 10th day of September, A. D. 1866, as provided by Sections 1967 and 1969 of the Revision of 1860.

Adams.....	821	112.20	146.13	147.78	1.65	.....
Allamakee.....	5,885	3,508.39	3,125.12	1,059.30	.....	2,065.82
Appanoose.....	5,662	563.55	288.73	1,019.16	730.43	.....
Audubon.....	250	493.55	161.09	45.00	.....	116.09
Benton.....	4,850	2,842.54	1,149.07	873.00	.....	276.07
Black Hawk.....	5,006	2,270.75	1,257.25	901.08	.....	356.17
Boone.....	2,658	2,025.45	506.77	478.44	.....	28.33
Bremer.....	2,849	5,094.79	888.73	512.82	.....	375.91
Butler.....	2,207	1,533.96	263.73	397.26	133.53	.....
Buchanan.....	4,062	323.69	489.58	731.16	241.58	.....
Calhoun.....	98	23.02	10.40	17.64	7.24	.....
Carroll.....	216	167.47	39.82	38.88	.....	.94
Cass.....	827	206.90	46.55	148.86	102.31	.....
Cedar.....	6,121	579.28	528.78	1,101.78	573.00	.....
Cerro Gordo.....	530	244.35	239.12	95.40	.....	143.72
Cherokee.....	46	No report.	No report.	8.28	8.28	.....
Chickasaw.....	2,347	1,978.65	485.01	422.46	.....	62.55
Clay.....	55	No fund.	No fund.	9.90	9.90	.....
Clarke.....	2,557	1,459.54	419.66	460.26	40.60	.....
Clayton.....	9,303	5,808.74	1,405.77	1,674.86	268.59	.....
Clinton.....	9,472	1,703.53	678.50	1,704.96	1,026.46	.....

Crawford	304	513.79	110.75	54.72	.....	56.03
Dallas	2,852	245.29	1,005.59	513.36	.....	492.23
Davis	5,981	127.04	732.09	1,076.58	344.49	.....
Decatur	3,887	923.38	2,466.29	699.66	.....	1,766.63
Delaware	5,154	494.94	727.34	927.72	200.38	.....
Des Moines	8,127	423.31	706.19	1,462.86	756.67	.....
Dickinson	136	No fund.	No fund.	24.48	24.48	.....
Dubuque	12,382	10,047.56	782.35	2,228.76	1,446.41	.....
Emmett	170	No fund.	No fund.	30.60	80.60	.....
Fayette	5,692	3,025.83	1,681.73	1,024.56	.....	657.17
Floyd	2,075	973.34	2,172.74	373.50	.....	1,799.24
Franklin	899	No report.	*161.82	161.82	.....	.....
Fremont	3,124	No report.	*562.32	562.32	.....	.....
Greene	715	172.07	311.85	128.70	.....	183.15
Grundy	618	.....	140.20	111.24	.....	28.96
Guthrie	1,594	760.52	147.62	286.92	139.30	.....
Hamilton	934	346.90	636.90	168.12	.....	468.78
Hancock	112	No fund.	No fund.	20.16	20.16	.....
Harrison	1,893	857.38	586.57	340.74	.....	245.83
Hardin	3,079	124.18	523.00	554.22	31.22	.....
Henry	7,071	2,918.21	496.30	1,272.78	776.48	.....
Howard	1,540	7,979.11	1,298.08	277.20	.....	1,020.88
Humboldt	289	756.04	95.18	52.02	.....	43.16
Iowa	4,289	786.40	1,155.85	772.02	.....	383.83
Jackson	8,224	1,141.33	530.80	1,380.32	949.52	.....
Jasper	5,396	1,357.32	1,019.94	971.28	.....	48.66
Jefferson	6,718	405.35	605.19	1,209.24	604.05	.....

* Estimated.

STATEMENT I--CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	No. of Youths.	Amount of Interest delin- quent.	Amount of Interest col- lected.	Amount of Interest ap- portioned.	Warrant on Revenue for deficiency.	Excess pay- able to Revenue.
Johnson.....	7,628	\$ 4,224.40	\$ 624.07	\$ 1,373.04	\$ 748.97	.....
Jones.....	6,330	2,116.22	1,176.72	1,139.40	.....	\$ 37.32
Keokuk.....	6,357	.....	417.17	1,144.26	727.09	.....
Kossuth.....	338	.....	181.16	60.84	.....	120.32
Lee.....	12,156	4,593.28	776.23	2,188.08	1,411.85	.....
Linn.....	9,137	1,455.53	783.19	1,644.66	861.47	.....
Louisa.....	4,655	2,619.55	255.32	837.90	582.58	.....
Lucas.....	2,935	375.41	398.70	528.30	129.60	.....
Madison.....	3,570	6.13	402.77	642.60	239.83	.....
Mahaska.....	7,397	2,330.88	529.87	1,331.46	801.59	.....
Marion.....	8,343	796.85	627.15	1,501.74	874.59	.....
Marshall.....	3,158	482.47	280.36	568.44	288.08	.....
Mills.....	2,418	146.83	508.46	435.24	.....	73.22
Mitchell.....	1,996	435.74	56.00	359.28	303.28	.....
Monona.....	584	No report.	*105.12	105.12	.....	.....
Monroe.....	4,345	780.20	280.21	782.10	501.89	.....
Montgomery.....	673	.....	312.68	121.14	.....	191.54
Muscatine.....	6,716	3,008.87	382.54	1,208.88	826.34	.....
Page.....	2,563	308.96	551.54	461.34	.....	90.20
Palo Alto.....	132	No fund.	No fund.	23.76	23.76	.....
Plymouth.....	37	No fund.	No fund.	6.66	6.66	.....
Pocahontas.....	100	No fund.	No fund.	18.00	18.00	.....
Polk.....	6,937	3,436.15	1,360.46	1,248.66	.....	111.80
Pottawattamie.....	2,407	399.12	346.75	433.26	86.51
Poweshiek.....	3,424	1,000.00	1,291.81	616.32	675.49

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Ringgold.....	1,856	181.03	970.74	244.08	732.66
Sac.....	174	40.45	31.32	31.32
Scott.....	9,977	211.00	348.65	1,795.86	1,447.21
Shelby.....	420	.....	83.38	75.60	.....	7.78
Story.....	2,597	1,050.67	390.52	467.46	76.94	.....
Tana	3,517	7,021.87	377.15	633.06	255.91	.....
Taylor.....	1,777	88.10	124.88	319.86	194.98	.....
Union.....	1,195	427.06	649.64	215.10	.....	434.54
Van Buren.....	6,773	599.68	457.14	1,219.14	762.00	.....
Wapello.....	7,565	282.28	774.68	1,361.70	587.02	.....
Warren	5,179	1,067.22	202.97	932.22	729.25	.....
Washington.....	6,846	652.41	654.00	1,232.28	578.28	.....
Wayne.....	3,104	200.00	1,271.28	558.72	.....	712.56
Webster.....	1,710	326.66	+766.23	307.80	.....	458.43
Winnebago.....	214	No report.	No report.	38.52	38.52	.....
Winneshiek.....	6,452	1,361.60	1,211.83	1,161.36	.....	50.47
Woodbury.....	508	No report.	*91.44	91.44	.....	.....
Worth.....	509	2.67	26.17	91.62	65.45	.....
Wright.....	444	94.88	88.66	79.92	.....	8.74
Total.....	324,203	\$107,799.32	\$51,196.03	.....	.....	.....
Medical College loans.....	.....	11,100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eads' loans.....	.....	100,000.00	500.00	.....	.....	500.00
Interest on United States Bonds.....	.....	.....	3,816.52	.....	.....	3,816.52
Interest on State loans.....	.....	.....	2,843.99	.....	.....	2,843.99
Total.....	.....	\$218,899.32	\$58,356.54	\$58,356.54	\$21,666.30	\$21,666.30

* Estimated.

+ Whole amount of Interest collected, \$960.69 ; but \$194.46 is deducted to pay balance due estate of J. Tolman, Ex-School Fund Commissioner of Webster county.

31st.—STATEMENT K,

Of the Apportionment of the Interest on the Permanent School Fund made by the Auditor of State, on the 4th day of March, 1867, as provided by Sections 1967 and 1969 of the Revision of 1860.

COUNTIES.	No. of Youths.	Amount of Interest delin- quent.	Amount of Interest col- lected.	Amount of Interest ap- portioned.	Warrant on Revenue for deficiency.	Excess payable to Revenue.
Adair.....	573	\$ 415.78	\$ 191.79	\$ 200.55	8.76	.....
Adams.....	926	362.29	610.11	324.10	.....	\$ 286.01
Allamakee.....	6,230	3,572.53	3,313.84	2,180.50	.....	1,133.34
Appanoose.....	5,800	581.85	889.26	2,030.00	1,140.74	.....
Audubon.....	255	644.67	166.86	89.25	.....	77.61
Benton.....	5,650	3,777.92	2,723.73	1,977.50	.....	746.23
Black Hawk.....	6,061	4,534.65	2,204.92	2,121.35	.....	83.57
Boone.....	3,399	1,804.73	642.34	1,189.65	547.31	.....
Bremer.....	3,485	3,099.62	3,416.49	1,219.75	.....	2,196.74
Buchanan.....	4,349	440.49	1,694.06	1,522.15	.....	171.91
Butler.....	2,523	1,810.94	1,147.11	883.05	.....	264.06
Calhoun.....	120	137.11	140.74	42.00	.....	98.74
Carroll.....	361	No report.	*126.35	126.35	.....	.....
Cass.....	975	379.40	116.25	341.25	225.00	.....
Cedar.....	6,400	1,554.01	3,639.73	2,240.00	.....	1,399.73
Cerro Gordo.....	742	1,182.40	602.28	259.70	.....	342.58
Cherokee.....	102	14.92	28.42	35.70	7.28	.....
Chickasaw.....	2,585	759.23	957.27	904.75	.....	52.52
Clarke.....	2,620	992.39	1,483.29	917.00	.....	566.29
Clay.....	111	No fund.	No fund.	38.85	38.85	.....
Clayton.....	9,991	4,037.35	3,503.84	3,496.85	.....	6.99
Clinton.....	10,203	4,076.67	3,404.69	3,571.05	166.36	.....

Crawford.....	481	894.86	434.64	168.85	.....	266.29
Dallas.....	2,960	907.49	984.88	1,036.00	51.12	.....
Davis.....	5,941	988.28	1,311.36	2,079.35	767.99	.....
Decatur.....	3,902	3,052.34	3,425.04	1,365.70	.....	2,059.34
Delaware.....	5,518	1,039.30	2,182.50	1,931.30	.....	251.20
Des Moines.....	8,536	586.23	2,186.65	2,987.60	800.95	.....
Dickinson.....	179	No fund.	No fund.	62.65	62.65	.....
Dubuque.....	13,570	1,185.83	2,673.30	4,749.50	2,076.20	.....
Einmett.....	135	No fund.	No fund.	47.25	47.25	.....
Fayette.....	5,993	4,300.33	3,371.93	2,097.55	.....	1,274.38
Floyd.....	2,437	862.80	1,048.87	852.95	.....	195.92
Franklin.....	939	1,588.45	321.35	328.65	7.30	.....
Fremont.....	2,945	626.55	776.12	1,036.75	254.63	.....
Greene.....	953	549.45	540.89	333.55	.....	207.34
Grundy.....	733	104.78	1,377.70	256.55	.....	1,121.15
Guthrie.....	1,636	490.85	425.13	572.60	147.47	.....
Hamilton.....	1,242	925.03	827.98	434.70	.....	393.28
Hancock.....	170	No fund.	No fund.	59.50	59.50	.....
Hardin.....	3,353	668.88	1,015.65	1,173.55	157.90	.....
Harrison.....	2,234	726.42	1,690.48	781.90	.....	908.58
Henry.....	7,415	3,497.60	753.63	2,595.25	1,841.62	.....
Howard.....	1,703	7,753.57	835.27	596.05	.....	239.22
Humboldt.....	471	979.42	36.11	164.85	128.74	.....
Ida.....	28	No fund.	No fund.	9.80	9.80	.....
Iowa.....	4,704	2,153.60	4,485.25	1,646.40	.....	2,838.85
Jackson.....	8,134	2,047.60	1,545.72	2,846.90	1,301.18	.....
Jasper.....	6,413	1,349.94	1,316.30	2,244.55	928.25	.....
Jefferson.....	6,595	977.08	1,660.17	2,308.25	648.08	.....

* Estimated.

Ringgold	1,576	767.91	1,126.31	551.60	.....	574.71
Sac.	193	47.35	12.32	67.55	55.23	.....
Scott.....	11,056	220.00	1,142.38	3,869.60	2,727.22	.....
Shelby.....	497	181.11	175.54	173.95	.....	1.59
Story.....	2,924	1,474.82	1,380.81	1,023.40	.....	357.41
Tama.....	3,974	6,110.87	3,682.84	1,390.90	.....	2,291.94
Taylor.....	1,886	390.47	414.44	660.10	245.66	.....
Union.....	1,251	1,203.65	968.90	437.85	.....	531.05
Van Buren.....	6,836	645.65	1,205.29	2,392.60	1,187.31	.....
Wapello.....	7,803	739.93	1,319.59	2,731.05	1,411.46	.....
Warren.....	5,248	1,413.51	1,133.71	1,836.80	703.09	.....
Washington.....	7,122	1,794.14	1,584.08	2,492.70	908.62	.....
Wayne.....	3,347	1,366.86	1,258.22	1,171.45	.....	86.77
Webster.....	2,095	268.89	1,348.10	733.25	.....	614.85
Winnebago.....	328	No report.	*114.80	114.80	.....	.....
Winneshiek.....	7,194	3,455.28	2,745.35	2,517.90	.....	227.45
Woodbury.....	641	No report.	*224.35	224.35	.....	.....
Worth.....	625	32.98	376.78	218.75	.....	158.03
Wright.....	566	173.03	294.88	198.10	.....	96.78
Totals.....	348,609	\$128,648.23	\$113,015.05	.....	.....	.....
Medical College Loans.....	.....	12,300.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eads' Loans.....	.....	107,700.00	36.44	.....	.....	36.44
Interest on U. S. Bonds.....	.....	.....	3,853.47	.....	.....	3,853.47
Interest on State Loans.....	.....	.....	5,108.19	.....	.....	5,108.19
.....	.....	\$248,648.23	\$122,013.15	\$122,013.15	\$33,342.07	\$33,342.07

* Estimated.

32D.—STATEMENT L,

Of the apportionment of the interest on the Permanent School Fund, made by the Auditor of State, on the 2d day of September, 1867, as provided by sections 1967 and 1969 of the Revision of 1860, and section 57, chapter 172, Acts of 1862.

COUNTIES.	No. of Youths.	Amount of Interest delin- quent.	Amount of Interest col- lected.	Amount of Interest ap- portioned.	Warrant on Revenue for deficiency.	Excess pay- able to Rev- enue.
Adair.....	573	\$ 387.06	\$ 110.46	\$ 91.68	.....	\$ 18.78
Adams.....	926	204.09	179.77	148.16	.....	31.61
Allamakee.....	6,230	1,506.65	2,119.09	996.80	.....	1,122.29
Appanoose.....	5,800	158.09	423.76	928.00	\$ 504.24	.....
Audubon.....	255	714.69	143.34	40.80	.....	102.54
Benton.....	5,650	2,884.35	778.02	904.00	125.98	.....
Black Hawk.....	6,061	2,323.11	2,552.80	969.76	.....	1,583.04
Boone.....	3,399	3,801.31	663.17	543.84	.....	119.33
Bremer.....	3,485	3,065.10	1,024.96	557.60	.....	467.36
Buchanan.....	4,349	111.74	338.25	695.84	357.59	.....
Butler.....	2,523	1,469.13	341.81	403.68	61.87	.....
Calhoun.....	120	101.61	35.50	19.20	.....	16.30
Carroll.....	361	860.48	498.04	57.76	.....	440.28
Cass.....	975	331.35	48.20	156.00	107.80	.....
Cedar.....	6,400	446.67	1,076.81	1,024.00	.....	52.81
Cerro Gordo.....	742	485.31	192.38	118.72	.....	73.66
Cherokee.....	102	.....	15.39	16.32	.93	.....
Chickasaw.....	2,585	499.92	Tr. to P.f'd	413.60	413.60	.....
Clarke.....	2,620	560.14	367.52	419.20	51.68	.....
Clay.....	111	No report..	No fund..	17.76	17.76	.....
Clayton.....	9,991	2,696.35	1,341.00	1,598.56	257.56	.....

Clinton.....	10,203	\$3,099.50	\$	977.17	1,632.48	655.31	.....
Crawford.....	481	472.59		303.63	76.96	.....	226.67
Dallas.....	2,960	447.68		347.31	473.60	126.29	.....
Davis.....	5,941	305.63		682.55	950.56	268.01	.....
Decatur.....	3,902	2,030.83	1,464.03		624.32	.....	839.71
Delaware.....	5,518	416.95	729.02		882.88	153.86	.....
Des Moines.....	8,536	437.23	152.67		1,365.76	1,213.09	.....
Dickinson.....	179	No fund..	No fund..		28.64	28.64	.....
Dubuque.....	13,570	960.48	766.86		2,171.20	1,404.34	.....
Emmett.....	135	No report..	No fund..		21.60	21.60	.....
Fayette.....	5,993	3,066.67	887.03		958.88	71.85	.....
Floyd.....	2,437	634.37	201.74		389.92	188.18	.....
Franklin.....	939	1,314.55	402.46		150.24	.....	252.22
Fremont.....	2,945	126.50	376.59		471.20	94.61	.....
Greene.....	953	300.41	262.44		152.48	.....	109.96
Grundy.....	733	.....	164.54		117.28	.....	47.26
Guthrie.....	1,636	216.03	274.82		261.76	.....	13.06
Hamilton.....	1,242	485.72	497.00		198.72	.....	298.28
Hancock.....	170	.....	318.44		27.20	.....	291.24
Hardin.....	3,353	204.22	485.66		536.48	50.82	.....
Harrison.....	2,234	248.20	700.73		357.44	.....	343.29
Henry.....	7,415	1,756.36	Tr.to P.f'd		1,186.40	1,186.40	.....
Howard.....	1,703	8,563.43	188.14		272.48	84.34	.....
Humboldt.....	471	689.27	290.15		75.36	.....	214.79
Ida.....	28	No report..	No fund..		4.48	4.48	.....
Iowa.....	4,704	1,019.09	2,063.17		752.64	.....	1,310.53
Jackson.....	8,134	1,014.83	801.02		1,301.44	500.42	.....
Jasper.....	6,413	2,053.16	525.22		1,026.08	500.86	.....
Jefferson.....	6,595	506.27	551.42		1,055.20	503.78	.....

STATEMENT L—CONTINUED.

	550		80.00	88.00	8.00	
Kosuth.....	12,236	2,960.25	1,313.54	1,957.76	644.22	.....
Lee.....	9,598	594.02	558.30	1,535.68	977.38	.....
Linn.....	4,778	2,630.33	405.40	764.48	359.08	.....
Louisa.....	3,058	544.17	369.76	489.28	119.52	.....
Lucas.....	3,856	10.81	34.73	616.96	582.23	.....
Madison.....	7,572	356.60	1,461.18	1,211.52	.....	249.66
Malaska.....	8,714	204.86	419.30	1,394.24	974.94	.....
Marion.....	4,484	1,112.32	457.81	717.44	259.63	.....
Marshall.....	2,531	272.74	280.59	404.96	124.37	.....
Mills.....	2,349	309.14	156.67	375.84	219.17	.....
Mitchell.....	576	28.77	347.60	92.16	.....	255.44
Monona.....	4,603	965.92	413.42	786.48	323.06	.....
Monroe.....	642	3,322.64	386.41	102.72	.....	283.69
Montgomery.....	7,363	1,985.51	462.78	1,178.08	715.20	.....
Muscatine.....	2,605	536.26	247.03	416.80	169.77	.....
Page.....	150	No fund....	.....	24.00	24.00	.....
Palo Alto.....	59	.....	.....	9.44	9.44	.....
Plymouth.....	141	.....	.....	22.56	22.56	.....
Pocahontas.....	7,364	976.68	944.49	1,178.24	233.75	.....
Polk.....	2,685	549.80	315.70	429.60	113.90	.....
Pottawattamie.....						

Poweshiek.....	3,649	405.72	1,091.95	583.84	.....	508.11
Ringgold.....	1,576	211.93	674.69	252.16	.....	422.53
Sac.....	193	59.61	73.41	30.88	.....	42.53
Scott.....	11,056	182.00	115.55	1,768.96	1,653.41	.....
Shelby.....	497	.....	183.92	79.52	.....	104.40
Story.....	2,924	1,059.58	415.24	467.84	52.60	.....
Tama.....	3,974	1,738.61	648.23	635.84	.....	12.89
Taylor.....	1,886	159.48	273.49	301.76	28.27	.....
Union.....	1,251	674.78	528.87	200.16	.....	328.71
Van Buren.....	6,836	102.62	313.60	1,093.76	780.16	.....
Wapello.....	7,803	1,222.80	720.10	1,248.48	528.38	.....
Warren.....	5,248	664.77	748.74	839.68	90.94	.....
Washington.....	7,122	815.91	912.96	1,139.52	226.56	.....
Wayne.....	3,347	385.28	1,217.28	535.52	.....	681.76
Webster.....	2,095	264.76	93.68	335.20	241.52	.....
Winnebago.....	328	.....	87.04	52.48	.....	34.56
Winneshek.....	7,194	1,617.26	1,858.99	1,151.04	.....	707.95
Woodbury.....	641	No report.	102.56	102.56	.....	.....
Worth.....	625	4.96	36.02	100.00	63.98	.....
Wright.....	566	No report.	90.56	90.56	.....	.....
Totals.....	348,609	\$ 86,614.18	\$47,143.30	.....	.....	.....
Medical College loan.....	.....	12,300.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eads' loans.....	.....	107,700.00	47.13	.....	.....	47.13
Interest on United States and State Bonds.....	.....	.....	7,481.76	.....	.....	7,481.76
Interest on State loans.....	.....	.....	1,105.25	.....	.....	1,105.25
		\$206,614.18	\$55,777.44	\$55,777.44	\$20,268.67	\$20,268.67

33D.—REMARKS ON UNIVERSITY FUND.

According to the Report of Hon. William Crum, Treasurer of Iowa State University, made to this office in 1865, losses have occurred to the University Fund amounting to \$7,969.49. Section 3, Article 7, of New Constitution, says that "all losses to the Permanent School or University Fund of this State, which shall have been occasioned by the defalcation, mismanagement or fraud of the agents, or officers controlling or managing the same, shall be audited by the proper authorities of the State."

Chapter 134, Acts of the 10th General Assembly, provides for auditing losses to the Permanent School Fund, but I am unable to find any law authorizing the auditing of losses to the University Fund, or for issuing State Bonds for the same. If it is intended to carry into practical effect this provision of the organic law in regard to the University Fund, it will be necessary to pass some law authorizing the auditing and paying of losses to this Fund.

34TH.—REMARKS ON SCHOOL FUND.

Chapter 110, Section 3, Acts of 11th General Assembly, provides for the payment of costs in cases where the State purchases real estate sold under execution; but in cases where the property sold is purchased by third parties for less than enough to cover principal, interest and costs, there is no provision made by law to pay such costs. In such cases as last referred to many of the counties have deducted the costs from the money received—thus using the Permanent Fund for another purpose than that provided by law. Some again have paid the costs out of the County Treasury—others have sent in their bill of costs to be audited, and paid out of the State Treasury. I have refused to pay these claims, there being no appropriation made, nor any law authorizing me to draw a warrant on the State Treasurer for the same. These cases are quite numerous, and will be occurring until all the loans made prior to the passage of Chap. 148, Acts of 1862, shall have been collected.

I think it would be well to pass an Act requiring the counties to pay these costs—or make an appropriation to pay the same out of the State Treasury. If the latter measure is adopted, I would suggest that the amount of costs in such cases should be regulated

by law, at least the Attorney's fees, for I find that as a general thing it costs more to foreclose a mortgage for the School Fund than it does to foreclose a mortgage due an individual. This could be remedied by placing some restrictions on the amount of costs to be made.

LOSSES.

Chapter 134, Acts of 10th General Assembly, authorizes the Auditor to "audit all losses to the Permanent School Fund, as provided for in Section 3, Article 7, of the Constitution." The article in the constitution referred to reads as follows: "All losses to the Permanent School or University Fund of this State which *shall have been* occasioned by the defalcation, mismanagement or fraud of the agents or officers controlling and managing the same, shall be audited by the proper authorities of the State." In auditing these losses I find it is necessary to adopt some uniform rule that will be applicable to all cases. I have ascertained from the efforts that I have already made, that it is impossible to trace out each individual case, and ascertain just where the security failed, when it was first known, that the title of the mortgagor to the mortgaged premises was insufficient, when the personal securities failed or left the State, &c., and find that there is but one way to solve this difficulty: that is by deciding that the loss to the Fund occurred when the loan was made, and accepting the date of the loan as the *time* of the loss. A large majority of the losses that have been reported to this office to be audited, and for which, if allowed, State Bonds must be issued, are for loans made prior to the adoption of the New Constitution. I do not feel authorized, without some further legislation on this point, to issue bonds for losses that occurred prior to the adoption of the Constitution.

I trust, therefore, for the interest of the School Fund, an interest that should be dear to every citizen of Iowa, that you will, at your present session, pass some act that will authorize the Auditor to audit *all* losses to the Permanent Fund that have occurred on loans made prior to the passage of Chapter 148, Acts of 1862. This act makes the counties partially liable for all loans made subsequent to the enactment of this law.

From reports received from a portion of the counties holding School Fund, we have clearly ascertained that losses amounting to \$16,891.17 have occurred to this fund, have been examined, audited,

and credited to the counties in which they occurred. A much larger amount has been reported, but not accompanied by what we consider sufficient evidence of all the legal measures having been used and exhausted. I am awaiting your action in regard to the constitutional provision referred to, before issuing bonds of the State for these clearly ascertained losses. You will perceive by our tabular statement of "losses" and "cash," that quite a number of counties have not reported their losses. We know from information received by former reports that the losses will far exceed the above amount. Among the non-reporting counties is Allamakee. This county reported in June, 1865, the amount of Permanent School Fund assets on hand to be \$113,144.61, and in June, 1867, they reported only \$90,474.56, showing a deficit of \$22,670.05, being a larger amount than the entire losses above reported, as audited. The difference in amount as shown by the Auditor's books of Permanent Fund charged to the several counties, and the amount as reported by the county clerks in tabular statement, page 70, can be accounted for where the amount reported is greater than that shown by the Auditor's books, by errors in Clerk's reports, assets coming into possession of the county by sale of sixteenth section, or by errors in reports of settlement made with School Fund Commissioners, on which the accounts in this office are based. To give an idea of the uncertainty of these reports and accounts, I need only state that the accounts of fifty-four of the counties that have reported do not agree with the Auditor's books. By referring to some of the letters which have been received from county clerks in regard to the condition of the School Fund accounts, (see remarks of clerks relating to Permanent School Fund), you will be convinced of the necessity of adopting some means other than those we have at present, to correct these accounts. I would send some suitable person, or go myself, to those counties whose accounts are in bad condition, but there has been no provision made for such expenses. I have bestowed much labor and time upon these accounts, endeavoring to get them adjusted, to get a starting point back of which we should never have to go. I have succeeded in some measure in accomplishing this, but there are counties from which we cannot get reports; we have furnished them with the proper blanks time after time; again there are a few counties in which the School Fund accounts have got so badly

mixed up, and require so much time to adjust, more than the county clerks can devote to it, that I am fully convinced of the necessity of sending some person to settle up their accounts. And believing that the interests of the School Fund would be greatly benefited by it, and thousands of dollars saved to the State, I would recommend that you make some provision for the necessary expense that would occur in carrying out this suggestion. Permit me to call your attention to the following facts, which I believe will convince you that this fund which the State should hold as a sacred trust, the interest accruing from which is intended to educate the children of the present and coming generation, has *not* been managed as any prudent, sensible man would manage his own affairs. After a careful estimate, based upon the amount of interest collected and apportioned during the last two years, I find that this fund, which the law contemplates should draw eight per cent. interest per annum, has realized only six per cent., making a loss to the Temporary Fund of very nearly \$50,000 per annum. The amount of interest due and unpaid, as shown by our tabular statements of apportionments made, was

In March, 1866.....	\$149,294.04
In September, 1866.....	107,799.32
In March, 1867.....	128,648.23
In September, 1867....	86,614.18

The loss to this Permanent Fund, for which State bonds must be issued, will, in my estimation, exceed \$125,000. In view of these facts, would it not be well to take into consideration the expediency of adopting some other method of investing this fund, some system by which the principal would be secured, and the interest promptly collected.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

JNO. A. ELLIOTT, Auditor of State.

BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

TREASURER OF STATE,

TO THE

GOVERNOR OF IOWA,

FOR THE YEARS 1866 AND 1867.

NOVEMBER, 1867.

DES MOINES:

**W. W. PALMER, STATE PRINTER.
1867.**

BIENNIAL REPORT OF STATE TREASURER.

OFFICE OF TREASURER OF STATE, }
DES MOINES, IOWA, Nov. 2, 1867. }

To His Excellency, Wm. M. Stone, Governor of Iowa :

In compliance with the requirements of the law defining the duties of the Treasurer of State, I have the honor to submit the following biennial report of receipts and disbursements for the two fiscal years commencing the 5th day of November, 1865, and closing the 2d day of November, 1867, being a detailed statement of the financial transactions of this office during that period, and the condition of the several funds during that period and at this date.

The following very brief exhibit shows the balance in the Treasury belonging to the several funds, on the 5th day of November, 1865; the amount received and paid out during the two years commencing November 5, 1865, and closing November 2, 1867; and the balance this day in the Treasury to the credit of the several funds.

Balance in Treasury, Nov. 5, 1865, belonging to the several funds, and exclusive of U. S. Treasury Notes belonging to Permanent School Fund, as follows:

General Revenue.....	\$386,093.47
Swamp Land Indemnity Fund.....	21,293.55
Dictionary Fund.....	82.00
Coupon Fund	824.48

Total balance in Treasury.....	\$358,243.50—	\$358,243.50
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Amount received, from Nov. 5, 1865, to Nov. 2, 1867, inclusive,
as follows:

On account of General Revenue.....	\$1,067,819.18
On account of War and Defense Fund.....	7,890.52
On account of Permanent School Fund.....	11,132.18
On account of Temporary School Fund.....	80,849.08
On account of Swamp Land Indemnity Fund.....	88,053.25
On account of Dictionary Fund.....	293.98
On account of Coupon Fund.....	70,259.21
On account of Railroad Tax Fund.....	79,263.10—

Total receipts and balance in Treasury as above.....	\$1,713,809 00
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(Exclusive of Permanent School Fund and U. S. Treasury Notes.)

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

The disbursements are as follows:

On account of General Revenue.....	\$1,821,798.17	
On account of War and Defense Fund.....	7,890.52	
On account of Permanent School Fund.....	3,005.24	
On account of Temporary School Fund.....	29,179.71	
On account of Swamp Land Indemnity Fund	104,991.20	
On account of Dictionary Fund.....	805.98	
On account of Coupon Fund....	69,629.63	
On account of Railroad Tax Fund....	79,268.10	
Being a total of.....		\$1,616,068.55
(Exclusive of amount paid for Iowa State Bonds redeemed with proceeds of sale of U. S. Treasury Notes belonging to Permanent School Fund.)		
Leaving balance in Treasury, November 2, 1867.....		\$97,740.45

Belonging to the several funds, as follows:

General Revenue.....	\$82,114.48	
Permanent School Fund... ..	8,126.94	
Temporary School Fund	1,669.37	
Swamp Land Indemnity Fund.....	4,355.60	
Dictionary Fund	20.00	
Coupon Fund.....	1,454.06—	\$97,740.45

Of the \$336,093.47 balance in Treasury, November 5, 1865, the amount of \$311,005.79 was General Revenue, which had already been paid out in the redemption of Warrants, drawn on War and Defense Fund, which was overdrawn to that amount, leaving the actual cash balance in Treasury, at that date, \$25,087.68.—[See *last Report of State Treasurer.*]

Of the \$97,740.45, balance this day in Treasury, \$33,300.00 is Iowa State Bonds, due January 1, 1868, which, as provided by Chapter 80, Laws of 11th General Assembly, I have redeemed with General Revenue; leaving an actual cash balance now in Treasury of \$64,440.45.

PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND UNITED STATES TREASURY NOTES.

On the 5th day of November, 1865, there were in the Treasury, belonging to the Permanent School Fund, United States Treasury Notes to the amount of... ..

of... ..	\$97,700.00
U. S. Treasury notes purchased Nov. 13, 1865.....	2,000.00
U. S. Treasury notes purchased July 5, 1866.....	1,000.00

Total Permanent School Fund, invested in U. S. Treasury
notes.....\$100,700.00—\$100,700.00

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

5

In accordance with the provisions of Chapter 80, Laws of Eleventh General Assembly, my predecessor, Hon. Wm. H. Holmes, on the 2d day of June and 1st day of September, 1866, with the approval of the Census Board, exchanged for \$16,000.00 Iowa State bonds, due January 1, 1868, Permanent School Fund U. S. notes, to amount of.....

16,000.00— 16,000.00

Leaving balance, Permanent School Fund, U. S. Treasury notes, in Treasury.....\$ 84,700.00

On the 7th day of January, 1867, I received from my predecessor, Hon. Wm. H. Holmes, balance in Treasury, of U. S. notes, as above..... 84,700.00

A part of which, with the approval of the Census Board, I have disposed of as shown below, placing the premium received thereon to the credit of the Temporary School Fund, and expending the principal in the redemption of Iowa State bonds, due January 1, 1868:

March 19, 1867, sold Union National Bank, Chicago.....\$20,000.00

United States 7.30 Treasury notes, for which received..... \$21,200.00

July 2, 1867, sold Vermilye & Co., N. York..... 9,700.00

United States 7.30 Treasury notes, for which received..... 10,617.81

July 17, 1867, sold Vermilye & Co., N. York..... 10,000.00

United States 7.30 Treasury notes, for which received..... 10,748.92

October 2, 1867, sold Union National Bank, Chicago..... 5,000.00

United States 7.30 Treasury notes, for which received..... 5,312.50

Oct. 18, 1867, sold Vermilye & Co., New York..... 20,000.00

United States 7.30 Treasury notes, for which received..... 20,897.87

Amount sold..... \$64,700.00— 64,700.00— 64,700.00

Cash, principal and premium, rec'd. \$68,776.61

Deduct premium placed to credit of Temporary School Fund..... 4,076.60

Amount expended in purchase of Iowa State bonds..... \$64,700.00

Balance now in Treasury..... \$20,000.00— 20,000.00

Whole amount expended and now on hand..... \$100,700.00

SWAMP LAND INDEMNITY FUND.

There has been received and paid out, on account of the Swamp Land Indemnity Fund, during the two years commencing Nov. 5, 1865, and ending Nov. 2, 1867, as follows:

Balance in Treasury Nov. 5, 1865.....	\$21,293.55
Am't received from Nov. 5, 1865, to Nov. 2, 1867.	88,053.25
	<hr/>
Total amount received.....	\$109,346.80
Amount paid from Nov. 5, 1865, to Nov. 2, 1867,	
to the several counties.....	\$104,991.20
	<hr/>
Balance remaining in Treasury.....	\$4,355.60

Section 12, Chapter 160, Acts of Ninth General Assembly, provides that the general State Agents, appointed by the Governor to settle Swamp Land Indemnity Claims with the General Government, shall be paid by the State for their services; "but the amount so paid shall be divided *pro rata* among the several counties, according to the amount in value of the money and lands secured to such county by the provisions of this act, the land to be valued at \$1.25 per acre, and the amount so found due, by each county to the State, shall be paid before such county shall receive its share of the money and lands which may be obtained under the provisions of this act."

The amount of money received for the several counties, from the General Government, up to this date, is \$174,982.73. In the payment of this money to the several counties entitled thereto, \$2,471.82 of the above balance of \$4,355.60, has been withheld to reimburse the State for payment of agents as in this section provided. The amount paid to agents cannot be divided *pro rata* among the several counties until full settlement of the Swamp Land Claims be made, and it is probable that many years will elapse before a full and complete settlement of this claim can be effected with the General Government; nor will the *pro rata* apportionment of expenses of general agents, among the several counties receiving money and lands, be an equitable assessment of the expense incurred in the settlement of their respective claims with the General Government, for many counties have effected a settlement, and secured the money and lands due them through special agents, nominated and paid by them, under the provisions

of Section 13, of the same act. I would, therefore, suggest that the expense of general agents paid by the State, be not collected from the counties; and that the \$2,471.82 withheld as above, to cover this expense, be paid to the several counties entitled thereto.

IOWA STATE BONDS—Issue of 1858.

Under the provisions of Chapter 80, Laws of the 11th General Assembly, my predecessor, Hon. William H. Holmes, redeemed \$16,000.00 of our State Bonds, issued in 1858, and due January 1, 1868; and during the fiscal year now closed, I have redeemed an additional amount of \$98,000.00—making a total redeemed, up to this date, of \$114,000.00.

In the redemption of these there has been expended as follows:

General Revenue.....	\$ 33,800.00
Permanent School Fund, derived from sale of Permanent School Fund U. S. Treasury notes.....	80,700.00
Total amount expended.....	\$114,000.00
Total amount of Bonds issued, due January 1, 1868.....	\$200,000.00
Amount redeemed as above.....	114,000.00
Balance yet outstanding.....	\$ 86,000.00

There is in the Treasury, in addition to the \$20,000.00 U. S. Treasury notes, belonging to Permanent School Fund, \$8,126.94 cash balance belonging to same Fund, which, with the General Revenue, increased by the November and December receipts, will be amply sufficient to insure the prompt payment of the \$86,000.00 yet outstanding, at or before their maturity. It has been my desire to retire these bonds as fast as there was surplus funds in the Treasury, which could be applied to their redemption, without waiting for them to mature; but they being payable—principal and interest—in New York, the holders have had no correspondence with this office, and I have not been able to ascertain where or by whom they are held; those already redeemed were found after much inquiry. I may add, that these bonds have been considered a very safe and desirable investment, and the holders have not been anxious to surrender them before maturity, unless at a premium.

RAILROAD TAX.

There has been received from Railroad Companies, tax on their gross earnings, for the years 1865 and 1866—and including

\$580.54, delinquent tax of 1865, due from the McGregor Western—\$79,268.10, one-half of which has been paid over to the several counties entitled thereto, and the balance transferred to the General Revenue. Of this amount collected, \$820.02 is penalty on delinquent tax. There is yet delinquent, the tax for 1866 due from the McGregor Western, amounting to \$2,130.32. The statute makes no provision for the payment of any expense incurred in the collection of this tax, and as, in cases of delinquency, its collection has been, and must necessarily be, attended with some expense, where roads are at a distance from the Capital, and especially where forced collections have to be made, I would suggest that some provision be made for the payment of necessary expenses incurred in its collection. I would further suggest that the time for Railroad Companies to make report of their gross receipts for previous year, be extended from the 1st to the 15th day of February, and that the time when the tax thereon shall become delinquent, be changed from the 15th day of February to the 1st day of March. But few of the Railroad Companies are able to file in this office properly prepared and certified reports of their gross receipts for previous year before the 15th day of February.

WAR AND DEFENSE FUND.

In accordance with provisions of Chapter 68, Laws of 11th General Assembly, my predecessor, Hon. William H. Holmes, closed the account with War and Defense Fund, transferring balance to General Revenue.

IOWA SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' HOME.

There has been received up to this date on account of the Iowa Soldiers' Orphans' Home Fund, \$58,646.28.

Section 8, Chapter 92, Acts of Eleventh General Assembly, provides as follows: "The Census Board, when fixing the rate of State tax to be levied each year as required by Section 743, of the Revision of 1860, and Chapter 24, of the Acts of the Extra Session of the Ninth General Assembly, shall include in the rate so fixed three-eighths of one mill on the dollar, tax for the support, education, and maintenance of the Soldiers' Orphans; and the Board of Supervisors of the several counties shall levy the said tax as a part of the State tax for each year, which shall be collected

and paid into the State Treasury as other State tax; and whenever any State tax shall be received at the State Treasury from County Treasurers, the State Treasurer shall apportion the same between the revenue fund proper and the Orphans' Home fund provided for in this Act, in proportion to the rate of tax levied for each of said funds, and shall receipt for the same accordingly," &c.

The tax to be apportioned between the Revenue Fund proper and Orphans' Home fund is tax of 1866, and years following, but not tax of previous years. And as the County Treasurers make no report to this office of their collections, I have had no means of ascertaining what proportion of the several amounts received from County Treasurers was tax of 1866, and what proportion was tax of previous years. At the earliest moment practicable, I addressed a circular letter to the Treasurers of the several counties, requesting them when making payments to me, to report what proportion of the amount paid was tax of 1866. But few however have complied with my request, and I have been compelled to the assumption generally, that the tax received, was tax of 1866, not knowing what, if any, part of it was tax of previous years, and have so apportioned it. As additional legislation is necessary to the carrying out of the provisions of this statute, I would suggest that the Iowa Soldiers' Orphans' Home be placed upon the same footing and receive the same munificent support as our other State institutions.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS.

There has been deposited in the Treasury the sum of \$2,540.00, for the use of the Keokuk, Fort Des Moines & Minnesota Railroad Company, when they become entitled thereto, under the provisions of Chapter 108, Laws of Tenth General Assembly; or for the benefit of the party entitled thereto, as per joint resolution No. 15, of the same General Assembly.

The healthy and prosperous condition of the State finances is a matter of congratulation to all her citizens. As is shown by the foregoing exhibit and remarks, not only has the bonded debt of the State been greatly reduced, but the Treasury is abundantly able to redeem all outstanding warrants drawn upon the War and Defense Fund and General Revenue, including all the appropriations made by the General Assembly for the support of our State Insti-

tutions. And this satisfactory condition of the finances of the State has been brought about without having resort to oppressive taxation. This is especially gratifying at this time, when remembering the promptness and liberality with which the State contributed of her men and money to aid in maintaining the nationality and political integrity of the General Government, and in defending it against those who were compassing its destruction, and that from this conflict, which has drawn so heavily upon her resources, the State is but just emerging.

For a more full and detailed account of the Receipts and Disbursements, and the condition of the several funds, you are referred to the Tabular Statements hereto appended.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

SAM'L E. RANKIN, Treasurer of State.

TABULAR STATEMENTS.

- "A"**—Quarterly Statement of Receipts and Disbursements from the 5th day of November, 1865, to the 6th day of January, 1867, inclusive.
- "B"**—Quarterly Statement of Receipts and Disbursements from the 7th day of January, 1867, to the 2d day of November, 1867, inclusive.
- "C"**—Quarterly Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of War and Defense Fund, from the 5th day of November, 1865, to the 2d day of June, 1866, inclusive.
- "D"**—Quarterly Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of Permanent School Fund, from November 5th, 1865, to January 6th, 1867, inclusive.
- "E"**—Quarterly Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of Permanent School Fund, from the 7th day of January, 1867, to the 2d day of November, 1867, inclusive.
- "F"**—Quarterly Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of Temporary School Fund, from the 5th day of November, 1865, to the 6th day of January, 1867, inclusive.
- "G"**—Quarterly Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of Temporary School Fund, from the 7th day of January, 1867, to the 2d day of November, 1867, inclusive.
- "H"**—Quarterly Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of Swamp Land Indemnity Fund, from the 5th day of November, 1865, to the 6th day of January, 1867, inclusive.
- "I"**—Quarterly Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of Swamp Land Indemnity Fund, from the 7th day of January, 1867, to the 2d day of November, 1867, inclusive.
- "K"**—Quarterly Statement of Interest paid on Iowa State Bonds, from the 5th day of November, 1865, to the 6th day of January, 1867, inclusive.

- "L"**—Quarterly Statement of Interest paid on Iowa State Bonds, from the 7th day of January, 1867, to the 2d day of November, 1867, inclusive.
- "M"**—Quarterly Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of Dictionary Fund, from the 5th day of November, 1865, to the 6th day of January, 1867, inclusive.
- "N"**—Quarterly Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of Dictionary Fund, from the 7th day of January, 1867, to the 2d day of November, 1867, inclusive.
- "O"**—Quarterly Statement of Tax on Gross Earnings of Railroad Companies, received and disbursed from November 5, 1865, to January 6, 1867.
- "P"**—Quarterly Statement of Tax on Gross Earnings of Railroad Companies, received and disbursed from January 7, 1867, to November 2, 1867, inclusive.
- "Q"**—Statement of Gross Earnings of Railroad Companies for the years 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, and 1866, and Tax thereon for each year.
- "R"**—Statement of number of miles of Railroad on the 31st days of December, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, and 1866, and the average Gross Earnings per mile during each year.
- "S"**—Statement showing amount of Iowa State Bonds due January 1, 1868, redeemed from November 5, 1865, to January 6, 1867, inclusive.
- "T"**—Statement showing amount of Iowa State Bonds due January 1, 1868, redeemed from January 7, 1867, to November 2, 1867, inclusive.
- "U"**—Statement of Treasurer's Contingent Fund.
- "V"**—General Balance.

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

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(STATEMENT "A.")

WM. H. HOLMES in account with the State of Iowa, from November 4, 1865, to January 7, 1867.

GENERAL REVENUE.

1865.		DR.	
Nov. 4.	To balance in Treasury.....	886,093.47	
1866.			
Mar. 3.	To cash received during the qr. ending this day	157,509.61	493,603.08
		CR.	
Mar. 8.	By warrants received during quarter ending this day..	107,586.92	
Mar. 3.	By interest paid on same	1.30	
Mar. 3.	By General Revenue receipt canceled	100.00	
Mar. 3.	By balance to next quarter.....	385,914.86	493,603.08
		DR.	
Mar. 5.	To balance brought forward.....	385,914.86	
June 2.	To cash received during quarter ending this day.	199,235.37	585,150.23
		CR.	
June 2.	By warrants received during qr. ending this day	201,206.58	
June 2.	By War and Defense Fund warrants redeemed...	313,273.63	
June 2.	By balance to next quarter.....	70,670.02	585,150.23
		DR.	
June 4.	To balance brought forward.....	70,670.02	
Sept. 1.	To cash received during quarter ending this day.	92,986.69	163,656.71
		CR.	
Sept. 1.	By warrants redeemed during qr. ending this day	145,307.45	
Sept. 1.	By War and Defense Fund warrants redeemed..	179.17	
Sept. 1.	By interest paid on same.....	1.58	
Sept. 1.	By balance to next quarter.....	18,168.51	163,656.71
		DR.	
Sept. 3.	To balance brought forward.....	18,168.51	
Nov. 8.	To cash received during quarter ending this day.	69,323.13	87,491.64
		CR.	
Nov. 3.	By warrants redeemed during qr. ending this day	70,586.97	
Nov. 3.	By War and Defense Fund warrants redeemed...	47.23	
Nov. 3.	By interest paid on same.....	67	
Nov. 3.	By General Revenue receipt canceled.	64.00	
Nov. 3.	By balance to next quarter.....	16,792.77	87,491.64
		DR.	
Nov. 5.	To balance brought forward.....	16,792.77	
1867.			
Jan. 5.	To cash received during quarter ending this day.	77,996.19	
Jan. 5.	To cash overdrawn.....	851.58	95,640.54
		CR.	
Jan. 5.	By warrants redeemed during qr. ending this day	95,578.19	
Jan. 5.	By War and Defense Fund Warrants redeemed..	62.85	95,640.54

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

(STATEMENT "B.")

SAMUEL E. RANKIN in account with the State of Iowa, from January 7, 1867, to November 2, 1867, inclusive.

GENERAL REVENUE.

1867.	DR.	
Mar. 2.	To cash received during quarter ending this day..	<u>\$92,695.46— 92,695.46</u>
	CR.	
Jan. 7.	By amount overpaid by predecessor.....	851.88
Mar. 2.	By warrants redeemed during quarter ending this day	65,576.58
Mar. 2.	By interest paid on same.	109.16
Mar. 2.	By War and Defense Fund warrants redeemed...	266.63
Mar. 2.	By interest paid on same.....	11.89
Mar. 2.	By balance to next quarter.....	<u>25,879.88— 92,695.46</u>
	DR.	
Mar. 4.	To balance brought forward.....	25,879.88
June 1.	To cash received during quarter ending this day..	<u>127,133.21—153,012.59</u>
	CR.	
June 1.	By warrants redeemed during quarter ending this day.....	128,854.55
June 1.	By War and Defense Fund Warrants redeemed..	8.88
June 1.	By balance to next quarter.....	<u>29,649.16—153,012.59</u>
	DR.	
June 3.	To balance brought forward.....	29,649.16
Aug. 31.	To cash received during quarter ending this day..	<u>124,197.20—153,846.35</u>
	CR.	
Aug. 31.	By warrants redeemed during quarter ending this day	104,514.83
Aug. 31.	By War and Defense Fund Warrants redeemed..	85.00
Aug. 31.	By interest paid on same.....	1.45
Aug. 31.	By balance to next quarter.....	<u>49,295.58—153,846.35</u>
	DR.	
Sept. 2.	To balance brought forward.....	49,295.58
Nov. 2.	To cash received during quarter ending this day..	<u>126,742.32—176,037.90</u>
	CR.	
Nov. 2.	By warrants redeemed during quarter ending this day.....	93,903.42
Nov. 2.	By General Revenue Receipt canceled	20.00
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury.....	<u>82,114.48—176,037.90</u>

RECAPITULATION.

1865.		
Nov. 4.	To balance in Treasury	336,093.47
1867.		
Nov. 2.	To total amount of receipts	<u>1,067,819.18—1,403,912.65</u>
Nov. 2.	By total amount of disbursements.....	1,321,798.17
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury	<u>82,114.48—1,403,912.65</u>

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

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(STATEMENT "C.")

Wm. H. HOLMES, in account with the State of Iowa, from Nov. 4, 1865, to June 2, 1866, inclusive.

WAR AND DEFENSE FUND.

1866.	DR.	
Mar. 8.	To cash received during quarter ending this day	\$ 5,415.73
Mar. 8.	To balance overdrawn from General Revenue.	814,300.41— 819,716.14
	CR.	
Mar. 8.	By warrants redeemed during qr. ending this day	8,673.25
Mar. 8.	By interest paid on same.....	4.45
Mar. 8.	By re-issued warrants redeemed.....	32.65
1865.		
Nov. 4.	By balance overdrawn from last quarter.....	811,005.79— 819,716.14
1866.	DR.	
June 2.	To cash received during quarter ending this day	2,474.79
June 2.	To amt. transferred to General Revenue account	813,273.63— 815,748.42
	CR.	
June 2.	By warrants redeemed during qr. ending this day	1,443.88
June 2.	By interest paid on same.....	4.68
Mar. 8.	By balance overdrawn from last quarter.....	814,300.41— 815,148.42

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

(STATEMENT "D.")

WM. H. HOLMES, in account with the State of Iowa, from November 4, 1865,
to January 7, 1867.

PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND.

1865.	DR.		
Nov. 13.	To cash received of J. Tracy, District Attorney, on Eads' loan	\$ 2,000.00	
Dec. 5.	To cash received of Nat. State Bank, Dubuque..	8.75	
Dec. 16.	To cash received of National Bank, McGregor...	3.75	
1866.			
June 25.	To cash received of Thompson & Tiffany, on Eads' loan	1,000.00	
Nov. 30.	To cash rec'd of J. Tracy, Dist. Att'y, on Eads' loan	630.00—	3,642.50
	CR.		
1865.			
Nov. 4.	By balance over drawn	1.49	
Nov. 12.	By U. S. Seven-Thirty Bonds purchased	2,000.00	
1866.			
Feb. 10.	By premium paid on above bonds	3.75	
July 5.	By U. S. Seven-Thirty Bonds purchased.	1,000.00	
1867.			
Jan. 7.	By cash paid successor	637.26—	3,642.50

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

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(STATEMENT "E.")

SAMUEL E. RANKIN in account with the State of Iowa, from January 7, 1867,
to November 2, 1867, inclusive.

PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND.

1867.	DR.	
Jan. 7.	To cash received of predecessor, W. H. Holmes	637.26
Jan. 21.	To cash received of Humboldt county	156.08
Feb. 25.	To cash rec'd of J. Tracy, Dist. Att'y, Eads' loan	207.80
Mar. 5.	To cash rec'd of J. Tracy, Dist. Att'y, Eads' loan	1,236.95
May 15.	To cash rec'd of J. Tracy, Dist. Att'y, Eads' loan	2,000.00
May 31.	To cash rec'd of J. Tracy, Dist. Att'y, Eads' loan	600.00
July 31.	To cash rec'd of J. Tracy, Dist. Att'y, Eads' loan	1,250.00
Sep. 2.	To cash rec'd of J. Tracy, Dist. Att'y, Eads' loan	1,500.00
Oct. 23.	To cash received of Henry O'Conner, Attorney..	
	General, Eads' loan	538.85— 8,126.94
	CR.	
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury	8,126.94— 8,126.94
	RECAPITULATION.	
Nov. 2.	To total amount of receipts	11,182.18—11,182.18
	CR.	
Nov. 2.	By total amount of disbursements	3,005.24
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury	8,126.94—11,182.18

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

(STATEMENT "F.")

WM. H. HOLMES in account with the State of Iowa, from November 4, 1865, to
January 7, 1867.

TEMPORARY SCHOOL FUND.

1866.	DR.		
Jan. 25.	To cash received on 6, '81 gold coupons.....	600.00	
Jan. 25.	To cash received as premium.....	264.00	
Feb. 5.	To cash received from 7.80 coupon U. S. Bonds..	2,530.16	
Feb. 17.	To cash received from 7.80 coupon U. S. Bonds..	992.80	4,386.96
	CR.		
Feb. 12.	By cash paid U. S. Express Co.....	8.50	
Mar. 14.	By amount transferred to General Revenue.	4,888.46	4,886.96
	DR.		
May 31.	To cash received from coupon U. S. Bonds.....	15.11	
June 25.	To cash received from Thompson & Tiffany	500.00	
July 5.	To cash received from coupons U. S. Bonds	8.00	
July 7.	To cash received from 6, '81 gold coupons	600.00	
July 7.	To cash received as premium on said coupons...	822.32	
July 31.	To cash received from 7.80 coupons U. S. Bonds.	39.24	
Sept. 6.	To cash received from 7.80 coupons U. S. Bonds.	2,886.85	
Sept. 10.	To cash received from State loan.....	2,848.99	7,160.51
	CR.		
June 21.	By cash paid U. S. Express Co.....	8.50	
Sept. 10.	By amount transferred to General Revenue.....	7,157.01	7,160.51
	DR.		
Nov. 30.	To cash received of J. Tracy, Dist. Att'y, Eads' loans.....	36.44	36.44
1867.	CR.		
Jan. 7.	By cash paid Samuel E. Rankin, Treasurer.....	36.44	36.44

REPORT OF THE TREASURER OF STATE

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(STATEMENT "G.")

SAMUEL E. RANKIN in account with the State of Iowa, from January 7, 1867, to November 2, 1867, inclusive.

TEMPORARY SCHOOL FUND.

1867.	DR.		
Jan. 7.	To cash received of predecessor, W. H. Holmes..	86.44	
Jan. 8.	To cash received of 6, '81 gold coupons.....	600.00	
Jan. 8.	To cash received as premium on said coupons...	191 92	
Jan. 25.	To cash received from 7.80 coupons U. S. Bonds.	1,368.75	
Feb. 21.	To cash received from 7.80 coupons U. S. Bonds.	992.80	
Feb. 21.	To cash received from coupons State Bonds.....	700.00	
March 2.	To cash received from State Loan.....	5,108.19—	8,998.10
	CR.		
March 2.	By cash transferred to General Revenue....	8,998.10—	8,998.10
	DR.		
March 5.	To cash received of J. Tracy, Eads' Loan.....	47 18	
Mar. 19.	To cash received as premium on sale of 20,000 7.80 Bonds.....	1,200.00	
Mar. 19.	To cash received as interest due on said Bonds...	128.00	
June 25.	To cash received from coupons on 7.80 U. S. Bonds	91.25	
Aug. 6.	To cash received from coupons on 7.80 U. S. Bonds	1,277.50	
Aug. 29.	To cash received as premium on sale of 19,700 7.80 Bonds.....	1,576.15	
Aug. 29.	To cash received of 6, '81 gold coupons.....	600.00	
Aug. 29.	To cash received as premium on said coupons ..	228 86	
Aug. 29.	To cash received from coupons State Bonds.....	2,380.00	
Sept. 2.	To cash received from State Loan.....	1,105.25—	8,684.14
	CR.		
Sept. 2.	By cash transferred to General Revenue.....	8,684.14—	8,684.14
	DR.		
Oct. 2.	To cash received as premium on sale of 5,000 7.80 Bonds	312.50	
Oct. 2.	To cash received as interest due on said Bonds...	79.00	
Oct. 18.	To cash received as premium on sale of 20,000 7.80 Bonds	900.00	
Oct. 18.	To cash received as interest due on said Bonds...	877.87—	1,669.87
	CR.		
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury.....	1,669.87—	1,669.87
	RECAPITULATION.		
	DR.		
Nov. 2.	To total amount of receipts.....	80,849.08—	80,849.08
	CR.		
Nov. 2.	By total amount of disbursements.....	29,179.71	
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury.....	1,669.87—	80,849.08

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

(STATEMENT "H.")

WM. H. HOLMES, in account with the State of Iowa, from November 4th, 1865,
to January 7th, 1867.

SWAMP LAND INDEMNITY FUND.

1865.	Dr.	
Nov. 4.	To balance in Treasury.....	21,298.55
1866.		
Jan. 24.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Pottawattamie county.....	7,453.38
Jan. 26.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Guthrie county.....	204.40
Jan. 26.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Washington county.....	1,501.08
Jan. 26.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Dubuque county.....	825.21
Jan. 26.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Mahaska county.....	1,839.76
Jan. 27.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Buchanan county.....	1,922.22
Feb. 3.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Tama county.....	525.00
Feb. 27.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Muscatine county.....	2,721.08
Mar. 3.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Linn county.....	2,222.89—39,508.52
1865.	Cr.	
Nov. 20.	By cash paid Guthrie county.....	2,804.36
1866.		
Jan. 17.	By cash paid Fremont county.....	50 00
Jan. 24.	By cash paid Pottawattamie county.....	7,304.32
Jan. 29.	By cash paid Clayton county.....	240.28
Feb. 5.	By cash paid Louisa county.....	2,266.50
Feb. 20.	By cash paid Butler county.....	605.00
Feb. 20.	By cash paid Tama county.....	514.50
Feb. 1.	By cash paid Guthrie county.....	202.30
Feb. 6.	By cash paid Washington county.....	1,471.06
Mar. 3.	By balance to next quarter.....	24,050.20—39,508.52
1866.	Dr.	
Mar. 5.	To balance brought forward.....	24,050.20
Mar. 13.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Chickasaw county.....	5,392.03
Mar. 18.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Washington county.....	8,048.63
May 17.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Fayette county.....	2,468.76—34,959.62
1866.	Cr.	
Mar. 22.	By cash paid Washington county.....	2,987.63
April 21.	By cash paid Chickasaw county.....	5,284.18
May 16.	By cash paid Linn county.....	2,178.44
Jun. 2.	By balance to next quarter.....	24,509.37—34,959.62

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

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(STATEMENT "H.")—CONTINUED.

Swamp Land Indemnity Fund—Continued.

1866.	DR.	
June 4.	To balance brought forward.....	\$24,509.87
July 4.	To cash rec'd from U. S. Gov't for Benton county.	4,986.12
July 13.	To cash rec'd from U. S. Gov't for Shelby county	2,129.90
Aug. 1.	To cash rec'd from U. S. Gov't for Floyd county	4,007.91
Aug. 1.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Sac county.....	800.00
Aug. 1.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Delaware county.....	3,121.21
Aug. 1.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Black Hawk county.....	5,620.26— 44,674.77
	CR.	
June 20.	By cash paid Mahaska county.....	1,312.96
June 20.	By cash paid Black Hawk county.....	878.85
July 13.	By cash paid Shelby county.....	2,129.90
July 20.	By cash paid Benton county.....	4,886.40
Aug. 3.	By cash paid Butler county.....	18,618.15
Aug. 3.	By cash paid Floyd county.....	1,283.77
Aug. 9.	By cash paid Fayette county.....	2,419.07
Sept. 1.	By balance to next quarter.....	18,200.67— 44,674.77
	DR.	
Sept. 3.	To balance brought forward.....	18,200.67
Oct. 18.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Hardin county.	4,118.55
Oct. 18.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Hamilton county.....	4,616.50— 26,930.72
	CR.	
Sept. 12.	By cash paid Dubuque county.....	818.71
Sept. 12.	By cash paid Muscatine county.....	2,659.95
Sept. 26.	By cash paid Delaware county... ..	3,058.79
Oct. 6.	By cash paid Black Hawk county.....	5,507.80
Oct. 27.	By cash paid Floyd county.....	1,800.00
Nov. 2.	By cash paid Hardin county.....	620.32
Nov. 3.	By balance to next quarter.....	12,965.15— 26,930.72
	DR.	
Nov. 5.	To balance brought forward	12,965.15
Nov. 28.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Tama county....	2,200.00
Nov. 28.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Winnebago county.....	1,251.90
Nov. 28.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Grundy county.....	554.88— 16,971.43
	CR.	
Dec. 3.	By cash paid Hardin county.....	432.80
Dec. 4.	By cash paid Tama county.....	2,156.00
Dec. 19.	By cash paid Grundy county.....	548.88
1867.		
Jan. 7.	By cash paid Samuel E. Rankin, Treasurer.....	18,839.25— 16,971.43

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

(STATEMENT "I.")

SAMUEL E. RANKIN in account with the State of Iowa, from January 7, 1867,
to November 2, 1867, inclusive.

SWAMP LAND INDEMNITY FUND.

1867.	Dr.	
Jan. 7.	To cash received of predecessor, W. H. Holmes..	\$13,839.25
Jan. 10.	To cash received of U. S. Government for Audubon county.....	100.00— 13,939.25
	CR.	
Feb. 8.	By cash paid Hamilton county.....	3,600.87
Feb. 16.	By cash paid Audubon county.....	98.00
Feb. 26.	By cash paid Sac county.....	294.00
Feb. 28.	By cash paid Floyd county.....	893.98
Mar. 2.	By balance to next quarter.....	9,052.40— 13,939.25
	Dr.	
Mar. 4.	To balance brought forward.....	9,052.40
Apr. 27.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Ringgold county.....	16,737.62— 25,790.02
	CR.	
Mar. 27.	By cash paid Hardin county.....	2,981.45
Mar. 30.	By cash paid Hamilton county.....	923.30
Apr. 27.	By cash paid Ringgold county.....	16,402.87
May 15.	By cash paid Winneshiek county.....	1,226.87
June 1.	By balance to next quarter.....	4,255.53— 25,790.02
	Dr.	
June 8.	To balance brought forward.....	4,255.53
June 20.	To cash received of Wm. Baker.....	3.29
June 20.	To cash received of U. S. Government for Mitchell county.....	5,796.04— 10,054.86
	CR.	
June 25.	By cash paid Mitchell county.....	5,767.06
Sept. 2.	By balance to next quarter.....	4,287.80— 10,054.86
	Dr.	
Sept. 2.	To balance brought forward.....	4,287.80
Oct. 11.	To cash received from U. S. Government for Wayne county.....	3,390.18— 7,677.98
	CR.	
Oct. 25.	By cash paid Wayne county.....	3,322.38
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury.....	4,355.60— 7,677.98
	RECAPITULATION.	
	Dr.	
Nov. 2.	To total amount of receipts.....	109,840.80— 109,840.80
	CR.	
Nov. 2.	By total amount of disbursements.....	104,991.20
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury.....	4,855.60— 109,846.80

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

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(STATEMENT "K.")

WM. H. HOLMES, in account with the State of Iowa, from November 4, 1865, to January 7, 1867.

COUPON ACCOUNT.

1865.	DR.	
Nov. 4.	To balance in Treasury.....	\$ 824.48
Dec. 19.	To war'nt for 6 m'hs' int. on State Bonds of 1858.	7,085.00
Dec. 19.	To warrant for 6 months' interest on War Bonds.	10,552.50
1866.		
June 21.	To warrant for 6 months' interest on War Bonds.	10,552.50
June 21.	To war'nt for 6 m'hs' int. on State Bonds of 1858.	7,034.11
Dec. 24.	To war'nt for 6 m'hs' int. on State Bonds of 1858.	7,082.20
Dec. 24.	To warrant for 6 months' interest on War Bonds.	10,552.50— 58,588.69
1867.	CR.	
Jan. 5.	By Coupons redeemed of State Bonds of 1858...	13,615.00
Jan. 5.	By Coupons redeemed of War Bonds.	20,860.00
Jan. 5.	By bank commission for redeeming Coupons....	84.44
Jan. 5.	By balance in Treasury and Bank	19,024.25— 58,588.69

(STATEMENT "L.")

SAMUEL E. RANKIN, in account with the State of Iowa, from January 7, 1867, to November 2, 1867, inclusive.

1867.	DR.	
Jan. 7.	To balance in Treasury and Bank, received of predecessor, W. H. Holmes.....	19,024.25
Oct. 16.	To warrant for 6 months' interest on State Bonds of 1858.	7,000.00
Oct. 16.	To warrant for 6 months' interest on War Bonds.	10,500.00— 36,524.25
	CR.	
Nov. 2.	By Coupons redeemed of State Bonds of 1858...	14,000.00
Nov. 2.	By Coupons redeemed of War Bonds.....	20,989.50
Nov. 2.	By bank commission for redeeming Coupons....	80.69
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury and Bank..	1,454.06— 36,524.25
	RECAPITULATION.	
1867.	DR.	
Nov. 2.	To total amount of receipts.....	71,083.69— 71,083.69
	CR.	
Nov. 2.	By total amount of disbursement....	69,629.63
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury.....	1,454.06— 71,083.69

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

(STATEMENT "M.")

WILLIAM H. HOLMES in account with the State of Iowa, from November 4, 1865,
to January 7, 1867.

DICTIONARY FUND.

1865.	DR.		
Nov. 4.	To balance in Treasury.....	\$82.00	
Nov. 17.	To cash received from Grundy county.....	44 00	
Nov. 20.	To cash received from Guthrie county.....	72.00	
1866.			
Feb. 24.	To cash received from Kossuth county.....	12.00	
Mar. 10.	To cash received from Woodbury county.....	14.00	
Mar. 31.	To cash received from Johnson county.....	48.00	
June 6.	To cash received from Grundy county.....	15.98	
June 26.	To cash received from Black Hawk county.....	36.00	
Aug. 4.	To cash received from Council Bluffs National Bank.....	32.00	
Dec. 17.	To cash received from National State Bank, Du- buque.....	8.00—	313.98
1865.	CR.		
Nov. 2.	By cash paid G. & C. Merriam	148.00	
1866.			
Nov. 9.	By cash paid G. & C. Merriam.....	157.98	
1867.			
Jan. 7.	By cash paid Samuel E. Rankin, Treasurer.....	8.00—	313.98

(STATEMENT "N.")

SAMUEL E. RANKIN in account with the State of Iowa, from January 7, 1867, to
November 2, 1867, inclusive.

DICTIONARY FUND.

1867.	DR.		
Jan. 7.	To cash received of predecessor, W. H. Holmes.	8.00	
April 2.	To cash received of Wayne county.....	12.00—	20.00
	CR.		
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury.....	20 00	
	RECAPITULATION.		
	DR.		
Nov. 2.	To total amount of receipts.....	325.98—	325.98
	CR.		
Nov. 2.	By total amount of disbursements.....	305.98	
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury.....	20.00—	325.98

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

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(STATEMENT "O.")

WM. H. HOLMES in account with the State of Iowa, from November 4, 1865, to
January 7, 1867.

RAILROAD TAX.

1866.	DR.	
Jan. 18.	To cash received of B. & M. R. R. Co....	\$4,662 88
Feb. 2.	To cash received of C., I. & N. R. R. Co.....	6,818.88
Feb. 2.	To cash received of C. R. & M. R. R. R. Co.....	4,573.13
Feb. 13.	To cash received of D. S. W. R. R. Co.....	1,202.48
Feb. 14.	To cash received of M. & M. R. R. R. Co.....	7,801.14
Feb. 15.	To cash received of D. & S. C. R. R. Co.....	6,249.80
Feb. 15.	To cash received of C. F. & M. R. R. Co.....	398.57
Feb. 19.	To cash received of Des Moines V. R. R. Co.....	4,866.54
Feb. 28.	To cash received of McG. W. R. R. Co. (for '64)..	580.54
Mar. 23.	To cash received of D. & S. C. R. R. Co.....	160.47
Mar. 23.	To cash received of C. F. & M. R. R. Co.....	10.21
Mar. 29.	To cash received of McG. W. R. R. Co.....	191.63— 38,675.40
	CR.	
	By amount apportioned to counties, and paid, as follows :	
April 21.	By cash paid Van Buren county.....	646.84
April 21.	By cash paid Henry county.....	590.54
April 21.	By cash paid Iowa county.	500 65
April 21.	By cash paid Mahaska county.....	399.21
April 23.	By cash paid Des Moines county.....	528.72
April 23.	By cash paid Muscatine county....	1,022.16
April 23.	By cash paid Marion county.....	266 14
April 23.	By cash paid Jefferson county.....	808.10
April 23.	By cash paid Poweshiek county.....	542.37
April 23.	By cash paid Jasper county.....	223.91
April 24.	By cash paid Jones county.....	226 88
April 24.	By cash paid Tama county....	468.56
April 24.	By cash paid Marshall county.....	480.90
April 24.	By cash paid Lee county.....	475 25
April 24.	By cash paid Story county.....	462.40
April 25.	By cash paid Washington county.....	229.47
April 25.	By cash paid Delaware county.....	677.90
April 25.	By cash paid Linn county.....	1,184.75
April 25.	By cash paid Cedar county.....	1,382.93
April 25.	By cash paid Wapello county.....	993.36
April 26.	By cash paid Benton county	468.56
April 27.	By cash paid Clayton county.....	686.42
April 27.	By cash paid Boone county	184.96
April 27.	By cash paid Bremer county.....	94 89
April 27.	By cash paid Scott county	281.61
April 27.	By cash paid Black Hawk county	770.01
April 27.	By cash paid Clinton county	1,578.78
April 27.	By cash paid Johnson county.....	563.23
April 28.	By cash paid Buchanan county.....	587.15
April 30.	By cash paid Dubuque county.....	813.86
May 2.	By cash paid Winneshiek county.....	424.74
May 2.	By cash paid Allamakee county..	137.80
May 10.	By cash paid Franklin county.....	24.48
May 26.	By cash paid Butler county	611.64
June 2.	By amount transferred to General Revenue.....	19,387.73— 38,675.40

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

(STATEMENT "O.")—CONTINUED.

Railroad Tax—Continued.

1866.	DR.		
June 29.	To cash received of K., Mt. P. & M. R. R. Co....	758.05—	758.05
	CR.		
July 10.	By cash paid Lee county.....	379.02	
Sept. 1.	By amount transferred to General Revenue....	379.03—	758.05

(STATEMENT "P.")

SAMUEL E. RANKIN, in account with the State of Iowa, from January 7, 1867, to November 2, 1867, inclusive.

RAILROAD TAX.

1867.	DR.		
Feb. 2.	To cash received of D. & S. C. R. R. Co.....	\$8,148.56	
Feb. 2.	To cash received of C. F. & M. R. R. Co.....	583.54	
Feb. 5.	To cash received of D. S. W. R. R. Co.....	1,354.55	
Feb. 7.	To cash received of M. & M. R. R. R. Co.....	4,028.89	
Feb. 7.	To cash rec'd of Iowa Div. of C. R. I. & P. R. R. Co	3,329.51	
Feb. 7.	To cash received of C. R. & M. R. R. R. Co.....	5,028.89	
Feb. 23.	To cash received of C. I. & N. R. R. Co.....	6,511.83	
April 5.	To cash received of B. & M. R. R. R. Co.....	4,583.95	
Oct. 11.	To cash received of D. M. V. R. R. Co.....	5,802.71	
Oct. 11.	To cash received as penalty of D. V. R. R. Co...	696.82	
Oct. 28.	To cash received of K. Mt. P. & M. R. R. Co....	788.90	
Oct. 28.	To cash rec'd as penalty of K. Mt. P. & M. R. R. Co	88.60—	39,884.65
	CR.		
	By amount apportioned and paid to counties, as follows :		
May 25.	By cash paid Des Moines county	393.02	
May 27.	By cash paid Henry county.....	444.29	
May 27.	By cash paid Jefferson county... ..	586.68	
May 27.	By cash paid Wapello county.....	609.47	
May 27.	By cash paid Monroe county.....	233.54	
May 28.	By cash paid Story county.....	248.05	
May 28.	By cash paid Marshall county.....	263.24	
May 28.	By cash paid Iowa county.	445.63	
May 28.	By cash paid Jasper county.....	142.60	
May 29.	By cash paid Boone county.....	279.23	
May 29.	By cash paid Scott county.....	240.65	
May 29.	By cash paid Muscatine county.....	806.60	
May 29.	By cash paid Cedar county.....	1,112.99	
May 29.	By cash paid Linn county.....	1,093.98	
May 29.	By cash paid Poweshiek county.....	454.53	
May 29.	By cash paid Washington county.....	196.08	
May 29.	By cash paid Louisa county.....	838.68	
May 30.	By cash paid Clinton county.....	1,518.76	
May 30.	By cash paid Harrison county.....	270.82	
May 31.	By cash paid Johnson county.....	481.34	
June 1.	By cash paid Hardin county.....	820.53	
June 1.	By cash paid Benton county.....	253.11	
June 1.	By cash paid Tama county.....	258.17	

(STATEMENT "P.")--CONTINUED.

Railroad Tax--Continued.

1887.	CR.	
June 4.	By cash paid Dubuque county.....	\$950.62
June 4	By cash paid Delaware county.....	797.00
June 4.	By cash paid Jones county.....	244.81
June 4.	By cash paid Buchanan county....	698.04
June 4.	By cash paid Black Hawk county.....	918.44
June 4.	By cash paid Bremer county.....	135.46
June 7.	By cash paid Butler county	712.29
June 12.	By cash paid Carroll county.....	258.17
June 14.	By cash paid Franklin county	28.49
June 28.	By cash paid Greene county.....	248.05
July 10.	By cash paid Crawford county.....	321.45
Oct. 26.	By cash paid Lee county.....	599.90
Oct. 26.	By cash paid Van Buren county.....	599.90
Oct. 26.	By cash paid Davis county.....	10 02
Oct. 26.	By cash paid Wapello county.....	599.90
Oct. 26.	By cash paid Mahaska county.....	899.95
Oct. 26.	By cash paid Marion county	319.95
Oct. 26.	By cash paid Jasper county.....	899.95
Oct. 26.	By cash paid Polk county.....	819.95
Oct. 29.	By cash paid Lee county.....	418.45
Nov. 2.	By amount transferred to general revenue	19,867.38— 39,834.65
RECAPITULATION.		
DR.		
Nov. 2.	To total amount of receipts	79,268.10
CR.		
Nov. 2.	By total amount of disbursements.....	79,268.10— 79,268.10

(STATEMENT "Q.")

STATEMENT OF GROSS EARNINGS OF RAILROAD COMPANIES FOR THE YEARS 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, AND 1866.

NAME OF COMPANY.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	AGGREGATE.
Burlington & Missouri River.....	\$ 201,884 49	\$ 302,314 08	\$ 390,237 09	\$ 468,283 59	\$ 453,395 19	\$ 1,813,914 44
Cedar Rapids & Missouri River.....	29,894 87	103,002 13	236,189 92	451,310 86	502,339 80	1,822,797 08
Chicago, Iowa & Nebraska.....	168,177 64	236,400 33	425,860 80	681,383 81	651,183 88	2,163,005 91
Dubuque South-Western (formerly Dubuque, Ma- rion & Western).....	21,013 89	36,128 50	63,630 56	120,247 52	135,455 12	376,475 59
Dubuque	229,341 87	275,086 00	398,238 48	640,977 18	814,856 49	2,358,509 47
Mississippi						
to Iowa	265,425 63	348,808 34	603,209 32	780,113 68	635,289 63	2,582,646 00
Des Moines	170,119 66	227,024 03	318,395 88	466,654 01	580,270 76	1,782,464 84
Keokuk, Mount Pleasant & Muscatine.....	21,302 76	36,488 99	66,103 91	72,295 82	73,830 63	277,832 96
Iowa Southern (Fort Madison and Keokuk).....	2,886 03	3,474 15	51,834 00	181,638 80	213,082 34	448,505 14
McGregor Western .....	.....	.....	.....	40,878 16	59,353 57	99,231 73
Cedar Falls & Minnesota.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total gross earnings	\$1,100,346 34	\$1,570,546 55	\$2,558,699 91	\$3,871,788 43	\$4,118,006 35	\$18,223,382 56
Tax on gross earnings.....	\$11,093 46	\$15,705 46	\$25,536 99	\$38,717 83	\$41,180 06	\$132,233 80
						AGGREGATE.

(STATEMENT "R.")

Statement showing whole number of miles of Railroad, on 31st days of Dec.
1862, 1863, 1864, 1865 and 1866.

	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
Burlington & Missouri River	75	75	75	75	100
Cedar Rapids & Missouri River.....	70	83	98	122	248
Chicago, Iowa & Nebraska.....	82	82	82	82	82
Dubuque South Western.....	44	44	44	54	54
Dubuque & Sioux City	97	97	97	131	143
M. & M., (Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific)...	143	157	157	165	181
Des Moines Valley	90	90	114	129	163
Keokuk, Mount Pleasant & Muscatine.....	18	18	18	18	18
Iowa Southern, (Fort Madison & Keokuk)...	7	7	7	7	7
McGregor Western .....	.....	.....	35	50	50
Cedar Falls & Minnesota.....	.....	.....	.....	14	14
Total number of miles each year complete.	616	653	727	847	1060

	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
Average per mile, of gross earnings.....	\$1,800.88	\$2,405.12	\$3,512.65	\$4,571.17	\$3,884.91

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

(STATEMENT "S.")

Statement showing amount of Iowa State bonds due January 1, 1868, redeemed
by Wm. H. HOLMES, Treasurer.

1866.	June 2.....	\$ 4,000.00
	September 1.....	12,000.00
	Total redeemed.....	\$16,000.00

(STATEMENT "T.")

Statement showing amount of Iowa State bonds due January 1, 1868, redeemed
by SAMUEL E. RANKIN, Treasurer.

1867.		
Mar. 19.	Through Union National Bank, Chicago.....	\$27,000.00
April 4.	From Mount Holly National Bank, New Jersey.....	20,000.00
April 9.	From Davenport National Bank.....	4,000.00
May 4.	Through Union National Bank, Chicago.....	1,000.00
July 24.	Through Union National Bank, Chicago.....	3,000.00
Sept. 23.	Through Union National Bank, Chicago.....	1,000.00
Oct. 2.	Through Union National Bank, Chicago.....	2,000.00
Oct. 16.	From First National Bank, Dubuque.....	2,000.00
Oct. 28.	Through Metropolitan National Bank, New York.....	28,000.00
Nov. 2.	From Wm. Larribbee, Clermont, Iowa.....	10,000.00
	Total redeemed	\$98,000.00
	RECAPITULATION.	
	Total redeemed by Wm. H. Holmes.....	\$16,000.00
	Total redeemed by Samuel E. Rankin.....	98,000.00
	Total Bonds redeemed....	\$114,000.00

NOTE.—The \$34,000.00 redeemed at Union National Bank of Chicago were redeemed through Hon. Wm. F. Coolbaugh, without cost to the State, he refusing to receive any compensation for his services in looking up and redeeming the same, or for disposing of the \$25,000.00 U. S. Treasury notes, belonging to Permanent School Fund, converted by said Bank.

(STATEMENT "U.")

STATE TREASURER'S CONTINGENT FUND.

There has been paid out of this Fund for services rendered, as follows:	
Paid C. P. Holmes, Deputy Treasurer, from October 1, 1865, to January 7, 1867, at \$1,000 per year.....	1,269.40
Paid Isaac Brandt, Deputy Treasurer, from January 7, 1867, to November 1, 1867.....	814.60— 2,084.00
Total paid out.....	<u>\$2,084.00</u>

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

(STATEMENT "V.")

GENERAL BALANCE.

1865.	Dr.	
Nov. 5.	To balance in Treasury.....	\$ 336,093.47
1867.		
Nov. 2.	To total amount of Receipts in General Revenue.....	1,067,819.18
Nov. 2.	To total amount of Receipts on War and Defense Fund....	7,890.52
Nov. 2.	To total amount of Receipts on Permanent School Fund.....	11,132.13
Nov. 2.	To total amount of Receipts on Temporary School Fund.....	30,849.08
Nov. 2.	To total amount of Receipts on Swamp Land Indemnity Fund.....	109,346.80
Nov. 2.	To total amount of Receipts on Coupon Fund.	71,083.69
Nov. 2.	To total amount of Receipts on Dictionary Fund.....	325.98
Nov. 2.	To total amount of Receipts on Railroad Tax Fund.....	79,268.10
		<u>1,713,809.00</u>
1867.	Cr.	
Nov. 2.	By Disbursements of General Revenue.....	1,321,798.17
Nov. 2.	By Disbursements of War and Defense Fund.	7,890.52
Nov. 2.	By Disbursements of Permanent School Fund.	3,005.24
Nov. 2.	By Disbursements of Swamp Land Indemnity Fund.....	104,991.20
Nov. 2.	By Disbursements of Dictionary Fund.....	305.98
Nov. 2.	By Disbursements of Coupon Fund.....	69,629.63
Nov. 2.	By Disbursements of Railroad Tax Fund....	79,268.10
Nov. 2.	By balance in Treasury.....	97,740.45
		<u>1,713,809.00</u>

REPORT

OF THE

REGISTER OF STATE LAND OFFICE

TO THE

GOVERNOR OF IOWA.

NOVEMBER 12, 1867

C. C. CARPENTER, Register.

**DES MOINES:
F. W. PALMER, STATE PRINTER.**

1867.

REPORT.

STATE LAND OFFICE, }
DES MOINES, IOWA, Nov. 12th, 1867. }

To His Excellency, William M. Stone, Governor of Iowa:

SIR:—Complying with the order in which my predecessor prepared his last Biennial Report, in detailing the business of this office for the last two years, I shall consider:

- 1st—The 500,000 Acre Grant.
- 2d —The 16th Section Grant.
- 3d —Mortgage School Lands.
- 4th—University Grant.
- 5th—Saline Grant.
- 6th—Des Moines River Grant.
- 7th—Des Moines River School Lands.
- 8th—Swamp Land Grant.
- 9th—Rail Road Grants.
- 10th—Agricultural College Grant.
- 11th—The Five per cent. Fund Security Real Estate.
- 12th—Claims under chap. 16, Laws Eighth General Assembly.
- 13th—Miscellaneous.

As the very able and full report of Mr. Harvey, two years ago, comprises a complete history of the several grants, and a compilation or digest of all laws, State and national, bearing upon them down to that date; and, as some fifteen hundred copies of that report are now on hand and will be furnished to those desiring information upon the questions at issue in respect to these grants, it will be unnecessary for me to increase the expense of printing, &c., by reiterating the information contained therein. I shall, therefore, confine myself principally to the current business of the past two years, except where questions of public interest, upon which the information afforded by the position, may shed some light and dictate a departure from such a course.

You will, therefore, under the first head find:

1st.—THE 500,000 ACRE GRANT.

The following table exhibits the number of acres patented since date of last report, total number of acres patented, number of acres unpatented, and total number of acres in each county:

COUNTIES.	No. acres patented since date of last report.	Total No. acres patented.	No. acres unpatented.	Total in each county.
Adair	180.00	2,347.50	54.39	2,391.89
Adams	406.49	665.00	1,255.00	1,920.00
Allamakee.	985.00	66,075.67	4,115.56	70,191.23
Appanoose	40.00	2,080.00	320.09	2,400.00
Benton	480.00	10,399.07	1,382.73	11,781.80
Black Hawk	200.00	8,105.60	277.24	8,382.84
Boone	80.00	892.12	160.00	1,052.12
Bremer	343.12	17,653.81	1,466.75	19,120.56
Buchanan	100.00	2,085.69	399.75	2,485.44
Butler . . . . .	.....	478.51	.....	478.51
Cedar . . . . .	.....	4,676.92	2,135.52	6,812.44
Chickasaw	80.00	1,571.31	1,707.95	3,279.26
Clarke	195.80	12,856.28	3,152.72	16,009.00
Clayton	960.00	19,776.12	2,988.28	22,764.40
Clinton	120.00	19,763.41	1,371.94	21,135.35
Dallas	160.00	11,992.89	1,706.27	13,699.16
Davis . . . . .	.....	696.25	238.70	934.95
Decatur	958.07	36,057.72	4,402.84	40,460.56
Delaware	160.00	11,314.95	102.24	11,417.19
Dubuque	520.00	15,519.05	595.72	16,114.77
Fayette	327.17	29,133.00	1,127.21	30,260.21
Floyd	200.00	2,971.68	510.00	3,481.68
Hardin . . . . .	.....	1,320.00	40.00	1,360.00
Hamilton	200.00	5,848.03	4,466.37	10,314.40
Harrison	1,877.84	3,590.40	3,934.46	7,524.86
Iowa	2,150.33	17,065.03	6,911.04	23,976.07
Jackson	360.00	647.00	160.00	807.50
Jasper	80.00	1,674.94	.....	1,674.94
Jones	949.69	26,597.05	3,358.45	29,955.50
Keokuk . . . . .	.....	590.64	60.00	670.64
Linn	200.00	10,230.32	785.75	11,016.07
Louisa . . . . .	.....	640.00	.....	640.00
Lucas	80.00	640.00	.....	640.00
Madison	95.00	8,849.47	536.55	9,386.02
Mahaska	122.85	9,113.19	114.56	9,227.75
Marion . . . . .	.....	1,254.61	160.00	1,414.61
Marshall . . . . .	.....	6,035.89	79.97	6,115.86
Monroe . . . . .	.....	986.57	.....	986.57

COUNTIES.	No. acres patented since date of last report.	Total No. acres patented.	No. acres unpatented.	Total in each county.
Muscatine.....	80.00	80.00	277.33	357.33
Polk	200.00	2,425.17	.45	2,425.62
Poweshiek.....	320.00	4,620.75	8,094.49	12,715.24
Ringgold	59.74	314.95	292.25	607.20
Shelby .....	.....	.....	56.81	56.81
Story.....	140.00	2,927.38	682.26	3,796.74
Tama.....	240.00	8,847.57	2,802.87	11,650.44
Union	331.36	8,573.56	2,164.51	10,738.07
Wapello.....	.....	6,682.42	320.00	7,002.42
Warren.....	.....	5,259.05	384.92	5,643.97
Wayne	733.51	13,416.76	2,190.15	15,606.91
Webster.....	160.00	8,170.64	9,853.42	18,024.06
Winneshek	389.93	22,665.11	1,781.89	24,447.00
Total.....	15,265.90	476,179.55	58,989.31	530,355.96

2D.—THE 16TH SECTION GRANT.

The following table exhibits the number of acres patented since date of last report, total number of acres patented, number of acres unpatented, and total number of acres in each county:

COUNTIES.	No. acres patented since date of last report.	Total No. acres patented.	No. acres unpatented.	Total in each county.
Adair.....	200.00	845.00	9,395.00	10,240.00
Adams	460.00	1,860.00	5,820.00	7,680.00
Allamakee.	280.00	9,040.00	2,480.00	11,520.00
Appanoose.....	140.00	9,280.00	960.00	10,240.00
Andubon	35.00	476.00	7,204.00	7,680.00
Benton.....	670.50	11,866.60	933.40	12,800.00
Black Hawk....	455.00	6,036.15	4,203.85	10,240.00
Boone	1,040.00	5,100.00	5,140.00	10,240.00
Bremer	1,010.00	5,090.00	2,590.00	7,680.00
Buchanan.....	80.00	8,360.00	1,880.00	10,240.00
Buena Vista....	.....	.....	10,240.00	10,240.00
Butler	1,440.00	4,660.00	5,580.00	10,240.00
Calhoun	160.00	320.00	9,920.00	10,240.00
Carroll.....	2,160.00	2,680.00	7,560.00	10,240.00
Cass.....	200.00	440.00	9,800.00	10,240.00
Cedar	281.33	9,723.69	516.31	10,240.00
Cerro Gordo....	630.00	1,587.00	8,653.00	10,240.00
Cherokee.....	170.00	170.00	10,070.00	10,240.00
Chickasaw	320.00	4,120.00	3,460.00	7,680.00

REPORT OF THE

COUNTIES.	No. acres patented since date of last report.	Total No. acres patented.	No. acres unpatented.	Total in each county.
Clarke.....	160.00	4,720.00	2,960.00	7,680.00
Clay.....	.....	.....	10,240.00	10,240.00
Clayton.....	520.00	11,691.67	2,023.41	13,715.08
Clinton.....	783.50	10,686.24	2,330.53	13,016.77
Crawford.....	3,495.00	4,135.00	6,105.00	10,240.00
Dallas.....	345.00	5,596.80	4,643.20	10,240.00
Davis.....	40.00	8,840.00	1,400.00	10,240.00
Decatur.....	120.00	7,520.00	2,720.00	10,240.00
Delaware..	50.00	10,118.98	121.02	10,240.00
Des Moines.....	200.00	5,802.79	1,590.02	7,392.81
Dickinson.....	.....	.....	7,680.00	7,680.00
Dubuque.....	.....	11,006.10	230.00	11,236.10
Emmett.....	25.00	25.00	7,655.00	7,680.00
Fayette.....	520.00	7,800.00	5,000.00	12,800.00
Floyd.....	1,240.00	3,900.00	3,789.00	7,689.00
Franklin.....	840.00	2,470.00	7,770.00	10,240.00
Fremont.....	1,040.00	3,440.00	6,640.00	10,080.00
Greene.....	264.00	1,360.00	8,880.00	10,240.00
Grundy.....	520.00	1,320.00	7,640.00	8,960.00
Guthrie.....	880.00	3,280.00	6,960.00	10,240.00
Hamilton.....	320.00	1,440.00	8,800.00	10,240.00
Hancock.....	240.00	240.00	10,000.00	10,240.00
Hardin.....	520.00	5,680.00	4,560.00	10,240.00
Harrison.....	3,680.00	4,980.47	7,179.53	12,160.00
Henry.....	10.00	7,420.00	260.00	7,680.00
Howard.....	1,342.67	2,538.36	7,701.64	10,240.00
Humboldt.....	.....	1,373.12	6,206.88	7,680.00
Ida.....	320.00	320.00	7,360.00	7,680.00
Iowa.....	1,240.00	8,578.00	1,662.00	10,240.00
Jackson.....	237.46	10,836.96	293.29	11,130.25
Jasper.....	720.00	9,640.00	3,160.00	12,800.00
Jefferson.....	.....	7,550.00	130.00	7,680.00
Johnson.....	360.00	9,641.29	1,238.71	10,880.00
Jones.....	120.00	8,357.10	1,882.90	10,240.00
Keokuk.....	380.00	7,985.00	2,255.00	10,240.00
Kossuth.....	160.00	1,520.00	16,400.00	17,920.00
Lee.....	40.00	9,469.44	412.81	9,882.25
Linn.....	200.00	12,375.97	424.03	12,800.00
Louisa.....	.....	6,999.99	437.01	7,437.00
Lucas.....	400.00	5,820.00	1,860.00	7,680.00
Lyon.....	.....	.....	11,520.00	11,520.00
Madison.....	1,120.00	9,140.00	1,100.00	10,240.00
Mahaska.....	320.00	10,207.67	32.33	10,240.00
Marion.....	120.00	8,720.00	1,520.00	10,240.00

COUNTIES.	No. acres patented since date of last report.	Total No. acres patented.	No. acres unpatented.	Total in each county.
Marshall.....	480.00	8,200.00	2,040.00	10,240.00
Mills.....	1,240.00	4,200.00	3,800.00	8,000.00
Mitchell.....	640.00	6,760.00	3,480.00	10,240.00
Monona.....	1,168.62	1,323.31	14,465.43	15,788.74
Monroe.....	80.00	7,320.00	360.00	7,680.00
Montgomery.....	.....	2,560.00	5,120.00	7,680.00
Muscatine.....	380.00	7,216.75	720.08	7,936.83
O'Brien.....	.....	.....	10,240.00	10,240.00
Osceola.....	.....	.....	7,680.00	7,680.00
Page.....	440.00	2,940.00	7,300.00	10,240.00
Palo Alto.....	.....	.....	10,240.00	10,240.00
Plymouth.....	641.60	641.60	14,078.40	14,720.00
Pocahontas.....	.....	.....	10,240.00	10,240.00
Polk.....	819.21	8,329.14	1,910.86	10,240.00
Pottawattamie...	1,351.84	13,637.75	3,888.16	17,525.91
Poweshiek.....	360.00	7,360.00	2,880.00	10,240.00
Ringgold.....	1,270.00	7,260.00	2,980.00	10,240.00
Sac.....	280.00	280.00	9,960.00	10,240.00
Scott.....	.....	8,235.97	396.50	8,632.47
Shelby.....	520.00	1,400.00	8,840.00	10,240.00
SiouX.....	.....	.....	13,280.00	13,280.00
Story.....	400.00	4,000.00	6,240.00	10,240.00
Tama.....	2,360.00	8,740.00	4,060.00	12,800.00
Taylor.....	240.00	2,120.00	8,120.00	10,240.00
Union.....	775.00	2,325.00	5,355.00	7,680.00
Van Buren.....	241.70	8,236.70	2,003.30	10,240.00
Wapello.....	320.00	7,072.19	607.81	7,680.00
Warren.....	160.00	7,200.00	3,040.00	10,240.00
Washington.....	160.00	8,146.11	2,093.89	10,240.00
Wayne.....	520.00	7,940.00	2,300.00	10,240.00
Webster.....	400.00	4,816.67	7,983.33	12,800.00
Winnebago.....	520.00	800.00	6,880.00	7,680.00
Winneshiek.....	1,282.33	12,250.33	549.67	12,800.00
Woodbury.....	.....	160.00	15,520.00	15,680.00
Worth.....	320.00	1,000.00	6,680.00	7,680.00
Wright.....	80.00	1,440.00	8,800.00	10,240.00
Total.....	50,074.76	500,111.91	513,502.30	1,013,614.21

3D.—THE MORTGAGE SCHOOL LANDS.

This is the class of lands, which being mortgaged to secure the payment of school fund loaned and having been forfeited, was bought in by the State. It constitutes a class of school lands

which does not belong to either of the original grants, and from the fact that the business is transacted in the several counties, and no report of forfeited land made to this office, except when the county comes to sell and the party purchasing applies for a patent—it is impossible to report only that portion sold and patented.

I would, therefore, respectfully suggest that the Legislature make it obligatory upon the District Clerks in the several counties where this land is found, as fast as foreclosures take place, to send to this office either the Sheriff's deed or a certified copy thereof. By so doing this office would be constantly informed as to the number of acres accrued to the School Fund by foreclosures, and by having the Sheriff's Deed or a certified copy for record, would be enabled to keep an unbroken chain of title which, under present circumstances, is impossible. I have heretofore declined to make patents for this land until the Clerks furnished evidence, either by the Deed or a certified copy, that the land belonged to the State. But it seems to me, as this office is intended to be a depository of the records, showing the chain of title to all lands held by the State, that these titles should be recorded here as soon as acquired.

The following table exhibits the number of acres patented since date of last report, total number of acres patented, number of lots patented since date of last report, and the total number of lots patented in each county:

COUNTIES.	No. acres patented since date of last report.	Total No. acres patented.	No. Lots patented since date of last report.	Total No. lots patented.
Appanoose. ....	.....	.....	.....	1
Benton.....	145.00	747.12	1	2
Boone.....	40.00	40.00	.....	.....
Bremer.....	.....	320.00	1	1
Cedar.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Chickasaw.....	90.00	90.00	.....	.....
Clayton.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Clinton.....	40.00	92.00	.....	4
Dallas.....	.....	40.00	.....	.....
Davis.....	.....	40.00	.....	.....
Decatur.....	732.00	1,132.00	6	10
Delaware.....	40.00	243.72	.....	.....
Dubuque.....	40.00	90.00	4	6
Fayette.....	.....	50.00	.....	.....
Hamilton.....	.....	160.00	.....	.....
Hardin.....	60.00	80.00	.....	.....

COUNTIES.	No. acres patented since date of last report.	Total No. acres patented.	No. lots patented since date of last report.	Total No. lots patented.
Harrison	160.00	200.00	.....	.....
Henry .....	.....	80.00	1	3
Jefferson	40.00	40.00	.....	.....
Jones .....	.....	280.00	$\frac{1}{2}$	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Lee	93.00	93.00	10	10
Louisa	40.00	156.00	1	1
Lucas	80.00	80.00	2	2
Madison .....	.....	40.00	.....	.....
Mills	134.00	134.00	.....	.....
Poweshiek .....	.....	160.00	.....	.....
Ringgold	120.00	120.00	.....	.....
Scott .....	.....	76.80	.....	1
Story .....	.....	160.00	6	6
Washington .....	.....	267.00	.....	.....
Warren	84.00	84.00	.....	.....
Wayne	120.00	380.00	2	8
Webster	360.00	970.00	.....	.....
Winneshek .....	.....	80.00	.....	1
Total	2,418.00	6,525.64	34 $\frac{1}{2}$	66 $\frac{1}{2}$

4TH—THE UNIVERSITY GRANT.

The following table exhibits the number of acres patented since date of last report, total number of acres patented, number of acres unpatented, and the total number of acres in each county:

COUNTIES.	No. acres patented since date of last report.	Total No. acres patented.	No. acres unpatented.	Total in each county.
Appanoose	40.00	560.00	80.00	640.00
Boone	166.07	1,841.91	771.57	2,613.48
Davis	80.00	160.00	1,137.36	1,297.36
Dallas	382.72	382.72	189.35	572.07
Decatur	40.00	80.00	2,480.00	2,560.00
Hardin	440.00	8,112.74	2,212.80	10,325.54
Iowa .....	.....	325.68	320.97	646.65
Jasper	369.58	1,639.85	2,972.50	4,611.35
Jefferson	80.00	1,120.00	160.00	1,280.00
Lucas	79.79	2,199.32	2,346.12	4,545.44
Polk	120.00	1,777.94	3,416.25	5,194.19
Scott .....	.....	405.16	240.00	645.16
Story	440.00	2,675.89	2,545.51	5,221.40
Union .....	.....	289.79	398.41	688.20

COUNTIES.	No. acres patented since date of last report.	Total No. acres patented.	No. acres unpatented.	Total in each county.
Wapello.....	280.00	1,556.68	350.32	1,920.00
Warren.....	122.79	2,442.79	775.21	3,218.00
Total.....	2,640.95	25,533.47	20,395.37	45,928.84

5TH—THE SALINE GRANT..

The following table exhibits the number of acres patented since date of last report, total number of acres patented, number of acres unpatented, and total number of acres in each county:

COUNTIES.	No. acres patented since date of last report.	Total No. acres patented.	No. acres unpatented.	Total in each county.
Appanoose	802.79	8,268.72	4,590.56	12,859.28
Davis	280.00	280.00	360.00	640.00
Decatur.....	.....	2,160.00	400.00	2,560.00
Lucas	1,404.19	24,832.22	959.24	25,791.46
Monroe .....	.....	960.00	160.00	1,120.00
Van Buren.....	.....	640.00	.....	640.00
Wayne.....	145.31	1,277.61	1,213.18	2,490.79
Total.....	2,632.29	38,418.55	7,672.98	46,101.53

6TH—THE DES MOINES RIVER GRANT.

Since the Report of my predecessor, which is very full in reference to this Grant, and is unnecessary for me to recapitulate, a late decision of the Supreme Court of the United States has entirely unsettled the tenure by which the Railroads running east and west across the State, north of the Racoon Fork—the beneficiaries of the Railroad Land Grants of May 15th, 1856—held the odd numbered sections within five miles of the Des Moines River. Lands which, previous to the Supreme Court decision at the December term of 1859–60, (23 Howard 66, Dubuque and Pacific Railroad Company *vs.* Litchfield) were supposed by the weight of authority—in the fluctuating opinions of those controlling the Land Department of the Government—to belong to the Grant of August 8th, A. D. 1846. And as this decision gives a lucid summary of the many conflicting opinions in reference to these lands, is of vital importance to the State, and especially interesting to the people of

the Upper Des Moines Valley where they are situated, I insert it in full:

SUPREME COURT OF THE U. S.

No. 204—December Term, 1866.

Samuel G. Walcott, Plaintiff in Error, *vs.* the Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.

Mr. Justice Nelson delivered the opinion of the Court.

This is a writ of error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.

This is an action by the plaintiff, Walcott, against the defendants for breach of covenant.

The defendants conveyed by deed-poll to the plaintiff, on 1st August, 1859, the east half of section 17, township 88, range 27, situate in Webster County, State of Iowa, containing three hundred and twenty acres, for the consideration of \$3,040, and warranted the title. It is charged in the declaration that the title has failed, which is denied on the part of the defendants. This presents the main issue in the case.

On the 8th of August, 1846, Congress passed an act by which they granted to the Territory of Iowa, for the purpose of aid in the improvement of the navigation of the Des Moines river, from its mouth to the Raccoon Fork, in said territory, an equal moiety, in alternate sections, of the public lands, in a strip of five miles in width on each side of said river, to be selected within said territory by an agent of the Governor, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States.

The second section provided that the lands so granted should not be sold or conveyed by the territory, nor by any State to be formed out of it, except as the improvements progressed—that is, sales might be made so as to produce the sum of thirty thousand dollars, and then cease, until the Governor or State, as the case might be, should certify the fact to the President of the United States that one-half of this sum had been expended on said improvements, when sales again might be made of the remaining lands sufficient to replace this amount, and the sales were thus to

progress as the proceeds were expended, and the expenditures so certified to the President. Agents were appointed by the Governor, who selected the section designated by odd numbers, throughout the whole extent of the grant, which, as claimed, extended from the mouth of the river to the northern boundary of the State.

The lot in question is one of the sections thus selected and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, and duly certified by the Governor of the State to the President, according to the second section of the act, and was sold and conveyed, among other parcels of land, by the State to the defendants. The section of land of which the lot in question is a part was situated above the Raccoon Fork.

Some year and a half after the passage of this act a question arose before the Commissioner of the land office whether the grant of the odd sections within the five miles extended above this fork. He determined that it did, and that it extended throughout the whole line of the river within the limits of Iowa. It appears, however, that he afterwards changed his opinion, and on the 19th June, 1848, a proclamation was issued by the President, countersigned by him, ordering a sale of some of these odd sections, among other lands, lying above the fork, and which was to take place in the following October. On the attention of the Secretary of the Treasury being called to the subject he, after an examination of the act, determined that upon a true construction of it the grant extended above the Raccoon Fork, and directed that the odd sections should be reserved from the sale, which was done accordingly, and the State of Iowa duly notified. This was on the 16th June, 1849. On the 6th April, 1850, the Secretary of the Interior, whose department had in the meantime been established, and to which the supervision and control of the general land office had been assigned, reversed the previous decision of the Secretary of the Treasury, and determined that the grant did not extend beyond the Raccoon Fork. But he directed that the lands should be reserved from sale which were embraced within the State's selections. The question was then brought before the President, and was referred by him to the Attorney General, who differed with the Secretary of the Interior, and concurred with the Secretary of the Treasury. But before the promulgation of this decision the President (Taylor) died, and a new cabinet coming in—and among

others a new Attorney General—he overruled the decision of his predecessor, and affirmed that of the Secretary of the Interior. The cause was then brought before the new President and Cabinet, and the result is stated by the then Secretary of the Interior, under date of October 29th, 1851, which was “that in view of the great conflict of opinion among the executive officers of the Government, and also in view of the opinion of several eminent jurists which have been presented to me in favor of the construction contended for by the State, I am willing to recognize the claim of the State, and to approve of the selections, without prejudice to the rights, if any there be, of other parties.” Under this arrangement the Secretary of the Interior approved of the odd sections above the fork as certified, according to the act of Congress, till in December, 1853, the number of acres amounted to over 271,572. On the 21st March, 1856, the Commissioner of the land office again decided that the grant was limited to the Raccoon Fork, and the question was again referred to the Attorney General, who advised the Secretary of the Interior to acquiesce in the views of his predecessor, (a change having taken place as to the incumbent,) and to continue the approval of the lands as certified to him under the law, which was done accordingly. In the meantime, the improvement of the Des Moines River had been carried on by the State, and by the Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company, who, on the 9th June, 1854, had entered into an engagement with the State to finish the improvements, as contemplated by the act of Congress, and to expend for that purpose some \$1,300,000.

The question as to the true construction of this grant of 8th August, 1846, and in respect to which such great diversity of opinion existed among the executive officers of the Government, came before this court, and was decided at the December term, 1859–60. The Court held that it was limited to the Raccoon fork, and did not extend above it.—(23 How. 66, *Dubuque and Pacific Railroad Company vs. Litchfield*.)

Whereupon on the 2d March, 1861, Congress passed a joint resolution providing that “all the title which the United States still retain in the tracts of land along the Des Moines River, and above the Raccoon fork thereof, in the State of Iowa, which have been certified to said State improperly by the Department of the

Interior, as part of the grant by act of Congress approved August 8th, 1846, and which is now held by bona fide purchasers under the State of Iowa, be, and the same is hereby relinquished to the State." And, on the 12th July, 1862, Congress enacted "that the grant of lands to the then Territory of Iowa for the improvement of the Des Moines River by the act of August 8th, 1846, is hereby extended so as to include the alternate sections (designated by odd numbers,) lying within five miles of said river, between the Raccoon Fork and the northern boundary of said State; such lands are to be held and applied in accordance with the provisions of the original grant, except that the consent of Congress is hereby given to the application of a portion thereof to aid in the construction of the Keokuk, Fort Des Moines and Minnesota Railroad, in accordance with the provisions of the act of the General Assembly of the State of Iowa, approved March 22, 1858.

If the case stopped here it would be very clear that the plaintiff could not recover; for, although the State possessed no title to the lot in dispute at the time of the conveyance to the Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company, yet, having an after-acquired title by the act of Congress, it would enure to the benefit of the grantees, and so in respect to their conveyance to the plaintiff. This is in accordance with the laws of the State of Iowa.

But another act of Congress is relied on by the plaintiff, passed May 15th, 1856, as showing that the United States had already parted with the lands, of which the lot in question is a part, previous to this act of 12th July, 1862. It becomes necessary, therefore, to examine this act. It grants to the State of Iowa, for the purpose of aiding in the construction of certain railroads specified, every alternate section of land, (designated by odd numbers,) for six sections in width on each side of said roads, with the following proviso: "That any and all lands heretofore reserved to the United States by any act of Congress, or *in any other manner by competent authority, for the purpose of aiding in any objects of internal improvements, or for any purpose whatsoever*, be, and the same is hereby, reserved from the operation of this act, except so far as it may be found necessary to locate the routes of the said railroads through such reserved land, in which case the right of way shall be granted, subject to the approval of the President." This grant to the State for the benefit of the railroads, it is admit-

ted, covers the tract within which the lot in question is situate, unless excluded by the proviso. The question turns upon the construction of this proviso, and in reading it in connection with the act of 1846, granting lands to the State of Iowa for the improvement of the Des Moines River, and in connection with the serious and prolonged conflict of opinion that arose among the executive officers of the government, extending over a period of some eight years, and which related to the title above the Raccoon Fork, in respect to which this act of 1856 was dealing in the grant for the benefit of the railroads, we think it difficult to resist the conclusion that Congress, in the passage of the proviso, had specially in their minds this previous grant, and conflict of opinion concerning it, and intended to reserve the lands for future disposition, if the title under the first grant should turn out to be defective. The decision of this court had not then taken place, though the litigation was probably pending in the court below, in the district of Iowa. The words of the proviso point almost directly to this grant, and to the dispute arising out of it among the public authorities—"All lands heretofore reserved," &c., "by any act of Congress, or in any other manner by competent authority, for the purpose of aiding in any objects of internal improvements," &c. These improvements of the Des Moines River were then in progress. Now, if it had turned out that the true construction of the act carried the grant above the Raccoon Fork, then the lands would have been reserved by act of Congress, and no further legislation necessary. But, not satisfied with this, as if to provide for any result in respect to the title to them, if reserved in any other manner by competent authority, for the object of internal improvements, then the enacting clause should not operate to carry them under the new grant.

It has been argued that these lands had not been reserved by competent authority, and hence that the reservation was nugatory. As we have seen, they were reserved from sale for the special purpose of aiding in the improvement of the Des Moines River—first, by the Secretary of the Treasury, when the land department was under his supervision and control, and again by the Secretary of the Interior, after the establishment of this department, to which the duties were assigned, and afterward continued by this department, under instructions from the President and Cabinet. Besides, if this power was not competent, which we think it was ever since

the establishment of the land department, and which has been exercised down to the present time, the grant of 8th August, 1846, carried along with it, by necessary implication, not only the power, but the duty, of the land office to reserve from sale the lands embraced in the grant. Otherwise its object might be utterly defeated. Hence, immediately upon a grant being made by Congress for any of these public purposes to a State, notice is given by the Commissioner of the land office to the registers and receivers to stop all sales, either public or by private entry. Such notice was given the same day the grant was made, in 1856, for the benefit of these railroads. That there was a dispute existing as to the extent of this grant of 1846 in no way affects the question. The serious conflict of opinion among the public authorities on the subject made it the duty of the land officers to withhold the sales and reserve them to the United States till it was ultimately disposed of.

It should be stated, also, in connection with this proviso, that the improvements of this river were in progress at the time of the passage of the act of 1856, and had been for years, but was suspended soon after, on account of the refusal of the land department to certify any more sections under the act of 1846; and, as appears from the certificate of the Governor of Iowa, the sum of \$332,634.04 had already been expended by these defendants under their contract.

Judgment of the Court below affirmed.

D. W. MIDDLETON,

Clerk Supreme Court U. S.

From the foregoing decision, it will be seen, that up to the passage of the Joint Resolution of March 2d, 1861, the State, and consequently parties holding under it, had no title to any portion of the lands which had been certified above the Raccoon Fork under the wrong construction of the act of 8th August, A. D. 1846. It, therefore, appears unquestionable that parties residing upon the lands previous to the 2d March, 1861, are entitled to pre-empt their land under the laws of the United States, and should be protected by legislative enactment against harrassing attempts at ejectment while establishing their claims. It may be said that though the State had no title to these lands in 1858, when it made a settlement with the Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company, that any

subsequently acquired title would enure to the benefit of its grantees.

This may be true so far as intervening adverse rights do not interfere before the Act was passed under which such subsequent title was acquired. Although the State by the settlement of 1858, transferred these lands to the Company, the transfer was only such title as the State held, and of which the Company were well informed, by the laws of Congress and the numerous conflicting decisions of the Land Department, before the contract was made which resulted in this settlement and transfer. The State can in no sense be under obligation in the nature of a warranty, and of course is not legally or morally accountable for failure of title. And in view of these facts it seems but the fulfillment of a duty demanded by the principles of justice and humanity, that the State should protect the citizen, in every legal right possible, who, in addition to his struggle with the wilderness, is now brought in conflict with representatives of a powerful corporation by whom he is threatened with the loss of a home he has labored for years to improve, with the expectation that when these legal conflicts were finally settled, he would be able to purchase it, at the minimum price fixed by the Pre-emption Laws.

It is evident that all right of the Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company to lands held by Patent from the State under the several certificates of the General Government found in Tables numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, of the Appendix to the last Report of Mr. Harvey,—dated October 30th, 1851, for 81,707.93 acres,—March 10th, 1852, for 143,908.37 acres,—December 17th, 1853, for 33,142.43 acres,—and December 30th, 1853, for 12,813.51 acres, (this last amount being those previously approved as a part of the 500,000 acre grant,)—failed with the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, December term, 1859–60. The title of the State thus becoming void, it could convey none to a third party; therefore the title acquired by the Joint Resolution of March 2d, 1861, for the benefit of its grantees was the only title the State ever had, and constitutes all that could enure to its grantees.

The Tables marked A, B and C, exhibit the land obtained under this confirmatory act as held previous to the decision of the Supreme Court herewith published. Under this decision it is

alleged the lands within five miles of the River included in the lists of the several Railroads, running east and west, above the Raccoon Fork, will also enure to the Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company. A Table of these Railroad lands will be found herein marked "D," and by comparing them with the lists "A, B, C," it will be seen these lands were carefully excluded by the Department of the Interior in the preparation of the certificates under the Joint Resolution of 1861; as also are the 12,813.51 acres School land, in regard to the status of which there had been an unsettled question, finally determined by the adjustment with the agents of the State, of May 21st, 1866, in favor of the 500,000 acre grant. As all lands lying above the Raccoon Fork were no part of the original grant of 8th August, 1846, no confirmatory act like that of 1861, nor decision of the Supreme Court, can create a title superior to the pre-emption right of a settler, nor that confirmed and recognized by the United States Land Department in respect to the 12,813.51 acres on the 20th of February, 1851, when they were certified as a part of the 500,000 acre grant. And the certificates under the Joint Resolution of 1861, as shown by the one published in full, attached to the list marked "C," make careful reservation in favor of valid interfering claimants. It will also be observed by reference to the list "C," that after the final settlement made by the Land Department with the agent of the State, which was ratified as a finality, from one item of 11,661.80 acres, debited against the State, 509.35 acres have been deducted for pre-emptions not reported at the date of the adjustment. In this connection I also publish a letter from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, which indicates that it was the intention of that Department to withhold from the certificates under the Joint Resolution of March 2, 1861, all lands of the class referred to in this letter, and that, even though inadvertently certified, it is considered only a *color of title*, and not in *fee simple*.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, }
GENERAL LAND OFFICE, August 9th, 1867. }

His Excellency, Hon. Wm. M. Stone, Governor of Iowa, Des Moines, Iowa:

SIR:—Under date of March 10th, 1852, the S. W. $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 13, T. 86 N. R. 28 W., Fort Dodge Land District, was approved to the State of Iowa under the Grant of August 8th, 1846, for the

improvement of the Des Moines River. This selection was held illegal in virtue of the testimony, as being above the Raccoon Forks, under the ruling of the Supreme Court at the December Term, 1859, in the case of Dubuque & Pacific R. R. Co. *vs.* Edward C. Litchfield, 23 Howard, page 66.

William V. Gardner, of Webster County, Iowa, has established the fact by good and sufficient testimony, that he settled upon said tract in December, 1858, and has resided thereon ever since, cultivating and improving the same, except during the time of his absence in the military service of the Government. The improvements of Gardner, are worth \$1,500.

Said Pre-emptor having complied with the requirements of the Pre-emption law, my predecessor, under date of May 15th, 1866, approved Mr. Gardner's cash entry, No. 5,214, made at Fort Dodge June 5th, 1865, and embracing the above described tract. Subsequently, June 14th, 1866, said land was inadvertently approved to the State of Iowa, under the Joint Resolution of March 2d, 1861.

Under these circumstances, and in order that a patent may issue to said Gardner for the land in question, it is respectfully requested, that the proper State and Company authorities will execute a release of their color of title to the S. W. $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 13, T. 86, R. 28 and transmit the same to this office.

I am, very respectfully, your ob't. servant,

JOS. S. WILSON, Commissioner.

It may, however, be argued that these lands were a reservation, "reserved by proper authority," and as such the settler could not acquire an equitable title in them by virtue of settlement and improvement. But upon this question the following act of Congress appears to be in point, and the last proviso would seem to remove every doubt in reference to it:

AN ACT to extend pre-emption rights to certain lands therein mentioned.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled: That the pre-emption laws of the United States, as they now exist, be and they are hereby extended over the alternate reserved sections of public lands along the lines of all the railroads in the United States wherever public lands have been or may be granted by acts of Congress; and that it shall be the privilege of the persons residing on any of said reserved lands to pay for the same in soldiers'

bounty land warrants, estimated at a dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, or in gold and silver, or both together, in preference to any other person, and at any time before the same shall be offered for sale at auction. *Provided*, That no person shall be entitled to the benefit of this act who has not settled and improved, or shall not settle and improve such lands prior to the final allotment of the alternate sections to such railroads by the General Land Office; and provided further, that the price to be paid shall in all cases be two dollars and fifty cents per acre, or such other minimum price as is now fixed by law, or may be fixed upon lands hereafter granted; and no one person shall have the right of pre-emption to more than one hundred and sixty acres. *And provided further*, That any settler who has settled, or may hereafter settle on lands heretofore reserved on account of claims under French, Spanish, or other grants, which have been, or shall be hereafter declared by the Supreme Court of the United States to be invalid, shall be entitled to all the rights of pre-emption granted by this act and the act of fourth of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the public lands and to grant pre-emption rights," after the lands shall have been released from reservation in the same manner as if no reservation existed.

Approved March 3d, 1853.

For the purpose of effecting an adjustment between the State of Iowa and the General Government, the Eleventh General Assembly passed the following act:

AN ACT providing for the adjustment of certain land claims with the General Government.

WHEREAS, The excess of land certified to the State over and above the amount it was entitled to receive under the Act of Congress of September 4, 1841, known as the 500,000 acre grant, has not been re-conveyed nor satisfaction therefor rendered to the General Government; and

WHEREAS, The lands falling to the State, under the Joint Resolutions of Congress of March 3d, 1861, entitled "Joint Resolutions to quiet titles in the State of Iowa," and under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act confirming a land claim in the State of Iowa and for other purposes," approved July 12th, 1862, have not yet been certified or approved to the State; and

WHEREAS, The claims of the State against the United States, arising under the Swamp Land Grant, remain to a very great extent in an unsettled and unsatisfactory condition ; and

WHEREAS, The interests of the State, and her grantees demand a speedy settlement of all said matters ; therefore

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa*, That Josiah A. Harvey, Register of the State Land Office be, and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner on behalf of the State of Iowa, to adjust with the General Government all the matters and claims aforesaid.

SEC. 2. Said Commissioner shall proceed to Washington City, and present said claims to the Department of the Interior, and urge the same to settlement as early and as speedily as may be consistent with the interest of the State, and he is hereby authorized to adjust the said excess of the 500,000 acre grant, by permitting the United States to retain out of the indemnity land falling to the State under said Act of Congress of July 12th, 1862, an amount equivalent to such excess, *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to be a relinquishment of the claim of the State under the said 500,000 acre grant to the 12,813 51-100 acres selected as a part of such grant, and subsequently rejected from a supposed conflict with the Act of Congress approved August 1846, known as the Des Moines River Grant, and the said Commissioner is hereby instructed to secure a restoration of said selections as a part of the 500,000 acre grant, and a confirmation of the title of the State thereto, as a part of such grant.

SEC. 3. As soon as the claim or claims, or matters of difference, under any one of said acts, shall be adjusted, said Commissioner shall report the same to the Census Board, setting forth the terms and mode of adjustment, and said Board shall examine and pass upon said adjustment, so presented, and the approval of a majority of said Board shall make the settlement of said matters, or claims final and binding upon the State of Iowa. Such approval shall be in writing signed by the members of said Board, agreeing thereto, and attested by the great seal of the State of Iowa.

SEC. 4. Said Commissioner shall receive as his compensation two dollars per day for the time actually engaged in the discharge of the duties by this Act imposed, with his necessary expenses in

attending to the same, and his account for such time and expenses made out from time to time, or at the conclusion of his services as such Commissioner, and sworn to by him, shall be presented to the Census Board for allowance and if approved and allowed by them, the Auditor of State shall draw his warrant on the State Treasurer, who shall pay the same out of the General Revenue of the State.

SEC. 5. The amount of expenses incurred and paid out of the Treasury, as provided in the preceding section, in carrying out the provision of this Act, shall be approved by the Census Board, as nearly as practicable, *pro rata*, among the parties receiving, or entitled to receive, the benefits resulting from the adjustment of said several matters with the General Government, and the amount thus apportioned shall be paid into the State Treasury by such parties respectively before they shall be entitled to receive the proceeds or benefits of such settlement.

SEC. 6. All indemnity scrip received from the General Government and all swamp lands patented to the State shall be conveyed to the counties to which they belong, and all money and indemnity scrip received from the Government shall be placed under the control of the Board of Supervisors of the several counties to which they belong, leaving the counties thereof through their respective Boards of Supervisors to settle with their grantees.

SEC. 7. This act being deemed of immediate importance, shall take effect from and after its publication in the Iowa State Register and the Iowa Homestead, newspapers published at Des Moines.

Approved March 30th, 1866.

By virtue of the provisions of this Act Mr. Harvey as the Commissioner for the State, proceeded to Washington, effected a settlement with the General Government, of the Des Moines River lands and the excess selections of the 500,000 acre grant, and reported the same to the Census Board, which settlement was approved by said Board.

The following is a copy of the report of said settlement:

WASHINGTON CITY, May 31, 1866.

Pursuant to the authority conferred by the Act of the State of Iowa, approved March 30, 1866, "for the adjustment of certain land claims with the General Government," I, Josiah A. Harvey, Register of the State Land Office, and as Commissioner on behalf of the State, do hereby assent to the adjustment as herein stated,

the said adjustment to be held as binding and conclusive on the said State as provided in said Act.

JOSIAH A. HARVEY,
Register of the State Land Office,
and Commissioner on behalf of the State of Iowa.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., May 23, 1866.

To the Honorable Census Board of the State of Iowa, Des Moines :

Pursuant to the requirements of Chapter 79 of the Acts of the 11th General Assembly, I have the honor to report that I have consummated an adjustment with the United States, of the excess of lands received by the State under the grant of Sept. 4, 1841; also the lands confirmed to the State by the Joint Resolution of March 2d, 1861, and the lands falling to the State under the Act of Congress of July 12th, 1862, and transmit herewith for your approval a copy of the agreement containing the terms of said adjustment.

It will be observed that the State in this settlement is credited with the whole amount of land in odd numbered sections and lying within five miles of the Des Moines, from the Raccoon Fork to the Northern boundary of the State, determined to be 558,004.06 acres.

The State is then charged with the several quantities of land following, to wit:

1st. Indemnity land selected under special certificate dated April 25th, 1863.....297,603.74 acres.

2d. Remaining *lands in place* yet to be certified.....167,109.02 acres.

3d. *Lands in place* confirmed by the Joint Resolution of March 2d, 1861..... 44,838.64 acres.

4th. Lands selected and heretofore certified on the East fork of the Des Moines River and more than five miles from the Western, or main branch. 11,661.80 acres.

5th. The excess selected and approved to the State as a part of the 500,000 acre Grant under Act of Sept. 4, 1841..... 35,473.54 acres.

Making in all 556,686.74 acres, and leaving due to the State to balance the whole amount of the Grant, 1,317.32 acres.

For this balance a *special certificate* will be issued.

The 11,661.80 acres on the East branch of the Des Moines River, heretofore approved to the State as a part of the Des Moines River Grant, and disposed of by the State as such, are held by the Department under the decision of the Attorney General to be a legitimate and proper offset to so much of this Grant; hence they are charged to the State in this settlement.

The 35,473.54 acres charged in excess under the 500,000 Acre Grant (Act 1841) includes the 22,660.05 acres over and above the 500,000 acres which is embraced in the Book of Diagrams approved and certified to the State on the 12th of September, 1854, and which has hitherto been considered as *the excess*, and also the 12,813.51 acres, which were once approved as a part of the 500,000 Acre Grant and afterward rejected, and approved and certified as a part of the Des Moines River Grant. These lands have been known as the *River School Lands*. Notwithstanding that they have been disposed of as a part of the Des Moines River lands by the State, said Chapter 79 requires that they shall be included and certified as a part of the Grant of 1841.

Deeming it my duty to carry out the provisions of the law, regardless of my personal opinion as to their correctness or propriety, I have thus included these lands, thereby increasing said *excess* to 35,473.54 acres, and allowed them to be deducted from the amount of the Des Moines River Grant due the State, as the Department had determined.

The necessary and proper lists according to the terms of this adjustment will be made and approved by the Secretary and delivered to me or sent to the State.

In the preparation of these lists all lands which appear at the General Land Office as having been selected as swamp under act of September 28, 1850, and all tracts to which pre-emption rights had attached prior to July 12, 1862, will be excluded.

If, however, any of the tracts thus listed and certified shall be found to have been duly selected under said Act of September 28, 1850, and shall be shown by legal investigation to be swamp or overflowed, or to belong to the State by said Act, the Government will approve and certify other lands of like quantity in lieu thereof.

This adjustment, which I think is fair and just and should be satisfactory to the State, will when approved by you be a *final settlement* between the State of Iowa and the United States of all

claims under the Des Moines River Grant, as well as of the Act of 1841, except so far as valid and legally subsisting adverse rights may be found to exist to any of the tracts thus approved to the State.

The excess of the 500,000 Acre Grant (35,473.54 acres) thus deducted is by an agreement between the State and the Des Moines Valley Railroad Company (the beneficiary of the Grant) to be credited to said Company, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre in the satisfaction of claims against the State on account of the improvement of the Des Moines River. Said Company should therefore be credited on the claims they are under obligation to satisfy with the sum of \$44,341.67.

My authority extends only to settlement with the General Government. I have no power to carry out this agreement between the State and the Company. It is but just, however, to say that this settlement has been made with the United States with the full understanding that this arrangement should be carried out.

The Company through its agents, has for a long time been laboring to this end. The opinion and decision of the Secretary of the Interior, a copy of which accompanying Mr. Kilbourne's Report, made last winter, is herewith transmitted for your examination in connection with this adjustment, is the result of their efforts.

The labors of these agents (Messrs. Kilbourne & Mason) heretofore in the premises, have greatly relieved me, and enabled me to close up the settlement thus early. It is due the Company that this credit be given as soon as possible.

I hope, therefore, that this entire arrangement will meet with your approbation, and that you will, as I think you have the right, and may safely do, fully consummate and carry it out by giving said Company the benefit of said credit against said claims without delay.

Very respectfully submitted,

J. A. HARVEY, Commissioner.

Adjustment of the Iowa Des Moines River Grant under the Act of July 12th, 1862 and Joint Resolution of March 2d, 1861.

DEBIT.	ACRES.
The State of Iowa with the quantity of indemnity lands selected under <i>Special Certificate</i> , dated April 25, 1863	297,603.74
The <i>lands in place</i> to be certified.....	167,109.02
The lands in place confirmed by Joint Resolution of March 2d, 1861.....	44,838.64
The quantity selected on the East Fork of the Des Moines River and certified to the State under the original law of August 8th, 1846.....	11,661.80
The excess selected and approved to the State under the 500,000 Acre Grant of 1841.....	35,473.54
	<hr/> 556,686.74
Remaining indemnity due the State.....	1,317.32
	<hr/> 558,004.06

CREDIT.

The State of Iowa with the whole area of the Grant above the Raccoon Fork.....	558,004.06
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GENERAL LAND OFFICE, May 21, 1866.

J. M. EDMUNDS,
Commissioner General Land Office.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, }
MAY 22, 1866. }

The adjustment, as herein stated, is hereby approved.

JAS. HARLAN, Secretary.

THE STATE OF IOWA—*ss.*

The within adjustment, as stated, is hereby approved by us for the State of Iowa, June 20th, 1866.

W. M. STONE, Governor,	} Census Board.
JAMES WRIGHT, Sec'y State,	
JOHN A. ELLIOTT, Auditor,	
W. H. HOLMES, Treasurer,	

The item in the annexed adjustment of 35,473.54 acres being excess selections under the 500,000 Acre Grant to the State of Iowa, approved to said State February 20, 1851, includes 12,813.51 acres described as follows, viz. :

Parts of Sections.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Acres.
w $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$				80.00
all of				597.92
n $\frac{1}{2}$ of				320.00
s $\frac{1}{2}$ of				320.00
all of				609.18
n $\frac{1}{2}$ of				320.00
w $\frac{1}{2}$ of				320.00
nw $\frac{1}{4}$				160.00
w $\frac{1}{2}$ of e $\frac{1}{2}$, and e $\frac{1}{2}$ of w $\frac{1}{2}$				320.00
all of				605.92
n fr $\frac{1}{2}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$, and lots 1, 2, 3, and 4				241.56
s $\frac{1}{2}$ of				320.00
w $\frac{1}{2}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$, and sw $\frac{1}{4}$				240.00
ne $\frac{1}{4}$				160.00
n $\frac{1}{2}$ of				320.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ of				320.00
all of				640.00
lots 3 and 4				113.90
all of				618.40
ne $\frac{1}{4}$, and ne $\frac{1}{4}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$				200.00
lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and e $\frac{1}{2}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$				275.50
all of				604.25
w $\frac{1}{2}$ of				320.00
all of				640.00
all of				626.44
e $\frac{1}{2}$ of				320.00
w $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$, se $\frac{1}{4}$ and e $\frac{1}{2}$ nw $\frac{1}{4}$				320.00
se $\frac{1}{4}$				160.00
ne $\frac{1}{4}$				160.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$, nw $\frac{1}{4}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$, and lots 1, 2, and 3 ..				252.44
w fr $\frac{1}{2}$ of section, and ne $\frac{1}{4}$				468.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ of section, and n $\frac{1}{2}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$				400.00
sw $\frac{1}{4}$				160.00
w $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$				80.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$				80.00
s $\frac{1}{2}$ of				320.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ of				320.00
n $\frac{1}{2}$ of section, and se $\frac{1}{4}$				480.00
Total				2,818.51

Subsequently to said approval, the above lands were deducted from the lists as improper selections because found in conflict with the River Grant of 1846.

The above action of the Department, rejecting the above

12,813.51 acres from the original lists, was disapproved by the Secretary of the Interior, under date of February 28, 1865, hence, and in view of the annexed adjustment, covering the whole amount of excess selected and approved in 1851, the title to said above described lands is affirmed as enuring to the State of Iowa from the 20th February, 1851.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE, }
MAY 28, 1866. }

The above is respectfully submitted to the Hon. Secretary of the Interior for his approval.

J. M. EDMUNDS,
Commissioner.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, }
MAY 29, 1866. }

Approved.

JAS. HARLAN, Secretary.

Filed in State Land Office, August 2, 1866.

J. A. HARVEY, Register.

The General Government having retained 35,473.54 acres of the lands belonging to the Des Moines River Grant, under act of July 12th, 1862, in settlement for the same amount which was the excess selected under the 500,000 acre grant, the State Census Board has credited the Des Moines Valley Railroad Company (the beneficiary of the Des Moines River Grant) with the said amount of lands at \$1 25 per acre; as follows:

“WHEREAS, David W. Kilbourne, appointed and commissioned by the Governor of the State of Iowa to select the indemnity lands and to procure the certification of all the lands belonging to the Des Moines River Grant, under the act of Congress approved July 12th, 1862, found it necessary in order to procure the certification of the same to the State, to allow the United States Government to retain thirty-five thousand four hundred and seventy-three acres and fifty-four hundredths of an acre (35,473.54 acres) in settlement for the same number of acres, which were the excess selected and approved to the State under the five hundred thousand acre grant of 1841 over and above the said five hundred thousand acres.

AND WHEREAS, The said David W. Kilbourne did report to the Governor that the Des Moines Valley Railroad Company, late

the Keokuk, Fort Des Moines and Minnesota Railroad Company, which Company is the beneficiary of said grant, subject to the payment of certain debts against said grant and subject to other conditions would consent that said lands should be so retained by the General Government on condition that said railroad company should be credited by the amount of lands so retained at one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre upon the claims due the State against said grant as set forth in the ninth section of the act of the Legislature, approved March 28, 1864, granting said lands to said Company.

AND WHEREAS, The said David W. Kilbourne did report to the Governor that the General Government required the consent of the State of Iowa, by some duly authorized agent to the retention of said lands in settlement:

AND WHEREAS, The Legislature of the State did by an act entitled "An Act for the adjustment of certain land claims with the General Government, approved March 30th, A. D. 1866, authorize and empower J. A. Harvey to give such consent and make such settlement with the approval of the Census Board and to procure the certification of the lands of said grant to the State:

AND WHEREAS, said Harvey has given the assent of the State to the retention by the General Government of the said lands in settlement and has recommended that said credit be given to said Railroad Company on the said debts due to the State:

AND WHEREAS, The said Railroad Company by Hugh T. Reid, its duly authorized agent for that purpose, has assented to the retention of said lands for the purpose of said settlement; therefore the said settlement so made by said Harvey, with the credit so recommended by him to be made to said Railroad Company, is hereby approved, and in consideration of the consent given by said Railroad Company to the settlement of the said matter in manner aforesaid and in consideration of said Railroad Company agreeing and consenting that said thirty-five thousand four hundred and seventy-three thirty-four hundredth acres of land contained in said grant of which said Railroad Company is the beneficiary should be retained by the General Government for the purposes aforesaid and for the purpose of carrying out the said agreement on the part of said State with said Railroad Company, therefore it is hereby further ordered that said Railroad Company be credited on

said indebtedness and upon the claims which it is required to pay, and said Railroad Company is hereby credited on the said indebtedness with the sum and amount of said thirty-five thousand four hundred and seventy-three fifty-four hundredth acres of land at the rate and sum of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre being forty-four thousand three hundred and forty-one eighty-two hundredth dollars, to date from the 20th day of June, A. D. 1866.

{ L. S. } IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we, the Census Board of
the said State, have hereunto affixed our hands and
the seal of said State.

Done by said Census Board while in session.

W. M. STONE, Governor.
JAMES WRIGHT, Sec'y State,
JOHN A. ELLIOTT, Auditor,
W. H. HOLMES, Treasurer. } Census Board
of the
State of Iowa.

The following lists marked A, B, and C, exhibit all of the Des Moines River Lands IN PLACE which have been approved and certified to the State of Iowa under the Joint Resolution of Congress of March 2, 1861, and contain in the aggregate 55,991.09 acres:

"A."

A List of Des Moines River Lands IN PLACE approved to the State, June 14, 1866, under Joint Resolution of March 2d, 1861, in Fort Des Moines District.

Parts of Section.	S. T. R.	Acres.	Parts of Section.	S. T. R.	Acres.
all of.....	1	642.08	all of.....	8 80 26	701.92
sw $\frac{1}{4}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$	2	40.00	n $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sec. and se $\frac{1}{4}$	5 80 26	538.78
all of.....	1	640.00	ne sw.....	5 80 26	40.00
all of.....	1	640.00	n $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sec. and se $\frac{1}{4}$	9 80 26	480.00
all of.....	1	640.00	e $\frac{1}{4}$ sw.....	9 80 26	80.00
all of.....	1	676.88	e fr. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sec. and e		
e $\frac{1}{4}$ of.....	2	320.00	fr $\frac{1}{4}$ nw.....	25 81 26	885.42
all of.....	2	640.00	sw $\frac{1}{4}$	25 81 26	160.00
all of.....	2	640.00	all of.....	27 81 26	640.00
e $\frac{1}{4}$ ne and w $\frac{1}{4}$ n w.....	2	160.00	all of.....	29 81 26	640.00
e $\frac{1}{4}$	2	320.00	ne $\frac{1}{4}$, ne nw.....	31 81 26	320.00
lots 5, 6, 7, 8, and n $\frac{1}{4}$			e $\frac{1}{4}$ se and nw se.....		
ne.....	29 81 25	268.37	all of.....	33 81 26	640.00
all of.....	31 81 25	675.62	all of.....	35 81 26	640.00
all of.....	33 81 25	561.25	e $\frac{1}{4}$ ne.....	25 81 27	80.00
Total.....					12,209.82

Filed in State Land Office August 2, 1866.

"B."

A List of Des Moines River Lands IN PLACE approved to State, June 14, 1866, under Joint Resolution of March 2d, 1861, in Fort Dodge District.

Parts of Section.	S. T. R.	Acres.	Parts of Section.	S. T. R.	Acres.
all of.....		625.92	all of.....	16 87 28	640.00
all of.....		624.86	all of.....	17 87 28	640.00
all of.....		606.82	all of.....	21 87 28	640.00
all of.....		640.00	all of.....	2	640.00
n $\frac{1}{2}$	1	320.00	all of.....	2	640.00
all of.....	1	640.00	all of.....	2	640.00
s $\frac{1}{2}$	2	320.00	n hf ne, se ne, and		
w $\frac{1}{2}$ of se.....	2	80.00	ne se.....	2	160.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. and s w $\frac{1}{2}$	2	480.00	ne qr, ne nw, n hf se		
e $\frac{1}{2}$ of e $\frac{1}{2}$ and w $\frac{1}{2}$ of			and se se.....	8	320.00
w $\frac{1}{2}$	29 87 28	320.00	all of.....	35 87 28	640.00
all of.....	33 87 28	640.00	w fr hf Sec., and w fr		
all of.....	35 87 28	640.00	hf of e hf.....	1 90 28	409.75
s hf se, ne se, and			all of.....	3 90 28	642.18
lots 5, 6, 7 and 8..	1 86 27	326.89	all of.....	5 90 28	638.94
all of.....	3 86 27	574.46	n hf.....	11 90 28	320.00
n fr hf of Sec. and s			all of.....	3 91 28	637.42
w qr.....	5 86 27	487.58	all of.....	5 91 28	636.08
all of.....	7 86 27	629.60	lots 1 and 2 (e of riv)	7 91 28	32.00
all of.....	9 86 27	640.00	all of.....	9 91 28	640.00
n hf.....	11 86 27	320.00	all of.....	11 91 28	640.00
n fr hf.....	15 86 27	310.65	w hf ne, and nw qr.	18 91 28	240.00
n hf.....	1	320.00	s hf.....	18 91 28	320.00
e hf ne and sw nw..	1	120.00	all of.....	15 91 28	640.00
lots 1, 2, 5, 6, 7 and 8	1	272.80	all (east of river)...	17 91 28	626.60
w hf sw.....	1	80.00	lots 1, 2, 3, 4.....	19 91 28	188.80
all of.....	1	611.25	all of.....	21 91 28	640.00
all of.....	2	587.82	all of.....	23 91 28	640.00
lots 1, 2, 3, and sw sw	2	121.00	all of.....	25 91 28	640.00
e hf.....	3	320.00	all of.....	27 91 28	640.00
w hf.....	3	320.00	e hf Sec., and lots 1,		
all of.....	3	640.00	2, 3 and 4.....	29 91 28	616.25
w fr hf n w.....	8	97.00	lot 1 (west of river).	31 91 28	35.70
all of.....		627.88	all of.....	33 91 28	640.00
n fr hf Sec., se qr,			all of.....	35 91 28	640.00
and ne sw.....		508.02	se qr.....	27 92 28	160.00
all of.....	1	640.00	lot 1 (west of river).	31 92 28	30.00
all of.....	1	640.00	lots 3, 4, and s hf Sec	33 92 28	647.00
all of.....	1	640.00	w hf nw, and w hf sw	35 92 28	100.00
Total.....					89,628.89

Filed in State Land Office August 2, 1866.

"C."

GENERAL LAND OFFICE, }
OCTOBER 17, 1867. }

I, Joseph S. Wilson, Commissioner of the General Land Office, do hereby certify that the annexed, on pages 1 to 2 inclusive, is a

true and literal exemplification of the original approved list on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed
 { L. S. } my name and caused the seal of this office to be affixed,
 at the city of Washington, on the day and year above
 written.

JOS. S. WILSON,
 Commissioner of the General Land Office.

List of Lands selected by the State of Iowa, on the east fork of Des Moines River, under the Act of August 8, 1848, "for the improvement of the navigation of the Des Moines River," and confirmed by Joint Resolution of March 2, 1861.

FORT DODGE DISTRICT.

No.	Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Acres.
1	fractional section.....	5	91	27	599.67
2	all of.....	7	91	27	668.54
3	all of.....	5	92	27	691.80
4	all of.....	7	92	27	658.24
5	all of.....	9	92	27	640.00
6	w $\frac{1}{2}$ nw $\frac{1}{4}$	15	92	27	80.00
7	all of.....	17	92	27	640.00
8	all of.....	19	92	27	665.92
9	lots 1, 2, w $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$	21	92	27	805.10
10	and nw $\frac{1}{4}$				
11	all of.....	29	92	27	639.84
12	all of.....	31	92	27	668.68
13	all of.....	1	91	28	635.52
14	e $\frac{1}{2}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$	13	91	28	80.00
15	all of.....	1	92	28	690.80
16	ne fr $\frac{1}{4}$, n fr $\frac{1}{2}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$	3	92	28	564.44
17	se $\frac{1}{4}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$, e $\frac{1}{2}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$				
18	nw $\frac{1}{4}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$, and lots 1, 2 and 3.....	11	92	28	440.00
19	n $\frac{1}{2}$ of sect.....				
20	e $\frac{1}{2}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$ and nw $\frac{1}{4}$ of se $\frac{1}{4}$	13	92	28	640.00
21	all of.....	15	92	28	18.70
22	lots No. 1 and 2.....	23	92	28	640.00
23	all of.....	25	92	28	640.00
24	all of.....	27	92	28	65.20
25	lot No. 1.....	35	92	28	480.00
26	e $\frac{1}{2}$ of sec. e of nw $\frac{1}{4}$				
27	and e $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$				
Total.....					11.152.45

GENERAL LAND OFFICE, }
JUNE 18, 1867. }

I, Joseph S. Wilson, Commissioner of the General Land Office, do hereby certify that the foregoing, on page one, is a true and correct list of the lands confirmed to the State of Iowa, by Joint Resolution of March 2, 1861, in connection with the act of 8th August, 1846, for the improvement of the navigation of the Des Moines River — being the alternate odd numbered sections of land, formerly selected by the State, on the east fork of the Des Moines River, and making the quantity charged to the State in the final adjustment of May 21, 1866, (excepting five hundred and nine acres and thirty-five one hundredths of an acre, for interfering entries). They are now submitted for the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, subject, however, to any valid interfering rights which may have existed at the date of said Joint Resolution of March 2, 1861.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed
{ L. S. } my name, and caused the seal of the General Land
Office, to be affixed at the City of Washington, on the
day and year first herein above written.

JOS. S. WILSON, Commissioner.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, }
WASHINGTON CITY, JULY 8, 1867. }

Approved subject to the conditions and rights above mentioned.

W. T. OTTO, Acting Secretary.

Filed in the State Land Office, October 23, 1867.

C. C. CARPENTER, Register.

By the provisions of Sec. 4, chap. 108, acts 10th Session, the Governor is authorized to convey to S. H. Taft, ten sections of the Des Moines River lands *in place*, upon which he has located a colony, at \$1 25 per acre, the money to be deposited in the State Treasury for the benefit of the Keokuk Fort Des Moines and Minnesota Railroad Company (now the Des Moines Valley Railroad Company) when they shall become entitled to the same under the provisions of said act.

The Governor, on the 3d day of April, 1867, conveyed to Mr. Taft 1,674.95 acres, the proper amount of money having been deposited with the State Treasurer.

The lands thus conveyed to Mr. Taft, and which are all that he has as yet applied for, are described as follows:

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp	Range	Acres.
nw nw fr.....	1	91	29	46.51
ne nw fr.....	1	91	29	46.02
nw ne fr.....	1	91	29	45.53
se nw fr.....	1	91	29	40.00
sw ne fr.....	1	91	29	40.00
nw se fr.....	1	91	29	40.00
lots 1, 2, 3, 4.....	1	91	29	217.55
se.....	3	91	29	160.00
ne.....	11	91	29	160.00
sw sw.....	13	91	29	40.00
lots 2, 3, 4, 7, 8.....	13	91	29	242.67
s $\frac{1}{2}$ nw.....	23	91	29	80.00
se ne.....	23	91	29	40.00
ne.....	25	91	29	160.00
nw fr.	7	91	28	149.13
n $\frac{1}{2}$ sw fr.....	7	91	28	73.94
lots 3, 4.....	7	91	28	93.60
Total.....				1,674.95

"D."

A Table exhibiting the lands approved to the State of Iowa under the construction given to the Act of Congress of August 8th, 1846, previous to the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the case of the Dubuque and Pacific Railroad Company vs. Litchfield, together with such parts of said lands as have been subsequently certified to the State as Railroad lands, and which are not included in the lists of lands approved and certified to State under Joint Resolution of Congress of March 2d, 1861; also showing the Railroad limits, within which these lands lay:

CERTIFIED

Parts of f

sw sw	7 79 23	669.44	all	669.44	"	"	"
all	17 79 23	320.00	nw, n hf sw, sw ne, nw se	320.00	"	"	"
sw ne, nw, n hf sw, nw se	21 79 23	120.00	"	120.00	"	"	"
nw ne, n hf nw	31 79 23	232.00	w hf nw, w hf sw, se sw	232.00	"	"	"
w hf nw, w hf sw, se sw	31 80 23	43.75	lot 6	43.75	"	"	"
lot 6	9 78 24	820.47	s hf, lot 1, fr on left bank	820.47	"	"	"
s hf and fr on left bank	17 78 24	653.12	all	653.12	"	"	"
all	19 78 24	40.00	nw nw	40.00	"	"	"
nw nw	21 78 24	320.00	nw, nw ne, n hf sw, sw sw	320.00	"	"	"
nw ne, nw, w hf sw, ne sw	29 78 24	383.08	ne, e hf nw, nw nw, n hf se	383.08	"	"	"
ne, e hf nw, nw nw, n hf se	31 78 24	508.62	ne, n hf nw, s hf sw, se	508.62	"	"	"
e hf, n hf nw, s hf sw	1 79 24	40.00	sw nw	40.00	"	"	"
sw nw	8 79 24	188.45	nw sw, lots 5, 6, 7	188.45	"	"	"
w hf sw, lots 5, 6, 7	5 79 24	523.42	all	523.42	"	"	"
n hf ne, sw ne, s hf se, w hf	7 79 24	280.00	w hf ne, w hf se, w hf sw, se sw	280.00	"	"	"
w hf ne, w hf se, w hf sw, se sw	11 79 24	560.00	ne, e hf nw, s hf	560.00	"	"	"
e hf, sw, e hf nw	13 79 24	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	15 79 24	208.25	w hf sw, se sw, lots 7, 8, 9	208.25	"	"	"
w hf sw, se sw, lots 7, 8, 9	17 79 24	646.74	all	646.74	"	"	"
all	19 79 24	140.30	sw nw, w hf sw, lot 8	140.30	"	"	"
w hf s w, sw nw, lot 8	21 79 24	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	23 79 24	240.00	nw, w hf sw	240.00	"	"	"
nw, w hf sw	25 79 24	160.00	n hf ne, n hf nw	160.00	"	"	"
n hf ne, n hf nw	29 79 24	169.96	nw	169.96	"	"	"
nw	31 79 24	708.23	all	708.23	"	"	"
all	3 80 24				"	"	"

TABLE "D"—CONTINUED.

CERTIFIED UNDER D. M. GRANT.		CERTIFIED AS R. R. LANDS.		RAILROAD LIMITS.
Parts of Sections.	S. T. R. Acres.	Parts of Sections.	Acres.	
s hf sw.	7 80 24	86 61 s hf sw.	86 61	Mississippi & Missouri River Railroad.
all.	9 80 24		640.00	"
all.	11 80 24		640.00	"
sw ne, w hf, w hf se.	13 80 24	, w hf se, sw ne.	440.00	"
n hf se qr.	15 80 24	se.	480.00	"
ne.	17 80 24		160.00	"
e hf ne.	19 80 24	ne.	80.00	"
all.	23 80 24		640.00	"
all.	25 80 24		640.00	"
ne ne, n hf nw, s hf sw, se	27 80 24		280.00	"
e hf se, sw se lot 1.	29 80 24		129.41	"
w hf nw, ne nw, sw, lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	31 80 24		527.43	"
nw, w hf se.	33 80 24		240.00	"
e hf ne.	35 80 24		80.00	"
w hf sw, se sw.	7 81 24		127.33	"
all.	10 81 24		642.08	"
sw sw.	21 81 24		40.00	"
w hf sw.	27 81 24		80.00	"
all.	29 81 24		640.00	"
se.	31 81 24		160.00	"
all.	33 81 24		640.00	"
all but ne ne.	1 78 25		648.65	"
all.	3 78 25		617.12	"
e hf ne, sw ne, nw nw, se nw.	11 78 25		160.00	"
e hf se lots 6, 7, 8.	13 78 25		231.55	"
e hf se	23 78 25		80.00	"
nw ne, n hf nw, ne sw, e hf se, nw se, ne sw	25 78 25		440.00	"
n hf.	1 79 25		364.80	"
all.	3 79 25		681.70	"
n hf ne.	5 79 25		99.91	"
e hf nw, nw nw, e hf sw, e hf	9 79 25		520.00	"
all.	11 79 25		640.00	"

ne ne, e hf sw	18 79 25	120.00	ne ne, e hf sw	120.00	Mississippi & Missouri River Railroad
all	15 79 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
e hf ne, e hf se	21 79 25	160.00	e hf ne, e hf sw	160.00	"
w hf ne, se ne, w hf se	23 79 25	600.00	s hf, s hf ne, nw ne, nw	600.00	"
all	25 79 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all but sw sw	27 79 25	600.00	n hf, n hf sw, se sw, se	600.00	"
w hf ne, w hf se, w hf	35 79 25	480.00	w hf, w hf ne, w hf se	480.00	"
s hf ne	1 80 25	80.00	s hf ne	80.00	"
s hf ne, e hf se, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	3 80 25	497.21	s hf ne, e hf se, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	497.21	"
all	5 80 25	689.74	all	689.74	"
all	7 80 25	652.00	all	652.00	"
all	9 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	11 80 25	239.63	lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	239.63	"
lots 3, 4, 7, 8	13 80 25	180.18	lots 3, 4, 7, 8	180.18	"
all	15 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	17 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	19 80 25	653.04	all	653.04	"
all	21 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	23 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	25 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	27 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
ne qr, w hf, sw se	29 80 25	520.00	w hf, ne, sw se	520.00	"
ne qr, e hf nw, ne se	31 80 25	280.00	ne, e hf nw, ne se	280.00	"
all	33 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	35 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	3 81 25	616.55	all	616.55	Iowa Central Air Line R. R.
all	5 81 25	617.84	all	617.84	"
all	7 81 25	674.16	all	674.16	"
all	9 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	11 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	13 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	15 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	17 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
e hf, e hf nw, nw nw, e hf sw	19 81 25	529.17	all	529.17	"
e hf	21 81 25	320.00	all	320.00	"
all	23 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
all	25 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"
e hf ne, w hf nw	27 81 25	160.00	all	160.00	"

TABLE "D"—CONTINUED.

CERTIFIED UNDER D. M. GRANT.			CERTIFIED AS R. R. LANDS.		RAILROAD LIMITS.
Parts of Sections.	S. T. R.	Acres.	Parts of Sections.	Acres.	
s hf sw.....	7 80 24	86.61	s hf sw.....	86.61	Mississippi & Missouri River Railroad.
all.....	9 80 24	640.00	all.....	640.00	"
all.....	11 80 24	640.00	all.....	640.00	"
sw ne, w hf, w hf se.....	13 80 24	440.00	w hf, w hf se, sw ne.....	440.00	"
n hf se qr.....	15 80 24	480.00	n hf, se.....	480.00	"
ne.....	17 80 24	160.00	ne.....	160.00	"
e hf ne.....	19 80 24	80.00	e hf ne.....	80.00	"
all.....	23 80 24	640.00	all.....	640.00	"
all.....	25 80 24	640.00	all.....	640.00	"
ne ne, n hf nw, s hf sw, se.....	27 80 24	360.00	ne ne, s hf sw, se qr.....	280.00	"
e hf se, sw se lot 1.....	29 80 24	129.41	e hf se, sw se, lot 1.....	129.41	"
w hf nw, ne nw, sw, lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.....	31 80 24	527.43	all.....	527.43	"
nw, w hf se.....	33 80 24	240.00	nw, w hf se.....	240.00	"
e hf ne.....	35 80 24	80.00	e hf ne.....	80.00	"
w hf sw, se sw.....	7 81 24	127.32	w hf sw, se sw.....	127.32	"
all.....	19 81 24	642.08	.....	.....	"
sw sw.....	21 81 24	40.00	.....	.....	"
w hf sw.....	27 81 24	80.00	w hf sw.....	80.00	"
all.....	29 81 24	640.00	all.....	640.00	"
se.....	31 81 24	160.00	se.....	160.00	"
all.....	33 81 24	640.00	all.....	640.00	"
all but ne ne.....	1 78 25	643.65	w hf ne, se ne, nw, s hf.....	643.65	"
all.....	3 78 25	617.12	e hf, nw, e hf sw.....	617.12	"
e hf ne, sw ne, nw nw, se nw.....	11 78 25	200.00	e hf ne, sw ne, se nw.....	160.00	"
e hf se lots 6, 7, 8.....	13 78 25	231.55	e hf se qr, lots 6, 7, 8.....	231.55	"
e hf se.....	23 78 25	80.00	e hf se.....	80.00	"
nw ne, n $\frac{1}{2}$ nw, ne sw, e $\frac{1}{2}$ se, nw se.....	25 78 25	280.00	ne, e $\frac{1}{2}$ nw, nw nw, e $\frac{1}{2}$ se, nw se, ne sw.....	440.00	"
n hf.....	1 79 25	364.80	n hf.....	364.80	"
all.....	3 79 25	681.70	all.....	681.70	"
n hf ne.....	5 79 25	99.91	n hf ne.....	99.91	"
e hf nw, nw nw, e hf sw, e hf.....	9 79 25	520.00	e hf, e hf nw, nw nw, e hf sw.....	520.00	"
all.....	11 79 25	640.00	all.....	640.00	"

ne ne, e hf sw	13 79 25	120.00	ne ne, e hf sw	120.00	Mississippi & Missouri River Railroad	120.00
all	15 79 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
e hf ne, e hf se	21 79 25	160.00	e hf ne, e hf sw	160.00	"	160.00
w hf ne, se ne, w hf se	23 79 25	600.00	s hf, s hf ne, nw ne, nw	600.00	"	600.00
all	25 79 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all but sw sw	27 79 25	600.00	n hf, n hf sw, se sw, se	600.00	"	600.00
w hf ne, w hf se, w hf	35 79 25	480.00	w hf, w hf ne, w hf se	480.00	"	480.00
s hf ne	1 80 25	80.00	s hf ne	80.00	"	80.00
s hf ne, e hf se, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	3 80 25	497.21	s hf ne, e hf se, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	497.21	"	497.21
all	5 80 25	689.74	all	689.74	"	689.74
all	7 80 25	652.00	all	652.00	"	652.00
all	9 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	11 80 25	239.63	lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	239.63	"	239.63
lots 3, 4, 7, 8	13 80 25	180.18	lots 3, 4, 7, 8	180.18	"	180.18
all	15 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	17 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	19 80 25	653.04	all	653.04	"	653.04
all	21 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	23 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	25 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	27 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
ne qr, w hf, sw se	29 80 25	520.00	w hf, ne, sw se	520.00	"	520.00
ne qr, e hf nw, ne se	31 80 25	280.00	ne, e hf nw, ne se	280.00	"	280.00
all	33 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	35 80 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	3 81 25	616.55	all	616.55	Iowa Central Air Line R. R.	616.55
all	5 81 25	617.84	all	617.84	"	617.84
all	7 81 25	674.16	all	674.16	"	674.16
all	9 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	11 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	13 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	15 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	17 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
e hf, e hf nw, nw nw, e hf sw	19 81 25	529.17	all	529.17	"	529.17
e hf	21 81 25	320.00	all	320.00	"	320.00
all	23 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
all	25 81 25	640.00	all	640.00	"	640.00
e hf ne, w hf nw	27 81 25	160.00	all	160.00	"	160.00

TABLE "D"—CONTINUED.

CERTIFIED UNDER D. M. GRANT.		CERTIFIED AS R. R. LANDS.		RAILROAD LIMITS.
Parts of Sections.	S. T. R. Acres.	Parts of Sections.	Acres.	
n hf ne lots 5, 6, 7, 8.	20 81 25		268.27	Iowa Central Air Line Railroad.
all.			675.63	"
sw sw lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.			251.91	"
				"
all.			635.18	"
all.			658.86	"
w hf nw, w hf sw, se sw.			200.00	"
all.			640.00	"
w hf, w hf ne, se ne, w hf se, ne se.			560.00	"
sw nw, w hf sw.			120.00	"
all.			640.00	"
all.			668.10	"
all.			640.00	"
w hf, w hf ne, w hf se.			467.98	"
all.			653.08	"
w hf nw, sw qr.			240.00	"
all.			665.52	"
all.			698.18	Mississippi & Missouri River Railroad.
all.	1 80 26			"
ehf, nw, ne sw.	3 80 26			"
ehf, nw, e hf sw.	5 80 26			"
all.	9 80 26			"
all.	11 80 26			"
n hf, ne se.	13 80 26			"
ne se.	15 80 26			"
ne, ne nw, e hf se.	23 80 26			"
se.	25 80 26			"
all but s hf sw.	1 81 26			"
all.	3 81 26			"
all.	5 81 26			"
all.	7 81 26			"
all.	9 81 26			"
sw sw lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.	11 81 26			"

n hf, e hf se lot 1.....	13 81 26	409.35	ne nw, e hf se lot 1.....	409.35	Iowa	Central Air	Iowa Railroad...
all.....	15 81 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	"	"
all.....	17 81 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	"	"
all.....	19 81 26	612.00	all.....	612.00	"	"	"
all.....	21 81 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	"	"
n hf, se.....	23 81 26	480.00	e hf, nw.....	480.00	"	"	"
s hf, se nw, lots 1, 2, 3, 4.....	25 81 26	545.42	.....	.....	"	"	"
all.....	27 81 26	640.00	.....	.....	"	"	"
all.....	29 81 26	640.00	.....	.....	"	"	"
ne, ne nw, e hf se, n w se.....	31 81 26	320.00	.....	.....	"	"	"
all.....	33 81 26	640.00	.....	.....	"	"	"
all.....	35 81 26	640.00	.....	.....	"	"	"
n hf ne, e hf se, sw se, w hf sw, se sw	1 82 26	317.96	n † ne, e † se, sw se, w † sw, se sw	317.96	"	"	"
all.....	3 82 26	648.00	all.....	648.00	"	"	"
nw ne, w hf nw, ne nw, w hf sw, se sw, lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8.....	5 82 26	448.90	nw ne, n hf nw, sw nw, w hf sw, se sw, lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8.....	448.90	"	"	"
all.....	7 82 26	608.00	all.....	608.00	"	"	"
all.....	9 82 26	598.46	all.....	598.46	"	"	"
e hf, nw.....	11 82 26	480.00	e hf, nw.....	480.00	"	"	"
all.....	13 82 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	"	"
all.....	15 82 26	597.58	all.....	597.58	"	"	"
all.....	17 82 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	"	"
all.....	19 82 26	618.24	all.....	618.24	"	"	"
all.....	21 82 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	"	"
e hf, nw.....	23 82 26	480.00	e hf, nw.....	480.00	"	"	"
all but sw sw lot 8, 9.....	27 82 26	480.36	w † nw, nenw, e † se, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	440.00	"	"	"
all.....	29 82 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	"	"
all.....	31 82 26	621.60	all.....	621.60	"	"	"
all.....	33 82 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	"	"
s hf.....	35 82 26	320.00	s hf.....	320.00	"	"	"
all.....	1 83 26	521.60	all.....	521.60	"	"	"
w hf ne, w hf.....	3 83 26	314.86	w hf, w hf ne.....	814.86	"	"	"
e hf ne, s hf.....	5 83 26	373.00	s hf, e hf ne.....	373.00	"	"	"
lot 2.....	7 83 26	43.15	lot 2.....	43.15	"	"	"
all.....	9 83 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	"	"
e hf, e hf nw, nw nw, s hf sw.....	11 83 26	520.00	e hf, e hf nw, nw nw, s hf sw.....	520.00	"	"	"
all.....	13 83 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	"	"
w hf sw, nw.....	15 83 26	240.00	nw, w hf sw.....	240.00	"	"	"

TABLE "D"—CONTINUED.

CERTIFIED UNDER D. M. GRANT.			CERTIFIED AS R. R. LANDS.		RAILROAD LIMITS.
Parts of Sections.	S. T. R.	Acres.	Parts of Sections.	Acres.	
ne, n hf nw, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8.	17 83 26	513.50	ne, n hf nw, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8.	513.50	Iowa Central Air Line Railroad.....
all.....	19 83 26	616.98	all.....	616.98	"....."
all.....	21 83 26	631.32	all.....	631.32	"....."
all.....	23 83 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....	25 83 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....	27 83 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....	29 83 26	592.36	all.....	592.36	"....."
all.....	31 83 26	620.00	all.....	620.00	"....."
all.....	33 83 26	574.92	all.....	574.92	"....."
w hf, ne, n hf se.	35 83 26	560.00	w hf, ne, n hf se.	560.00	"....."
sw sw.	31 84 25	42.48	sw sw.	42.48	"....."
all.....	3 84 26	713.70	all.....	713.70	"....."
all.....	5 84 26	718.52	all.....	718.52	"....."
all.....	7 84 26	603.01	all.....	603.01	"....."
all.....	9 84 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....	11 84 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....	15 84 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....	17 84 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....	19 84 26	624.50	all.....	624.50	"....."
all.....	21 84 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
w hf, w hf ne, ne ne, w hf se.	23 84 26	520.00	w hf, w hf ne qr, ne ne, w hf se.	520.00	"....."
w hf sw.	25 84 26	80.00	w hf sw.	80.00	"....."
all.....	27 84 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....	29 84 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....	31 84 26	599.76	all.....	599.76	"....."
all.....	33 84 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....	35 84 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
hf nw, nw nw, sw qr.	3 85 26	277.28	w hf nw, se nw, sw.	277.28	"....."
all.....	5 85 26	629.54	all.....	629.54	"....."
all.....	7 85 26	611.98	all.....	611.98	"....."
all.....	9 85 26	640.00	all.....	640.00	"....."
sw ne, w hf, w hf se, se se.	15 85 26	480.00	w hf, w hf se qr, se se, sw ne qr.	480.00	"....."

TABLE "D"—CONTINUED.

CERTIFIED UNDER		Parts of Sections.	
all.	1 88 27	481.07	all.
ne qr, e hf se.	3 88 27	538.04	all.
all.	5 88 27	525.24	all.
all.	7 88 27	646.08	all.
all.	9 88 27	640.00	all.
all.	11 88 27	640.00	all.
all.	13 88 27	640.00	all.
all.	15 88 27	640.00	all.
all.	17 88 27	640.00	all.
all.	21 88 27	640.00	all.
all.	23 88 27	640.00	all.
all.	25 88 27	640.00	all.
e hf.		320.00	e hf.
all.		640.00	all.
all.		657.85	all.
all.		710.78	all.
all.		706.24	all.
all.		648.84	all.
all.	9 84 27	640.00	all.
all.	11 84 27	640.00	all.
all.	13 84 27	585.56	all.
all.	15 84 27	640.00	all.

all	17	84	27	640.00	all	640.00	Iowa	Central Air Line Railroad	640.00
all	19	84	27	648.84	all	648.84	"	"	"
all	21	84	27	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	23	84	27	579.25	all	579.25	"	"	"
all	25	84	27	629.74	all	629.74	"	"	"
all	27	84	27	635.53	all	635.53	"	"	"
all	29	84	27	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	31	84	27	645.20	all	645.20	"	"	"
all	33	84	27	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	35	84	27	599.22	all	599.22	"	"	"
all	1	85	27	627.58	all	627.58	"	"	"
all	3	85	27	582.14	all	582.14	"	"	"
all	5	85	27	643.58	all	643.58	"	"	"
all	7	85	27	638.60	all	638.60	"	"	"
all	9	85	27	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	11	85	27	590.64	all	590.64	"	"	"
all	13	85	27	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	15	85	27	605.51	all	605.51	"	"	"
all	17	85	27	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	19	85	27	644.80	all	644.80	"	"	"
all	21	85	27	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	23	85	27	617.57	all	617.57	"	"	"
all	25	85	27	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	27	85	27	597.60	all	597.60	"	"	"
all	29	85	27	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	31	85	27	645.40	all	645.40	"	"	"
all	33	85	27	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	35	85	27	621.60	all	621.60	"	"	"
e hf se, sw se, lots 5, 6, 7, 8	1	86	27	326.39			"	"	"
all	3	86	27	574.46			"	"	"
all	5	86	27	627.58			"	"	"
all	7	86	27	629.60			"	"	"
all	9	86	27	640.00			"	"	"
n hf	11	86	27	320.00			"	"	"
all	13	86	27	640.00	all	640.00	"	"	"
all	15	86	27	630.65			"	"	"
all	17	86	27	640.00			"	"	"
all	19	86	27	632.60	all	632.60	"	"	"

TABLE "D"—CONTINUED.

CERTIFIED UNDER D. M. GRANT.		CERTIFIED AS R. R. LANDS.		RAILROAD LIMITS.
Parts of Sections.	S. T. R. Acres.	Parts of Sections.	Acres.	
all.....	21|88|27|	all.....	596.88	Iowa Central Air Line Railroad...
all.....		all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....		all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....		all.....	591.16	"....."
all.....		all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....		all.....	634.72	"....."
all.....	83|86|27|	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....		all.....	640.00	"....."
n hf, e hf se.....		all.....	426.44	Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad.....
all.....		n hf, e hf se qr.....	673.90	"....."
all.....		all.....	681.60	"....."
w hf, and se qr.....		w hf, se qr.....	444.80	"....."
s hf.....		s hf.....	320.00	"....."
w hf.....		w hf.....	320.00	"....."
lots 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, e½ ne, sw nw, w½sw			472.80	"....."
all.....			611.25	"....."
all.....			587.83	"....."
lots 1, 2, 3, and sw sw.....			121.00	"....."
e hf.....			320.00	"....."
w hf.....			320.00	"....."
all.....			640.00	"....."
sw nw, w hf sw.....		sw nw, w h hf sw.....	120.00	"....."
all.....		all.....	701.30	"....."
all.....		all.....	598.86	"....."
all.....		all.....	640.00	"....."
w hf, w hf ne, w hf se.....		w hf ne, w hf, w hf se.....	480.00	"....."
all.....		all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....		all.....	599.10	"....."
all.....		all.....	640.00	"....."
s hf, s hf ne, s hf nw.....	28|88|27|	s hf, s hf ne, s hf nw.....	480.00	"....."
all.....	25|88|27|	all.....	640.00	"....."
all.....	27|88|27|	n hf, n hf sw, sw sw, nw se.....	480.00	"....."

all.....	29 88 27	640.00	all.....	640.00	Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad	640.00
e hf ne, w hf nw, sw qr.....	31 88 27	285.28	e hf ne, w hf nw, sw qr.....	285.28	"	285.28
all.....	33 88 27	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00
all.....	35 88 27	640.00	n hf se, n hf sw, n hf.....	640.00	"	480.00
w hf, w hf ne, se qr.....	19 89 27	583.92	w hf, w hf ne, se qr.....	583.92	"	583.92
s hf sw.....	21 89 27	80.00	s hf sw.....	80.00	"	80.00
s hf nw, sw qr, w hf se, se se.....	27 89 27	360.00	s hf nw, sw, w hf se, se se.....	360.00	"	360.00
all.....	29 89 27	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00
all.....	31 89 27	663.72	all.....	663.72	"	663.72
all.....	33 89 27	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00
w hf nw, se nw, sw qr, w hf se.....	35 89 27	360.00	w hf nw, se nw, w hf se, sw.....	360.00	"	360.00
e hf, n hf nw, ne sw.....	1 83 28	352.25	e hf, e hf nw, ne sw.....	352.25	"	352.25
all.....	1 84 28	696.26	all.....	696.26	"	696.26
e hf ne.....	11 84 28	80.00	e hf ne.....	80.00	"	80.00
e hf, e hf nw, e hf sw.....	13 84 28	480.00	e hf, e hf nw, e hf sw.....	480.00	"	480.00
all.....	25 84 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00
all.....	1 85 28	645.60	all.....	645.60	"	645.60
e hf.....	11 85 28	320.00	e hf.....	320.00	"	320.00
all.....	13 85 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00
e hf ne, e hf se, sw se.....	23 85 28	200.00	e hf ne, e hf se, se se.....	200.00	"	200.00
all.....	25 85 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00
e hf.....	35 85 28	320.00	e hf.....	320.00	"	320.00
all.....	1 86 28	627.88	all.....	627.88	"	627.88
n hf, ne sw, se.....	3 86 28	503.02	all.....	503.02	"	503.02
all.....	11 86 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00
all.....	13 86 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	Iowa Central Air Line Railroad.	640.00
e hf ne, e hf se.....	15 86 28	160.00	e hf ne, e hf se qr.....	160.00	"	160.00
all.....	23 86 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00
all.....	25 86 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00
e hf ne, e hf se.....	27 86 28	160.00	e hf ne, e hf se qr.....	160.00	"	160.00
all.....	35 86 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00
all.....	1 87 28	622.58	all.....	622.58	Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad	622.58
n hf, sw qr.....	3 87 28	518.28	w hf, ne qr.....	518.28	"	518.28
all.....	5 87 28	673.98	all.....	673.98	"	673.98
all.....	7 87 28	621.98	all.....	621.98	"	621.98
all.....	9 87 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00
w hf, se qr.....	11 87 28	480.00	w hf, se qr.....	480.00	"	480.00
all.....	13 87 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	"	640.00

all.....	11 89 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad.....
w hf, w hf ne, w hf se, se se.....	13 89 28	520.00	w hf, w hf ne, w hf se, se se.....	520.00	".....
all.....	15 89 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	17 89 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	21 89 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	23 89 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	25 89 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	27 89 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	29 89 28	558.21	lots 1, 2, 3, 4, ne, e hf nw, nw nw.	455.91	".....
all (fr).....	31 89 28	1.41	lot 1.....	1.41	".....
all.....	33 89 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	35 89 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
w hf, w hf ne, w hf se.....	1 90 28	409.75	.....	.....	".....
all.....	3 90 28	643.18	.....	.....	".....
all.....	5 90 28	638.94	.....	.....	".....
all.....	7 90 28	640.54	all.....	640.54	".....
all.....	9 90 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	11 90 28	640.00	s hf.....	320.00	".....
w hf nw.....	13 90 28	80.00	w hf nw.....	80.00	".....
all.....	15 90 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	17 90 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	19 90 28	640.13	all.....	640.13	".....
all.....	21 90 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	23 90 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
sw nw, w hf sw.....	25 90 28	120.00	w hf sw, sw nw.....	120.00	".....
all.....	27 90 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	29 90 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	31 90 28	490.27	all.....	490.27	".....
all.....	33 90 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	35 90 28	640.00	all.....	640.00	".....
all.....	19 89 28	446.84	all.....	446.84	".....
s hf, nw qr, sw ne, lots 1, 2.....	5 91 27	599.67	.....	.....	".....
all.....	7 91 27	668.54	.....	.....	".....
w hf nw.....	31 91 27	97.00	.....	.....	".....
all.....	5 92 27	691.80	.....	.....	".....
all.....	7 92 27	658.24	.....	.....	".....
all.....	9 92 27	640.00	.....	.....	".....
w hf nw.....	15 92 27	80.00	.....	.....	".....

TABLE "D"—CONTINUED.

CERTIFIED UNDER D. M. GRANT.			CERTIFIED AS R. R. LANDS.		RAILROAD LIMITS.
Parts of Sections.			S. 1. R.	Parts of Sections.	
			Acres.		Acres.
all.....	17 92 27		640.00	.....	Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad.....
all.....	19 92 27		665.92	.....	".....
all.....	21 92 27		615.65	.....	".....
all.....	29 92 27		639.84	.....	".....
all.....	31 92 27		668.68	.....	".....
all.....	1 91 28		635.52	.....	".....
all.....	3 91 28		627.42	.....	".....
all.....	5 91 28		636.08	.....	".....
lots 1 and 2.....	7 91 28		32.00	.....	".....
all.....	9 91 28		640.00	.....	".....
all.....	11 91 28		640.00	.....	".....
all.....	13 91 28		640.00	.....	".....
all.....	15 91 28		640.00	.....	".....
lots 1, 2, e hf, e hf nw, sw qr.....	17 91 28		626.60	.....	".....
lots 1, 2, 3, 4.....	19 91 28		188.30	.....	".....
all.....	21 91 28		640.00	.....	".....
all.....	23 91 28		640.00	.....	".....
all.....	25 91 28		640.00	.....	".....
all.....	27 91 28		640.00	.....	".....
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, e hf, e hf nw, ne sw.....	29 91 28		612.25	.....	".....
lot 1.....	31 91 28		35.70	.....	".....
all.....	33 91 28		640.00	.....	".....
all.....	35 91 28		640.00	.....	".....
all.....	1 92 28		690.80	.....	".....
lots 1, 2, 3, ne qr, e hf nw, nw nw, e hf se, nw se.....	3 92 28		564.44	.....	".....
n hf, se, lots 1 and 2.....	11 92 28		598.80	.....	".....
all.....	13 92 28		640.00	.....	".....
lots 1 and 2.....	15 92 28		18.70	.....	".....
all.....	23 92 28		640.00	.....	".....
all.....	25 92 28		640.00	.....	".....
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, se ne, se qr.....	27 92 28		415.18	.....	".....

lot 1	31 92 28	20.90	Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad
s hf ne, s hf, lots 1, 2, 3, 4	33 92 28	581.62	"
all	35 92 28	640.00	"
all	1 87 29	668.16	"
ne ne	3 87 29	46.90	"
all	1 88 29	679.73	"
all	3 88 29	733.18	"
all	5 88 29	740.10	"
all	7 88 29	613.28	"
all	9 88 29	640.00	"
all	11 88 29	640.00	"
all	13 88 29	640.00	"
all	15 88 29	640.00	"
all	17 88 29	640.00	"
all	21 88 29	640.00	"
all	23 88 29	640.00	"
all	25 88 29	640.00	"
all	27 88 29	640.00	"
n hf ne	29 88 29	80.00	"
all	35 88 29	640.00	"
lots 1, 2 and 3, se se	1 89 29	149.10	"
lot 1	1 90 29	4.15	"
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, se ne, se qr	13 90 29	406.84	"
lots 1 and 2	25 90 29	73.88	"
e hf ne, e hf se	1 88 30	186.56	"
Total		258,758.73	
		*290,759.99	

* In limits of Mississippi & Missouri River Railroad, 84,269.81 acres.

In limits of Iowa Central Air Line Railroad, 109,808.09 acres.

In limits of Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad, 57,187.19.

7TH.—THE DES MOINES RIVER SCHOOL LANDS.

As heretofore stated, 12,813.51 acres of land included in the lists certified to the State under the mistaken interpretation put upon the Act of 8th August, 1846, and subsequently transferred to the Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company, had been previously approved to the State, viz.: on the 20th of February, A. D. 1851, as a part of the donation provided for by Act of Congress September 4th, 1841, and known as the 500,000 Acre Grant.

On the 6th of June, 1853, these lands were ordered into market as School Lands, and 3,394.80 acres were sold by John Tolman, School Fund Commissioner of Webster county—the present counties of Webster and Hamilton both being embraced in Webster at that time.

On the 6th of January, 1854, however, the Superintendent of Public Instruction was notified by the Commissioner of the General Land Office that these lands had been certified, on the 30th of December, 1853, as part of the Des Moines River Grant. Since that time, these lands have oscillated between the Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company, the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad Company, the State, the General Government and the 500,000 Acre Grant; finally becoming an item in the settlement made by Mr. Harvey with the Government, and ratified by the State, whereby they were recognized and confirmed unconditionally as a part of the 500,000 Acre Grant—the same purpose for which they were originally selected by the State and approved by the Secretary of the Interior.

The Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company has no title to any portion of these lands; they have not been certified under the Joint Resolution of 1861, as their approval to the State as School Lands in February, 1851, precluded them from being re-granted in 1861, ten years subsequently.

The Government of the United States, in the adjustment with the State, recognized and treated them as part of the 500,000 Acre Grant—as may be seen by reference to the terms of adjustment in the settlement made by Mr. Harvey—and has received the advantage arising from the credit in that settlement.

But aside from the title confirmed and established by this adjustment, it seems to me that there could be no question as to the

status of these lands, after the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States at the December term 1859-60. Other lands under that decision—had it not been for the subsequent decision made a part of this report—might, and undoubtedly would have fallen to the Railroads when within the proper limits; but this 12,813.51 acres must have remained a part of the School Lands.

Nothing seems clearer then, that when the title of the State, under the Act of August 8th, 1846, was declared invalid—that being the only adverse right to the one acquired by the State, February 20th, 1851—that of February 20th, 1851, would immediately become valid—a vested right—which no subsequent legislation could either weaken or destroy. And as the 3,394.80 acres, sold by John Tolman, are a part of these lands, it is difficult to see why the injunction which was served on my predecessor, to prevent these lands from being patented to the *bona fide* purchasers under Tolman, has not long since been dissolved.

By no fair construction of the settlement of 1858, could these lands be held as included in those disposed of to the Navigation Company; as they were nearly all sold previous to December 23d, 1853, and all lands sold previous to that date were specially excepted in the settlement; and now this last decision of the Supreme Court, which limits the title to March 2, 1861, makes assurance doubly sure.

If the doctrine of enuring to original Grantees is true in reference to the lands which were held by the Railroads, and they, as it is claimed, enure to the Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company, under the Joint Resolution of 1861, since the Supreme Court has swept away other interfering claims, then these lands must have enured to the 500,000 Acre Grant, under the approval of the Land Department, February 20, 1851; and that the Government so regarded it, is proven by the fact of the recognition and confirmation of this title in a subsequent settlement with the State. And especially must this be true, when we consider that the clause in the Railroad Grants, of May 15, 1856, relied upon to exclude the Railroads from acquiring title to these lands, viz.: "That any and all lands heretofore reserved to the United States by any Act of Congress, or in any other manner by competent authority, for the purpose of aiding in any objects of internal improvement, are reserved from the operation of this Act, except so far as it may be

found necessary to locate the routes of the said Railroads through such reserved land, in which case the right of way shall be granted, subject to the approval of the President,"—was not in operation in 1851, and consequently would not invalidate the location of these School Lands within such limits.

I have corresponded with Major O'Conner, Attorney General, in reference to proceeding in Court and getting the injunction dissolved, which has prevented these lands from being patented since 1864, so that patents may be issued to the parties who should have received them years ago; and he has promised to do so as soon as the duties pressing upon his time will permit.

If there is any appropriate legislation possible, which will hasten this consummation, it would be an act of simple justice to these purchasers. The subjoined list designates the land sold by Tolman.

The whole 12,813.51 acres will be found in the first list, under the head of Des Moines River Grant, in connection with Mr. Harvey's Report of Settlement.

APPROVED TO THE STATE UNDER THE 500,000 ACRE GRANT.			SOLD BY JOHN TOLMAN AS SCHOOL FUND COMMISSIONER.	
Parts of Sections.	S. T. R.	Acres.	Parts of Sections.	Acres.
w hf sw.....	5 87 26	80.00	w hf sw.....	80.00
all.....	7 87 26	597.92	all.....	597.92
n hf.....	9 87 26	320.00	.....	.....
s hf.....	15 87 26	320.00	se qr.....	160.00
all.....	19 87 26	640.00	nw sw, s hf sw, s hf se...	184.74
n hf.....	21 87 26	320.00	ne nw.....	40.00
w hf.....	23 87 26	320.00	.....	.....
nw qr.....	27 87 26	160.00	.....	.....
w hf ne, e hf nw.....	29 87 26	160.00	.....	.....
w hf se, e hf sw.....	29 87 26	160.00	se sw.....	40.00
all.....	31 87 26	605.92	all.....	605.92
n fr hf nw, lots 1, 2, 3, 4	1 88 27	241.56	ne nw, lots 1, 2, 3, 4.....	204.92
s hf.....	11 88 27	320.00	w hf sw.....	80.00
sw qr, w hf se.....	1 87 27	160.00	n hf sw, w hf se.....	160.00
ne qr.....	7 87 27	160.00	w hf ne.....	80.00
n hf.....	9 8	320.00	.....	.....
e hf.....	11 8	320.00	e hf ne.....	80.00
all.....	13 8	640.00	se ne.....	40.00
lots 3, 4.....	15 8	113.90	lot 4.....	62.50
all.....	19 8	618.40	.....	.....
ne qr, ne nw, e hf se, lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8.....	23 8	475.50	se se, lot 8.....	76.75
all.....	25 8	604.25	n hf ne, e hf nw, nw nw, lots 1, 2, 4, 5.....	382.05
w hf.....	27 8	320.00	.....	.....
all.....	29 87 27	640.00	.....	.....
all.....	31 87 27	640.00	.....	.....
e hf.....	33 87 27	320.00	.....	.....

APPROVED TO THE STATE UNDER THE 500,000 ACRE GRANT.				SOLD BY JOHN TOLMAN AS SCHOOL FUND COMMISSIONER.		
Parts of Sections.	S.	T.	R.	Acres.	Parts of Sections.	Acres.
w hf ne, e hf nw, se $\frac{1}{4}$	31	88	27	320.00	w hf se.....	80.00
se qr.....	3	87	28	160.00	.....	.....
ne qr.....	11	87	28	160.00	.....	.....
e hf se, nw se, lots 1, 2, 3.....	5	88	28	252.44	e hf se, nw se	120.00
w fr hf, ne qr.....	7	88	28	468.00	.....	.....
e hf, n hf nw.....	11	88	28	400.00	.....	.....
sw qr.....	13	88	28	160.00	sw qr.....	160.00
w hf sw.....	17	88	28	80.00	nw sw.....	40.00
e hf ne.....	19	88	28	80.00	.....	.....
s hf.....	21	88	28	320.00	.....	.....
e hf.....	25	88	28	320.00	n hf se, se se.....	120.00
n hf, se qr.....	23	88	28	480.00	.....	.....
Total.....				12,813.51	.....	3,394.80

8TH. — THE SWAMP LAND GRANT.

My predecessor gives a careful summary of the laws and decisions bearing upon this grant, up to November, 1865, and since then there has been no change in the rulings of the Land Department at Washington to render the situation of claims under this grant more satisfactory than at that date.

By the law appointing Mr. Harvey a commissioner to adjust other unsettled land claims, in which he was very successful, he was also empowered to adjust, as far as possible, the swamp land claims of the State. Up to date he has not made much progress in this department; he, however, intends to return to Washington and renew his efforts in respect to the settlement of the swamp land matters, as soon as Congress reassembles, as he can then have the moral support of our delegation in that body, and he feels assured that with this, he will be able to further the interests of the State very materially in respect to these lands. In the mean time it seems to me possible for the legislature to make a partial settlement of this question without relying upon this circumlocution office at Washington.

As a majority of the land grant railroads have forfeited all right to railroad lands under the terms of their charters, they will be before the Legislature, the coming winter, asking extension of time; and it will then be practicable for the State to make terms with the delinquent companies, whereby these lands shall be relinquished to the counties having a right to them. Or otherwise, it will be in the province of the General Assembly to resume

these lands, and in regranting them either to the old or new companies, to reserve the swamp and overflowed lands that come under the act of 1850. Especially should this relinquishment be required where they have passed into the hands of *bonafide* purchasers from the counties. In some instances tracts have been sold for years, valuable improvements have been made upon them, and subsequently to the selection and sale by the county, under the rulings of the Land Department at Washington, they have been certified to the railroad companies, and the grantee of the county who has spent his all upon them, finds himself without a title, in the hands of a powerful corporation, and of course a ruined man; as no money which the county can refund will remunerate him for the loss of his home and sacrifice of his improvements.

A list of the lands patented to the State, and by the State to the Counties will be found in connection herewith. The land is patented by this office, to the counties as fast as patents are received from the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

This list also shows the indemnity lands enuring to the State under the act of 1855, which have been patented to the State, and by the State to the Counties.

There is now in this office scrip belonging to Appanoose, Clayton, Mills and Marion counties, of which they have been duly notified, but as yet have taken no steps towards locating. This scrip should be located soon, as public land in this State is becoming scarce, and to it the locations will be confined.

The following table exhibits the number of acres certified as enuring to State, number of acres patented to State and by the State to the Counties, number of acres of indemnity scrip issued and the number of acres of indemnity patented to the State and by the State to the Counties—since the date of last report:

COUNTIES	No. acres certified as enuring to the State.	No. acres patented to State and by the State to the Counties.	No. of acres of In- demnity scrip is- sued.	No. of acres of In- demnity patented to State and by the State to the Counties.
Aair.....				
Adams.....	978.87		200.00	
Alamakee.....				
Appanoose.....	120.00	120.00		
Audubon.....	40.00		40.00	
Benton.....	350.39	310.39	3,280.81	3,280.44
Black Hawk.....	1,319.61	1,319.61		4,878.25
Boone.....	9,707.12	9,626.66		1,049.69
Bremer.....	1,800.00	2,600.00		3,198.01
Buchanan.....	793.60	793.60		1,839.08
Buena Vista.....				
Butler.....	782.42	782.42		1,145.97
Calhoun.....	11,047.00	8,383.99	510.23	
Carroll.....	1,716.39	2,115.56	3,161.98	3,161.67
Cass.....	40.00		9,042.92	9,042.92
Cedar.....		91.10		
Cerro Gordo.....			30,057.54	
Cherokee.....	240.00	240.00		
Chickasaw.....				9,157.11
Clarke.....			684.37	
Clay.....				
Clayton.....				
Clinton.....	80.00	10,190.49		
Crawford.....				
Dallas.....	400.00	400.00		200.00
Davis.....				
Decatur.....		320.00		2,320.00
Delaware.....	240.00	240.00	2,200.00	2,200.00
Des Moines.....	80.00	80.00		918.91
Dickinson.....				
Dubuque.....	40.00			841.21
Emmett.....				
Fayette.....	200.00	200.00		
Floyd.....			3,316.89	
Franklin.....				
Fremont.....				
Greene.....	4,751.77	4,751.76		
Grundy.....			2,838.69	
Guthrie.....				
Hamilton.....	6,172.11	6,172.11	7,480.29	
Hancock.....	294.82	214.32	5,683.17	

COUNTIES.	No. acres certified as enuring to the State.	No. acres patented to State and by the State to the Counties.	No. of acres of In- demnity scrip is- sued.	No. of acres of In- demnity patented to State and by the State to the Counties.
Hardin.....	320.00	320.00	2,310.87	.....
Harrison.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Henry.....	.....	.....	1,318.59	.....
Howard.....	.....	6,754.21	.....	.....
Humboldt.....	13,027.72	4,779.35	.....	.....
Ida.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iowa.....	.....	.....	.....	3,434.40
Jackson.....	3,517.64	3,517.64	1,896.46	.....
Jasper.....	120.00	120.00	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Johnson.....	.....	157.44	.....	.....
Jones.....	360.10	1,117.36	.....	6,220.07
Keokuk.....	86.34	166.34	.....	.....
Kossuth.....	38,085.09	30,655.22	.....	.....
Lee.....	49.90	49.90	.....	.....
Linn.....	1,349.63	1,336.71	2,437.46	2,437.33
Louisa.....	210.73	310.73	601.02	596.00
Lucas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madison.....	.....	40.00	9,054.12	9,053.34
Mahaska.....	40.00	40.00	.....	2,240.60
Marion.....	40.00	40.00	.....	.....
Marshall.....	3,252.11	3,289.41	.....	.....
Mills.....	400.00	.....	359.86	4,174.49
Mitchell.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Monona.....	38,465.25	4,392.93	10,113.30	.....
Monroe.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montgomery.....	80.00	.....	480.00	.....
Muscatine.....	25.43	432.02	3,875.71	3,869.00
O'Brien.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Page.....	.....	.....	80.00	.....
Palo Alto.....	27,791.20	13,788.25	.....	.....
Plymouth.....	360.00	360.00	.....	.....
Pocahontas.....	13,255.34	11,787.48	.....	.....
Polk.....	1,211.87	1,251.87	.....	3,860.88
Pottawattamie.....	.....	.....	.....	4,540.69
Poweshiek.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ringgold.....	.....	800.00	5,033.94	.....
Sac.....	1,480.00	1,480.00	4,520.00	.....
Scott.....	.....	809.95	.....	.....
Shelby.....	80.00	.....	5,715.55	.....
Sioux.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

COUNTIES.	No. acres certified as enuring to the State.	No. acres patented to State and by the State to the Counties.	No. of acres of In- demnity scrip is- sued.	No. of acres of in- demnity patented to State and by the State to the Counties.
Story	8,561.88	8,122.71	.....	.....
Tama	40.00	.....	1,740.00	2,169.54
Taylor .....	.....	80.00	1,999.96	.....
Union .....	.....	80.00	4,752.49	.....
Van Buren	80.00	40.00	.....	.....
Wapello .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Warren .....	.....	.....	7,427.47	.....
Washington	80.00	360.00	2,758.98	5,319.23
Wayne .....	.....	.....	564.22	560.00
Webster	6,813.21	6,853.21	3,695.23	.....
Winnebago	160.00	40.00	922.32	.....
Winnesheik .....	.....	.....	1,040.00	.....
Woodbury	3,534.64	3,334.64	.....	.....
Worth .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wright	817.72	560.00	5,240.00	.....
Total	126,542.99	156,219.38	146,434.44	91,708.83

The Eleventh General Assembly passed the following act, resuming certain lands within the "five mile limits" of the Des Moines river, which had heretofore been approved and certified to the State for the benefit of the Mississippi & Missouri River Railroad:

AN ACT to quiet the title to certain lands sold by the State to individuals as part of the Des Moines River Grant.

WHEREAS, By act of Congress, approved August 8th, 1846, there was granted to the State of Iowa, certain lands for the improvement of the Des Moines river, and under said grant lands lying along said river, and within five miles thereof, above the Raccoon Forks, were certified to the State by the Department of the Interior, and were sold by the proper State authorities, to individuals, and patents issued therefor, and the proceeds of such sales applied to the improvement of the river;

And, *Whereas*, The Supreme Court of the United States has decided that the Des Moines River Grant of lands extended only to the "Raccoon Forks;"

And, *Whereas*, Since said decision Congress has extended the

Des Moines River Grants to the northern boundary of the State, and relinquished to the State all title which the United States retained in the tracts of land along the Des Moines river, heretofore certified by the Department of the Interior as part of the original Des Moines River Grant, and which is now held by *bona fide* purchasers of the State of Iowa ;

And, *Whereas*, A large portion of the lands sold by the State to individuals and since falling within the limits of the grant known as that of the Mississippi & Missouri Railroad, has become forfeited to the State, by the failure of said road to comply with the conditions of its grant, and recognizing it as the duty of the State at all times to protect individuals holding its patent for lands purchased in good faith, and for a valuable consideration, in the quiet possession of their farms and houses ; therefore

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa*, That the lands and all the rights to the hereinafter described lands and the interests, rights, powers and privileges in and to, and concerning such lands, lying within five miles of the Des Moines river on either side thereof heretofore conferred or intended to be conferred upon the Mississippi & Missouri Railroad Company, if any such lands, rights, interests, powers, or privileges, were ever so conferred by an act approved July 14th, 1856, entitled "An Act to accept the grant and carry into execution the trust conferred upon the State of Iowa by an act of Congress entitled an act making a grant of lands to the State of Iowa in alternate sections, to aid in the construction of certain railroads in said State," and by an act of Congress approved May 15th, 1856, entitled "An Act making a grant of lands to the State of Iowa in alternate sections, to aid in the construction of certain railroads in said State," and by an act of Congress approved June 2d, 1864, entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled an act making a grant of lands to the State of Iowa in alternate sections to aid in the construction of certain railroads in said State," be and the same are hereby absolutely and entirely resumed by the State of Iowa.

Provided further, That the resumption herein provided for shall not be considered as a waiver of the right of the State to resume the remaining lands conferred or intended to be conferred upon the Mississippi & Missouri Railroad Company.

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Acres.
$\frac{1}{2}$ sec. n w $\frac{1}{2}$ s $\frac{1}{2}$, n e n w, n e $\frac{1}{2}$	7	79	23	629.44
s w n e $\frac{1}{2}$, n w n w, s w n w s e.....	17	79	23	280.00
s w n w w $\frac{1}{2}$ s w.....	31	80	23	143.34
lot 6.....	9	78	24	43.79
$\frac{1}{2}$ sec. and fraction on left bank.....	1			320.47
all.....	1			653.12
n w n w.....	2			40.00
n w n e, e $\frac{1}{2}$ n w, n w n w.....	2			160.00
n $\frac{1}{2}$ s w, n e s w.....	2			120.00
n e $\frac{1}{2}$ e $\frac{1}{2}$, n w n $\frac{1}{2}$ s e.....	2			320.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ n $\frac{1}{2}$ n w s $\frac{1}{2}$ s w.....				508.62
s w n w.....				40.00
n w s w lots 5 and 6.....				121.70
w $\frac{1}{2}$ n e, s w n e, s $\frac{1}{2}$ s e, and w $\frac{1}{2}$				523.42
w $\frac{1}{2}$ n e, w $\frac{1}{2}$ s e, w $\frac{1}{2}$ s w.....	1			240.00
s e s w.....	1			40.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ s w $\frac{1}{2}$ and e $\frac{1}{2}$ n w $\frac{1}{2}$	1			560.00
all.....	1			640.00
w $\frac{1}{2}$ s w, s e s w, lots 7, 8, 9.....	1			280.25
all.....	1			646.74
w $\frac{1}{2}$ s w, s w n w.....	2			120.00
$\frac{1}{2}$ sec. n w s $\frac{1}{2}$, n e $\frac{1}{2}$ n w $\frac{1}{2}$ n e.....	2			600.00
s $\frac{1}{2}$ n w, w $\frac{1}{2}$ s w.....	2			160.00
n $\frac{1}{2}$ n e, n $\frac{1}{2}$ n w.....	2			160.00
n w $\frac{1}{2}$	2			169.96
s $\frac{1}{2}$ s w.....				86.61
s w $\frac{1}{2}$				160.00
n w $\frac{1}{2}$ and s e $\frac{1}{2}$	1			320.00
n e n e.....	1			40.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ n e.....	1			80.00
n e $\frac{1}{2}$ and w $\frac{1}{2}$	2			480.00
n e $\frac{1}{2}$ and w $\frac{1}{2}$	2			480.00
n e n e, s w s w s e.....	2			240.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ s e, and s w s e.....	2			120.00
n w $\frac{1}{2}$ and w $\frac{1}{2}$ s e $\frac{1}{2}$	2			240.00
all.....	2			527.43
e $\frac{1}{2}$ n e.....	2			80.00
s $\frac{1}{2}$ n w, s $\frac{1}{2}$ n e, and n w n e.....				643.65
e $\frac{1}{2}$ n w, and e $\frac{1}{2}$ s w.....				617.12
e $\frac{1}{2}$ n e, s w n e, and s e n w.....	1			160.00
n e s e.....	1			40.00
w $\frac{1}{2}$ n e s e n e, w $\frac{1}{2}$ s e $\frac{1}{2}$	2			600.00
all.....	2			640.00
n $\frac{1}{2}$, n $\frac{1}{2}$ s w s e, s w s e.....	2			600.00
w $\frac{1}{2}$ n e $\frac{1}{2}$, w $\frac{1}{2}$ s e and w $\frac{1}{2}$	2			480.00

Parts of Sections.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Acres.
s $\frac{1}{2}$ n e $\frac{1}{2}$	1	80	25	80.00
n e n e, s e n w, e $\frac{1}{2}$ s w s e.....	5	80	25	332.81
n e $\frac{1}{2}$ w $\frac{1}{2}$, e $\frac{1}{2}$ s e.....	9	80	25	560.00
lots 1, 2, 6.....	11	80	25	105.83
lots 3, 4, 7, 8.....	13	80	25	180.18
n $\frac{1}{2}$ s e s w, and s w s e, and n $\frac{1}{2}$ s e.....	15	80	25	480.00
s w n e, s $\frac{1}{2}$ n w n $\frac{1}{2}$ s w.....	17	80	25	200.00
s e s w, w $\frac{1}{2}$ s e.....	17	80	25	120.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ n e, and e $\frac{1}{2}$ n w, n w n w.....	21	80	25	200.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ e $\frac{1}{2}$, n w e $\frac{1}{2}$, s w s w s w.....	23	80	25	520.00
n $\frac{1}{2}$ s w n $\frac{1}{2}$ s e, s e s e.....	25	80	25	600.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$ n e, n w n e, w $\frac{1}{2}$ s w, e $\frac{1}{2}$ s e.....	27	80	25	280.00
s w n e, s e n w, n $\frac{1}{2}$ s w, s w s e.....	29	80	25	200.00
n w, e $\frac{1}{2}$ s w, s e.....	33	80	25	400.00
e $\frac{1}{2}$, n e, n w, and e $\frac{1}{2}$ s e.....	35	80	25	320.00
n $\frac{1}{2}$ n e, n w s e.....	11	80	26	120.00
w $\frac{1}{2}$ n w.....	13	80	26	80.00
n $\frac{1}{2}$	21	81	26	320.00
n $\frac{1}{2}$ s e.....	23	81	26	480.00

Amounting in all to.....19,734.48

SECTION 2. That in lieu of the land hereby confirmed to individual purchasers, the Register of the State Land Office shall set apart to, and for the Mississippi & Missouri Railroad Grant an equal number of acres from the Grant known as "Indemnity Lands," (reserved in Section 5 of Chapter 108 of the Acts of the 10th General Assembly) granted by Acts of Congress approved July 12th, 1862, and accepted by the General Assembly by Joint Resolution, dated Sept. 11th, 1862, *Provided*, That none of the indemnity Lands set apart in this section shall be certified to the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company unless the Supreme Court of the United States shall decide that the lands, described in Section 1 of this Act, were included in the Grant of Lands made to the State of Iowa by Act of Congress approved May 15th, 1856; *Provided*, further, that before any of the indemnity lands aforesaid shall be certified to the said Railroad Company all the incumbrances created or suffered by said Company upon the said lands hereby confirmed, or any part thereof shall be removed therefrom.

SECTION 3. That before any lands included in the Grant to the

Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company shall be certified to said Company or its assignees, and before the Governor of this State shall certify to the completion of any part of said Road, they shall file with the Register of the State Land office, a formal and legal release of all lands described in the first section of this act, and an acceptance in lieu thereof of the indemnity lands set apart by said Register.

SECTION 4. That should the rights and grants conferred upon the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company by act of the General Assembly approved July 14th, 1856, be at any time resumed by the State and granted to another company, then all the provisions of this Act shall be held to apply to the company upon which such rights and grants are conferred.

Approved April 2d, 1866.

9TH—RAILROAD GRANTS.

The questions of a judicial and legislative character presented in the complicated position of the railroad land grants, were stated in the last Biennial Report from this office. Nothing has since transpired to render the relation of the companies claiming these lands, to the State, or the general Government, more satisfactory than at that time.

With two or three exceptions, nothing has been done for several months to extend the several railroads intended to be advanced by these grants, while other roads in the State, unaided by grants, are being pushed forward with energy and success.

Whether anything can be done by legislation to insure the building of the railroads as contemplated by the act of Congress making the grants, does not come within the province of this office to inquire, only so far as such failure may affect the title to land of which the State is the trustee, and should have a supervisory care. In this view it seems that though the Dubuque & Sionx City Railroad Company — which received the most munificent grant of any in the State — have not found it convenient, or as shown by the correspondence between Mr. Platt Smith and other members of the company did not design to construct any road west of Iowa Falls, nevertheless, the company has had the remarkable enterprise to go as far west as the Des Moines Valley, sixty miles in advance of any completed road, where its agents have

sold large quantities of valuable lands. As the right of these companies to dispose of land more than twenty miles in advance of completed road, was generally questioned by the best legal minds, to give these transactions a businesslike air, the land was first transferred through the agency of mortgages and a process in the courts, to what was called the "Homestead Company," (generally understood to be an *alias* for Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad Company), and then sold out in small tracts by this company. And now since the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, December term, 1866, in the Walcott case, it turns out that even though other irregularities would not have vitiated these sales, that the odd numbered sections within five miles of the Des Moines river, being a reservation when the act of May 15, 1856, became a law, were not included in that grant, in fact were specially excepted from it.

It will, therefore, become the legislature seriously to inquire how the rights of these innocent purchasers under the "Homestead Company" may be protected. It is to be hoped that if the Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad Company is allowed, like a barren fig tree, to cumber all the odd sections between the Des Moines and Missouri rivers for the next two years, it will be with the express condition that the company make good the money illegally obtained from these purchasers.

And then, as the Des Moines Valley Railroad Company, to whom it is thought these lands will enure under the decision of the court, have not fulfilled the law under which they became the beneficiaries of the grant of July 12th, 1862, it should be made a condition of the extension of time to this Company, if the Legislature should grant further time, that all parties holding claims in virtue of these sales, by the "Homestead Company," or other persons having equitable rights in any portion of these lands, shall receive a title on payment of a fair price; at least not more than pre-emptors pay along the line of other roads. These suggestions are thrown out in reference to these two roads, about which I am informed, and of course the same rule should be applied to others, when delinquency on the part of the Company, will justify legislative interference. It certainly will not be unjust to demand security for the future and a little indemnity for the past.

By an Act of Congress approved March 3d, 1865, entitled: An Act extending the time for the completion of certain railroads in the State of Minnesota and Iowa, and for other purposes, the 10th Section reads as follows: "*And be it further enacted*, That the time mentioned in an act entitled an act making a grant of lands to the State of Iowa, in alternate sections, to aid in the construction of certain railroads in said State, for the completion of the railroads named in said act, be and the same is hereby extended two years" (U. S. Statutes, page 526, chapter 105, laws 38th Congress). The time being thus extended to the State two years, which will end May 15th, 1868, these delinquent companies will doubtless ask the Legislature to besiege Congress by a joint resolution for additional time, while they will look to the State, for a like extension; and it will then be within the power of the State to settle all of the disputed points in relation to the tenure by which the companies profess to hold these grants. By nearly all the companies, if not all, the trusteeship of the State seems to be entirely ignored, they deeming a formal transfer of these lands, by patent, from the State, upon the completion, in accordance with the terms of the grant, of any portion of said roads, unnecessary. In any new terms made for extension of time, or resumption and transfer to new Companies, it should be plainly "nominated in the bond," that under no circumstances shall the trusteeship which Congress designed the State should exercise over these grants, be surrendered, until a final transfer, by patent, under the great seal of the State. This should be done not more for insuring the fulfillment of the law in respect to the construction of the Railroads, than to protect innocent purchasers or pre-emptors who have prior rights upon tracts of these lands, and to insure the settlement of Swamp land confusions, especially when third parties, holding titles under the Counties, will otherwise suffer.

Letters of similar import to that which follows, are frequently referred to this office:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, }
GENERAL LAND OFFICE, Sept., 3, 1867. }

His Excellency, Hon. Wm. M. Stone, Governor of Iowa; Des Moines, Iowa:

SIR:— Under date of July 18, 1856, Robert Cole filed a decla-

ratory statement upon the $w \frac{1}{2} s w \frac{1}{2}$ Sec. 3, T. 83 n R. 21 w; Des Moines, Iowa, Land District, alleging settlement thereon four days previously, and on June 13, 1857, Mr. Cole "proved up" and located Warrant No. 12,057, 80 acres, act of 1855, upon said tract, showing by good and sufficient testimony that he had settled upon the land described in good faith.

This land is within six miles of the "Central Air Line Railroad," and was approved to the State of Iowa, for the use of said railroad, October 24, 1859, the right of the road having attached to land in T. 83 n R. 21 west, March 17, 1857.

Mr. Cole having proved a settlement upon said land *eight months* before the right of said railroad attached thereto, it is respectfully requested that the proper State and Company authorities will execute a release of their color of title to said tract, and forward the same to this office, in order that a patent may issue to Mr. Cole, upon his said location with Warrant No. 12,057.

I have the honor to be very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

JOS. S. WILSON, Commissioner.

In one or two instances I made out releases to the color of title held by the Railroad Companies, and forwarded blank copies to the Secretaries of the Companies interested, asking that they have them executed by the proper officers of their Companies, under their Corporate Seal, &c., in order that I might enclose them with the release of the State to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and thus insure a patent from the Government, for the land, without annoying delays to the owner. But not even receiving a reply to my communications, I enclosed and forwarded the relinquishment of the Governor, deeming that sufficient; especially so long as no transfer had been made to the Companies by the State, and as prior existing rights were expressly provided for in the lists of land certified to the State, for the benefit of these Railroads.

In this connection I would respectfully suggest that the attention of the Legislature be called to the necessity of passing a law authorizing the Governor to release the color of title which the State may have in all cases of a like character with the foregoing; and also when in individual donations to the State, the record shows mistakes in the description, the Governor should be

empowered to release, in order that deeds may be received, by the State, for the proper tracts of land. Several instances of this nature have happened in reference to the donations for the Agricultural College, made by parties in the counties of Story and Boone.

Herewith will be found lists of the lands enuring to the State of Iowa under the Act of Congress of July 12, 1862. The lists of those *in place*, are given in full, with description of the subdivisions; while the aggregate of the indemnity lands certified to the State under the same act, will also be found immediately following the lists.

In addition to these, several thousand acres (probably not less than 18,000 unincumbered) of the most valuable land in the Des Moines Valley—lying within fifteen miles of the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad line, and claimed by that company, previous to the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, commonly called the Walcott case, and herewith published, but by that decision enuring to the State under the act of July 12th, 1862—are to be disposed of in accordance with Chapter 108, of the laws of the Tenth General Assembly, and Chapter 22, of the laws of the Eleventh General Assembly, entitled “An act supplemental to Chapter 108, of the laws of the Tenth General Assembly,” which reads as follows:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa*, That all moneys received by the Register of the State Land Office, as provided by section 13 of chapter 108, of the Laws of the Tenth General Assembly, shall be paid over to the State Treasurer, who shall pay out the same as follows: 1st, The expenses of such classification, appraisement, advertisement and sale; 2d, sums due the State for moneys advanced or due other parties as mentioned in section 9 of the Act to which this Act is supplemental; 3d, he shall pay the warrants provided for in section 2 of this act, *pro rata*, as such moneys shall be received.

SEC. 2. That there is hereby appropriated out of the money thus to be paid into the State Treasury the sum of one hundred and seventy thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of the claims of the following persons, or their assignees:

James J. Kinnersly, Jonas Houghton, Adam Hine, Wm. Baker,

R. Jackson for heirs of A. Miller, Wm. Armstrong, Edwin Manning, John Parker, H. D. Stewart, Van Buren county; Meek & Bros., Joseph Benning, George Grey, D. Kennedy, S. Dwight Eaton, Peter Tobie, Thomas H. Harlan, Guy Wells, J. P. Gray, Robert P. Gray, Felix Deck, John Stafford, J. Benning, Administrator, Wm. McCowan, Isaac P. Gray, Gray & Co., Wells, Chester & Co., Green, Bragg & Co., E. T. Colton, Meek & Sons, O. H. P. Scott, H. K. Love & Co.; and the Auditor of State is hereby required to draw warrants therefor upon the written application of James J. Kinnersly and the other parties mentioned in this section, or their assignees, which warrants shall be payable out of the moneys mentioned in Section 1 of this Act, and shall draw interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, provided such warrants shall not be construed as rendering the State liable to pay the said warrants except out of the aforesaid Fund.

SEC. 3. The written application for said warrants shall specify the amount of warrants that shall be issued in the name of each of said parties, or their assignees, the correctness of which shall be evidenced by the certificate of the Register of the State Land Office.

SEC. 4. The warrants issued under the provisions of this Act shall be receivable in payment for lands sold under the provisions of the Act to which this Act is supplemental.

SEC. 5. The Des Moines Valley Railroad Company may at any time pay any of the warrants mentioned in this Act upon the like condition that they are authorized by the Act to which this is supplemental, to pay off the claims therein mentioned; and if the said company shall be unadvised of the whereabouts of such warrants they may pay the funds for the redemption thereof into the State Treasury, from which time interest shall cease to accrue on such warrants: Provided, however, that no part of the lands mentioned in this Act, or in the Act to which this is supplemental, shall be conveyed to said Railroad company until all of said warrants shall have been paid.

SEC. 6. When the funds for the redemption of said warrants shall be received by the State Treasurer, he shall give notice thereof in the manner now required to be given for the redemption of outstanding warrants.

SEC. 7. That after the lands mentioned in section 4, of the act

to which this act is supplemental, shall have been offered for sale, under the provisions of said act, for the space of three months and remain unsold, it shall be competent for the Register of the State Land Office with the advice and approval of the Census Board, to sell such lands at a less price per acre, if by said Board deemed advisable, provided the said lands should not be sold at a price less than \$1.25 per acre, and provided said Register shall first give thirty days' notice by publication in the State Register, and the Iowa North-West, of the time of said sale, at such reduced price.

Sec. 8. All persons who may at the date of the passage of this Act be in actual occupation and possession of any portion of said lands, shall have prior right to purchase the same at \$2.50 per acre, not exceeding 160 acres to any one settler.

Sec. 9. This Act being deemed of immediate importance by the General Assembly, shall take effect, and be in force from and after its publication in the Iowa State Register and Iowa Homestead, newspapers published at Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved March 12th, 1866.

May 12, 1864, an Act of Congress was approved for the benefit of the McGregor Western Railroad entitled, "An Act for a grant of lands to the State of Iowa, in alternate sections, to aid in the construction of a Railroad in said State;" (which Act may be found on page 72, chapter 84, Statutes at Large of the 38th Congress, or in Mr. Harvey's last Report.)

In response to this the Eleventh General Assembly passed the two following laws:

AN ACT to accept of the Grant and carry into execution the Trust conferred upon the State of Iowa, by an Act of Congress entitled "An Act for a grant of lands to the State of Iowa in alternate sections, to aid in the construction of a railroad in said State."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa,* That the lands, rights, powers and privileges, conferred upon the State of Iowa by the Act of Congress entitled "An Act for a grant of land to the State of Iowa in alternate sections, to aid in the construction of a railroad in the State of Iowa," approved May 12, 1864, be, and the same are hereby accepted upon the terms, conditions, and restrictions contained in said Act of Congress.

Sec. 2. That so much of the lands, interests, rights, powers,

and privileges, as are or may be granted and conferred in pursuance of the Act of Congress aforesaid, for the purpose of aiding in the construction of a railroad from Sioux City, in the said State of Iowa, to the south line of the State of Minnesota, at such point as the said State of Iowa may select between the Big Sioux and the west fork of the Des Moines River be, and are hereby disposed of, granted and conferred upon the Sioux City and St. Paul Railroad Company, a body corporate existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Iowa.

SEC. 3. That said company shall locate and definitely fix the line and route of said road as soon as practicable after the passage of this Act, and shall file a map showing such line or route in the office of the Governor of the State of Iowa, and also in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Iowa; and it shall be the duty of the said Governor after affixing his official signature thereto, to file, or cause to be filed such map in the office of the Secretary of the Interior. But the location of such line or route, however, shall be considered final only so far as to fix the limit and boundary within which lands may be selected under, and by virtue of said Act of Congress.

SEC. 4. The said road shall be constructed upon the usual gauge (gauge) of other first class roads in this State, and the iron used in the track shall be of approved quality and pattern; and the said road shall be constructed and finished in a style and of a quality equal to the average of other first class western roads; and when the said road shall be intersected by any other railroad hereafter constructed, it shall be the duty of the company receiving the benefit of this Act to furnish all proper and reasonable facilities, and to join such other company in making all necessary crossings, turnouts, sidelings, and switches, and other conveniences for the transportation of all freight and passengers over their road, and the rates for transportation shall not in any case exceed the regular tariff of charges on said road.

SEC. 5. The said company shall assent to and accept the grant by this act conferred, by a written instrument under the seal of such corporation, and signed by its President and Secretary, and shall file the same in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Iowa within six months after the passage of this Act.

SEC. 6. The said company is hereby authorized and empowered

to select and designate the point upon the south line of the State of Minnesota, to which the said road shall be built, between the "Big Sioux" and the "west fork" of the Des Moines Rivers, as designated in said Act of Congress.

SEC. 7. The Company accepting the provisions of this Act shall at all times be subject to such rules, regulations and restriction of rates for the transportation of passengers and freight as may be enacted and imposed by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act and the act of Congress making the grant aforesaid.

SEC. 8. The said Company accepting the grant of land under the provisions of this Act, shall take the same with the conditions imposed and the terms provided by this Act, and in no event shall said Company have any claim or recourse upon the State of Iowa by reason of the conditions imposed by this Act.

SEC. 9. All persons who, at the time said grant was made, held valid claims by actual occupation and improvement upon any of the lands embraced in said grant, shall be protected in the same and entitled to purchase and enter the same upon the terms and conditions provided in Sections 1308 and 1309, Chapter 55, of the Revision of 1860.

SEC. 10. This Act being deemed of immediate importance, shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Daily State Register, a newspaper published in Des Moines, and the Sioux City Journal, a newspaper published in Sioux City, said publication to be without expense to the State.

Approved April 3d, 1866.

AN ACT to accept the grant of land to the State of Iowa, made by Act of Congress of May 12, 1864, and to carry out the provisions of said Act, entitled, "An Act for a grant of land to the State of Iowa, in alternate sections, to aid in the construction of a Railroad in said State."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa*, That the lands, rights, powers, duties, and trusts conferred upon the State of Iowa by an Act of Congress, approved July 12th, 1864, entitled "An Act for a grant of land to the State of Iowa, in alternate sections, to aid in the construction of a Railroad in said State, are hereby accepted by said State, upon the terms, conditions, and restrictions contained in said Act of Congress.

SEC. 2. Whenever any lands shall be patented to the State of

Iowa, in accordance with the provisions of said Act of Congress, said lands shall be held by the State in trust for the benefit of the Railroad Company entitled to the same by virtue of said Act of Congress, and to be deeded to said Railroad Company as shall be ordered by the Legislature of the State of Iowa, at its next regular session, or at any session thereafter.

SEC. 3. This Act being deemed by the General Assembly of immediate importance, shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Iowa State Register, and Iowa Homestead, newspapers published at Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved April 20th, 1866.

What the position of this grant now is, I am not informed, no lists of the land enuring to the State, under the grant, having as yet been certified from the Department of the Interior. I believe, however, the plats of the roads, as required, have been filed with the Secretary of State, and other preliminary steps were being taken to insure the certification of the land.

It however transpired in the course of these proceedings, that complaints were made to Mr. Harlan, who was then Secretary of the Interior, that the Company had not fulfilled the conditions of the grant, neither in the initiatory point from which the line started westward from the Mississippi river, nor in the route located; a portion of the line running through Southern Minnesota.

Mr. Harlan therefore sent a special agent to examine into, and report upon these disputed matters. This agent reported adversely to the right of the Company and against the certification of the land grant to the State. Consequently the claims of the Company still remain in abeyance. I, however, have but little information in respect to the questions involved, and that is unofficial, as neither the report of this special agent, nor any of the previous or subsequent proceedings, relative to these lands, have reached this office.

The following lists exhibit all of the Des Moines River Lands *in place*, which have been approved and certified to the State of Iowa, under the act of Congress of July 12, 1862, and contain in the aggregate, 167,109.02 acres:

*A list of Des Moines River Lands in place approved to State, June 14, 1866,
Act of July 12th, 1862,—in Fort Dodge District.*

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Area.
lots 3, 4, 5 and w hf se.....	7	91	28	203.50
se se and w fr hf of sec.....	7	91	28	336.60
frl part of sec. (west of river).....	17	91	28	4.40
lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.....	19	91	28	214.60
n fr hf nw and sw fr qr of nw.....	19	91	28	108.21
nw fr qr sw.....	19	91	28	32.62
lot 5 (west of river).....	29	91	28	9.00
lots 2, 3, 4, 5.....	31	91	28	163.02
w hf ne and w fr hf sec.....	31	91	28	389.28
n hf sec. and se qr.....	17	92	28	480.00
w hf sw.....	17	92	28	80.00
nw ne and se ne.....	19	92	28	80.00
e hf nw and e hf sw.....	19	92	28	160.00
se qr.....	19	92	28	160.00
nw qr and n hf sw.....	21	92	28	240.00
se sw.....	21	92	28	40.00
e hf.....	29	92	28	320.00
lots 5 and 6 (west of river).....	33	92	28	41.42
n fr hf nw.....	5	90	29	71.13
all.....	1	91	29	663.10
nw fr qr of nw and s hf of nw.....	3	91	29	128.87
s hf.....	3	91	29	320.00
e fr hf.....	5	91	29	337.87
e hf of sec. and nw qr.....	9	91	29	480.00
sw.....	9	91	29	160.00
all.....	11	91	29	640.00
all.....	13	91	29	601.83
all.....	15	91	29	640.00
e hf.....	17	91	29	320.00
all.....	21	91	29	640.00
all.....	23	91	29	640.00
all.....	25	91	29	640.00
all.....	27	91	29	640.00
e hf sec. and e hf nw.....	29	91	29	400.00
e hf sw.....	29	91	29	80.00
e hf ne and e hf se.....	31	91	29	160.00
all.....	33	91	29	634.00
n hf sec. and n hf se.....	35	91	29	400.00
sw se and sw.....	35	91	29	200.00
s hf ne and nw fr of ne.....	1	92	29	135.01
nw fr qr and s hf sec.....	1	92	29	509.18
all.....	3	92	29	691.86
all.....	5	92	29	689.82

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Area.
all.....	7	92	29	628.20
n hf sec. and w hf se.....	9	92	29	400.00
ne se and sw	9	92	29	200.00
all.....	11	92	29	640.00
n hf sec. and w hf se.....	13	92	29	400.00
sw.....	13	92	29	160.00
all.. ..	15	92	29	640.00
n hf sec. and e hf se.....	17	92	29	400.00
sw se and sw.....	16	92	29	200.00
ne and s hf sec.....	23	92	29	480.00
n hf sec. and n hf se.....	25	92	29	400.00
sw se.....	25	92	29	40.00
ne ne.....	27	92	29	40.00
nw fr and s hf sec.....	31	92	29	491.96
n hf sw and sw sw.....	29	93	29	120.00
nw ne and s hf ne.	31	93	29	120.00
nw fr qr and n hf se.....	31	93	29	233.83
n fr hf sw.....	31	93	29	77.20
ne fr ne and s hf ne.....	1	92	30	129.17
nw fr nw and s hf nw.....	1	92	30	128.76
s hf.....	1	92	30	320.00
all.. ..	3	92	30	674.02
ne fr ne and s hf ne.....	5	92	30	126.40
ne fr nw and s hf nw.....	5	92	30	127.04
s hf.....	5	92	30	320.00
se se and lot 1.....	7	92	30	114.96
n hf sec. se and lot 1.....	9	92	30	494.60
w hf ne and e hf sw.	11	92	30	160.00
w hf se and se se qr.....	11	92	30	120.00
n hf ne and sw ne.....	13	92	30	120.00
nw, w hf se.....	13	92	30	240.00
lots 1, 5 and 7.....	15	92	30	140.24
lot 1 and sw se.	17	92	30	104.28
all.....	19	92	30	662.80
all.....	21	92	30	640.00
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 10.....	23	92	30	216.78
sw nw.....	23	92	30	40.00
all.....	29	92	30	640.00
all.. ..	35	92	30	640.00
nw fr.....	1	93	30	198.42
nw sw and se sw.....	1	93	30	80.00
n fr hf ne and nw fr.....	3	93	30	317.34
ne se and s hf se.....	3	93	30	120.00
nw fr ne and n fr hf nw.....	5	93	30	181.00
lots 1, 2 and 3.....	7	93	30	78.33

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Area.
s hf ne and nw ne.....	9	93	30	120.00
w hf se.....	9	93	30	80.00
e hf ne and sw ne.....	11	93	30	120.00
e hf nw and sw nw.....	11	93	30	120.00
se and ne sw.....	11	93	30	200.00
w hf sw.....	13	93	30	80.00
w hf ne and s hf se.....	15	93	30	160.00
e hf nw and nw nw.....	15	93	30	120.00
e hf sw and sw sw.....	15	93	30	120.00
e hf nw and nw nw.....	17	93	30	120.00
n hf se and se se.....	21	93	30	120.00
n hf sw and sw sw.....	21	93	30	120.00
ne ne and sw ne.....	23	93	30	80.00
n hf nw and sw nw.....	23	93	30	120.00
n hf se and sw se.....	23	93	30	120.00
nw sw and s hf sw.....	23	93	30	120.00
nw ne and nw.....	25	93	30	200.00
w hf se and se se.....	25	93	30	120.00
e hf sw and sw sw.....	25	93	30	120.00
n hf ne and sw ne.....	27	93	30	120.00
nw and n hf sw.....	27	93	30	240.00
sw sw.....	27	93	30	40.00
e hf nw and nw fr nw.....	31	93	30	120.42
w hf nw and se nw.....	33	93	30	120.00
w hf ne and n hf nw.....	35	93	30	160.00
sw nw and n hf se.....	35	93	30	120.00
se se and w hf sw.....	35	93	30	120.00
se sw.....	35	93	30	40.00
all.....	7	94	30	648.10
s hf sw.....	15	94	30	80.00
ne ne and w hf nw.....	17	94	30	120.00
se nw and w hf se.....	17	94	30	120.00
se se and sw.....	17	94	30	200.00
n fr hf sec. and sw fr.....	19	94	30	485.84
n hf se and se se.....	19	94	30	120.00
w hf.....	21	94	30	320.00
w hf se and se se.....	21	94	30	120.00
sw qr.....	29	94	30	160.00
nw fr qr nw and s hf nw.....	19	95	30	120.16
e hf sw and nw fr sw.....	19	95	30	120.20
e hf ne and nw ne.....	31	95	30	120.00
w fr hf nw s fr hf sec.....	31	95	30	404.60
nw qr ne, nw fr qr.....	3	92	31	219.74
n hf sw.....	3	92	31	80.00
s hf ne and s hf nw.....	5	92	31	160.00

Parts of Section.	Sec	Tp.	Range	Area.
n hf se and sw se.	5	92	31	120.00
n hf sw and se sw.	5	92	31	120.00
s hf ne and e hf se.	7	92	31	160.00
nw se.	7	92	31	40.00
nw ne and nw.	9	92	31	200.00
nw se and s hf se.	9	92	31	120.00
n hf sw and se sw.	9	92	31	120.00
se qr and s hf sw qr.	11	92	31	240.00
n hf sec. and se.	13	92	31	480.00
e hf nw and sw nw.	15	92	31	120.00
s hf.	15	92	31	320.00
n hf ne and nw.	17	92	31	240.00
e hf se and nw se.	17	92	31	120.00
e hf sw and nw sw.	17	92	31	120.00
n hf ne and sw ne.	21	92	31	120.00
s hf nw and nw se.	21	92	31	120.00
sw.	21	92	31	160.00
all.	23	92	31	640.00
all.	1	93	31	683.66
lots 1 and 2.	3	93	31	54.56
n fr hf sec. and sw.	5	93	31	553.44
ne and sw fr.	7	93	31	318.87
e hf nw and sw fr nw.	7	93	31	119.01
nw ne and ne nw.	9	93	31	80.00
sw nw and ne se.	9	93	31	80.00
n hf sw and sw sw.	9	93	31	120.00
se se.	9	93	31	40.00
sw nw.	15	93	31	40.00
nw ne and w hf nw.	17	93	31	120.00
se nw.	17	93	31	40.00
ne ne and w fr hf nw.	19	93	31	122.12
w fr hf sw and se sw.	19	93	31	122.36
e hf ne and sw ne.	21	93	31	120.00
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and n hf ne.	25	95	31	331.52
se nw.	25	93	31	40.00
se sw.	27	93	31	40.00
sw ne.	29	93	31	40.00
ne ne and sw ne.	31	93	31	80.00
w fr hf.	31	93	31	320.96
n fr hf sec., se and e hf sw.	1	94	31	569.03
n fr hf ne and n fr hf nw.	3	94	31	173.20
sw ne and s hf nw.	3	94	31	120.00
w hf se and sw.	3	94	31	240.00
w hf sw.	5	94	31	80.00
e hf ne and sw ne.	7	94	31	120.00

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Area.
n fr hf nw and e hf se.....	7	94	31	157.18
se ne and e hf sw.....	9	94	31	120.00
nw ne and s hf ne.....	11	94	31	120.00
e hf se and w hf nw.....	11	94	31	160.00
nw sw and s hf sw.....	11	94	31	120.00
e hf sec. and n hf nw.....	13	94	31	400.00
se nw and ne sw.....	13	94	31	80.00
s hf ne and e hf sw.....	15	94	31	160.00
nw.....	15	94	31	160.00
ne se and sw se.....	15	94	31	80.00
nw, w hf sw.....	17	94	31	240.00
ne, sw fr, and e hf nw.....	19	94	31	395.19
ne se and sw se.....	19	94	31	80.00
e hf.....	23	94	31	320.00
w hf sw.....	23	94	31	80.00
nw.....	23	94	31	160.00
ne and w hf sec.....	25	94	31	480.00
w hf ne and se ne.....	27	94	31	120.00
lots 1, 2, 3, and w hf ne.....	29	94	31	84.14
e hf ne and nw ne.....	31	94	31	120.00
n hf se and sw se.....	31	94	31	120.00
ne nw and sw fr.....	31	94	31	198.05
e hf ne and nw nw.....	35	94	31	120.00
nw fr nw, sw, w hf se.....	3	95	31	293.48
s hf ne, s hf nw.....	3	95	31	160.00
all.....	5	95	31	687.42
w hf ne, w hf se.....	7	95	31	160.00
w fr hf.....	7	95	31	313.88
n hf sec, e hf se.....	9	95	31	400.00
sw se, ne sw.....	9	95	31	80.00
sw sw.....	9	95	31	40.00
all.....	11	95	31	640.00
nw ne, s hf ne.....	13	95	31	120.00
nw, s hf sec.....	13	95	31	480.00
ne, s hf nw.....	15	95	31	240.00
n hf se, sw.....	15	95	31	240.00
w hf ne, e hf nw.....	17	95	31	160.00
sw nw and se.....	17	95	31	200.00
e hf sw, sw sw.....	17	95	31	120.00
w hf nw, ne nw.....	19	95	31	117.36
nw fr sw.....	19	95	31	38.20
e hf sec, nw.....	21	95	31	480.00
n hf ne, se ne.....	23	95	31	120.00
s hf nw, e hf se.....	23	95	31	160.00
sw.....	23	95	31	160.00

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Area.
all.....	25	95	31	640.00
all.....	27	95	31	640.00
sw ne, w hf se.....	31	95	31	120.00
s fr hf nw, sw fr.....	31	95	31	235.11
w hf ne, nw.....	35	95	31	240.00
s hf.....	35	95	31	320.00
s fr hf.....	31	96	31	313.32
s hf.....	33	96	31	320.00
ne fr ne, sw ne.....	1	93	32	97.99
nw fr, w hf se.....	1	93	32	273.65
se se, n hf sw.....	1	93	32	120.00
n hf se, sw se.....	3	93	32	120.00
ne, n hf se.....	11	93	32	240.00
s hf nw, ne nw.....	11	93	32	120.00
e hf sw, sw sw.....	11	93	32	120.00
all.....	13	93	32	640.00
n fr hf sec., se.....	1	94	32	461.52
n hf sw, se sw.....	1	94	32	120.00
w fr hf sec, ne fr ne.....	3	94	32	342.65
sw ne, ne se.....	3	94	32	80.00
sw se.....	3	94	32	40.00
e fr hf sec. e hf sw.....	5	94	32	388.18
sw sw.....	5	94	32	40.00
all.....	7	94	32	631.59
all.....	9	94	32	640.00
e hf sec, e hf nw.....	11	94	32	400.00
e hf sw.....	11	94	32	80.00
n hf sec, ne se.....	13	94	32	360.00
sw se, n hf sw.....	13	94	32	120.00
se sw.....	13	94	32	40.00
n hf sec, n hf se.....	15	94	32	400.00
n hf sw, se sw.....	15	94	32	120.00
ne ne, sw ne.....	17	94	32	80.00
w hf nw, e hf se.....	17	94	32	160.00
sw qr.....	17	94	32	160.00
ne ne, sw ne.....	19	94	32	80.00
nw fr nw, se nw.....	19	94	32	79.56
e hf sec, w hf nw.....	21	94	32	400.00
n hf sw.....	21	94	32	80.00
s hf ne, nw ne.....	23	94	32	120.00
s hf nw, nw nw.....	23	94	32	120.00
e hf se, sw se.....	23	94	32	120.00
sw.....	23	94	32	160.00
n hf sec, e hf se.....	25	94	32	400.00
nw se, w hf sw.....	25	94	32	120.00

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Area.
ne sw.....	25	94	32	40.00
n hf sec, w hf sw.....	27	94	32	400.00
n hf se.....	27	94	32	80.00
n hf ne, s hf sec.....	35	94	32	400.00
sw ne, nw se.....	1	95	32	80.00
w fr hf sec.....	1	95	32	346.27
w fr hf ne, se ne.....	3	95	32	132.91
nw fr, e hf se.....	3	95	32	266.71
nw fr qr ne, e fr hf nw.....	5	95	32	140.00
ne ne.....	7	95	32	40.00
w hf ne, se ne.....	9	95	32	120.00
e hf ne, se nw.....	11	95	32	120.00
se, nw sw.....	11	95	32	200.00
se sw.....	11	95	32	40.00
e hf sec. sw sw.....	13	95	32	360.00
n hf sec. se.....	15	95	32	480.00
se sw.....	15	95	32	40.00
w fr hf sw, se sw.....	19	95	32	116.29
ne se.....	21	95	32	40.00
nw se, se se.....	23	95	32	80.00
n hf sw sw sw.....	23	95	32	120.00
nw nw, se sw.....	25	95	32	80.00
lot 4.....	25	95	32	33.93
w hf sw.....	29	95	32	80.00
w fr hf.....	31	95	32	311.00
e hf ne, sw ne.....	33	95	32	120.00
se nw, se.....	33	95	32	200.00
sw.....	33	95	32	160.00
e hf.....	35	95	32	320.00
e fr hf sec. e fr hf nw.....	3	96	32	379.90
nw fr nw.....	3	96	32	33.70
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, nw fr nw.....	5	96	32	168.69
sw nw.....	5	96	32	40.00
w fr hf.....	7	96	32	319.80
all.....	9	96	32	640.00
all.....	15	96	32	640.00
all.....	17	96	32	639.10
sw ne, n hf se.....	19	96	32	120.00
lots 1, 2, 3, se se.....	19	96	32	175.90
all.....	21	96	32	640.00
sw sw.....	23	96	32	40.00
ne ne, sw ne.....	27	96	32	80.00
s hf nw, s hf sec.....	27	96	32	400.00
w hf ne, se ne.....	29	96	32	120.00
nw, se, n hf sw.....	29	96	32	400.00

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Area.
ne nw.....	31	96	32	40.00
e hf sec. nw nw.....	33	96	32	360.00
se nw, e hf sw.....	33	96	32	120.00
sw sw.....	33	96	39	40.00
all.....	35	96	32	640.00
all.....	5	97	32	610.88
n fr hf sec., sw fr.....	7	97	32	473.60
e hf se, sw se.....	7	97	32	120.00
s hf ne, nw, s hf sec.....	17	97	32	560.00
all.....	19	97	32	642.40
s hf ne, nw ne.....	21	97	32	120.00
s hf nw, nw nw.....	21	97	32	120.00
s hf sec.....	21	97	32	320.00
sw ne, nw.....	27	97	32	200.00
w hf se, w hf sw.....	27	97	32	160.00
se sw.....	27	97	32	40.00
w hf sec., se qr.....	29	97	32	480.00
w hf ne, ne ne.....	29	97	32	120.00
e hf ne, nw ne.....	31	97	32	120.00
nw fr se, w fr sw....	31	97	32	392.28
se sw.....	31	97	32	40.00
n hf sec., e hf se.....	33	97	32	400.00
nw se, w hf sw.....	33	97	32	120.00
ne sw.....	33	97	32	40.00
w fr hf sw, se sw.....	7	98	32	109.60
sw se.....	7	98	32	40.00
w hf sw.....	17	98	32	80.00
all.....	19	98	32	619.32
w hf.....	29	98	32	320.00
w hf ne, se.....	29	98	32	240.00
all.....	31	98	32	622.00
n fr hf sec, w hf se.....	1	94	33	387.79
sw.....	1	94	33	160.00
ne fr, se nw.....	3	94	33	184.55
s hf se, ne sw.....	3	94	33	120.00
e hf ne, w hf nw.....	11	94	33	160.00
se, and w hf sw.....	11	94	33	240.00
se sw.....	11	94	33	40.00
n hf ne, n hf nw.....	13	94	33	160.00
se n hf sw.....	13	94	33	240.00
se sw.....	13	94	33	40.00
n fr hf sec, e hf sw.....	3	95	33	452.76
nw se, sw.....	3	95	33	200.00
w fr hf ne, ne ne.....	5	95	33	146.03
w fr hf sec, n hf se.....	5	95	33	425.97

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Area.
all.....	7	95	33	635.04
e hf sec, e hf sw.....	9	95	33	400.00
w hf sw.....	11	95	33	80.00
e hf se, nw se.....	13	95	33	120.00
n hf sec, e hf se.....	15	95	33	400.00
sw se, e hf sw.....	15	95	33	120.00
e hf ne, sw ne.....	17	95	33	120.00
se, w hf sec.....	17	95	33	480.00
e hf ne.....	19	95	33	80.00
n hf sec, se.....	21	95	33	480.00
n hf sw, se sw.....	21	95	33	120.00
ne, w hf nw.....	23	95	33	240.00
ne nw, w hf se.....	23	95	33	120.00
se se, w hf sw.....	23	95	33	120.00
ne sw.....	23	95	33	40.00
e hf sec, n hf sw.....	25	95	33	400.00
w hf sec, w hf ne.....	27	95	33	400.00
ne ne, w hf se.....	27	95	33	120.00
ne, e hf nw.....	29	95	33	240.00
ne hf se.....	29	95	33	80.00
n hf ne, n hf nw.....	33	95	33	160.00
sw ne, nw.....	35	95	33	200.00
s hf.....	35	95	33	320.00
e fr hf.....	1	96	33	307.37
n fr hf nw, se sw.....	1	96	33	108.47
nw fr, se.....	3	96	33	303.19
e hf sw, nw sw.....	3	96	33	120.00
ne fr, s hf sec.....	5	96	33	459.92
n fr hf sec, se.....	7	96	33	470.57
e hf sw, n w fr sw.....	7	96	33	114.39
e hf ne, sw ne.....	9	96	33	120.00
nw, s hf sec.....	9	96	33	480.00
se sw.....	13	96	33	40.00
n hf sec, n hf se.....	15	96	33	400.00
e hf sw, sw sw.....	15	96	33	120.00
n hf sec, sw.....	17	96	33	480.00
e hf se, nw se.....	17	96	33	120.00
n fr hf sec, se.....	19	96	33	471.68
n fr hf sw, se sw.....	19	96	33	116.38
n hf sec, se.....	21	96	33	480.00
n hf sw, se sw.....	21	96	33	120.00
w hf sec, w hf ne.....	27	96	33	400.00
ne, n hf nw.....	29	96	33	240.00
sw nw, w hf sw.....	29	96	33	120.00
n hf se, se se.....	29	96	33	120.00

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Area.
w hf ne, nw fr.....	81	96	33	235.49
s fr hf.....	31	96	33	315.83
n hf nw, se nw.....	33	96	33	120.00
e hf sec, e hf sw.....	33	96	33	400.00
sw ne, nw fr.....	1	97	33	180.32
s hf.....	1	97	33	320.00
n fr hf sec., se.....	3	97	33	415.66
w hf sw, se sw.....	3	97	33	120.00
all.....	5	97	33	589.94
w fr hf sec., w hf ne.....	7	97	33	362.60
ne ne, n hf se.....	7	97	33	120.00
w hf ne, w hf se.....	9	97	33	160.00
w hf.....	9	97	33	320.00
n hf sec., w hf se.....	11	97	33	400.00
se se, n hf sw.....	11	97	33	120.00
all.....	13	97	33	640.00
e hf sec., n hf nw.....	15	97	33	400.00
se nw, e hf sw.....	15	97	33	120.00
e hf sec. w hf nw.....	17	97	33	400.00
sw.....	17	97	33	160.00
all.....	19	97	33	620.08
w hf sec., n hf ne.....	21	97	33	400.00
sw ne, se.....	21	97	33	200.00
e hf sec., e hf nw.....	23	97	33	400.00
nw nw, ne sw.....	23	97	33	80.00
sw sw.....	23	97	33	40.00
all.....	25	97	33	640.00
ne ne, s hf nw.....	27	97	33	120.00
ne, e hf nw.....	29	97	33	240.00
sw nw w hf se.....	29	97	33	120.00
se se, sw.....	29	97	33	200.00
sw ne nw fr.....	31	97	33	176.40
sw se, ne sw.....	31	97	33	80.00
e hf sec., nw.....	33	97	33	480.00
e hf sw, nw sw.....	33	97	33	120.00
ne qr, n hf se.....	35	97	33	240.00
w fr hf ne, nw fr.....	1	98	33	230.44
e hf se, nw se.....	1	98	33	120.00
w hf sw, ne sw.....	1	98	33	120.00
all.....	3	98	33	629.60
all.....	5	98	33	641.88
all.....	9	98	33	640.00
n hf ne, nw.....	11	98	33	240.00
w hf sw.....	11	98	33	80.00
lot 1, e hf sec.....	13	98	33	358.55

Parts of Section.	Sec	Tp.	Rang.	Area.
e hf sw. sw sw.....	13	98	33	120.00
nw, lot 1.....	15	98	33	196.20
e hf sec., e hf nw.....	17	98	33	400.00
sw.....	17	98	33	160.00
n fr hf sec., sw fr qr.....	19	98	33	464.36
n hf se qr, se se.....	19	98	33	120.00
all.....	21	98	33	640.00
all.....	23	98	33	621.46
all.....	25	98	33	640.00
all.....	27	98	33	640.00
all.....	29	98	33	640.00
all.....	31	98	33	622.60
all.....	33	98	33	640.00
all.....	35	98	33	640.00
w fr hf sec., se.....	3	99	33	530.09
all.....	5	99	33	739.30
all.....	7	99	33	610.48
all.....	9	99	33	640.00
w hf nw, sw.....	11	99	33	240.00
sw se.....	11	99	33	40.00
all.....	15	99	33	640.00
all.....	17	99	33	640.00
all.....	19	99	33	617.12
all.....	21	99	33	640.00
all.....	23	99	33	640.00
w hf.....	25	99	33	320.00
all.....	27	99	33	416.73
all.....	29	99	33	640.00
nw fr, n hf se.....	31	99	33	230.49
sw fr.....	31	99	33	151.49
all.....	33	99	33	611.38
lot 1 and w hf ne.....	35	99	33	115.00
ne ne, w hf sec.....	35	99	33	360.00
s hf se.....	35	99	33	80.00
all.....	7	100	33	531.12
w hf ne, se fr.....	17	100	33	186.10
w hf.....	17	100	33	320.00
all.....	19	100	33	623.10
s hf nw, nw nw.....	21	100	33	120.00
w hf se, sw.....	21	100	33	240.00
all.....	29	100	33	640.00
all.....	31	100	33	609.80
all.....	33	100	33	640.00
Total.....				127159 73

Filed in State Land Office August 2, 1866.

A list of Des Moines River Lands in place approved to the State June 14, 1866, under Act of July 12th, 1862 — in Sioux City District.

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Area.
w fr ht sec, e fr hf ne.....	1	95	34	429.52
ne se, sw se.....	1	95	34	80.00
n hf ne, se ne.....	13	95	34	120.00
ne se.....	13	95	34	40.00
all.....	1	96	34	618.14
ne ne.....	11	96	34	40.00
w hf ne, se ne.....	13	96	34	120.00
w hf se ne se.....	13	96	34	120.00
e hf nw, se sw.....	13	96	34	120.00
e hf se.....	23	96	34	80.00
w hf ne, w hf se.....	25	96	34	160.00
n hf nw, se nw.....	25	96	34	120.00
nw sw, se sw.....	25	96	34	80.00
e hf ne, ne se.....	35	96	34	120.00
e fr hf sec, s hf nw.....	1	97	34	387.45
n hf sw, se sw.....	1	97	34	120.00
n fr hf sec, se.....	3	97	34	456.56
w hf sw, ne sw.....	3	97	34	120.00
ne, ne nw.....	9	97	34	200.00
ne se.....	9	97	34	40.00
s hf ne, n hf nw.....	11	97	34	160.00
n hf se, sw se.....	11	97	34	120.00
n hf sw.....	11	97	34	80.00
e hf sec, nw.....	13	97	34	480.00
se sw.....	13	97	34	40.00
ne, n hf se.....	15	97	34	240.00
sw se, e hf nw.....	15	97	34	120.00
w hf ne, ne ne.....	23	97	34	120.00
w hf nw, ne nw.....	23	97	34	120.00
e hf se, e hf sw.....	23	97	34	160.00
sw sw.....	23	97	34	40.00
se ne, w hf nw.....	25	97	34	120.00
se, w hf sw.....	25	97	34	240.00
e hf ne, ne se.....	27	97	34	120.00
w hf ne, se ne.....	35	97	34	120.00
w hf nw, ne nw.....	35	97	34	120.00
se, ne sw.....	35	97	34	200.00
all.....	1	98	34	638.64
all.....	3	98	34	629.36
e fr hf sec, nw fr.....	5	98	34	458.44
e hf sw, nw sw.....	5	98	34	120.00
all.....	9	98	34	640.00
all.....	11	98	34	640.00

Parts of Section.	Sec	Tp.	Range	Area.
all.....	13	98	34	640.00
all.....	15	98	34	640.00
e hf sec, e hf sw.....	17	98	34	400.00
all.....	21	98	34	492.35
all.....	23	98	34	640.00
all.....	25	98	34	640.00
all.....	27	98	34	640.00
lots 1, 2, s hf ne, se.....	29	98	34	307.45
all.....	33	98	34	640.00
all.....	35	98	34	640.00
s hf.....	1	99	34	320.00
sw sw.....	3	99	34	40.00
all.....	5	99	34	735.02
all.....	7	99	34	610.00
w hf sec, ne.....	9	99	34	480.00
e hf nw.....	13	99	34	80.00
nw sw.....	15	99	34	40.00
all.....	17	99	34	640.00
all.....	19	99	34	612.00
all.....	21	99	34	587.56
ehf ne, nw ne.....	23	99	34	120.00
s hf.....	23	99	34	320.00
all.....	25	99	34	640.00
all.....	27	99	34	640.00
all.....	29	99	34	611.72
all.....	31	99	34	615.20
all.....	33	99	34	640.00
all.....	35	99	34	640.00
e hf ne, w fr hf nw.....	7	100	34	80.47
sw se, sw fr.....	7	100	34	154.46
all.....	9	100	34	544.70
nw fr, s hf sec.....	11	100	34	430.89
all.....	13	100	34	640.00
all.....	15	100	34	640.00
all.....	17	100	34	640.00
all.....	19	100	34	585.00
n hf sec, e hf sw.....	21	100	34	400.00
all.....	23	100	34	640.00
all.....	25	100	34	640.00
e hf sec, sw.....	27	100	34	480.00
all.....	29	100	34	640.00
all.....	31	100	34	606.40
ne ne, w hf ne.....	33	100	34	120.00
nw, s hf sec.....	33	100	34	480.00
n hf sec, e hf se.....	35	100	34	400.00

Parts of Section.	Sec	Tp.	Range	Area.
n hf sw.....	35	100	34	80.00
all.....	1	99	35	730.04
ne fr, e hf se.....	3	99	35	280.55
n hf sec, se.....	11	99	35	480.00
e hf sw, nw sw.....	11	99	35	120 00
all.....	13	99	35	589.20
n hf ne, se ne.....	23	99	35	120.00
e hf se.....	23	99	35	80.00
n hf sec, se.....	25	99	35	480.00
e hf sw.....	25	99	35	80.00
all.....	9	100	35	547.08
all.....	11	100	35	555.74
all.....	13	100	35	640.00
all.....	15	100	35	640.00
e hf ne, nw ne.....	17	100	35	120.00
ne se.....	17	100	35	40.00
n hf sec, se.....	21	100	35	480.00
e hf sw.....	21	100	35	80.00
all.....	23	100	35	511.25
all.....	25	100	35	640.00
e fr hf sec, nw.....	27	100	35	424.10
n hf sw, se sw.....	27	100	35	120.00
all.....	35	100	35	640.00
Total.....				39,949.29

Filed in State Land Office August 2d, 1866.

In addition to the lands included in the foregoing lists, there have been approved and certified to the State of Iowa, three lists of Des Moines River Indemnity Lands, embracing 298,914.45 acres, and are as follows:

In Sioux City Land District, 200,704.28 acres.

In Fort Dodge Land District, 98,215.17.

Two of these lists embracing 297,593.74 acres were Approved to the State June 14, 1866, and filed in this office August 2, 1866; the other list, embracing 1,315.71 acres, was approved to the State March 13, 1867, and filed in this office April 3, 1867.

10TH—THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE GRANT.

These lands were donated by act of Congress approved July 2d, 1862.

These selections were made by the agent of the State, in latter

part of the year 1863, and were approved by the Secretary of the Interior on the 13th of December, 1864, and are located as follows, to wit:

IN THE FORT DES MOINES DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	AMOUNT IN RAIL- ROAD LIMITS.	OUTSIDE OF RAIL- ROAD LIMITS.	TOTAL ACRES.
Worth.....	.....	196.56	196.56
Winnebago.....	.....	2,429.75	2,429.75
Greene.....	4,178.65	.....	4,178.65
Total in this district.	.....	.....	6,804.96

IN THE SIOUX CITY DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	AMOUNT IN RAIL ROAD LIMITS	OUTSIDE OF RAIL- ROAD LIMITS.	TOTAL ACRES.
Buena Vista.....	1,765.33	4,072.25	5,837.58
Cherokee.....	2,249.62	.....	2,249.62
Clay.....	.....	8,719.42	8,719.42
Dickinson.....	.....	5,159.67	5,159.67
Emmett.....	.....	8,594.15	8,594.15
Ida.....	5,212.32	3,426.55	8,638.87
Lyon.....	.....	1,120.00	1,120.00
O'Brien.....	.....	1,600.00	1,600.00
Palo Alto.....	.....	1,600.00	1,600.00
Plymouth.....	1,760.00	2,082.60	3,842.60
Sac.....	320.00	.....	320.00
Sioux.....	.....	1,280.00	1,280.00
Woodbury.....	3,201.17	6,902.29	10,103.46
Total.....	14,518.44	44,556.93	59,075.37

IN THE FORT DODGE DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	AMOUNT IN RAIL ROAD LIMITS.	OUTSIDE OF RAIL- ROAD LIMITS.	TOTAL ACRES.
Calhoun.....	3,068.00	.....	3,068.00
Emmett.....	.....	8,054.84	8,054.84
Hamilton.....	2,481.50	.....	2,481.50
Humboldt.....	.....	3,063.13	3,063.13
Kossuth.....	.....	84,198.29	84,198.29
Palo Alto.....	.....	26,118.14	26,118.14
Pocahontas ..	3,549.04	.....	3,549.04
Webster.....	3,249.72	.....	3,249.72
Wright.....	4,645.45	.....	4,645.45
Total.....	16,994.57	121,434.40	138,428.97

Aggregate number of acres, 204,309.30.

In addition to the lands granted by Congress, there are, according to the records of this office, appropriated for the benefit of the Agricultural College, and under the control of the Trustees thereof, the following lands to-wit:

Five Section Grant (in Jasper County).....	3,200.00 acres.
Lands donated in Story County.....	721.00 acres.
Lands donated in Boone County.....	200.00 acres.

Total.....4,121.00 acres.

Of these lands there have been sold and patented all (3,200 acres) of the five section grant in Jasper county and 135.00 acres of the lands donated in Story county.

The following Act was passed by the 11th General Assembly in relation to the sale and lease of the lands granted to the State by Act of Congress:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa*, That the Trustees of the Iowa State Agricultural College and Farm, are hereby authorized to sell or lease all of the lands granted to the State of Iowa, by the Act of Congress entitled, "An Act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide Colleges for the benefit of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts," approved July 2d, 1862, which grant was accepted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa, September 11th, 1862, upon the following conditions, regulations and restrictions, to-wit: None of said lands shall be sold for a less sum than fifty per cent. above the price that each piece of said lands respectively was appraised at, by the Trustees of the Agricultural College and Farm, in the year 1865, but may be sold by the purchaser paying one-fourth at the time of sale, and the balance at any time within ten years from the day of sale, the purchaser to pay eight per cent. interest per annum, annually in advance on the deferred payment. And a failure to pay the interest or the principal within sixty days after it becomes due, the purchaser shall forfeit all claim to said land, as well as that portion of principal and interest he had paid to the Agricultural College.

SEC. 2. That any of said lands may be leased in amounts not to exceed 160 acres, to any one man, for any term not exceeding ten years, the lessee to pay eight per. cent. per annum in advance

upon the price of said land, which is hereby declared to be fifty per cent. additional to the price at which each piece of said lands respectively, were appraised by the Trustees of the Iowa State Agricultural College and Farm, in the year 1865, and the said lessee shall have the privilege of purchasing said land at or before the expiration of the lease, at the above described advance price. The lessee failing to pay the interest on said lease within sixty days from the time the same becomes due, shall forfeit his lease, together with the amount of the interest he has paid, and the improvements thereon.

SEC. 3. The money arising from the sale of said lands, shall be paid into the State Treasury, which shall be invested by the State Treasurer, in bonds of the State of Iowa, or United States Registered bonds, as directed by the Act of Congress, granting said lands. And the moneys arising from the interest on the leases of said lands, shall be paid over to the Trustees of the Iowa State Agricultural College and Farm, to be loaned by said Board of Trustees, on good and sufficient security, until needed to defray the expenses of the College.

SEC. 4. The Trustees of the Iowa State Agricultural College and Farm, are hereby endowed with all necessary authority to appoint agents, or do any other Acts to carry out the provisions of this Act as well as the provisions of Chapter one hundred and seventeen, of the laws of the Tenth General Assembly; and all parts or provisions of Chapter one hundred and seventeen, of the Acts of the Tenth General Assembly, conflicting with this Act, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 5. This Act being deemed by the General Assembly of immediate importance, it shall be in force from and after its publication in the Iowa State Register, published at Des Moines, Iowa, and the Iowa North-West, published at Ft. Dodge, Iowa.

Approved March 29, 1866.

I understand that the Hon. G. W. Bassett, as Agent appointed to sell and lease these lands, has leased a quantity of them. I have, however, no official knowledge of the amount so leased.

The following law bearing upon this Land Grant is given in full:

AN ACT to amend the fifth section of an act entitled "An Act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide Colleges for the benefit of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts," approved July 2, 1862, so as to extend the time within which the provisions of said act shall be accepted, and such Colleges established.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time in which the several States may comply with the provisions of the act of July 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, entitled "An Act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide Colleges for the benefit of Agriculture and Mechanic arts," is hereby extended so that the acceptance of the benefits of the said act may be expressed within three years from the passage of this act, and the colleges required by the said act may be provided within five years from the date of the filing of such acceptance with the Commissioner of the General Land Office; *Provided*, when any territory shall become a State and be admitted into the Union, such new State shall be entitled to the benefits of said act of July 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, by expressing the acceptance therein required within three years from the date of its admission into the Union, and providing the college or colleges within five years after such acceptance, as prescribed in this act; *Provided further*, that any State which has heretofore expressed its acceptance of the act herein referred to, shall have the period of five years within which to provide at least one college, as described in the fourth section of said act, after the time for providing said college, according to the act of July 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, shall have expired.

Approved July 23, 1866.

11TH—REAL ESTATE BOUGHT IN ON FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGES GIVEN TO JAMES D. EADS, IN SECURITY FOR FIVE PER CENT FUND.

The following real estate was mortgaged to secure the payment of school fund loaned by Jas. D. Eads, as Superintendent Public Instruction. . The mortgages have been foreclosed, the property sold upon execution and bid off by the State and sheriff's deeds for same are upon record in this office.

Lots.	Block.	Addition.
5, 6, 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16.....	6	Nassau add. to Keokuk..
1, 2.....	7“.....“.....
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18.	8“.....“.....
1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 12.....	9“.....“.....
5, 6, 7, 8, 15, 16.....	10“.....“.....
5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16, 17, 18.....	11“.....“.....
1, 2, 5, 6, 9, 10.....	12“.....“.....
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9.....	13“.....“.....
5, 6.....	14“.....“.....
all of fractional.....	16“.....“.....
that part of block 18 lying west of a north and south line running through the center of block 21 and produced through said block 18, (6 ½ acres, more or less).....	18	Nassau add. to Keokuk..
w hf (5 acres).....	21“.....“.....
w hf (5 acres).....	22“.....“.....
w hf (5 acres).....	25“.....“.....
e hf (5 acres).....	27“.....“.....
sw qr (2 hf acres more or less).....	28“.....“.....
7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.....	60	partly in Mason's lower add. to Keokuk and partly in Reid's add. to Keokuk.....

Thirty-five acres described as follows: Commencing at the south-east corner of the south-west quarter of section 1, township 65, range 5 west, thence west on the south line of said quarter section to the south-west corner of said quarter section, thence north on the west line of said quarter section, 11 chains and 42 links to a stone, thence east parallel to the south line of said quarter section, 30 chains and 50 links to a post, thence south 10 chains and 92 links to a post, thence east parallel to the south line of said quarter section 9 chains and 50 links to a post, thence south 50 links to the place of beginning, situate and lying in the county of Lee and State of Iowa.

Parts of Section.	Sec.	Tp.	Range	Acres.
n hf of sw qr.....	3	91	26	.....
w hf of nw qr.....	25	84	23	.....
w hf of ne qr.....	25	84	23	.....

Parts of Section.	Sec	Tp.	Range	Acres.
ne qr of se qr.....	25	84	23	.....
se qr of ne qr.....	25	84	23	.....
w hf of se qr.....	31	71	25	.....
sw qr.....	4	77	25	160.00
w hf.....	7	77	25	348.00
n hf of nw qr.....	18	77	25	88.00
sw qr.....	15	77	25	160.00
w hf of ne qr.....	30	77	25	80.00
Total.....				836.00

Although the following report was received after ours had gone into the hands of the Printer, we insert it in its natural connection:

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
DES MOINES, Nov. 15th, 1867. }

Hon. C. C. Carpenter, Register State Land Office:

SIR:—In accordance with requirements of chapter 94, of the acts of 1864, relative to Cavenor's land in Warren county, I beg leave to report:

That on the 22d of October, 1867, said lands (for particular description see deed of Sheriff) were sold at Sheriff's sale. The south half of north-west quarter of section 15, township 77, range 25, was bid in by Robert Dickey for \$800.00—the remaining lands were bid in by me for the State.

The lands, 915 acres brought at the sale.....	\$7,547.00
The original debt was.....	4,125.00
Interest up to date of sale.....	4,537.50
Costs paid by the State.....	162.02½
	<hr/>
	\$8,824.52½
Amount of sale.....	\$7,547.00
	<hr/>
Balance on judgment.....	\$1,277.52½

By the terms of the settlement made by the General Assembly in the act above cited, the sale of the land cancels the mortgage and satisfies the debt in full.

Out of the proceeds of the sale the original debt, \$4,125.00, goes to the permanent school fund, the remaining portion that may be realized will go to the temporary school fund.

The lands will sell readily for the price at which they were bid off by the State; one tract, viz: the south-west quarter of section 4, township 77, range 25, has been already sold for \$2,320.00, being \$14.50 per acre.

For further particulars I respectfully refer you to record of proceedings of the Commissioners named in said act, and also of the Census Board, in reference to disposition of said land, in the office of Secretary of State.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,

HENRY O'CONNOR,
Attorney General.

12TH—CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE UNDER CHAPTER 16, APPROVED MARCH 3, 1860, LAWS OF EIGHTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

It will be observed that warrants have been issued on all except three of these claims. Several of the claimants did not apply for their warrants until within a few months, owing to the fact that after the claims were allowed and filed, they drew ten per cent. interest, while the warrants issued by the Auditor drew seven per cent.

Although the claims for which warrants remain unissued only amount to little more than eleven thousand dollars, yet the difference in interest amounts to several hundred dollars per annum, and it seems to me it should be reduced on claims to the same per cent. as paid on warrants.

Claimant.	Amount of claim allowed.	When filed.	When certified to Auditor.	To whom warrants were issued.	Amount issued.
Jas. J. Kinnersly.	\$9000.00	June 22, '61	March 22, '66	J. J. Kinnersly..	\$12975.00
			.. "....."	John Mitchell...	60.00
			.. "....."	D. O. Finch.....	240.00
Jonas Houghton.	8904.80	June 22, '61	.. "....."	Williamson & Nourse.....	737.50
			March 22, '66	Noah G. Brown & Geo. L. Moore, exrs. of Jas. A. Brown, dec'd..	4727.27
				.....same.....	295.80
Adam Hine	880 00	June 22, '61	Oct. 15, '67	Adam Hine....	1434.60
William Baker...	700.00	.. "....."	March 22, '66	William Baker..	1032.50
R. Jackson for heirs of A. Miller }	750.00	.. "....."	April 5, '66	R. Jackson for A. Miller's heirs...	998.44
			Oct. 16, '67	.....same..	122.44
Geo. C. Allender..	8037.25	.. "....."	.....	Pd. under act '62	.....
Wm. Armstrong.	100 00	.. "....."	April 8, '66	Wm. Armstrong.	147.75
Edwin Manning..	45 00	.. "....."	Dec. 5, '66	Edwin Manning.	69.65
John Parker	400.00	.. "....."	March 30, '66	John Parker...	590.89

REPORT OF THE

Claimant.	Amount of claim allowed.	When filed.	When certified to Auditor.	To whom warrants were issued.	Amount issued.
H. D. Stewart....	100.00	June 22, '61	March 30, '66	H. D. Stewart...	118.00
				.....same.....	29.50
Van Buren Co....	114.00	June 22, '61	.....	.....	.....
Meek & Bros....	1652.68	.....	April 5, '66	Meek & Bros...	2444.60
Joseph Benning..	250.00	.....	March 22, '66	Joseph Benning.	831.87½
			Oct. 16, '67	.....same.....	40.77
George Gray....	700.00	June 22, '61	March 22, '66	John W. Bidman	929.25
			April 12, '66	.....same.....	103.63
D. Kennedy.....	700.00	June 22, '61	..... 5, '66	D. Kennedy....	1035.40
S. Dwight Eaton.	800.00	.....	July 20, '66	S. Dwight Eaton	452.33½
Peter Tobie.....	265.92	.....	June 11, '66	Peter Tobie....	898.10
Thos. H. Harlen.	550.00	.....	March 22, '66	John W. Bidman	666.87½
				.....same.....	63.25
				.....same.....	89.71
Guy Wells.....	1000.00	June 22, '61	Oct. 18, '67	.....	.....
James A. Brown.	19159.21	.....	.....	Pd. under act '62	.....
I. P. Gray.....	1400.00	.....	March 22, '66	I. P. Gray.....	1738.50
			.....	John Mitchell...	120.00
				I. P. Gray.....	198.49
Robert P. Gray...	700.00	June 22, '61	March 22, '66	Robt. P. Gray...	781.75
			April 5, '66	.....same.....	147.90
			Oct. 16, '67	.....same.....	114.19
Felix Deck.....	600.00	June 22, '61	April 28, '66	Felix Deck.....	890.00
John Stafford....	550.00	.....	March 22, '66	John Stafford...	730.12½
			Oct. 16, '67	.....same.....	89.71
J. Benping, Ad. }	100.00	June 22, '61	May 29, '66	J. Benning Ad.	
Isaac Gray, dec. }				Isaac Gray dec.	149.20
Wm. McCowan..	100.00	.....	July 20, '66	J. C. Knapp ...	150.50
Isaac P. Gray....	800.00	.....	March 22, '66	I. P. Gray.....	762.00
			.....	John Mitchell...	300.00
			Oct. 16, '67	I. P. Gray.....	51.00
Adam Hine.....	800.00	Feb. 10, '62	..... 15, '67	Adam Hine.....	470.41
Gray & Co.....	10215.00	.....	March 22, '66	Gray & Co ..	8652.10
			June 21, '66	.....same.....	4401.81
			Sept. 24, '67	.....same.....	522.93
			Oct. 16, '67	.....same.....	1067.84
Wells, Chidester }	876.20	Feb. 10, '62	March 22, '66	Wells, Chidester	
& Gray..... }				& Gray.....	873.87
			.....	John Mitchell...	120.00
			Oct. 16, '67	I. P. Gray.....	45.80
			.....	Wells Chidester.	91.60
Green, Bragg & Co	8150.00	July 18, '62	March 22, '66	Green, Bragg & Co	11147.37
E. Colton.....	18500.00	June 22, '61	July 20, '66	J. C. Knapp...	265.50
			March 22, '66	John Mitchell...	360.00
			July 18, '66	Wm. Baker & Co	1923.17
Meek & Sons....	4035.62	Dec. 20, '63	April 5, '66	Meek & Sons...	4960.45
O. H. P. Scott...	150.00	Feb. 16, '64	Aug. 8, '66	O. H. P. Scott...	187.08½
Peter Tobie.....	9097.20	July 6, '64	June 11, '66	Peter Tobie....	9720.25
			..... 27, '66	.....same.....	1140.30
H. K. Love & Co.	2634.81	July 6, '64	May 30, '67	H. K. Love & Co	3398.89
O. H. P. Scott...	7270.88	.....	Aug. 8, '66	O. H. P. Scott...	8789.48
Jas. J. Kinnersly.	500.00	.....29.....	March 22, '66	J. J. Kinnersly..	561.11

18TH—MISCELLANEOUS.

In closing this Report, I will be pardoned for making a few suggestions in reference to matters connected with the business of this office. It is of great importance to the people of a State that land titles should be unqualifiedly good, as upon such titles the good order, content and prosperity of the community are largely dependent. It therefore becomes the duty of the Legislature to provide, as far as possible, that citizens deriving title directly from the State shall receive a patent without a cloud or blemish.

By an act of Congress approved June 15th, 1844, it was enacted that when the sixteenth Section was wholly or in part, included in private land claims, held to be legal, the State could select other lands "which have been offered at public sale and remain unsold," to an equivalent amount; and by an act approved February 26th, 1859, other lands were appropriated to compensate for deficiencies of school lands in fractional townships, when section Sixteen is fractional, or in case of deficiency from any natural cause.

There is no record of lands selected under these laws, in this office, and when certificates are sent here on which patents are to be obtained for this class of lands, such patents must either be issued upon the bare certificates, unsupported by any evidence of record found here that the land described is school land, or be deferred until we can write to Washington and receive an answer as to whether the land has been selected and approved to the State in lieu of the sixteenth section.

The duty of getting plats of these lands and procuring the certificate of the Commissioner of the General Land Office as to their character, might be added to those of Mr. Harvey, and could probably be obtained at small cost, while he is in Washington, and such plats in the future would doubtless save great trouble and expense, and might prevent the ruin of private individuals, who had become the purchasers of land to which the State had no title.

This office should also be supplied with plats of all fractional subdivisions of the sixteenth section. In fact there should have been plats of the entire sixteenth section grant, before any patents were issued, so they could have been marked up as the sales

progressed, and thus have precluded the danger of double, or overlapping sales; but as they were not obtained, and the grant is now partially disposed of, it would perhaps not pay to get them. It would, however, have saved many conflicts in titles if they had been furnished years ago; and the *fractional* sections should still be platted, and kept here in order to avoid errors in making out patents, and to detect mistakes in selling, so frequently made, by the local authorities in the different counties, where such fractions are found.

Plats should also be obtained on the Des Moines River Lands *in place* enuring to the State, under the act of July 12, 1862, especially will they be necessary if sales take place under chapter 108, acts 10th General Assembly.

The 12,813.51 acres of land belonging to the 500,000 acre grant, which owing to the construction put upon the grant of August 8th, 1846, was not platted with the balance of that grant, now forever settled by the adjustment with the State, and the decisions of the Supreme Court, should also be platted for the use of this office before sales commence or patents are issued upon it. For the balance of that grant, amounting to over 522,000 acres, the State was furnished with plats years ago, and they have been of great service in keeping the business in connection with it, in proper order; and are to-day more frequently referred to for information, than any other book among the records of this office.

The person having charge of this office should also be authorized to get books, the binding of which is nearly worn out from long and constant use, re-bound.

The various lists of railroad lands, and other grants, and copies of patents from the General Government to the State, should also be bound in a durable and permanent form, not only as a matter of convenience to those frequently referring to them, but for safe keeping, as in their present shape, from frequent handling, a few years will nearly, if not quite destroy them.

My predecessor reported upon the apportionment to the different counties of the Swamp Land Indemnity Funds, obtained by the State under the act of March 2d, 1855. But as those warrants do not pass through this office, and as I have no official knowledge in regard to the amount issued, or to what counties, I have not the data upon which to found any report in reference to it. And

as that more appropriately belongs to the Department of the Treasury, any information desired respecting it, will doubtless be found in the Treasurer's Report.

In Chapter 29, laws of the Eleventh General Assembly, the clause in favor of Ezra Vincent is evidently a mistake, as it authorizes the said Vincent to purchase 280 acres of the 500,000 acre grant, at \$1.25 per acre, while the other parties similarly situated, only get a quarter section each, that being the number of acres evidently designed to be secured to each one of these claimants.

Mr. Vincent's application on file in this office, embraces the se qr of se qr of section 7, and the e hf of ne qr and nw qr of ne qr of section 18, township 79, range 43, west of 5th p. m.; while the law describes the se qr of se qr of section 7, and the e hf of ne qr, and nw qr of section 18, township 79, range 43 west.

It will be observed that one forty in Mr. Vincent's application is not embraced in the law, while a full quarter section is described entirely disconnected from the balance of his claim. I therefore refused to make out a patent for only the one hundred and twenty acres common both to Vincent's application and the law; and the Legislature should pass a curative Act authorizing a patent to issue for the balance of his claim, viz: the N. W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of the N. E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 18, Township 79, Range 43, West, as the other quarter section described does not include this forty; and to patent the whole 280 acres, would be unjust to the School fund, as on that not settled previous to selection and approval as School Land, the right of competition among purchasers should not be withheld.

It, perhaps, is not generally understood by those parties who bought of the State, and paid for Des Moines River Lands, (previous to the contract with the Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Co.), and hold certificates for patents, that such patents are in this office ready to be delivered on presentation of the certificates, free of charge; and if called for immediately may save trouble and expense in the future, as such certificates are liable to be lost.

EXPENDITURE OF CONTINGENT FUND.

The Eleventh General Assembly appropriated as a contingent fund for the payment of a clerk in this office, for the term of two

years, ending December 31, 1867, the sum of.....\$2000.00
 And for a deficiency for the year 1865, the sum of..... 250.00

Making in all.....\$2250.00

The expenditures from this fund have been as follows:

To D. E. Jones, regular clerk from October 1, 1865, to
 January 1, 1866.....\$ 250.00
 To D. E. Jones, from January 1, 1866, to January 1, 1867 1000.00
 To D. E. Jones, from January 1, to January 7, 1867..... 19.40
 To John M. Davis, regular clerk, from January 7, to
 November 1, 1867..... 814.60

Total.....\$ 2084.00

Leaving a balance in the treasury to the credit of this fund of \$166.00, sufficient for the payment of a clerk to the 31st of December of the present year.

Respectfully submitted,

C. C. CARPENTER, Register.

I purpose in a few pages to review some of the results which should flow from this vast system of land grants. When the historian in future years, comes to record the rapid progress of Iowa in wealth and education, the forecast of the legislators to whom the people have entrusted the management of these munificent land grants, bestowed upon her to aid in the establishment of a liberal school system, and in the construction of long lines of railway, will constitute one of its most interesting chapters. In that chapter those who come after us will read the wisdom or folly of the men of to-day.

We have received and control, for the purpose of aiding the common schools of the State, an aggregate of 1,548,487.97 acres of land besides the five per cent. fund; 208,430.30 acres for the benefit of an Agricultural College; 92,030.37 acres to contribute towards a State University fund; and to aid in the construction of railroads 3,270,702 acres already certified, while the estimated amounts inuring to the State for the different roads under the laws of May 15, 1856, July 12, 1862, May 12, 1864 and June 2, 1864, will increase this amount by as much more. The great value of these grants can only be indefinitely estimated in their present undeveloped state. The effect they should have upon the future

growth and prosperity of Iowa, however, may be approximated by comparison with the advantages accruing to other States from grants of a like nature.

Proposing, without reference to the grants for educational purposes, or the Swamp Land Grant, to consider especially the hopes which have been excited, and should be realized, in view of our stupendous land grants to aid in the construction of railroads, we have before us the history of the Illinois Central Railroad from which to draw some conclusions as to the future of similar improvements in Iowa. From the initiatory steps taken in the survey of that road, to its completion, and up to the present hour, its construction, its management, and the per cent. it has paid to stockholders, have more than met the expectations of its friends. Comprising in its main trunk and branch more than 700 miles of road — passing mostly over what was seventeen years ago the treeless expanse of the grand prairie — it has advanced civilization in the State of Illinois at least one quarter of a century.

The great work wrought by the influence of this road cannot better be summed up, than by an extract from the last Report of Commissioner Edmunds of the General Land Office; he says: "By an act of Congress in 1850 a grant was made to Illinois to aid in the construction of railroads. It conveyed for the purpose 2,595.053 acres, which have been valued as high as thirty millions of dollars, resulting in an extraordinary impulse to the settlement and prosperity of the State. At the date of the grant nearly half the public land within the limits of Illinois was vacant and undisposed of. Now, after the lapse of only fifteen years, the United States has virtually retired as a landholder from the State."

Besides this influx of immigration stimulated by the Central Railroad, and the wealth, commerce and industries which it has drawn to those prairies, the per cent. paid from the earnings of the road into the State Treasury, has lifted a considerable burden from the shoulders of the people in the way of relief from taxation.

In view of this astonishing success, what may we not expect, if properly managed, from the influence of our Railroad grants upon the future of Iowa? It may be said that land grants are not a sufficient inducement of themselves to insure the construction of Railroads; but that capitalists will build Railroads where they can

rely upon local business to sustain them, or as connecting links between great centers of trade and population, while proposed land grant roads unaided by these commercial advantages, will not receive the consideration of men possessing railroad experience.

Not proposing to question these views, it requires but a cursory glance at the centers of wealth and population which will depend upon our east and west roads, to dispel any doubt of their success.

We base our estimate of the future upon the assumption that Chicago is to be the great commercial emporium of the west; and the belief that the projects of 1492 which stimulated the enterprise of Columbus, and inspired the explorations of Balboa, are now—after more than three hundred years have elapsed since their vain endeavors to find a direct western route to the East Indies and the Empires of Asia—about to be realized in the completion of the main trunk of the Union Pacific Railroad. The day is not distant when over this road and its several branches, the vast commerce of the hitherto East but future West will be transported, by a route three thousand five hundred miles shorter than the merchantmen of the British Empire and of Western Europe have heretofore traversed. Five hundred and seventeen miles of this road west from Omaha are now completed, and from the Superintendent's Report for the quarter including the months of May, June, and July when but three hundred and twenty-five miles were in operation, we learn that the net earnings on passengers, freight, telegraph and mails, excluding the transportation of contractors' materials and men, was \$485,789.04. If such is the result upon 325 miles of road terminating in a plain, uninhabited, save by hostile Indians, what may we not calculate will be its prodigious business when after A. D. 1870 it not only connects the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, but is tapped by a great net work of feeders on the Pacific coast and in the Mississippi Valley?

Fortunately for Iowa her position is central in this great net work in the Mississippi Valley, and towards her western border the railroad routes of the Northwest as naturally converge as longitudinal lines to the poles. The commerce which will in future years grow up between the East and California, Oregon, Washington and Alaska, cannot be turned away from her Railways. These conclusions are not the vagaries of local pride, for the unmistakable evidence of engineering science proves that Iowa

is located upon a line between the commercial centers of the East and the most accessible crossings of the Rocky Mountains. To attempt a great through-line further north would be to contend perpetually with the never-melting snows, the short seasons, and the uncultivable plains—supplying few elements of local trade—of that latitude. To go further South would be to increase the distance by a curve from the direct routes between business centers, besides coming in contact with the no less formidable, waterless plains and sandy deserts of Arizona and New Mexico. These facts designate the Railroads of Iowa as the thoroughfares of a large proportion of the world's commerce. The Territories of Colorado, Montana, Idaho and Utah, each possessing inexhaustible treasures within their borders—that in future years will employ the energies of teeming populations, and are now attracting thousands of immigrants to those mountains and rivers lined and choked with gold—must also find an outlet for the wealth of these mines, and an inlet for the food to supply their inhabitants, over the main trunk and branches of the Union Pacific Railroad.

Although all these Territories do not lie due west of Iowa, yet every consideration of climate, the courses of their streams, the outlets of their rivers, and the impassable deserts and mountains which surround them, will for many years necessitate a concentration for east and west communication upon the line of the Union Pacific Railroad,

And as by far the greater portion of their wealth and population lies north and west of the main trunk, it insures the passage of travel and commerce through our State.

Aside from these facts, we have a still more telling influence in favor of Iowa in the unlimited resources she contains within her own boundaries.

After leaving the western portion of this State, and passing a narrow strip of Eastern Nebraska bordering the Missouri River. the valuable farming lands for all purposes of grain and stock raising are practically at an end, until the Pacific coast is reached. Perhaps an exception should be made in respect to a few localities like Salt Lake Valley, where by means of irrigation and other artificial aids some agricultural success is attained; but the extra cost of such farming will eventually drive all classes in those regions to the business of mining, while they will look for cheaper

food by railway transportation from states adapted to agriculture. Iowa will do much towards supplying the vast mineral region, stretching along the Cordilleras of the North American Continent, with food for the non-producing population which will dwell in its canons and gulches.

Coal is not thought to exist in any quantity between the Missouri River and the Rocky mountains, and consequently the timberless plains which intervene will naturally draw their fuel from Iowa. Stone from her quarries will be transported for building purposes to the ranches, villages and cities of those plains; hay from her prairies will be sold by the bale in the Rocky mountains; cloths from her factories, manufactured from wool shorn from sheep that feed upon her pastures, will go far towards clothing the miners along those streams; flour from her mills, made from the wheat of her fields, will do its share towards feeding the people of that region. To do the immense business growing out of this commerce, besides the local and foreign trade which will pass over our thoroughfares, will prove by the time our contemplated roads are completed, that they are none too numerous.

Who cannot see that within the next ten years, even if these Western States and Territories increase in population no faster than during the past ten—half of which have been occupied in the all-absorbing work of subduing a great rebellion—together with the natural growth of eastern trade, and the commerce of the Pacific, secured after 1870 by the completion of the main trunk of the Union Pacific Railroad—that all of our proposed roads will be fully employed, and that trade will still demand greater facilities for its increasing volume.

On the 15th of May A. D. 1856, the Law was approved making a grant of lands to aid in the construction of certain Railroads in the State of Iowa. Under this Act several corporations were organized by authority of the General Assembly of the State, and have for the last eleven years assumed to control these Land Grants, while upon the different contemplated routes, Railroad lines have been located, and the work of construction carried forward with greater or less success, according to the ability of the different companies.

The Burlington and Missouri River Company surveyed and located a route across the State, passing through the second tier

of counties north of the Missouri line—a portion of the State unsurpassed in agricultural fertility, and possessing all the advantages in climate, water, timber, and surface necessary to promote settlement and cheap construction of Railways.

Within this time the Company have completed this road to Chariton, in Lucas County, one hundred and thirty miles west of Burlington, and the work is now progressing between the former place and Afton in Union County, being nearly completed to Osceola.

This road received under the Land Grant as certified, 287,095.34 acres of land, which in connection with local advantages, should insure its speedy completion to the Missouri river.

The Mississippi and Missouri River Railroad, now the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, is one of the most important lines in the State; connecting when completed, by an almost direct route, Chicago and the Union Pacific at Omaha. Passing through the rich interior counties of Iowa, it binds together Davenport, Iowa City, Des Moines and Council Bluffs, with all the intervening towns.

It is now finished to Des Moines, one hundred and seventy-five miles west of Davenport, and work is being pressed west of the Capital, with a prospect of completion to Council Bluffs at an early day, where it will connect with the Union Pacific, Northwestern, and Council Bluffs & St. Joseph Roads.

This road has enuring to it under the grant of 1856, 474,674.36 acres of land.

The Iowa Central Air Line, or Cedar Rapids and Missouri River Railroad (now known as the Northwestern) is the only one completed across the State, extending from Clinton, on the Mississippi, to Council Bluffs, on the Missouri, a distance of 356 miles. It passes through a rich tier of counties and a number of important towns, crossing the Cedar river at Cedar Rapids, the Iowa near Marshalltown and the Des Moines at Montana and Boonsboro. From the vicinity of these last named places, large quantities of coal are being mined for delivery at different points east on the line of the road, besides a constant shipment west for use along the Union Pacific.

This road received 775,454.19 acres of land. Although the road is built across the State, the company are now extending a

branch of the Union Pacific Railroad, from St. John, the point at which the Cedar Rapids & Missouri River Railroad touches the Missouri valley, up the valley to terminate at Sioux City; an extension not more for the purpose of building a road to the point on the Missouri at which the Onawa branch of the Cedar Rapids and Missouri River Railroad will terminate, than to secure the business of the Upper Missouri River. This branch is reported so far completed to Little Sioux River as to be ready for the iron.

The Dubuque & Sioux City Road is now completed to Iowa Falls, one hundred and forty-three miles west of Dubuque, with a branch extending from Farley to Cedar Rapids, fifty-six miles, and a feeder from Waterloo to Waverly some twenty miles. The main line of this road passes through a rich and rapidly improving country; and the route upon which the uncompleted portion, from Iowa Falls westward, is located, is through a country equal in natural resources to any portion of the State.

The land grant which will enure to it, upon completion, amounts to 1,226,538.32 acres. Add to these lands, the fact that with the erection of a bridge across the Mississippi at Dubuque, the completion of this road to Sioux City, and the construction through Nebraska of a branch of the Union Pacific Railroad to a junction with the main trunk at or near the South pass—which will make this as direct a route from Chicago to the Pacific States as any of the contemplated lines—and there is great reason to believe that the next two years will witness its completion to Sioux City.

This road passes through a region of Iowa which will furnish many necessities of permanent improvement required for the prairies further west. The building stone, lime, and coal found on the Iowa, Boone and Des Moines rivers will supply the demands of the coming thousands who will live and prosper upon the prairies west of these streams; while the inexhaustible quarries of gypsum abounding in the vicinity of Fort Dodge, will furnish a superior building material, both for ornamental finish and durability, that will be sought for in other States of the northwest, as soon as facilities of transportation will permit. This road is said to be under contract, from Iowa Falls to Fort Dodge, a distance of fifty-five miles, and the work progressing.

The McGregor Western Railroad is completed, west from McGregor, to Cresco, some sixty-six miles, from whence the

company have turned northward locating their road through southern Minnesota. But as the act of Congress making a grant of lands comprising over 1,500,000 acres, is for the purpose of aiding in the construction of a railroad, from McGregor to Sioux City, running west on, or near the forty-third parallel of latitude until it intersects the Sioux City and St. Paul Road, in O'Brien county; it seems improbable that this stupendous grant, through a region unexcelled in fertility, and presenting every advantage for railway construction by way of unbroken surface, and cheaply bridged streams, should be allowed to revert to the Government. Some company will doubtless be found, if opportunity is offered, willing to take it, and build a railroad in accordance with the terms and spirit of the grant.

Besides the foregoing roads, those running north and south, in the State, built, being built, and projected, are all destined to add greatly to the wealth of Iowa, and prove a success to their stockholders. Although but two of these roads receive any direct encouragement in the way of land grants, yet the indirect influence of the increase in wealth and population produced by the construction of land grant roads, creates the necessity for, and business to support numerous cross railroads. By means of these roads, will the great lumber regions of the north, whose products are destined to play so conspicuous a part in the settlement and improvement of Iowa, be made more accessible to our population, and the staples of the South, heavy and expensive to transport, especially when undergoing numerous reshipments, be brought to the doors of the consumers at cheaper rates; while our agricultural productions can be transported to both these latitudes, always requiring breadstuffs, at far less than the present cost.

Among these important railroads are the Iowa Central, controlled by an enterprising company, and in fair way for early completion through the rich counties from north Missouri to Oskaloosa, and from thence to Cedar Falls; the Cedar Falls & Minnesota road said to be under contract to Charles City, in Floyd county; the Cedar Valley road up the Cedar river from Cedar Rapids to Waterloo, Waverly, and thence through Mitchell to connect with the road running through southern Minnesota; the branch of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad, extending through Muscatine, Washington and adjoining counties; the Keokuk, Ft. Madi-

son & Muscatine railway, passing around the rapids of the Mississippi, connecting the cities of Muscatine and Keokuk; the Iowa & Minnesota railroad in course of construction from the Missouri line to Des Moines, with the ultimate design to intersect the Northwestern in Story county, and the Dubuque & Sioux City, by uniting with a feeder now being built from this road to the coal fields near Eldora, in Hardin county, the whole line eventually to constitute a link in the great railway from St. Paul, Minnesota, to Galveston, Texas. The Des Moines Valley railroad is now completed to the city of Des Moines, one hundred and sixty-two miles from Keokuk, intersecting the Burlington & Missouri river railroad at Ottumwa, and the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific at Des Moines. Its route lies along the Des Moines Valley, which for agricultural and mineral resources will compare favorably with any valley in the world, and having the aid of nearly half a million acres of land, a portion of which is equal to any in the country, this road ought to be built to the north line of the State, where it will intersect the St. Paul & Sioux City road, within the next two years.

The St. Paul & Sioux City railroad, another land grant road, is projected from Sioux City north-east to near the point on the Minnesota line intersected by the Des Moines river, thence to form a junction with one of the land grant railroads in Minnesota, now in course of construction from St. Paul south-west. Although this road will pass through a country comparatively timberless, there is no better prairie in the union, and with the advantage of a railroad will be speedily settled. To-day its dry unbroken surface, covered with a coat of grass that constitutes as fine natural meadows as any in the west, and drained by numerous beautiful streams, does not look so forbidding to the immigrant as did the grand prairie of Illinois previous to 1850. The Sioux City branch of the Union Pacific, designed to connect St. John, the point at which the Cedar Rapids & Missouri river railroad touches the Missouri valley, with Onawa branch of the Northwestern or Cedar Rapids & Missouri river railroad at Onawa, and the St. Paul & Sioux City railroad at Sioux City, is being constructed under the supervision of the Cedar Rapids & Missouri River Company, and is now partially graded. The Council Bluffs & St. Joseph railroad is nearly completed in its entire length.

These, together with several projected railways, among which is one called the Iowa Southwestern and Nebraska City Railroad, from Afton, in Union county through Taylor, Page and Fremont counties to Nebraska City, comprise the several lines in course of construction, constructed and projected, which will constitute the railway system of Iowa. The State now has within its borders over 1200 miles of completed railroad, with six hundred miles under contract, while the number of miles in contemplation, with certain prospect of future construction, will bring the inhabitants of every county within reasonable distance of railway communication and consequent access to a market.

Judging the future by the past, we may safely calculate that all these railroads, checkering the whole area of our State, will be completed in the next decade; then the farms, the manufactories, the mines, the mills, the cities and villages of Iowa will return a census of over two million inhabitants, while these railways will be but links in that great chain which will span every State between New York and San Francisco, and bridge every river upon the North American Continent, to stand, through coming years, as memorials of the unlimited resources, tireless enterprise and wise statesmanship of this generation.

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NOTE.—The Act of Eleventh General Assembly, commencing on page 57 of this Report, was arranged in the manuscript under the head of "Des Moines River Grant," but it has been erroneously published under the head of "Swamp Land Grant."

BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

TO THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

AT ITS

TWELFTH REGULAR SESSION

HELD AT DES MOINES, JANUARY 13, 1868.

DES MOINES:
F. W. PALMER, STATE PRINTER,
1868.

STATE OF IOWA,
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, }
DES MOINES, December, 1867.

To the Honorable, the General Assembly of the State of Iowa :

In compliance with law, I have the honor to submit, herewith, the Biennial Report of this Department in regard to the condition and progress of the Common Schools of Iowa, for the period commencing October 5, 1865, and ending October 4, 1867; together with accompanying documents.

Respectfully,

D. FRANKLIN WELLS,
Superintendent of Public Instruction.

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THIRTEENTH REGULAR REPORT

OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

On the first day of March, 1867, Hon. Oran Faville, on account of impaired health, was compelled to resign the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, which he had administered for a term of years in a manner honorable to himself, gratifying to the friends of education, and advantageous to the State. A few days subsequently, the undersigned received from his Excellency, Governor Wm. M. Stone, an appointment to fill the vacancy thus created; and on the ninth day of March, commenced the discharge of official duties.

At the date of the last report from this Department, the nation had just emerged from protracted civil war, in which the people of our own State had borne an active and honorable part in the suppression of rebellion, and the maintenance of constitutional government. Two years of peaceful industry have succeeded; and, though our Common Schools were not permitted to languish during those years of sanguinary strife, the return of peace has accelerated educational progress. This improvement is indicated in the increased appropriations voluntarily made by the people for the support of schools; in the increased attendance upon the schools, showing a higher appreciation of their benefits; in the increased number of teachers and their more liberal compensation; and, also, in the greater interest which is everywhere manifested in the cause of popular education.

Tables, containing the statistical information required by law, arranged by counties for the years 1866 (Exhibit D), and 1867 (Exhibit E), and by District Townships for 1867 (Exhibit F), have been prepared, and are appended as a part of this report.

For greater convenience of reference, the summary of the tables for 1866 is compared with the summary from the tabular state-

ments of 1867. The results for 1867 are also compared with those for 1857, as far as the comparison is practicable, showing at a glance the progress for the last ten years.

Number of township districts (including independent districts) in 1866.....	1,195
Number of township districts (including independent districts) in 1867.....	1,321
Increase.....	126
Number of sub-districts in 1866.....	5,926
Number of sub-districts in 1867.....	6,168
Increase in one year.....	242
Number of districts in 1857.....	3,265
Increase in ten years.....	2,903
Number of persons between the ages of five and twenty-one years, in 1866—males, 180,197; females, 168,301; total.....	348,498
Number of persons between the ages of five and twenty-one years, in 1867—males, 192,607; females, 180,362; total.....	372,969
Total increase in one year.....	24,471
Number of persons between five and twenty-one years of age, in 1857.....	195,285
Increase in ten years.....	177,684
Number of schools in 1866.....	5,900
Number of schools in 1867.....	6,229
Increase in one year.....	329
Number of schools in 1857.....	2,708
Increase in ten years.....	3,521
Number of pupils attending school in 1866.....	241,827
Number of pupils attending school in 1867.....	257,281
Increase in one year.....	15,454
Number of pupils attending school in 1857.....	79,670
Increase in ten years.....	177,611
Average school attendance in 1866.....	136,174
Average school attendance in 1867.....	148,620
Increase in one year.....	12,446

Number of teachers employed in 1866—males, 2,673 ; females, 6,670 ; total.....	9,343
Number of teachers employed in 1867—males, 3,676 ; females, 6,667 ; total.....	10,343
Increase in one year.....	1,000
Number of teachers employed in 1857—males, 1,572 ; females, 1,424 ; total.....	2,996
Increase in ten years.....	7,347
Average compensation of male teachers per week in 1866.....	\$8.40
Average compensation of male teachers per week in 1867.....	8.97
Increase in one year.....	57
Average compensation of male teachers per week in 1857.....	6.09
Increase in ten years.....	2.88
Average compensation of female teachers per week in 1866.....	5.94
Average compensation of female teachers per week in 1867.....	6.16
Increase in one year.....	22
Average compensation of female teachers per week in 1857.....	3.24
Increase in ten years.....	2.92
Number of days schools were taught in 1866—sum- mer, 317,472 ; winter, 312,443 ; total.....	629,915
Number of days schools were taught in 1867—sum- mer, 315,948 ; winter, 332,732 ; total.....	648,680
Total increase in one year.....	18,765
Number of days schools were taught in 1857.....	168,276
Increase in ten years.....	480,404
Average cost of tuition per week for each pupil in 1866—summer, \$0.36 ; winter, \$0.40.....	\$0.38
Average cost of tuition per week for each pupil in 1867—summer, \$0.34 ; winter, \$0.35....	\$0.34½
Decrease in one year.....	\$0.03½

Aggregate amount paid teachers in 1866.....	\$1,006,623.00
Aggregate amount paid teachers in 1867.....	1,161,653.13
Increase in one year.....	155,030.13
Aggregate amount paid teachers in 1857.....	198,142.35
Increase in ten years.....	963,510.78
Amount of teachers' fund in the hands of District	
Treasurers in 1866.....	\$144,673.71
Amount of teachers' fund in the hands of District	
Treasurers in 1867.....	160,525.87
Increase in one year.....	15,852.16
Amount of teachers' fund in the hands of District	
Treasurers in 1857.....	45,990.35
Increase in ten years.....	114,535.52
Number of school-houses in 1866—brick, 382; stone,	
163; frame, 3,766; log, 698.....	5,009
Number of school-houses in 1867—brick, 436; stone,	
206; frame, 4,200; log, 612.....	5,454
Increase in one year.....	445
Number of school-houses in 1857—brick, 168; stone,	
47; frame, 936; log, 535.....	1,686
Increase in ten years.....	3,768
Value of school-houses in 1866.....	
\$2,836,757.06	
Value of school-houses in 1867.....	
3,450,978.93	
Increase in one year.....	614,221.87
Value of school-houses in 1857.....	
571,063.91	
Increase in ten years.....	\$2,879,915.02
Amount of district tax for building and repairing	
school-houses in 1866.....	\$538,095.66
Amount of district tax for building and [repairing	
school-houses in 1867.....	657,911.11
Increase in one year.....	119,815.45
Amount of district tax for building school-houses in	
1857.....	146,703.74
Increase in ten years.....	511,207.37
Amount of district tax for library and apparatus in	
1866.....	\$34,497.50

Amount of district tax for library and apparatus in 1867.....	34,123.38
Decrease in one year.....	374.12
Amount of district tax for the rent of school buildings in 1866.....	\$14,082.79
Amount of district tax for the rent of school buildings in 1867.....	13,006.39
Decrease in one year.....	\$1,076.40
Amount of district tax for fuel in 1866.....	\$110,921.39
Amount of district tax for fuel in 1867.....	133,198.58
Increase in one year.....	\$22,277.19
Amount of district tax for compensation of Secretary and Treasurer in 1866.....	\$33,735.03
Amount of district tax for compensation of Secretary and Treasurer in 1867.....	39,705.23
Increase in one year.....	\$5,970.20
Amount of district tax for teachers' fund in 1866...	\$503,160.14
Amount of district tax for teachers' fund in 1867. .	620,341.12
Increase in one year.....	\$117,180.98
Amount raised by "rate bill" or voluntary subscription for teachers' fund in 1857.....	\$71,784.58
Increase in ten years.....	\$548,556.54
Amount of apportionment received from county treasurers in 1866.....	\$456,500.51
Amount of apportionment received from county treasurers in 1867.....	478,525.98
Increase in one year.....	\$22,025.47
Amount of apportionment received from the county school fund commissioners in 1857.....	\$126,357.77
Increase in ten years.....	\$352,168.21
Number of volumes in district libraries in 1866....	10,634
Number of volumes in district libraries in 1867....	9,303
Decrease in one year.....	1,331
Number of volumes in district libraries in 1857.....	623
Increase in ten years.....	8,680

Value of apparatus in 1866.....	\$67,151.60
Value of apparatus in 1867.....	81,712.63
Increase in one year.....	\$14,561.03

REMARKS ON STATISTICS.

Comparing the results of 1867 with those of the previous year, we find that the number of persons of school age has increased seven per cent.; the number of schools, five and one-half per cent.; the attendance at school, six and one-third per cent.; the average attendance at school, nine per cent., the number of teachers, ten and one-half per cent. The increase in the number of teachers, which is just one thousand, is observed to be wholly in the number of males, there being actually three less female teachers than in 1866; and yet the number of female teachers remains nearly double the number of males. While the compensation of female teachers has advanced three and three-fourths per cent., and that of males, six and three-fourths per cent., the aggregate amount paid teachers has increased in one year fifteen per cent.; and the amount paid for building and repairing school houses, twenty-two per cent.

But comparisons instituted for short periods are sometimes fallacious and deceptive; let us, therefore, take a broader view. Comparing the statistics of 1867 with those of 1857, we find that in ten years, while there has been an increase in the number of persons of school age of ninety-one per cent., the number of schools has increased one hundred and thirty per cent.; the attendance in the schools, two hundred and twenty-three per cent.; and the number of teachers, two hundred and forty-five per cent. *Then* the male teachers exceeded in number the female. In the mean time, the compensation of male teachers has advanced forty-seven per cent.; that of female teachers, ninety per cent.; while the aggregate amount annually paid teachers has increased four hundred and eighty-six per cent. These facts and figures, so encouraging to teachers, must convince all that there has been rapid and substantial progress in the development of our educational system.

We present herewith an exhibit of the total expenditures in

behalf of Common Schools for the two years embraced in this report, including the estimated salaries of County Superintendents which are paid from the county revenues, and not reported to this Department:

	1866.	1867.
Teachers' salaries.....	\$1,006,623.00	\$1,161,653.13
Building and Rep. Sch. Houses.	538,095.66	657,911.11
Library and Apparatus.....	34,497.50	34,123.38
Rent of School Houses.....	14,082.79	13,006.39
Fuel.....	110,921.39	133,198.58
Secretaries and Treasurers.....	33,735.03	39,705.23
*Salaries of Co. Supts.....	30,000.00	30,000.00
Total.....	<u>\$1,767,955.37</u>	<u>\$2,069,597.82</u>

The cost of building and repairing school houses, and of library and apparatus is included in the above, for the reason that at least an equal amount will be required each subsequent year, not of course in the same districts, but throughout the State.

The cost of maintaining the Common Schools in 1857, including the salaries and contingent expenses of School Fund Commissioners, was as follows:

Teachers' salaries.....	\$198,142.35
Building school houses.....	146,703.74
Contingent expenses.....	19,206.28
Libraries.....	463.50
School Fund Commissioners.....	29,204.21
Total.....	<u>\$393,720.08</u>

A comparison of these figures with the preceding, shows that during the last decade, the total amount annually expended for the support of Free Schools throughout the State has increased more than five-fold.

In 1857, the amount paid was seventy cents per capita for the entire population; and two dollars and two cents per capita for the entire number of persons of school age.

In 1867, the amount paid was two dollars and twenty-nine cents per capita for the entire population; five dollars and fifty-five cents

*Estimated.

per capita for the entire number of persons of school age; and eight dollars and four cents per capita upon the whole number in attendance upon the schools. In 1867, the entire cost of the common schools was eight-tenths of one per cent., or eight mills on the dollar on the entire valuation of the State.

Prominent among the States on account of intelligent zeal in behalf of popular education stands Massachusetts, whose liberal expenditures and successful efforts to elevate her common schools have long commanded the admiration of the country. It may enable us to obtain a more intelligent view of our relative efforts and progress, if we institute a brief comparison with that justly celebrated State. The data taken relate to 1864 for Massachusetts, and 1867 for Iowa. In those years Massachusetts contained 362,466 persons between 5 and 21 years of age, and Iowa, 372,969,—numbers very nearly equal. The total amount appropriated for the support of common schools in Massachusetts, was \$1,568,833.51; in Iowa, \$2,069,597.82.

Total amount paid per capita on the number of persons between five and twenty-one years of age in Massachusetts, \$4.33; in Iowa, \$5.55.

Total amount paid for the support of common schools according to the percentage of all taxable property in the State, in Massachusetts, one and seventy-two hundredth mills (\$0.00172); in Iowa, eight and eight hundredth mills (\$0.00808). That is, according to the *wealth* of the two States, Iowa contributes for the support of free common schools nearly *five times* as much as Massachusetts.

SCHOOL FUND.

On the admission of Iowa into the Union, Congress donated to the State for common school purposes, the sixteenth section in every township, amounting to 1,013,614.21 acres. At the same time, the State became entitled to five hundred thousand acres of land by virtue of an act of Congress, approved September 4, 1841; but under this grant there have been actually certified to the State, according to the report of the Register of the State Land Office, 535,473.76 acres, making a total of 1,549,087.97 acres received from Congress for the support of our common schools. Congress also provided that the State should receive five per cent. of the

net proceeds of all lands sold within the limits of the State by the Federal Government. These donations, together with the estates of deceased persons that escheat to the State for want of a will or heirs, constitute the Permanent School Fund; the income from which, according to the Constitution and laws of the State, is to be annually apportioned and distributed to the several school districts in proportion to the number of persons therein between the ages of five and twenty-one years.

According to the current Report of Hon. Jno. A. Elliott, Auditor of State, the amount realized from these sources and charged to the Permanent School Fund, is as follows:

Amount loaned in the counties as per Clerks' reports.....	\$2,181,101.07
Amount loaned the State.....	122,295.75
Amount invested in U. S. Bonds.....	102,008.00
Amount of other items.....	151,702.28
Total	\$2,557,107.10

According to the current Report of Hon. C. C. Carpenter, Register of the State Land Office, the amount of school lands still remaining unpatented is 572,491.61 acres; which, in a separate communication to this Department, he estimates at three dollars per acre, or a total valuation of \$1,717,474.83.

Uniting these, we have the following exhibit:

Cash assets reported by the Auditor.....	\$2,557,107.10
Register's estimated value of unpatented lands.....	1,717,474.83
Total	\$4,274,581.93

Making the known and estimated value of our Permanent School Fund upward of four and a quarter millions of dollars.

This magnificent fund is almost exclusively the gift of a generous and beneficent government; and to the State is confided the important trust of its management for the benefit of the common schools. It should be made to yield the largest income which judicious management and strict economy will insure. The Report of the Auditor shows that the amount of interest from the cash part of the fund collected and distributed for the support of the

schools during the year 1866 was \$149,666.83; the amount thus collected and distributed for the year 1867 was \$160,158.35, making an average for each of the two years of \$154,912.59,—an average income for the two years of *six and one-twentieth per cent.* on the cash part of the fund. The unsold lands are of course unproductive of income; but if the cash part of the fund yielded interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, as contemplated by law, the amount for annual distribution would be \$204,568.62, or an increase, in round numbers, of fifty thousand dollars over the amount now apportioned.

The Auditor's Reports show that during the last five years, the delinquent school fund interest has averaged \$285,896.63. The Auditor estimates that there have been already lost to the State, through carelessness and corruption, upwards of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars of the permanent school fund. Under the present arrangement, the greater part of the fund is distributed through the counties; and the funds and lands are managed or *mismanaged* by county officers, without that precision and strict accountability which under other circumstances might be secured. This system is believed to be radically wrong. No sane man with two or three millions of dollars to invest, would appoint a hundred different agents in a hundred different counties, and scatter his money broadcast over a whole State, and especially if he expected these agents to look after his interests without any special compensation.

From facts similar to those which must have come under the personal observation of many members of the General Assembly, it is doubted whether the school lands are always or generally sold for as much as should be received for them. Sold, as they usually are, on long credit, they ought in all instances to bring good prices. The Constitution of Nebraska prohibits the sale of any of the school lands of that State at a less sum than five dollars per acre.

As the law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to "report to the General Assembly such plans as he may have matured for the management and improvement of the school fund," it is respectfully suggested whether it would not be well to place the remaining unsold school lands under the care and disposition of the Register of the State Land Office, who would then

have a complete record of all the lands belonging to the school fund, and who could manage them with the same facility that public lands are controlled in a Federal land office. It is also recommended that as rapidly as practicable, the school fund now distributed through the counties be called into the State Treasury and invested in State or National interest-bearing bonds. If these funds should be needed to enable the State to place its educational and benevolent institutions upon a firm basis, or for other purposes of State expenditure, they might be so used and State bonds issued to the school fund, thus avoiding the necessity of present heavy taxation for those purposes, diminishing the probability of future loss to the fund, and, at the same time, increasing the certainty of a regular income for the support of schools.

The Auditor's apportionment of funds for the last two years will be found upon another page, (Exhibit C.)

While speaking of the School Fund, permit me to call your attention to another point, though it be not one of great importance. I am informed that it is the practice to enumerate the children in the Iowa Soldiers' Orphans' Homes, for school purposes, in the districts in which the Homes are respectively located; and this is undoubtedly in accordance with the letter and spirit of the law. Under this arrangement the districts in which the Homes are located have apportioned to them several hundred dollars more of public money than they would otherwise receive. There would be no injustice to the orphan children in this, if these districts provided for their education, which is not the case; as the "Homes" provide their own schools and employ their own teachers. The reception and appropriation of these funds involves the obligation to provide adequate facilities for the education of all youth enumerated, including those congregated for special purposes, which these districts would consider a hardship. It is undoubtedly just that all the children of the State should share equally in the benefits of the school fund; and this might easily be accomplished so far as these orphan children are concerned, by making the "Homes" independent school districts for the purposes of enumeration of children, distribution of school funds, and reporting to County Superintendents.

The Superintendent has decided that it is the duty of district

townships in which County poor-houses are situated, to make provision for the education of the indigent children contained in such eleemosynary institutions. In some counties this is felt to be unjust. If it is desirable to afford relief, it might easily be done, by requiring the county to pay said districts the average cost of tuition of the children referred to.

ESCHEATS.

The law relating to escheats seems quite defective. Sec. 2468, Rev. 1860, requires the County Judge to notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction of property which should escheat to the State; and by Sec. 2470 the property may be sold or appropriated on the order of the Superintendent.

On the 15th day of October, Hon. T. A. Graham, Probate Judge of Tama county, filed in this office the receipt of the county treasurer, showing that the sum of \$172.28 had been paid into the county treasury from the estate of Charles Ryan, deceased, for the benefit of the permanent school fund. The receipt was subsequently handed to the Auditor of State, as his voucher for charging the amount to Tama county. This is the only case recorded in this office, showing an actual accession to the school fund from escheats.

Two cases have been reported from Benton county, and the order for sale issued, but no further report has been received. These were the estates of Patrick Cosgrave, deceased, and John Johnson, deceased. The estate of John Darguval was reported from Marshall county, but as it subsequently appeared that the case was likely to be contested, District Attorney Bradley was requested to defend the interests of the State, and the order for sale has not yet been issued.

The duties imposed upon the Superintendent, in reference to escheats, belong more appropriately, under the Constitution, to the Auditor, to whom they should be transferred. The Auditor should have a record of such cases in his office, to aid him in settlements with county treasurers. It is believed that there might be additional legislation in this direction which would be beneficial to the school fund. The subject is recommended as worthy of consideration.

INDEPENDENT DISTRICTS.

By the act of the Board of Education passed December 24, 1858, the formation of independent districts was restricted to cities and incorporated towns. By act of the Eighth General Assembly, passed February 26, 1860, the privilege of forming such districts was extended to unincorporated towns and villages containing not less than three hundred inhabitants. In 1866, the Eleventh General Assembly, by act of April 3, still further extended this privilege to "any city, town, or *sub-district* containing within its surveyed limits not less than *two hundred* inhabitants, and certain territory contiguous thereto." Under the stimulus of this last legislation the formation of independent districts has been much accelerated, and it will require but little more legislation of the same kind to eventually destroy the township district system. In 1865, seven years after the law permitting such organizations had been in operation, the number of independent districts organized, was reported at only 107. During the last two years the number has more than doubled, and is now reported at 236. In several counties the number of independent districts is half as great as the number of township districts. In Scott county there are fifteen of the former and only sixteen of the latter. Of the fifteen, eleven have been organized during the last two years. While the independent district organization is appropriate for cities and incorporated towns on account of their greatly differing circumstances when compared with those of the rural sub-districts around them, it is believed that their rapid multiplication is not promotive of the general educational interests; and it is, therefore, hoped that the limitations to their formation which existed prior to the session of the last General Assembly may be restored.

TOWNSHIP DISTRICTS.

It is now nearly ten years since the law of our State first provided that each civil township should constitute a school district, and have its educational affairs managed by one board of directors. This feature, at the time of its introduction, was a great innovation on the previous system in which each sub-district, as now constituted, was an independent district, managing its affairs without

suggestion or interference from others. As was to be expected, such a radical change excited opposition; but as the benefits of the township district system became more apparent and its workings better understood, this opposition gradually subsided, and it is now acquiesced in and approved as one eminently suited to the necessities of our State. Under the operation of this system, the tax for the payment of teachers and contingent expenses is levied uniformly upon the whole township, and all the ordinary expenses of the schools of the township are paid from the common treasury. The tax for the erection of school houses is also, with some exceptions, levied upon the township. No change is recommended in this respect; but it would be desirable to see the number of these exceptions diminished rather than increased, as has been the tendency of legislation for the last few years. The perfection of our system in this respect, would be to have all school taxes levied uniformly upon the whole township, and to this *desideratum*, legislation should constantly aim. The advantages of this township system are so numerous and apparent, that prominent educators in other States where it is not yet introduced are laboring earnestly for its adoption.

TOWNSHIP GRADED SCHOOLS.

One of the happy features of our law, is the authority which it grants to establish township graded schools. Chapter one of the school laws now in force, in enumerating the powers of the township board of directors, section twenty-two, says: "They may establish graded or union schools wherever they may be necessary, and may select a person who shall have the general supervision of the schools in their district, subject to the rules and regulations of the Board." Schools of this character have been established in numerous localities, but as a rule they have not received that attention in thought and action to which their excellence and advantages entitle them. They are believed to be better suited to the circumstances of all rural districts, and even to those of villages and towns, than the independent district system. It is an economical arrangement for the sub-district or town in which they are located, for they derive their support from the township, and not like the independent school, entirely from the locality. The township, too, derives advantages. The school being under the

control of the township board, advanced pupils from the whole township may be admitted and receive gratuitous instruction, relieving the other schools of their presence where they are not sufficiently numerous to form classes by themselves, and bringing them together where, under competent teachers, they may receive all the benefits of the graded school. If the graded school has a central location, all the scholars can board at home; and thus, a source of expense and danger in attending school from home, be avoided. Many children are deprived of the advantages of extended culture because their parents are unable to bear the attendant expense; other parents fear to separate their children from the influences of home, and consign them to the temptations and snares that beset youth on every side, when they leave the parental roof. These evils can be avoided and the benefits of a higher culture extended, by the multiplication of township graded schools. There would also be established a bond of union and sympathy between the town and country. The country youth might acquire the culture and refinement of the town, and the town youth somewhat of the stamina, industry and perseverance of the country. The prospect of being admitted to the graded school when a certain proficiency is made, would be to many pupils a powerful incentive to study.

The general theory of our law is to give to all the children and youth of the State equal educational facilities, regardless of rank, wealth, color, or nativity. But it may frequently happen that in the organization of independent districts, the surrounding territory is left with such a sparse population and limited resources, that it is impossible to maintain schools of average excellence; and its youth are practically denied the advantages which others receive at the expense of the State. By a stricter adherence to the township plan, the inestimable blessings which the State bestows, may be more widely and uniformly distributed.

EDUCATION OF TEACHERS.

Education may be denominated as of two kinds,—general and special. General education prepares its recipients to perform efficiently the ordinary affairs of life in which all are interested. Special or professional education fits its recipients for some particular pursuit. All liberal culture, however, promotes special edu-

cation, just as all professional training contributes to the general effect. "Such is the unity of the human soul," says Dr. Hill, "that its culture in any single particular improves the whole; and, on the other hand, the general cultivation of its powers increases the force of each."

For every pursuit or calling the education should be both general and special. General education constitutes a broad foundation for the superstructure of special culture.

The narrow views entertained in regard to education, is one cause of the low estimation in which teachers are sometimes held. Many think that education consists in storing the mind with facts, in teaching the mechanical arts of reading, writing and "copying," in a parrot-like repetition and memorizing of words and rules, and instruction in those elements of knowledge necessary to the successful prosecution of some trade or other humble calling. As their estimate of the work to be done is low, so is also their estimate of the agencies by which this labor should be performed; and hence follows the too prevalent idea that any one can teach school.

But the term education in its proper sense is not thus limited. It signifies literally a drawing out, an unfolding, a development; hence, in its broadest sense, education is a harmonious development and discipline of the three-fold powers of man—the physical, the intellectual, the moral. It comprises the development and culture of all the varied faculties of the human soul.

The body should be developed into symmetry, and all its muscles trained to obey the mandates of the will with promptness and accuracy. The mind should not only be made the receptacle of facts, but it should be trained in its power of thought, affection, and will; in its power of observation, reflection, and conception; in its power of reason and judgment; power to contrive and to adapt means to an end; power to adopt good ends with firmness and pursue them with efficiency; power to influence others, and the still greater power of self-control; the power to search for truth, and a willingness to work for God and humanity. The moral nature should be taught to hate and to shun every form of vice, and to love and exemplify every virtue. To accomplish all this,—to create a thirst for knowledge and a desire for usefulness which shall compel the student to activity after he leaves the

walls of the school-room,—all is the appropriate work of the teacher.

To accomplish his work well, the teacher must have both general and special knowledge. He must have general knowledge, for he can teach no branch which he does not himself fully understand. But he must have more than a knowledge of reading, arithmetic, and the various branches in regard to which he is called upon to give instruction. The teacher, besides possessing scholarship and the requisite moral qualifications, must have *aptness to teach* and *ability to govern*. He must have a knowledge of the various and best *methods* which may be employed in the government and instruction of the young. These methods and latter qualifications the ordinary schools and institutions of the State and country do not profess to give and cannot supply. Our common schools and colleges furnish facilities for a general or liberal education, more or less extended; while to the Universities are attached schools for the pursuit of such special branches as Medicine, Law, Theology, and Science.

The special knowledge which teachers require is not merely the result of instinct or intuition. Instinctive knowledge admits of no advancement; but the science of teaching is *progressive*. Though Dr. Johnson asserted, one hundred years ago, that education was then, and had long been, as well understood as it ever would be, the history of advancement since that time shows the utter falsity of his statement. While it is admitted that persons differ naturally in the development of their faculties, and therefore differ in their ability to communicate knowledge, it is not true that the ability to teach well comes generally by intuition. The art of teaching is founded in philosophy. It is founded in a knowledge of the laws of mind. He who best comprehends the capacities of a human soul, who best understands the manner in which its varied powers may be systematically developed and disciplined, who best knows how permanent impressions may be made, and, in addition to all this, possesses the ability to put his theory into practice,—he is the best teacher.

If this principle be correct, the course to be pursued in the education of teachers is apparent. The aim should be to instill correct views of education in its most comprehensive sense, to familiarize the laws of mind, to cultivate the ability to impart

instruction, to reduce theory to practice under rigorous criticism, to train up the teacher in the way he should *do*, and generally to render familiar all those means which may be successfully employed in the administration of the affairs of a school designed for the education of the young. From observation in those states and countries where institutions for the special training of teachers have been in operation for a long period, no fact is better established than this :—that *special instruction* or a *professional education* may greatly assist in developing the powers of the future teacher, and conduce to the attainment of that success which is merited by the intelligently active and the perseveringly faithful.

It is admitted that persons may become expert in conducting the affairs of a school-room by experience alone. But it is a principle of universal application in education, that theory and practice should be united. The perfection of education, requires the combination of theoretical knowledge and practical skill. The teacher who commences his professional labors without special study, rarely investigates the principles which constitute the foundation of his actions. He has seen certain methods employed, and he forthwith adopts them without a moment's reflection upon their tendency and ultimate effect. Such a person can never attain eminence as a teacher, because he lacks familiarity with the great principles of education, which should ever be his guide. He may do well while every thing goes in the old routine; but when a new incident transpires, when comes the occasion for which there is no precedent, there is required a larger comprehension of principles than mere experience ever gave or practice ever can give. Though theory alone does not fit men for the discharge of active duties, it gives them a great superiority over those who are deficient in a knowledge of general principles. The man of theoretical knowledge takes general and comprehensive views; the man of only practical skill confines his attention to minor details and particulars. "Cases are constantly occurring," says Dr. Wayland, "which can be provided for only by a knowledge of general laws; and here, if we have no guide but practical skill, we must be inevitably disconcerted." Says Lord Bacon, "Expert men can execute and judge of particulars one by one; but the general counsels, and the plots, and the marshaling of affairs, come best from those that are learned." Stewart, the great Scotch mental philosopher, gives

expression to the same sentiment: "When theoretical knowledge and practical skill are happily combined in the same person, the intellectual power of man appears in its full perfection, and fits him to conduct with a masterly hand the details of ordinary business, and to contend successfully with the untried difficulties of new and hazardous situations. In conducting the former, mere experience may often be a sufficient guide, but experience and speculation must be combined together, to prepare us for the latter." This principle is general in its application, but applies with peculiar force in the education of the teacher. It is important that he of all men should be prepared to meet promptly and wisely the emergencies which may daily arise in the administration of affairs. He should have an extensive knowledge of the general and fundamental principles of education; he should be familiar with the known laws of mind; he should be able to take large and comprehensive views of different methods of instruction. To make him all this, previous proper professional training is indispensable.

In so far as teaching is a science, the teacher may be *taught*. In so far as teaching is an art, the teacher may be *trained*. In so far as teaching depends upon tact and natural adaptation, the teacher may be *developed*.

Prominent among the agencies relied upon by the great mass of teachers in Iowa for special instruction, are

TEACHERS' INSTITUTES.

During the year ending October 4th, 1866, sixty-one Institutes were held in the State, with an estimated attendance of 4,850 teachers. During the year ending October 4th, 1867, there were held sixty-two Institutes, with a total attendance of 4,914 teachers and persons intending to teach, or an average attendance of 79.3, at a total cost to the State of \$3,100, or an average cost of less than sixty-three cents for each person instructed. During the two years, Institutes were held in seventy-three different counties, with a total attendance of nearly ten thousand teachers. Fifteen counties of the State, not included above, were excluded from holding an Institute and receiving State aid, on account of not having a sufficient number of teachers to comply with the law; leaving only nine organized counties with the requisite number of teachers, that during the two years have not availed themselves of

the provisions of the law and held an Institute. This shows a very general appreciation by the teachers of the benefits of Institutes, as well as of the generosity of the State in appropriating fifty dollars for the support of each one held.

A record of the attendance at Institutes was not commenced by my predecessors in office until January 1st, 1866 ; hence the record is incomplete except for the last year.

Herewith is presented a list of the counties in which Institutes have been held during the last two years, place of meeting, and name of conductor and lecturers. The list of lecturers is in many instances imperfect, in consequence of the neglect of superintendents to report. The fact that the names of a few counties appear twice in the same list, needs a word of explanation. Heretofore, the Institute year has commenced January 1st, and the report has included those held during the civil year ; but on account of the impossibility of gathering all the statistics in time for the Report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Institute year has been changed, and hereafter will commence October 5th, the same date on which our general school year begins. Though some counties appear twice on the same list, they have drawn but one appropriation in the same civil year.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTES HELD DURING THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 4, 1866.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

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COUNTY.	PLACE.	TIME.	NUMBER OF TEACHERS IN ATTENDANCE.	CONDUCTORS AND LECTURERS.
Floyd.....	Floyd.....	1865. Oct. 16	.....	J. W. Smith, H. Wilber.....
Davis.....	Bloomfield.....	Oct. 16	.....	J. Piper.....
Hamilton.....	Webster City.....	Oct. 16	.....	J. L. Enos.....
Clinton.....	Wheatland.....	Oct. 16	.....	J. L. Enos, A. S. Kissell.....
Clayton.....	Elkader.....	Oct. 16	.....	J. A. Cramer, H. H. Barnes.....
Cass.....	Lewis.....	Oct. 23	.....	J. L. Enos.....
Black Hawk.....	Waterloo.....	Oct. 23	.....	B. F. Hood, A. S. Kissell, Rev. Mr. True.....
Humboldt.....	Dakota City.....	Oct. 23	.....	S. H. Taft, D. Williams, J. Averill.....
Jones.....	Wyoming.....	Oct. 23	.....	Wm. T. Gage, W. S. Niles.....
Linn.....	Marion.....	Oct. 23	.....	J. Piper.....
Mitchell.....	Mitchell.....	Oct. 30	.....	Rev. Alva Bush.....
Pottawattamie.....	Council Bluffs.....	Oct. 30	.....	A. E. Clarendon.....
Madison.....	Winterset.....	Oct. 30	.....	J. L. Enos.....
Delaware.....	Earlville.....	Oct. 30	.....	J. Piper.....
Taylor.....	Bedford.....	Nov. 6	.....	J. L. Enos.....
Cedar.....	Springdale.....	Nov. 6	.....	A. S. Kissell, Rush Emery.....
Fayette.....	West Union.....	Nov. 6	.....	J. Piper.....
Louisa.....	Wapello.....	Nov. 13	.....	J. H. Hopkins, A. S. Kissell.....
Page.....	Clarinda.....	Nov. 13	.....	J. L. Enos.....
Bremer.....	Janesville.....	Nov. 13	.....	J. Piper.....
Larrison.....	Magnolia.....	Nov. 13	.....	Samuel Dewell, S. King.....
Adams.....	Quincy.....	Nov. 20	.....	J. L. Enos.....
Franklin.....	Hampton.....	Nov. 20	.....	J. L. Enos.....
Poweshiek.....	Montezuma.....	Nov. 20	.....	J. Piper, Profs. L. F. Parker, C. W. Van Coelln, S. J. [Buck.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTES IN 1865-6--CONTINUED.

COUNTY.	PLACE.	TIME.	NUMBER OF TEACHERS IN ATTENDANCE.	CONDUCTORS AND LECTURERS.
Mahaska.....	Oskaloosa.....	1865. Nov. 27	.....	J. Piper, T. S. Smedley, Profs. Carpenter, Hull, McCarty.
Mills.....	Glenwood.....	Dec. 11	.....	J. Piper.....
Marshall.....	Albion.....	Dec. 11	80	J. L. Enos.....
Dubuque.....	Dubuque.....	Dec. 18	.....	O. A. Brownson, C. G. Kretchmar.....
Story.....	Nevada.....	Dec. 18	.....	W. S. McFeaters, F. D. Thompson, Col. John Scott, L.
Muscatine.....	Muscatine.....	Dec. 25	.....	J. Piper.....[Q. Hoggatt.
Henry.....	New London...	Dec. 25	.....	C. Ben Darwin, J. I. Smith, Prof. Vancise.....
Marion.....	Knoxville.....	1866. Jan. 1	101	W. A. McKee, C. B. Boydston, Wm. Blain, Dr. Duncan,
Adair.....	Fontanelle.....	Jan. 15	32	J. L. Enos.....[and Revs. Bonner and Jacob.
Kossuth.....	Algona.....	Mar. 19	30	Rev. C. Taylor, E. C. Miles, H. M. Taft, Miss Janet
Ringgold.....	Mount Ayr.....	Mar. 19	69	J. Hadden, W. T. Laughlin, Dr. Stevenson.....[Piercy.
Wapello.....	Ottumwa.....	April 2	112	J. Piper, J. Valentine, B. F. Shone, Rev. D. Lane.....
Monroe.....	Albia.....	April 9	55	J. Piper.....[Valentine, J. K. Sweeney.
Washington...	Washington...	Apr. 16	.....	J. Piper, D. V. Smock, A. S. Prather, A. M. Gow, J.
Jasper.....	Newton.....	Apr. 30	.....	Rev. E. H. Winans, David Craig.....
Jefferson.....	Fairfield.....	Apr. 30	98	J. Piper.....
Guthrie.....	Panora.....	May 7	.....	J. L. Enos.....
Howard.....	Vernon Springs	May 7	.....	G. J. Tisdale.....
Worth.....	Bristol.....	July 9	30	W. S. McFeaters, James Keeler.....
Winnebago.....	Forest City.....	July 16	.....	W. S. McFeaters.....
Warren.....	Indianola.....	July 23	70	J. C. Clarke, J. Piper.....
Hancock.....	Ellington.....	July 30	22	J. L. Enos.....[Dr. Wallace.
Des Moines....	Burlington....	Aug. 13	105	J. Allison Smith, Revs. Thomas, Corkhill, Stewart, and

Polk.....	Des Moines.....	Aug. 27	43	Leonard Brown.....	[Mr. Stone.
Allamakee.....	Lansing.....	Sept. 3	40	T. Armstrong, G. J. Tisdale, Theodore Nachtway, and	
Dallas.....	Redfield.....	Sept. 10	86	J. Piper, L. M. Holt.....	
Mills.....	Glenwood.....	Sept. 10	33	A. E. Clarendon, L. S. Williams, W. M. Brooks.....	
Boone.....	Boonsboro.....	Sept. 17	35	J. L. Enos.....	
Keokuk.....	Sigourney.....	Sept. 17	71	J. Piper, J. B. Grinnell.....	
Wayne.....	Corydon.....	Sept. 17	50	A. R. Harkness.....	
Audubon.....	Exira.....	Sept. 24		J. L. Enos.....	
Delaware.....	Earlville.....	Sept. 24	50	J. L. Enos.....	
Iowa.....	Marengo.....	Sept. 24	88	James Root, jr., William R. Akers, E. V. Childs.....	
Story.....	Nevada.....	Sept. 24	36	D. Franklin Wells.....	
Bremer.....	Waverly.....	Oct. 1	49	.....
Hamilton.....	Webster City.....	Oct. 1	38	J. L. Enos.....	
Winneshie.....	Decorah.....	Oct. 1	93	G. J. Tisdale.....	

TEACHERS' INSTITUTES HELD DURING THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 4, 1887.

Buchanan.....	Independence.....	1886.	110	J. Piper.....	
Butler.....	Butler Center.....	Oct. 8	30	J. L. Enos.....	
Clayton.....	Guttenberg.....	Oct. 8	54	J. Piper.....	
Fayette.....	West Union.....	Oct. 8	80	G. J. Tisdale.....	
Black Hawk.....	Waterloo.....	Oct. 15	243	J. Piper.....	
Floyd.....	Charles City.....	Oct. 15	52	G. J. Tisdale, Mr. Clark, Mr. Pratt, and Mr. Tucker.....	[Hammond.
Franklin.....	Hampton.....	Oct. 15	24	J. L. Enos.....	
Jones.....	Anamosa.....	Oct. 15	92	J. Piper, J. Allen, J. S. Coon, P. W. Reeder, Wm. G.	
Louisa.....	Morning Sun.....	Oct. 15	71	D. Franklin Wells.....	[and R. J. Crouch.
Clinton.....	De Witt.....	Oct. 22	100	M. Ingalls, P. W. Reeder, W. F. Paxton, J. M. Luckey,	
Mitchell.....	Osage.....	Oct. 22	86	Rev. Alva Bush, Messrs. Loring, Coleman L. Rood, O. P.	
				Harwood, A. K. Eaton, Misses Addington and Tupper.	

TEACHERS' INSTITUTES IN 1886-7—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.	PLACE.	1886.	NUMBER OF TEACHERS IN ATTENDANCE.	CONDUCTORS AND LECTURERS.
Union.....	Afton.....	Oct. 22	85	J. L. Enos.....
Van Buren.....	Keosauqua.....	Oct. 22	56	D. Franklin Wells, R. Hubbard, A. T. Gianque, H. A. Tarter, J. D. Hornby, Geo. B. Walker, Rev. I. P. Teter, S. M. Clark, and R. M. Haines.....
Chickasaw.....	New Hampton.....	Oct. 29	70	G. J. Tisdale.....
Muscataine.....	Muscataine.....	Oct. 29	108	D. Franklin Wells, A. M. Gow, F. M. Witter, M. Ingalls.....
Taylor.....	Bedford.....	Oct. 29	89	J. L. Enos.....
Cerro Gordo.....	Mason City.....	Nov. 5	40	W. S. McFeaters, J. W. Doughty and Nathan Bass.....
Davis.....	Bloomfield.....	Nov. 5	100	R. M. Haines.....
Decatur.....	Leon.....	Nov. 5	52	A. R. Harkness, J. C. Clarke and A. J. Abbott.....
Linn.....	Marion.....	Nov. 5	200	D. Franklin Wells, C. W. Burton, Rev. Whiting and [Mr. Munson.....
Page.....	Clarinda.....	Nov. 5	90	J. L. Enos.....
Adams.....	Quincy.....	Nov. 12	36	J. L. Enos.....
Jackson.....	Maquoketa.....	Nov. 12	70	D. Franklin Wells.....[nett.
Mabaska.....	Oskaloosa.....	Nov. 12	153	J. Piper, J. Valentine, A. Hull, Revs. Holland and Den.....
Cedar.....	Tipton.....	Nov. 19	82	D. Franklin Wells, Rush Emery.....
Greene.....	Jefferson.....	Nov. 19	28	J. L. Enos.....
Harrison.....	Magnolia.....	Nov. 19	92	J. L. Enos.....
Lucas.....	Chariton.....	Nov. 26	40	C. H. Younkin.....
Madison.....	Winterset.....	Nov. 26	82	J. Piper.....[G. F. Magoun.
Poweshiek.....	Grinnell.....	Nov. 26	117	J. Piper, H. W. Parker, S. J. Buck, M. Ingalls and
Johnson.....	Iowa City.....	Dec. 3	104	D. Franklin Wells, N. R. Leonard, T. S. Parvin, C. A. Eggert, S. S. Howell, Reva. Bowman and Kenyon.....
Marshall.....	Marshalltown.....	Dec. 17	127	J. L. Enos.....

Pottawattamie..	Council Bluffs.	Dec. 17	40	J. Piper.....
Hardin.....	Iowa Falls.....	Dec. 24	100	D. Franklin Wells.....
Henry	Mount Pleasant	Dec. 24	158	Samuel L. Howe, Prof. Vosburgh, E. A. Vance, Dr. Pierson, Revs. E. Gunn and Wm. Cole.....
Tama.....	Toledo.....	Dec. 24	109	J. Piper, Prof. Clapp, M. Ingalls and Rev. Mr. Cordner.....
Cass.....	Lewis.....	Dec. 31	54	James Morris.....
Marion	Knoxville.....	1867. Jan. 1	94	J. Piper.....
Jefferson.....	Fairfield	Jan. 21	118	S. W. Pierce.....
Kossuth	Algona	Jan. 28	34	Rev. C. Taylor.....
Washington...	Brighton.....	Jan. 28	158	D. Franklin Wells, G. J. Tisdale, Sam'l L. Howe, H. A. J. L. Enos....[Gaylord, J. K. Stevenson, J. K. Sweeney.....
Ringgold	Mount Ayr	Mar. 4	60	J. L. Enos.....
Union	Afton	Mar. 4	57	Henry Keating
Mouroe.....	Albia.....	Mar. 18	92	Cyrus Cook, W. T. George.....
Scott	Davenport.....	April 1	106	J. Piper, W. A. Bemis.....
Humboldt.....	Dakota	April 22	12	W. H. Sock, A. W. McFarland, G. D. Coyle
Jasper.....	Newton.....	April 29	70	M. Ingalls, D. Franklin Wells
Polk	Des Moines.....	May 6	95	Leonard Brown, G. J. Tisdale, D. G. Perkins, Rev. J. A. J. L. Enos
Howard.....	New Oregon.....	May 20	52	J. L. Enos
Guthrie.....	Panora.....	June 17	60	J. L. Enos.....
Allamakee.....	Lansing.....	June 26	98	J. Piper, T. A. Cutler, D. Judson, J. G. Armstrong, O. J. Piper.....
Webster	Fort Dodge.....	July 29	50	J. Piper.....[Jackson, Mr. Fellows, Rev. Mr. Wolf.....
Fremont	Sidney	Aug. 19	35	Giles Cowles
Appanoose	Centerville.....	Aug. 25	88	S. A. Holt
Mitchell	Mitchell.....	Sept. 2	70	Rev. Alva Bush.....
Wayne	Corydon	Sept. 2	72	A. R. Harkness
Franklin	Hampton.....	Sept. 16	29	Levi Davis.....
Story.....	Nevada	Sept. 16	56	M. Ingalls.....
Iowa	Millersburg	Sept. 23	53	M. Ingalls.....

TEACHERS' INSTITUTES IN 1867—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.	PLACE.	TIME.	NUMBER OF TEACHERS IN ATTENDANCE.	CONDUCTORS AND LECTURERS.
Chickasaw	Fredericksburg.	Sept. 30	72	W. P. Bennett.....[Smith, H. O. Pratt.
Floyd.....	Charles City ..	Sept. 30	60	Rev. D. N. Bardwell, Prof. D. W. C. Duncan, Dr. J. W.
Winneshieki . . .	Decorah.....	Sept. 30	114	J. Breckenridge, M. P. Hathaway.....

The first legislative recognition and encouragement in our State, of Teachers' Institutes as a means of special culture, was contained in the "Act for the Public Instruction of Iowa," approved March 12th, 1858. Since that date down to the period embraced in this report, Institutes receiving State aid were held as follows:

In 1858, there were held 20 Institutes.

In 1859, there were held 14 Institutes.

In 1860, there were held 34 Institutes.

In 1861, there were held 43 Institutes.

In 1862, there were held 44 Institutes.

In 1863, there were held 62 Institutes.

In 1864, there were held 63 Institutes.

In 1865 (to Oct. 4th) there were held 28 Institutes.

Whence it appears that during the ten years from 1858 to 1867 inclusive, in which annual appropriations have been made for their support, there have been held 431 Institutes, with an estimated attendance of 28,000 teachers, and at a total cost to the State of about \$21,600.

While Institutes cannot supply the deficiencies of nature, the good qualities possessed by the individual may be developed and quickened. Correct modes of imparting instruction may be given. Uniformity in methods of teaching and governing may be promoted. Such new methods of teaching as experience has sanctioned may be recommended. A spirit of noble emulation among teachers may be created, and a community of interests formed. Popular sentiment may be enlisted more and more in favor of public schools. Mind coming in contact with mind in the various exercises, a spirit of improvement is awakened. The experience of each becomes a common stock for the benefit of all. In this way are concentrated and promulgated, not theories merely, but the practical conclusions of experienced teachers. American in their origin, democratic in their tendencies, within the reach of all, Institutes are admirably adapted to the spirit of our institutions.

In regard to the utility of well conducted Institutes, the friends of education have but one opinion. The Superintendent of Public Instruction for the State of New York in his report to the legislature in 1863 says of them: "No other provision for the instruction of common school teachers has been more successful than these modern organizations." In Indiana, the Superintendent in his

report for 1866, says of them: "To say that these Institutes are producing large and good results is hardly an adequate statement of the facts; they are producing both *larger* and *better* results in proportion to their cost, than any other agency in our system." The Superintendent of Vermont in his report for the same year, asserts that "They are the best known instrumentalities for the accomplishment of certain necessary results; and constitute, by far, the most efficient means of widening and deepening the general interest in the prosperity and good management of our common schools." Ohio bears similar testimony in the report for 1866: "No application of funds now made," says the superintendent, "either directly or indirectly, for school purposes, yields results so largely beneficial to school interests as the funds expended in our Institutes." Similar testimony might be adduced to an indefinite extent, but it is deemed unnecessary to cite more. The preceding extracts are given merely to show the universally high estimation in which Institutes are held in other States. As a means of arousing the people to increased interest in our public schools, as a means of special culture to those teachers who have never enjoyed a professional training for their work, as a means of exciting *all* to greater zeal and faithfulness, they are an indispensable agency.

But while Institutes have done so much for the improvement of our teachers and schools, it is believed that their efficiency may be increased. A majority of them are held during the three autumnal months, and it not unfrequently happens that in some counties it is found impossible to obtain the services of a competent conductor, and the Institute is a failure. The State appropriates funds for the support of the Institute, and makes the suspension of the schools and the attendance of teachers *compulsory*. Why, then, should it not guarantee to the teachers suitable instruction?

It is believed that all Institutes receiving aid from the public treasury, and which teachers are required by law to attend, should be under the supervision and control of the State. It is therefore suggested, that the Superintendent of Public Instruction be authorized to appoint the time and place of holding such Institutes, as the law now provides; and also to appoint not less than two persons of eminent qualification, who, under his direction, with such assistance as they may receive in the counties, shall conduct all Institutes receiving State aid. Such an arrangement would render

it possible to appoint a series of Institutes in contiguous counties for successive weeks,—a thing hitherto devoutly wished for but never attained. Such an arrangement would greatly diminish the traveling expenses of the conductors, and would require but a slightly increased appropriation, even if the persons thus appointed were to receive salaries from the State, as they doubtless should, in lieu of the appropriation now made to the counties. While such an arrangement might not secure Institutes better than many which have been held in the State, it would insure *uniform excellence*; and though imposing increased labor and responsibility upon the State Superintendent, it would enable him to work out his plans for the improvement of the schools with greater success.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

The greatest efficiency of our noble system of common schools requires that they should be supplied with teachers thoroughly versed in the principles and practice of their profession. Institutes do not aim so high. Owing to the limited period for which they are held, it is impossible for them to give that thorough comprehension of the principles of education, and especially that *practical training* in the art of teaching, which insure the greatest success in the daily work of the school-room. Common schools and colleges neither profess nor attempt to furnish the supply. It is the appropriate work of Normal and Training schools.

The term *normal*—signifying a rule, law, or standard—was first employed in France to designate institutions designed for the special education of teachers. By a Normal School is meant an institution in which young men and young women are instructed in the principles and science of education, and in methods of teaching and governing children and youth; and in which they are trained in the application of those principles and the practice of those methods under intelligent supervision. There is usually connected with them, model schools, or schools for practice, in whose instruction the pupil teachers take part, with a view to their becoming practically familiar with the duties of the school-room. The best institutions of this kind have separate schools for observation and practice. The Normal School aims to do for the young teacher what the military academy does for the army officer, what the medical school does for the physician, and what the agricul-

tural college does for the scientific farmer. It has a thorough course of study, in which instruction is given by experienced teachers, with a view to impart, not only a knowledge of the branches themselves, but also a knowledge of the best methods of teaching them.

The first school specially intended for the professional education of teachers was instituted at Rheims, in 1681, by the Abbe de La Salle. In 1697, Franke established at Halle a teachers' class in connection with his orphan school ; and in 1704, a Teachers' Seminary, which in a few years became celebrated, and from which improved methods of instruction, government, and school organization, were disseminated throughout Europe. The first regular teachers' seminary in Prussia was established in Pomerania in 1735; and the second in 1748, at Berlin, by Hecker, a pupil of Franke. But so rapid was the spread of these institutions, that in 1863, the different states of Europe contained two hundred and sixty-four Normal Schools, of which fifty-one were in Prussia, and ninety-seven in France. Nearly all of these were established during the present century, France instituting her first one in 1808.

Normal Schools were first suggested in this country during the last century, but the suggestion was not carried into practical effect until 1839, when Massachusetts significantly established the first one at Lexington, where, sixty-three years before, was fought the first battle of the Revolution. The number has gradually increased, until now nineteen States contain thirty-one Normal Schools supported by the State, and almost yearly additions are being made to the number. All but three of the northern states have made provision for them.* There are also many private

*By the courtesy of Hon. Henry Barnard, U. S. Commissioner of Education, I am enabled to give the following list of Normal Schools in the United States:

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS—LOCATION—OPENING.

	Estab.	Opened		Estab.	Opened
MASSACHUSETTS.			Oswego.....	1861	(a)1861
Framingham	1839	1839	Brockport.....	1866	1867
Bridgewater.....	1839	1840	Cortland.....	1866	.....
Westfield.....	1839	1839	Fredonia.....	.....	.....
Salem.....	1854	1854	Potsdam.....	1866	.....
NEW YORK.			Buffalo.....	1867	.....
Albany.....	1844	1844	Genesee.....	1867	.....

(a) Adopted as a State Normal School in 1863.

institutions of this kind, and others which have a local support. For the last four or five years, Davenport has sustained a most excellent Training School in connection with the public schools of that city, for the special preparation of her own teachers. More recently, a Training class has been established at Ottumwa in connection with the public schools of the place, which promises to be of great benefit to that immediate section of the State.

The idea prevails to an extent, that the State should make no special provision for the education of teachers; and such provision has been denounced as class legislation. "Let teachers take care of themselves," is the cry, "and provide for their own special education, as do lawyers, clergymen, and other classes."

History is said to be philosophy teaching by example. It is the theory of our form of government to give the largest scope to individual enterprise; and this is well. But it is the testimony of all history, that the education of the masses of the people has been most thoroughly accomplished, when education has been fostered and conducted by the government. In no other country of the world have the people so universally received the benefits of elementary and higher education, as in Prussia. It has been

List of Normal Schools—Continued.

	Estab.	Opened		Estab.	Opened
CONNECTICUT.			Platteville.....	1866	1866
New Britain.....	1849	1850	Whitewater.....	1866	1868
MICHIGAN.			Oshkosh.....	1866	.....
Ypsilanti.....	1849	1853	CALIFORNIA.		
RHODE ISLAND.			San Francisco.....	1862	1862
Bristol.....	1852	1852	KANSAS.		
IOWA.			Emporia.....	1864	1865
(Dept. State University.)			MAINE.		
Iowa City.....	1855	1855	Farmington.....	1664	1864
NEW JERSEY.			Castine.....	1864	1867
Trenton.....	1855	1855	MARYLAND.		
Beverly.....	1856	1856	Baltimore.....	1865	1866
PENNSYLVANIA.			VERMONT.		
Millersville.....	.....	1859	Randolph.....	1867	1867
Mansfield.....	.....	1862	Johnson.....	1867	1867
Edinboro.....	.....	1861	NEBRASKA.		
Kutztown.....	1866	1866	Peru.....	1867	1867
ILLINOIS.			LOUISIANA.		
Normal.....	1857	1857	New Orleans.....	1858	1859
MINNESOTA.			INDIANA.		
Winona.....	1858	1860	Terre Haute.....	1867	.....
WISCONSIN.			WEST VIRGINIA.		
Madison, (Dept. in the University).....	1863	1864	West Liberty.....	1867	1867

the boast of the Prussian army that it contained not a single man unable to read and write. But in that Kingdom teachers are educated, appointed, and dismissed, if needs be, by the government. Education is a national institution, and teachers are officers of the government.

Education is one of the chief interests of a state, the perpetuity of whose free form of government depends upon intelligence and virtue. The full fruits of educational labor, are not immediately apparent; hence, in many communities and states, when left to individual enterprise, there is felt too little interest to sow the seeds whose rich harvest is in the dim future. Ten years since, Iowa adopted the wise policy of making the property of the State educate the children of the State. While more than two millions of dollars are now annually expended for the education of the children and youth of our Commonwealth in the common schools, no adequate provision has yet been made for supplying the schools with competent teachers.

The paramount importance of education to a state as a *state*, as well as to its individual members, is the chief reason why the establishment and maintenance of schools, and the special training of teachers, can not be left to individual enterprise. The other learned professions are commonly supposed to be more remunerative than teaching, and to give greater promise of promotion and distinction; hence many of the ambitious are attracted to them. But the State needs its best minds to be the educators of its people, and to engage them in that department, it must present adequate inducements.

It is a gratifying fact, that in Iowa, the duty of the State to give teachers a special education, has repeatedly received legislative recognition. By act of the General Assembly, approved January 15, 1849, the State was divided into three districts, and a Normal School located in each; namely, at Andrew, in Jackson county; Oskaloosa, Mahaska county; and Mount Pleasant, Henry county. One clause of this act is here quoted: "The sum of five hundred dollars is hereby appropriated annually to each school, to be drawn quarterly out of the University Fund by the several treasurers. * * * * * Provided, always, that the friends of education shall furnish funds to the amount of not less than five hundred dollars to erect such buildings for the use of said normal schools

as the Board of Trustees may deem necessary." It is difficult at this day, to conceive how statesmen could have entertained the idea that a Normal school could be established and maintained with an annual appropriation of five hundred dollars. And yet, had the efforts of the State been concentrated upon a single institution, it is quite possible that there might have been laid the foundations of a normal school, which, ere this, would have blessed the State with hundreds of good teachers. Under the stimulus of this act, two small buildings were erected; but the schools never went into very successful operation, and in 1855 the appropriation was withdrawn. By the act of March 12, 1858, one thousand dollars were annually appropriated for the support of Institutes. During the winter of 1859-60, this was changed to fifty dollars for each Institute, which is still the law. In the act organizing the State University, approved February 25, 1847, the grants therein made were upon the "express condition" that the University should "commence and continue the instruction, free of charge, of fifty students annually in the theory and practice of teaching, as well as in such branches of learning as shall be deemed best calculated for the preparation of said students for the business of common school teaching."

The Normal Department of the University was opened in the year 1855, since which time upwards of one thousand persons have received therein a partial course of instruction. A limited number have graduated, some of whom are now occupying the first places in the common and high schools of the State, and exerting an influence which is felt in constantly widening circles; others have been called to responsible positions in other States. It is feared, however, that the Department, though under the instruction of an able Professor, has lost much of its efficiency as an agency for the practical training of teachers, by the recent suspension and abolishment by the board of trustees, of the model and training school formerly connected with it. In so far as the ability to teach well is an *art*, it can be acquired by practice under intelligent criticism, as a *science* it may be taught theoretically. But in all institutions for the special training of teachers, principles should have an immediate application in practice, under the eye of experience and skill.

The preceding references to statutes show that at a very early

period in the history of our State, the necessity of special preparation for teaching, and the duty of the State to provide the necessary facilities, were recognized by our legislators.

It might be remarked, that the only appropriation hitherto made from the State treasury for the education of teachers, is that made for the support of Institutes, the Normal department having received its support from the University fund donated by Congress. The University already feels the need of the whole of this fund for the support of the literary and scientific departments of the University, and for the establishment of other schools of special culture which properly belong to a university.

Normal schools are no longer an experiment. In those States where established, they have fully realized the anticipations of their friends; and where longest established are most firmly rooted in the affections and judgment of the people.

Hon. R. S. Field, one of the trustees of the New Jersey State Normal school, in his report to the Legislature in 1860, declares that the State, by "that simple act" of establishing the Normal school, "did more for the cause of popular education in New Jersey, than had ever been done by the combined efforts of all who have gone before them."

The twenty-third annual report of the board of education of Massachusetts, in referring to the Normal Schools of that State established twenty years previously, holds the following language: "These institutions having more particularly the direction and supervision of the board than other departments of education, occupying as never before the attention of the State, are sustaining the reputation they have previously earned, and exhibiting increased evidence of the wisdom of those through whose influence they were provided. No appropriation of the State, returns a larger dividend of real efficient wealth, nor accomplishes more efficiently the object for which it was made."

Hon. B. G. Northrup, who for ten years has been the agent of the Massachusetts board of education, and who has enjoyed the most ample facilities for seeing the Normal teachers at work in their school-rooms, says of them: "The more I visit schools and observe their methods and results, the stronger is my conviction of the necessity and usefulness of Normal schools. My observations in schools and among the people assure me, that our Normal

schools have widely diffused better ideas of education and awakened increased popular interest in public instruction."

Similar citations might be multiplied to an indefinite extent, but further evidence of this character is deemed unnecessary. No person well informed on educational matters can doubt the great utility and necessity of Normal schools.

The material resources of the State are developing with wonderful rapidity; and if we would have the development of mind keep pace therewith, if we would have our common schools improve with the general advancement, if we would have them, not only cheap enough for the poorest, but also good enough for the most wealthy, we must provide additional facilities for the education of teachers. Other states have felt the necessity that is now upon us, and have established Normal Schools to meet the emergency. In loyalty and patriotism, Iowa stands in the front rank of the beautiful sisterhood of states; and such, I am assured, is her destined position in regard to education and intelligence.

It is believed that the public sentiment of the State is in favor of a Normal School. The State Teachers' Association has for several years in succession, passed resolutions in favor; and similar resolutions have been unanimously adopted in a very large number of Institutes.

To crown the efforts hitherto made for securing a supply of well qualified teachers, *it is earnestly recommended that there be immediately established a Normal and Training School under the auspices of the State.* Such an institution, well sustained, would become a center of influence, whence would flow streams that would refresh and vivify our whole educational system. It is believed there are many communities that would willingly assist in furnishing the necessary buildings and grounds, as a partial consideration for the substantial benefits that would result from its location in their midst.

Excessive taxation cannot be urged as a reason for further delaying this necessary measure; for if other funds are not at hand, a portion of the permanent school fund may be used, and State bonds issued therefor. Indeed, if permitted by the Constitution, the income of the school fund could not be used more efficiently for the support of common schools, than by diverting a portion of

it to the support of Normal Schools, to educate common school teachers.

It is the opinion of some of the friends of education, that there should be a Normal School established in each Congressional district of the State; and this measure was approved by the State Teachers' Association at its last meeting, thus repeating, in substance, the legislation of 1849. The Association comprises many of the best educators of the State, and its deliberate opinion is entitled to respectful consideration. While a number of Normal Schools, *well sustained*, would greatly promote our educational interests, and no one would rejoice in their establishment and *maintenance* more than myself, it is believed to be a better policy to establish *one* at the present time, on a permanent and liberal basis, and add to the number as our necessities and resources increase. If, however, the other view should prevail, it should be remembered that Congressional districts, formed for political purposes and often of irregular shape, are subject to frequent changes of boundaries. Should the principle involved in the action of the Association be adopted, separate Normal school districts should be established, which would be independent of political mutations.

The superintendent of Poweshiek county, in his report, among other suggestions, recommends that the State should make annual appropriations to some half-a-dozen of our best colleges, that should be selected to instruct Normal classes. There can be no doubt that such an arrangement would be productive of good, but it should not be adopted as a substitute for Normal Schools. Of the relative value of Normal departments in academies and colleges, and of independent Normal Schools, but little need be said. In New York, where the practice of making appropriations to certain academies which should annually instruct classes of teachers gratuitously, has been in operation many years and thoroughly tested, it is universally conceded, that the system, though accomplishing good, is *less economical* and *less efficient* than the Normal School.

Congress has been profuse in the distribution of public lands in aid of education and internal improvement; and it is not improbable, that, if solicited, donations of land would be made to the several states for the endowment of Normal Schools. I would, therefore, suggest that the General Assembly memorialize Congress on the subject.

TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES.

Section 8 of the Act defining the duties of the Superintendent, passed March 19th, 1864, provides that "he shall prepare and cause to be distributed to the several county superintendents a form of certificate in blank, to be granted to teachers." During previous years, only one form of certificate has been distributed from this office. There has been a strong desire, however, on the part of teachers and county superintendents to have certificates graded, so that they would show the relative qualifications of those holding them. So earnest has been this desire, that in many counties the superintendents have caused other forms to be printed at their own expense or the expense of the county, which would indicate the grade. To secure greater uniformity throughout the State, as well as to gratify the general desire, in November I prepared a series of graded certificates with which the counties are now being supplied. I quote a brief description of these certificates from a circular addressed to the superintendents through the *SCHOOL JOURNAL*:—"Three forms have been prepared. The certificate marked "First Grade" is to be awarded to those who sustain a thorough examination in all the branches required by law, and who possess the other requisite qualifications. That marked "Second Grade" is intended for those whose examination and qualifications are not equal to those of the former class, but who are considered competent by the county superintendent to be intrusted with the instruction and government of a school. This is the lowest grade which is recommended to be given. The third form is styled "Premium Certificate," and is designed for those who sustain an examination in physical geography, physiology, algebra, and natural philosophy, or their equivalents, in addition to a thorough examination of all the branches required by law." In the "Second Grade the *time* is left blank, enabling the superintendent to fill in with such period, not exceeding one year, as he may deem proper. The other two are to be given for the full period of one year, which is the longest time the law now permits. Forms of these graded certificates are herewith given :

PREMIUM CERTIFICATE.

I,, County Superintendent of Common Schools, in and for the County of and State of Iowa, hereby certify that I have this day examined the bearer,, in Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, History of the United States, English Grammar, Physical Geography, Physiology, Algebra, and Natural Philosophy, and that I find qualified in the same; and being fully satisfied that possesses a good moral character, aptness to teach, and ability to govern, I hereby grant unto this "Premium Certificate," by which is authorized to teach in any of the Public Schools of this County for the period of one year from the date hereof, unless this Certificate is sooner revoked.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name at, this day of, A. D., 186..

.....,
County Superintendent of Common Schools.

FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE.

I,, County Superintendent of Common Schools, in and for the County of and State of Iowa, hereby certify that I have this day examined the bearer,, in Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, History of the United States, and English Grammar, and that I find qualified in the same; and being fully satisfied that possesses a good moral character, aptness to teach, and ability to govern, I hereby grant unto this "First Class Certificate," by which is authorized to teach in any of the Public Schools of this County for the period of one year from the date hereof, unless this Certificate is sooner revoked.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name at, this day of, A. D., 186..

.....,
County Superintendent of Common Schools.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATE.

I,, County Superintendent of Common Schools, in and for the County of and State of Iowa, hereby certify that I have this day examined the bearer,, in Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, History of the United States, and English Grammar, and that I find qualified in the same; and being fully satisfied that possesses a good moral character, aptness to teach, and ability to govern, I hereby grant unto this "Second Class Certificate," by which is authorized to teach in any of the Public Schools of this County for the period of from the date hereof, unless this certificate is sooner revoked.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name at this day of, A. D. 186..

.....,
County Superintendent of Common Schools.

In many localities, the compensation of teachers is determined by the grade of their certificates. This measure is just in itself, and at the same time one that is a powerful incentive to teachers to perfect themselves in their vocation. If the law specifically recognized the grading of certificates, and authorized County Superintendents to grant premium certificates that should be valid for *two years*, this would be an additional stimulus to teachers to self improvement, and is recommended for your consideration.

EDUCATIONAL BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

The Board of Education, by act passed December 20, 1861, created a State Board of Examiners, consisting of the Faculty of the State University, for the examination of school teachers. By the act referred to, the course of study in the Normal Department of the University is made the basis of examination, and the certificates granted are perpetual. The Board is required to hold all its sessions at the University.

There are many teachers in the State, whose faithful and long-continued services entitle them to the honorable recognition which a State certificate would give. Some of these have already made successful application to the State Board; but for various reasons, their number is small. One of the most common objections is, the necessary expense attending a trip to Iowa City to attend the examination.

To realize the benefits originally intended, some means should be devised to popularize this feature of the law. Some teachers have suggested that there should be a board of examiners in each Congressional or Judicial district; but this would deprive the system of a head, which is so essential to its unity of purpose and of action, and which is now very properly located in the State University. It is possible, that if the President of the Board, who by law, is the Professor of Theory and Practice of Teaching, were authorized to hold sessions in different parts of the State, and empowered to call to his aid two or more persons of the respective localities, the desired result might be accomplished; and that too without serious expense. Even authority to hold an examination in connection with the annual meeting of the State Teachers' Association, would in part remove the objection.

These perpetual certificates should not be granted on scholarship

alone; but evidence of successful teaching and governing should be required.

NORMAL DIPLOMAS.

It is one of the anomalous features of our law, that we have an institution under the control and supervision of the State, with a course of study and training approved by the State, through its appointed agents, which is designed to accomplish a certain specific purpose, namely, the education of teachers; and yet, after the teachers have spent two or three years in mastering the course, and have complied with all the requirements of the State, and received the Diploma of the Institution, they are not considered competent by the law to instruct in one of the commonest, even, of the common schools of the State, until they have received a certificate from a county superintendent, or have a state certificate. This is absurd and unjust. Let the State throw such guards as it deems necessary, around the awarding of diplomas; but, when they are once fairly earned, let them have some substantial value. It is recommended that the diploma of the Normal Department of the State University, be made legal evidence of qualification to teach in any of the common schools of the State.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

The reports of County Superintendents to this Department, to which you are respectfully referred, (Exhibit A) show that the schools have generally been visited each term, as required by the amended law of April 3, 1866; and that these visits have uniformly resulted beneficially.

It is now nearly ten years since the first enactment of a law in our State creating the office of County Superintendent of schools; and to the intelligent observer there can be little doubt that the rapid advancement which the schools have made within that time, has been largely owing to efficient county supervision.

The system of county supervision in vogue with us, is one which has been adopted in a large number of States, and everywhere with the most satisfactory results. The friends of education in those states where it has not yet been adopted, are laboring earnestly for its introduction. Everywhere it is believed to be

the most efficient, and the most economical method of supervision yet devised.

To perform the duties of Superintendent well, requires as much knowledge, as much talent, as much labor, as much time, and involves as much responsibility, as to discharge the duties of any county office whatever; hence the compensation should be equal to that received by any other county officer. The Superintendent should be a teacher, in knowledge and skill, at least equal to the best teachers of the county. He should have ability to supervise, equal to that possessed by the best superintendents of city schools. As a public speaker, he should *surpass* many men who devote themselves exclusively to the entertainment and instruction of the public. With no less qualifications can he discharge his duties in examining, instructing, and advising teachers; and in awakening an enthusiasm among the people in behalf of education. But the services of a person with these qualifications can not be secured without an adequate compensation. The best teachers and superintendents of city schools in Iowa are now receiving from one thousand to eighteen hundred dollars per annum; and in some other States as high as four thousand dollars.

It is a common and just cause of complaint, that in many counties, after the Superintendents have filed their sworn statements as required by law, the Board of Supervisors insist upon cutting down their accounts, and the superintendents are left the alternative of submitting, or of instituting legal proceedings. They usually submit, and resign in disgust,—too often to the prejudice of the educational interests of the county. In some instances supervisors have raised technical objections, refusing to allow an account at all, because the Superintendent had not visited every school each term; when, perhaps, owing to the number of schools and the short time for which they were taught, a literal compliance with the law was impossible.

It is recommended that the General Assembly fix the compensation at some definite amount, which will enable the Superintendents, of at least the more populous counties, to devote their whole time and energies to the appropriate duties of the office, and relieve them of the necessity of engaging in some other pursuit to eke out a subsistence. In the populous counties the salary should not be less than twelve hundred dollars per annum. The Super-

intendent of Louisa county suggests that it be "one hundred dollars per year, with an addition of ten dollars for each organized school in the county." It should be remembered that Superintendents take their pay in county orders, which in some counties are greatly depreciated.

STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

A very satisfactory evidence of the healthy condition of school interests, is found in the existence and maintenance of voluntary associations among the teachers for self improvement and the promotion of popular education.

The State Teachers' Association, which has had an active existence for thirteen years, is an important agency in the dissemination of enlightened educational views, through its lectures and discussions. The last annual session, held at Des Moines, was largely attended by the representative teachers of the State, and by other friends of educational progress. We introduce at this place brief extracts from the proceedings of the Association, upon a few important subjects :

"The report of the Committee on Institutes was presented by Mr. A. E. Roberts, of Des Moines, and adopted.

The Committee on Institutes respectfully submit the following:

WHEREAS, Teachers' Institutes have hitherto contributed largely to infuse into the teachers of the State an ardent love for their calling, and an earnest desire to qualify themselves more fully for the weighty responsibility resting upon them; and,

WHEREAS, We believe no agency within our immediate reach can be made so efficient in preparing teachers for their work, as well-conducted institutes; therefore,

Resolved, First, That we reaffirm the action of this Association at its former meetings, in expressing its unqualified approbation of Teachers' Institutes as a most valuable auxiliary in preparing teachers for their labor.

2d. That the Superintendent of Public Instruction be requested to appoint such a number of competent instructors as he may deem necessary to conduct these institutes.

3d. That the thanks of this Association are due to our agents, who have hitherto labored so faithfully in behalf of the educational interests of the State, and who have done it for a reward so meager and in many instances at great personal sacrifice.

4th. That the members of the Legislature who earnestly and devotedly support the holding of these associations, have our hearty support.

5th. That the Executive Committee be requested to secure during the coming year, the holding of as many Normal Institutes as may be deemed expedient for the improvement of teachers in those portions of the State where such assistance may be most needed, and that the time for holding said Institutes should be two weeks, or more, if a proper interest be manifested.

A. E. ROBERTS,
Chairman Committee."

"The subject of Normal Schools was again called up, by Prof. Piper offering an amendment to the first part of the report, as follows:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by this Association to memorialize the Legislature to pass a law which shall secure the establishment of one Normal School in each Congressional District, as soon as fifty thousand dollars shall be secured from the people for buildings and site in each.

After much earnest discussion, the resolution of Prof. Piper was adopted, and the second part of the report was stricken out. So that the resolution of Prof. Piper became the report of the Association on the subject of Normal Schools."

"Prof. Perkins presented the following resolutions on the subject of music, which were adopted:

Resolved, That vocal music, practical and theoretical, ought to be taught in all the public schools of the State, as a regular branch of education.

Resolved, That all Normal School graduates and teachers licensed to instruct in the public schools of the State, ought to be qualified to instruct their pupils in singing.

Resolved, That at the earliest practical date a professor of music be appointed to superintend this department, whose duty it shall to attend Institutes and instruct teachers."

"The report of the committee on resolutions was read by Mr. G. J. Tisdale, of Chickasaw county; and the report was adopted, as follows:

Resolved, That we have reason to feel profoundly grateful to Almighty God for the privilege of again meeting in the capacity of a Teachers' Convention, in the abundant evidences we see around us of the blessings of peace and plenty, and the many indications of a constantly increasing interest in the great work of education.

Resolved, That the highest and most important work of a free government, is to provide for the proper and thorough education of the masses,—an education that shall secure the full physical, social, intellectual and moral development of all its people, regardless of race, religion, condition, or color.

Resolved, That we rejoice that our statesmen and legislators are beginning to recognize the truth of this proposition, as shown in

the recent establishment of a National Bureau of Education, at the head of which has been placed that noble worker in the cause, Hon. Henry Barnard of New York, and we hope that this bureau will soon be made a *department*, second in power and influence to no other department of the government.

Resolved, That since it devolves upon the State to provide for the education of its children, a thorough supervision of the schools becomes a necessity of the State, and we urge upon our legislature the fact that the State Superintendent, County Superintendents, and District School officers should be liberally paid, and required to visit their several charges, and exercise a thorough supervision of the same.

Resolved, That it equally devolves upon the State to see that the common schools are provided with good teachers, thoroughly qualified, who should be paid according to qualifications and labor performed, and not as now, according to sex.

Resolved, That we will favor the election to office of only such men as are willing to labor for the furtherance of the cause of general education; and while we believe in the exercise of the largest liberty on all political and religious questions, we wish that those in whose hands is the educational charge of the State, both officers and teachers, should be strictly temperate, truly loyal, and of untarnished moral character; and to such alone will we lend our support."

IOWA INSTRUCTOR AND SCHOOL JOURNAL.

The subscription to this Journal for the purpose of sending it to County Superintendents, as authorized by the Tenth General Assembly, has been continued. As heretofore, the *Journal* has contained all the decisions of this Department in appeal cases, and some of the opinions in regard to the administration of the school law. The editorial labor is gratuitously performed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, assisted to a small extent by persons appointed by the State Teachers' Association. The *Journal* is now in its ninth volume. It forms an excellent means of communication with teachers and school officers throughout the State.

BOOKS.

Subsequent to the date of the last report, my predecessor in office made very few changes in the text-books recommended for use in the schools, though several additions were made to the list. No changes have been made since the present incumbent came into office.

Under the present law, uniformity of text-books throughout the State is impracticable. Uniformity in each school is absolutely essential to its highest success. Uniformity throughout a township district is important, and may easily be attained under present legislation, and should always be enforced by the Board of Directors. Uniformity throughout a county or State is desirable, but not indispensable.

INCORPORATED INSTITUTIONS.

The State has undertaken the important work of the education of its children. Upwards of two millions of dollars per annum are now expended for the support of our system of common schools, and it is desirable to know to what extent the beneficent aim of the State—the education of all its children—is accomplished. There are now in the State 372,969 persons of school age; of these, 257,281 attended the common schools during the last year, leaving a balance of 115,688, or thirty-one per cent. of the whole number, who were not registered as belonging to the schools at all. Some thousands of these were attending colleges, academies, and private schools, but the actual number so attending is unknown; and we can never know how many of the youth of the State are growing up in ignorance, until reports are received from private and denominational institutions. May not some inexpensive means be easily devised for receiving such reports, either directly from incorporated institutions, or indirectly through county Superintendents?

AMENDMENTS.

No radical change in the school law is recommended. Frequent changes are detrimental to the interests of the schools. There is no other law in whose administration so many persons are directly engaged; and slight evils are less objectionable than great and frequent alterations.

Under the present system, which has been in operation about ten years, our educational interests have had a remarkable development; and year by year the system is becoming more firmly established in the confidence of the people. True policy dictates an adherence to the main features of the system, and an endeavor to perfect it by the removal of defects as they become apparent. If

the modifications previously referred to are made, and a Normal School established, it is believed that we may advance with increasing prosperity. There are, also, some minor alterations to which I will briefly invite your attention.

To Section 15, Chapter 1, add the words: "or with the consent of the board of directors."

In Section 17, Chapter 1, in the seventeenth line from the top of the page, substitute the word "ten" for "five." This is necessary to make the section harmonize with the fifth clause of Section 7. The want of harmony is evidently the result of oversight.

In Section 48, tenth line, substitute "board" for "meeting." The board is the proper custodian of school property; besides, the electors cannot be called together until the annual meeting, by which time the occasion for interference may be passed.

STATE UNIVERSITY.

This Institution, located at Iowa City, is in a flourishing condition. It has a liberal endowment, elegant and commodious buildings and grounds, an able and industrious Faculty, and needs but to be more widely known, to be universally appreciated. Since the reopening in 1860, it has enjoyed a rapid growth, and with the continued fostering care and liberality of the State, will become the just pride of our Commonwealth.

The term of office of Hon. S. J. Kirkwood, L. W. Ross, and Rush Clark, members of the Board of Trustees of the University, expires January 1, 1868.

For a detailed account of the condition and progress of the University during the last two years, reference is respectfully made (Exhibit B), to the biennial report of the Board of Trustees, hereto appended.

METRIC SYSTEM OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

This is the application of the decimal system of notation to weights and measures. It derives its appellation from its initial unit of extension—the *meter*, which is equal to 39.37 inches. From this initial unit are derived units of area or surface, capacity, and weight; and all the tables are formed from decimal divisions and multiples of these respective units. In other words, it is the application of the uniform scale of *ten*, which is found in our

Federal currency, to all of our weights and measures; and the advantages which would result from its general adoption, are well illustrated by the superiority of United States currency to English currency, as regards ease of learning and facility of computation.

The metric system had its origin in France, and is now used in that country and her colonies to the exclusion of all other systems. It is used exclusively in Spain and her colonies, in Portugal and her colonies, in Holland and her colonies, in Belgium, Chili, and Equador. It has also been adopted, permissively, in sixteen other countries of Europe and America. By act of Congress of July, 1866, the metric system was legalized in the United States, and provision made for its immediate introduction into the postal department, and for supplying the several states with sets of standards. It has been in use for a long time in our own country among scientific men, by whom its advantages were early appreciated.

The adoption of the metric system will enable us to dispense entirely with our present tables of weights and measures, with their incongruous scales and inharmonious nomenclature. It will wonderfully increase the facility with which this part of arithmetic may be learned in the schools and applied in business. The system of weights and measures which is now perfectly understood by none, will then be familiar to all. Its adoption by the principal commercial nations of the globe which has now taken place, will naturally lead to its adoption by all civilized nations; which will secure a uniform language of weights and measures from the Equator to the Poles, and strengthen the bonds of the great brotherhood of man. This system, which has already been legalized with us, will undoubtedly, in a few years, by the further legislation of Congress, be made compulsory and exclusive. That we may be prepared for the change, which is inevitable, the new system should be familiarized through our public schools. Teach the children, and they in turn will become the instructors of their parents. Its introduction into our schools should be encouraged by the State, and its use in actual business legalized.

D. FRANKLIN WELLS,
Superintendent of Public Instruction.

APPENDIX.

ABSTRACTS FROM REPORTS OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS,

FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 4, 1867.

ADAIR COUNTY.

WESLEY TAYLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Adair county is increasing in population very rapidly. The schools are much larger than they were the preceding year, and more numerous, and the demand for good and experienced teachers is great. The applicants for schools are many, but well qualified and efficient teachers are scarce. The schools of Adair county during the past year have prospered tolerably well, considering the many difficulties, arising from a lack of good and efficient teachers; every year, however, brings in an additional amount of talent, either by immigration, or home cultivated genius, and as our county settles, schools will continue to grow in numbers and interest.

ALLAMAKEE COUNTY.

THEODORE NACHTWAY, SUPERINTENDENT.

I commenced visiting the schools in the county the 25th of January, 1866; I have visited nearly every school in the county and some of them twice. I would have visited them all, had they been in operation or session when I made my regular visiting tour. I generally visited two schools a day, staying two or three hours in each school. I think these visits were generally (with a few exceptions) appreciated by the teachers and pupils both. When I entered upon my duty, I found only one class of certificates in the hands of the teachers, which had been a custom of my predecessors to issue only first grade certificates. Seeing that

it would be an insult to a good teacher to put them on the same basis with a poor one in regard to standard of qualifications, I have changed that system and granted certificates of three grades. Those who answer correctly 90 per cent. of the questions asked or possess a thorough knowledge of the several branches to be taught, receive certificates of the first grade; 75 per cent., of the second; and 60 per cent., of the third. In my opinion this system is a far better one than the former. It gives several advantages; directors are enabled to distinguish between first, second and third class teachers. The best teachers ought to command the highest wages, and boards of directors ought to fix the compensation according to the grade of the certificates. I have from January 1, to October 5, 1866, examined 109 applicants, and issued the following graded certificates: 36 received a first class, 45 a second class, and 28 a third class certificate, and ten were rejected.

I have taken great pains to ascertain the general condition of the schools and am satisfied, that while some of them are conducted in an efficient and progressive manner, many are deficient in their government, system and methods of instruction. There are several reasons for the deficiency, among the more prominent of which is a want in the number of good practical teachers. But I have the satisfaction to state, that there is some progress, yet many things are wanting, many difficulties to be encountered, but upon the whole, they are advancing and I think, by proper management, they can all be made first class schools. In submitting the annexed report, I regret to say that some of the items are not correct or reliable. It is impossible to obtain correct returns, as long as sub-directors and secretaries take no pains in gathering the items. Sub-directors should be paid for their work, which would be an inducement to them to do their duty, and secretaries should be paid better for their work, in order to make it an object for educated persons to take an office of that kind.

As I said before, I have visited all the schools in the county, but I cannot visit them again, unless the board of supervisors will change their views in regard to the matter. Boards of supervisors are not always the best educated, therefore they don't know the importance of the duties of superintendents; and our schools will not become prosperous, until the control of them is taken out of their hands; for ignorance never will produce wisdom and intellect.

AUDUBON COUNTY.

B. F. THOMAS, SUPERINTENDENT.

I. *Visiting schools.*—Since last January I have visited all but two, and some have been visited twice. I spend, generally, a half day in each, and sometimes more. Children and parents seem glad at my presence. I usually talk a little to the scholars and teachers, for the improvement of both.

II. *Teachers.*—I examine both verbally and written. The board of directors are informed, and wages are given accordingly; the higher the grade, the higher the wages, and the greater the effort. A majority take some educational journal. Good wages, close examination, Teachers' Associations and Institutes.

III. *Teachers' Institutes.*—Nearly all attend the Institute. They may be improved by having the *very* best educators for conductors.

IV. Let us have more Normal and Teachers' Training Schools. We have two teachers from South-western Ohio Normal School.

BENTON COUNTY.

AMOS DEAN, SUPERINTENDENT.

Our school system needs no radical change. Excellent schools are the result of its action, wherever it is intelligently and faithfully administered. Our citizens keenly appreciate the necessity of one or more Normal Schools for the preparation of teachers for our common schools; also of a State Reform School for juvenile offenders. Many touching instances have come under my notice, appealing to the *humanity* of our legislators for a law making provision for the restraint and reformation of youthful delinquents, by a course less revolting and disgraceful and better adapted to the desired end, than imprisonment in jails and penitentiaries, with old and hardened offenders.

A law definitely authorizing boards of directors to erect suitable buildings, and establish at central positions in their respective district townships, schools of a higher grade than the common

school, which shall be open to all persons without regard to age, in the district township, provided the applicant has attained the required grade of qualifications for admission, would offer advantages of which many enterprising districts would hasten to avail themselves.

I believe it would be better to elect directors for the term of two years and have the members divided in two classes, one-half to hold over each year. Their experience would benefit new members. Members should be paid a reasonable compensation for time spent in official services.

BOONE COUNTY.

M. T. HARLAN, SUPERINTENDENT.

During the summer each school has been visited once. Those visits were spent in a thorough analysis of the school system in this county, after which the county superintendent was convinced of the great necessity of a change in the system. He therefore has adopted the graded system. It was ascertained that under the present system (classification) of our common schools, a multiplication of classes was working a great injury to the schools; some schools of thirty scholars each having as many as fifteen classes, and each class reciting as often as four times a day. There is great need of system in our schools.

Examinations have been so far oral, keeping a record of the same. Each certificate is graded, also each separate branch; have two grades of certificates, first and second. The grade of the certificate has reference to the ability of the bearer to govern and conduct a school; that of each branch to his or her proficiency in answering questions in the branches. This plan is designed to give the directors an opportunity of knowing the real ability of the teacher.

Undoubtedly Institutes and Teachers' Associations are valuable auxiliaries to our schools; but they cannot satisfy the demand of the present time. It is too much like a finishing touch upon an unshaped tool; too much practice without theory. My own opinion of the best and surest method of obtaining a higher standard of

qualification of teachers is quite different from many others who have written upon the subject. This I conceive to be true of the human mind : no man can do a thing properly until he has learned to do it. Then the first object sought is, how to prepare institutions in which the teacher may be taught his profession. We have such an institution in our State, but it is too remote for many parts of the State to get benefit of it ; therefore the following has strongly suggested itself to my mind : The State should be divided into as many normal districts as there are congressional districts, and one or more normal schools should be established in each of said districts for the education of teachers and those who desire becoming such. This, I think, will meet our wants. The genius of our government is admirably adapted to this system.

The law should be so amended that each director give bonds for the faithful performance of his duties, and that the said director be paid for all services. Chapter 1, section 12, should read " between *seven* and twenty-one." Children should not enter the school-room at five years of age. Section 5 of the same chapter should be canceled, and section 30 of the same chapter be so amended as to read, " It shall be the duty of the boards of directors to levy a sufficient tax, and see that a good, substantial school-house be erected in each sub-district in their respective townships. School officers should be elected in the fall.

Arguments might here be produced in favor of the above, but it is deemed unnecessary. We are all agreed that without education there can be no free institutions of government, and we all know from the past that the ignorance of the masses is the sword of the tyrant and the strength of the monarch. If the head and heart be well educated, the government is safe.

BUENA VISTA COUNTY.

OLE H. STALA, SUPERINTENDENT.

I have visited the schools once in each term, as the law requires. I am sorry to say we have not been able to get hold of first class teachers yet; but they are taking a higher stand. I have had great trouble in gathering the items of this county, because the

secretary has been absent, and I have had no report from him. We have no school-houses here yet, but we shall have two ready in time for winter school.

CHEROKEE COUNTY.

GEORGE E. FISHER, SUPERINTENDENT.

I have visited most of the schools of this county twice, and some of them three times, during the past year, and found them generally in a flourishing and prosperous condition—perhaps all that could be expected in our sparsely settled community. The teachers for the summer schools were mostly beginners, but labored earnestly for the improvement of the pupils under their charge; although, I regret to say, their efforts were not, in all cases, fully appreciated by the parents.

The people of this county fully appreciate the importance of our schools, and cheerfully submit to heavy taxation to support them. Our school directors are generally faithful in the discharge of their duties, and anxious to promote the welfare of our schools and increase their usefulness.

CLAYTON COUNTY.

G. W. COOK, SUPERINTENDENT.

I regret to say that many of the items of my statistical report are not reliable. It seems to be impossible to obtain correct returns, although special instructions were issued to each of the district secretaries.

Visiting schools.—During the year I have visited nearly all the schools in the county, many of them twice, spending on an average one-half day in each. My efforts have been chiefly directed to correct methods of teaching, and the establishment and preservation of good order. Always cordially received by the teachers and the people.

There is a growing interest in the schools of the county—the best teachers are engaged long before the schools begin. It is to be regretted that we have so few *first* class teachers, as there is a constant demand for them. The people are beginning to consult their own interests. Our schools are making rapid strides, and are more prosperous than ever before.

Teachers.—My method of examining teachers is both written and oral (oral preferred) and only use the written when I have large classes to examine.

Certificates are graded upon the plan adopted by Prof. A. S. Kissell.

One normal graduate teaching in the county.

School officers.—I have thought more full and correct reports might be obtained by giving school officers suitable compensation for the time employed; as few men like to spend their time and receive no pay, while others are being remunerated for their services.

Appeals.—There have been but few appeals. I am of opinion that the majority of appeals can be settled at home by the superintendent, if he will make the effort. I am not troubled with appeals.

Progress.—During the year a considerable number of good new school-houses have been erected, and others are in progress. Perhaps in no former year have so many good houses been erected. There is yet room for improvement, and we trust the people will see to it that each sub-district is furnished with a good school-house.

CLINTON COUNTY.

R. J. CROUCH, SUPERINTENDENT.

I have but few suggestions to make. Our schools are in a flourishing condition, and more interest is being manifested by our people in the advancement of our educational interests than ever before. This is evidenced by the first class school buildings that are being erected in all parts of our county, and the steady increasing demand for a higher grade of teachers.

The more I study the subject, the more I am convinced that it

should be the policy of educational men and women throughout the State to ask for a law compelling the attendance of children at school between the ages of seven and fourteen years, and I submit that I am sustained in this conclusion by the facts in the case. When we come to notice the disparity between the number of pupils enumerated, and the number actually in school, the record is, indeed, startling, and should call loudly for a remedy.

The basis of our free institutions is emphatically the intelligence of the people, and never was this more fully demonstrated than in our late contest for the preservation of our government. The people of the loyal North, educated in our free schools, were true to their country and humanity, while the people of the South, ignorant, having been deprived of the benefits of free schools were ready to destroy the government, and became the easy dupes of corrupt and designing men. If then, the State should be required to provide for the education of her children as a guarantee for their good behavior as citizens, and the prevention of crime and misery, she undoubtedly has the power to require that all shall avail themselves of her beneficence, especially when her security depends upon it. Hoping that this subject may have the earnest and careful consideration of the friends of education throughout the State, I herewith fling my banner to the breeze with the motto, "intelligence is security, ignorance is danger. The State *compels* the education of her children as a pledge of safety."

DALLAS COUNTY.

AMOS DILLEY, SUPERINTENDENT.

I have spent a week in collecting material for this report; and it is as nearly correct as I have been able to make it. The reports of the district secretaries, with but two exceptions, have been almost worthless, and it is only at the expense of a great deal of time and labor that I have been able to make a report at all. I send it at the earliest date, that if there should be any mistakes, you may have time to return it to me for correction.

I was appointed in June of this year to fill a vacancy, and know but little of the past history of the schools in this county. The

board of supervisors has made it the duty of the superintendent to visit each school twice during each term, paying him therefor three dollars and fifty cents per day.

I have made since my appointment, eighty visits, spending as nearly as practicable one-half day in each school; and I think that these visits have been of some benefit. Some schools are in good condition, and show that they have been managed by competent teachers, while many others show that they have been handled by incompetent persons, or those who care nothing for their schools, except as a means of obtaining a monthly salary from the school fund. Such a condition of things is deplorable, but I can scarcely conceive how a superintendent, single handed, is to remedy the evil. There are several causes operating together to prevent our schools from becoming what they ought to be. One of these causes is the fact that most of the district boards have fixed the compensation of teachers so low that competent teachers are driven to seek employment elsewhere. So that, except in those sub-districts that are able to raise by individual contributions, a sufficient amount in excess of the sum allowed by the board to enable them to pay a fair salary, they have to put up with second and even third rate teachers. And if the superintendent should raise the standard of qualifications to what it should be, they would be compelled to do without schools. Another is that the patrons of the schools take no pains to inform themselves of their condition, and scarcely ever visit them. I am not prepared to suggest any changes in the school laws. Of the necessity of providing additional facilities for the professional education of teachers, there can be no doubt, but as to the means, I have not investigated the matter sufficiently to give an intelligent opinion.

DECATUR COUNTY.

J. W. PENNEY, SUPERINTENDENT.

I entered upon my duties as superintendent in January, 1866, and was the first to visit the schools of the county. In many districts I found teachers, pupils and patrons ready to welcome me, and all seemed anxious that I should know how they had been

spending their time. I soon perceived, as I thought, a lethargy among teachers and school officers on the subject of school matters, and accordingly called all to attend the Teachers' Institute and see for themselves the importance of taking a higher stand in school matters. This meeting resulted in much good. I received the assurance of nearly all present that they would unite with me in raising the standard of qualifications in those who are to stand at the door of the temple, to a point never reached in this county before. Some of those who had been teaching in the county for some time were refused certificates. Some of these afterward returned, whom I found far advanced in the scale of intellectual culture, and even thankful for being thus gently suspended for a time. I regret that something cannot be done to induce parents and patrons to take more interest in the moral and intellectual welfare of those whom they are called to protect and provide for. I have found wherever the parents are in the habit of visiting the schools once or twice a month, that the scholars are advanced at least fifty per cent. above the general average; and that the advancement increases in an accelerating ratio as the interest of patrons is made manifest.

The schools of the independent district of Leon opened September 24, 1866, under the superintendence of Mr. A. J. Abbott, formerly of Sac City, Sac county, Iowa. Mr. Abbott is a graduate of the Normal Department of the State University, a thorough teacher, and under his supervision the scholars are making great proficiency. The conduct and management of the schools thus far is the sure harbinger of a bounteous harvest of good things for the youth of Leon and vicinity.

DUBUQUE COUNTY.

J. J. E. NORMAN, SUPERINTENDENT.

The schools of this county generally are doing very well. I believe the duty imposed upon county superintendents to visit the schools under thier supervision, is exercising a beneficial influence; for while it is an encouragement to faithful, energetic teachers, it

acts as a check upon those who are thoughtless and careless in the discharge of their duties.

Examinations.—I employ two methods in the examination of teachers, oral and written—have no set form of questions—select ten practical examples from the branches prescribed in the law, and determine from the accuracy and promptness of the applicant how to decide.

Certificates.—I have three grades, based upon a scale from 0 to 100, and issue no certificate unless the applicant answers correctly 60 per cent. of all the questions given. I renew none but first-class certificates.

Appeals.—The present law authorizing “appeals” to county superintendents should be abolished in toto. Its existence is a mere invitation to “any one aggrieved” personally, politically, and sometimes religiously, if we may use such a term, to find fault with, and annoy district boards and school officers.

Independent district boards.—Five officers, in my opinion, would manage the business of independent districts better than seven, to-wit: president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer, and one director; secretary and treasurer to give bonds for the faithful discharge of their duties, be elected annually and receive a fair compensation for their services. Neither independent nor district boards should be authorized to examine or issue certificates to teachers, and should base their appointments upon the grade of certificate given by the county superintendent. Many reasons too numerous to be embraced in this report could be given for the above suggestions.

All school officers should be remunerated in proportion to their officially discharged duties.

Our board of supervisors have at all times remunerated me liberally for my services. I receive \$3.00 per day for office duties, and \$3.50 for visiting schools. My whole time is fully occupied with the duties of my office.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

A. M. FELTS, SUPERINTENDENT.

I have visited nearly all the schools in the county once, and many of them twice, since the first of January, 1866. Judging from the receptions with which I have met, I think my services have been highly appreciated by teachers, patrons, and scholars. I think our schools are better than the schools of any adjoining county, better than teachers and people from the east expect to find them.

I have conducted my examinations orally since my term of office began, though I prefer written examinations, and am preparing questions for that purpose at present. The grade of a teacher's certificates is the principal criterion by which teachers are judged, when they are not personally known, or *otherwise* by reputation.

We have no Normal graduates, though a goodly number of *good* teachers, most of which subscribe for an educational journal. We have a *great many* poor teachers, but few of which subscribe.

We do most decidedly need a higher standard of qualification for teaching. I think if the Normal Department of our State University were in successful operation, a good standard raised (attained) there, and patterned after through the State, we might easily secure it.

We have had no "Institute" this year, but will have one next week—expect a large attendance. I make attendance a requisite for receiving certificates. Institutes may be made more interesting and useful by making them more practical.

Prompt and full reports may be secured by having teachers and school officers supplied with registers, books, &c. I think directors should be paid for their services and compelled to do their duty. I think the delay and expenses attending litigation may be avoided in part, if not entirely, by submitting matters of controversy to arbitration.

I do not think it necessary to legislate more at present to encourage the purchasing of district libraries.

Our schools are increasing quite fast in interest and efficiency, and if our teachers received a fair compensation, so there would be some attraction to induce *good* teachers to come into the State, so

we could reject more of our poor teachers, we might soon have good schools as a general rule; otherwise we should have good Normal schools to educate our own teachers.

FREMONT COUNTY.

O. L. BUTTS, SUPERINTENDENT.

Visiting schools.—As my appointment was in September of 1866, and election in October, there was but little time for me to visit schools, and consequently did but little in that sphere; but this year I have spent a half day with nearly all the schools in the county, and find the majority of them prospering tolerably well, considering the accommodations, and negligence on the part of many of the school officers. Yet I am proud to say school officers are becoming alive to their high position, and are putting forth renewed energy in the great cause of education.

Books.—We have, unfortunately, got our county supplied with Wilson's series of readers and spellers, instead of McGuffey's, which are as far superior to Wilson's as the light of the sun is to that of the moon; but we have a move on hand to make a change as soon as practicable.

Teachers.—Thorough qualified teachers are becoming more numerous, and would be in abundance if the several boards of directors would raise their teachers' salaries so as to sufficiently compensate them for their services, and always make a difference in the salary according to the qualifications of the teacher, which idea some of the sub-directors are beginning to rightly appreciate.

Examinations.—They have been principally oral, and certificates and qualification, regulated according to time of the grant of the certificate. The different grades being twelve, nine, six, and four months. A few have been granted to teachers, where I could not grant them consistently, by the teacher presenting a petition from the district in which he desired to teach, signed by all or a majority, of the patrons of that district.

[When that is done, the examination might as well be dispensed with, and the office of county superintendent, likewise.—*Superintendent Public Instruction*].

Teachers' Institute.—There was no institute last year, but this year we had one, which was pretty well attended, considering the circumstances surrounding us. 1st—The teachers have not been fully aroused to the vast importance of it. 2d—There has been but few here, and last year was missed, hence, there has been no encouragement, but the prospects are flattering now for the future.

Remarks.—The county superintendent should have a stated annual salary sufficient to support him, that he may spend his whole time in visiting schools, examining teachers, delivering, at least, one lecture on education in each district township, to arouse patrons, hold institutes, and see to the interests of schools in general. But as it now is, here, I can make teaching school (select) from \$3.50 to \$4.00 in greenbacks, per day, but in tending to my office \$3.00 per day in county warrants, which are now worth only fifty cents on the dollar of the greenback. Hence we get \$1.50 per day; now can a man afford to live on \$1.50 per day, (and now he could not apply more than four months' service) and leave the chance of getting \$3.50 for the sake of what the law allows?

HENRY COUNTY.

REV. SAMUEL L. HOWE, SUPERINTENDENT.

The schools in this county are more flourishing than I ever knew them before. The teachers are more in earnest to prepare themselves thoroughly for their work, and more faithful in the discharge of their duties. How long they will remain so it is impossible to tell.

If party politics and sectarian interests are to control the election of county superintendents, as in this county, our schools can never be what they ought to be. The only rule, in my judgment, for the people to adopt, is to choose the most competent and skillful man they have, elect *him*, and then pay him a reasonable salary. His salary should be fixed by law, and not left, as now, in any measure to the mercies of a board of supervisors. The frequent change of superintendents works injury to our schools, greater by far than the frequent change of teachers. Unless a remedy for this evil

can be found, the office of county superintendent is in many cases worse than useless, and in most cases of little benefit, and should be abolished, for a sufficient length of time, at least, for the people to learn more wisdom in the selection of a man to serve them in that capacity.

All school officers, as I regard it, should be paid a reasonable compensation for their services, and then under penalty be compelled to perform their duty.

Parents should be compelled by law to send their children to school, a certain number of school years; and by no other means, I think, can the whole people be educated.

Our institute is thought to be the best and most profitable ever held in this county. At the first session, one hundred and fifty-eight teachers were present, and one hundred and twenty-eight continued till its close. The interest increased continually till the end of the last session. These are important facts in our favor, as institutes very generally decrease in numbers, so that oftentimes very few remain at the time of adjournment, and the interest is apt to flag as its termination approaches.

HOWARD COUNTY.

REV. T. W. LEE, SUPERINTENDENT.

Visitiny schools.—I have visited all the schools (except three), in my county, twice, spending in the small ones a half, and in the large ones an entire day. I request the teachers to pursue their usual course during the forenoon, (for I can tell as much about teachers' real qualifications by seeing them in actual service as I can by hearing them answer a few questions), and in the afternoon, I examine the students in their studies, point out the errors I see during the day, and encourage both teachers and scholars to do right under all circumstances.

From three to four o'clock I usually lecture on the duties of parents, children, and teachers, and of the importance of an education, and the best way to obtain it, &c., &c.

Our school-houses have been marred but very little since my first lectures; all seem to heed my advice, and are trying to

govern themselves accordingly. I invite parents and school officers to visit the schools with me, and all seem well pleased with my method of procedure.

Condition of schools.—I think the schools of this county are improving from year to year, and more especially for the last three years. The most of our teachers are trying to fit themselves for the work, and in some of our school districts they are well paid for their labor. We hope soon to be able to employ teachers of first and second grade only, (and send those of a lower grade farther west), and *pay* them as the *first and second class should be paid*.

Teachers.—When I inspect a large class, I use written questions, and the candidates are required to give written answers, but for a small class I use oral questions. In grading certificates, I take into consideration what I see in the school room, (qualifications to manage a school, &c.,) as well as the answers to a list of questions. I grade my certificates first, second, third, and fourth grade. The three first I give for a year, and the fourth for six months.

About one-fourth of our teachers take the *Iowa School Journal*.

QUESTIONS FOR THE EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS FOR 1867.

1. Write your name, age, and post-office address.
2. In what academy, seminary, or college, have you pursued your studies?
3. How many terms have you taught school?
4. Are you a regular reader of any educational journal?
5. What is spoken language?
6. Name the organs of voice, and of speech?
7. What is a letter?
8. What is the power of a letter in distinction from its name?
9. What respectively are vocals, subvocals, and aspirates?
10. Write words containing the first, second, third and fourth sounds of a; first and second of c; first, second and third of o; and the first, second, third and fourth of u.
11. Define a proper diphthong and improper, a proper triphthong and improper, and give an example of each.
12. How may the number of syllables a word contains always be known?

13. When is the hyphen requisite and when not, in the formation of compound words?

14. Correct the following words: Rhime, Etamology, Elipcis, Metafor, Cinechdochee, Febuary, Runing, Sirtificate, Auxilary, Fefment.

READING.

1. Define articulation, inflection, accent, emphasis, and pronunciation.

2. Make and name the principal points or marks used in writing and printing.

3. How much do you require a class to read at one time?

4. What does the circumflex usually express?

5. To what kind of subjects is the monotone properly confined?

6. What constitutes good reading?

GEOGRAPHY.

1. What is the earth?

2. How much less is the diameter of the earth from pole to pole than it is at the equator?

3. Into what three departments is geography divided?

4. What are the proofs that the earth is spherical?

5. Why are the polar circles located just $23\frac{1}{2}$ degrees, rather than a few degrees further north or south of the poles?

6. What are the names of the polar circles?

7. What meridian usually divides the earth into the Eastern and Western Hemispheres?

8. What is a continental island?

9. Do you understand the use of globes and outline maps, and can you draw a map with a pencil?

10. Name the capital and chief towns and rivers of Iowa.

11. Bound Ohio and Norway, and give their capitals.

GRAMMAR.

1. What is grammar?

2. Name the parts of speech.

3. When do proper nouns become common, and why?

4. How may a common noun become proper?

5. Show how any word, sign, phrase, or sentence, may become a noun.
6. What are defective verbs?
7. Define a compound verb, and show how it should be parsed.
8. How are adverbs formed from adjectives and nouns?
9. Decline goose.
10. Parse WELL in the sentence: Well, sir, said I, how did you like my pet?
11. Parse BOTH in the sentence: And the next day, both morning and afternoon, he was kept by our party.
12. Parse SPEAKING in the sentence: Properly speaking, there is no such thing as chance.
13. Parse FROM BETWEEN in the sentence: From between the peaks, the eye glances up to a bright cloud.
14. Analyze and parse the following sentence: That is what I saw.

ARITHMETIC.

1. What is arithmetic.
2. Define mathematics.
3. Define respectively notation, numeration, addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.
4. What is necessary that numbers may be added into one sum?
5. What is meant by the reduction of fractions?
6. Write a pure, a mixed, and a complex decimal?
7. What relation does time bear to longitude?
8. What is compound interest, and how does it differ from simple interest?
9. Define alligation, and state its use.
10. Define the cube root of a number.
11. What is the difference between $(6-4) \times 2$, and $6-4 \times 2$?
12.
$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & 2 & & 1 & 4 & 8 & 3 \\ 12. & .2 & - & | & - & 5 & - & 1 & - & x & - & of & - & \div & - & = \\ & 3 & & & & 2 & 8 & 4 & & 5 \end{array}$$
13. Find the length of a ladder reaching 12 feet into the street from a window 32 feet high.
14. How many feet of boards will be required to make 3 dozen boxes whose inner dimensions shall be $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet in length and breadth, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth, the boards being 1 inch in thickness?

HISTORY.

1. When, and by whom, was North America first discovered?
2. Where did Columbus first land, and when?
3. Where did the Pilgrim Fathers first land, and what lady was drowned while landing?
4. Tell what you know of Capt. John Smith; also, of Pocahontas.
5. Where, when, and by whom were slaves first landed?
6. Tell what happened at Lexington, April 19, 1775.
7. Tell what you know of William Penn, King Philip, Roger Williams, Daniel Boone, Benjamin Franklin, Patrick Henry, Gen. George Washington, Lafayette, Warren, Braddock, W. Scott, Cornwallis, Wolfe, Robert E. Lee, U. S. Grant, and Abraham Lincoln.
8. When was the battle of Fort Sumpter fought, and how many were killed?
9. When did President Lincoln issue his emancipation proclamation?
10. When, where, and how many men did Gen. Lee surrender after the fall of Richmond?

Teachers' Institutes.—Our Institutes have been attended by about four-fifths of our teachers.

Hon. G. J. Tisdale conducted our Institute in 1866, and Dr. J. L. Enos, in 1867. Each was a success. I think our last, conducted by Dr. Enos, the best we have ever had in this county.

I think a Teachers' Institute should not exceed six weeks, nor be less than two in duration. Teachers usually go to the Institute Monday and return on Saturday, which leaves but four full days for instruction and improvement, consequently too many of them return to their schools, and soon back-slide into the old track, and forget the many important facts they had not time to commit to memory.

I make attendance a requisite for obtaining a certificate.

School officers.—The law should be amended so as to give all school officers pay for services.

Appeals.—The most of appeals can be settled at home by the superintendent, if he understands the school law, (and will do his duty), and will make the effort.

I think a decision from the Superintendent of Public Instruction will generally give better satisfaction than one rendered by arbitrators.

The county superintendent should receive a salary large enough to enable him to devote his whole time to the interests of the schools.

Text books should be uniform throughout the State ; and school readers should be changed every four years.

Large schools should be properly graded.

Exercises in gymnastics should be introduced into all of our schools twice a day or more frequently, to drive away drowsiness and dull care in summer, and to vivify and enliven in winter.

“Man, know thyself!” Therefore let the study of anatomy and physiology be introduced into our schools, and let males and females who are far enough advanced, study this important, yet neglected, branch of learning.

JACKSON COUNTY.

D. A. FLETCHER, SUPERINTENDENT.

My annual report is half a month behind time, on account of township secretaries failing to report to me in time. Statistics, to be of any value, should be accurate. I am pretty well satisfied that some columns in my report are not correct. Out of twenty-five secretaries who report to me, not one had the amount received from the county treasury correct. I got that item from the county clerk. Some report the number attending school the same as the number of children in the township. The items of this kind which I knew to be incorrect, I have left blank. Some add together the number of those attending winter and summer schools, and give the total as the number attending school during the year, which is, manifestly, nearly *double* the true number. I think these errors would not be made if you should furnish for distribution, with the blanks, a small sheet giving precise directions to the secretaries how to report these items.

JOHNSON COUNTY.

REV. JONATHAN OSMOND, SUPERINTENDENT.

It is gratifying to be able to say that there is evidence of increasing interest in our schools. A larger number and a much better class of school-houses have been erected during the current year. Some advance has been made in the salaries of teachers. Under the operation of the revised school law, the superintendent has visited all the schools in the county. This had not been done for several years. This visitation afforded him an opportunity not only to address the pupils in every school, but also to enjoy much pleasant intercourse with school directors and the parents of the children in their homes and the public meetings which he addressed, and where he conferred with them as to the best means of advancing the cause of true education. It became evident in the course of these visits, that the vandal spirit, (alas! so manifest in the county hitherto) in the wanton destruction, dilapidation and defacement of school-houses and their furniture, has been arrested. This indicates the prevalence of a higher moral tone in our teachers, and its infusion into the minds of their pupils. This we regard as a vital point, for if our teachers fail to possess the proper moral (as well as intellectual) qualifications for their work—fail to realize their responsibility, as those to whom the education of the rising generation is intrusted—our educational system must be a failure. It will soon cease to command the respect or confidence and co-operation of the patriot, to say nothing of the Christian. The word of God is read in the majority of our schools; should be in all.

The Teachers' Institute, held in Iowa City in December, was very efficiently conducted by our worthy State superintendent, and has exerted a very beneficial influence on our schools in several respects.

The most encouraging advance in the county in the right direction has been made in this city. The public schools are now under the management of an able and efficient board of officers who were elected without regard to political parties. They are devising liberal things for the instruction of the young, and have placed our schools in the hands of very competent teachers. We now hope that the reproach under which the ancient capital rested with refer-

ence to public schools, will soon be wiped out. And just in proportion as the cause of public instruction flourishes in the city, will the schools improve throughout the county.

It is but simple justice to mention here, that those teachers who have enjoyed the advantages of the Normal Department of the State University are very far in advance of their associates. They are, with very few exceptions, efficient teachers. *O! si sic omnes sit.*

While we believe that we are progressing, it must be confessed that we have only made a hopeful beginning. Particular localities in the county might be mentioned which seem to be in the van of improvement, but as it might seem invidious to single out some, where all cannot be mentioned, we forbear.

As a general thing the most intelligent men are elected school directors. There are some sad exceptions to this rule, and that too, where intelligence most abounds. There are instances where the control of the schools seems to be sought in order to wield them for party ends.

Our advantages for obtaining superior teachers, owing to the facilities afforded by the State University in our midst, are not, I fear, duly appreciated; or incidentally, these advantages tend in some measure to lower the standard of remuneration to teachers, and thus the grade of qualification; the supply being in excess of the demand for teachers, and the less enterprising preferring to remain near home, and in order to do this are willing to accept a lower per diem than those of more energy. School officers who think that economy always consists in obtaining cheap commodities, are found employing those who offer to work for low wages. "We can get five times as many teachers as we want for what we have been paying; I don't see any reason for raising the wages," was the remark made to the writer by a school officer not far from the State University. For this reason our best teachers are (many of them) employed outside of our own county.

The same classes of certificates and standard of gradation are continued. My predecessor, W. J. Haddock, Esq., had raised, during his term of office, the intellectual standard considerably, and I desire to maintain this, and advance it if possible. I wish also, by careful examination and otherwise, to raise the standard of general qualifications excluding those would-be teachers who

have not a proper appreciation of the responsibilities of the position they seek to occupy, and such as are not possessed of natural and moral fitness for the work of instructing the young.

The action of the legislature in requiring a knowledge of the history of the United States, was very proper. If our State authorities would from time to time add to the list of subjects of examination, such requirement would greatly tend to deter the unqualified from presenting themselves as candidates for certificates, and would stimulate our schools to enlarge their course of study. Some systematic effort should be made to elevate the standard of qualification on the part of our teachers, and give their pursuit more permanency, and more adequately reward their toils.

JONES COUNTY.

J. R. STILLMAN, SUPERINTENDENT.

Although we have many good schools in Jones county, still the fact is very apparent that the educational interests of our county are at a low ebb, and so will remain as long as our board of supervisors return votes of thanks to retiring county superintendents for *not* doing anything in the way of visiting schools, thereby saving the county needless (?) expense. They do *not* object to paying \$9,000 per year for gopher scalps, but *do* object to paying a few hundred per year for visiting schools.

However, we are hoping for more liberal views from our supervisors, as public sentiment is far in advance of them.

The schools of this county have not been visited by a superintendent for more than a year; but I propose to do something in that line when our winter schools are in session, as I am satisfied a *thorough* visitation can and *ought* to be beneficial to the schools.

We now have many incompetent teachers, and, as a matter of course, many poor schools. There is no doubt that the teachers' standard should be raised, and a thorough Normal school for the education of teachers would be a great benefit to our State. Let teachers understand that they *must* make a more thorough preparation for their great work, or cease teaching; and then may we hope for more live teachers.

If some statistics could be published pertaining to the county superintendency of our schools, showing something of the general course pursued, schools visited, &c., it would be a matter of much interest to many, and might pacify some of these false economists who claim that visitation is unnecessary.

KEOKUK COUNTY.

REV. D. V. SMOCK, SUPERINTENDENT.

I regard ours as an admirable school system, but possibly needing some little amendment in the details, as experience may suggest. For six years I have in some way filled the office from which I now retire on account of health too feeble to continue the exposure of visiting the schools. Last winter I was laid by, mostly in bed, for three months; consequently I have not visited more than half the schools during the year. Indeed, it is impracticable to fulfill literally the requisitions of the law. The summer terms frequently are only two months, and no man can in that time spend a half day in each of the one hundred and ten schools. Some schools need only half an hour in them, while others should have a half day.

The board of supervisors has acted liberally, and paid three dollars a day, leaving me to visit as I could and thought most expedient. The schools in the county have improved, but there is still much room for improvement. The people have been building pretty decent school-houses. In the county they are valued at \$46,000—double the value two years ago. At Sigourney a fine school building, worth some \$15,000, is in process of erection, and we hope to have in a few months a respectable school there. At Richland their house was burned down last year, and they have erected a far better one (brick), worth some \$4,000.

We have held no institute this year, the people of the only place in the county where the teachers could be boarded giving them such a reception last year that it is very doubtful whether thirty of them desire to hold an institute. This omission will injure the educational interests of the county.

I would recommend that examinations of teachers be held semi-

annually, to continue two days—the middle of the week—and that the county superintendent employ an assistant, who shall receive three dollars per diem. Then I would have district examinations as often as the superintendent might deem necessary, of which previous notice should be given, the applicants paying a fee for examination.

One of our great demands is Normal Schools. I doubt whether the people are yet ready for as many as are needed. Might we not have one in each Judicial or Congressional District, to be held ten weeks, beginning early in September? Let the county superintendents be empowered to select the place from year to year; and two, three, or four conductors. Pay them a fixed salary, say \$150 per term. Let their certificate of qualification entitle the pupils to teach in any county in the district for twelve months. When the pupils are graduated, having attended three full terms, and been thoroughly examined, let them teach without any other certificate. Let them be examined on the branches required in our schools, within two weeks of the beginning of the term, and rejected if not tolerably well acquainted with these branches; or else have a primary school, and retain the primary pupils one term before entering on the regular course. In this way, a building and other accommodations where there is a permanent institution, might be obtained for a trifle during its vacation. Five hundred dollars a year might defray the expense of each ten weeks' institute, and in each there should be annually trained in the art of teaching four hundred or five hundred pupils. If larger numbers should attend, it would justify the employment of more professors and an increased expense.

One or two institutions in the State would only benefit a limited locality, while eight or ten endowed as colleges would require an expenditure for which we are not prepared.

These thoughts, after some reflection, are hastily thrown together.

KOSSUTH COUNTY.

REV. O. TAYLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

I have delayed making out my report for a few days, on account of difficulty in getting reports from some of the teachers. I think hereafter we shall establish the rule that the teachers must file their reports with the secretaries before they can receive orders for their pay. There is some discrepancy in the report from Cresco, which I found on examination to be very imperfect, and have supplied the deficiencies as far as possible from statements of persons residing in the township. I believe a school was taught there last fall and winter, the report of which is not included in their returns except in the number of teachers and the aggregate amount paid teachers.

I think that all of the sub-districts, which have failed to support a school during the full time prescribed by law, have had a reasonable excuse. Eight new sub-districts were set off in our district township Algona last fall, one more has been set off this fall, one or two more are called for, and most of these in sections of the township where two years since there was not an inhabitant. Almost the first thought with persons coming in here with families, appears to be to secure schools. The district township of Algona raises a tax for school house purposes as high as the law will permit, and has borrowed \$5,000.00. Three new school-houses are nearly completed in this township, not included in the report. Probably three or four more will be built in this township next season, one at an expense of more than \$3,000.00. But the inhabitants in the county do not wait for the public to provide school-houses. Schools they *must have*, houses or no houses. In visiting the schools in the county, I found two in private houses, with only a slight partition between the school and the family. One was in a forsaken log shanty, which needed neither door nor window to let in light and air, the crevices between the logs answering for windows, though not quite large enough for a door. One school was in a mere temporary board shanty, without any floor, put up just for the summer. They have a new house nearly or quite completed. Two schools were kept in sod houses, a style of building which is becoming very fashionable in this county, and which will become

more common in other places when people learn how comfortable such houses are.

For various reasons I was able to visit but few of the schools last winter. During the summer I visited all the schools except one, which was about 20 miles distant, though sickness prevented my visiting them as early as I wished. The schools generally I found doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances. In some sub-districts the families have all moved in recently from different parts of the country, and the children have a great variety of books, and some of them no books at all, and at present it is very difficult to get books in this place, as no one keeps them for sale.

We have some excellent teachers in the county, and I think that the number of such is increasing. My impression is that our teachers, as a class, will compare favorably with the teachers in New England, at least with the teachers in New England ten years since. I judge from personal observation.

A large proportion of the teachers in the county attended the Institute which we held last March, and were examined daily, during the session, without being aware of it, and certificates were given at the close to such as were thought to be worthy. Heretofore my examinations have been oral, but I propose to have a set of questions on each branch printed soon.

Our teachers at the Institute resolved very unanimously that "the Iowa Instructor and School Journal should find a place on the table of every teacher in our county," but I believe not one of them takes it. Perhaps they leave a *place* for it if some other person will put it there. I believe the board of directors in Algona township have voted to furnish the Journal to each sub-district.

REPORT FOR 1867.

I do not know that I have any suggestions to make respecting the school law. I think if the legislature will let it alone about ten years, it will be seen to be an excellent law.

We have no independent districts in the county. We have started an institution which we call the North-Western College of Iowa. It has been in operation about six weeks with very favorable prospects. An arrangement has been made by which one teacher is to have the general oversight of the public schools in the town of Algona this winter.

LEE COUNTY.

Z. B. BOWERS, SUPERINTENDENT.

The annual report of the superintendent of Lee county, for the year 1865-6, is the most defective that has emanated from this office during the administration of the present incumbent. Only one of the twenty-one reports received from the secretaries is strictly accurate, and four that are admissible. I shall endeavor to prevent the recurrence of these errors in the future.

Number of Normal graduates engaged in teaching in this county.	2
Number of teachers examined since last report.....	298
Number of teachers obtaining certificates, grade No. 1..	45
Number of teachers obtaining certificates, grade No. 2..	72
Number of teachers obtaining certificates, grade No. 3..	85
Number of teachers obtaining certificates, grade No. 4..	37
Number of teachers rejected.....	59

Sixteen printed questions, in the examination of teachers, are used in each of the following subjects, viz.: Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, History of the United States, and Defining.

Ninety per cent. of correct answers entitles the applicant to certificate, grade No. 1; eighty per cent., grade No. 2; seventy per cent., grade No. 3; sixty per cent., grade No. 4; and below sixty a failure.

I have visited the schools since the enactment of the law of 1864; have spent from two to six hours in each school, depending upon the number of pupils, and condition of the schools. To six of the schools I made appointments to return before the expiration of the then term, (summer of '66); and although the weather was exceedingly warm when I fulfilled these engagements, still the number of pupils present at my first visit had not decreased, and the advancement of the pupils in their studies was creditable to them, and the interest of both teachers and students was enhanced by the anticipated visit.

Without previous engagement, I visited the same number of schools the second time during the summer term, and in neither of these was the order, or proficiency in the attainment of knowledge, equal to those mentioned above.

About forty of the teachers of this county can conduct a graded school.

LINN COUNTY.

T. R. EASTMAN, SUPERINTENDENT.

I have visited nearly all the schools in this county, spending in some a half day, in others a whole day. These visits have generally been kindly received by pupils, teachers, and parents. The effort has been to make them useful. It appears to me that a superintendent ought to be in a school at least a half day before attempting to do or say very much. After becoming acquainted with the pupils and teacher, and the teacher's mode of teaching, he will be better qualified to make profitable suggestions, and, if necessary, conduct a few recitations, showing, if he is able, a more excellent way; but this should be done with due respect to the teacher.

Our institutes have been well attended, and have undoubtedly done much good in raising the standard of our schools. I have given some offense by refusing certificates to those who did not attend the institute. I cannot disregard the law, although requested to do so by the county supervisors. In my opinion the law in relation to Teachers' Institutes is a good law, and ought to be obeyed.

Linn county employs about one hundred and seventy-five teachers at a cost of thirty thousand dollars, giving to each an average of one hundred and seventy-one dollars. Board varies from two to five dollars per week. A medium between two and five is three and a half. If the teachers hire their board by the year they must come out in debt. An Illinois superintendent comes to nearly the same conclusion that I have. He remarks: "Whether the teachers beg or steal their clothing, he is not informed."

In our schools we do not want invalids for teachers, but persons of sound mind in sound bodies; nor novices; persons who wish they could teach—persons who hope to learn to teach. We may permit a young attorney to experiment in a suit for us; we may

permit a young surgeon to perform his first operation in amputation on our leg; we cannot afford to take this course in education. It is preposterous to attempt to employ qualified, efficient, industrious workers, at this time, at one hundred and seventy dollars per year. Many of the people think we are paying enormously for education; some say we will not stand it, there shall be a change. Let us look: we pay thirty thousand dollars annually for the education of ten thousand children, three dollars for each child—not half what is required to keep a steer so long. Now if we pay double for the raising of steers that we pay for the education of children each, we must not be surprised if the oxen make the best appearance in the world, and discharge their duty best.

Small as the compensation of teachers is, a majority of them are receiving a great deal more than they earn. We have some good teachers who are doing well, who are an honor to their profession, but the greater number do not begin to earn their board, and I mean just what I say. A blacksmith, a wagon maker, a house carpenter, or a tailor that did not understand his business better than three-fourths of our would be teachers, could not and would not be employed. I will give a few specimens of answers to questions, commencing October 26, 1867: I examined nearly one hundred teachers before one was found who could give the mood of the verbs in the sentence, "Let me go." To the question, "Define voice as used in grammar," one teacher answered: Voice is a noise made by the mouth. Another bounded Pennsylvania on the east by the Mississippi river, and Iowa on the west by Ohio and Illinois. In parsing the sentence, "Let us retract when we can," several parsed *let* as an adverb, and *us* in the nominative case, and *we* nominative after retract.

I have no idea that one-half of our teachers can parse any sentence of six words correctly.

The alphabet, reading, spelling, arithmetic, and geography, are by most teachers taught, if taught at all, nearly as they were when I went to school fifty years ago. Now I would not blame teachers, if I did not know positively that there is a much better way.

It is not guessing. There need be no experiment; I know children ought to learn more in three months than they do in twelve. But they cannot teach what they do not know, and it is not to be expected that teachers will organize a good school when

they have never seen one. And a majority of our teachers never saw a good school. I wish it were possible to describe on paper a good school. I suppose it is not. I have never known it to be done perfectly. Holbrook, in his Normal Methods, has done as well as can be done, but I do not suppose that there are six copies of it in the county. Teachers can learn grammar, arithmetic, &c., in school or out of school, if they will. But they may understand these well and be poor teachers. What kind of teachers must those make who do not understand any of these?

When I contrast the school books now in use with those used when I went to school, and for a long time after I began to teach, it appears to me that any one might take these books and teach a good school. But none do it, so I suppose it cannot be done.

Our Institute passed a resolution in favor of Normal Schools. I hope several will be established in the State. But it is not the *name* that makes a school.

LOUISA COUNTY.

WM. J. RONALD, SUPERINTENDENT.

Though our schools have much improvement yet to make before they become what our needs demand, and while there is a loud call for earnest labor in their behalf, yet their general condition is encouraging. The standard of teachers' qualifications is fully twenty-five per cent. higher than it was two years ago; there is more demand for well-qualified teachers, at increased wages; less changing of good teachers, and more interest in the cause of common schools manifested by the public generally.

On the 16th of March last, there was a convention of school officers and teachers held in the county-seat, at which was adopted a number of regulations in regard to teachers' wages, text books, grading schools, &c. Most of the boards now regulate the wages of teachers by their certificates. Where teachers are well qualified there is generally a disposition to pay them liberally, but the great need of our public schools is thoroughly-qualified professional teachers. This, I am well satisfied, can never be supplied until our Legislature establishes a system of Normal and Training

schools. Until then, nine-tenths of our teachers will adopt teaching as only a temporary employment, and leave it as soon as they become somewhat qualified for their duties, so that our schools will be all the time in hands of apprentices, instead of master workmen. The Normal Department at Iowa City is wholly inadequate for the accomplishment of the object. Though bordering on the county in which it is located, our county has but one graduate from it. She has constant employment in the same school at good wages.

Several amendments should be made to our school law :

1. The sub-directors should be paid for the time necessarily spent in the discharge of their duties. The time of men well qualified for the place is valuable, and they cannot afford to spend it for nothing, nor can I see why they should be compelled to, when every other public officer down to township trustee is paid in full. The Constitution of the United States says: "Private property shall not be taken for public use without just compensation;" and if a man's time and labor are not property, what is? The people generally are willing to pay them, and in at least two townships in this county they are paid.—[Though the principle of compensation for services rendered may be correct, if they are paid from any school fund it is in direct violation of Section 34, Chapter 1, School Laws 1866. Under the present law only the secretary and treasurer can receive compensation.—*Supt. Public Instruction.*]

2. Every child between the ages of ten and fifteen years should be compelled to attend school at least three months in each year, unless excused on account of sickness, or for some reason deemed satisfactory by the president of the board. If the rich are compelled to furnish money to educate the children of the poor, the poor should be compelled to send their children to be educated.

3. The salary of the county superintendent should be definitely fixed by law, and not made to depend on the whim or prejudice of the Board of Supervisors. I would suggest one hundred dollars per year, with an addition of ten dollars for each organized school in the county.

4. The county superintendent should be a Normal graduate, or a practical teacher, and have a State certificate. Why insist on

well qualified and professional teachers, and not on at least as well qualified men to superintend them?

On the 16th of March last there was a convention of school officers and teachers held at the county seat, at which a number of regulations in regard to teachers' wages, text-books, grading schools, &c., were recommended to the district boards of directors for adoption, as follows:

1. School officers will endeavor to have eight months' school in each year. The summer term of twelve weeks will commence with the second week of April and end with the last week of June. The winter term will commence about the middle of October, so as to have ten weeks of school before the holidays; then, after two weeks' vacation, have ten weeks more, ending about the middle of March. In no case will any school continue through the hot weather of summer, or during the time of the muddy roads of spring.

2. Teachers' wages will be determined mainly by the following plan:

Teachers who hold first grade certificates, and have established a reputation of being first class teachers, will receive \$40 per month for the summer term, and \$45 per month for the winter term.

Teachers who hold second grade certificates, and have established a reputation of being second class teachers, will receive \$33 per month for the summer term, and \$38 per month for the winter term.

Third class teachers, determined as above, will receive \$26 per month for the summer term, and \$31 for the winter term; and fourth class teachers will receive \$20 per month for the summer term, and \$25 for the winter term.

These prices, however, will be modified by the accommodations furnished for teaching, that is, the condition of the house, seats and apparatus, and also by the size of the school. If the school is large and the accommodations poor, the wages will be increased \$5 per month. If the accommodations are good and the school small, the wages will be decreased \$5 per month. If the accommodations are good and the school large, or if they are poor and the school small, the wages will remain unchanged.

If suitable teachers offer to work at less than the above rates,

school officers will take them at their offers; but in no case will they pay more than the above rates for third or fourth class teachers.

3. Good teachers who give satisfaction shall be retained in the same school as long as practicable.

4. Any teacher who dismisses his school for a short time, for his own convenience, without the consent of the sub-director, and not on account of sickness, shall be required to make up at the end of the term twice as much time as he has thus lost.

5. The following list of text books for the use of the schools of this county, shall not be changed, save by a county convention of school officers.

For the first year no new classes shall be formed with any other books than these, and after the 1st of April, 1868, no other books shall be used in any of the schools of the county.

Edwards' 1st and 2d Readers.

Willson's 2d, 3d and 4th Readers.

Willson's Spellers.

Eaton's Primary Arithmetic.

Eaton's Intellectual Arithmetic.

Kerl's Grammars.

Gnyot's Geographies.

Berard's History U. S.

Ray's Rudiments of Arithmetic.

Ray's Part 3d Arithmetic.

6. All the country schools of the county shall be graded according to the following plan. Pupils now belonging to either of the three lowest grades shall be kept strictly in the grade to which each belongs, and only advanced, with or without the class, after a strict examination. Pupils now belonging to either of the two higher grades will be graded as near by this plan as possible:

A, or	{	1st and 2d Readers—Edwards'.
1st		Lessons in numbers.
Grade.		Oral Instruction.

B, or	{	2d Reader—Willson's.
2d		Primary Arithmetic—Eaton's.
Grade.		Primary Speller—Willson's.

C, or	{	3d Reader—Willson's.
3d		Primary Geography—Gnyot's.
Grade.		Rudiments of Arithmetic—Ray's
		Intellectual Arithmetic—Eaton's.

D, or 4th Grade.	{	History of U. S.—Berard's.
		Primary Grammar—Kerl's.
		Part 3d Arithmetic—Ray's.
		Intellectual Arithmetic, finished.
E, or 5th Grade.	{	Higher Speller—Willson's.
		4th Reader—Willson's.
		Common School Grammar—Kerl's.
		Common School Geography—Guyot's.
		Part 3d Arithmetic, finished.
		Higher Speller, finished.

DAILY PROGRAMME.

Opening exercises, reading Scripture and singing or prayer.....	9 o'clock, A. M.
Miscellaneous business.....	9.10
A, spelling, and oral instruction.....	9.15
B, reading.....	9.25
C, reading.....	9.35
D, history.....	9.45
E, reading.....	10.05
Recess.....	10.25
A, reading.....	10.35
B, arithmetic.....	10.40
C, geography.....	10.50
D, grammar.....	11.05
General exercises.....	11.20
E, grammar.....	11.35
Intermission.....	12.00
A, spelling, and numbers.....	1 o'clock, P. M.
B, reading.....	1.10
C, arithmetic, (rudiments and intellectual).....	1.20
E, geography.....	1.40
D, arithmetic (Part 3d and intellectual).....	2.00
Recess.....	2.25
A, reading.....	2.35
B and C, spelling, (oral).....	2.45
Writing.....	2.55
E, arithmetic.....	3.10
D and E, spelling, (onslates).....	3.35
Calling roll.....	3.50
Dismission.....	4.00

The above programme will serve as a guide to teachers in arranging their daily exercises. In a school containing all the grades, it will answer without any change. The A grade will spell and pronounce in the reader. It will go through and be examined in the first reader, and then take Edwards' second reader. The B grade will spell and pronounce all difficult words in the reading lessons. The C geography class will use the lesson as a reading lesson before reciting it.

8. Teachers will be required to give their pupils advance lessons three weeks in each month, except the last—to spend the first four days of the fourth week in reviewing, and the last day of the school month in examination. The last two weeks of each term will be spent in general review, and the last day, in examinations; and parents and school officers are urgently requested to attend these examinations.

9. Any pupil having been absent from school shall bring a written excuse therefor from his parent or guardian, and any pupil having been absent from school three days, without excuse, will not be permitted again to enjoy the benefits of the school till he bring a written permit from the sub-director.

MAHASKA COUNTY.

J. F. EVERETT, SUPERINTENDENT.

Herewith I have the honor to transmit the annual report of the public schools of Mahaska county for the term commencing October 5, 1865, and ending October 5, 1866.

On account of the inaccuracies of the reports of the district secretaries, it has been impossible for me to make as correct a report as I desired. I have corrected and added to their reports as far as I was able, both from the county records, and from notes which I have taken of the condition, average, &c., of the respective schools of the county, while visiting said schools, but still I am aware that some errors must still exist in this report, for some of our secretaries have issued orders for the pay of teachers without requiring them to make any report whatever. I have instructed the different secretaries not to issue a single order hereafter to a

teacher until he has submitted a full and accurate report of his school.

MARION COUNTY.

C. B. BOYDSTON, SUPERINTENDENT.

The robbery which our county treasury suffered during the past year has produced serious results to our schools. At the time it took place, (February 9, 1867,) our schools were doing better than of any previous period. Directors and people generally were interested and alive, but the loss of \$21,000 school money dampened their ardor for a while. I am glad to say that the people are coming up and levying a tax sufficient to meet the emergency. During the summer, private schools were taught in most of the districts.

In regard to the necessity of making provision for a State Normal and Training school, I am clearly of opinion it is our duty, and hope to send such representatives from this county as will give aid in this direction.

MILLS COUNTY.

REV. L. S. WILLIAMS, SUPERINTENDENT.

I have much reason to think my statistical report is, in general, more accurate than for two years past, with one exception. The secretaries' reports were more intelligible than formerly. Still I have had much to do in rectifying and filling up. In the case of White Cloud township, the secretary left the State two or three weeks ago; but told me before he left, that he would send me all his papers, so that I could make out his report. Only a small part of them came, however. I then wrote to the board to forward them to me. But, after waiting in vain, I rode about twenty-five miles to find what I could. The result you will see in the report. That township is in a bad condition, for want of attention on the part of school officers.

I am happy to assure you that the cause of our common schools has been, on the whole, progressive. There is more interest in general, and our teachers are of a better class. The most perfect order in the schools is finally secured, and teachers are, in general, aiming to *deserve* credit for industry and faithfulness. The labors of the superintendent are more and more appreciated by all classes, with the exception perhaps of some wealthy old fogies who have no children to educate.

I would not suggest any particular change in our school laws at present. But would say that something more should be done by our State for the proper training of teachers. And it seems to me that a number of training schools in different parts of the State, where the theory and practice of teaching were the prominent objects, would be much better for Iowa, in her present condition, than for a vast sum to be expended on one great Normal School.

MONONA COUNTY.

WILLIAM A. DORWARD, SUPERINTENDENT.

REPORT FOR 1866.

I know I am weeks behind the time appointed, but I have done my best, without increasing the expense of the county. The fact is, the board of supervisors are doing all they can to save money for the county, and the first is the department of public instruction—the most important for the present as well as for future generations.

The new laws of 1866 came rather late for me to visit all the schools for the summer term, so that I cannot give you a full report. On the whole, I think there has been a great improvement in our schools. I think about half of our teachers might be called efficient, and our schools in this county will compare favorably with our common schools in Wisconsin. I may also inform you that the county of Monona has increased in population nearly one-half, and instead of having six townships we now have fourteen. In consequence of so many changes of officers, and people selling out to new comers, I have had hard work to find the township clerks; and after all, the report is not so full as I would

wish. I hope we will be able to send a full report next year, and in proper time.

REPORT FOR 1867.

I am very sorry to think this report is so much behind time, but I could do no better. I have just returned from a journey of sixty miles, searching for those school reports. I sent the blanks directly after I received them from you. I have also written to the Secretaries since, requesting them to send in their reports, and now I find that they have been sent but never reached me. Now the report is not as I would wish. It is not an easy matter for the clerks to report every thing required by law this year. Some of them have only been in office six months. The towns have been cut up so much in the last year, they cannot give the correct amount received from the county treasurer, and I cannot send you that amount until the treasurer makes his report next month. I hope that this report will answer the purpose.

MONROE COUNTY.

JOHN W. H. GRIFFIN, SUPERINTENDENT.

I herewith transmit the annual report of the county superintendent of common schools of Monroe county, for the year ending October 4, 1867. The report should have been made by my predecessor, Hon. E. M. Bill, but he being a candidate for the State Senate, resigned his position a short time prior to our last election, leaving the office of county superintendent vacant. I was elected for the unexpired term, as also for the full term, and was qualified about the 18th ult. I have made the report as early as practicable, under the circumstances, and hope it may not be too late.

An Institute was held in our county last March, which was well attended by our teachers. I think at least two-thirds of our regular teachers were in attendance. I intend to make such attendance a requisite for obtaining certificates.

As yet I have not been so situated that I could visit any of our

schools, but contemplate visiting them all during the coming winter and spring.

I use printed questions in examination, and require written answers. I issue but two grades of certificates; ninety per cent. of answers entitles the candidate to a certificate of the first grade, and sixty per cent. to the second grade.

You will observe that the report is not complete, but it is the best I can make from the data before me.

The office in this county will not pay more than three or four hundred dollars per annum, under the present programme, and as I desire to devote most of my time to it, can you suggest any means by which I may realize a reasonable compensation for my time? I have a family to maintain, and ought to get for my services at least seven or eight hundred dollars per year.

MUSCATINE COUNTY.

R. H. M'CAMPBELL, SUPERINTENDENT.

This, my second report, is a few days late, owing to tardy work of the township secretaries. I wish you could devise some means to produce better reports from secretaries. I find it almost impossible to get a reliable report from the data that comes to me from the secretaries. I would suggest that the time of making the reports be changed from September to April, or the end of the secretary's official year; then, surely, a man could give an account of his own actions for the year. As it is, if there is a change of secretaries in the spring, and report made in the fall, each one has to report the doings of some other man, and as but few are book-keepers, they cannot give an intelligent report.

POLK COUNTY.

LEONARD BROWN, SUPERINTENDENT.

I have visited the schools of Polk county three times since I came into office. The board of supervisors of Polk county being enlightened and liberal men, see the need of properly remunera-

ting the superintendent for his work. I have, therefore, been quite liberally paid, receiving three dollars per day for the whole time employed, and one hundred and fifty dollars per year additional. If our county orders were not thirty per cent. below par, what I am paid would be sufficient for the support of my family. In visiting schools I have tried to impart to teachers instruction in methods of teaching, when I have seen need; examined classes and lectured to the children. We have, in Polk county, now a good corps of teachers, and the schools are improving. Two Institutes have been held in this county within the past two years, with benefit, I think, to the teachers present. My examinations have been oral in part, and in part written. I prefer written examinations.

The only suggestion I shall make in regard to change in the school law is, let the law in reference to superintendents be entirely repealed, or let it be so amended as to make the office remunerative. As it stands now it is a vexation. Let any man serve under the present law as superintendent one term, and do his duty, and he will feel that he has been a servant surely. If rich, he can find no more charitable work to do, if poor, his own family must suffer want, and he will close his term humiliated beyond question—a wiser, if not a better man.

POTTAWATTAMIE COUNTY.

REV. JAMES B. CHASE, JR., SUPERINTENDENT.

Enclosed I send you my report. It is as correct as I can make it from the imperfect reports sent to this office.

The schools in the county, so far as I have been able to observe are in very good condition. The teachers seem to be anxious to do their duty so far as they are able. The school interests of the city of Council Bluffs are receiving considerable attention. We now have three fine brick school houses.

October, 1866.

POWESHIEK COUNTY.

PROF. SAMUEL JAY BUCK, SUPERINTENDENT.

There are now three independent districts in the county, all formed within the year past. They are Dresden independent district, in Deep River township, Grinnell and Montezuma. The last two are well graded, having four teachers in each. A much needed new school building is in process of completion in Brooklyn. It will cost between \$6,000 and \$7,000, and accommodate four departments.

The school at Forest Home is to have two departments hereafter. Since the last biennial report, twenty-five new school houses have been built and are in use. Several more are being built not reported by district secretaries. Teachers' wages have increased more than forty per cent., since the last published report.

About \$1,000 worth of apparatus have been purchased within the past year. This apparatus consists of outline maps, globes, charts, cubical blocks, dictionaries, &c. This will be of incalculable value to the schools.

Our teachers are improving rapidly. I use graded certificates and most district townships grade the pay of teachers according to grade of certificate. Originally I issued certificates of four grades. The county supervisors requested me to discontinue the issue of the lowest grade, a measure which I was just about prepared to adopt upon my own responsibility.

This dropped about fifty teachers, too many of whom were employed in our county to the exclusion of better teachers. As a consequence of raising the standard of qualifications, we have better schools and more continuous employment at better wages. The district townships are in many places increasing the time of the school year, having seven, eight and nine months instead of six months.

The county supervisors have been generous with me, giving me all the salary I asked, and contracting with me to visit the schools once a year.

They caused to be printed for distribution one thousand copies of my report for 1866. They also require me to give public

addresses upon the subject of common schools, at least one in each township during the year.

The most gratifying results of these talks, if any good results are traceable to such efforts, are the increased amount of apparatus purchased and general attention to the grade of certificates.

We held an enthusiastic and successful Institute here last fall, conducted by Messrs. Piper and Ingalls, at which about 120 were present. Finding it necessary to revoke one certificate for inexcusable absence from the Institute, I have since made all certificates valid only till the time of holding the next, which was fixed for November 25, 1867, before the adjournment of the last. As no one will be qualified to teach who does not then or thereafter receive a certificate, I shall expect a very general attendance.

I suggest a few points in our school law for the consideration of our Solons next winter:

1. Pay sub-directors reasonably for their work.
2. Locate school-houses as you do roads, i. e., where *needed*, not where somebody will *sell* or *give* the land.
3. Give us some provision for district libraries, *especially* a professional one on theory and practice for teachers.
4. We need, and, I think, shall have, *sometime*, some system of compulsory education.
5. Central high schools instead of independent districts.
6. The demand for good teachers is largely in excess of the supply, and promises to be for years to come, hence, give us *one first class Normal School*, centrally located, one worthy of our State, and that will give us a good name abroad.
7. Let State aid be given to one half dozen or more of our best colleges, doubling the private endowment for the normal professorship and model training school department. The conjunction would prove a mutual stimulus to each, and the result would be that the best educated would be the best teachers.

I here make an exhibit of the plan which I have adopted in examination. I have printed upon a large envelope a diagram like the following:

	Or.	Def.	Ari.	Gr.	Geo.	His.	R.	P.	T&P	
1										Name.....
2										
3										Post-office....
4										Age
5										Number of terms taught.
6										
7										Books on teaching read.
8										
9										Grade of certificate.....
10										
Total..										

Usually ten questions are propounded upon each branch. These are answered in writing, the papers folded and filed away in these envelopes. In grading the certificate, if a question is answered correctly, it is marked 10; if incorrectly, 0. Answers partly correct are graded between. This gives 100 per cent. if all answers are correct in each branch.

Questions are asked involving general principles, and such as are adapted to all the text books in common use. This is a pretty fair test of the teacher's acquaintance with the branches to be taught. It does not pretend to be a perfect test of capacity to secure order or communicate knowledge. No examination for a single day can be perfectly satisfactory. A visit to the school-room furnishes a better test of the efficiency of the teacher in the general conduct of the school. Of successful instructors, those with the best qualifications should be chosen. Where nothing else is known, the grade of the certificate may be relied upon as a fair test.

SHELBY COUNTY.

THOMAS WOOD, SUPERINTENDENT.

The schools, as a general rule, in the county are improving as much as could be expected under the interest manifested by patrons and school officers. On inquiry, while visiting the schools during the summer, I found that but barely three sub-directors had done their duty in visiting their respective schools. I tried to urge the necessity of their influence and encouragement in order to incite a greater interest both with pupil and teacher.

I found that the preliminary branches in the schools have been very much neglected, and without a greater interest on the part of both patrons and school officers be exhibited in future, no teacher can succeed in arousing that interest that the importance of education demands. I think a change of the school law, somewhat similar to that of the State of Illinois (see school law of Illinois) would, in a great measure, remedy this evil, from the fact that under our present law, what subserves the interest of one sub-district will nearly, if not quite subvert that of another. For instance, the patrons of one sub-district may be composed of one nationality and another of another; hence their social, religious, and political (not to say their educational interests) cannot be harmonized under the present law.

It will be seen by reference to school laws referred to, that this change in the law will not lessen the amount of money which is to be derived from the general school fund, but simply gives each district its proportional amount of money.

[The writer undoubtedly has reference to that provision of the law of Illinois, by which each sub-district is entirely independent, an old system which Iowa dispensed with ten years ago. It is a somewhat significant fact, that the ablest friends of education in Illinois are laboring earnestly to secure the adoption of the township district organization in place of the one which our friend recommends.—Supt. Pub. Inst.]

Another benefit to be derived by this change is, that while one district may not desire to have more school than the law requires, another may desire to have from eight to ten months, which it may have by taxation, which is very difficult to do under the present

law, from the fact that no sub-district desires to have another rise above it in *any* respect, and particularly in this. The general tendency is, to legislate so that one sub-district shall not advance faster than another; at least, this is my observation.

[By a special proviso in Section 31, Chapter 1, School Laws of Iowa, edition of 1866, it is entirely practicable for each sub-district to have school for any desired number of months.—Supt. Pub. Inst.]

STORY COUNTY.

REV. J. G. BECKLEY, SUPERINTENDENT.

My schools are in a prosperous condition. I think it is no exaggeration to say that they have improved at least two hundred per cent. in the past two years. I try to keep the letter of the law in reference to visiting the schools of the county, and find it very promotive of their interests. The board of supervisors allow me \$3.00 per day for this and all other official work.

UNION COUNTY.

HENRY KEATING, SUPERINTENDENT.

My annual report is as nearly correct as I can get it from the imperfect manner in which the books and records are kept in the different townships. We think there has been much improvement in the class of teachers, and a more general interest felt in education throughout the county in the last two years; still there is a great necessity for still greater improvement, and the teachers have resolved to hold another Institute this fall for that purpose, but as yet I have failed to engage a suitable person to conduct it. I have visited the schools throughout the county twice during the past year, visiting both summer and winter schools, and spent a half day in each school, and labored to make improvements whenever I saw an opportunity. I think that a great amount of good can be accomplished by visiting the schools and giving encouragement, assistance, and instruction, as the cases may

require. Our schools are generally very backward, and many teachers are not as well qualified as they should be, but this might have been expected, since we have had no Teachers' Institute until last fall, and no opportunities for teachers to improve, or to find out whether they were doing their work right or wrong.

I give graded certificates, and intend to raise the grade as high as I can and have a supply of teachers to fill the schools. I find a few teachers in the county who are doing a noble work, and are well worthy of a place in the schools of any county, and such I intend shall not be run out by low priced teachers. Many of the districts have subscribed for a supply of outline maps and school apparatus this fall, and my next report, I think, will show some better figures under that head. We are greatly in need of more and better school-houses, but some are now being built in the county, and others are being repaired, so that I am in hopes we will keep pace with our physical advancement in that respect.

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VAN BUREN COUNTY.

GEORGE B. WALKER, SUPERINTENDENT.

The schools generally in this county are in good condition—making progress in the right direction. There are now eight independent districts in this county, four of which have been organized during the school year just closed. There have been erected and completed some twelve or fifteen school-houses during the last summer, and quite a number of the sub-districts are levying a school-house tax, preparatory to building houses next year. I have visited nearly every school in the county during the year, and some of them twice. I generally visited two schools a day, staying half a day in each school, and while there taking notes of all I found wrong in either method or government, and before leaving submitting them to the teacher for consideration. I generally gave the schools a short talk on methods of teaching, the establishment and preservation of good order, and the friendly relations that should exist between the teacher and pupils and patrons. I frequently called the patrons of the schools together in the evening, and gave them a talk on some educational topic. These visits seem to be highly appreciated.

I am confident that I have gained more real knowledge of the capacities of the teachers by visiting the schools, than I could gain in any other way. Indeed, I think a superintendent is not fully qualified to judge of a teacher's qualifications until he can see that teacher in the school-room. In the examination of teachers, I use both the oral and written methods; the former when there are only one or two candidates. I formerly issued three grades of certificates; now only two. Those who answer correctly eighty-five per cent. of the questions asked, receive a first grade certificate, and those who answer sixty-five per cent. receive a second grade. My knowledge of the applicant's qualifications in the school-room, the manner in which the questions are answered and the reasoning of the candidate, are all taken into consideration.

In conclusion, I will say, many of our teachers have never attended any school higher than a district school; some have attended college or high school for a short time, but have received no special training to prepare them to teach successfully. We want more trained teachers, and I believe the people are willing to compensate in proportion to the qualification.

I do not know of any better plan to supply this deficiency than by the establishment of a Normal school in each congressional or judicial district, by State appropriation, with a model school connected with it, for the exclusive training of teachers.

WAPELLO COUNTY.

A. C. OLNEY, A. M., SUPERINTENDENT.*

The last of the secretaries' reports came to hand only on last Saturday. Some of these reports were quite defective, and on some points almost *unintelligible*; indeed quite so in one or two cases. In some instances I have been able to correct errors and supply defects from knowledge obtained from other sources, though I have generally been able to draw what seemed to be, from the necessity of the case, a correct (or nearly correct) conclusion from the data before me. That the report as I send it will not bear a critical cross-examination, I am quite well aware; still I think it

* Present incumbent.

approximates mathematical accuracy perhaps as nearly as can reasonably be expected in a document derived from so many authors. I am sure at least that it gives generally a correct view of the state of things in our county.

We have an excellent school in Ottumwa, with a good house and a fine corps of teachers. We have some other good schools in the county, and the operation of our school law is, I think, very happy in stirring up an interest generally on the subject of education.

I have been in office since the first of January, 1866, and have visited all the schools in the county at least once, except a few in distant parts of the county that were not in session when I was in their neighborhood. I find teachers value these visits very highly, and even citizens in the district complain if their schools are neglected in this matter.

In examining teachers I usually adopt both the oral and written methods; indeed, I don't see how either can exhibit *all* the qualifications needed in a teacher. By the written method, how can I discover a teacher's capacity to instruct in the matter of elocution or enunciation? By the oral, how can I discover his ability to teach penmanship, or even to solve the more difficult problems in arithmetic. But the best method to discover one's ability is to see him at his work in the school-room. One day's observation in this way is worth several of merely personal examination. I should feel authorized to give or withhold a certificate from observations taken in this way, though a mere private examination might indicate an opposite result.

Schools are and must be a thing of growth and development, both as to systems and plans, and as to qualifications of teachers. Those that I examine are often assured that they need not look for a certificate of the same grade to be renewed, unless they have made some progress during the interval between two examinations. Indeed, I intend, if possible, to be constantly raising the standard of teachers' qualifications. The public, I think, demand it.

B. A. SPAULDING, Supt.

October 3, 1866.

WAYNE COUNTY.

DAVID KIRK, SUPERINTENDENT.

I have visited all the schools in the county twice and a few three times within the last year, spending from half a day to a day, owing to the number of pupils and amount of work to be heard. I usually spoke a word to the school concerning things which I thought of most importance to them. While in the school-room I took notes of all I found wrong in either method or government and before leaving submitting them to the teacher for his consideration and made such suggestions to the teacher as I thought would be for the benefit of the school. My visits were kindly received by teachers and scholars, and my suggestions as a general thing closely adhered to. Teachers and scholars, all express a wish that I should visit their school the second time during the term. Much good has arisen from visiting the schools. The people always received me cordially and are manifesting a deeper interest in education than heretofore by their willingness to pay good wages for good teaching and their unwillingness to employ poor teachers at any price.

My examinations are written, on public days, when classes are large; when classes are small partly oral, (prefer part oral) No. Normal graduates teaching in the county—about twenty teachers subscribe for an educational journal. I give certificates of three grades—the advantages arising from it are that it stimulates teachers to more thorough study and investigation, and enables school officers to see the advance of education in their midst, and those who do not improve themselves drop off. The standard of qualifications of teachers has been raised every year for the last three—the result is, the schools are up and require much higher standard of qualification—the best method I know of securing it is the earnest, faithful working of county superintendents with teachers and people until they see and appreciate the fact that as the standard of qualification of teachers is in the county, such will be the standard of the education of their children.

About three-fourths of our teachers attend the Institute. I require all to attend or give a sufficient reason for non-attendance before giving certificates. Our Institutes have always been excellent, and think the means of improvement in our teachers as a

general thing. Institutes may be made more useful by spending more of the time in class-drill. Many persons who engage in teaching have education sufficient to teach a common school who have little or no knowledge of exercising or drilling a class. I think that a State Normal and training school is highly necessary.

The law should be so amended as to give school directors pay for their services and fine them for failure of duty.

Delay and expense of litigation attending appeals I think could be avoided by submitting matters of controversy to arbitrators and with more satisfaction to parties.

WEBSTER COUNTY.

E. M. WILSON, SUPERINTENDENT.

From a careful consideration of the subject of Teachers' Institutes I am decidedly of the opinion that too much can not be said in favor of Institutes *per se*.

They are, in fact, in this section of the State, our only available resource for the improvement of teachers. Without entering into any discussion of the subject relative to its merits, allow me to say, that I think we cannot reap the full benefits of Institutes without farther legislation relative to the following points :

1st—They should not be held during the usual term time of our schools; hence let two months (say March and April) in the spring, and two in the autumn, be the stipulated time for holding Institutes throughout the State.

2d—They should be appointed at least six months in advance, that teachers may contract in such a manner as to provide for attending them.

3d—They should continue not less than two weeks, and under proper circumstances be allowed to continue as long as four.

4th—Teachers should be compelled, as now, to attend them, but not allowed to take that time from their schools, if they should be in session.

5th—Instead of holding one in each county, let it be lawful for four counties to unite for that purpose.

6th—Let a sufficient number of conductors be appointed by the

proper authorities, after a thorough examination relative to their ability, fitness and proof against bribery, to conduct said Institutes.

I would also suggest the propriety of embracing in our code of school laws, all the opinions and important decisions up to the present time, under such a classification as shall enable school officers to determine a nice point, without having to refer to all the school journals back to the beginning. County superintendents certainly need such a work.

Our county is advancing in the right direction in the matter of schools. Good school-houses are going up all over the county, and the people bear taxing admirably. They highly appreciate the services of a working superintendent and faithful teachers. Our Institute of July last, of two weeks, was a perfect success, and has made a greater impression, both upon teachers and people, than could have been expected. I think our teachers will not need urging to attend Institutes again.

WINNESHIEK COUNTY.

JOHN M. WEDGWOOD, SUPERINTENDENT.

There has been a marked improvement in our schools during the past year. During the year I have visited most of the schools once each session, and have made reports of the same in our county paper. It has been the means of stirring up our teachers to greater diligence in their work, and to far more thoroughness in their methods of teaching. Short lessons, thoroughly learned, is now generally practiced. We are, year by year, raising the standard of qualification of the teachers, and the poorer ones are compelled to quit the business, or study as they never have done before. If we judge from the number of school-houses in process of erection, and already completed, there is a manifest interest by the citizens never before felt in matters of education; and also in the length of time many of the schools are to be taught during the present year, from seven, eight, and in one district, nine months. The people are in advance of their representatives and senators, and well they may be. Some of the districts are paying larger wages; and, although it is far from what it should be, we are hopeful for the

future. At Decorah City we have a graded school under the supervision of J. Breckenridge, assisted by six young ladies. It is a success. In visiting our schools, I have been generally very warmly welcomed by teachers and citizens.

WORTH COUNTY.

JAMES KEELER, SUPERINTENDENT.

I have visited all the schools but one, once; many of them twice, and some of the larger ones three times. This seems to be generally appreciated, and the schools are in a healthy condition.

My examinations are chiefly oral, with a few written questions. Have raised the standard of qualification.

[B.]

BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE STATE UNIVERSITY.

To the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for the State of Iowa:

In compliance with the laws of the State, the Board of Trustees of the State University would submit to you the following biennial report:

PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

In accordance with the announcement made in our last report, the original plan of organization by departments has been materially modified by the introduction of the class system; thus conforming to the course pursued in other Universities of a similar character. The good results of this change are already plainly manifested in the improved grade of scholarship shown by the students.

For the courses of study, diplomas conferred, facilities of library, cabinet, laboratory, &c., and for general information, reference is made to the catalogue for 1866-7, pages 33-52.

DEPARTMENTS.

As at present organized, the University consists of three Departments, viz.: Preparatory, Normal, and Collegiate.

PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

To meet the public demands of the State, this Department was at first made to cover a course of three years, but with the improvement of our common school system, and the multiplication of high schools and academies, it became evident that the grade of admission might be raised one year without doing any injustice to the claims of the State. After taking the matter into consideration for several months, the Faculty and Executive Committee recommended to the Board, at their meeting in June, 1867, that the first year course of this Department be abolished. Their report was adopted, and the course is thereby reduced to two years.

Since the date of the last report we have had to mourn the death of Prof. Charles E. Borland, the Principal of this Department. Prof. Borland died January 20, 1867, after a prolonged illness that had been very much aggravated, if not produced, by his severe habits of study and whole-souled devotion to the work of education. Of him we can truly say, that his scholarship, prudence and moral worth were of the choicest quality. In his death the University has sustained a severe bereavement, and the State has lost a noble and patriotic citizen. The vacancy thus created has been filled by the election of Prof. S. S. Howell, a graduate of the class of 1864, and since very favorably known in this State as a teacher.

INSTRUCTORS.

The following is a list of the instructors in this department:

S. S. HOWELL, A. M., Principal.

MISS ELLEN A. MOORE, A. B.,

MISS LAVINIA DAVIS,

MISS EMMA BROWN,

MISS CELIA A. MOORE,

} Assistants.

PREPARATORY COURSE.

The requirements for admission to this Department are, that the candidate must have attained the age of fourteen years; must sustain a satisfactory examination in Reading, Writing, Orthography, Elementary English Grammar, Geography, and Practical Arithmetic (through Fractions). The sole object of the Preparatory Department is to prepare students for the Collegiate Course of the University, and the Faculty are required to exclude from this Department all those who may, for any cause, appear unlikely to attain a respectable preparation for the regular college classes. The Course, as now modified, requires two years for its completion. Students may enter the Department at any stage of the Course, for which, upon examination, they may prove themselves prepared. Special attention is called to the fact that the Trustees, at their last annual meeting, abolished the first year of the Course, thus raising the standard for admission to this Department. All students are expected fully to conform to the Course, as here laid down.

CLASSICAL.

FIRST YEAR.

Fall Term.—LATIN—Harkness' Lessons (commenced).

MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Higher Written Arithmetic.

ENGLISH—Greene's Grammar.

ELOCUTION—Zachos.

Winter Term.—LATIN—Harkness' Reader.

GREEK—Harkness' Lessons (commenced).

MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Written and Stoddard's Intellectual Arithmetic.

Spring Term.—LATIN—Spencer's Cæsar and Harkness' Grammar.

GREEK—Harkness' Lessons (continued).

MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Written Arithmetic (completed).

SECOND YEAR.

Fall Term.—LATIN—Frieze's Virgil's Æneid and Harkness' Grammar.

GREEK—Harkness' Lessons (completed).

HISTORY—Goodrich's United States.

Winter Term.—LATIN—Frieze's Virgil's Æneid and Harkness' Grammar.

GREEK—Boise's Anabasis (3 books) and Crosby's Grammar.

MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Higher Algebra (commenced).

Spring Term.—LATIN—Johnson's Cicero's Orations and Harkness' Grammar.

GREEK—Boise's Anabasis and Hadley's Grammar.

MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Algebra (continued).

SCIENTIFIC.

FIRST YEAR.

Fall Term.—LATIN—Harkness' Lessons (commenced).

MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Written Arithmetic.

ENGLISH—Greene's Grammar.

ELOCUTION—Zachos.

Winter Term.—LATIN—Harkness' Reader.

MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Written and Stoddard's Mental Arithmetic.

ENGLISH—Greene's Analysis.

Spring Term.—LATIN—Spencer's Cæsar and Harkness' Grammar.

MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Written Arithmetic (completed).

DRAWING.

SECOND YEAR.

Fall Term.—GERMAN—Piessner's Grammar.

LATIN—Frieze's Virgil's Æneid, or Fasquelle's French.

HISTORY—Goodrich's United States.

Winter Term.—GERMAN—Piessner's Grammar.

LATIN—Frieze's Virgil's Æneid, or Knapp's French Reader.

MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Higher Algebra (commenced).

Spring Term.—GERMAN—Piessner's Grammar.

LATIN—Johnson's Cicero's Orations, or Knapp's French Reader.

MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Algebra (continued).

Exercises in Composition throughout the Course. Penmanship and drawing for at least one term of the Course.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

The Normal Department is under the charge of the Professor of Theory and Practice of Teaching, and is specially designed for the education of teachers.

The requirements for admission are the same as those for the Preparatory Department except in respect to age. Young men entering this Department must have attained the age of seventeen and young ladies that of fifteen years; and all students on their admission are required to give a declaration of their intention to engage in the business of teaching, as follows: We, the undersigned, hereby declare that it is our intention to engage in the business of teaching in the schools of Iowa, and that our object in resorting to the Normal Department of the State University, is the better to prepare ourselves for the discharge of this important duty.

By a resolution of the Board of Trustees, two students from each county, recommended by the County Superintendent, the Judge and the Clerk of the District Court, may receive instruction *free of charge*.

Others will be received upon the payment of the incidental fee of five dollars per term.

It is desirable that each county should be fully represented; those having the appointing power are requested to give the subject their careful attention, and select for this favor persons of good natural abilities and irreproachable moral character.

DIPLOMA.

A diploma is awarded to those who complete the prescribed course of study and training, and give satisfactory evidence of the proper qualifications for teaching.

NORMAL COURSE.

JUNIOR YEAR.

- Fall Term.*—**MATHEMATICS**—Robinson's Higher Arithmetic.
HISTORY—Goodrich's United States.
PHYSIOLOGY—Draper.
- Winter Term.*—**MATHEMATICS**—Robinson's Higher Arithmetic (completed).
 Robinson's Algebra (commenced).
 Theory and Practice of Teaching.
 Elocution and Orthography.
- Spring Term.*—**MATHEMATICS**—Robinson's Algebra (continued).
BOTANY—Gray.
ENGLISH—Greene's Grammar.

SENIOR YEAR.

- Fall Term.*—**RHETORIC.**
MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Algebra and Geometry.
PHYSICS—Peck's Ganot's Natural Philosophy.
- Winter Term.*—**MENTAL PHILOSOPHY**—Wayland.
HISTORY—Willson's Ancient History.
PHYSICS—Hinrichs' Inorganic Chemistry.
- Spring Term.*—**MORAL PHILOSOPHY**—Wayland.
HISTORY—Willson's Modern, or English Literature (elective.)
 School System of Iowa.

Vocal Music throughout the Course.

It will be seen that this course of study remains substantially as at the date of the last report. It is, however, the intention of Prof. Fellows, in whose charge this Department was placed by the Board of Trustees at their last meeting, to recommend such a change as it is believed will greatly promote the efficiency of the Department, and enable it to send forth its graduates fully qualified to take charge of our academies and high schools.

In the work of instruction the Principal is aided by the assistant teachers of the Preparatory Department, and also in such studies as are in the collegiate courses, by the Professors in the University.

The following is a list of the graduates of this Department since our last report :

GRADUATES FOR 1866.

Mrs. Mattie L. Buckland, Spirit Lake.	Madge C. Mudgett, Low Moor.
Mary O. Dennis, Copi.	Sarah L. Taylor, Burlington.
A. Jennie Farber, Davenport.	E. Jennie Williams, Iowa City.
Ada Hemsted, Newport Center.	Henry A. Turton, Farmington.
Rhoda Lacey, Wapello.	

GRADUATES FOR 1867.

LADIES.

Names.	Post-office.	County.
Batthey, Lyda H.....	Hesper.....	Winneshek.
Botsford, Harriet A.....	Decorah.....	Winneshek.
Bowen, Hortense E.....	Iowa City.....	Johnson.
Dennis, Josephene.....	Copi.....	Johnson.
Dickison, Mary C.....	Independence.....	Buchanan.
Haskins, Hattie.....	Davenport.....	Scott.
Humphrey, Laura E.....	Tipton.....	Cedar.
Rugg, Lottie A.....	Iowa City.....	Johnson.
Scales, Miriam E.....	Iowa City.....	Johnson.
Thompson, Mary L.....	Brownington.....	<i>Pennsylvania.</i>
Thompson, Julia A.....	Iowa City.....	Johnson.
Wood, A. Jennie.....	Dayton.....	<i>Ohio.</i>
Zimmerman, Helen R.....	Iowa City.....	Johnson.

GENTLEMEN.

Brown, William L....	Central City.....	Linn.
Martin, Samuel B.....	Hillsville.....	<i>Pennsylvania.</i>
Presley, James N....	Albia.....	Monroe.
Williams, J. Madison....	Swede Point.....	Boone.
Wolf, John W.....	Pilot Grove.....	Lee.
Wylie, James R.....	Crawfordsville.....	Washington.

COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT.

Two courses of instruction are laid down for this Department. One, termed "the Classical Course," conforms to that adopted in the best colleges of this country—as a preparation for the degree of Bachelor of Arts—with the exception that in the more advanced classes a pupil is permitted to elect some of the studies of the Scientific course, in lieu of some that are regularly in his own course.

The other is called the "Scientific Course," and its completion entitles a student to the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy.

This course has been carefully examined by some of the best educators in this country, and has everywhere met with the warmest commendation. It requires four years to complete it, and its graduates hold the same rank in scholarship as those who obtain the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

COLLEGIATE COURSE.

CLASSICAL.

FRESHMAN YEAR.

Fall Term—MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Algebra and Geometry
 PHYSICS—Peck's Ganot's Natural Philosophy.
 LATIN—Cicero de Senectute et Amicitia.

Winter Term.—MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Solid Geometry.
 PHYSICS—Hinrichs' Inorganic Chemistry.
 LATIN—Lincoln's Livy.

Spring Term.—MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Algebra (completed).
 PHYSICS—Hinrichs' Organic Chemistry.
 LATIN—Lincoln's Horace's Odes.

SOPHOMORE YEAR.

Fall Term.—MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Plane Trigonometry and Gillespie's Surveying.

POLITICAL ECONOMY—Carey.

LATIN—Lincoln's Horace's Epistles.

Winter Term.—MATHEMATICS—Davies' Spherical Trigonometry.

METEOROLOGY—Brockelsby.

LATIN—Tyler's Tacitus—Germania.

Spring Term.—MATHEMATICS—Davies' Analytical Geometry.

BOTANY—Gray.

LATIN—Cicero—Tusculan Disputations.

JUNIOR YEAR.

Fall Term.—ELOCUTION—Zachos.

PHYSIOLOGY—Draper.

GREEK—Robbin's Xenophon—Memorabilia.

MODERN LANGUAGE—Dramatic Literature (elective).

Winter Term.—MENTAL PHILOSOPHY—Wayland.

HISTORY—Willson's Ancient History.

GREEK—Johnson's Herodotus.

MODERN LANGUAGE—Dramatic Literature (elective).

Spring Term.—MORAL PHILOSOPHY—Wayland.

HISTORY—Willson's Modern History.

GREEK—Felton's Homer's Iliad.

Course of Literature by Lectures—(elective).

SCIENTIFIC.

FRESHMAN YEAR.

Fall Term.—MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Algebra and Geometry.
 PHYSICS—Peck's Ganot's Natural Philosophy.

GERMAN—Peissner's Grammar.

FRENCH—Fasquelle's Grammar.

Winter Term.—MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Solid Geometry.

PHYSICS—Hinrichs' Inorganic Chemistry.

GERMAN—Adler's Reader.

FRENCH—Knapp's Reader.

Spring Term.—MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Algebra (completed).

PHYSICS—Hinrichs' Organic Chemistry.

Selections from Dramatic Literature.

SOPHOMORE YEAR.

Fall Term.—MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Plane Trigonometry, Gillespie's Surveying.

POLITICAL ECONOMY—Carey.

PHYSICS—Fresenius' Qualitative Analysis.

Winter Term.—MATHEMATICS—Robinson's Spherical Trigonometry.

METEOROLOGY—Brocklesby.

Von Kobell and Dana's Analysis of Minerals.

Spring Term.—MATHEMATICS—Davies' Analytical Geometry.

BOTANY—Gray.

Agricultural Chemistry with lectures.

JUNIOR YEAR.

Fall Term.—ELOCUTION—Zachos.

PHYSIOLOGY—Draper.

MATHEMATICS—Church's Differential Calculus.

MODERN LANGUAGE—Dramatic Literature (elective).

Winter Term.—MENTAL PHILOSOPHY—Wayland.

HISTORY—Willson's Ancient History.

MATHEMATICS—Church's Integral Calculus.

FRENCH—or German (elective), Dramatic Literature.

Spring Term.—MORAL PHILOSOPHY—Wayland.

HISTORY—Willson's Ancient History.

PHYSICS—Loomis' Astronomy.

FRENCH—or German (elective) Course of Literature by Lectures.

Collegiate Course—Continued.

CLASSICAL.	SCIENTIFIC.
SENIOR YEAR.	SENIOR YEAR.
<i>Fall Term.</i> —ENGLISH LITERATURE—Cleveland. PHILOSOPHY—Butler's Analogy. GREEK—Woolsey's Greek Tragedies. <i>Winter Term</i> —LOGIC—Whately. GEOLOGY—Dana. GREEK—Champlain's Demosthenes de Corona. <i>Spring Term.</i> —SCIENCE OF GOVERNMENT—Mansfield. PHYSICS—Loomis' Astronomy. GREEK—Woolsey's Plato's Georgias.	<i>Fall Term.</i> —ENGLISH LITERATURE—Cleveland. MECHANICS—with Lectures. ZOOLOGY—Agassiz and Gould. <i>Winter Term.</i> —LOGIC—Whately. GEOLOGY—Dana. ELECTRICITY—with lectures. <i>Spring Term.</i> —SCIENCE OF GOVERNMENT—Mansfield. PHYSICS—Optics, with lectures. GEOLOGY—Dana.

Recitation in Greek Testament on Monday morning by each of the Greek classes, after the first preparatory year.

LECTURES.

In addition to the recitations of the several classes and the regular lectures given before them, the following General Courses of Lectures are delivered on the principal branches of Science and Literature :

ENGLISH LITERATURE—INTELLECTUAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY,	{	.....PRESIDENT.
GREEK AND ROMAN LITERATURE...		
MODERN LITERATURE AND POLITICAL ECONOMY		Prof. CURRIER.
ASTRONOMY AND MATHEMATICS.....		Prof. EGGERT.
HISTORY OF PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.....		Prof. LEONARD.
GEOLOGY, BOTANY, AND ZOOLOGY.....		Prof. HINRICH.
THEORY AND PRACTICE OF TEACHING.....		Prof. PARVIN.

These lectures are free to all students, and also to persons not connected with the University. The object of the Faculty in establishing these Courses of Lectures is to offer the greatest possible facilities to all the students of the University for gaining that degree of general information on the more important topics of Science and Literature which is so indispensable to a liberal education.

GRADUATES—1866.

BACHELOR OF ARTS.

William W. Baldwin.....Keosauqua.

GRADUATES—1867.

BACHELOR OF ARTS.

Hutchison, Laura C..... Iowa City.....Johnson.

Howe, Charles M..... Vinton.....Benton.

Brenley, Milton.....NemoraJohnson.

BACHELOR OF PHILOSOPHY.

Springer, Frank..... Columbus City.....Louisa.

Wright, Craig L.....Des Moines.....Polk.

The following is a list of the Faculty:

NATHAN R. LEONARD, A. M., President *pro tem.*, Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy.

THEODORE S. PARVIN, A. M., Professor of Natural History.

GUSTAVUS HINRICHS, C. P., Professor of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry.

CHARLES A. EGGERT, A. M., Professor of Modern Language and Literature.

AMOS N. CURRIER, A. M., Professor of Latin and Greek Languages and Literature.

CHARLES A. WHITE, A. M., Professor of Geology.

S. N. FELLOWS, A. M., Professor of Theory and Practice of Teaching.

ATTENDANCE.

The following tabular view is presented as conveying in the briefest manner an idea of the growth of the University—and the character of that growth:

ABSTRACT OF ATTENDANCE AT THE UNIVERSITY FROM SEPTEMBER, 1860, to JANUARY 1, 1868.

YEAR.	PREPARATORY.			NORMAL.		COLLEGIATE.				Ladies.	Gentlemen.	Total.	No. of counties.	No. soldiers' tickets.	From other States.
	First year.	Second year.	Third year.	Junior.	Senior.	Freshmen.	Sophomore.	Junior.	Senior.						
1860-61												280			1
1861-2												427			3
1862-3												832			9
1863-4															11
1864-5															10
1865-6				began		1								73	55
1866-7	25			87	11	48	20	6	5	269	369	638	46	83	90
*1867-8	†	189	59	50	18	65	11	8	2	133	228	361	45	80	41

* To January 1. † This year abolished.

ATTENDANCE BY STATES—UNIVERSITY, 1860-67.

STATES.	1860-1	1861-2	1862-3	1863-4	1864-5	1865-6	1866-7	1867-8 1st term
Connecticut.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Georgia.....	1	.....	1	1	.....
Illinois.....	8	2	5	6	14	22	5
Indiana.....	2	.....	2	8	.....
Kansas.....	1	.....	.....
Kentucky.....	3	.....	.....	.....
Maine.....	1	.....	1	2	1	1	.....
Maryland.....	1	2	.....	1	1	.....
Massachusetts.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Michigan.....	3	1	2	1
Missouri.....	1	.....	5	5	2
Nebraska.....	1	.....
New Hampshire.....	1	.....	.....
New York.....	3	1	3	4	.....	1
Ohio.....	1	1	1	7	5	8	7	.....
Oregon.....	1	.....	.....
Pennsylvania.....	5	1	5	4	5	1
Tennessee.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vermont.....	1	1	1	1	1	1
Virginia.....	1	1	.....	.....
Wisconsin.....	1	.....	2	1
Iowa.....
Canada	1	.....
22	1	3	9	11	10	16	14	7

ATTENDANCE AT THE UNIVERSITY—BY COUNTIES—1860-67.

COUNTIES.	1860-1	1861-2	1862-3	1863-4	1864-5	1865-6	1866-7	1867-8 1st term
Adair.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Appanoose.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Benton.....	2	3	2	13	8	13	6	6
Black Hawk.....	.....	.....	.....	3	4	5	2	2
Boone.....	1	.....	.....	1	1	2	2	.....
Bremer.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....
Buchanan.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	2
Butler.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cass.....	2	2	.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Cedar.....	11	17	24	25	30	34	28	24
Cerro Gordo.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Clarke.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	5	2	1
Clayton.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	1	2	3
Clinton.....	1	1	1	4	5	6	7	9
Crawford.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Dallas.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	3	5	1
Davis.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	5	4
Decatur.....	1	.....	.....	1	2	.....	.....	.....
Delaware.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Des Moines.....	.....	3	2	7	5	8	4	1
Dubuque.....	.....	.....	1	3	4	4	5	.....
Fayette.....	.....	.....	1	1	3	1	5	4
Franklin.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....
Greene.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....

Attendance at the University—By Counties—1860-67—Continued.

COUNTIES.	1860-1	1861-2	1862-3	1863-4	1864-5	1865-6	1866-7	1867-8 1st term
Guthrie	1	.....	.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Hamilton	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Hancock .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Hardin	1	2	3	5	1	3	.....	.....
Harrison .....	.....	.....	1	1	2	2	.....	4
Henry	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	2
Humboldt	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iowa	6	7	2	6	20	20	18	14
Jackson	1	.....	.....	3	1	1	2	3
Jasper .....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	3
Jefferson .....	.....	1	2	4	4	.....	1	4
Johnson	99	162	165	180	210	364	346	163
Jones, . . . . .	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	1	2
Keokuk	4	2	4	4	1	4	9	4
Kossuth .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Lee .....	.....	3	6	3	4	1	5	2
Linn	1	1	3	2	5	6	7	1
Louisa	1	.....	3	10	9	15	9	6
Madison .....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	.....	1
Mahaska .....	.....	.....	.....	4	4	2	6	7
Marion	1	1	1	1	.....	1	1	.....
Marshall	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	.....
Mills .....	.....	.....	1	2	.....	2	1	.....
Mitchell .....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1	1
Monroe .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	1	1
Muscatine	13	22	18	47	33	31	26	18
Polk	3	2	3	5	5	11	10	2
Pottawattamie .....	.....	1	.....	3	3	2	1	1
Poweshiek .....	.....	.....	2	5	1	1	.....	1
Scott	4	4	5	5	9	13	7	8
Shelby .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	.....
Story	1	.....	1	3	.....	3	5	1
Tama	3	1	2	2	3	1	5	3
Taylor .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Van Buren	1	1	6	8	6	8	3	4
Wapello .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	1
Warren .....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	1	1	1
Washington	2	2	4	10	12	22	28	14
Webster	1	.....	.....	1	1	1	.....	.....
Winnebago .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Winnebago	1	3	2	3	.....	3	2	1
Woodbury	2	3	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wright .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
67	30	27	32	47	41	47	46	45

In April, 1866, President Spencer applied for a leave of absence for fifteen months, to enable him to visit Europe, and proposing to relinquish his salary for that period. This request was granted, and the active duties of the Presidency were devolved upon Prof. Leonard.

At their meeting in June, 1867, the Board received the resignation of President Spencer, and after mature deliberation concluded to accept it. It is but just here to acknowledge the faithfulness and ability with which Dr. Spencer discharged the arduous duties of the Presidency. A man of courteous manners, scholarly habits, and a high-toned enthusiasm, he contributed in an unusual degree to make the University a blessing and an honor to the State.

The vacancy thus created has not yet been filled, for the reason that the Board were so well satisfied with the administration of the Acting President, (Prof. Leonard) that they thought the highest interests of the University would be subserved by leaving it in his hands until, after a thorough canvass of the subject, they might find a man of just such talent and reputation as would completely fit him for this high and honorable position. This delay in the choice of a President has, too, been almost forced upon them by the important fact, that the Institution is unable to offer a salary which will command the very best talent of the country for that position, and the Board have been led to hope for the assistance of the State in this emergency.

GYMNASIUM.

After a trial of four years, the Gymnasium has been discontinued.

MILITARY TRAINING.

Instruction in Military Drill was given by Prof. Borland, the Principal of the Preparatory Department; but for some time previous to his death he was obliged to discontinue this part of his labors, and since that time no provision has been made for an Instructor in this Department.

The Board have, however, had under consideration a plan that is about to be proposed to Congress by Mayor Whittlesey of the United States Army, for the establishment of Military Departments in connection with at least one College or University in each State, to be provided with Instructors drawn from a list of educated Military Officers in the United States service, and have expressed their approbation of the plan proposed, and are not without hope that his plan will become a law. And in case of its adoption the Executive Committee were authorized to organize a Department under it.

CHEMICAL LABORATORY.

The entire first story of the new building (North Hall) was especially constructed for and is now occupied as a Chemical Laboratory. Exclusive of ample halls and the basement rooms already partly used for chemical purposes, the Laboratory proper has an area of nearly 3,500 square feet, with a height of fifteen feet. It is divided into four large rooms, of which the "Student's Laboratory" is thirty by sixty feet. The Laboratory is already well provided with cases (in two stories, the lower eight feet high, the upper seven, accessible from a gallery), filled with apparatus, chemicals, minerals, rocks, &c., &c. It is also provided with the most necessary furnaces, distilling apparatus, gas and water fixtures, balances, spectroscope, &c.

The Laboratory was constructed according to the detailed plans of Prof. Hinrichs, as adopted by the Board of Trustees, June, 1866. For want of funds, only about one-third of these plans have as yet been carried out. When completed, this Laboratory will be second to none in the United States.

LIBRARY.

The Library of the University has received large and important additions during the past year. It contains the most valuable and necessary works on the different branches of Science and Literature, and is unusually complete for its size. It is open to all the students of the University, and has proved of great benefit in furnishing them with all desirable help in the pursuit of their studies.

CABINET.

The Cabinet of the University contains a large collection of valuable specimens specially adapted to the illustration of the Geological Formations, and the Natural History of Iowa. It has been very largely increased during the past year, and contains a complete set of the rocks and fossils thus far noticed in the Geological Survey of the State.

Besides the Cabinet of the University, students in the department of Natural History, have the benefit of the very extensive and valuable Cabinet of Prof. Parvin, which is deposited in the University.

COUNTY SCHOLARSHIPS.

Four students from each county will be received without payment of the Incidental Fee, two in the Normal Department and two in the other departments of the University, on presenting recommendations signed by the County Superintendent, County Judge, and the Clerk of the District Court, for the county in which the student so recommended resides.

The recommendations thus given will remain good while the appointee continues a member of the University, but will become void from absence without permission; from the same cause with permission, if such absence is for a greater period than one term; or by suspension from the University for a longer period than two weeks. The removal of the appointee from the county whence the recommendation issued, does not work its forfeiture.

SOLDIERS.

By an action of the Board of Trustees in June, 1865, all Iowa soldiers now citizens of the State, who served three years in the Union army, or have been honorably discharged on account of wounds or other disability incurred in the service of the United States, will, on presenting their discharge papers, receive a ticket entitling them to the privileges of the University without the payment of the Incidental Fee.

SOLDIERS' ORPHANS.

All orphans of Iowa soldiers are admitted to the University free of charge.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

PRODUCTIVE ASSETS.

Amount of land and mortgage notes.....	\$189,582.36
Estimated value of property from which an annual rental is received.....	6,000.00
Total.....	195,582.36

UNPRODUCTIVE ASSETS.

Unsold lands valued at.....\$ 25,000.00— 25,000.00

Total endowment.....\$220,582.36

The land and mortgage notes will yield an annual interest of 10 per cent. A small portion of them—not exceeding, perhaps, \$8,000—has yielded no revenue for some time past. Some of these are now in Court.

INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 20, 1867.

Balance in Treasury June 20, 1866.... \$ 2,095.91

Interest received..... 18,317.41

Incidental or Tuition fees..... 4,218.50

Rents and miscellaneous..... 668.02

Total income..... \$25,299.84

EXPENDITURES.

Paid out on warrants..... \$23,141.77

Balance carried forward..... 2,158.07

Total..... \$25,299.84

An idea of the character of the expenditures will be conveyed by the following list of appropriations for the year 1867-8:

APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 20, 1868.

Due Treasurer, overpaid..... \$ 615.98

Due on outstanding warrants..... 1,200.00

President's salary..... 1,800.00

Five Professors at \$1,400 each.... 7,000.00

One Professor..... 1,250.00

One Principal Preparatory Department..... 1,250.00

One Tutor..... 1,000.00

Four female assistants.... 2,200.00

Fuel..... 1,000.00

Janitorial..... 600.00

Incidental, including repairs..... 1,250.00

Chemical Laboratory..... 270.00

Periodicals..... 100.00

Printing.....	500.00
Insurance.....	700.00
Library.....	750.00
Treasurer.....	1,200.00
Secretary.....	300.00
Geological Cabinet.....	200.00
Removing Library.....	50.00
Bills ordered paid.....	779.45

Total.....\$24,015.43

The estimated income for the year is.....\$21,500.00
 To which add balance brought forward.....2,158.07

Gives a total income for 1867-8.....\$23,658.07

We would call your attention to the fact that as nearly all the lands belonging to the University have been sold, the present productive capital is not likely to meet with any considerable additions. It then becomes a serious question as to what course the State will take to insure the permanent endowment and prosperity of this State Institution. In the course of seven years the University has attained a position of which its friends, and the State, are justly proud. It has met with very flattering notices from the educated people of other States. But after reducing their appropriations to the lowest possible amount, and cutting off every source of expenditure that could be spared, the Board of Trustees find it barely possible to complete the present year without involving the Institution in debt. Furthermore, they feel that at the present low rate of salaries (\$1,400 per annum) they are paying to their Professors, they will be unable to retain their services, in the view of far more lucrative positions that are being offered to them elsewhere. Nor will they be able to increase the number of Professors, as the necessities of the Institution even now demand. Herein is to be found one great reason for the delay in securing a President. It would be idle to think of commanding the services of such talent as that situation demands, for any sum that the present state of finances of the Institution would justify the Board in offering. In this situation of affairs the Board of Trustees, and the friends of the University, look to the State for such aid as may be needed to place this Institution upon

a broad and substantial basis, where it may become for Iowa such an honor as Ann Arbor is to Michigan, or Yale and Harvard are to their respective States.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

By order of the Board.

N. R. LEONARD, } Ex. Com.
BUSH CLARK, }

IOWA CITY, DECEMBER 6, 1867.

STATISTICS.

[C.]

STATEMENT

Of the amount of Interest of the Permanent School Fund apportioned to the several counties of the State of Iowa, during the years 1866 and 1867.

NAME OF COUNTY.	Amount apportioned in March, 1866.	Amount apportioned in September 1866.	Amount apportioned in March, 1867.	Amount apportioned in September 1867.	Whole amount ap- portioned in 1866 and 1867.
Adair.....	\$ 156.42	\$ 85.32	\$ 200.55	\$ 91.68	\$ 533.97
Adams.....	270.93	147.78	324.10	148.16	890.97
Allamakee.....	1,942.05	1,059.30	2,180.50	996.80	6,178.65
Appanoose.....	1,868.46	1,019.16	2,030.00	928.00	5,845.62
Audubon.....	82.50	45.00	89.25	40.80	257.55
Benton.....	1,600.50	873.00	1,977.50	904.00	5,355.00
Black Hawk.....	1,651.98	901.08	2,121.35	969.76	5,644.17
Boone.....	877.14	478.44	1,189.65	543.84	3,089.07
Bremer.....	940.17	512.82	1,219.75	557.60	3,230.34
Butler.....	728.31	397.26	883.05	403.68	2,412.30
Buchanan.....	1,340.46	731.16	1,522.15	695.84	4,289.61
Calhoun.....	32.34	17.64	42.00	19.20	111.18
Carroll.....	71.28	38.88	126.35	57.76	294.27
Cass.....	272.91	148.86	341.25	156.00	919.02
Cedar.....	2,019.93	1,101.78	2,240.00	1,024.00	6,385.71
Cerro Gordo.....	174.90	95.40	259.70	118.72	648.72
Cherokee.....	15.18	8.28	85.70	16.32	75.48
Chickasaw.....	774.51	422.46	904.75	413.60	2,515.32
Clay.....	18.15	9.90	38.85	17.76	84.66
Clarke.....	843.81	460.26	917.00	419.20	2,640.27
Clayton.....	3,069.66	1,674.36	3,496.85	1,598.56	9,839.43
Clinton.....	3,125.76	1,704.96	3,571.05	1,632.48	10,034.25
Crawford.....	100.32	54.72	168.35	76.96	400.35
Dallas.....	941.16	513.36	1,036.00	473.60	2,964.12
Davis.....	1,973.73	1,076.58	2,079.35	950.56	6,080.22
Decatur.....	1,282.71	699.66	1,365.70	624.32	3,972.39
Delaware.....	1,700.82	927.72	1,931.30	882.88	5,442.72
Des Moines.....	2,681.91	1,462.86	2,987.60	1,365.76	8,498.13
Dickinson.....	44.88	24.48	62.65	23.64	160.65
Dubuque.....	4,086.06	2,228.76	4,749.50	2,171.20	13,235.52
Emmett.....	56.10	30.60	47.25	21.60	155.55
Fayette.....	1,878.36	1,024.56	2,097.55	958.88	5,959.35
Floyd.....	684.75	373.50	852.95	389.92	2,301.12
Franklin.....	296.67	161.82	328.65	150.24	937.38
Fremont.....	1,030.92	562.82	1,030.75	471.20	3,095.19
Greene.....	235.95	128.70	833.55	152.48	850.68
Grundy.....	203.94	111.24	256.55	117.28	689.01
Guthrie.....	526.02	286.92	572.60	261.76	1,647.30
Hamilton.....	308.22	168.12	434.70	198.72	1,109.76
Hancock.....	36.96	20.16	59.50	27.20	143.82
Harrison.....	624.69	340.74	1,173.55	536.48	2,675.46
Hardin.....	1,016.07	554.22	781.90	357.44	2,709.63
Henry.....	2,333.43	1,272.78	2,595.25	1,186.40	7,387.86
Howard.....	508.20	277.20	596.05	272.48	1,653.93
Humboldt.....	95.37	52.02	164.85	75.86	387.60
Ida.....			9.80	4.48	14.28

STATEMENT C—CONTINUED.

NAME OF COUNTY.	Amount apportioned in March, 1866.	Amount apportioned in September 1866.	Amount apportioned in March, 1867.	Amount apportioned in September 1867.	Whole amount ap- portioned in 1866 and 1867.
Iowa.....	1,415.87	772.02	1,646.40	752.64	4,586.43
Jackson.....	2,713.92	1,480.32	2,846.90	1,301.44	8,342.58
Jasper.....	1,780.68	971.28	2,244.55	1,026.08	6,022.59
Jefferson.....	2,216.94	1,209.24	2,308.25	1,055.20	6,789.63
Johnson.....	2,517.24	1,373.04	2,722.30	1,244.48	7,857.06
Jones.....	2,088.90	1,139.40	2,381.05	1,088.48	6,697.83
Keokuk.....	2,097.81	1,144.26	2,282.70	1,043.52	6,568.29
Kossuth.....	111.54	60.84	192.50	88.00	452.88
Lee.....	4,011.48	2,188.08	4,282.60	1,957.76	12,439.92
Linn.....	3,015.21	1,644.66	3,359.30	1,535.68	9,554.85
Louisa.....	1,536.15	887.90	1,672.30	764.48	4,810.83
Lucas.....	968.55	528.80	1,070.30	489.28	3,056.43
Madison.....	1,178.10	642.60	1,349.60	616.96	3,787.26
Mahaska.....	2,441.01	1,331.46	2,650.20	1,211.52	7,634.19
Marion.....	2,753.19	1,501.74	3,049.90	1,894.24	8,699.07
Marshall.....	1,042.14	568.44	1,569.40	717.44	3,897.42
Mills.....	797.94	435.24	885.85	404.96	2,523.99
Mitchell.....	658.68	359.28	822.15	375.84	2,215.95
Monona.....	192.72	105.12	201.60	92.16	591.60
Monroe.....	1,433.85	782.10	1,611.05	786.48	4,563.48
Montgomery.....	222.09	121.14	224.70	102.72	670.65
Muscatine.....	2,216.28	1,208.88	2,577.05	1,178.08	7,180.29
Page.....	845.79	461.34	911.75	416.80	2,635.68
Palo Alto.....	43.56	23.76	52.50	24.00	143.82
Plymouth.....	12.21	6.66	20.65	9.44	48.96
Pocahontas.....	33.00	18.00	49.85	22.56	122.91
Polk.....	2,289.21	1,248.66	2,577.40	1,178.24	7,293.51
Pottawattamie.....	794.31	433.26	939.75	429.60	2,596.92
Poweshiek.....	1,129.92	616.32	1,277.15	583.84	3,607.23
Ringgold.....	447.48	244.08	551.60	252.16	1,495.32
Sac.....	57.42	31.32	67.55	30.88	187.17
Scott.....	3,292.41	1,795.86	3,869.60	1,768.96	10,726.83
Shelby.....	138.60	75.60	173.95	79.52	467.67
Story.....	857.01	467.46	1,023.40	467.84	2,815.71
Tama.....	1,160.61	633.06	1,390.90	635.84	3,820.41
Taylor.....	586.41	319.86	660.10	301.76	1,868.13
Union.....	394.35	215.10	437.85	200.16	1,247.46
Van Buren.....	2,235.09	1,219.14	2,392.60	1,093.76	6,940.59
Wapello.....	2,496.45	1,361.70	2,731.05	1,248.48	7,837.68
Warren.....	1,709.07	932.22	1,836.80	839.68	5,317.77
Washington.....	2,259.18	1,232.28	2,492.70	1,139.52	7,123.68
Wayne.....	1,024.32	558.72	1,171.45	535.52	3,290.01
Webster.....	584.30	307.80	733.25	335.20	1,940.55
Winnebago.....	70.62	88.52	114.80	52.48	276.42
Winnebago.....	2,129.16	1,161.36	2,517.90	1,151.04	6,959.46
Woodbury.....	167.64	91.44	224.35	102.56	585.99
Worth.....	167.97	91.62	218.75	100.00	578.34
Wright.....	146.52	79.92	198.10	90.56	515.10
Total.....	\$106,986.99	\$ 58,356.54	\$122,013.15	\$ 55,777.44	\$343,134.12

[D.]
AN ABSTRACT

Of the Annual Reports of the Common Schools, to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for the period beginning October 5, 1865, and ending October 4, 1866.

NAME OF COUNTY.	No of Dist. Townships.	No. of Sch. Districts.	3		No. of Persons between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	4		No. of Schools in each County.	Number of Pupils in the County.	Average Number who have been in attendance.	7		8		9		10		Aggregate amount paid Teachers during the year.	Amount of Teachers' Fund in the hands of District Treasurers.	
			Males.	Females.		Number of Teachers in each Co.					Average Compensation of Teachers per week.		Aggregate Number of days the Schools of the County have been taught.		Average cost of tuition per week for each pupil.						
						Males.	Females.				Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Summer.	Winter.			
Adair.....	10	21	294	279	24	499	259	17	24	38.85	95.77	1097	051	50	56	1097	051	50	56	\$4,394.25	\$1,084.00
Adams.....	9	28	464	462	25	806	420	18	30	10.56	6.55	1518	1485	44	45	1518	1485	44	45	4,830.98	434.94
Allamakee.....	23	109	3268	2904	110	4888	2684	59	116	7.58	4.71	6332	6742	20	22	6332	6742	20	22	16,424.10	1,965.96
Appanoose.....	19	103	2996	2804	99	4362	2525	62	96	7.43	5.33	5412	4789	22	24	5412	4789	22	24	12,001.03	1,291.84
Audubon.....	8	7	120	135	10	190	116	2	9	10.00	7.54	650	420	19	28	650	420	19	28	1,562.00	1,369.01
Benton.....	23	132	2977	2678	123	4725	2815	54	168	8.03	6.09	7726	7717	30	30	7726	7717	30	30	20,680.75	1,708.00
Black Hawk.....	21	105	3038	3023	92	4101	2804	88	124	9.48	5.40	5609	5282	25	25	5609	5282	25	25	18,978.78	2,407.31
Boone.....	18	52	1755	1641	49	2450	1317	31	49	8.26	5.35	2845	1624	37	36	2845	1624	37	36	6,716.89	576.08
Bremer.....	16	76	1939	1546	70	1823	1188	24	92	8.77	5.68	4431	3729	31	34	4431	3729	31	34	10,848.00	402.19
Buchanan.....	17	93	2199	2150	91	3924	1999	35	111	6.89	4.89	6004	5049	23	22	6004	5049	23	22	11,937.85	649.98
Butler.....	17	68	1293	1281	69	1833	1072	27	90	6.71	5.88	4247	3386	27	26	4247	3386	27	26	8,953.00	1,940.77
Buena Vista.....	1	5	58	63	3	128	86	4	2	10.00	6.40	100	87	26	41	100	87	26	41	824.00	850.00
Calhoun.....	2	8	199	162	8	217	129	6	8	9.33	8.35	442	309	66	97	442	309	66	97	1,865.48	413.49
Carroll.....	8	30	518	457	35	829	481	15	29	8.39	6.17	2065	1826	53	39	2065	1826	53	39	5,267.35	571.80
Cedar Rapids.....	18	127	3356	3044	118	6036	3442	71	194	7.95	5.07	7525	7595	19	21	7525	7595	19	21	21,232.80	547.72
Cerro Gordo.....	6	22	886	876	30	623	357	15	37	7.14	6.50	2106	1762	55	71	2106	1762	55	71	5,453.00	27.46
Cherokee.....	2	3	58	44	3	42	29	2	3	8.12	6.93	120	130	39	54	120	130	39	54	457.50	255.39
Chickasaw.....	13	60	1840	1245	66	1892	1182	29	80	7.17	4.84	3705	3406	24	24	3705	3406	24	24	7,914.28	857.88
Clarke.....	13	57	1344	1276	70	1806	896	33	55	6.48	4.91	2907	2965	29	35	2907	2965	29	35	7,615.63	

ABSTRACT D - CONTINUED.

NAME OF COUNTY.	1	2	3		4	5	6	7	8		9		10		11	12		
			No. of Dist. Townships.						No. of Schools in each county.	Number of Pupils attending School in the county.	Average Number who have passed in attendance.	Number of Teachers each Co.		Average cost of Tuition per week for each pupil.			Aggregate amount paid Teachers during the year.	Amount of Teachers' Fund in the hands of District Treasurers.
			Males.	Females.								Males.	Females.						Summer.	Winter.
Clay.....	8	4	59	52	3	67	29	1	4	48.38	45.44	205	140	42	26	538.00	513.65	
Clayton.....	28	144	5113	4878	103	7421	4348	67	164	8.42	5.80	9067	9540	19	25	27,205.65	6,304.41	
Clinton.....	25	136	5347	4856	147	6025	3658	61	161	9.20	5.24	6577	6090	18	22	26,747.98	8,262.19	
Crawford.....	4	16	250	281	15	344	183	6	18	9.17	7.00	580	820	55	72	2,689.00	.....
Dallas.....	13	69	1537	1403	64	2028	1060	30	75	8.27	6.44	3451	3387	.....	.....	8,685.00	1,403.43
Davis.....	15	86	3075	2866	89	5208	2294	71	83	7.12	4.74	3921	3747	31	35	11,538.55	913.59	
Decatur.....	18	75	2002	1900	71	3019	1896	52	66	8.16	5.77	3894	3880	24	26	11,474.84	651.72	
Delaware.....	20	116	2882	2636	121	4539	2656	66	125	7.17	4.49	6868	6998	23	24	18,052.16	1,286.61	
Des Moines.....	14	88	4449	4087	91	4619	2774	49	96	9.07	6.48	7741	5541	31	26	23,729.62	6,085.17	
Dickinson.....	3	4	90	89	4	117	79	1	4	5.00	6.25	258	143	32	26	450.00	.....
Dubuque.....	21	105	6976	6594	90	7631	5238	56	182	9.55	5.79	5605	7634	18	21	38,906.83	2,759.00	
Emmett.....	2	8	70	65	4	95	69	1	4	9.50	5.25	200	200	30	28	500.00	.....
Fayette.....	24	132	8148	2845	125	4534	2906	51	158	7.40	4.83	7966	7715	27	26	16,812.10	898.41	
Floyd.....	11	58	1805	1132	54	1786	1002	17	81	6.86	5.11	8785	8381	20	23	8,415.70	1,300.24	
Franklin.....	7	31	401	448	21	580	271	12	28	6.89	4.99	1297	1371	1.06	2.59	4,907.00	313.74	
Fremont.....	9	46	1529	1416	46	1094	574	31	84	9.84	7.43	2180	1753	27	29	7,560.00	1,199.69	
Greene.....	3	24	497	456	23	612	335	15	19	8.10	7.27	1419	1396	48	44	4,071.75	2,714.65	
Grundy.....	9	28	882	851	38	700	121	12	38	8.25	6.01	2229	1754	44	48	5,661.42	1,956.63	
Guthrie.....	12	52	882	804	51	1841	690	38	43	8.23	5.95	2743	2704	52	64	7,781.02	801.47	
Hamilton.....	10	25	686	606	26	680	498	12	27	9.76	6.57	1740	1880	30	41	5,257.50	97.44	
Hancock.....	4	5	87	55	6	153	86	4	5	9.50	7.50	680	590	35	71	2,616.25	987.26	
Hardin.....	18	73	1700	1658	73	2935	1861	37	76	7.72	6.04	3901	3672	30	33	9,280.20	1,814.27	
Harrison.....	16	51	1218	1021	47	1469	818	21	55	9.96	8.71	1098	1346	42	53	9,140.79	1,503.83	
Henry.....	15	69	3758	3037	177	4703	2926	62	139	8.87	5.86	5465	5766	16	24	18,616.65	2,217.37	
Howard.....	12	66	922	782	59	1054	784	22	63	7.74	5.85	3507	2483	37	37	8,208.00	277.68	

REPORTS OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

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Humboldt.....	4	14	236	235	18	330	219	4	18	8.54	5.84	819	729	.63	.64	2,082.00	28.00
Ida.....	1	3	14	14	1	14	10	2	1	9.00	7.00	120	320	1.50	1.35	400.00	
Iowa.....	19	96	2419	2285	89	3611	1957	51	102	8.19	5.87	5887	5586	.28	.29	18,164.00	1,011.28
Jackson.....	23	184	4141	3993	139	5633	2945	76	162	7.09	4.57	8811	8652	.14	.19	20,824.75	5,256.84
— Jasper.....	20	97	3457	2956	139	4557	542	56	116	7.92	5.78	4872	5091	.88	.44	17,343.98	1,178.25
∞ Jefferson.....	13	85	3408	3187	82	5277	2825	62	96	6.98	4.67	4374	5271	.15	.17	18,624.47	1,644.50
Johnson.....	20	112	3938	3845	112	5124	2969	45	148	7.58	5.33	7263	7173	.19	.21	19,399.28	3,683.13
Jones.....	18	124	3449	3354	125	5219	3031	64	160	7.55	5.03	8042	7447	.16	.24	17,450.71	2,461.59
Keokuk.....	18	109	3420	3102	109	5034	2464	67	126	7.33	4.69	5936	6746	.22	.22	18,694.56	1,841.25
Kossuth	3	17	814	236	16	329	159	11	18	7.95	5.64	1010	882	.34	.47	2,780.75	454.73
Lee.....	21	113	6103	6183	110	7017	4945	62	162	9.91	6.20	6139	7212	.22	.22	28,561.98	6,774.25
Linn.....	26	145	4978	4620	143	7326	3898	88	202	8.64	5.87	9362	9230	.17	.22	29,214.84	2,155.79
Louisa.....	16	69	2455	2323	74	3373	1902	42	88	9.14	6.37	4984	5881	.15	.18	15,836.97	1,796.83
Lucas.....	13	62	1624	1434	62	2211	1181	43	67	7.53	5.62	3480	3693	.30	.33	10,189.08	1,237.46
Madison.....	17	70	2010	1846	69	3018	1723	39	65	9.37	6.02	3878	3862	.28	.33	10,834.80	898.50
Mahaska.....	16	107	3861	3711	100	5566	3078	66	132	8.76	6.05	6554	6710	.20	.25	22,550.19	1,622.08
Marion.....	17	108	4529	4185	98	4937	2888	63	85	8.41	6.06	1160	1260	.15	.19	21,057.00	1,807.07
Marshall.....	16	72	2343	2141	79	2695	1887	46	94	8.75	5.83	1122	1125	.25	.32	13,874.85	1,822.92
Mills.....	12	39	1339	1192	39	1784	1057	30	41	10.92	7.71	2557	2460	.34	.38	8,460.75	1,058.59
Mitchell.....	12	53	1254	1095	50	1780	945	11	53	6.33	4.18	2735	2395	.34	.34	6,652.85	77.13
Monona.....	6	19	310	266	23	333	70	9	17	5.00	7.12	909	596	.85	.65	2,303.00	1,597.35
Monroe	14	75	2290	2313	72	2836	1632	40	90	7.26	4.21	3605	3883	.16	.22	9,222.75	1,413.70
Montgomery.....	6	24	336	306	21	443	235	5	15	6.46	5.58	655	600	.32	.18	1,322.20	838.79
Muscatine.....	16	94	3748	3615	92	5222	2943	39	115	8.86	6.50	6348	6424	.21	.22	23,879.63	1,778.67
Page.....	14	49	1369	1236	44	1922	1033	33	49	9.15	6.64	2340	2750	.32	.39	9,263.91	2,175.88
Palo Alto.....	3	6	83	63	6	101	33	3	6	8.31	5.27	320	280	.40	.45	747.50	86.00
Plymouth.....	2	2	29	30	2	38	26	2	2	9.37	7.37	120	120	.46	.50	402.00	148.02
Pocahontas...	2	2	81	60	6	98	84	1	6	10.00	5.75	160	140	.41	.55	854.60	566.25
Polk.....	19	94	3798	3566	106	4702	2894	56	95	9.25	6.63	4306	5535	.23	.28	18,542.75	1,244.60
Pottawattamie	13	33	1357	1328	44	1678	861	26	39	10.25	8.45	2389	2510	.40	.44	11,081.03	1,594.75
Poweshiek.....	15	81	1944	1705	72	2446	1228	32	77	8.56	6.06	3640	3601	.30	.32	1,256.82	757.37
Ringgold.....	9	48	870	706	46	1022	617	38	40	6.82	5.53	530	472	.19	.19	6,593.00	876.22
Sac.....	3	5	95	98	5	184	120	4	5	9.50	6.33	360	300	.39	.37	1,020.00	120.00
Scott	19	95	5551	5505	92	6051	3677	57	123	10.48	6.94	5054	6242	.22	.25	35,061.37	17,376.63
Sioux.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelby.....	4	16	261	236	14	444	127	10	15	7.87	7.08	707	876	.85	.18	2,263.07	.....
Story.....	11	55	1464	1460	55	2042	1078	34	61	8.08	5.26	3185	3082	.98	1.07	10,501.92	705.13
Tama.....	20	107	2062	1912	95	3531	1843	42	123	8.98	6.04	5373	5740	.34	.41	15,690.03	1,962.94

ABSTRACT D—CONTINUED.

NAME OF COUNTY.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8		9	10		11	12				
							No. of Dist. Townships.	No. of Sub-Districts.	No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 years.			No. of Pupils attending school in the county.	Average number who have been in attendance.			Number of teachers in each Co.		Average cost of tuition per week for each pupil.	
									Males.	Females.						Male.	Female.	Summer.	Winter.
Taylor.....	18	42	1005	881	36	1109	592	19	34	2100	1695	\$.85	\$.84	5,316.95	225.50				
Union.....	10	35	655	596	36	859	181	13	45	2055	1490	.48	.51	4,021.08	915.50				
Van Buren.....	18	105	3577	3259	112	4857	8100	63	129	6313	7102	.20	.22	16,628.00	1,717.00				
Wapello.....	19	88	4086	3717	100	5457	2872	58	132	1129	1116	.20	.20	16,934.33	1,242.68				
Warren.....	18	100	2860	2579	85	2842	2090	56	116	4801	4542	.30	.31	13,288.25	256.50				
Washington.....	18	124	3769	3353	110	5698	3021	59	159	5190	6026	.18	.21	19,572.54	2,357.70				
Wayne.....	16	73	1728	1624	69	3614	1638	35	69	4187	3580	.29	.29	10,577.12	4,646.57				
Webster.....	14	42	1084	1011	39	1788	275	20	44	2457	1198	.27	.25	7,419.12	1,038.84				
Winnebago.....	4	...	152	176	8	170	99	2	7	405	480	.21	.38	1,151.75	...				
Winnebago.....	23	106	3751	3443	107	3614	2071	39	126	6147	5950	.25	.31	14,668.84	2,068.54				
Woodbury.....	4	8	814	327	10	499	294	7	8	278	366	.80	.87	3,298.00	2,710.39				
Worth.....	7	16	296	329	14	414	189	9	15	950	1005	.80	.83	2,294.70	1,063.90				
Wright.....	8	20	290	276	29	409	220	18	38	1299	1538	.55	.67	8,925.00	321.35				
Total.....	1195	5926	180183	168287	5900	241827	136174	2678	6670	8,40	5,94	317472	312443	1,006,638.00	144,678.71				

ABSTRACT D--CONTINUED.

REPORTS OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

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NAME OF COUNTY.	13			14	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.					21	22	23		
	Number School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each County.	15	16	17	18	19	20	Amount of annual ap- portionment received from Co. Treasurers.	No. of District Libraries.	Value of Apparatus.	
	Brick	Stone	Log		For build- ing, repair- ing and furnishing School Houses.	For district Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses.	Fuel.	For com- pensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers' Fund.				
Adair.....	...	...	26	2	\$ 18,530.00	\$ 3,129.10	\$ 1,162.35	\$ 30.00	\$ 678.65	\$ 425.45	\$ 3,964.43	\$ 3,633.43	1,358	\$ 1,002.00
Adams.....	...	...	18	4	9,320.00	1,909.05	65.75	55.00	350.50	174.50	2,036.90	2,261.27	29	45.50
Allamakee...	1	7	55	42	35,797.50	6,116.14	559.15	40.00	1,032.78	556.90	7,067.95	5,944.26	3	1,993.86
Appanoose...	2	...	43	32	22,258.00	3,736.85	219.00	105.95	780.63	334.07	6,539.12	6,005.34	35	227.00
Audubon.....	...	...	8	...	6,650.00	811.00	...	...	181.00	126.27	1,000.00	2,068.96	5	123.00
Benton.....	5	...	94	6	49,909.00	12,899.00	1,309.05	216.80	3,156.98	808.00	12,814.45	5,854.51	942	2,048.15
Black Hawk..	4	4	68	12	80,790.46	12,311.47	1,070.00	66.50	3,365.66	646.22	13,778.57	6,493.54	63	1,741.70
Boone.....	...	...	28	11	17,684.00	1,668.54	60.00	35.60	501.52	144.50	2,909.20	3,667.31	...	76.00
Bremer.....	1	3	42	5	25,735.10	4,380.92	642.15	276.86	1,186.35	194.76	9,705.97	5,037.66	15	1,935.00
Buchanan...	5	3	58	6	22,225.25	15,416.64	853.25	99.00	2,724.55	367.55	5,924.52	8,499.62	57	169.80
Butler.....	...	3	47	2	23,447.00	5,201.37	426.95	132.63	1,337.05	646.05	4,942.63	1,362.01	64	928.00
Buena Vista..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calhoun.....	...	...	3	...	1,800.00	96.00	55.00	...	131.50	...	...	735.00	...	450.00
Carroll.....	...	...	8	...	4,485.00	60.75	149.90	...	207.69	86.00	1,029.17	5,018.47	...	...
Cass.....	1	...	32	...	19,750.00	3,705.55	39.00	12.00	647.40	332.44	4,361.59	1,680.06	1	253.00
Cedar.....	10	1	101	1	61,410.00	7,609.12	195.00	49.00	3,413.34	503.25	16,117.37	7,777.25	21	1,008.00
Cerro Gordo..	...	10	17	...	19,200.00	3,435.55	160.00	60.00	1,255.66	216.00	3,524.33	2,535.71	328	625.00
Cherokee.....	...	...	...	2	20.00	...	...	9.00	29.85	15.62	...	191.49	...	85.00
Chickasaw...	2	1	43	7	19,890.00	1,400.49	476.14	40.00	785.28	331.05	4,214.21	2,081.16	28	1,669.40
Clarke.....	...	...	41	10	14,705.00	3,966.76	427.08	22.76	410.18	266.39	2,898.95	3,711.22	...	547.05
Clay.....	...	...	2	...	1,800.00	12.41	250.00	...	30.50	16.60	...	81.98	2	250.00
Clayton.....	11	10	74	25	55,505.00	7,332.05	1,184.15	104.85	3,280.14	598.40	13,139.57	10,346.08	43	3,233.67
Clinton.....	5	4	115	1	88,305.00	13,031.91	337.90	1,053.20	3,392.95	1,015.35	6,154.59	13,609.11	56	1,191.50
Crawford...	4	...	7	1	7,950.00	525.00	60.00	20.00	238.00	117.00	...	789.20	...	50.00
Dallas.....	1	...	44	7	24,291.00	2,647.52	6.50	40.00	678.21	251.65	5,583.64	3,401.29	...	...
Davis.....	8	...	46	32	20,330.00	1,442.11	...	...	262.12	196.50	3,594.95	6,130.85	5	8.00
Decatur.....	4	...	24	34	21,920.80	3,698.51	1,023.20	42.00	642.32	223.74	6,246.06	6,610.92	75	1,508.06

ABSTRACT D—Continued.

Des Moines	20	9	45	10	34,100.00	9,819.86	312.00	304.50	1,459.14	441.82	5,308.33	18,769.18	71	534.00
Dickinson	1	1	1	1	700.00	140.96	4.00	.....	2.00	.....	151.17	201.36	129	.....
Dubuque	10	13	60	19	168,755.75	27,151.50	40.00	307.00	8,334.11	1,444.10	16,040.34	17,058.80	157	1,925.00
Emmett	1	1	1	1	2,100.00	125.00	.....	30.00	25.00	10.00	303.00	65.00	.....	.....
Fayette	4	3	65	17	38,615.00	10,675.01	691.75	371.20	2,115.65	741.63	8,412.28	6,036.53	.....	1,172.25
Floyd	1	9	23	9	28,516.00	10,787.49	108.75	112.00	1,176.33	285.88	5,892.57	2,539.29	10	484.98
Franklin	1	1	19	1	18,850.00	2,615.25	51.06	15.00	774.90	296.00	1,000.00	2,754.27	.....	120.00
Fremont	2	.....	33	6	21,860.00	2,467.26	200.00	28.00	303.19	190.70	2,004.45	2,631.16	.....	.....
Greene	21	.....	21	1	12,575.00	4,329.77	30.00	6.00	372.50	183.00	3,186.81	1,535.55	.....	423.00
Grundy	.....	.....	23	.....	16,080.00	8,895.87	690.10	9.00	938.75	100.11	4,060.05	2,638.70	181	945.10
Guthrie	5	.....	37	1	24,005.25	932.40	201.10	.....	575.20	214.50	1,086.24	4,000.99	140	887.75
Hamilton	1	.....	23	2	16,900.00	2,545.10	144.00	49.00	398.12	241.11	3,934.64	1,752.41	84	815.00
Hancock	.....	.....	7	.....	4,800.00	1,150.00	1,189.21	.....	242.80	300.00	1,369.94	.....	559	549.00
Hardin	3	3	43	.....	27,078.00	4,165.27	331.00	176.87	936.19	206.30	9,397.35	3,531.40	1	807.85
Harrison	1	.....	31	11	11,518.00	3,914.21	559.90	339.44	459.27	200.70	6,133.43	3,938.84	54	1,362.70
Henry	14	1	55	9	71,529.00	12,838.78	1,752.00	53.00	1,858.57	457.10	10,227.88	7,995.46	396	618.88
Howard	.....	1	41	3	18,432.50	2,464.52	1,180.65	138.00	1,072.00	396.48	4,378.51	2,422.05	9	2,017.40
Humboldt	1	.....	6	1	4,865.00	1,742.93	214.00	.....	208.75	30.00	1,192.09	501.48	.....	120.00
Ida	.....	.....	1	2	1,200.00	150.00	.....	.....	25.00	.....	140.00	.....	.....	.....
Iowa	8	2	77	.....	46,090.54	6,310.09	.....	30.00	1,878.16	175.71	7,207.81	6,457.95	216	771.00
Jackson	11	9	76	25	50,996.50	10,768.47	198.90	79.00	1,984.02	626.50	11,473.85	8,627.41	53	2,326.00
Jasper	9	.....	72	3	42,487.00	6,542.94	253.00	32.00	2,151.69	618.65	2,787.61	6,939.99	5	1,860.07
Jefferson	4	2	57	21	22,509.80	5,994.78	333.95	112.00	1,442.64	840.25	6,991.05	7,050.90	516	515.00
Johnson	6	6	76	5	35,269.00	6,257.03	776.27	44.00	2,495.86	963.62	10,196.59	10,143.18	.....	1,025.00
Jones	6	2	92	8	53,361.11	4,592.03	170.00	15.00	2,179.91	631.50	9,413.96	11,767.59	799	1,338.45

Keokuk.....	2	2	63	24	30,480.00	8,599.44	243.00	142.00	1,551.02	489.08	9,522.05	.....	.....	8	718.25
Kossuth.....	..	..	9	..	8,175.00	848.50	405.76	144.00	335.26	218.00	1,075.66	.....	919.52	516	182.00
Lee.....	25	8	56	14	73,230.00	22,618.30	639.96	683.25	3,110.13	647.52	9,096.79	.....	15,251.79	..	813.26
Linn.....	25	3	100	4	67,900.00	11,896.33	304.50	365.75	3,638.29	1,162.23	16,016.40	.....	12,255.85	392	487.00
Louisa.....	7	1	52	5	81,125.00	6,226.05	353.50	191.00	1,822.34	525.95	8,851.10	.....	5,039.15	..	850.30
Lucas.....	8	..	48	4	18,625.00	2,223.24	138.17	27.65	810.92	260.27	6,000.48	.....	5,417.12	84	.....
Madison.....	..	8	38	11	19,983.00	4,873.47	690.00	244.00	783.77	330.16	3,069.51	.....	4,423.64	114	1,161.00
Mahaska.....	10	..	67	11	45,113.00	15,680.45	870.51	314.80	1,909.14	530.41	11,455.37	.....	8,884.53	36	945.75
Marion.....	5	..	66	25	45,783.00	4,380.50	75.00	258.92	942.04	431.98	1,555.55	.....	8,608.26	60	100.00
Marshall.....	13	..	54	1	44,040.00	3,244.75	566.50	75.00	1,581.81	275.00	9,829.17	.....	4,662.93	9	675.00
Mills.....	2	..	30	2	12,881.00	2,776.67	150.00	164.50	754.20	275.31	3,839.86	.....	2,876.39	9	614.50
Mitchell.....	5	5	32	3	19,525.00	2,430.09	213.20	60.00	539.00	170.67	2,194.41	.....	2,443.32	..	798.20
Monona.....	2	..	12	3	6,775.00	2,406.00	..	..	33.00	42.00	532.00	.....	3,284.92	60	75.00
Monroe.....	1	2	42	22	16,760.00	2,292.41	488.25	20.00	762.73	135.00	2,555.37	.....	4,182.55	38	1,085.35
Montgomery.....	1	..	12	1	4,700.00	391.16	64.00	..	195.75	59.00	508.73	.....	653.93	6	64.00
Muscaine.....	9	2	62	1	46,400.00	8,130.50	1,178.00	1,189.12	3,355.89	603.10	15,877.48	.....	9,087.03	630	1,775.00
Page.....	2	..	30	10	25,298.00	7,824.19	671.89	41.50	669.63	425.68	5,234.34	.....	5,236.36	..	610.00
Palo Alto.....	..	..	..	7	2,250.00	1,114.50	1.60	7.50	42.00	97.00	716.42	.....	285.64	..	.....
Plymouth.....	..	..	..	..	700.00	..	56.00	..	73.00	41.00	151.26	.....	131.48	4	60.00
Pocahontas.....	1	..	4	1	9,450.00	5,450.00	172.50	12.50	106.00	100.00	..	.....	2,096.40	..	242.50
Polk.....	7	..	59	8	70,136.00	5,310.11	276.00	393.00	2,133.60	578.45	5,114.16	.....	12,574.85	435	904.00
Pottawattamie.....	14	..	21	6	40,440.00	9,985.04	544.90	306.56	1,448.45	518.69	5,632.92	.....	4,948.44	704	1,365.00
Poweshiek.....	1	..	53	1	34,404.50	3,753.98	610.11	134.75	1,190.85	390.34	8,718.34	.....	6,632.86	..	900.33
Ringgold.....	..	..	34	7	13,399.00	1,342.70	275.00	65.20	481.65	206.86	..	.....	6,414.32	91	1,480.70
Sac.....	..	..	5	..	4,000.00	280.00	..	..	160.00	70.00	..	.....	..	..	100.00
Scott.....	13	7	77	1	145,625.00	46,605.66	61.68	415.55	3,816.89	1,264.04	20,477.04	.....	19,437.18	336	2,200.00
Sioux.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	..	..	..
Shelby.....	8	..	5	2	7,615.00	2,523.50	381.37	114.00	200.59	273.44	561.02	.....	416.56	..	390.15
Story.....	2	..	44	5	25,790.00	4,263.36	354.50	6.00	1,282.44	452.99	6,998.06	.....	5,622.40	..	294.80
Tama.....	2	1	77	7	42,003.00	7,488.69	148.96	70.00	1,906.01	569.90	9,062.12	.....	6,378.47	8	575.90
Taylor.....	..	..	28	6	10,960.00	5,093.35	..	25.00	431.00	118.50	2,364.68	.....	1,905.09	..	..
Union.....	..	..	23	4	12,300.00	5,209.90	63.00	37.00	330.00	164.70	1,560.30	.....	2,771.20	..	..
Van Buren.....	16	3	62	18	31,805.00	5,782.10	382.85	173.00	848.05	364.75	7,172.69	.....	7,107.62	4	688.30
Wapello.....	7	1	43	27	57,611.00	13,669.10	286.00	2,282.33	998.17	392.00	5,349.91	.....	8,963.29	9	..
Warren.....	3	..	71	11	99,615.00	3,258.45	431.86	132.50	1,612.55	366.15	7,482.84	.....	2,865.08	72	1,219.00
Washington.....	2	..	94	3	55,973.00	15,755.00	352.17	389.40	3,857.20	463.08	9,887.57	.....	8,369.91	11	850.00
Wayne.....	..	..	55	11	18,997.50	4,360.24	456.66	26.00	882.17	377.81	5,779.84	.....	6,288.70	298	1,384.15
Webster.....	1	..	24	10	19,740.00	3,271.33	..	79.00	543.20	392.98	3,578.01	.....	3,427.67	5	626.00

ABSTRACT D--CONTINUED.

NAME OF COUNTY.	13				14	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							21	22	23
	Number of School-Houses and of what material constructed.				Value of School-Houses in each County.	15	16	17	18	19	20	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurers.	No. of Volumes in District Library.	Value of Apparatus.	
	Brick	Stone	Shed	Log		For building, repairing and furnishing School Houses.	For District Library and Apparatus.	For Rent of School-Houses.	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers' Fund.				
Winnebago	2	...	4	1	\$ 4,840.00	\$ 1,783.35	...	\$ 9.00	\$ 209.00	\$ 134.00	\$ 333.96	\$ 914.49	...	\$ 146.00	
Winneshiek.....	4	8	60	16	27,825.00	7,295.42	\$ 356.85	215.80	1,809.73	497.25	10,257.83	9,273.54	1	1,276.65	
Woodbury.....	3	...	4	1	5,100.00	224.05	25.00	125.00	862.65	155.00	1,434.17	2,275.81	...	120.00	
Worth.....	...	1	12	1	8,400.00	1,007.02	821.45	...	806.35	207.40	619.81	1,172.79	221	269.40	
Wright.....	1	...	20	...	11,998.00	3,045.96	211.90	52.00	840.85	269.25	2,852.58	1,508.16	6	114.00	
Total	382	163	3766	698	2,836,757.06	538,095.66	34,497.50	14,082.79	110,921.87	33,735.03	503,160.14	456,500.51	10,634	67,151.60	

[E.]

AN ABSTRACT

Of the Annual Reports of the County Superintendents of Common Schools, to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for the period beginning October 5, 1886, and ending October 4, 1887.

NAME OF COUNTY.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		9	10		11	12	
								Males.	Females.		Summer.	Winter.			
No. of Dist. Townships.	No. of Sub-Districts.	No. of Schools in each County.	Number of Pupils attending School in the County.	Average Number who have been in attendance.	Males.	Females.	Number of Teachers in each Co.	Average Compensation of Teachers per week.	Aggregate Number of days the Schools of the County have been taught.	Summer.	Winter.	Aggregate amount paid Teachers during the year.	Amount of Teachers' Fund in the hands of District Treasurers.		
Adair.....	10	24	347	331	25	598	326	19	20	\$8.38	\$5.79	1250	1514	\$ 6,009.86	\$ 723.50
Adams.....	10	26	533	496	31	748	370	22	31	9.41	6.33	1470	1665	5,201.00	477.07
Allamakee.....	25	118	3490	3296	112	4748	2719	65	121	7.76	5.50	4963	5696	16,924.45	1,030.80
Appanoose.....	20	109	3107	2802	101	4919	2353	81	74	8.76	5.61	4795	4588	12,339.41	2,413.88
Audubon.....	8	7	152	164	10	290	44	5	7	9.27	6.00	833	556	1,540.00	1,121.40
Benton.....	23	144	3278	3011	144	5175	3057	78	155	8.06	6.20	8170	8763	24,673.55	2,436.88
Black Hawk.....	23	114	3307	3235	108	6080	3403	54	189	10.96	6.12	6543	5989	24,609.09	9,920.22
Boone.....	14	56	2263	2091	66	3341	1763	38	55	9.00	6.78	2752	2861	10,918.75	2,558.53
Bremer.....	17	80	2002	1766	79	3703	1682	37	64	8.29	5.51	4171	4198	11,288.00	607.36
Buchanan.....	20	104	2463	2420	99	3319	1623	38	126	7.37	5.95	6730	5799	15,810.02	2,823.97
Buena Vista.....	1	1	38	28	1	26	26	...	1	...	6.25	180	...	230.00	200.00
Butler.....	17	73	1882	1342	68	1944	1245	28	91	8.08	5.67	4187	4137	12,337.05	670.77
Calhoun.....	9	9	134	115	5	165	109	8	3	12.00	5.25	840	270	1,302.00	1,062.00
Carroll.....	3	11	161	152	10	81	61	15	2	11.76	...	600	520	8,070.00	...
Cass.....	8	33	568	492	87	912	532	14	28	9.74	6.19	1940	2189	6,122.50	335.53
Cedar.....	21	128	3447	3101	127	5077	3084	84	137	8.55	6.25	8312	7637	28,421.47	1,913.55
Cerro Gordo.....	6	30	496	409	37	675	434	15	51	7.67	6.30	595	660	7,377.50	788.00
Cherokee.....	2	6	58	51	5	63	49	3	6	7.50	6.44	260	240	605.00	51.18
Chickasaw.....	15	67	1503	1411	71	2300	1499	45	75	7.86	5.53	979	915	10,176.06	423.48

ABSTRACT E--CONTINUED.

NAME OF COUNTY.	1	2	3		4	5	6	7	8		9	10	11	12		
			No. of Persons between the ages of 5 and 21 years.						Average compensation of Teachers per week.						Aggregate Number of days the schools of the County have been taught.	
			Males.	Females.					Males.	Females.						
No. of Dist. Townships.	No. of Sub-Districts.	No. of Pupils attending School in the county.	Average Number who have been in attendance.	Number of Teachers in each Co.	Males.	Females.	Average cost of Tuition.	Aggregate amount paid Teachers during the year.	Amount of Teachers' Fund in the hands of District Treasurers.							
Clarke....	13	61	1465	1438	60	2241	1821	42	53	8.97	5.11	2545	3357	.25	8,026.70	667.50
Clay.....	8	4	59	54	5	74	25	5	4	11.40	6.87	250	300	.51	862.00	58.08
Clayton....	31	152	5291	5050	153	6922	3927	88	149	9.01	5.98	8144	9183	.15	28,492.92	6,357.15
Clinton....	28	139	5557	5312	159	6645	4028	71	183	9.81	5.64	2025	1895	.20	31,488.26	4,286.06
Crawford..	5	17	253	238	17	351	264	4	15	10.91	7.57	1030	800	.86	2,500.00	289.00
Dallas.....	13	74	1757	1559	78	2448	1518	45	81	8.95	6.71	3535	3790	.25	11,495.88	1,035.93
Davis.....	17	88	8149	2946	95	5011	2663	71	79	7.80	5.10	4133	5400	.20	11,163.30	1,051.97
Decatur....	19	80	2169	2057	78	5005	1687	60	46	9.45	6.37	3733	3950	.27	14,851.46	2,115.53
Delaware....	20	113	2918	2671	117	4828	2746	47	154	8.57	5.49	7196	6823	.31	18,427.00	1,838.27
Des Moines..	15	87	4496	4229	91	5451	3182	61	121	8.84	6.68	4645	5584	.20	26,260.00	8,000.75
Dickinson..	3	7	114	95	5	108	72	3	4	5.83	4.56	240	260	.24	514.00	.....
Dubuque....	26	107	7086	6910	115	5904	5526	65	142	8.93	6.21	6306	7803	.19	89,346.61	1,748.14
Emmett.....	8	3	108	71	8	83	60	1	3	7.50	6.66	140	120	1.37	870.00	.....
Fayette....	27	143	3372	3191	141	4883	2944	66	180	7.72	5.37	8464	8485	.36	19,694.46	4,431.59
Floyd.....	11	60	1840	1265	59	2054	1190	22	87	9.45	5.83	8903	8351	.25	9,307.27	556.43
Franklin....	7	36	628	561	38	973	677	12	36	8.88	7.68	1872	1836	.44	7,042.25	967.43
Fremont....	10	54	1525	1397	47	1754	1050	35	39	10.80	7.40	2350	2439	.34	9,152.00	1,106.83
Greene.....	8	27	516	489	33	721	370	18	31	9.28	8.23	1543	1749	.62	5,948.25	594.54
Grundy....	11	37	529	473	37	821	487	23	41	7.30	5.96	2226	1845	.42	6,583.50	2,354.04
Guthrie....	12	52	960	866	50	1864	708	35	49	8.16	6.05	2654	2648	.24	8,098.00	1,025.88
Hamilton....	10	23	673	594	33	948	599	13	25	8.66	6.68	1590	1840	.48	6,027.50	703.98
Hancock....	4	6	81	75	6	123	74	0	5	10.31	8.87	724	698	1.00	2,766.00	264.74
Hardin....	17	73	1991	1852	76	2807	1887	44	90	9.17	7.81	1155	1005	.31	13,622.08	8,200.29
Harrison....	15	62	1458	1296	59	1940	1040	37	57	9.96	9.00	2621	2678	.87	12,347.50	1,468.60
Henry.....	17	94	4074	3828	95	6070	3345	68	135	9.29	6.53	5762	7145	.90	24,403.10	2,935.36

Howard.....	18	54	1004	875	53	1449	903	24	63	8.05	6.04	3639	3091	.35	.38	8,777.70	836.40
Humboldt.....	4	17	271	232	21	417	274	8	28	7.74	5.39	274	191	.57	.36	2,521.00	5.00
Ida.....	1	1	35	24	3	35	30	3	...	10.00	...	...	150	...	.33	250.00	...
Iowa.....	20	97	2472	2360	95	4029	2359	78	89	8.46	5.94	5338	5625	.20	.26	19,033.75	1,562.73
Jackson.....	25	136	4469	4263	145	4391	3282	87	159	7.33	4.86	8866	8546	.15	.19	20,760.50	3,054.60
Jasper.....	21	113	3960	3250	112	3229	1710	54	102	7.89	5.96	1175	994	.20	.24	13,200.00	621.69
Jefferson.....	17	86	3562	3214	88	4575	2676	60	95	7.54	5.41	4284	5668	.18	.18	14,799.63	648.60
Johnson.....	21	121	4330	4199	120	5374	3184	65	155	7.73	5.50	8045	7702	.22	.23	21,892.25	6,100.50
Jones.....	18	125	3538	3450	126	5588	3332	72	176	8.01	5.53	8015	8055	.19	.22	21,889.78	1,532.29
Keokuk.....	18	113	3463	3310	113	5012	2906	83	127	7.20	5.84	6013	7519	.24	.24	17,231.05	1,409.31
Kossuth.....	8	20	325	261	23	450	204	15	23	7.31	5.48	1235	1190	.65	.63	3,378.40	546.73
Lee.....	25	120	6576	6578	118	7436	5496	60	171	10.07	6.35	6926	7626	.25	.32	35,582.82	4,155.25
Linn.....	26	149	5351	5005	147	7358	4658	96	192	9.06	6.20	9297	9668	.20	.22	31,233.41	1,507.13
Louisa.....	17	71	2385	2139	79	3579	1954	55	88	9.28	7.36	4785	6305	.17	.19	17,086.75	1,487.39
Lucas.....	13	66	1758	1602	82	2261	1316	47	47	8.73	6.45	3564	3470	.36	.37	9,842.75	555.96
Madison.....	18	72	2203	2069	69	3850	1696	33	49	7.61	6.39	3763	3893	.26	.32	9,876.90	1,956.82
Mahaska.....	25	115	4068	3708	116	6754	3579	74	132	9.92	5.81	6805	7378	.25	.30	26,941.20	3,604.27
Marion.....	17	112	4538	4354	86	4641	2485	61	56	8.70	6.51	448	1170	.18	.22	14,761.81	...
Marshall.....	18	81	2562	2273	91	3660	2592	44	98	8.89	6.50	4986	4926	.22	.24	16,273.75	1,640.98
Mills.....	12	40	1234	1198	40	1922	1084	33	34	10.75	4.87	2345	1783	.33	.35	8,166.29	1,237.73
Mitchell.....	14	56	1352	1311	58	1755	1079	11	72	...	...	3715	2866	...	...	8,243.89	450.92
Monona.....	13	24	449	415	26	321	287	9	16	7.11	6.60	709	575	.35	.65	2,607.75	997.73
Monroe.....	14	78	2412	2235	71	3561	1914	43	74	7.90	5.64	3410	4030	.22	.23	10,324.50	1,264.18
Montgomery.....	7	28	460	426	23	740	421	14	16	12.05	5.57	1100	947	.35	.30	2,829.90	261.00
Muscatine.....	18	86	3943	3539	93	4837	2830	53	110	8.39	6.58	5139	6485	.22	.24	25,289.00	2,408.49
Page.....	15	52	1426	1338	52	2131	1306	47	46	10.22	7.14	2690	3430	.43	.40	12,246.09	975.59
Palo Alto.....	3	5	90	85	7	104	86	2	6	8.75	7.20	806	280	.59	.56	873.00	271.66
Plymouth.....	2	2	48	56	2	44	27	2	2	8.75	4.37	140	140	.20	.28	385.00	84.49
Pocahontas.....	2	6	177	115	3	142	71	3	5	10.00	6.00	260	280	.58	.51	1,081.00	1,419.73
Polk.....	22	100	3968	3749	106	5080	2789	70	91	10.60	6.96	3699	5959	.25	.29	24,144.89	2,688.03
Pottawattamie.....	13	43	1652	1645	48	1975	1089	42	39	11.08	8.29	2730	3430	.25	.29	12,839.76	1,743.01
Poweshiek.....	19	84	2208	1963	77	3192	1579	47	89	9.11	6.77	4246	4852	.30	.32	14,355.50	2,113.19
Ringgold.....	10	53	883	782	53	1345	877	36	46	7.69	5.86	2759	2786	.40	.47	7,095.00	821.70
Sac.....	3	5	111	127	5	161	92	6	6	11.36	5.87	361	560	.20	.34	1,832.00	400.00
Scott.....	30	91	6074	5919	92	6889	3671	46	125	10.67	7.78	1897	1704	.22	.21	40,541.57	17,574.57
Shelby.....	4	17	328	270	15	521	221	11	13	6.81	5.16	700	1129	.12	.11	2,816.66	48.11
Story.....	12	62	1622	1684	66	2317	1176	41	63	11.99	5.45	3259	3544	...	...	11,760.31	725.42
Tama.....	23	114	2895	2212	102	3886	2050	63	118	8.83	6.50	6830	6153	.33	.38	16,805.15	1,085.17

ABSTRACT E—CONTINUED.

NAME OF COUNTY.	1	2	3		4	5	6	7		8		9		10		11	12
	No. of Dist. Townships.	No. of Sub-Districts.	No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 years.		No. of Scholars in each county.	Number of Pupils attending School in the county.	Average Number who have been in attendance.	Number of Teachers in each Co.		Average Compensation of Teachers per week.		Aggregate number of days the county have been taught.		Average cost of Tuition per week for each pupil.		Aggregate amount paid Teachers during the year.	Amount of Teachers' Fund in the hands of District Treasurers.
			Males.	Females.				Males.	Females.	Summer.	Winter.	Summer.	Winter.				
Taylor.....	14	44	1063	941	45	1453	377	24	41	8.60	5.61	996	743	.37	.28	5,785.83	803.05
Union.....	10	43	813	763	46	1142	655	21	43	7.81	5.72	1855	2145	.38	.43	5,185.25	1,559.00
Van Buren.....	21	106	3780	3526	109	5036	2914	82	122	9.64	5.40	6005	6970	.21	.26	19,231.68	2,142.53
Wapello.....	21	88	4103	3725	105	4906	2932	63	96	9.49	6.10	4283	5155	.23	.23	19,542.68	3,479.85
Warren.....	19	103	2892	2751	96	3703	1816	78	91	8.44	5.87	5290	5530	.21	.28	18,507.82	.....
Washington	20	121	3854	3539	123	6005	808	66	164	7.98	5.18	6754	7143	.21	.28	19,472.60	1,252.69
Wayne.....	17	77	1812	1714	73	2875	1693	72	68	8.05	5.43	4263	5156	.32	.32	13,601.00	1,537.26
Webster	14	48	1257	1191	44	1696	913	31	89	8.52	5.88	2544	2114	.31	.35	8,764.75	626.12
Winnebago	4	10	165	153	10	216	155	4	9	9.60	5.94	546	600	.31	.25	1,593.00	210.00
Winneshiek	26	115	3956	3602	124	4755	2738	88	136	7.90	5.26	6419	6798	.20	.21	18,065.12	1,843.56
Woodbury.....	4	8	404	410	13	415	315	5	13	15.98	8.05	905	765	.37	.36	3,920.00	3,276.48
Worth.....	7	17	346	344	18	426	116	11	21	8.62	5.37	1169	1079	.58	.32	2,976.00	443.00
Wright.....	9	25	338	288	25	456	312	13	15	8.30	6.47	1850	1751	.46	.77	4,188.00	672.16
Total	1321	6168	192607	180362	6220	257281	148620	3676	6667	8.97	6.16	315948	332732	.34	.35	1,161,653.13	160,526.87

ABSTRACT E--CONTINUED.

NAME OF COUNTY.	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							21	22	23	Value of Appara- tus.		
	15				16		17					20	
	or building, repairing and furnish- ing School- Houses.	For District Library and Appa- raisals.	For rent of School- Houses.	For com- pensation of Secre- tary and Treasur- er.	For Teachers' Fund.								
Adair.....	\$ 980.60	\$ 619.26	\$ 90.95	\$ 574.70	\$ 385.67	\$ 1,618.45	\$ 2,609.78	810	\$1,800.00				
Adams.....	961.81	162.00	38.00	431.59	154.82	1,896.21	417.17	90	846.00				
Alamakee.....	8,687.05	325.00	84.00	1,434.17	596.85	9,010.98	4,241.20	6	1,459.10				
Appanoose.....	5,102.63	100.00	103.95	888.85	858.53	3,888.21	10,205.26	....	231.75			
Audubon.....	700.00	304.00	....	178.00	120.50	2,021.67	90.74	....	288.25		
Benton.....	20,448.91	1,333.70	282.90	3,808.66	836.20	20,915.38	7,281.20	1804	2,665.88				
Black Hawk.....	9,613.03	900.45	258.00	4,385.68	784.85	13,223.00	6,467.46	83	2,139.20				
Boone.....	8,810.24	274.53	234.00	1,249.82	275.23	7,653.51	4,600.13	....	414.90			
Bremer.....	6,265.60	631.60	278.60	1,331.23	810.67	7,601.03	3,687.58	65	1,100.60				
Buchanan.....	13,407.85	50.00	238.00	3,359.87	421.55	12,485.33	5,953.03	41	2,423.00				
Buena Vista.....	1,200.00	....	15.00	....	10.00	....	484.43	....	20.00		
Butler.....	4,325.77	825.00	219.25	1,816.70	553.53	8,073.98	1,771.43	64	1,973.00				
Calhoun.....	1,618.52	400.00	70.00	205.00	60.88	959.01	1,920.45	....	400.00			
Carroll.....	7,858.00	359.00	....	294.90	90.00	....	1,994.20	8	259.50		
Cass.....	1,890.63	215.80	....	872.10	318.30	2,241.28	1,887.50	....	524.50		
Cedar.....	8,079.54	159.00	105.75	3,769.93	642.65	14,661.61	7,585.55	....	787.00			
Cerro Gordo.....	2,983.73	314.12	149.85	1,908.43	835.00	1,870.79	2,383.86	328	1,051.50				
Cherokee.....	1,661.66	48.00	....	82.30	78.68	370.84	261.90	....	150.00		
Chickasaw.....	3,950.86	874.10	163.00	1,096.49	445.05	3,845.33	3,086.91	22	2,267.00				
Clarke.....	3,311.34	10.00	20.50	1,079.50	832.65	3,958.95	3,270.73	....	325.00			
Clay.....	235.20	....	20.00	42.50	20.00	241.00	897.27	17	25.00			
Clayton.....	12,727.57	714.15	194.60	2,668.57	855.11	19,923.48	5,101.08	....	3,243.50			
Clinton.....	20,075.83	566.14	257.50	3,910.79	743.54	7,024.17	17,684.90	17	1,123.00				
Crawford.....	8,530.00	1,486.00	35.00	862.00	87.00	2,543.00	165.60	80	630.00				
Dallas.....	7,669.28	99.00	72.50	889.63	322.07	6,411.25	5,789.73	40	10.00				
Davis.....	1,400.18	58.00	18.30	398.00	222.23	2,688.87	5,565.32	5	77.00				
Decatur.....	2,547.99	26.30	7.50	1,021.11	366.17	8,718.18	6,146.92	5	1,364.53				

ABSTRACT B—Continued.

NAME OF COUNTY.	13			14		AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							21	22	23
	Number of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School-Houses in each County.		15	16	17	18	19	20	Value of Appare- lus.	21	22	23
	15	16	17	18	19	For building, repairing, and furnish- ing School- Houses.	For District Library and Appa- ratus.	For rent of School- Houses.	Fuel.		For Teacher Fund.				
Delaware.....	15	4	83	\$ 60,579.55	\$ 1,883.25	\$ 10,563.73	\$ 1,883.25	\$ 174.00	\$ 3,095.28	\$ 616.00	\$ 12,090.91	\$ 8,759.88	24	24	8,351.00
Des Moines.....	19	11	47	80,075.00		13,701.07	890.00	302.00	2,297.85	539.80	16,880.56	13,907.99	....	....	607.00
Dickinson.....	....	....	1	750.00		45.00		24.00	43.20	8.00	57.72	70.28	....	....	....
Dubuque.....	13	16	57	202,805.25		20,833.48	262.95	78.25	4,096.56	1,656.40	21,728.85	21,822.60	169	169	2,061.00
Emmett.....	....	....	1	1,100.00		52.89		10.00	64.00		305.85	282.50	....	....	....
Fayette.....	10	6	81	57,650.75		16,239.06	1,342.54	838.60	2,380.29	789.72	11,597.88	6,256.54	2	2	1,240.00
Floyd.....	2	11	27	36,970.00		7,745.94	497.06	148.50	2,187.26	276.75	7,210.10	3,383.53	10	10	777.43
Franklin.....	2	2	23	20,618.00		4,650.97	570.40	20.00	1,196.43	488.35	2,306.00	1,282.83	3	3	593.50
Fremont.....	2	....	33	22,745.00		8,045.26	725.65	50.00	689.04	210.00	5,027.27	3,933.71	54	54	799.55
Greene.....	....	....	24	17,800.00		2,969.29			894.92	187.00	3,995.01	4,926.07	700	700	30.00
Grundy.....	....	....	34	21,145.00		2,868.82	589.86	50.00	887.43	404.83	3,436.68	3,049.93	4	4	471.60
Guthrie.....	5	....	42	23,875.00		1,590.27	20.00	100.00	1,171.03	341.50	5,869.11	3,987.59	161	161	607.50
Hamilton.....	1	....	27	19,394.50		2,903.87	60.00	24.00	643.86	298.70	3,996.54	1,858.48	36	36	835.00
Hancock.....	....	....	13	9,500.00		3,153.85	837.60	10.00	328.30	264.00	1,783.07	1,172.86	580	580	325.00
Hardin.....	4	4	51	39,040.00		7,453.84	212.25	838.55	1,748.01	425.50	9,429.93	6,017.82	33	33	1,059.00
Harrison.....	8	....	44	23,483.00		10,617.04	859.70	37.00	856.55	387.05	9,389.44	3,763.81	81	81	1,707.80
Henry.....	17	3	64	79,010.00		15,486.62	305.08	140.00	2,195.45	657.41	13,833.56	8,748.44	284	284	874.00
Howard.....	....	....	38	26,575.00		2,717.54	773.95	284.00	1,191.17	485.50	3,863.20	1,756.39	8	8	1,128.00
Humboldt.....	1	....	11	8,965.00		1,969.81	96.00	15.00	418.00	117.00	1,842.06	873.48	....	....	448.00
Ida.....	....	....	1	1,200.00		100.00		15.00	50.00		500.00	350.00	20	20	....
Iowa.....	10	1	60	46,686.50		5,890.53	253.00		2,077.46	2,077.46	13,103.26	5,870.19	124	124	923.00
Jackson.....	13	10	78	62,853.50		7,177.71	1,536.21	97.00	2,306.80	780.90	6,778.03	9,437.36	60	60	2,160.00
Jasper.....	7	1	73	50,735.80		6,937.56	623.40	965.00	1,868.07	426.50	7,215.50	8,119.33	107	107	1,140.00
Jefferson.....	5	....	64	32,393.00		7,691.56		203.00	1,623.38	272.60	4,968.32	5,143.05	636	636	455.00
Johnson.....	6	8	33	95,092.45		10,040.86	336.59	34.00	2,692.48	801.19	10,109.86	9,505.48	4	4	835.00
Jones.....	8	1	107	67,130.00		14,920.38	14.36	42.50	2,537.50	615.53	11,832.72	7,087.08	....	....	2,323.00
Keokuk.....	4	2	65	44,919.26		14,737.23	75.00	149.00	1,861.93	485.05	7,833.11	7,730.47	800	800	308.00

Kossuth.....	1	14	10,100.00	1,722.53	348.79	156.00	546.17	221.12	3,666.82	1,158.15	527	410.00
Lee.....	30	63	102,940.00	33,373.54	314.70	700.67	3,830.93	817.00	735.03	15,632.60	...	1,139.00
Linn.....	33	110	90,890.00	9,242.41	31.00	236.40	3,661.61	1,236.34	12,787.56	12,421.55	80	492.00
Louisa.....	8	53	37,525.00	7,371.09	264.50	130.00	2,346.55	520.00	9,402.58	5,526.56	...	1,225.80
Lucas.....	3	54	20,135.00	2,216.01	81.30	...	1,082.74	337.05	7,335.24	3,793.46	240	...
Madison.....	12	45	30,196.50	8,416.84	654.04	54.50	712.80	488.58	6,040.06	4,444.35	227	1,303.40
Mahaska.....	10	83	63,745.00	13,120.14	1,259.86	391.90	2,567.23	632.00	16,734.88	11,554.27	21	1,285.00
Marion.....	8	63	51,656.00	6,194.26	...	81.50	886.45	446.00	...	7,130.02	...	...
Marshall.....	14	53	40,255.00	4,398.95	180.50	37.87	1,931.65	339.00	7,840.21	5,106.24	...	410.00
Mills.....	2	84	16,035.00	4,856.03	52.00	150.00	711.56	227.31	4,521.53	3,358.23	7	576.00
Mitchell.....	6	35	26,000.00	9,462.07	275.20	18.52	744.55	318.00	3,011.13	3,145.67	...	978.50
Monona.....	2	18	9,050.00	1,003.86	68.00	...	135.75	27.50	...	1,012.00	40	168.00
Monroe.....	2	45	20,680.00	2,644.32	807.41	35.00	777.21	176.50	4,140.26	4,839.26	112	861.41
Montgomery.....	2	15	10,790.00	3,199.52	118.40	14.00	320.40	51.00	487.24	944.52	8	175.00
Muscatine.....	11	63	47,875.00	13,802.38	66.90	1,181.33	3,800.56	450.44	16,823.75	9,599.38	318	903.30
Page.....	3	34	31,699.00	5,975.95	743.00	54.00	1,391.64	405.16	9,128.69	3,257.95	5	1,811.25
Palo Alto.....	...	...	2,416.00	1,447.63	105.00	...	120.05	77.15	504.36	611.25	4	206.70
Plymouth.....	...	2	800.00	99.26	14.75	...	113.25	23.00	181.73	215.00	4	75.00
Pocahontas.....	1	4	10,075.00	150.80	...	6.00	150.94	110.00	930.00	4,111.59	...	325.00
Polk.....	5	71	81,275.00	6,712.54	25.00	416.65	2,169.59	811.54	4,920.57	12,175.13	79	515.00
Pottawattamie.....	19	23	63,814.00	11,710.49	444.00	16.00	1,614.58	617.40	6,934.34	4,712.08	311	2,147.93
Poweshiek.....	1	66	41,135.00	6,069.35	584.14	106.50	1,819.81	623.93	7,402.69	8,122.31	3	1,032.50
Ringgold.....	...	40	16,750.00	2,814.49	585.43	30.00	596.69	259.80	4,914.78	6,754.04	45	829.50
Sac.....	1	7	7,800.00	1,345.73	46.00	120.00	297.96	76.50	2,545.70	146.00	150	32.00
Scott.....	13	73	155,682.00	50,640.21	172.00	140.00	4,332.44	1,721.70	29,044.93	16,464.22	249	2,044.00
Shelby.....	8	7	8,100.00	2,774.50	...	3.00	171.60	118.50	539.53	1,469.65	...	360.00
Story.....	5	54	36,827.00	10,330.68	1,788.75	15.00	1,678.65	595.77	10,185.61	6,201.12	...	2,277.75
Tama.....	2	84	43,535.00	9,087.24	68.00	289.50	2,583.20	721.30	8,120.40	6,419.68	...	261.40
Taylor.....	1	30	21,021.00	1,113.52	169.00	29.00	257.50	92.75	3,890.95	2,551.31	131	255.00
Union.....	...	29	15,015.00	275.19	509.13	47.00	540.32	237.61	2,098.79	3,372.61	...	1,176.88
Van Buren.....	14	67	45,865.00	12,690.65	599.50	220.00	1,147.14	431.10	12,866.49	7,356.66	6	789.75
Wapello.....	9	44	69,043.00	12,254.16	616.39	738.00	1,087.98	433.05	10,861.49	10,438.31	6	150.00
Warren.....	3	71	29,925.00	8,909.00	...	...	...	...	12,090.00	5,186.00	...	1,140.00
Washington.....	6	101	73,174.80	12,908.86	400.00	93.50	3,812.66	596.81	9,788.00	8,267.10	1	569.27
Wayne.....	...	61	25,020.00	4,448.94	338.00	70.00	1,652.69	372.00	7,469.07	4,065.96	...	1,275.25
Webster.....	1	15	19,233.00	6,846.84	...	177.00	753.60	473.10	5,535.26	3,305.73	1	295.00
Winnebago.....	4	5	9,808.00	2,355.00	100.00	36.00	441.00	226.00	857.00	852.35	...	200.00
Winnebuck.....	5	64	48,300.00	11,923.42	309.50	222.00	2,817.78	511.80	9,801.13	6,498.17	23	1,452.50

ABSTRACT E—CONTINUED.

[F.]
REPORTS

Of County Superintendents to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for the period beginning October 5, 1866, and ending October 4, 1867, by District Townships.

ADAIR COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8		9		10	11	
	No. of Sub-Districts.	No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 yrs.		No. of Schools in each District.	No. of pupils attending school in the District.	Average No. who have been in attendance.	No. of Teachers in each District.	Average compensation of Teachers per week.		Aggregate No. of days the District have been taught.		Average cost of tuition per week for each pupil.		Aggregate amount paid teachers during the year.	Amount of Teachers' Funds in hands of District Treasurers.
		Males.	Females.					Male.	Female.	Summer.	Winter.	Summer.	Winter.		
Summerset.....	1	20	22	1	52	35	1	15 00	\$7.50	60	80	.....	.....	\$ 665 51	\$
Harrison.....	4	54	57	5	111	60	3	8.33	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	380 00	.....
Grove.....	1	6	11	.....	.....	12	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	84 00	.....
Grand River.....	4	35	39	5	89	26	1	7 50	3.12	120	310	.....	.....	435 00	270.00
Jackson.....	4	44	26	1	47	33	2	7.00	6.13	810	300	.....	.....	825.50	.....
Richland.....	2	39	27	2	37	13	3	.....	3.78	140	160	.....	.....	340.00	.....
Walnut.....	1	11	7	1	9	7	2	8.15	.....	80	70	.....	.....	242 50	458 50
Washington.....	4	87	79	4	150	70	7	4.29	.....	220	314	.....	.....	1,602 00	.....
Jefferson.....	2	26	27	2	52	30	1	10.00	10.00	60	60	.....	.....	400 00	.....
Greenfield.....	1	25	26	4	101	43	5	14.37	5 00	260	220	.....	.....	1,035.35	.....
Total.....	24	347	321	25	598	328	19	9.33	5.79	1250	1514	.....	.....	6,009.86	723.50

ADAMS COUNTY.

Union	4	42	29	4	2	54	12	4	8.00	8.31	245	235	3.02	1.64	678.00	.....
Colony.....	1	18	12	1	1	24	14	1	16.25	5.42	60	80	.49	1.00	327.50	40.21
Carl.....	3	36	22	2	2	48	28	2	8.13	6.25	120	120	.10	.16	345.00	.....
Queen City.....	3	48	52	4	6	100	13	1	5	6.25	140	220	.80	.90	440.00	180.00

Reports--F--Continued. Adams County--Continued.

Total.....	10	28	538	498	81	748	870	22	81	9	41	0.33	1470	1685	.60	.47	5,201.00	477.07
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ALLAMAKEE COUNTY.

Center.....	8	149	148	8	274	60	4	10	6	25	5	76	320	580	.16	.20	880.00
Fairview.....	4	121	116	4	158	88	1	4	8	75	7	17	240	320	.37	.75	748.20
French Creek.....	6	181	148	6	150	116	2	4	5	00	3	00	357	60	.16	.20	698.75	.....
Hanover.....	8	74	67	8	140	68	2	4	7	00	7	00	180	280	.11	.16	512.00	.....
Franklin.....	9	161	174	9	848	216	3	9	6	00	4	25	380	800	.14	.17	628.50	165.28
Iowa.....	8	76	45	8	112	68	1	4	5	00	5	00	160	240	.16	.22	447.50	.....
Jefferson.....	6	291	179	6	269	222	4	5	7	45	4	93	326	488	.25	.31	938.00	.....
Ludlow.....	9	187	175	9	261	129	4	18	7	00	5	00	561	880	.25	.38	1892.00	.....
Linton.....	6	150	182	6	260	120	5	6	7	00	4	79	360	400	.37	.41	947.00	.....
Lafayette.....	7	198	203	7	342	225	5	5	8	66	5	23	288	460	.33	.19	1017.00	13.83
Lansing.....	4	128	107	4	181	16	5	8	6	25	5	00	60	80	.20	.16	696.00	558.05
Makee.....	6	179	140	6	245	190	1	8	6	00	5	29	248	343	.18	.12	548.00	.....
Palmt Creek.....	7	281	197	7	61	28	7	7	8	75	4	18	60	60	.15	.15	1,085.00	.....
Post.....	9	161	190	9	263	146	6	11	0	88	4	89	640	500	.36	.45	1,200.00	.....
Taylor.....	7	213	213	7	330	195	3	7	8	37	0	33	100	520	.26	.31	1,040.00	.....

Union City.....	6	93	78	4	79	17	4	5	5 00	5 00	120	...	.28	...	180.00	.....
Union Prairie.....	6	147	156	5	209	106	4	6	6 26	4 44	240	300	.18	.21	616.00	.....
Waterloo.....	5	127	142	8	56	40	..	1	...	6 75	6	...	.13	...	444.00	.....
Harper's Ferry (Ind.) ..	1	49	49	1	61	48	1	..	10 00	...	60	...	1 26	...	120.00	.....
N ^o 2 Lycurgus (Ind.).....	1	59	59	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Hardin (Ind.).....	1	64	52	1	170	90	..	2	...	5 00	...	90	...	...	300.00	.....
Lansing (Ind.).....	1	241	242	1	351	226	1	8	19 05	7 16	127	68	.19	.19	1,702 50	229.15
Postville (Ind.).....	1	60	54	1	92	55	..	1	...	8 75	60	...	...	.10	210.00	.....
Village Creek (Ind.) ..	1	63	73	1	76	44	1	1	8 75	6 25	55	60	.13	.08	180.00	65.00
Waukon (Ind.).....	1	146	164	1	275	223	1	2	6 25	5 00	...	188	...	.12	468.00	.....
Total.....	25	118	3490	3296	112	4748	2719	65	121	7 76	4963	5696	.26	.24	16,924 45	1,030.80

APPANOOSE COUNTY.

Belle Air....	5	185	118	5	210	72	4	4	8 33	7 50	246	296	.34	.25	666.00	100.00
Center.....	6	163	116	6	269	113	6	5	9 17	8 33	360	360	.21	.30	960.00	24.00
Chariton.....	6	168	154	4	212	115	6	3	6 26	6 96	238	226	.38	.26	787.75	...
Caldwell.....	8	217	206	8	516	135	3	13	5 00	4 50	660	300	.25	.14	942.00	...
Douglas.....	4	116	125	4	160	90	2	3	6 38	4 81	140	180	.17	.13	344.00	180.75
Franklin.....	8	154	143	8	208	145	3	7	7 72	4 43	330	230	.21	.30	491.00	67.83
Independence.....	8	223	186	8	392	175	12	1	5 15	4 50	460	325	.24	.21	1,206.00	49.97
Johns.....	6	195	203	6	398	86	6	6	7 50	5 25	360	360	.20	.24	900.00	...
Pleasant.....	8	156	115	5	155	78	1	4	8 65	3 05	296	...	.13	...	216.00	361.78
Lincoln.....	6	113	111	5	172	93	1	6	6 25	5 40	230	240	.30	.36	503.00	308.68
Sharon.....	3	109	83	6	180	70	6	..	6 25	...	120	180	.23	.21	320.00	...
Taylor.....	6	189	178	4	161	101	7	1	6 25	4 20	240	300	.22	.24	673.00	312.51
Union.....	7	175	144	7	233	132	4	4	7 16	5 08	240	320	.19	.16	554.00	118.68
Udell.....	6	168	143	5	206	101	2	3	7 13	5 31	300	60	.21	.21	556.00	106.98
Washington.....	9	233	204	9	391	171	6	5	8 66	4 70	235	600	.24	.30	900.00	.....
Wells.....	6	184	158	4	348	194	5	2	6 87	5 00	180	246	.26	.23	526.00	...
Walnut	4	124	133	4	175	112	2	3	8 01	5 00	60	185	.23	.15	330.66	400.00
Centerville (Ind.)	1	162	158	1	230	215	2	2	22 00	12 00	...	120	...	.16	544.00	244.80
Cincinnati (Ind.)	1	55	59	1	83	62	1	2	7 50	5 00	60	...	.20	...	150.00	...
Unionville (Ind.)	1	70	66	1	120	93	2	...	30 00	...	60	60	.30	.30	730.00	187.40
Total.....	20	109	3107	2802	101	4819	2353	81	74	8 76	4795	4588	.24	.23	12,339.41	3,413.33

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

AUDUBON COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	No. of Districts.	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11	
		No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 yrs.		No. of schools in each District.		No. of pupils attending schools in the District.		Average No. in attendance.		No. of Teachers in each District.		Average compensation of teachers per week.		Aggregate No. of days the District have been taught.		Average cost of Tuition per week for each pupil.		Aggregate amount paid teachers during the year.		Amount of Teachers' Fund in hands of District Treasurer.			
Audubon.....	2	35	34	4	39	24	2	2	2	2	2	\$7.50	\$3.25	282	156	\$.30	\$.24	\$ 275.00	\$ 386.75				
Exira	2	65	56	8	121	...	1	3	300	240	.45	4.25	300	240	.47	475.00	484.65						
Oakfield.....	3	62	74	8	136	20	2	2	300	160	.21	7.50	300	160	.19	790.00	250.00						
Total.....	7	162	164	10	296	44	5	7	882	556	.32	6.00	882	556	.30	1,540.00	1,121.40						

BENTON COUNTY.

Polk ..	11	252	217	10	318	196	2	13	5 62	4 82	510	485	.14	.18	1,119 50	6.27
Big Grove.....	9	140	105	6	146	84	4	8	6.25	5.25	325	415	.51	.40	843.75	
Kane.....	6	59	50	8	87	55	..	7	...	5.50	320	320	.56	.52	640.00	
Cedar.....	7	176	163	7	308	152	6	9	6 04	5.25	458	446	.15	.18	962.50	
Taylor.....	8	172	172	8	295	158	5	7	7.50	7.35	560	560	.22	.20	1,665.00	184.25
Florence.....	9	191	181	16	353	251	3	15	6.37	4.45	720	612	.19	.19	1,474.00	383.88
Bruce.....	4	76	64	4	180	97	2	4	7.18	5.25	220	234	.38	.30	568.50	115.18
Harrison.....	5	109	107	5	128	58	1	4	6.25	5.75	440	380	.20	.20	900.00	554.59
St. Clair.....	5	112	95	5	149	88	4	6	6.00	5.50	420	440	.18	.19	1,200.00	50.00
Leroy.....	8	135	135	8	240	126	4	10	7.50	5.50	480	500	.18	.20	1,197.00	358.07
Fremont.....	6	102	108	6	210	189	6	6	7.00	5.00	360	360	.11	.18	864.00	800.00
Canton.....	11	297	264	11	409	214	6	11	6.40	5.62	800	850	.14	.14	1,890.00	65.00
Eldorado.....	6	99	53	5	151	87	1	7	5.00	5.00	240	240	.40	.44	476.00	84.00
Iowa.....	10	157	116	10	815	159	6	11	10.00	6.90	610	610	.20	.24	1,841.00	
Union.....	8	116	68	8	84	57	3	4	8.00	7.50	240	320	.30	.31	881.00	
Homer.....	8	88	86	4	24	21	1	6	7.50	6.00	180	277	.58	.84	560.00	

Jackson.....	9	176	135	5	83	44	5	5	8.81	6.25	300	435	.22	.20	1,082.00	.....
Eden.....	8	150	125	6	223	120	6	4	6.66	5.50	297	349	.34	.29	794.30	.....
Monroe.....	6	10	8	5	137	83	3	6	6.77	6.65	440	280	.28	.28	987.00	75.00	
Benton.....	7	165	170	7	320	195	1	6	7.50	6.00	40	420	.22	.22	1,008.00	102.00	
Belle Plaine (Ind.).....	1	145	156	1	274	128	1	1	15.00	10.00	40	80	.20	.20	620.00	203.64	
Vinton (Ind.).....	1	289	343	1	564	426	2	3	20.00	10.00	160	90	.18	.28	2,400.00	.....
Blairstown (Ind.).....	1	117	141	3	182	119	1	2	10.00	7.50	80	80	.16	.21	700.00	.....
Total.....	23	144	3278	3011	144	5175	3057	73	155	8.06	6.20	8170	8763	.26	.27	24,673.55	2,426.33

BLACK HAWK COUNTY.

Waterloo (Ind.).....	1	313	350	1	1136	800	1	6	31.58	8.98	110	80	.16	...	3,217.50	.....
East Waterloo (Ind.).....	1	243	308	4	304	195	1	5	25.00	9.82	100	100	.17	.18	2,450.00	.....
Eagle.....	8	60	66	4	97	59	3	7	7.93	5.72	72	49	.32	.33	654.75	93.44	
Union.....	4	81	89	4	30	20	..	4	...	5.00	00	80	.23	.27	560.00	100.00	
Big Creek.....	4	185	159	3	431	211	2	4	8.12	9.56	210	180	.12	.17	671.25	98.09	
Waterloo.....	4	73	80	4	153	75	2	6	9.38	6.78	340	235	.24	.31	910.37	726.51	
Spring Creek.....	5	187	148	5	313	192	3	5	7.08	5.69	240	250	.26	.24	543.00	.....
Burclay.....	6	152	144	6	155	69	2	10	7.50	4.75	460	420	.21	.21	1,014.00	418.03	
Cedar City (Ind.).....	1	72	69	1	81	37	1	..	12.50	...	...	...	.15	...	150.00	.....
Orange.....	7	134	114	7	258	167	5	8	...	...	440	360	...	...	895.00	.....
Washington.....	4	101	96	4	226	132	3	6	6.94	4.22	280	240	.16	.25	522.66	48.03	
Black Hawk.....	4	108	93	4	195	49	3	5	6.25	6.25	80	80	.14	.14	500.00	266.66	
Cedar Falls.....	8	103	97	6	200	32	..	6	...	6.25	330	385	.16	.38	837.50	1,047.20	
Poyner.....	7	154	166	7	245	153	6	9	6.66	4.06	420	440	.27	.40	1,086.66	.....
Cedar.....	6	117	106	11	275	165	7	4	6.65	3.75	560	280	.20	.25	872.50	199.72	
Lester.....	7	143	131	7	287	141	2	9	5.68	5.68	290	360	.16	.18	740.00	.....
Cedar Falls (Ind.).....	1	579	565	1	973	508	3	7	17.92	8.75	585	...	.22	.32	4,450.00	2,074.54
Mt. Vernon.....	9	149	123	9	232	127	4	11	5.50	5.50	630	480	.13	.20	1,278.00	.....
Bennington.....	9	102	67	4	95	59	..	8	...	5.00	320	400	.80	.28	728.00	.....
Lincoln.....	4	24	24	4	36	15	..	4	...	5.00	180	240	.42	.43	587.00	500.00	
East Waterloo.....	8	143	146	6	223	126	5	7	10.64	5.46	435	390	.19	.25	1,010.00	4,350.00	
Fox ..	6	84	85	6	135	71	1	8	...	6.31	400	340	.25	.38	901.00	.....
Total ..	22	114	3307	3225	108	6080	3403	54	139	10.96	6.12	6542	5389	.21	.27	24,609.09	9,920.22

Reports of County Superintendents—P—Continued.

BOONE COUNTY.

BREMER COUNTY.

Dayton.....	4	73	60	4	117	75	4	.....	4.09	120	240	.....	.46	420.00	.....	18.00
Douglas..	6	92	59	4	78	49	4	.....	4.75	60	278	.....	.41	.....	.....	.....
Fremont..	5	79	06	5	120	74	4	6.56	4.08	800	272	.....	.85	654.50	.....	.....
Franklin..	5	108	75	5	180	98	5	7.50	5.00	840	840	.....	.80	681.00	.....	60.93
Fredrica..	5	86	71	5	91	68	5	.....	5.50	845	985	.....	.82	694.50	.....	.....
Horton (Ind).....	1	53	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.31	.....	.....	.....
Jackson..	0	108	131	186	180	190	5	6.50	5.00	299	400	.....	.18	690.00	.....	.....
													.93			

Janesville (Ind.)	1	83	85	1	77	48	1	2	12.50	6 00	60	60	.18	.14	294.00	.....
Jefferson	5	146	129	5	201	107	7	2	7.20	5.60	340	240	.39	.81	837.00	.....
Leroy	3	59	53	3	101	53	3	4	7.50	5.41	180	210	.21	.27	566.00	.....
Lafayette	8	128	122	8	265	189	3	6	7.50	6.55	560	458	.26	.30	1,265.00	7.50
Maxfield	3	114	88	2	112	55	2	...	8.65	.....	160	220	.50	.80	585.00	72.61
Polk	9	143	133	8	256	165	4	4	6.25	4.64	499	516	.25	.40	1,048.00	.....
Sumner	6	91	70	6	87	76	2	4	7.68	5.87	300	279	.27	.89	730.00	.....
Washington	7	193	165	6	242	124	4	5	8.17	6.13	360	310	.23	.26	838.00	.....
Warren	5	123	104	5	173	103	1	4	5.50	5.25	299	117	.22	.23	866.00	141.30
Waverly (Ind.)	1	349	330	6	467	334	1	5	16.25	8.75	49	73	.13	.11	1,549.00	307.00
Total	80	2002	1766	79	2703	1682	37	64	8.29	5.51	4171	4198	.26	.32	11,288.00	607.36

BUCHANAN COUNTY.

Buffalo	4	65	46	8	119	46	2	4	7.50	5.66	237	199	.21	.33	441.00	146.68
Byron	9	182	150	9	257	160	6	11	7.90	6.81	585	530	.29	.28	1,534.25	.....
Cono	6	77	72	6	114	...	5	6	6.91	6.25	818	350	.24	...	800.00	.....
Fairbank	7	190	171	7	361	...	3	11	6.56	5.94	420	520	.12	.13	1,099.50	555.44
Fremont	6	79	64	6	100	70	1	7	7.50	5.17	380	360	.58	.51	928.00	.....
Homer	2	44	60	2	67	26	1	2	7.00	6.00	160	120	.24	.28	340.00	.....
Hazleton	9	112	135	6	115	84	3	8	7.50	5.59	380	360	.35	.35	900.50	.....
Jefferson	8	182	154	7	235	144	5	8	7.29	5.50	403	420	...	...	1,120.50	.....
Liberty	6	100	104	6	209	100	1	4	8.75	6.34	480	480	.40	.28	718.00	27 00
Madison	8	106	111	5	129	105	3	6	6.25	4.30	400	320	.11	.19	919.92	24 00
Middlefield	4	100	103	4	85	...	...	6	...	5.00	240	280	...	...	560.00	.....
Newton	8	190	176	8	286	136	2	6	5.62	5.07	447	360	.28	.15	945.25	20.37
Perry	6	140	116	5	280	198	1	7	7.50	5.63	320	280	.39	.32	740.00	34.20
Sumner	4	74	55	4	79	47	1	5	7.50	6.87	300	140	.48	.30	625.00	275.88
Washington	8	164	172	7	203	134	1	14	8.13	6.25	640	560	.35	.86	1,541.10	500.00
Westburg	5	46	46	5	49	33	3	5	8.75	4.22	800	180	.42	1.00	615.00	5.00
Independence (Ind.)	1	866	429	2	231	124	...	6	...	9.00	160	160	.07	.07	660.00	728 50
Jessup (Ind.)	1	86	70	3	144	80	...	5	...	7.00	240	180	.18	.13	507.00	7.00
Fairbank (Ind.)	1	61	64	1	106	44	...	2	...	6.25	80	...	.12	...	...	.....
Quasqueton (Ind.)	1	119	122	3	150	92	...	3	...	6.66	240	...	.21	...	320.00	.....
Total	20	104	2483	99	3319	1623	88	126	7.37	5.95	6730	5799	.28	.31	15,310 02	2,823.97

Reports of County Superintendents—P—Continued.

BUENA VISTA COUNTY.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Albion.....	7	143	182	7	132	78	3	6	6.50	4.82	250	213	\$ 45	\$.43	712 00	.....
Bennezetle.....	4	25	18	3	44	23	1	4	6.25	4.75	180	240	.62	.75	444 00	83.81
Butler.....	7	131	123	7	254	148	2	10	6.25	6.25	480	480	.35	.50	1,225 00	48.83
Beaver.....	8	108	162	7	243	187	8	6	9.00	4.85	483	501	.26	.19	1,335 00	.....
Clarksville (Ind.).....	1	82	92	1	170	150	1	2	20.00	8.75	120	80	1.00	1.00	1,500.00	.....
Coldwater.....	4	94	95	4	115	84	3	5	5.75	6.37	240	295	.28	.24	626 50	.....
Dayton.....	4	55	58	4	60	46	..	4	.....	5.33	240	180	1.09	1.00	518 00	.....
Fremont.....	4	44	51	4	75	47	..	6	.....	5.00	75	300	1.80	.39	480 00	300.00
Jackson.....	5	04	77	4	102	73	1	6	9.37	6.29	75	165	1.35	.46	638 00	.....
Jefferson.....	6	82	105	5	118	85	3	6	7.00	5.45	430	280	.42	.64	760.00	.....
Monroe.....	4	83	71	3	98	56	..	7	...	6.20	219	280	.35	.18	691.25	.....
Madison.....	8	84	27	2	21	15	..	8	.....	8.90	60	120	.37	.37	246.00	.....
Pittsford.....	5	87	72	5	69	57	1	9	6.25	6.15	361	329	.55	.00	874 00	.....
Shellock.....	6	163	171	6	243	161	8	9	7.84	7.11	480	880	.16	.18	1,174.80	.....
Ripley.....	3	29	31	3	59	19	1	5	5.00	5.00	180	190	.51	.49	380.00	90.00
West Point.....	1	44	30	1	74	34	1	1	7.00	5.00	60	80	.10	.14	192.00	116.60
Washington.....	1	35	27	2	62	33	1	8	8.50	5.25	104	200	.86	.86	540 00	32.14
Total.....	73	1392	1111	63	1944	1245.24	91	91	\$4.05	\$5.07	4,187	4,173	.53	.45	12,337.05	\$670.77

CALHOUN COUNTY.

Calhoun.....	5	88	70	4	145	97	1	2	12.00	5.50	280	270	.37	.84	1,222.00	1,062.00
Lincoln.....	4	46	45	1	20	12	..	1	....	5.00	80	....	.80	....	80.00	....
Total.....	9	134	115	5	165	109	8	8	12.00	5.25	340	270	.54	.64	1,302.00	1,062.00

CARROLL COUNTY.

Newton.....	4	42	28	8	41	21	6	..	11.87	....	180	180	.16	.37	895.00	....
Union.....	4	52	54	4	....	....	6	1	....	....	180	180	....	....	1,110.00	....
Jasper.....	3	68	70	8	40	40	8	1	11.66	....	240	180	.54	....	1,065.00	....
Total.....	11	161	152	10	81	61	15	2	11.76	....	600	520	.85	.37	3,070.00	....

CASS COUNTY.

Cass.....	9	185	109	7	171	103	5	7	8.50	5.50	340	380	.29	.36	945.00	....
Lewis (Ind).....	1	79	82	2	140	100	1	1	18.75	6.25	120	80	.17	.10	965.00	160.88
Edna.....	4	57	48	7	92	75	1	6	6.25	5.41	300	420	.40	.44	855.00	....
Pymosa.....	7	83	78	7	156	69	2	4	7.00	5.62	420	420	.25	.81	1,060.50	100.00
Grant.....	3	45	36	3	81	84	..	3	....	7.36	220	200	.65	.65	610.00	....
Union.....	1	19	8	4	21	16	1	3	10.00	6.25	240	160	3.34	1.28	465.00	....
Turkey Grove.....	7	130	118	6	219	116	4	8	7.95	6.98	220	530	.45	.46	1,123.00	74.65
Brighton.....	1	21	28	1	32	20	..	1	....	6.25	80	....	.81	....	100.00	....
Total.....	33	563	492	37	912	532	14	28	9.74	6.19	1940	2169	.73	.51	6,122.50	335.53

CEDAR COUNTY.

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Cedar County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	No. of Pop-Dis-		No. of pe- sons be- tween th ages of 1 and 21 yr						
	1	2		No. of Males	No. of Females	Total	Average Age	Value of Real Estate	Value of Personal Property
Inland.....	7	161	18	79	82	161	18.0	\$1,181.00	\$266.65
Farmington.....	9	181	13	90	91	181	13.0	1,181.00	266.65
Sugar Creek.....	4	144	12	70	74	144	12.0	774.00	90.67
Rochester.....	6	172	17	86	86	172	17.0	574.70	92.00
Iowa.....	9	197	18	98	99	197	18.0	1,050.00	254.88
Springdale.....	7	192	18	96	96	192	18.0	2,790.00	354.88
Gower.....	8	156	19	78	78	156	19.0	1,875.25	254.88
Cass.....	5	121	9	60	61	121	9.0	445.00	90.67
Linn.....	4	78	6	39	39	78	6.0	860.00	90.67
Red Oak.....	7	148	15	74	74	148	15.0	860.00	90.67
Center.....	19	370	380	185	185	370	38.0	860.00	90.67
Tipton (Ind.).....	1	228	245	114	111	225	24.0	156.00	55.98
Loudon (Ind.).....	1	66	44	33	33	66	44.0	156.00	55.98
Mechanicsville (Ind.).....	1	118	135	59	59	118	135.0	156.00	55.98
Clarence (Ind.).....	1	87	98	43	43	87	98.0	156.00	55.98
Springdale (Ind.).....	1	86	81	42	42	86	81.0	156.00	55.98
Total.....	128	8447	8101	4127	4024	8151	81.0	28,421.47	1,818.55

CERRO GORDO COUNTY.

[illegible]

Genesee.....	4	23	33	4	47	31	3	5	6.25	5.63	85	80	.81	1.00	880.00	71.00
Lincoln.....	1	87	48	5	73	42	2	9	5.62	5.12	80	80	.53	.76	844.00	.....
Portland.....	3	80	20	8	50	80	1	9	8.75	5.00	80	80	.85	.48	300.00	.....
Total.....	8	486	409	87	657	434	15	51	7.67	6.80	595	660	.62	.66	7,377.50	788.00

CHEROKEE COUNTY.

CHICKASAW COUNTY.

Bradford.....	6	199	214	8	188	132	4	7	6.12	6.86	60	60	.15	.15	948.00	28.18
Chickasaw.....	7	189	99	7	166	105	6	6	6.45	4.41	60	60	.08	.09	868.00	.....
Chickasaw (Ind).....	1	74	70	2	79	55	..	2	10.00	6.00	60	..	.08	.09	192.00	.....
Dayton.....	5	80	61	5	141	162	..	5	..	4.73	60	60	.47	..	557.75	126.50
Deerfield.....	8	70	81	8	102	67	4	7	6.25	4.50	60	60	.37	.24	678.00	.....
Dresden.....	4	69	77	4	175	125	3	4	5.86	5.17	60	60	.16	.19	450.00	40.85
Fredericksburg.....	4	94	93	4	137	98	1	3	11.25	7.46	80	70	.20	.22	688.00	228.45
Jacksonville.....	6	188	133	6	253	78	6	8	5.89	5.78	68	60	.50	.50	882.50	.....
New Hampton.....	5	62	61	5	123	109	8	7	5.66	6.52	64	65	.43	.36	857.31	.....
.....	1	69	60	2	129	100	2	2	9.00	5.00	70	80	.22	.34	524.00	.....
.....	1	89	71	1	118	106	2	3	10.00	5.66	80	60	.11	.14	444.00	.....
.....	4	91	93	4	124	81	3	4	6.52	5.35	80	80	.18	.20	741.00	.....
Stapleton.....	4	89	77	4	90	40	3	5	7.13	4.56	70	80	.32	.32	770.00	.....
Utica.....	5	144	135	5	239	163	4	6	6.46	5.69	68	60	.21	.22	820.50	.....
Washington.....	6	96	86	6	167	89	4	6	6.45	5.50	64	60	.26	.28	810.00	.....
Total.....	67	1508	1411	71	2900	1499	45	75	7.36	5.53	979	915	.25	.24	10,176.06	422.48

Reports of County Superintendents—*P—Continued.*

CLARKE COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 yrs.						No. of Schools in each District.	No. of pupils attending school in the District.	Average No. who have been in attendance.	No. of Teachers in each District.		Male.	Female.	Total.	Amount of Teachers' Wages in hands of District Treasurer.		
	Males.		Females.		Male.	Female.											
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.													
Liberty	6	115	128	5	212	149	5	1	\$ 7.46	\$5.00	120	300	\$.15	\$.30	\$ 543 00	.....
Fremont	5	99	77	5	145	86	3	3	6.25	5 00	240	360	.27	.40	669 00	.....
Washington	6	124	139	6	200	145	1	5	6.25	6 80	240	360	.28	.29	774 00	.....
Madison	8	51	41	8	65	41	1	2	6.25	5 68	...	18050	.50	210 00	89.97
Troy	2	70	56	3	110	25	2	3	6.00	6 05	120	190	.44	.27	407 00	127.10	
Ward	3	67	64	3	88	44	3	3	6.09	6 17	180	180	.25	.24	514 50	155.53	
Osceola	7	138	135	7	200	100	2	8	7.00	5 00	300	300	.85	.35	786 00	.....
Osceola (Ind.)	1	143	141	1	215	128	1	3	12.50	6 10	...	12013	635 00	288.63
Jackson	3	147	159	3	185	104	4	3	5.66	4 50	170	187	.13	.23	515.75	30.13	
Franklin	5	129	95	5	211	118	7	4	6.21	8.81	275	400	.29	.41	996.95	1.15	
Green Bay	5	84	90	5	100	85	5	3	7.70	5 00	180	246	.33	.45	364.00	25.00	
Knox	8	143	147	7	237	148	4	6	6.87	4 04	300	240	.14	.15	614.00	.....
Doyle	7	156	166	7	276	140	4	10	4.95	3 86	420	300	.15	.18	997.50	.....
Total	61	1465	1428	60	2244	1321	43	53	6.97	5.11	2545	3857	.25	.30	8,026.70	867.50	

CLAY COUNTY.

[illegible]

CLAYTON COUNTY.

North McGregor, (Ind.)	1	90	118	2	...	...	1	1	15.00	10.00	80	...	...	12	...	300.00	...
Buena Vista	3	78	62	3	...	88	...	1	...	10.00	...	...	...	...	.81	240.00	...
Boardman	7	202	178	7	211	172	4	7	7.83	5.00	360	440	1,026.00	.21	...	...	221.00
Cass	10	168	137	7	198	143	6	7	8.83	7.08	429	400	895.00	.20	...	...	650.53
Cox Creek	7	178	164	7	342	250	1	5	...	...	180	90	532.50	.15	...	...	...
Clayton	4	117	92	3	109	50	3	3	5.84	4.12	240	240	700.00	.11	...	...	396.65
Clayton, (Ind.)	1	82	80	1	100	70	1	1	18.75	7.50	60	130	997.50	.38	...	...	...
Elk	5	154	130	3	163	102	4	3	6.25	5.00	180	280	614.00	.11	...	...	...
Elkader, (Ind.)	1	140	146	2	169	96	...	2	...	7.50	60	...	180.00	.09	...	...	559.66
Grand Meadow	6	164	149	6	218	112	4	8	7.64	4.93	459	320	898.87	.31	...	...	841.81
Guttenberg	1	243	240	1	170	150	2	1	10.00	5.00	100	120	1,100.00	.15	...	...	560.28
McGregor, (Ind.)	1	896	449	3	690	588	1	5	25.00	7.50	100	100	4,150.00	.07	...	...	555.87
Highland	5	175	130	5	365	179	1	9	6.50	5.00	298	396	820.00	.16	...	...	200.00
Hardin, (Ind.)	1	38	64	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Giard	7	255	208	8	399	182	3	8	6.25	6.00	620	640	1,519.00	.07	...	...	841.75
Farmersburg, (Ind.)	1	51	44	1	33	18	1	1	10.00	5.00	80	80	240.00	.15	...	...	...
Farmersburg	7	255	200	7	259	149	4	10	8.12	4.93	424	476	1,255.00	.15	...	...	...
Jefferson	9	254	259	9	219	181	3	4	5.83	6.56	...	801	963.50	.18	...	...	1,010.78
Lodomillo	12	226	198	10	419	213	7	12	6.75	3.28	710	670	1,450.00	.18	...	...	72.04
Monona, (Ind.)	1	81	100	2	181	95	1	1	12.50	6.25	80	...	500.00	.12	...	...	...
Monona	6	155	174	6	224	136	4	8	7.50	6.40	390	360	1,080.00	.20	...	...	...
Mendon	5	143	141	5	284	92	5	2	7.50	5.66	255	320	733.00	.12	...	...	...
Millville	6	155	161	6	326	121	1	6	6.50	5.25	320	360	710.00	.10	...	...	...
Marlon	7	161	166	7	86	35	...	5	...	7.00	340	360	877.00	.18	...	...	19.00
Garnavillo	5	274	251	6	435	253	5	7	8.00	6.00	325	420	1,252.00	.38	...	...	860.92
Mallory	6	192	196	6	245	120	6	6	7.30	4.48	360	460	990.00	.14	...	...	...
Reed	4	204	173	4	153	93	3	4	7.87	5.00	187	257	704.75	.15	...	...	40.00
Sperry	9	227	200	9	303	165	4	8	6.63	5.46	523	505	1,262.50	.14	...	...	246.89
Strawberry Point, (Ind.)	1	75	85	2	109	77	2	2	10.43	5.62	120	120	385.50	.15	...	...	...
Wagner	7	153	162	7	215	...	...	6	5.07	4.50	420	520	906.00	.10	...	...	...
Volga	6	205	198	7	232	102	4	6	7.50	6.69	435	300	1,131.00	.10	...	...	279.85
Total	31	5291	5050	153	6922	3927	83	149	9.01	5.96	8144	9183	28,492.92	.15	.19	6,357.15	

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

CLINTON COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.													11		
NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	No. of Pupils in Schools.		No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 yrs.		No. of persons between the ages of 22 and 64 yrs.		No. of persons 65 yrs. and over.		No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 yrs.	No. of persons between the ages of 22 and 64 yrs.	No. of persons 65 yrs. and over.	No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 yrs.	No. of persons between the ages of 22 and 64 yrs.	No. of persons 65 yrs. and over.	Amount of Teachers' Fund in the hands of District Treasurers.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.							
Berlin.....	4	97	88	4	80	20	2	6	\$5.00	\$5.00	60	\$ 420.00	\$ 91.00		
Bloomfield....	8	204	157	8	288	137	4	11	6.25	3.00	80	1,000.00	25		
Brookfield....	7	182	147	6	238	136	6	7	8.00	4.50	100	1,370.00	39		
Camanche.....	7	122	126	6	150	95	6	6	8.75	5.00	60	1,200.00	...		
Camanche (Ind.)	1	182	188	4	...	160	1	3	9.25	6.25	96	550.00	...		
Center	9	215	205	7	308	...	1	7	7.50	6.00	70	1,855.00	20		
Clinton.....	7	200	188	6	199	114	5	7	8.23	7.14	70	1,446.00	24		
Clinton (Ind.).....	1	749	810	11	781	618	1	12	30.00	9.48	80	5,130.88	18		
Deep Creek.....	8	188	187	8	239	133	1	13	5.00	5.00	80	1,315.00	17		
De Witt.....	12	233	188	12	441	300	8	9	7.50	5.00	60	1,725.00	20		
De Witt (Ind.).....	1	288	315	5	268	187	1	4	13.50	7.50	140	1,595.50	18		
Eden	6	177	162	6	312	106	2	10	10.00	5.00	80	1,228.25	28		
Elk River.....	9	238	232	10	327	177	8	15	...	...	...	1,529.50	...
Hampshire.....	9	158	186	7	234	120	1	7	8.00	5.00	80	1,114.00	21		
Liberty.....	6	104	114	6	284	222	2	7	6.75	5.25	60	512.18	15		
Liberty (Ind.).....	1	45	50	1	54	40	...	1	...	6.20	60	75.00	...		
Lyons	3	68	64	2	61	27	...	2	...	5.50	80	840.00	...		
Lyons (Ind.).....	1	891	785	10	900	537	1	10	26.80	7.88	100	3,965.00	...		
Olive.....	9	300	246	9	306	163	...	18	...	4.50	70	1,052.00	27		
Orange.....	8	86	93	8	125	75	...	3	...	5.00	60	429.00	39		
Sharon.....	7	233	177	7	264	165	7	7	6.75	3.00	70	858.00	18		
Spring Rock.....	4	121	107	4	100	85	8	5	...	...	80	...	80
Union, S. D. (Ind.).....	1	18	21	1	45	23	1	1	6.25	3.00	75	148.00	06		
Unity (Ind.).....	1	44	37	1	56	37	57.54	

Washington.....	4	176	170	4	356	70	5	3	6 50	5 25	80	.26	.34	868.00	120.00
Westford.....	5	195	168	5	190	94	4	5	7 50	7 00	80	.31	.20	.....	.....
Welton.....	5	145	136	4	185	112	4	4	7 50	7 50	100	.22	.22	1,182.50	.....
Wheatland (Ind).....	1	154	120	2	134	74	2	1	12.50	7 50	60	.18	.09	360.00	26.96
Total.	28	139	5559	5312	159	6645	4028	71	183	9 81	5 64	.20	.21	31,488 26	4,286 08

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Milford.....	4	79	68	4	120	89	3	3	9.33	9.33	200	.33	.33	860.00	50.00
Boyer.....	2	25	25	2	46	30	..	2	....	6.25	60	.24	....	300.00	.....
Union.....	6	71	50	6	86	77	..	6	....	6 00	360	.26	.48	430.00	39.00
Denison.....	4	71	75	4	84	56	1	3	12.50	8 75	180	.40	.40	910.00	200.00
Jackson.....	1	13	10	1	15	12	..	1	....	7.50	120	.60	....	.....	.....
Total..	17	258	228	17	351	264	4	15	10 91	7 57	1080	.36	.40	2,500.00	289.00

DALLAS COUNTY.

Adel.....	20	395	390	20	589	364	11	22	6.58	6 72	1061	.45	.34	2,791.25	.....
Boone.....	8	171	150	6	122	121	7	6	10.19	7.19	210	.26	.32	1,323 83	.....
Beaver.....	2	18	22	2	24	18	1	1	5.75	5.75	120	.22	.21	238.00	80.00
Dallas.....	3	57	43	3	100	47	3	1	7.92	7.50	159	.23	.24	470.00	.....
Des Moines.....	5	159	140	5	299	153	2	7	6.25	5.94	300	.23	.13	660.00	10.00
Spring Valley.....	6	125	85	6	168	120	2	10	5.62	5.65	180	.20	.20	814.00	.....
Sugar Grove.....	4	79	70	4	88	50	3	5	7.50	5.16	260	.33	.30	547.92	.....
Washington.....	5	74	69	5	89	64	3	5	8.67	6.25	380	.49	.34	575.33	.....
Walnut.....	5	72	85	4	97	50	2	5	8.75	5.94	180	.17	.34	605.00	.....
Union.....	8	222	176	10	303	205	8	8	10.18	7.28	365	.22	.28	1,806.50	.....
Linn.....	6	137	124	5	253	114	..	8	....	6.33	290	.19	.19	714.00	5.58
Adel (Ind).....	1	180	123	1	201	130	2	2	12.50	7.50	40	.15	.15	730.00	940.35
Redfield (Ind).....	1	68	82	2	115	82	1	1	17.50	10.00	40	.24	....	220.00	.....
Total.....	18	74	1757	1559	73	2448	1518	45	81	8.95	8585	.26	.25	11,495.83	1,035.93

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

DAVIS COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	No. of Sub-Districts.	1		2		No. of Schools in each District.	3		No. of pupils attending in the District.	4		Average No. who have been in attendance.	5		6		7		8		9		Aggregate amount paid teachers during the Year.	Amount of Teachers' Fund in hands of District Treasurers.
		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
Bloomfield (Ind).....	1	255	236	4	378	215	2	4	12.50	\$6.25	120	380	492	.26	.21	\$1,200.00	\$	.24	\$	216.72			
Bloomfield.....	8	229	187	9	320	210	4	9	7.50	4.54	380	330	560	.09	.09	1,123.00		.21		59.24				
Fabius.....	9	315	287	9	434	229	6	7	6.15	5.87	330	386	410			1,152.50		.09						
Marion.....	6	184	166	6	450	122	3	10	6.30	5.08	360	360	370	.10	.16	752.80				251.18				
Fox.....	6	237	209	6	446	179	7	5	6.30	5.22	360	360	350	.18	.23	780.00		.16						
Perry.....	6	143	120	9	215	129	6	5	6.59	4.06	300	300	200	.18	.16	590.00		.23						
Prairie.....	3	183	113	3	307	166	4	2	6.71	5.00	120	120	300	.20	.39	727.00		.16						
Drakeville.....	3	30	41	3	86	60	3	2	12.97	6.56														
Drakeville (Ind).....	1	59	71																					
Roscoe.....	5	94	99	5	193	87	3	7	7.50	5.00	280	280	320	.15	.16	660.00		.16						
Soap Creek.....	5	187	162	5	263	132	5	4	10.00	5.62	280	280	320			910.00								
Salt Creek.....	5	191	183	5	157	117	4	6	5.35	3.75	267	267	300	.21	.28	589.00		.28		449.88				
Troy (Ind).....	1	71	40	1	50	40		1		5.00	60	60	60											
Grove.....	8	215	220	8	340	154	8	3	7.87	5.75	420	420	420	.41	.41			.41						
Union.....	7	198	191	7	265	180	5	5	7.76	4.25	220	220	358	.20	.28	665.00		.28		75.00				
Wyacondah.....	6	351	336	7	492	217	6	1	5.75	5.00	400		400					.06		454.00				
Lick Creek.....	8	256	285	8	615	326	5	8	5.27	4.63	420	420	420	.25	.21	765.00		.21						
Total.....	88	3148	2946	95	5011	2563	71	79	7.60	5.10	4133	5400	5400	.20	.22	11,163.30		.22		1,051.97				

DECATUR COUNTY.

Bloomington.....	3	41	29	3	40	33	1	2	.....	5 33	180	15	15	.15		270 00				92.71
Burrel	6	151	142	6	200	102	7	1	8.41	8 33	194	24	24	.46		1,006.00				

Center.....	4	130	126	4	171	97	3	4	8.75	7.84	825	240	36	19	885.00	860.00
Decatur (Ind.).....	1	80	59	2	120	82	1	1	7.50	7.50	...	120	...	19	190.00	...
Decatur.....	5	112	124	4	172	80	3	1	7.50	7.50	240	240	18	17	709.50	...
Eden.....	7	214	158	7	265	188	5	2	6.25	5.00	420	420	21	20	859.22	75.00
Franklin.....	4	83	59	4	128	55	2	6	8.83	5.88	240	240	51	56	764.90	...
Fayette.....	3	39	41	3	73	39	2	2	6.25	6.12	180	180	28	27	444.00	...
Garden Grove (Ind.).....	1	61	50	1	85	85	1	1	28.94	7.50	120	70	44	...	1,885.00	...
Garden Grove.....	3	80	69	3	88	74	1	5	7.50	5.25	280	280	22	23	740.00	...
Grand River.....	4	75	73	4	148	61	3	8	9.16	5.62	179	220	59	63	506.58	...
Hamilton.....	7	170	174	4	177	96	2	8	6.60	5.79	200	120	13	14	383.50	698.23
High Point.....	5	156	165	5	125	75	5	4	8.75	5.00	185	440	20	29	971.66	...
Leon (Ind.).....	1	145	151	4	227	188	1	3	20.10	8.85	240	120	16	16	1,610.00	...
Long Creek.....	8	135	117	6	184	91	6	1	8.00	5.08	180	...	37	15	1,777.00	...
Morgan.....	5	94	104	5	151	104	4	3	7.83	5.75	180	860	34	27	365.00	...
New Buda.....	8	110	99	3	124	90	3	...	7.08	...	160	...	19	...	230.00	...
Richland.....	4	119	132	4	255	112	2	2	8.33	8.00	...	120	...	23	396.00	485.00
Woodland.....	6	174	185	6	254	150	8	2	5.62	5.37	280	320	19	17	869.00	429.59
Total.....	80	2169	2057	78	3005	1687	60	46	9.45	6.87	3733	3950	27	26	14,851.46	2,115.53

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Colony.....	1	212	200	1	197	168	1	2	17.50	7.50	...	70	...	17	455.00	18.66
Elk.....	1	104	91	1	144	102	...	3	...	6.38	116	120	36	39	501.00	...
Honey Creek.....	1	115	94	1	138	68	1	1	12.50	5.00	40	80	14	12	410.00	4.96
Richland.....	1	82	59	1	110	75	...	2	...	18.75	60	80	18	18	505.00	...
Coffin's Grove.....	9	296	263	10	539	382	7	9	9.40	5.82	500	588	20	36	1,718.00	542.73
Delaware.....	9	182	153	9	229	185	6	8	8.06	7.13	500	513	21	55	1,283.00	64.54
Onelda.....	12	178	184	10	288	180	8	17	6.74	8.75	670	580	19	22	1,205.00	...
Bremen.....	8	136	137	7	273	153	6	8	7.90	3.00	440	420	24	33	815.00	...
North Fork.....	5	186	184	5	297	226	3	7	7.47	3.50	400	400	20	53	880.00	111.18
Delhi.....	7	162	149	6	241	175	1	9	6.25	3.32	430	380	14	26	741.00	80.17
Milo.....	6	120	109	6	228	101	4	11	9.18	5.62	420	440	15	23	1,184.00	...
...	4	116	108	8	143	101	5	3	7.75	6.75	240	255	22	25	660.00	117.80
...	7	150	154	7	291	120	1	6	6.07	5.06	146	146	19	18	1,160.00	...
...	6	106	116	5	288	165	3	7	7.50	4.50	380	400	20	36	942.00	...
...	8	169	155	9	306	124	...	17	...	3.36	580	490	32	24	1,580.00	135.00

Reports of County Superintendents—P—Continued. Delaware County—Continued.

Total.....	20	118	3918	2671	117	4628	2746	47	154	8	57	5	49	7195	5822	21	29	18,427.00	1,255.21
DES MOINES COUNTY.																			
Augusta.....	4	112	80	4	241	140	4	4	7	50	8	00	357	390	..	..	937.00	.....	.....
Burlington (Ind.).....	6	1607	1578	6	1303	919	5	16	23.00	10.00	100	100	100	100	100	..	..	11,000.00	6,360.00
Burlington.....	8	330	335	8	342	167	5	6	9	55	300	300	300	300	300	..	..	1,571.00	751.53
Benton.....	8	260	245	8	270	145	2	10	6	25	500	500	500	500	500	..	..	940.00	77.00
Danville.....	10	338	301	10	515	289	10	10	9	62	360	360	360	360	360	..	..	2,281.00	225.43
Franklin.....	6	222	239	6	451	221	8	18	7	85	360	360	360	360	360	..	..	1,800.00	.....
Flint River.....	6	263	229	6	262	155	6	8	8	60	340	340	340	340	340	..	..	1,895.00	.....
Union.....	6	245	238	6	344	176	1	9	8	90	350	350	350	350	350	..	..	1,844.00	103.55
Huron.....	6	176	147	6	375	268	7	9	..	..	360	360	360	360	360	..	..	878.00	139.00
Washington.....	7	216	189	7	255	161	4	7	7	50	380	380	380	380	380	..	..	1,200.00	231.26
Yellow Springs.....	11	296	233	11	528	199	5	14	6	25	439	439	439	439	439	..	..	1,586.00	113.00
Kossuth (Ind.).....	1	59	86	2	186	55	2	2	4	92	99	99	99	99	99	..	..	888.00	.....
Dodgeville (Ind.).....	1	59	46	1	67	36	1	2	6	25	60	60	60	60	60	..	..	75.00	.....
Huston (Ind.).....	1	53	52	1	53	41	1	2	..	..	80	80	80	80	80	..	..	80.00	.....
Pleasant Grove.....	6	260	231	7	259	158	5	9	8	75	500	500	500	500	500	..	..	1,040.00	.....
Total.....	87	4406	4320	91	5451	3182	51	121	8	84	4645	6	63	5334	5334	20	1	25,260.00	8,000.75

DICKINSON COUNTY.

Spirit Lake.....	3	43	85	2	40	84	1	2	5.00	4.75	120	120	.23	.31	234.00	.....
Okoboji.....	3	81	86	2	41	23	1	3	6.25	4.37	120	60	.36	.19	180.00	.....
Tusculum.....	1	40	24	1	21	16	1	...	6.25	.....	...	80	....	.39	100.00	.....
22 Total.....	3	7	114	95	5	106	72	3	4	5.83	4.56	240	260	.24	.26	\$514.00

DUBUQUE COUNTY.

Dubuque (Ind.).....	1	2733	3002	9	2996	2527	7	48	23.93	8.40	400	400	.27	.27	21,778.00	.....
East Cascade (Ind.).....	1	101	97	1	119	91	..	1	..	10.00	91	.....	.....	.....	120.00	89.00
West Cascade (Ind.).....	1	75	76	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Taylor.....	7	225	234	7	298	192	4	8	5.00	4.48	420	400	.24	.26	858.00	.....
Epworth (Ind.).....	1	126	116	1	124	59	1	1	10.00	6.25	60	60	.08	.09	195.00	41.79
Jefferson.....	4	312	301	4	219	140	3	3	8.00	6.87	340	120	.22	.24	728.60	435.37
Iowa.....	5	212	187	5	241	121	2	8	5.00	5.00	..	..	..	..	725.00	293.66
Center.....	7	232	175	7	277	198	6	3	7.28	6.06	500	470	.24	.19	1,371.00	.....
Whitewater.....	4	120	93	4	141	82	2	6	7.50	5.25	..	..	..	..	600.00	.....
Cascade	8	191	166	12	268	166	2	11	6.40	5.38	480	300	.22	.19	861.00	.....
Peru.....	4	223	201	4	199	105	4	..	7.75	..	420	40	.17	.24	745.00	100.00
Concord.....	7	278	262	6	248	174	4	4	8.25	5.60	460	280	.16	.19	1,062.00	33.00
Table Mound.....	6	233	225	6	375	275	4	2	8.00	6.00	750	960	.15	.17	1,440.00	.....
Prairie Creek.....	5	236	201	5	291	141	4	3	6.87	6.87	550	352	.20	.13	1,355.00	.....
Washington.....	5	186	156	5	266	157	5	5	8.75	5.40	320	400	.10	.17	993.00	.....
Zwingle (Ind.).....	1	18	23	1	..	..	..	..	..	4.50	..	..	..	.13	72.00	.....
Vernon.....	8	204	161	7	303	128	3	10	6.38	6.46	420	420	.17	.17	1,010.00	44.69
Julian.....	6	231	249	6	282	152	1	6	10.50	6.25	500	520	.30	.11	1,310.00	.....
Liberty.....	1	80	38	1	54	42	1	1	9.00	8.00	60	40	.12	.13	100.39	16.00
Webster (Ind.).....	1	52	88	1	60	27	1	..	8.00	..	60	60	.13	.13	100.72	79.45
St. Marys (Ind.).....	1	95	63	1	65	48	1	..	11.25	..	100	100	.18	.17	300.90	51.10
Jackson (Ind.).....	1	52	43	1	75	65	1	..	11.45	..	..	80	.15	..	..	175.55
Douglas (Ind.).....	1	48	40	1	60	47	1	..	8.33	..	120	..	..	.14	210.00	121.53
Mosalem.....	5	229	194	5	244	157	3	2	7.90	6.25	400	120	.17	.15	745.00	267.00
New Wine.....	7	255	185	7	306	153	3	4	8.66	5.00	560	560	.15	.15	1,456.00	.....
Dyersville (Ind.)	1	196	110	1	155	105	1	2	11.25	6.25	120	120	.18	.25	..	.....

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Dubuque County—Continued.

Total.....2810770861691011515904 552616511421 8.931 6.211 63061 78031 .181 .191 39,346.611 1,743.14

EMMETT COUNTY.

Armstrong's Grove	1	22	7	1	18	9	1	1	7.50	7.50	60	.83	90.00
Esterville.....	1	60	44	1	50	40	1	1	7.50	7.50	60	2.40	220.00
Emmett.....	1	26	20	1	15	11	1	1	5.00	5.00	60	.34	60.00
Total	3	108	71	3	83	60	1	3	7.50	6.06	140	1.37	870.00

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Auburn.....	7	173	165	6	273	183	5	7	5.94	4.35	460	.85	1,060.00	5.77
Banks.....	3	83	25	4	87	29	1	3	7.30	4.75	250	.60	444.00	...
Center.....	5	90	87	5	159	77	3	7	8.75	6.75	408	.12	960.00	...
Clermont.....	7	197	193	7	224	125	3	11	7.00	6.28	420	.28	1,115.00	263.61
Clermont (Ind).....	1	140	133	1	221	163	1	2	18.75	6.87	60	.06	390.00	280.73
Dover	9	199	199	9	288	135	1	15	6.25	6.00	386	.25	1,457.90	47.00
Iden.....	8	142	124	7	251	115	6	9	6.75	2.78	380	1.00	915.00	...
Fremont.....	6	71	65	7	128	104	1	10	...	4.75	860	.53	997.00	9.71
Fairfield.....	9	208	237	8	337	257	2	10	6.25	2.84	495	.74	418.25	...
Harland.....	3	43	34	3	22	0	1	6	...	4.75	240	.10	456.00	...

Illyria.....	9	212	194	9	278	170	6	13	6.47	5.54	500	573	.17	1,248.49	824.43	
Auburn (Ind.)	1	50	56	1	90	...	1	1	8.88	7.69	60	65	1.70	175.00	59.75	
Oran.....	6	122	142	5	185	90	2	8	5.50	5.00	400	350	.16	709.80	.....
Punam.....	10	139	122	9	175	120	2	7	5.00	3.50	540	220	.19	572.00	130.41	
Jefferson.....	7	88	102	6	112	82	3	6	6.25	4.78	410	480	.17	862.62	.....
Richland.....	5	58	65	5	104	51	2	7	6.25	4.09	345	240	.23	558.00	24.99	
Scott.....	6	28	31	4	106	86	1	8	5.00	4.50	300	360	.67	621.25	.....
Smithfield.....	7	123	107	7	165	73	...	7	...	4.57	480	385	.47	685.50	.....
Windsor.....	6	146	128	6	193	125	4	6	7.50	5.00	460	315	.25	902.50	.....
West Union.....	8	181	160	8	243	185	8	10	7.33	5.64	380	475	.18	1,269.25	.....
Westfield.....	7	163	151	7	238	172	7	7	7.28	5.00	420	530	.15	1,278.40	.....
Waucoma.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Part of Fairbank (Ind.)	1	7	4	1	4	...	...	2	...	13.50	80	...	.11	...	...
Waucoma (Ind.)	1	42	36	1	52	...	...	1	6.25	4.12	60	60	.10	124.50	6.50
Fayette (Ind.)	2	177	173	2	330	...	...	3	10.00	6.25	120	120	.04	411.00	1,070.71
West Union (Ind.)	1	209	250	5	341	...	...	4	15.00	6.25	60	120	.14	1,816.00	800.00
Pleasant Valley.....	8	223	206	8	398	...	...	8	6.77	5.06	440	440	.15	1,093.00	900.00
Total.....	27	143	3272	3191	141	4833	2944	66	180	7.72	5.87	8464	8485	.96	19,694.46	4,431.59

FLOYD COUNTY.

St. Charles.....	8	336	342	10	559	316	1	24	23.81	5.61	767	679	.24	2,484.40	115.39
Floyd.....	7	151	113	6	169	104	1	6	8.75	4.89	860	440	.27	840.00	.....
Rock Grove.....	8	144	143	8	253	156	5	10	7.10	5.14	478	416	.20	1,072.50	.....
Rockford.....	6	68	102	4	123	75	...	10	...	5.14	518	200	.25	784.00	424.04
Uster.....	4	50	29	4	54	37	3	4	5.17	4.63	220	240	.48	444.00	17.00
Scott.....	1	30	25	1	45	28	...	2	...	6.12	100	80	.18	240.00	.....
Union.....	7	165	152	7	232	112	4	8	7.12	5.73	535	476	.23	1,291.87	.....
Riverton.....	8	139	129	6	193	98	3	6	6.86	4.75	865	130	.18	524.50	.....
Niles.....	5	60	69	5	99	56	3	7	7.50	4.90	800	320	.38	709.00	.....
Cedar.....	5	61	53	5	113	79	1	6	6.25	6.25	140	140	.25	460.00	.....
Floyd (Ind.).....	1	107	103	3	210	129	2	4	12.50	5.50	120	280	.12	507.00	.....
Total.....	60	1340	1265	59	2054	1190	22	87	9.45	5.83	3903	2351	.25	9,307.27	556.43

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

PREMONT COUNTY.

Sidney.....	15	253	329	13	490	270	14	9	8.50	6.30	690	660	.87	.81	2,300.00	.....
Sidney (Ind).....	1	88	91	1	179	45	2	1	16.87	7.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ross.....	9	200	172	9	284	190	4	10	9.37	7.15	590	468	.83	.29	1,780.00	.....
Franklin.....	7	118	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scott.....	6	181	139	4	187	147	2	5	8.75	6.25	120	180	.39	.63	675.00	469.45
Benton.....	3	151	151	3	159	79	3	3	8.75	8.75	180	200	.48	.48	990.00	.....
Madison.....	6	161	184	9	166	98	5	4	10.50	7.50	280	420	.51	.56	1,447.00	603.29
Monroe.....	5	144	93	5	111	92	4	4	10.62	5.75	800	800	.16	.30	780.00	.....
Fisher.....	1	43	36	1	108	54	1	.....	8.75	.....	80	80	.30	.34	280.00	81.09
Hamburg (Ind).....	1	141	139	2	75	75	1	2	15.00	10.00	60	120	.25	.25	900.00	.....
Total.....	54	1525	1897	47	1754	1050	26	36	10.10	7.40	2930	2428	.84	.89	9,152.00	1,106.83

GREENE COUNTY.

Washington.....	8	151	180	7	209	89	5	13	7.80	6.74	480	640	.60	.63	1,616.00	.....
Jefferson	10	215	288	17	317	162	7	12	10.98	8.98	610	724	.82	.72	2,990.00	64.54
Kendrick.....	9	150	121	8	195	119	6	6	9.06	6.97	453	385	.44	.61	1,342.25	500.00
Total.....	27	516	489	32	731	870	18	31	9.28	8.28	1543	1749	.62	.65	5,948.25	564.54

GRUNDY COUNTY.

Fairfield.....	3	123	98	5	234	147	3	6	7.85	4.76	378	336	.16	.23	940.00	1,370.89
Beaver.....	2	19	25	2	48	35	1	3	6.87	6.87	160	160	.28	.72	440.00	.....
Pleasant Valley.....	3	21	16	3	48	5	6	4	6.25	5.75	240	60	.....	.....	363.00	100.87
German.....	4	92	59	4	201	111	4	4	8.75	6.25	180	299	.51	.87	720.00	124.27
Shiloh.....	2	35	27	2	...	18	1	3	9.00	6.25	100	60	.72	.74	448.00	2.00
Lincoln.....	3	12	21	3	11	...	1	2	1.40	1.95	160	80	.....	.....	335.00	65.00
Felix.....	3	65	66	3	122	62	3	3	9.06	7.74	230	170	.23	.26	807.00	392.59
Clay.....	3	32	31	3	44	42	2	3	8.06	5.83	100	200	.....	.....	420.00	.....
Black Hawk.....	4	39	34	2	18	7	..	2	.....	6.50	160	80	.45	.40	315.00	323.43
Palermo.....	7	54	48	8	95	60	2	9	8.50	7.39	520	400	.62	.51	1,470.50	...
Melrose.....	3	38	48	2	...	...	..	2	...	6.25	...	...	...	...	325.00	75.00
Total.....	37	529	473	37	821	487	23	41	7.30	5.96	2228	1845	.42	.52	6,583.50	2,354.04

GUTHRIE COUNTY.

Cass.....	8	177	179	7	275	134	6	9	7.50	6.41	600	540	.18	.24	1,565.00	237.07
Center.....	8	113	107	7	161	88	1	7	9.50	5.28	560	560	.23	.23	1,224.00	.....
Jackson.....	8	187	169	8	273	135	6	8	6.87	6.60	480	360	.17	.17	1,050.00	...
Penn.....	4	61	74	4	123	72	2	6	6.25	6.25	60	60	.35	.35	561.00	.78
Orange.....	4	31	27	4	54	24	2	3	7.00	5.00	120	120	.15	.15	355.00	45.00
Thompson.....	5	149	55	4	114	57	3	5	8.93	6.25	200	240	.28	.28	765.00	285.39
Dodge.....	3	25	31	3	42	22	5	1	7.33	6.25	200	170	.40	.64	523.00	.....
Beaver.....	1	19	32	1	55	23	1	1	8.50	5.00	80	60	.13	.13	180.00	147.46
Highland.....	1	19	24	1	23	14	1	1	10.00	5.00	60	100	.18	1.00	240.00	87.99
Union.....	6	25	29	5	47	19	3	3	7.91	5.83	120	240	.47	.47	495.00	.....

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Guthrie County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11					
	No. of Sub-Districts.	No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 yrs.		No. of pupils at each school in the District.	Average No. who have been in attendance.	No. of Teachers in each District		Average compensation of Teachers per week.	Aggregate No. of days the District have been taught.	Average cost of Tuition per week for each pupil.		Aggregate amount paid teachers during the Year.	Amount of Teachers' Funds in hands of District Treasurers.			
		Males.	Females.			Male.	Female.			Summer.	Winter.			Summer.	Winter.	
Bear Grove.....	2	48	44	4	29	25	2	4	\$7.50	\$6.25	120	120	\$.43	\$ 480.00	\$ 112.11	
Panora (Ind).....	2	106	95	2	168	75	3	2	10.62	7.50	54	78	.11	.20	660.00	110.03
Total.....	12	960	866	50	1364	708	35	49	8.16	6.05	2654	2648	.24	.86	8,098.00	1,025.83

HAMILTON COUNTY.

Boone.....	4	150	120	4	240	185	2	4	10.00	8.70	220	320	.10	1,990.00	60.18
Rose Grove....	1	18	19	1	19	8	..	1	....	6.66	40	80	.42	160.00	31.03
Ellsworth.....	1	17	14	1	20	6	..	1	....	6.25	60	...	1.04	75.00	5.81
Hamilton.....	5	76	90	5	180	81	2	4	8.12	6.76	300	320	.60	858.00	25.00
Scott.....	1	42	30	1	38	12	1	1	8.00	6.00	40	80	.84	170.00	279.00
Webster.....	4	136	132	5	205	145	4	4	8.86	6.25	240	300	.12	673.50	...
Lyon.....	1	25	20	1	37	20	..	1	....	8.00	80	80	.20	252.00	300.00
Marion.....	5	114	88	5	122	60	2	4	8.75	6.25	280	280	.26	930.00	1.25
Cass.....	3	51	61	3	97	66	1	3	7.00	5.98	180	220	.32	477.00	...
Fremont.....	3	44	30	2	40	16	1	2	10.00	6.00	140	160	1.00	439.00	1.71
Total.....	28	673	594	28	948	599	18	25	8.68	6.68	1580	1840	.48	6,027.50	703.98

HANCOCK COUNTY.

Ellington.....	2	80	24	2	51	37	3	1	10.00	8.75	150	160	.72	320.00	...
Madison.....	2	18	16	1	21	11	2	2	10.00	8.25	174	103	.90	487.00	198.82
Amsterdam.....	1	23	28	2	30	12	1	2	10.00	8.12	180	150	.90	784.00	65.92

Avery.....	1	10	12	3	20	14	3	11.25	.....	220	280	1.48	1.68	1,175 00	.....
Total.....	4	6	81	75	8	122	74	9	5 10.81	8 37	693	1 00	.96	2,768 00	264.74

HARDIN COUNTY.

Etna.....	7	103	99	5	176	172	..	9	.....	8.33	60	.17	.17	700.00	500.00
Hardin.....	9	184	193	9	284	221	5	13	9.27	7.83	75	.37	.41	1,983.38	.....
Alden.....	3	83	86	4	162	117	2	5	9.75	6.51	80	.48	.43	830.00	360.55
Elia.....	5	90	89	5	132	83	4	6	6.10	5.95	100	.23	.35	1,192.00	.....
Tipton.....	5	83	80	4	138	71	..	4	.....	6.25	70	.16	.21	635.00	.....
Pleasant.....	6	133	97	7	177	116	4	10	6.80	5.62	60	.22	.25	1,096.00	60.00
Eldora.....	3	57	58	3	73	50	3	2	9.38	7.50	70	.33	.35	723.50	83.23
Clay.....	8	229	211	8	292	201	6	9	9.25	6.25	70	.21	.24	1,148.25	316.86
Jackson.....	6	147	124	6	200	120	5	6	7.50	6.25	60	.15	.24	896.50	.....
Providence.....	5	136	119	5	163	92	7	2	7.80	6.20	60	.25	.36	886.00	860.00
Union.....	10	205	199	10	263	157	6	15	6.25	5.65	60	.21	.27	1,357.00	51.07
Ackley (Ind).....	1	98	89	2	139	83	..	2	.....	7.00	60	.10	.....	336.00	.....
Iowa Falls (Ind).....	1	136	143	2	192	102	..	2	.....	11.25	60	.10	.11	498.75	787.00
Eldora (Ind).....	1	135	119	3	197	120	1	2	16.25	13.75	80	.33	.33	721.75	191.09
Xenia (Ind).....	1	81	56	1	77	50	1	1	12.50	6.25	70	.16	.....	455.00	.....
Providence (Ind).....	1	36	50	1	72	43	..	1	.....	7.50	60	.10	.....	90.00	.....
Highland (Ind).....	1	45	40	1	70	40	..	1	.....	6.25	60	.09	.....	75.00	.....
Total.....	73	1981	1852	76	2807	1837	44	90	9 17	7.31	1155	.21	.28	13,623.08	3,209.29

HARRISON COUNTY.

Boyer.....	8	136	133	6	204	92	5	9	6.50	6.50	480	.27	.27	1,200.00	196.25
Calhoun.....	4	74	75	4	128	55	2	4	11.25	10.75	165	.31	.60	918.50	.....
Casa.....	1	42	37	2	58	26	1	3	10.00	10.00	240	.24	.29	555.00	34.88
Cincinnati.....	4	99	64	4	118	62	2	2	10.00	7.50	240	.23	.....	405.00	.....
Clay.....	3	126	120	4	130	76	3	4	9.50	9.50	391	.61	.61	740.00	87.02
Harrison.....	4	52	43	1	40	12	..	2	.....	7.50	80	.32	.33	180.00	376.37
Jackson.....	2	32	21	2	63	28	..	4	.....	7.50	145	.50	.50	360.00	67.40
Jefferson.....	6	129	110	6	166	140	3	3	10.62	10.00	300	.26	.26	1,280.00	.....

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Harrison County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11	
	No. of Bury-Districts		No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 yrs.		No. of schools in each District.		No. of pupils attending school in the District.		Average No. attending school in each District.		No. of Teachers in each District.		Average constant tuition per week for each pupil.		Aggregate amount paid teachers during the year		Aggregate amount paid teachers' Fund in hands of District Treasurers.					
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Lagrange	8	55	42	3	86	55	1	4	10.00	10.00	140	240	76	38	800.00	800.00	112.40	112.40	800.00	800.00	112.40	112.40
Little Bloux	4	126	119	4	196	95	3	4	10.83	7.50	240	180	18	31	730.00	730.00	121.98	121.98	730.00	730.00	121.98	121.98
Magnolia	6	187	157	5	215	132	6	4	10.00	10.00	320	870	49	89	1,716.00	1,716.00	400.00	400.00	1,716.00	1,716.00	400.00	400.00
Raglan	6	127	98	6	188	84	4	9	9.75	8.75	260	385	39	39	1,145.00	1,145.00	.....	.....	1,145.00	1,145.00	.....	.....
St. Johns	4	215	186	4	266	121	6	2	10.62	11.25	300	180	23	23	1,180.00	1,180.00	.....	.....	1,180.00	1,180.00	.....	.....
Taylor	3	77	64	3	141	82	1	3	10.50	9.25	220	300	44	48	978.00	978.00	.....	.....	978.00	978.00	.....	.....
Union	4	82	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	145.00	145.00	.....	.....	145.00	145.00	.....	.....
Total	63	1453	1296	56	1948	1080	87	57	9.96	9.00	3521	2878	37	38	12,347.50	12,347.50	1,498.80	1,498.80	12,347.50	12,347.50	1,498.80	1,498.80

HENRY COUNTY.

Center	9	348	291	9	454	341	7	17	7.54	6.83	570	1048	15	16	3,164.00	...	3,164.00	...	3,164.00	...	3,164.00	...
Mt. Pleasant (Ind.)	1	785	881	3	1048	720	4	13	15.67	...	800	800	24	24	6,831.50	44.00	6,831.50	44.00	6,831.50	44.00	6,831.50	44.00
Marion	9	255	268	9	880	284	5	13	8.77	5.63	477	576	18	19	1,650.00	1,117.75	1,650.00	1,117.75	1,650.00	1,117.75	1,650.00	1,117.75
Wayne	6	208	180	7	263	177	7	8	8.86	...	430	544	28	30	1,487.50	76.85	1,487.50	76.85	1,487.50	76.85	1,487.50	76.85
Scott	7	187	170	7	350	189	8	8	9.17	5.81	520	455	17	24	1,808.95	608.00	1,808.95	608.00	1,808.95	608.00	1,808.95	608.00
Jefferson	5	213	186	4	283	151	2	4	7.67	6.00	190	240	23	18	492.00	...	492.00	...	492.00	...	492.00	...
Jefferson (Ind.)	1	53	50	1	75	86	1	1	7.50	6.75	60	60	20	30	171.00	...	171.00	...	171.00	...	171.00	...
Marshall (Ind.)	1	69	56	2	91	54	...	2	...	7.75	80	...	08	...	248.00	...	248.00	...	248.00	...	248.00	...
Baltimore	6	169	183	6	428	240	2	10	6.75	6.77	800	...	25	24	1,101.00	838.95	1,101.00	838.95	1,101.00	838.95	1,101.00	838.95
Tippecanoe	7	410	301	7	415	286	5	13	8.60	6.73	479	635	24	38	1,497.00	...	1,497.00	...	1,497.00	...	1,497.00	...
Trenon	7	338	306	7	558	145	8	10	9.17	...	388	800	25	41	1,021.75	291.81	1,021.75	291.81	1,021.75	291.81	1,021.75	291.81
Belem	9	264	196	8	313	186	7	7	9.08	5.77	469	569	33	38	1,550.10	916.97	1,550.10	916.97	1,550.10	916.97	1,550.10	916.97
Salem (Ind.)	1	143	143	2	313	167	1	8	13.60	10.75	240	240	15	15	653.00	47.87	653.00	47.87	653.00	47.87	653.00	47.87
New London	6	197	173	3	370	283	6	8	7.80	4.75	480	640	09	15	1,295.00	...	1,295.00	...	1,295.00	...	1,295.00	...

New London (Ind).....	1	139	153	3	150	88	2	5	12.50	6.00	120	160	.12	.13	775.00	.....
Canaan.....	5	110	83	5	139	73	1	5	9.00	4.80	820	838	.33	.36	769.00	99.66
Jackson.....	9	238	216	8	618	194	5	10	8.38	6.08	469	520	.18	.19	1,271.00	.....
Total..	17	94	4074	3828	95	6076	3345	63	185	9.29	5763	7145	.20	.24	24,405.10	2,885.86

HOWARD COUNTY.

Chester.....	3	66	43	3	94	58	1	3	7.50	6.91	177	120	.30	.30	433.55	.....
Saratoga.....	1	8	9	1	18	10	..	1	....	6.25	100	...	.39	...	125.00	74.54
Howard Center.....	3	40	32	3	61	40	1	3	10.00	5.00	210	80	.18	.20	870.00	.....
Forest City.....	4	142	122	6	186	141	3	3	9.75	8.75	480	320	.35	.40	1,800.00	50.00
Howard.....	3	25	22	2	47	27	1	3	9.50	6.13	182	136	.75	.40	391.00	11.86
Oak Dale.....	4	26	17	4	66	44	2	5	7.08	5.19	260	280	.34	.37	555.00	.....
Jamestown.....	3	54	38	3	50	31	1	4	7.00	6.66	150	240	.50	.69	177.50	.....
Albion.....	6	99	78	4	94	48	4	4	7.00	4.00	360	240	.17	.20	456.00	.....
Afton.....	7	98	85	5	137	89	..	13	....	5.62	360	480	.25	.26	916.65	.....
Vernon Springs.....	5	97	93	5	277	164	4	6	7.25	4.12	380	365	.25	.43	925.00	.....
New Oregon.....	10	212	192	10	285	196	3	11	7.75	6.25	540	610	.28	.38	1,540.00	200.00
Paris.....	4	62	62	5	74	54	4	5	7.74	4.90	320	220	.48	.58	808.00	.....
Cresco (Ind.).....	1	75	82	2	60	...	..	2	....	8.75	160	...	...	...	280.00	.....
Total.....	54	1004	875	53	1449	902	24	63	8.05	6.04	3629	3091	.35	.38	8,777.70	336.40

HUMBOLDT COUNTY.

Dakotab.....	7	127	103	10	172	112	3	10	8.55	6.04	73	70	.57	.49	1,390.00	.....
Humboldt.....	6	70	69	6	117	92	4	5	7.16	6.05	61	61	.33	.25	711.00	.....
Vernon.....	3	69	51	3	120	65	1	6	7.50	4.50	80	60	.37	.35	300.00	5.00
Wacusta.....	1	5	9	2	8	5	..	2	....	5.00	60	...	1.00	...	120.00	.....
Total.....	17	271	232	21	417	274	8	23	7.74	5.39	274	191	.57	.36	2,521.00	5.00

Reports of County Superintendents — P. — Continued.

IDA COUNTY.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	No. of Sub-Districts.	No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 yrs.		No. of Schools in each District.	No. of pupils attending school in the District.	Ave age No. who have been in attendance.	No. of Teachers are in each District		Average compensation of Teachers per week.	Aggregate No of days the schools of the District have been taught.	Average cost of Tuition per week for each pupil.		Aggregate amount paid teachers during the year.	Amount of Teachers' Fund in hands of District Treasurers
		Males.	Females				Male.	Female.			Summer.	Winter.		
Corwin	1	35	24	34	35	30	3	10.00	150	33	250.00	.....	.....	.....

IOWA COUNTY:

Name	Acres	100	108	6	165	128	7	.	7 00	.....	130	.12	.14	3,000.00
Amana	4	100	108	6	165	128	7	.	7 00	.....	130	.12	.14	3,000.00
Dayton	7	135	120	5	158	147	4	4	7.29	4.93	180	.18	.25	587.00
English	10	275	255	9	421	246	7	4	7.50	6.00	320	.29	.35	1,020.50
Greene	7	178	149	6	227	143	4	8	7.40	5.00	340	.18	.16	859.00
Hilton	2	57	46	2	63	40	1	2	6.00	4.75	160	.21	.23	330.00
Honey Creek	8	189	200	8	382	163	8	8	8.12	5.06	640	.10	.18	1,585.00
Iowa	6	109	100	6	161	80	4	6	7.50	4.50	520	.27	.29	846.00
Lincoln	2	47	53	2	65	46	2	2	11.25	5.00	180	.16	.34	450.00
Marengo	6	109	94	6	187	129	2	5	...	6.87	360	.26	.29	1,170.00
Marengo (Ind.)	1	216	224	1	413	249	2	2	15.00	9.37	100	.18	.20	1,900.00
Millersburg (Ind.)	1	92	110	1	101	25	..	2	....	10.10	60	.10	...	121.25
Pilot	5	95	81	5	106	90	5	4	8.25	6.44	240	.19	.39	904.00
Troy	5	143	129	6	268	170	4	6	9.00	5.92	480	.27	.32	1,340.00
Lenox	4	104	115	4	209	153	3	6	7.20	6.12	190	.35	.28	585.00
Washington	3	98	96	3	189	74	5	...	10.20	....	120	.26	.32	660.00
Hartford	6	120	109	6	322	190	4	8	7.50	5.00	420	.11	.18	1,170.00
Burner	4	78	74	4	283	135	4	4	8.75	4.75	240	.19	.32	648.00
Cono.	2	48	41	2	77	27	2	2	10.00	7.50	60	.38	.41	420.00
York	4	61	63	4	60	25	..	3	...	4.62	160	.21	.26	198.00

Fillmore.....	10	228	195	9	227	100	5	13	5.87	5.00	540	650	.14	.10	1,290.00	.....
Total.....	20	97	2472	2360	95	4029	2359	73	89	8.46	5.94	5825	.20	.26	19,033.75	1,562.73

JACKSON COUNTY.

Monmouth.....	7	200	191	7	247	121	3	9	6.25	3.93	540	340	.12	.18	744.00	.....
South Fork.....	9	201	207	9	366	227	4	14	6.25	3.50	700	720	.09	.14	1,182.00	87.54
Maquoketa.....	8	220	173	9	...	158	5	9	5.55	2.62	720	520	.06	.25	953.50	.....
Fairfield.....	4	163	174	4	170	106	3	5	7.50	4.00	260	220	.13	.15	491.00	.....
Van Buren.....	8	187	146	8	279	181	6	10	7.33	4.30	680	640	.18	.37	1,416.00	.....
Iowa.....	9	226	206	9	...	169	6	11	6.48	4.81	640	630	.17	.21	1,472.00	607.55
Union.....	3	53	43	3	68	38	1	2	5.12	5.12	180	240	.38	.47	444.00	152.30
Brandon.....	9	246	198	9	...	...	9	8	...	...	540	510	...	...	981.00	.....
Farmers' Creek.....	10	407	396	10	...	270	5	13	6.44	4.71	600	556	.12	.17	1,179.50	300.00
Perry.....	7	145	115	7	...	129	7	7	7.50	3.50	420	420	.13	.25	918.00	.....
Jackson.....	8	180	185	8	215	114	4	12	5.33	4.60	480	480	.18	.18	1,051.50	666.27
Washington.....	7	174	160	6	217	116	2	9	5.87	4.97	371	340	.23	.24	794.00	156.00
Butler.....	4	182	190	4	196	98	1	4	7.50	5.37	240	320	.13	.14	729.00	.60
Otter Creek.....	7	189	196	7	258	144	5	7	7.08	3.75	420	420	.08	.14	780.00	164.08
Richland.....	8	172	168	8	266	111	5	11	6.66	4.67	660	630	.17	.10	1,242.00	.....
Bellevue.....	9	212	180	8	225	161	3	8	7.77	4.91	320	580	...	...	1,117.00	.....
Prairie Spring.....	7	238	211	7	235	144	5	5	6.25	4.97	320	290	.18	.17	650.00	30.00
Tete Des Morts.....	5	194	166	5	263	155	8	4	9.45	5.88	240	340	.20	.19	791.00	.20
Maquoketa (Ind.).....	1	250	284	6	420	324	1	5	12.50	6.25	40	40	.10	.10	1,050.00	727.60
Andrew (Ind.).....	1	73	71	2	107	82	1	2	10.00	7.38	60	60	...	...	180.00	175.00
Monmouth (Ind.).....	1	67	63	1	81	41	2	...	5.15	...	120	80	...	.06	208.00	37.46
Bellevue (Ind.).....	1	246	308	4	437	196	2	2	12.50	7.50	90	90	.20	.20	1,440.00	.....
Sabula (Ind.).....	1	155	154	2	224	120	2	2	12.50	5.33	79	80	.08	.07	800.00	.....
Lamotte (Ind.).....	1	36	39	1	60	45	1	...	4.50	...	66	...	.08	...	75.00	.....
Zwingle (Ind.).....	1	53	40	1	57	32	1	...	4.50	...	80	...	.13	...	72.00	.....
Total.....	25,136	4469	4263	145	4391	3282	87	159	7.33	4.86	8866	8546	.15	.19	20,760.50	3,054.60

Reports of County Superintendents—*Continued*

JASPER COUNTY.

																	11
																	Amount of Teachers' Funds in hands of District Treasurers.
Malaka	7	165	114	14	396	828	3	11	\$6.25	\$6.25	60	60	\$	.24	\$	.26	\$1,060.00
Independence.....	6	153	162	6	242	120	5	6	6.44	5.16	60	60		.24		.24	816.00
Palo Alto	6	161	117	5	188	102	2	8	8.40	6.50	72	70		.87		.82	786.00
Poweshiek	9	248	158	7	298	158	5	9	7.50	5.78	80	57		.16		.16	1,145.00
Buena Vista.....	8	310	220	8	351	310	8	8	8.75	5.62	63	58		.18		.19	1,378.00
Newton.....	8	212	156	8	239	153	6	9	7.50	5.75	60	60		.88		.40	1,176.00
Greencastle (Ind.).....	1	87	64	1	110	75	1	...	10.00	.....	120	.....		.10		...	110.00
Richland.....	3	111	90	3	190	27	2	4	8.75	5.00	50	80		.19		.27	575.00
Monroe (Ind.)	1	131	125	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...	...
Rock Creek.....	2	68	56	4	143	38	1	3	7.00	7.00	155	120		.15		.25	883.00
Lynn Grove.....	10	219	190	10	177	120	7	8	6.75	6.77	60	60		.31		.30	1,172.00
Newton (Ind.)	1	341	347	7	396	241	2	5	13.98	7.90	90	90		.19		.19	2,247.00
Clear Creek	9	220	212	...	...	...	4	15	...	...	60	60		...		...	...
Mariposa.....	4	120	106	6	130	49	4	5	6.87	4.60	60	70		.13		.24	...
Hickory Grove.....	2	35	22	2	50	31	1	1	5.00	5.00	60	80		.27		.16	60.00
Elk Creek.....	6	192	188	6	243	23	2	10	6.25	6.25	60	60		.16		.19	900.00
Prairie City (Ind.).....	1	77	73	1	77	40	1	...	10.00	...	60	...		.10		...	120.00
Fairview.....	8	247	233	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...	1,173.00
Mound Prairie.....	9	356	273	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...	...
Des Moines	8	425	289	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...	...
Washington	4	67	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		...	...
Total.....	31	113	3960	112	3329	1710	54	103	7.89	5.96	1175	994		.90		.24	13,200.00
																	621.60

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Walnut.....	5	308	190	112	1	5	7.50	5.50	120	240	.09	.14	412.00	.....
Penn.....	10	319	278	234	4	18	5.98	5.11	632	530	.23	.24	1,166.42	492.05
Black Hawk.....	7	244	195	215	9	12	7.18	5.32	260	588	.16	.16	1,135.75	20.12
Polk.....	8	284	237	268	7	9	6.50	5.25	420	540	.12	.16	1,100.45	5.98
Locust Grove.....	5	166	126	122	4	8	5.45	6.50	300	390	.15	.17	873.00	.....
Fairfield.....	9	302	228	199	10	8	7.00	6.25	540	720	.32	.35	1,683.00	.....
Buchanan.....	6	256	215	171	4	8	6.25	6.25	360	480	.14	.15	1,050.00	.....
Lockridge.....	7	381	331	312	6	5	7.67	4.38	395	440	.08	.10	999.00	.....
Round Prairie.....	5	171	174	145	4	2	7.95	6.25	300	300	.17	.21	1,087.00	12.50
Cedar.....	5	154	153	123	6	4	6.81	4.50	240	450	.25	.25	1,043.00	.....
Liberty.....	7	211	186	151	4	5	7.66	5.41	120	500	.33	.38	715.00	.....
Des Moines.....	7	245	263	194	3	10	5.83	5.63	390	830	.....	.....	945.00	111.00
Fairfield (Ind.).....	1	894	402	315	3	4	12.91	6.23	80	120	.14	.14	2,390.00	.....
Libertyville (Ind.).....	1	59	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Batavia (Ind.).....	1	62	68	64	1	1	10.00	4.50	60	.....	.22	.....	174.00	.....
Walnut (Ind.).....	1	57	60	25	.....	1	.....	4.25	40	.....	.09	.....	34.00	.....
Brookville (Ind.).....	1	59	50	36	1	.....	8.50	.....	20	.....	.23	.....	35.00	.....
Total.....	86	3562	3314	2676	60	95	7.54	5.41	4284	5668	.18	.19	14,799.68	642.60

JOHNSON COUNTY.

Big Grove.....	7	206	194	371	5	10	7.50	6.35	600	585	.15	.17	1,600.00	1,055.00
Cedar.....	9	202	165	368	6	11	8.00	5.00	660	700	.25	.25	1,688.00	.....
Clear Creek.....	5	128	125	227	3	8	7.17	5.93	384	340	.18	.16	985.90	.....
Fremont.....	6	170	140	176	2	7	9.00	6.24	300	343	.30	.39	764.00	144.00
Graham.....	9	170	188	280	5	9	6.25	5.00	540	540	.17	.20	1,140.00	.....
Hardin.....	6	100	100	185	.....	8	.....	4.92	385	110	.48	.33	595.00	1,123.92
Iowa City.....	12	388	396	282	2	11	8.02	5.90	840	600	.26	.26	1,813.50	.....
Iowa City (Ind.).....	1	892	1018	713	3	12	12.50	7.00	240	240	.....	.18	3,606.75	.....
Jefferson.....	4	150	180	130	2	5	7.50	5.00	180	200	.34	.35	479.00	.....
Liberty.....	6	169	140	260	4	6	7.50	5.00	340	305	.40	.24	657.00	.....
Madison.....	5	148	141	250	3	6	6.50	5.15	300	300	.17	.16	680.00	80.00
Monroe.....	5	165	163	385	4	6	6.80	5.75	400	400	.15	.16	955.00	219.27
Newport.....	3	146	127	157	3	8	7.50	5.00	280	190	.10	.14	540.00	.....

Reports of County Superintendents—F.—Continued. Johnson County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	1		2		3		4		8				9		10		11					
	No. of Sch. Dis- tricts.		No. of per- sons be- tween the ages of 5 and 21 yr.		No. of Sch. Dis- tricts in each District		No. of Pupils at ending school in the District		Average No. who have been in at- tendance.		Teach- ers in each District		Compensa- tion of Teachers per week.		Aggregate No. of days the Schools of the District have been taught.		Average cost of in- struction per week for each pupil.		Aggregate amount paid teach- ers during the year.		Amount of Teach- er's Fund in the hands of District Treasurer	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Oxford.....	9	187	188	6	225	185	4	8	64.87	\$1.25	437	430	22	28	578.50	\$	760.00					
Penn.....	3	153	133	4	209	124	1	6	7.50	7.25	180	320	18	18	726.00							
Pleasant Valley.....	7	234	210	8	251	136	1	16	7.50	5.62	650	605	23	23	1,510.00		863.09					
Scott.....	5	157	154	5	185	101	4	6	7.50	5.30	850	850	19	19	875.00		572.66					
Sharon.....	5	181	187	5	232	125	6	4	7.50	4.22	350	350	14	14	817.50		100.00					
Solos (Ind.).....	1	69	55	1	61	42	1	1			79											
Union.....	4	132	94	5	149	80	1	7	7.00	5.18	240	334	25	39	752.00		1,133.46					
Washington.....	9	190	161	6	288	160	7	5	8.75	5.00	380	440	17	22	1,150.00							
Total.....	21	4330	4199	120	5374	3184	65	155	7.78	5.50	5045	7702	23	28	91,892.95		6,100.50					

JONES COUNTY.

[illegible]

Wayne.....	8	201	199	8	301	189	5	11	6.56	4.45	501	499	.13	.21	1,028.00	35.00	
Wyoming.....	7	328	189	7	274	192	6	8	6.25	3.81	420	420	.12	.28	819.25	15.14	
Washington.....	4	204			7	178	9	5	6.87	5.62	180	840	.15	.16	640.00	285.59	
Anamoes (Ind.).....	1	270			0	260	1	5	20.00	8.00	120	80	.20	.20	2,300.00	.....
Wyoming (Ind.).....	1	99			3	83	..	2	8.12	10006	.06	162.50	62.46
Total	15	125	3588		8	3338	72	176	8.01	5.53	8015	8055	.19	.23	21,889.78	1,532.29	

KEOKUK COUNTY.

Liberty.....	7				5	7.06	5.76	265	386	.27	.28	854.00	91.71
Richland (Ind.).....	1				3	.....	.....	60	55	.....	.....	548.25	.....
Richland.....	8				11	6.25	7.72	478	540	.10	.13	1,254.00	.....
Bigourney.....	2				8	6.25	6.88	120	190	.25	.26	800.00	.....
Bigourney (Ind.).....	2				5	12.50	7.50	.....	120	.....	.18	997.80	.....
Washington.....	7				4	6.75	5.25	420	420	.....	.....	678.00	.....
Warren.....	6				10	7.50	6.25	360	880	.16	.20	916.00	.....
Beady Run.....	7				6	6.50	4.90	360	360	.23	.27	794.00	.....
Benton.....	6				4	7.20	5.60	360	360	.12	.16	915.00	.....
Van Buren.....	9				8	6.25	5.25	380	620	.22	.12	1,127.50	80.00
Prairie.....	4				6	6.50	6.00	320	250	.26	.49	815.00	42.00
Lancaster.....	8				10	7.80	6.00	360	413	.31	.29	1,064.00	78.00
Clear Creek.....	8				14	6.25	5.40	380	510	.22	.29	708.00	551.00
Engleah River.....	8				9	7.22	6.65	510	685	.15	.15	1,955.00	.....
Jackson.....	8				5	7.20	5.80	640	930	.12	.14	1,324.00	.....
Adams.....	6				5	7.50	4.75	270	260	.21	.18	911.50	265.00
German.....	10				15	6.25	5.43	540	720	.31	.36	1,416.00	.....
Lafayette.....	5				5	7.50	4.75	290	380	.59	.40	853.00	801.60
Total.....	13	5012	2806	83	127	7.20	5.84	6018	7519	.24	.24	17,231.05	1,409.81

KOSKUTH COUNTY.

Jackson.....	8	214	236	8	285	140	5	7	10.60	7.50	480	560	.28	.62	1,038.00	
Total.....	25	120	6576	6578	118	7436	5496	60	171	10.07	6.35	6926	7626	.25	.32	35,582.82	4,155.25

LINN COUNTY.

Bertram.....	6	227	183	7	249	141	4	6	6.85	6.50	240	415	.25	.22	766.75	.....
Boulder.....	6	137	117	5	192	90	1	8	6.25	5.50	240	400	.13	.18	716.00	54.00	
Brown.....	9	294	232	10	526	182	6	14	7.81	4.78	760	540	.11	.15	1,583.75	.....
Buffalo.....	6	138	113	6	169	108	..	9	.....	6.03	420	160	.25	.18	674.00	189.46
Clinton.....	7	180	177	1	240	143	3	11	6.33	6.33	420	430	.33	.61	1,135.00	.....
College.....	6	162	120	6	181	101	2	10	7.50	6.47	480	480	.16	.18	1,224.00	128.00	
Fairfax.....	7	145	132	7	225	139	1	12	8.75	7.62	430	432	.35	.24	1,315.50	.....
Fayette.....	7	194	183	7	427	292	7	6	7.34	6.15	500	400	.22	.28	1,195.00	.....
Franklin.....	9	204	179	8	305	194	2	7	7.52	5.32	193	400	.19	.19	701.50	.....
Jackson.....	8	167	163	8	246	163	3	13	5.20	5.20	546	478	.24	.27	928.00	.....
Linn.....	9	200	179	8	221	141	11	4	8.04	5.93	527	500	.24	.23	1,547.50	.....
Marion.....	16	391	332	15	490	311	8	20	9.53	5.65	840	1070	.17	.28	2,645.00	.....
Maine.....	8	180	224	7	500	347	7	9	6.62	5.02	570	616	.19	.24	1,324.09	265.40	
Monroe.....	5	171	152	5	206	121	4	4	7.28	5.68	297	340	.18	.21	827.67	.....
Otter Creek.....	11	303	307	11	585	336	10	13	4.94	4.62	870	715	.16	.12	1,440.00	130.53	
Putnam.....	6	156	115	5	266	92	6	3	6.77	4.78	300	280	.19	.16	711.00	63.43	
Rapids.....	6	252	258	7	306	160	6	5	8.12	6.30	435	480	.18	.20	1,490.00	.....
Spring Grove.....	3	134	85	3	168	127	3	3	7.08	5.00	240	222	.10	.16	557.50	.....
Washington.....	7	176	171	7	182	122	4	10	9.67	5.50	460	500	.26	.32	1,252.00	.....
Cedar Rapids (Ind).....	1	479	565	3	463	463	1	10	27.77	8.90	90	90	.31	.31	4,205.00	.....
Center Point (Ind).....	1	117	110	2	123	93	1	1	10.00	5.67	60	80	.16	.16	437.50	.....
Kingston (Ind).....	1	117	109	2	165	87	1	2	10.00	8.50	160	160	.22	.23	560.00	285.96	
Lisbon (Ind).....	1	130	157	2	120	100	1	3	12.50	7.50	100	80	.13	.18	694.50	.....
Mt. Vernon (Ind).....	1	293	246	1	195	138	1	2	15.00	7.50	12015	750.00	364.85
Marion (Ind).....	1	321	333	1	431	374	2	5	13.50	8.00	60	120	.17	.15	2,343.75	26.00	
Western (Ind).....	1	83	63	3	132	93	1	2	6.25	6.75	59	160	.10	.15	208.00	.....
Total.....	26	149	5351	5005	147	7358	4658	96	192	9.06	6.20	9297	9668	.20	.22	31,233.41	1,507.13

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

LOUISA COUNTY.

LUCAS COUNTY.

Benton.....	6	127	141	0	190	89	5	4	7.25	6.95	220	233	.06	.09	593.00
Cedar.....	5	153	161	10	282	146	4	5	7.35	6.75	280	260	.17	.15	831.00

Chariton.....	4	112	111	10	157	99	2	3	7.50	7.50	240	240	.30	.20	748.00	.....
English.....	7	194	141	13	308	165	5	3	7.35	5.83	800	280	.10	.10	797.00	140.00
Jackson.....	5	83	72	6	109	67	2	4	7.50	5.87	195	200	.45	.45	525.00	72.96
Liberty.....	6	128	97	5	181	98	4	4	8.12	7.50	280	280	.46	.43	900.00	.....
Otter Creek.....	5	192	112	5	90	90	8	3	8.97	7.75	280	300	.50	.57	944.00	.....
Union	5	186	123	7	252	140	3	4	6.48	4.16	320	120	.21	.35	489.00	.....
Warren.....	7	136	131	6	239	105	4	6	7.39	6.01	369	383	.47	.46	1,036.50	.....
Washington.....	3	82	73	3	90	52	..	4	.....	5.58	180	80	.19	.15	293.00	.....
White Breast.....	6	152	132	5	41	18	6	3	7.81	6.66	300	300	.18	.22	865.00	333.00
Pleasant.....	5	113	104	4	135	85	3	2	7.87	5.60	200	234	.30	.31	646.25	.....
Chariton (Ind.).....	1	205	204	3	233	163	1	2	21.25	7.75	400	400	1.33	1.25	900.00	10.00
Total.....	66	1758	1602	82	2261	1316	47	47	8.73	6.45	2564	3470	.36	.37	9,842.75	555.96

MADISON COUNTY.

Crawford.....	6	146	144	6	204	95	5	5	8.25	7.25	270	400	.14	.22	908.00	18.00
Douglas.....	5	145	127	4	288	93	4	4	7.37	5.85	240	240	.14	.14	635.00	30.00
Grand River.....	5	75	84	5	124	99	3	5	7.00	6.03	240	240	.21	.29	635.01	.....
Jackson.....	5	74	68	5	198	60	..	5	.....	5.60	300	240	.47	.48	615.00	.....
Jefferson.....	4	104	78	4	198	128	3	2	7.00	7.00	50	300	.12	.34	533.73	47.50
Lee.....	1	48	35	1	50	25	1	1	6.25	7.50	60	60	.15	.16	165.00	62.75
Lincoln.....	6	150	128	6	187	101	..	6	.....	6.00	403	334	.43	.39	882.50	.....
Madison ..	5	151	112	5	261	151	3	2	9.21	5.57	300	172	.18	.23	689.96	205.89
Monroe...	4	71	57	4	115	40	..	4	.....	5.62	240	240	.50	.60	560.00	98.00
Ohio.....	4	94	99	4	193	138	3	1	7.02	5.60	240	240	.....	.....	675.00	.....
Penn.....	1	47	41	2	45	24	1	1	7.50	7.50	.....	120	.....	.64	180.00	33.04
Scott.....	6	223	223	6	545	299	3	3	7.57	6.75	300	360	.26	.26	742.70	63.16
South.....	5	186	200	4	234	111	2	2	8.75	7.30	320	180	.42	.35	796.00	.....
Union.....	5	181	168	5	349	137	2	3	8.38	5.13	280	270	.24	.25	710.00	.....
Walnut.....	5	147	133	4	192	118	2	2	7.20	7.20	240	240	.25	.26	693.00	280.00
Washington (Ind.).....	1	54	54	1	75	62	..	1	.....	7.50	60	.....	.12	.....	.....	.....
Webster.....	3	49	57	3	92	15	1	2	7.50	5.20	160	260	.23	.24	456.00	26.73
Winterset (Ind.).....	1	258	261	..	.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,091.75
Total.....	72	2203	2069	69	3350	1696	33	49	7.61	6.39	3763	3896	.26	.32	9,876.90	1,956.82

Carbondale (Ind.).....	1	51	63	1	56	20	1	...	10.00	.....	.50	.....	120.00	.....
Total.....	151	4088	3708	116	6754	3579	74	132	9.92	5.81	6805	7378	26,941.20	8,604.27

MARION COUNTY.

Clay.....	8	351	341	8	481	299	5	3	8.00	7.00	.....	60	.....	.20	745.50	.....
Dallas.....	7	195	185	3	136	....	2	1	9.00	6.25	.....	60	.....	.22	.....	.....
Franklin.....	6	72	65	4	....	....	2	2	7.50	.....	.....	60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indiana.....	8	275	233	8	382	213	1	9	7.50	6.25	.20	60	.....	.28	1,048.55	.....
Knoxville.....	18	591	555	16	825	500	11	5	9.00	7.00	.....	75	.....	.17	1,778.76	.....
Lake Prairie.....	8	419	400	8	385	200	6	5	7.25	4.75	.13	95	.....	.17	1,844.00	.....
Liberty.....	9	305	320	9	....	....	4	5	7.50	5.00	.....	60	.....	.16	690.00	.....
Pleasant Grove.....	7	264	240	....	....	....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Perry.....	2	82	82	2	112	42	...	3	...	8.00	.....	90	.....	.17	800.00	.....
Polk.....	4	139	131	4	127	88	4	1	7.77	4.17	.....	60	.....	.....	340.00	.....
Red Rock.....	5	269	258	4	268	148	4	3	10.00	5.00	.20	60	.....	.30	.....	.....
Summit.....	8	220	202	7	314	185	4	4	8.33	5.00	.14	80	.....	.20	1,186.00	.....
Swan.....	6	234	201	6	340	217	4	2	7.50	7.50	.....	60	.....	.28	600.00	.....
Union.....	5	116	116	5	271	138	3	2	7.70	6.25	.....	80	.....	.13	565.00	.....
Washington.....	9	240	215	...	...	....	4	6	7.50	7.50	.....	60	.....	.....	1,620.00	.....
Knoxville (Ind.).....	1	290	816	1	500	250	3	4	16.00	10.00	.....	90	.....	.35	1,584.00	.....
Pella (Ind.).....	1	476	494	1	500	205	4	1	10.00	8.00	.22	120	.....	.23	2,460.00	.....
Total.....	17	112,4538	4354	86	4641	2485	61	56	8.70	6.51	.18	1170	.....	.22	14,761.81	.....

MARSHALL COUNTY.

Albion (Ind.).....	1	109	88	2	145	90	2	2	12.25	6.75	.19	160	.....	.28	560.00	.....
Le Grand (Ind.).....	1	52	70	2	80	59	...	2	...	7.50	.15	60	.....	.25	144.00	.....
Marshall (Ind.).....	1	394	362	6	550	415	2	5	25.50	12.50	.14	300	.....	.25	8,286.00	.....
Bangor.....	5	176	137	5	240	130	1	9	5.75	5.25	.19	300	.....	.21	645.00	341.43
Eden.....	3	89	95	3	164	72	3	3	7.50	7.25	.09	240	.....	.13	723.00	39.50
Greencastle.....	5	93	77	5	145	74	3	5	7.50	5.00	.13	260	.....	.16	354.00	.....
Iowa.....	10	191	189	10	325	275	5	13	7.50	5.81	.20	560	.....	.21	1,661.00	.....
Jefferson.....	4	55	54	4	104	85	2	3	7.50	6.25	.38	130	.....	.32	286.25	74.73

Reports of County Superintendents—P—Continued. Marshall County—Continued.

MILLS COUNTY.

Anderson.....	8	86	67	8	122	71	8	8	10.66	6.91	180	180	.26	.25	553.50	16.27
Glenwood.....	4	96	63	4	147	61	3	4	10.75	7.25	180	180	.32	.24	608.00	.....
Indian Creek.....	8	61	67	8	217	116	1	5	7.50	12.58	240	200	.33	.31	664.00	.....
Ingraham.....	3	20	18	3	82	18	4	..	10.75	..	120	118	.78	.94	516.00	85.97
Lyons.....	4	206	210	4	352	106	8	3	9.66	6.25	120	220	.18	.29	570.00	595.96
Oak.....	5	101	94	4	111	66	4	3	9.81	8.92	240	240	.46	.41	804.00	151.00
Plattville.....	4	141	157	4	250	200	2	2	..	..	880	..	.14	..	840.00	.....
Rowles.....	4	116	118	8	180	88	8	3	9.75	8.25	240	120	.89	.86	508.50	539.70
White Cloud.....	4	27	28	4	..	..	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	358.62	.....
St. Marys.....	3	44	48	3	100	87	3	..	7.96	..	80	120	.84	.37	238.67	.....
Silver Creek.....	4	190	110	4	199	93	4	4	10.00	7.50	400	320	.95	.25	644.00	98.83

Glenwood (Ind.).....	1	216	218	8	418	230	8	1	21.33	10.00	185	185	.36	.36	1,487.00	.....
Total.....	12	40	1284	1198	40	1922	1084	33	34	10.75	4.87	2345	1788	.33	.35	8,166.29	1,237.78

MITCHELL COUNTY.

Mitchell.....	2	233	229	6	243	159	1	5	.....	.....	300	360	.....	.....	1,100.00	.....
Osage.....	5	67	64	3	65	55	..	5	.....	.....	280	520	.....	.....	716.50	.....
Osage (Ind.).....	1	198	187	3	241	140	..	3	.....	.....	187	..	.....	.....	255.00	.....
St. Ansgar.....	3	121	106	4	132	91	..	4	.....	.....	270	176	.....	.....	574.00	.....
Stacyville.....	5	104	99	5	123	90	1	7	.....	.....	260	250	.....	.....	663.00	72.00
Stacyville (Ind.).....	1	36	40	1	46	29	..	1	.....	.....	67	..	.....	.....	140.00	.....
Lincoln.....	2	49	58	3	55	18	2	2	.....	.....	120	120	.....	.....	396.00	.....
Douglas.....	4	39	40	3	79	20	..	5	.....	.....	120	120	.....	.....	436.00	.....
Otranto.....	5	101	76	4	138	55	2	6	.....	.....	300	220	.....	.....	590.39	.....
Cedar.....	8	124	115	8	177	94	1	14	.....	.....	571	406	.....	.....	998.00	146.81
Wayne.....	3	49	45	3	81	74	..	3	.....	.....	120	..	.....	.....	318.00	200.00
Jenkins.....	9	81	93	7	171	85	1	10	.....	.....	440	260	.....	.....	858.00	32.11
Burr Oak.....	5	85	64	5	110	83	1	4	.....	.....	300	300	.....	.....	570.00	.....
Newburg.....	3	65	95	3	94	86	2	3	.....	.....	280	134	.....	.....	629.00	.....
Total.....	56	1352	1311	58	1755	1079	11	72	.....	.....	3715	2866	.....	.....	8,243.89	450.92

MONONA COUNTY.

Franklin.....	3	96	90	8	..	72	2	1	10.79	9.09	100	..	.81	..	682.75	.....
Lincoln.....	1	22	42	1	..	15	..	1	..	5.00	60	..	.23	..	..	.....
St. Claire.....	1	14	14	1	10	6	1	..	9.87	..	..	60	..	1.85	..	.....
Maple.....	3	37	42	2	50	..	2	..	7.34	..	60	50	.14	.14	166.50	75.04
Center.....	1	22	25	2	39	25	1	1	7.50	7.34	60	60	.46	.62	157.50	38.68
Kennebec.....	4	67	54	3	74	42	1	1	5.00	5.63	60	60	.88	.88	..	.....
Sherman.....	1	40	25	2	..	23	..	2	..	..	60	..	..	..	250.00	.....
Ashton.....	1	25	20	1	17	10	..	1	..	8.00	60	..	..	..	96.00	100.00
Grant.....	2	33	28	2	18	18	1	1	6.25	5.00	40	..	..	..	40.00	84.00
West Fork.....	1	10	10	1	20	8	..	1	..	5.00	60	80	..	..	140.00	250.00
Belvidere.....	2	32	29	2	40	21	1	2	10.00	6.25	59	187	.70	.70	270.00	.....

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Monona County—Continued.

MONROE COUNTY.

Pleasant.....	7	236	205	7	320	198	4	9	6.50	5.83	480	470	.15	.18	1,127.50	.....
Bluff Creek.....	7	205	156	7	262	158	4	9	7.85	7.60	580	860	.35	.34	1,035.00	.....
Union.....	8	225	219	6	358	204	6	5	5.80	8.87	220	500	.18	.23	1,031.00	842.00
Cedar.....	7	223	204	7	277	125	9	1	7.27	5.00	340	460	.50	.36	1,084.00	.....
Wayne.....	6	148	123	3	266	80	1	8	7.56	6.80	180	120	.25	.28	393.00	183.00
Guilford.....	5	198	168	5	200	109	1	6	7.50	4.62	300	120	.22	.25	430.00	1.41
Troy.....	7	158	148	7	211	129	2	9	6.60	5.00	420	360	.....	.....	801.00	.....
Mantua.....	9	278	264	8	392	240	4	12	6.15	4.95	380	440	.20	.15	1,147.00	174.55
Urbana.....	5	182	159	4	295	118	1	5	7.50	7.08	120	840	.13	.14	552.00	.....
Monroe.....	5	99	93	5	219	121	8	3	7.00	4.50	40	800	.10	.18	404.00	.....
Franklin.....	6	149	153	5	155	85	3	8	7.50	5.65	180	200	.....	.....	479.00	600.18
Jackson.....	4	141	114	8	176	94	2	8	6.25	5.41	130	180	.14	.12	345.00	.....
Albia (Ind.).....	1	320	324	1	289	190	1	8	20.00	7.50	.....	120	.....	.15	1,020.00	18.00
Blakesburg (Ind.).....	1	11	11	1	141	78	2	4	8.88	5.75	120	60	.16	.20	476.00	.....
Total.....	78	2412	2235	71	3561	1914	48	74	7.90	5.64	3410	4080	.22	.23	10,324.50	1,364.18

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Frankfort.....	7	119	89	5	142	88	5	3	8.04	4.91	180	300	.25	.37	505.00	60.00
2 Jackson.....	4	80	78	4	131	82	3	3	7.77	5.20	180	143	.16	.41	413.65	140.00
6 Red Oak.....	4	53	49	2	62	40	1	1	11.04	6.25	140	120	.26	.28	435.00	.....
Red Oak Junction (Ind.)	1	36	46	1	66	33	1	...	12.50	...	60	...	.37	...	150.00	.....
Douglas.....	6	73	69	6	136	90	1	5	6.25	5.25	240	180	.83	.43	508.00	61.00
Washington	4	74	79	3	163	64	1	3	18.75	...	198	44	.92	.19	325.00	.....
West	2	25	16	2	40	24	2	1	20.00	6.25	102	160	.15	.10	493.25	.....
Total.....	28	460	426	23	740	421	14	16	12.05	5.57	1100	947	.85	.30	2,829.90	261.00

MUSCATINE COUNTY.

Lake.....	6	190	153	6	235	153	4	5	8.45	7.31	360	740	.17	.19	1,731.00	100.00
Moscow.....	8	211	194	9	270	97	3	9	6.17	5.15	450	302	.41	.40	1,179.00	700.00
Montpelier.....	4	119	121	4	123	96	2	5	6.20	7.14	136	241	.33	.25	640.00	.....
Pike.....	4	98	76	3	106	123	2	4	6.87	6.72	198	228	.27	.39	612.00	234.00
Wapsinonoc.....	6	111	114	6	184	120	2	4	7.50	7.50	440	410	.24	.25	1,275.00	...
Goshen.....	5	122	130	5	225	123	1	5	7.50	6.25	382	380	.13	.15	1,051.00	117.24
Bloomington	9	320	248	10	359	212	2	17	8.02	6.13	475	888	.17	.20	1,794.00	327.00
Cedar.....	4	83	105	4	146	93	3	1	8.61	6.25	60	270	.32	.28	550.00	.....
Wilton	7	182	156	7	338	124	5	6	8.00	5.40	460	413	.15	.34	1,151.00	.....
Sweetland.....	9	325	314	8	511	257	10	7	9.11	6.93	530	648	.17	.19	2,192.00	210.73
Seventy-Six.....	8	186	177	7	274	149	4	10	7.50	6.99	417	558	.23	.17	1,408.00	20.14
Fulton	8	292	118	8	370	203	7	8	9.12	6.44	567	635	.15	.21	1,793.00	202.86
Orono	3	65	67	2	89	42	1	3	6.50	5.75	160	158	.27	.29	405.00	202.86
Muscatine (Ind.).....	1	1182	1104	9	1140	798	4	19	16.37	6.57	105	105	.16	.16	8,000.00	...
District No. 2 (Ind.).....	1	50	56	1	62	39	..	2	....	6.87	80	80	.22	.22	220.00	.....
Wilton (Ind.).....	1	183	191	1	90	21	1	3	....	7.50	200	280	.23	.32	648.00	89.00
West Liberty (Ind.).....	1	128	118	2	266	180	2	2	10.00	7.00	119	149	.10	.14	640.00	204.66
Atalissa (Ind.).....	1	96	97	1	....	....	...	...	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total.....	86	3943	3539	93	4837	2830	53	110	8.39	6.58	5139	6485	.22	.24	25,289.00	2,408.49

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

PAGE COUNTY.

Total.....	15	52	1498	1888	53	2181	1908	47	46	10.22	7.14	2690	8436	.43	.40	12,346.09	975.59
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PALO ALTO COUNTY.

Emmettsburg.....	3	41	34	3	47	88	1	2	8.75	6.36	75	160	.45	.81	318.00	105.00
Nevada	1	26	28	8	16	80	1	2	8.75	8.75	611	....	.87	...	800.00	....
West Bend.....	2	23	28	2	41	20	..	2	....	6.50	120	120	.45	.31	255.00	106.66
Total.....	5	90	85	7	104	66	2	6	8.75	7.20	806	280	.59	.56	873.00	271.66

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

Lincoln.....	1	25	30	1	24	12	2	...	8.75	...	80	80	.31	.81	280.00	43.01
Plymouth.....	1	28	26	1	20	15	..	2	...	4.37	60	60	.19	.25	105.00	41.48
Total.....	2	48	56	2	44	27	2	2	2	4.87	140	140	.20	.28	385.00	84.49

POCAHONTAS COUNTY.

POLK COUNTY.

Allen.....	8	149	168	5	162	71	3	2	12.30	7.50	120	260	.10	.17	880.00	.....
Beaver.....	9	130	84	7	218	142	3	8	8.75	6.25	240	420	.16	.27	945.00	.....
Bloomfield.....	5	97	95	5	200	63	6	8	10.15	6.25	155	454	.20	.28	1,232.50	.....
Camp.....	6	293	260	8	429	185	6	8	9.00	7.50	60	1384	.17	.17	1,333.75	442.59	
Des Moines (Ind.).....	1	823	847	4	756	708	3	10	23.15	11.03	180	180	.25	.25	6,997.00	681.31	
Des Moines, E. S. (Ind.).....	1	451	474	1	525	490	1	8	25.00	8.33	60	60	.26	.30	2,140.00	.....
Delaware.....	7	161	138	5	.....	.....	4	9	7.50	6.50	420	810	.35	.40	1,195.14	.....
Douglas.....	4	85	59	4	120	78	2	5	7.50	6.25	240	180	.40	.40	570.00	.....
Elkhart.....	5	105	115	8	197	78	4	4	7.00	6.00	240	240	.35	.30	690.00	.....
Elm Grove (Ind.).....	1	35	36	1	60	20	..	1	.....	7.50	93	...	.12	...	.....	.....
Four Mile.....	2	132	122	3	210	51	2	2	10.62	5.25	120	200	.11	.11	556.00	179.00	
Franklin.....	4	94	92	3	189	73	5	2	8.50	6.75	240	390	.25	.30	990.00	.....
Hopkins Grove (Ind.).....	1	50	47	1	61	33	..	1	5.63	...	6014	...	67.50	29.50
Jefferson.....	7	216	187	4	322	189	5	5	7.50	6.31	200	328	...	...	826.00	.....
Lee.....	5	141	132	4	305	94	4	..	11.96	.....	180	280	.42	.70	957.00	857.00
Madison.....	11	324	306	11	463	16	5	7	7.00	6.00	483	355	.40	.36	1,075.00	505.45	
Saylor.....	10	170	150	10	348	237	5	5	8.23	8.18	240	460	.24	.20	998.00	.....
Saylorville (Ind.).....	1	71	48	2	95	45	1	1	8.37	5.00	120	...	.16	...	165.00	.....
Valley.....	4	99	87	4	204	60	4	3	9.50	7.50	180	320	.28	.30	855.50	.....
Walnut.....	10	170	163	13	81	17	4	9	9.50	7.00	60	60	.40	.50	1,813.50	.....

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Polk County—Continued.

POTTAWATTAMIE COUNTY.

Boone.....	1	75	87	5	124	60	1	4.14.00	9.00	60	240	.28	.33	552.00	60.00	
Center.....	3	86	53	3	139	59	4	1.10.00	10.00	160	140	.17	.17	540.00	228.52	
Council Bluffs (Ind.).....	1	676	800	8	809	480	8	6.20.50	11.25	640	960	.37	.27	4,677.71	.....
Oreocent.....	5	188	174	5	211	124	9	2.8.00	7.50	300	300	.85	.30	1,065.00	.....
Grove.....	3	59	57	1	65	35	1	11.25	.....	90	120	.85	.35	350.00	.....
James.....	3	44	34	3	52	37	4	3.10.00	8.84	180	200	.24	.28	672.00	8.75	
Kane.....	10	190	158	10	244	136	10	10.10.00	7.50	600	600	.33	.38	1,960.00	919.50	
Knox.....	6	88	83	8	86	51	3	3.10.00	10.00	200	270	.19	.19	925.00	.....
Macedonia	3	40	45	2	85	67	1	3.11.25	7.81	120	140	.18	.24	455.00	265.00	
Rockford.....	1	115	56	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300.05	.....
Silver Creek.....	3	29	85	2	59	27	3	1.9.81	7.25	140	160	.28	.36	608.00	125.27	
Walnut Creek.....	3	40	45	3	61	38	1	5.7.50	5.88	180	220	.23	.33	500.00	70.00	
York.....	1	28	18	2	40	25	1	1.10.00	6.20	60	80	.19	.33	285.00	77.97	
Total.....	48	1652	1645	48	1975	1030	43	89	11.08	8.29	2730	3430	.29	.29	12,839.76	1,748.01

POWESHIEK COUNTY.

Chester.....	1	30	22	2	52	30	..	4	.....	7.00	119	140	.45	.42	352.00	184.41
Bear Creek.....	5	214	176	7	223	118	3	4	11.39	6.25	300	300	.38	.44	1,253.00	.....
Deep River.....	5	130	98	5	228	108	6	4	7.76	6.44	300	300	.13	.19	868.00	.....
Dresden (Ind.)	1	37	29	1	48	29	1	..	8.83	....	60	....	.29	...	100.00	.....
Grinnell.....	5	88	62	4	76	55	..	4	.....	5.81	225	320	.50	...	1,077.00	847.82
Grinnell (Ind.).....	1	171	196	1	218	148	..	3	.....	10.83	60	....	.15	...	390.00	190.80
Jackson.....	11	164	151	8	214	128	8	7	8.62	6.00	560	600	.42	.51	1,815.00	55.00
Montezuma (Ind.).....	1	143	163	1	213	145	1	3	18.75	8.75	65	....	.20	...	600.00	.....
Jefferson.....	6	169	122	5	385	80	4	6	10.00	6.90	288	282	.14	.16	902.00	.....
Lincoln.....	3	86	69	3	86	47	2	4	8.12	5.53	180	220	.39	.39	534.50	110.00
Madison.....	3	108	91	5	176	66	3	6	8.67	6.15	240	280	.16	.26	730.00	.....
Malcom.....	6	50	60	5	81	55	1	6	7.50	5.62	190	370	.40	.63	650.00	.....
Pleasant.....	4	98	97	4	195	76	2	6	7.08	7.09	260	320	.37	.38	900.00	27.50
Scott.....	4	67	53	4	139	63	4	3	8.83	4.50	180	320	.31	.28	585.00	.....
Sheridan.....	3	46	30	1	15	10	..	1	.....	6.50	59	....	.43	...	.....	191.68
Sugar Creek.....	7	179	141	6	193	136	4	6	7.50	7.50	360	300	.25	.20	855.00	.....
Union.....	5	178	155	5	282	123	5	5	8.65	6.90	160	440	.19	.21	938.00	96.03
Warren.....	6	160	162	5	227	103	3	7	6.83	6.33	380	360	.21	.21	983.00	400.00
Washington	7	90	86	5	141	81	..	10	.....	7.75	260	300	.24	.29	823.00	10.00
Total	84	2208	1963	77	3192	1579	47	89	9.11	6.77	4246	4852	.30	.32	14,355.50	2,113.19

RINGGOLD COUNTY.

Sand Creek.....	4	54	67	5	99	77	2	3	6.62	5.85	120	180	.29	.45	365.00	100.00
Platte.....	6	91	70	6	161	92	5	5	7.29	6.36	339	466	.45	.70	737.00	.....
West Fork.....	7	101	114	7	215	182	5	8	8.13	5.25	400	390	.29	.30	1,107.00	312.00
Lot's Creek.....	7	116	96	6	170	95	3	5	6.25	6.25	360	240	.44	.37	740.00	70.00
Mount Ayr.....	7	84	59	7	108	71	6	6	8.32	6.30	340	500	.86	.87	1,318.00	.....
Middle Fork.....	4	57	67	4	92	60	1	4	8.75	5.00	280	190	.31	.41	446.00	.....
Athens.....	4	74	54	4	102	64	3	2	7.50	5.00	60	220	.39	.40	547.00	301.00
East Fork.....	5	72	64	5	100	60	4	6	6.25	6.25	300	300	.30	.30	665.00	.....
Washington.....	8	179	146	8	228	127	6	7	7.70	6.50	520	300	.53	.48	1,090.00	.....
Mount Ayr (Ind.).....	1	55	45	1	70	49	1	..	10.00	.....	40	....	.20	...	80.00	38.70
Total.....	53	883	782	53	1345	877	36	46	7.69	5.86	2759	2786	.40	.47	7,095.00	821.70

City of Davenport (Ind.).....	1	2938	2975	7	2695	1594	7	85	19	85	11.76	100	100	.19	22,023.00	10,452.16
City of Le Claire (Ind.).....	1	214	298	3	270	167	1	2	15.00	8.75	120	80	.15	1,066.25	71.00	
City of Princeton (Ind.).....	1	129	112	1	116	87	1	2	15.00	7.25	60	60	.18	450.00	.....
No. 1 Davenport Tp. (Ind.).....	1	57	48	1	50	30	1	1	.....	10.62	60	120	.21	882.50	278.29
No. 2 Davenport Tp. (Ind.).....	1	57	47	1	44	29	1	1	12.50	.....	55	.....	.28	137.50	270.00
No. 1 Le Claire Tn. (Ind.).....	1	50	80	1	40	85	1	1	10.00	7.50	60	60	.21	210.00	272.97	
.....	1	49	80	1	47	83	1	1	.....	8.75	40	.....	.18	70.00	153.60
.....	1	116	101	1	24	11	1	2	9.50	.....	60	.....	.29	114.00	665.40
.....	1	68	63	2	95	53	1	2	.....	7.87	70	.....	.17	217.00	8.00
.....	1	40	56	1	67	.....	1	1	12.50	.....	80	120	.19	500.00	.....
.....	1	37	34	1	49	29	1	1	8.75	.....	100	100	.18	875.00	.....
.....	1	36	36	1	62	41	1	1	12.50	.....	.....	80	.20	900.00	90.07
.....	1	42	50	1	26	24	1	1	.....	8.33	68	.....	.26	100.00	56.00
.....	1	74	81	2	112	40	1	1	11.25	7.50	60	60	.17	450.00	.....
.....	1	49	53	1	101	48	1	1	12.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	91	6074	5919	92	6389	3671	46	125	10.67	7.78	1897	1704	.32	40,541.57	17,574.57	

SHELBY COUNTY.

Fairview.....	7	79	54	6	97	66	2	7	8.12	1.15	120	570	...	.08	875.00	.....
Galland's Grove.....	4	115	108	4	189	92	2	5	6.56	6.00	240	240	.11	.13	795.00	.....
Harlan.....	4	44	40	3	129	10	3	1	8.34	8.34	320	173	.16	.14	606.66	.....
Jackson.....	2	90	68	2	106	53	4	..	9.23	.....	120	140	.10	.11	480.00	48.11
Total	17	338	270	15	521	321	11	13	6.61	5.16	700	1129	.12	.11	2,816.66	48.11

STORY COUNTY.

Washington.....	7	159	174	7	333	143	3	5	11.25	8.55	289	454	.....	.....	1,291.50	.....
Collins.....	6	80	90	5	142	55	4	4	6.13	4.69	285	180	.....	.....	625.00	.....
Howard.....	5	102	115	5	123	65	3	7	9.29	4.25	290	300	.....	.....	748.83	100.00
Indian Creek.....	7	204	207	7	384	161	5	8	6.75	4.74	360	470	.....	.....	1,370.00	68.88
Palestine.....	5	182	140	4	168	74	5	5	5.86	4.99	240	360	.....	.....	1,052.50	200.29
Franklin.....	5	153	199	5	157	22	1	4	80.00	7.50	920	300	.....	.....	480.00	.....
Lincoln.....	1	23	25	1	28	9	1	2	10.00	6.25	90	60	.....	.....	232.50	208.00

Reports of County Superintendents—II—Continued. Story County—Continued.

Total.....12 62,162.22 1684 86 2317 1176 41 63 11.99 5.45 8259 3544 11,760.00 725.42

TAMA COUNTY.

Buckingham.....	6	67	55	5	122	74	1	9	6.25	6.05	898	878	.24	.26	831.00	800.00
Buckingham (Ind.).....	1	41	46	1	64	37		1	.....	7.50	80	.....	.12	.....	120.00	5.00
Clark.....	3	20	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Crystal.....	4	55	60	8	129	86	1	4	10.00	7.50	240	240	.31	.33	615.00	.....
Carroll.....	4	56	41	3	72	53	3	3	8.08	6.50	180	180	.27	.36	491.00	76.00
Carlton.....	9	162	134	9	278	137	4	9	7.24	6.21	610	443	.26	.31	1,334.20	.....
Columbia.....	6	97	78	6	197	97	3	7	9.04	5.99	279	340	.25	.30	876.00	.....
Genesee.....	5	95	58	5	154	58	3	6	7.92	7.29	208	329	.64	.71	982.50	.....
Howard.....	9	213	199	7	307	154	7	7	8.57	6.13	429	420	.21	.30	1,230.00	74.34
Highland.....	5	30	42	4	62	28	1	5	7.75	6.25	240	240	.51	.41	405.00	120.37
Indian Village.....	7	275	278	9	496	301	7	11	9.95	6.40	492	506	.18	.22	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	2	6	10	2	18	10	1	2	6.88	6.25	45	40	.95	.99	148.50	.....
Oneida.....	9	80	65	8	105	55	1	5	8.00	5.00	240	240	.....	.....	592.00	.....
Ouer Creek.....	7	142	138	6	174	100	5	8	8.88	6.33	360	360	.41	.40	1,035.61	9.46
Perry.....	4	97	75	4	138	74	3	4	6.02	6.05	257	282	.20	.37	723.67	.....
Richland.....	6	116	143	7	234	143	3	7	7.20	6.25	380	350	.10	.19	940.00	.....

Wash Creek	7	193	192	7	381	81	3	5	7.62	5.00	240	240	.55	.51	673.00	.....
Toledo	5	115	85	4	149	74	3	7	7.14	7.02	556	580	.40	.51	1,654.17	.....
Toledo (Ind.)	1	177	174	5	351	205	1	4	8.75	6.67	280	220	.27	.80	780.50	.....
La Tama City (Ind.)	1	180	181	3	188	103	1	5	18.75	9.58	725	275	.25	.25	2,080.00	.....
York	7	148	180	6	324	99	6	8	13.50	7.50	160	160	.12	.14	464.00	.....
Total	23	114	232	102	388	205	68	118	8.88	6.50	6890	6153	.38	.89	16,805.15	1,065.17

TAYLOR COUNTY.

UNION COUNTY.

Douglas	1	13	15	3	18	9	2	1	8.50	6.25	100	80	.78	1.00	280.00	82.70
New Hope	4	50	48	4	63	38	3	1	7.50	5.00	60	460	...	...	880.00	50.00
Jones	8	201	184	6	216	86	4	5	7.16	5.14	285	285	.27	.63	683.00	167.70
Sand Creek	8	35	29	2	37	19	1	2	8.00	6.00	120	120	.50	.60	260.00	.....
Platt	4	67	68	5	109	62	3	5	7.00	6.25	190	249	.88	.32	564.50	161.99
Union	5	213	204	8	268	171	4	8	8.33	6.25	130	230	.17	.19	1,050.00	450.00

Reports of County Superintendents—II—Continued. Union County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	1	2		3	4	5	6		7	8		9		10	11	
	No. of Sub-Districts.	No. of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 y'rs.		No. of Schools in each District.	No. of pupils attending schools in the District.	Average No. who have been in attendance.	No. of Teachers in each District.		Average compensation of Teachers per week.	Aggregate No. of days the District have been taught.		Average cost of Tuition per week for each pupil.		Aggregate amount paid teachers during the year.	Amount of Teachers' fund in hands of District Treasurers	
		Males.	Females.				Male.	Female.		Summer.	Winter.	Summer.	Winter.			
Highland.....	3	49	39	4	85	78	1	3	\$ 82.75	\$ 86.25	180	80	\$.33	\$.21	\$ 365.00	\$ 412.42
Pleasant.....	7	89	74	6	174	97	1	9	6.25	5.42	360	250	.37	.36	646.75	133.35
Lincoln.....	5	67	73	5	121	68	2	5	8.00	5.10	300	200	.30	.27	586.00	.....
Dodge.....	3	29	34	3	53	32	..	4	....	5.62	140	200	.35	.33	370.00	100.75
Total.....	43	813	763	46	1142	655	21	43	7.81	5.72	1855	2145	.38	.43	5,185.25	1,559.00

VAN BUREN.

Cedar.....	6	227	200	6	272	144	6	6	8.29	4.50	360	360	360	360	.11	.18	917.50	684.06
Harrisburg.....	9	226	223	9	320	161	5	9	6.91	5.43	360	620	620	620	.28	.35	1,185.00	98.57
Union.....	7	184	144	7	214	165	7	7	7.16	4.50	479	420	420	420	.18	.17	1,213.00	23.50
Lick Creek.....	9	238	225	8	425	175	5	12	7.50	5.00	640	690	690	690	.17	.22	1,675.00	.....
Village.....	9	292	272	9	213	193	9	8	8.31	6.23	480	540	540	540	.50	.44	1,453.75	.....
Chequest.....	7	209	168	7	288	184	5	10	6.37	4.24	460	420	420	420	.16	.21	910.66	.....
Van Buren.....	11	317	304	11	445	270	10	12	8.85	5.20	660	850	850	850	.22	.38	2,012.00	1.38
Washington.....	5	185	112	5	236	140	8	5	9.21	5.24	300	340	340	340	.25	.23	808.00	58.75
Bonaparte.....	6	261	262	6	434	213	7	6	7.14	5.25	300	400	400	400	.33	.33	886.50	268.66
Farmington.....	6	173	149	6	219	126	8	3	7.50	5.25	180	280	280	280	.14	.17	408.27	322.85
Vernon.....	8	217	203	8	331	190	8	13	6.25	5.05	560	560	560	560	.17	.17	1,032.00	274.00
Des Moines.....	6	173	152	6	230	136	4	9	9.19	6.60	446	480	480	480	.30	.40	1,258.00	40.00
Jackson.....	9	195	206	9	271	175	8	8	7.50	5.11	420	560	560	560	.20	.28	1,155.00	.....
Birmingham (Ind.).....	1	149	132	2	183	116	1	2	8.75	5.62	120	120	120	120	.09	.12	420.00	.....
Bentonport (Ind.).....	1	109	123	1	203	144	2	1	20.84	6.25	60	120	120	120	.40	.40	1,710.00	145.00
Farmington (Ind.).....	1	149	139	1	156	93	1	2	10.00	5.03	00	.....	.....	.....	.14	...	240.00	276.86
Kennanqua (Ind.).....	1	140	205	4	346	244	1	6	25.00	6.31	.....	180	180	180	.20	.20	1,482.00	.....

Bonaparte (Ind.).....	1	08	08	1	80	60	2	8.75	5.00	60	80	.21	.25	890.00	.....
Milton (Ind.).....	1	138	151	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lowaville (Ind.).....	1	51	52	1	64	86	1	.....	6.25	60	.....	.10	.....	75.00	.....
Total.....	1	48	46	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6005	.21	.26	19,281.68	2 142.58

WAPELLO COUNTY.

Adams.....	6	229	185	6	285	162	4	7	6.45	5.25	300	.10	.18	798.25	869.74
Agency.....	8	91	90	8	100	59	2	2	7.50	4.87	180	.25	.25	370.00	46.81
Agency City (Ind.).....	1	174	198	4	281	159	1	8	15.00	6.25	.....	.....	.12	610.00	21.57
Ashland (Ind.).....	1	108	85	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bladensburg (Ind.).....	1	61	63	1	80	48	.....	1	.....	6.25	60	.14	.....	.....	.....
Blakesburg (Ind.).....	1	71	84	1	141	72	2	4	8.33	5.75	120	.17	.18	476.00	.....
Cass.....	2	75	59	2	98	61	1	2	10.00	7.81	120	.28	.28	420.00	85.45
Center.....	8	349	315	14	369	218	7	8	7.07	6.86	880	.19	.15	1,296.00	491.20
Chillicothe (Ind.).....	1	82	67	1	130	70	1	2	9.06	5.00	60	.14	.20	265.00	.....
Columbia.....	6	214	180	8	211	110	4	3	8.55	6.75	282	.06	.08	795.33	.....
Compelino.....	6	205	174	6	228	182	5	5	8.15	5.04	240	.27	.30	840.00	90.99
Dahlonaga.....	8	121	110	8	153	96	8	.....	8.44	.....	.....	.....	.28	800.00	1.17
Eddyville (Ind.).....	1	243	226	5	301	226	1	4	12.50	7.50	72	.87	.....	1,680.00	669.59
Green.....	8	252	218	8	253	165	6	4	5.75	6.25	360	.22	.19	1,070.00	.....
Highland.....	7	166	148	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5.63	360	.44	.36	1,065.00	892.00
Keokuk.....	5	153	133	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5.46	219	.20	.21	634.00	83.90
Ottumwa (Ind.).....	1	620	559	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12.06	100	.15	.16	5,050.00	.....
Pleasant.....	7	159	170	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8.75	120	.34	.34	510.00	1,890.60
Polk.....	6	257	220	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6.05	360	.26	.29	1,005.00	.....
Richland.....	8	259	249	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5.81	660	.14	.23	1,540.00	.....
Washington.....	6	213	198	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4.68	360	.22	.27	643.00	.....
Total.....	88	4103	3725	105	4904	2932	68	96	9.49	6.10	4383	.22	.23	19,542.68	3,479.65

WARREN COUNTY.

Indianola (Ind.).....	1	228	256	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hartford (Ind.).....	1	80	99	1	168	81	2	2	9.10	5.58	80	.19	.18	450.00	.....

Reports of County Superintendents—R—Continued. Warren County—Continued.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Washington (Ind.).....	1	485	485	7	650	00	2	7	15.00	8.04	.....	120	.....	.20	2,076.00	.....
Washington.....	10	270	250	10	520	28	7	13	6.30	5.49	560	614	.....	.....	1,386.48	.....
Oranford.....	8	207	240	7	375	23	6	18	7.70	5.10	560	460	.18	.17	1,090.00	7.00
Franklin.....	7	140	132	7	234	10	3	14	5.00	3.79	595	376	.11	.14	788.50	190.00

Iowa.....	8	216	184	8	598	38	4	14	6.25	5.15	480	500	.17	1,087.00	.....	268 00
Dutch Creek.....	10	317	253	10	394	23	4	17	6.42	4.70	602	723	.11	1,369.00	.....
Cedar.....	9	242	184	10	376	20	6	12	7.23	3.75	540	630	.13	1,490.50	.....
Clay.....	6	182	163	6	518	...	5	6	6.12	4.00	290	370	.38	655 00	.....
Marion.....	7	191	166	7	227	19	4	8	8.10	4.64	360	540	.14	967.50	.....
Seventy-Six.....	6	88	64	5	150	19	...	8	...	3.41	220	315	.29	442.50	.....
Richmond.....	1	98	130	2	141	103	2	1	9.20	6.25	120	160	.72	500.00	.....
Brighton (Ind.).....	1	167	160	4	72	57	1	3	16.25	6.30	60	60	.11	1,287.50	.....	587.08
Jackson.....	9	187	179	9	315	144	6	12	6.25	4.50	468	534	.37	898.75	.....
Highland.....	5	103	95	5	145	18	1	9	8.33	5.76	380	70	.22	856.87	.....
English River.....	6	228	204	6	477	130	5	4	8.25	5.32	300	490	.13	1,198.50	.....
Lime Creek.....	12	273	238	9	334	21	6	12	4.40	4.23	534	540	.14	1,341.00	.....
Oregon.....	8	217	231	6	273	32	1	5	6.56	6.47	365	341	.12	922.50	.....	191 61
Brighton.....	5	106	98	4	153	18	3	5	7.77	4.11	240	300	.25	660.00	.....
Clay (Ind.).....	1	45	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Dayton.....	1	52	44	1	63	41	...	1	...	7.50	80	...	.11	...	.....
Total.....	121	3854	3539	123	6005	806	66	164	7.98	5 18	6754	7143	.21	19,472 60	.....	1,252.69

WAYNE COUNTY.

Benton.....	6	180	177	6	253	150	5	5	7.00	6.75	438	400	.32	1,043.00	.....
Clay.....	5	69	57	3	91	56	2	4	9.93	4.92	200	200	.43	486.75	.....
Clinton.....	4	113	93	4	168	81	3	6	7.50	4.70	300	200	.27	554.50	.....	103.06
Corydon.....	5	183	170	5	266	163	4	4	9.50	6.58	300	360	.24	1,399 00	.....	447.97
Grand River.....	4	112	131	4	186	87	4	4	8.09	6.41	240	400	.23	771.00	.....	321.33
Howard.....	6	87	81	6	147	73	4	6	8.66	6.25	310	265	.50	908.00	.....
Jackson.....	2	43	29	2	46	25	1	1	7.50	5.50	130	80	.30	353.00	.....	158.00
Jefferson.....	5	118	97	4	178	99	2	6	8.60	5.65	240	238	.50	660.50	.....	119.40
Monroe.....	5	97	111	5	265	165	5	5	8.33	4.37	180	400	.10	850.00	.....
Richman.....	4	64	47	4	127	68	4	2	7.95	5.00	120	179	.32	505.00	.....	191.96
South Fork.....	6	120	124	5	189	93	6	3	8.77	5.14	300	500	.65	752.00	.....
Union.....	6	167	141	6	238	161	7	5	7.50	5.49	260	460	.08	975 00	.....
Washington.....	6	114	124	6	190	140	9	9	5.50	4.29	530	424	.23	1,204.00	.....	195.54
Walnut.....	5	71	82	5	142	115	6	4	9.00	6.00	240	360	.30	1,070.00	.....
Warren.....	3	69	54	3	104	66	2	3	8.00	6.66	180	240	.69	625.00	.....

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Wayne County—Continued.

WEBSTER COUNTY.

Fort Dodge (Ind.).....	1	274	263	2	305	179	3	2	15.05	7.60	380	120	.80	.80	2,612.50	.....
Otho.....	2	64	78	2	98	57	2	2	9.88	7.00	140	160	.87	.35	530.00	.....
Wahkoma.....	3	53	51	2	46	31	1	1	9.00	5.00	70	70	.15	.28	284.00	.....
Webster.....	3	85	79	4	164	56	3	8	8.75	6.25	126	266	.46	.45	490.50	.....
Hardin.....	2	70	64	2	85	16	2	...	8.33	...	120	120	.18	.20	400.00	136.00
Douglas.....	6	64	70	5	69	46	3	3	8.33	4.63	174	178	.39	.29	689.00	180.00
Deer Creek.....	3	39	29	3	53	30	...	3	...	5.50	120	...	.55	...	396.00	45.00
Johnson.....	3	55	45	2	52	24	1	2	6.33	5.12	60	60	.14	.27	191.00	225.52
Badger.....	3	40	38	3	65	31	2	3	7.17	6.25	225	180	.29	.35	675.00	...
Washington.....	5	130	128	5	163	108	7	3	7.50	5.00	300	300	.18	.20	750.00	80.60
Dayton.....	9	138	138	4	157	81	2	5	6.87	5.63	219	200	.37	.30	507.75	2.00
Yell.....	4	95	83	4	195	104	1	6	6.00	6.00	240	180	.43	.48	616.00	...
Sumner.....	3	110	89	4	163	125	4	4	7.50	6.25	210	280	.30	.77	723.00	...
Jackson.....	2	50	41	2	80	31	...	2	...	6.25	240	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	48	1207	1191	44	1698	918	31	39	8.59	5.89	2544	3114	.31	.85	8,794.75	696.13

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

Forest.....	1	30	26	1	48	87	1	1	14.45	7.50	80	120	.83	.23	470.00	3.00
Center.....	5	90	85	5	113	90	2	4	6.25	6.25	300	360	.85	.80	770.00	...
Pleasant.....	2	29	29	2	32	11	..	3	...	5.00	66	40	.91	.21	185.00	185.00
Norway.....	2	16	18	2	29	17	1	1	8.00	5.00	100	80	.36	...	168.00	72.00
Total.....	4	10	165	153	10	216	155	4	9	9.60	546	600	.31	.25	1,593.00	210.00

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

Bloomfield.....	9	205	193	9	397	205	5	11	6.79	5.00	561	419	.24	.23	1,126.00	.....
Military.....	7	179	158	7	359	123	8	9	8.75	6.75	420	580	.84	.38	1,329.00	.....
Washington.....	4	188	161	4	178	96	2	3	10.00	8.88	288	312	.08	.15	973.00	.....
Jackson.....	4	94	95	4	149	71	1	3	5.50	5.74	180	80	.18	.13	284.00	224.88
Frankville.....	6	192	144	6	212	107	4	6	6.25	5.07	360	440	.18	.17	880.00	9.60
Springfield.....	8	214	170	8	220	108	..	3	.....	6.00	180	200	.08	.11	454.00	800.00
Calmar.....	4	265	278	6	298	280	2	6	6.25	5.83	295	190	.12	.15	540.75	42.78
Sumner.....	8	95	92	4	100	75	2	3	7.50	6.37	100	200	.15	.25	401.00	.....
Glenwood.....	7	229	216	7	221	126	1	11	7.00	4.50	420	360	.40	.36	726.00	.....
Decorah.....	7	199	174	8	230	156	2	8	7.75	4.14	482	420	.20	.16	1,115.00	.....
Madison.....	4	181	120	4	164	48	..	4	...	5.00	240	300	.13	.14	540.00	.....
Lincoln.....	5	142	144	5	190	153	..	6	.....	5.00	240	320	.22	.18	620.00	200.00
Pleasant.....	6	233	208	6	269	104	2	9	7.29	5.06	150	530	.20	.35	738.00	.....
Canoe.....	7	126	111	7	150	95	2	9	5.62	4.50	400	382	.30	.31	867.00	.....
Bluffton.....	6	151	125	6	273	109	1	6	5.00	5.16	400	360	.32	.33	770.00	.....
Orleans.....	6	96	94	5	111	62	2	7	6.25	4.28	340	265	.21	.26	583.75	.....
Highland.....	3	109	153	8	160	75	3	1	7.75	5.50	139	220	.26	.37	539.01	166.00
Hesper.....	5	128	102	5	118	67	1	8	7.50	4.50	240	260	.20	.25	907.00	109.83
Burr Oak.....	6	102	104	6	173	114	1	5	11.16	8.37	301	360	.14	.32	930.00	12.12
Fremont.....	7	126	137	7	180	100	1	6	.....	8.35	240	360	.15	.12	400.12	.....
Decorah City (Ind.).....	1	264	261	6	328	292	1	6	25.00	9.62	50	120	.26	.21	2,842.50	738.22
Decorah City (Ind.).....	1	163	88	1	100	59	..	2	.....	6.62	78	70	.20	.18	358.00	.....
Hesper (Ind.).....	1	79	56	1	78	50	1	1	11.25	5.00	60	80	.15	.22	226.00	1.23
Oxian (Ind.).....	1	103	78	2	114	70	1	1	7.50	5.00	155	.....	.08	.16	192.00	.....
Hesper (Ind.).....	1	53	85	1	88	53	..	2	.....	5.74	80	.....	.....	.20	178.00	98.90
Oxian (Ind.).....	1	40	56	1	.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	26	115	835	860	124	4765	378	186	7.90	5.26	6419	6796	.20	.21	18,065.12	1,843.56

Reports of County Superintendents—N—Continued.

WOODBURY COUNTY.

WORTH COUNTY.

Bristol.....	2	55	55	2	81	89	1	8	11.25	5.50	180	160	.44	.43	458.00	.....
Silver Lake.....	8	62	58	3	80	17	1	4	5.00	4.65	180	160	.28	.31	832.00	.....
Harland.....	8	88	81	4	97	8	5	3	7.00	5.00	240	320	.18	.26	720.00	200.00
Northwood.....	2	71	76	3	106	31	2	3	11.81	7.25	159	174	.36	.38	648.00	.....
Brookfield.....	3	29	37	3	57	6	1	4	8.00	5.15	190	140	.25	.28	448.00	.....
Union.....	3	23	23	2	20	10	1	2	8.75	5.00	160	65	.66	.88	272.00	128.00
Fertile.....	2	19	14	1	5	3	..	2	..	5.00	60	60	2.00	..	120.00	120.00
Total.....	7	17	846	844	18	426	116	11	31	8.63	1169	1079	.58	.89	2,976.00	448.00

WRIGHT COUNTY.

Troy.....	4	55	55	4	77	45	3	3	10.00	6.25	317	300	.12	..	900.00	891.13
Vernon.....	2	16	17	2	39	23	2	1	10.00	7.50	160	111	.70	.88	462.00	.....

Liberty.....	3	44	37	3	77	49	1	2	7.00	7.00	478	400	...	...	...	...
Belmond.....	4	51	45	4	71	46	2	2	9.12	7.17	240	280	.54	.74	747.00	...
Iowa.....	4	31	33	4	54	38	2	2	6.87	5.45	300	240	.60	1.14	673.00	...
Boone.....	2	22	20	2	42	13	2	2	8.83	6.25	160	120	.32	.36	375.00	155.06
Eagle Grove.....	3	30	17	3	38	18	1	1	6.75	6.16	100	240	.46	.65	417.00	125.98
Wall Lake.....	1	21	7	1	14	7	..	1	....	6.35	60	...	...	.89	75.00	...
Pleasant.....	2	68	56	2	54	73	1	1	8.80	6.25	140	160	...	...	510.00	...
Total.....	25	338	268	25	456	812	18	15	8.30	6.47	1850	1751	.46	.77	4,188.00	673.16

Reports of County Superintendents—II—Continued.

ADAIR COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13			AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.			14	15	16	17	18	19	For Teachers' For Fund.	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus
	Brick.	Stone.	Log.	Brick.	Stone.	Log.	For building and repairing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.					
Summerset.....	1	..	..	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 243.42	\$..	\$..	\$ 150.00	\$ 49.00	\$..	\$..	\$..	\$ 80.98	\$ 200.00	..	..
Harrison.....	4	..	..	1,200.00	..	..	..	68.65	..	..	..	..	..	60.00	..	..
Grove.....	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	200.00	..	..
Grand River.....	3	..	..	1,200.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	150.00	..	..
Jackson.....	4	..	..	2,280.00	15.00	277.98	..	54.25	55.00	..	..	825.50	1,977.08	278.00	..	..
Richland.....	2	..	..	1,200.00	195.18	38.68	..	82.80	22.00	..	..	98.52	..	130.00	..	..
Walnut.....	1	..	..	500.00	..	..	..	30.00	..	..	..	..	31.29	70.00	2	..
Washington.....	2	2	..	2,000.00	152.00	257.60	90.50	121.00	65.00	..	..	62.43	456.43	162.00	808	..
Jefferson.....	2	..	..	1,000.00	375.00	..	..	50.00	30.00	..	..	..	..	50.00	..	..
Greenfield.....	5	..	..	4,000.00	..	50.00	..	18.00	164.67	..	..	685.00	64.00	..	..	..
Total.....	25	2	2	15,380.00	980.60	619.26	90.95	574.70	385.67	1,616.45	2,609.78	810	1,300.00	..	..	..

ADAMS COUNTY.

Union.....	4	..	..	1,700.00	150.00	..	..	50.00	30.00	630.50	25.50	..	68.00
Colony.....	1	..	..	300.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	11.24	15	60.00
Carl.....	2	..	..	1,000.00	113.00	..	..	56.00	20.00	457.49	18.86	..	92.00
Queen City.....	3	..	..	1,500.00	203.00	162.00	5.00	81.00	37.00	405.83	84.17	4	162.00
Jasper.....	..	..	..	..	94.00	..	25.00	60.00	10.00	107.68	45.75	..	140.00
Quincy.....	3	..	..	1,150.00	..	..	6.00	80.37	18.32	..	97.41	..	..
Washington.....	3	1	..	775.00	..	..	..	29.22	16.00	294.76	74.48	27	12.00
Douglas.....	3	..	..	1,050.00	..	..	..	77.00	10.00	..	49.47	44	40.00
Nodaway.....	3	1	..	1,880.00	401.31	..	..	..	18.00	..	60.79	..	177.00

Reports of County Superintendents—*P.*—Continued.

APPANOOSE COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	19				18 School House	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED					20 Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	21 No. of Volunteers in the District Li- brary.	22 Value of Apparatus
	14					15 For District Library and Apparatus.	16 For Rent of School House	17	18	19			
	No. of School Houses and of what ma- terial con- structed.	Brick	Stone	Frame									
Belle Air.....	2	2		2	\$	\$	38.00	13.00	\$ 550.67	\$ 750.67		\$ 1.75	
Center.....		6		6			89.00	80.00	633.65	386.54			
Chariton.....		4		4				7.77	174.15	528.94			
Caldwell.....		2		2		9.50		53.50	680.00	504.85			
Douglas.....								8.00	175.00	458.10			
Franklin.....		4		4		81.80		18.00		573.78		205.00	
Independence.....		6		6			78.00	16.00		860.97			
Johns.....		5		5			90.00			450.98			
Pleasant.....		5		5			50	20.00		645.95			
Lincoln.....		2		2		8.65	66.25	20.00		366.19			
Sharon.....		3		3			55.00	15.50	247.60	349.24			
Taylor.....		4		4						770.00			
Union.....				6				40.00		599.88			
Udell.....		3		3			43.80	17.00	423.00	856.99			
Washington.....		7		7		10.00	164.70	20.60	442.64	536.09		25.00	
Wells.....		4		4	100.00	6.00	74.00	56.15		864.66			
Walnut.....				8		18.00	80.00	18.00		535.08			
Centerville (Ind.).....		1		1		20.00	75.00			401.80			
Cincinnati (Ind.).....		1		1						100.00			
Unionville (Ind.).....		1		1			30.00	5.00	456.50	164.88			
Total.....	2	63	25	34	5,103.68	106.35	548.55	858.63	8,833.21	10,906.76		251.75	

AUDUBON COUNTY.

Audubon.....	4	2,000.00	550.00	130.00	.....	58.00	45.50	662.88	22.44	...	210.25
Exira.....	2	1,600.00	.....	68.00	.....	.....	40.00	859.29	88.10	...	70.00
Oakfield.....	3	2,600.00	150.00	108.00	.....	120.00	35.00	1,000.00	80.20	...	108.00
Total.....	9	6,200.00	700.00	304.00	.....	178.00	120.50	2,021.67	90.74	.....	388.25

BENTON COUNTY.

Polk.....	6	4,400.00	1,148.67	.....	109.90	131.25	19.00	1,244.50	592.87	...	40.00
Big Grove	6	4,400.00	1,050.89	264.90	21.00	216.57	61.00	693.86	300.90	...	211.92
Kane.....	4	1,750.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	512.00	128.44	...	.....
Cedar.....	6	2,750.00	.....	.....	.....	175.00	40.00	882.70	396.52	...	250.00
Taylor.....	7	3,538.00	1,730.00	.....	.....	194.46	90.00	1,582.00	367.20	...	300.00
Florence.....	9	3,285.00	875.00	.....	.....	323.00	40.00	1,165.37	411.27	...	300.00
Bruce.....	4	1,900.00	651.75	.....	.....	108.50	35.20	589.79	180.50	...	50.00
Harrison.....	5	2,100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	40.00	642.45	257.55	4	.....
St. Clair	5	3,200.00	1,164.00	220.00	.....	200.00	30.00	1,150.00	229.07	500	120.00
Leroy.....	7	2,650.00	.....	.....	.....	181.00	60.00	887.18	309.82	.....	.....
Fremont.....	6	1,800.00	74.25	.....	.....	149.00	50.00	864.00	251.94	.....	.....
Canton	10	5,325.60	2,995.60	.....	.....	287.28	50.00	1,219.85	670.65	...	336.96
Eldorado.....	7	1,647.00	397.00	282.80	.....	299.80	25.00	576.00	108.40	...	75.00
Iowa.....	8	3,450.00	1,504.00	258.00	.....	258.00	90.00	1,000.00	420.75	600	.....
Union.....	8	1,570.00	400.00	210.00	32.00	115.00	32.00	756.89	177.22	700	110.00
Homer.....	2	1,200.00	675.00	.....	.....	116.81	20.00	497.13	62.87	...	72.00
Jackson.....	7	5,593.00	3,773.00	.....	.....	193.00	.....	727.55	354.45	...	360.00
Eden.....	5	2,300.00	1,107.86	.....	.....	241.30	.....	746.30	239.82	...	100.00
Monroe.....	4	1,525.00	127.81	75.00	.....	183.19	19.00	810.80	178.50	...	150.00
Benton.....	4	2,500.00	900.00	.....	.....	90.00	30.00	603.83	404.17	...	28.00
Belle Plaine (Ind.).....	2	.....	.....	.....	120.00	55.00	40.00	750.38	257.55	...	.....
Vinton (Ind.).....	1	16,000.00	1,257.00	.....	.....	191.00	65.00	2,407.00	707.62	...	77.00
Blairstown (Ind.).....	2	2,000.00	617.08	23.00	.....	100.00	.....	656.25	228.22	...	25.00
Total.....	117	74,833.60	20,443.91	1,333.70	282.90	8,808.66	836.20	20,915.83	7,231.30	1804	2,665.88

Reports of County Superintendents—*II*—Continued.

BLACK HAWK COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12		13		AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.	14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus	
	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.											Log.
Waterloo (Ind.).....	1	..	..	\$ 12,000.00	\$ 1,033.77	147.90	..	\$ 382.02	\$ 115.62	\$ 3,542.82	\$ 528.47	..	\$ 175.00
East Warloo (Ind.).....	1	..	..	12,000.00	1,893.08	37.25	150.00	865.85	47.68	1,974.08	475.97	..	250.00
Eagle.....	..	..	4	1,550.00	20.00	..	..	42.00	58.40	579.96	117.19	..	50.00
Union.....	..	..	4	3,200.00	..	..	..	116.00	23.50	500.00	126.11	..	80.00
Big Creek.....	..	..	3	2,250.00	794.00	60.20	..	80.75	20.00	376.62	384.83	8	41.50
Waterloo.....	..	..	4	1,750.00	60	117.00	..	173.00	66.01	..	1,291.41	..	117.00
Spring Creek .....	..	..	1	820.00	..	..	..	73.00	15.00	..	317.09	..	78.00
Barclay.....	..	..	6	1,600.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	820.16	..	20.00
Cedar City (Ind.).....	..	..	1	500.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Orange.....	..	..	6	3,600.00	..	260.00	25.00	289.00	48.40	895.00	1,970.73	..	260.00
Washington.....	..	..	3	155.00	49.05	..	..	124.00	19.00	606.66	271.66	..	100.00
Black Hawk.....	..	..	4	1,900.00	..	91.70	..	176.20	27.00	500.00	173.47	4	181.70
Cedar Falls.....	..	..	3	1,805.00	1,416.50	118.00	25.00	157.40	50.00	187.50	208.48	..	118.00
Poyner.....	..	2	4	3,000.00	966.20	..	..	175.00	60.00	557.82	278.84	18	240.00
Cedar.....	..	..	5	2,500.00	109.30	..	8.00	225.00	10.00	604.02	122.24	..	..
Lester.....	..	..	1	920.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cedar Falls (Ind.)	1	..	..	25,000.00	1,582.83	68.40	50.00	945.65	91.00	1,005.75	1,859.08	..	150.00
Mt. Vernon.....	..	1	8	4,900.00	50.00	..	..	246.81	65.75	..	341.73	7	140.00
Bennington.....	..	..	4	1,600.00	867.00	..	..	129.00	..	960.00	198.00	..	..
Lincoln.....	..	..	8	1,575.00	18.35	..	..	122.75	32.00	..	32.00	..	..
East Waterloo.....	1	1	4	143.00	143.00	..	..	450.00	35.00	..	..	..	188.00
Fox.....	..	1	4	1,820.00	720.00	..	..	162.25	..	842.82	..	..	..
Total.....	4	5	73	84,088.00	9,618.08	900.45	258.00	4,885.68	784.85	13,228.00	8,467.46	82	2,189.20	

BOONE COUNTY.

Boonsboro (Ind.)	1	1	15,000.00	3,510.00	.....	.....	475.00	600.97	.....	.....
Cass	.....	3	1,525.00	677.00	.....	6.00	27.00	275.42	.....	.....
Dodge	.....	3	8,200.00	1,075.00	.....	.....	29.00	594.53	.....	.....
Douglas	.....	1	1,500.00	.....	.....	.....	50.00	158.00	.....	50.40
Montana (Ind.)	.....	1	2,500.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	475.00	.....	.....
Molingona (Ind.)	.....	.....	.....	40.00	.....	60.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Marcy	.....	2	950.00	184.05	.....	18.00	8.00	536.53	.....	.....
Madrid (Ind.)	.....	1	100.00	1,169.00	.....	77.00	52.50	866.69	.....	.....
Pilot Mound	.....	2	600.00	.....	.....	.....	92.80	906.50	.....	.....
Jackson	.....	5	1,750.00	505.00	.....	.....	139.80	276.96	.....	.....
Union	.....	3	1,415.00	112.15	.....	.....	80.00	203.63	.....	14.50
Worth	.....	2	2,000.00	445.00	.....	.....	.....	475.18	.....	.....
Yell	.....	2	500.00	453.14	4.59	63.00	115.60	440.76	.....	90.00
Des Moines	.....	6	2,850.00	200.00	270.00	.....	180.00	.....	.....	270.00
Total	1	32	83,890.00	8,810.84	274.58	234.00	1,249.80	4,600.12	.....	414.90

BREMER COUNTY.

Dayton	.....	4	1,900.00	.....	.....	.....	96.00	191.71	96.28	3	20.00
Douglas	.....	1	850.00	409.00	.....	18.00	70.00	156.00	138.10	.....	.....
Fremont	.....	2	750.00	50.50	.....	.....	64.00	356.00	153.43	.....	.....
Franklin	.....	5	1,900.00	878.28	.....	.....	145.50	.....	169.71	3	.....
Fredrica	.....	2	400.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	890.46	190.19	.....	.....
Horton (Ind.)	.....	1	500.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25.00
Jackson	.....	1	2,783.53	410.44	.....	53.00	144.00	417.25	153.43	6	270.00
Janesville (Ind.)	.....	1	1,000.00	42.48	89.60	.....	37.75	239.80	238.20	.....	89.80
Jefferson	.....	4	1,980.00	400.00	.....	.....	99.62	358.87	546.07	.....	135.00
Leroy	.....	3	1,500.00	6.27	.....	.....	44.46	.....	136.14	.....	45.00
Lafayette	.....	4	1,800.00	797.30	612.00	59.60	67.85	.....	79.80	.....	278.00
Maxfield	.....	2	700.00	56.80	105.00	.....	.....	85.00	174.24	50	50.00
Polk	.....	8	4,071.00	1,096.75	.....	15.00	136.85	80.00	832.86	.....	.....
Sumner	.....	5	.....	2,050.00	175.00	.....	175.75	20.00	148.65	.....	.....
Washington	.....	1	1,950.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	642.28	440.25	3	148.00

Reports of County Superintendents—F--Continued. Premier County--Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	13			18			AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.										20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.			14		15	16	17	18	19	No. of Voluntees in the District Library.	County Treasurer.	Value of Apparatus			
							For building repairing and furnishing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Paid.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers' Fund.							
	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.	Log.															
Warren.....	1	1	2	\$ 1,370 00	\$ 570 00	\$ 81 00	\$ 250 00	\$ 20 00	\$ 486 98	\$ 178 73	\$ 100 00								
Waverly (Ind.).....	1	1	1	8,000 00	.....	128 00	250 00	50 00	1,190 91	521 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1	5	6	25,254 58	6,265 80	278 60	1,831 28	310 67	7,601 08	8,687 58	05	1,100 60							

BUCHANAN COUNTY.

[illegible]

Quasqueton (Ind.)	1	..	..	600 00	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	5	3	72	8	51,525.00	13,407.95	50 00	238.00	2,359 87	421.55	12,435.33	5,953.03	41	2,423.60

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BUENA VISTA COUNTY.

Barnes.....	1,200.00	15 00	10 00	484 43	20 00
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BUTLER COUNTY.

Location	6	2,650.00	34.65	225.00	125.00	30.00	391.88
Albion.....	6	2,650.00	34.65	225.00	125.00	30.00	391.88	90.00
Benezette.....	3	900.00	.....	.....	.....	114.00	30.00	390.00	.....	50.80	372.95
Butler.....	3	1,100.00	506.86	.....	.....	144.95	85.00	1,285.00	.....	319.86	376.25
Beaver.....	7	5,170.00	2,060.00	225.00	.....	185.15	70.63	823.33	.....	315.75	.....
Clarksville (Ind.).....	1	800.00	.....	.....	.....	6.00	50.00	488.51	.....	167.40	.....
Coldwater.....	2	1,450.00	330.00	.....	.....	25.00	23.40	542.77	.....	.....	200.00
Dayton.....	3	1,200.00	100.00	.....	.....	75.00	30.00	400.00	.....	63.05	100.00
Fremont.....	3	1,200.00	242.90	.....	.....	12.00	25.00	480.00	.....	97.65	90.00
Jackson.....	4	1,750.00	20.00	.....	.....	12.00	27.00	305.30	.....	.....	210.00
Jefferson.....	4	2,200.00	.....	100.00	.....	72.00	30.00	516.82	.....	183.25	100.00
Monroe.....	3	1,400.00	200.00	.....	.....	191.00	32.00	367.38	.....	132.05	100.00
Madison.....	3	1,400.00	50.00	.....	.....	44.00	15.00	221.27	.....	.....	172.00
Pittsford.....	2	1,450.00	665.11	.....	.....	30.00	23.00	475.80	.....	188.61	.....
Shellrock.....	3	3,200.00	.....	.....	.....	228.00	50.00	436.12	.....	.....	.....
Ripley.....	2	1,000.00	.....	.....	.....	48.00	10.00	360.00	.....	131.00	50.00
West Point.....	1	474.00	3.75	.....	.....	8.40	5.00	107.35	.....	67.00	75.00
Washington.....	1	500.00	12.50	.....	.....	90.20	17.50	481.90	.....	60.00	37.00
Total.....	850	27,344.00	4,225.77	325.00	219.25	1,816.70	553.53	8,073.38	1,771.42	64	1,973.00

CALHOUN COUNTY:

Calhoun	4	2,200 00	1,618.52	400.00	70.00	205 00	60.38	959.01	1,920.45	400 00
Lincoln	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	4	2,200 00	1,618.52	400.00	70.00	205 00	60.38	959.01	1,920 45	400.00

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

CARROLL COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13		AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							20	21	22				
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.	For building and repairing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Fuel.	For compensation of Sec. and Treasurer.	For Teachers' Fund.	14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus
Newton.....	3	\$3,400.00	\$4,650.00	225.00	..	\$ 65.00	\$	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,276.47	1	\$225.50
Union.....	4	2,900.00	3,095.00	134.00	..	138.00	90.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	717.73	1	134.00
Jasper.....	8	1,750.00	113.00	..	..	91.90	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total.....	10	8,050.00	7,858.00	359.00	..	294.90	90.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,994.20	3	359.50

CASS COUNTY.

Cass.....	..	..	6	527.05	..	306.00	61.50	488.11	307.65	..	..	..	..	..	..	300.00
Lewis (Ind.)...	1	..	1	402.93	..	45.00	70.00	167.35	311.65	..	..	..	..	..	..	25.00
Edna.....	..	..	6	213.05	..	113.00	27.37	638.50	187.62	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pymosa....	..	..	7	305.00	..	114.00	50.00	120.00	427.20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grant.....	..	..	8	10.00	..	45.50	35.00	404.35	136.88	..	..	..	..	..	..	120.00
Union .....	..	..	2	15.00	..	48.00	19.48	..	39.10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Turkey Grove .....	..	..	6	886.60	..	200.60	49.00	367.97	427.20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Brighton .....	..	..	1	81.00	..	..	5.95	..	100.20	..	..	..	..	..	..	79.50
Total.....	1	..	32	1,890.63	..	872.10	818.80	2,241.28	1,887.50	..	..	..	..	..	..	524.50

CEDAR COUNTY.

Pioneer.....	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	705.30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Frontier.....	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	294.67	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Dayton.....	7	2,100.00	988.82	58.75	175.00	50.00	841.06	449.70	75.00
Massillon.....	7	3,250.00	766.59	.....	216.50	45.00	.....	338.48	.....
Springfield.....	7	2,620.00	1,118.39	.....	180.00	25.00	752.08	503.05	.....
Inland.....	5	3,450.00	.....	.....	160.74	15.50	692.48	855.20	.....
Farmington.....	9	3,800.00	995.00	.....	168.80	15.50	282.00	387.10	.....
Sugar Creek.....	1	2,150.00	438.91	.....	170.00	20.00	560.68	317.75	.....
Rochester.....	8	6,800.00	1,398.21	.....	482.74	48.00	1,655.36	448.58	.....
Iowa.....	1	2,450.00	156.57	150.00	300.00	60.00	1,557.70	468.90	.....
Springdale.....	7	2,600.00	63.55	.....	299.00	35.00	.....	764.51	.....
Gower.....	7	2,275.00	383.73	.....	133.00	30.00	1,220.55	362.10	.....
Cass.....	5	1,950.00	70.00	.....	126.00	.....	402.77	280.31	.....
Linn.....	1	1,575.00	63.55	.....	188.00	22.00	600.00	174.88	.....
Red Oak.....	6	4,050.00	210.88	.....	523.65	70.00	1,458.77	227.46	.....
Center.....	13	10,900.00	1,252.35	9.00	300.00	95.00	2,206.18	850.97	420.00
Tipton (Ind.).....	1	9,000.00	14.75	.....	56.50	31.65	445.00	535.00	217.00
Loudon (Ind.).....	1	600.00	195.52	.....	100.00	.....	860.00	126.69	15.00
Mechanicsville (Ind.).....	1	3,500.00	.....	.....	25.00	.....	130.98	.....	10.00
Clarence (Ind.).....	1	1,000.00	918.22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Springdale (Ind.).....	1	700.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	9	69,320.00	8,979.54	159.00	3,769.93	642.65	14,661.61	7,585.55	737.00

CERRO GORDO COUNTY.

Mason.....	5	7,000.00	700.00	32.00	700.00	60.00	600.00	656.26	100	400.00
Lake.....	4	2,000.00	700.00	.....	144.58	50.00	.....	469.28	90	200.00
Clear Lake.....	2	1,500.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Owens.....	2	2,400.00	568.00	60.00	310.00	50.00	.....	269.38	.....	135.00
Falls.....	3	7,000.00	777.81	45.35	210.97	45.00	207.43	542.69	3	96.50
Geneseo.....	4	2,200.00	222.92	.....	250.00	35.00	600.00	205.20	.....	110.00
Lincoln.....	4	1,160.00	.....	.....	212.87	45.00	463.36	241.05	35	110.00
Portland.....	1	1,000.00	25.00	12.00	80.00	50.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	11	24,260.00	2,993.73	314.12	1,908.42	335.00	1,870.79	2,383.86	228	1,051.50

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

CHEROKEE COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							20	21	22	
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.	Log.	Value of School Houses in each District.	14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus
							For building, repairing and furnishing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers' Fund.			
Cherokee	435.46	43.00	..	..	9.50	25.00	51.28	100.14	..	75.00
Pilot	4	..	646.20	..	..	..	72.80	48.63	819.56	161.76	..	75.00
Total	4	..	1,081.66	43.00	..	..	82.30	73.63	870.84	261.90	..	150.00

CHICKASAW COUNTY.

Bradford .....	..	..	3	15.50	810.55	..	84.50	69.00	75.00	541.00	590.47	..	..	50.00
Chickasaw .....	..	..	5	2,775.00	474.00	..	..	85.00	52.00	730.00	344.25	..	..	288.00
Chickasaw (Ind.)	1	..	..	500.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	40.00
Dayton .....	..	..	4	1,600.00	609.50	..	4.50	32.30	24.00	343.02	106.00	..	..	140.00
Deerfield .....	..	..	7	2,001.75	201.90	231.70	50.00	132.46	43.00	678.00	199.33	..	..	231.00
Dresden .....	..	..	3	680.00	..	..	..	..	18.00	..	176.83	..	..	240.00
Fredericksburg .....	..	..	3	1,400.00	659.59	..	8.00	135.50	8.00	..	166.29	..	..	..
Jacksonville .....	..	..	6	2,400.00	176.00	408.00	..	103.75	21.00	..	275.28	..	..	408.00
New Hampton .....	..	..	2	600.00	..	..	..	125.00	99.00	..	252.29	20	..	200.00
New Hampton (Ind.) .....	..	..	1	2,000.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	80.00
Nashua (Ind.) .....	..	..	1	500.00	19.14	..	..	84.89	10.00	203.82	147.54	..	..	50.00
Richland .....	..	..	3	1,500.00	806.70	..	10.00	79.73	81.00	794.75	195.17	2	..	150.00
Stapleton .....	..	..	3	500.00	..	..	..	100.00	40.00	..	106.05	..	..	200.00
Utica .....	..	..	5	2,100.00	..	284.40	..	125.00	..	..	256.80	..	..	200.00
Washington	1	..	4	2,500.00	193.00	..	5.00	74.86	24.05	554.79	160.61	..	..	40.00
Total	1	1	50	21,072.20	3,950.38	874.10	162.00	1,096.49	445.05	3,845.38	8,036.91	22	2,267.00	..

CLARKE COUNTY.

Liberty.....	1	1,535.00	349.47	.....	97.00	24.00	220.00	392.71	.....
Fremont.....	5	1,600.00	417.00	.....	100.00	25.00	276.95	110.00	.....
Washington.....	3	1,600.00	380.26	.....	153.00	27.00	340.00	290.88	.....
Madison.....	2	400.00	14.00	.....	.....	16.00	200.00	14.03	50.00
Troy.....	4	800.00	13.00	.....	46.25	14.03	191.00	57.98	75.00
Ward.....	3	1,200.00	18.15	.....	59.75	20.00	410.00	250.76	75.00
Osceola.....	4	800.00	200.00	10.00	200.00	25.13	345.00	337.69	.....
Osceola (Ind.).....	1	1,500.00	477.26	.....	129.55	30.00	137.00	382.23	.....
Jackson.....	3	2,600.00	707.55	.....	49.75	16.50	59.00	320.30	.....
Franklin.....	5	1,850.00	493.65	.....	181.20	44.00	745.00	260.56	.....
Green Bay.....	2	975.00	68.00	.....	68.00	20.00	514.00	184.84	.....
Knox.....	3	750.00	179.00	4.50	.....	21.00	393.00	418.04	.....
Doyle.....	4	1,150.00	.....	.....	.....	40.00	229.00	391.71	125.00
Total.....	44	16,810.00	3,311.34	10.00	20.50	832.65	3,958.95	3,370.73	325.00

CLAY COUNTY.

Clay.....	1	800.0	.....	.....	43.50	20.00	241.00	41.25	.....
Douglas.....	2	1,000.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	285.52	17
Spencer.....	.....	.....	20.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	60.50	.....
Total.....	3	1,800.0	.....	.....	42.50	20.00	241.00	397.27	25.00

CLAYTON COUNTY.

North McGregor (Ind.).....	1	2,000.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	429.87	107.48	.....
Buena Vista.....	3	290.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	310.20	62.05	50.00
Boardman.....	4	1,350.00	289.26	.....	216.70	43.50	814.65	162.96	40.00
Casa.....	6	2,425.00	608.35	.....	.....	62.13	292.64	73.11	.....
Cox Creek.....	2	880.00	14.00	.....	.....	.....	1,209.48	186.47	.....
Clayton.....	1	3,600.00	1,600.00	.....	.....	15.00	417.97	131.02	137.00
Clayton (Ind.).....	1	2,500.00	25.00	.....	72.40	.....	266.29	97.07	.....
Elk.....	1	1,650.00	175.00	.....	115.35	9.00	980.55	136.75	200.00

Reports of County Superintendents—H—Continued. Clayton County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.						20	21	22	
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.	14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus	
	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.		Log.	For building, repairing and furnishing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.				For Teachers' Fund.
Elkader (Ind.)	1	1	1	\$ 500.00	\$ 9.75	\$	\$	\$	\$ 11.00	\$ 672.06	\$ 134.41	...	\$ 50.00	
Grand Meadow		1	6	3,803.00	2,073.96	30.00	20.00	111.28	50.00	636.22	12.10	...	235.00	
Guttenberg		1		2,000.00	10.00	20.00		48.00	20.00	381.33		...		
McGregor (Ind.)	1		2	9,500.00	1,834.63	2,65	135.00			2,717.95	679.50	...	300.00	
Highland			5	1,885.00	452.28			152.75	42.00	358.51	143.47	...	215.00	
Hardin (Ind.)										104.72	26.20	...		
Giard			7	3,200.00	791.23			201.57	87.00	672.90	328.51	...		
Farmersburg (Ind.)			1	200.00						1,811.43	361.94	...	30.00	
Farmersburg	3		4	4,000.00	299.05	20.00		217.72	93.09	811.87	270.56	...	880.00	
Jefferson		3		2,875.00	45.50			100.25	60.15	1,142.57	148.02	...	10.00	
Lodomillo			4	2,750.00	358.50			190.00	36.00			...	272.50	
Monona (Ind.)		1		2,000.00								...		
Monona	1		6	2,500.00	1,229.32			171.50	75.00	1,192.88	291.28	...	95.00	
Mendon			4	1,400.00	11.55		8.00	210.00	40.00	242.00	161.30	...	250.00	
Millville			1	260.00	30.55		6.60	47.80	12.75	358.82	121.95	...	95.00	
Marion	3	2	2	2,650.00	90.00	44.00		136.00	30.00	818.03	147.96	...	307.00	
Garnaville	2	2	1	2,500.00	876.32		25.00	107.85	45.00	552.85	176.41	...	42.00	
Mallory	2		1	1,950.00	341.00	222.50		99.00	50.00	495.50	198.21	...	225.00	
Reed			3	675.00	260.02			184.00	8.50	322.22	157.17	...	110.00	
Sperry		1	7	2,700.00	434.34			190.50	45.00	819.24	182.53	...		
Strawberry Point (Ind.)		1		3,200.00					85.00	262.19	52.43	...		
Wagner		1	6	3,600.00		175.00				510.47	170.27	...		
Volga		1	4	3,550.00	868.00	200.00		95.90	85.00	923.96	184.90	...	200.00	
Total	15	18	81	71,893.00	12,727.57	714.15	194.60	2,668.57	855.11	19,923.48	5,101.08	...	8,243.50	

CLINTON COUNTY.

Berlin.....	4	1,500.00	190.00	183.00	15.00	208.71	284.78	.....	.....
Bloomfield.....	7	3,000.00	790.83	151.44	59.25	.....	588.54	.....	.....
Brookfield.....	6	3,300.00	69.09	273.50	50.00	.....	510.50	.....	.....
Camanche.....	6	4,000.00	400.00	300.00	45.00	.....	385.97	.....	300.00
Camanche (Ind.).....	1	1,400.00	180.00	55.00	10.00	.....	484.67	.....	.....
Center.....	7	.....	1,060.60	190.85	85.00	.....	656.59	.....	.....
Clinton.....	8	2,150.00	161.30	94.00	58.00	1,045.26	592.03	6	43.00
Clinton (Ind.).....	2	26,000.00	4,246.41	814.64	755.95	3,976.26	2,161.72	10	300.00
Deep Creek.....	8	2,775.00	357.50	324.03	55.00	.....	813.31	.....	800.00
De Witt.....	11	5,400.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	915.52	.....	.....
De Witt (Ind.).....	1	2,000.00	5,434.72	181.00	30.00	.....	957.38	.....	.....
Eden.....	6	2,360.00	1,301.35	.....	60.00	601.04	571.38	.....	.....
Elk River.....	9	5,000.00	125.00	.....	.....	.....	896.74	.....	.....
Hampshire.....	7	2,300.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	673.18	.....	.....
Liberty.....	5	2,555.00	932.68	181.50	25.00	713.12	520.66	.....	.....
Liberty (Ind.).....	1	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lyons.....	2	1,200.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	62.14	.....	.....
Lyons (Ind.).....	2	25,500.00	3,000.00	500.00	125.00	.....	2,361.66	.....	.....
Olive.....	8	.....	882.03	.....	58.00	.....	765.41	.....	.....
Orange.....	8	1,300.00	.....	.....	12.75	213.04	264.51	.....	.....
Sharon.....	7	2,250.00	357.48	203.10	70.54	236.74	579.57	.....	.....
Spring Rock.....	4	1,450.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	494.03	.....	.....
Union S. D. (Ind.).....	.....	700.00	97.75	.....	.....	.....	85.74	1	20.00
Unity (Ind.).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington.....	3	900.00	67.00	130.00	.....	.....	536.96	.....	160.00
Waterford.....	4	1,300.00	.....	.....	10.00	.....	572.32	.....	.....
Welton.....	4	1,250.00	200.00	160.00	35.00	.....	451.21	.....	.....
Wheatland (Ind.).....	1	800.00	22.70	44.50	.....	.....	478.38	.....	.....
Total.....	4	99,580.00	20,076.83	3,910.79	743.54	7,024.17	17,664.90	17	1,123.00

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Milford.....	1	1,800.00	2,300.00	450.00	20.00	900.00	.....	.....	.....
Boyer.....	1	300.00	.....	731.00	15.00	17.00	.....	.....	.....

Reports of County Superintendents—*Continued.* Crawford County—*Continued.*

NAME	12		13		AMOUNTS RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.								20	21	22
	No. of School	Value of School Houses in each District.	For building and repairing and furnishing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers' For Fund.	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus				
Union...		\$ 2,800.00	\$ 30.00	\$ 175.00		\$ 75.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 538.00	\$ 165.60	80	\$ 530.00				
Denison.		5,000.00	1,200.00	140.00		200.00	50.00	1,110.00			800.00				
Jackson.															
Total....	4	9,400.00	8,530.00	1,486.00	85.00	862.00	87.00	2,548.00	165.60	80	880.00				

DALLAS COUNTY.

Adel.....	19	8,800 00	3,644.21	.....	18.50	103.95	791.54	1,387 67	.....	.....
Boone.....	8	8,300 00	907 00	.....	54.46	20 00	1,475.50	536 72	.....	.....
Beaver.....	2	800 00	2.56	.....	24.00	8 00	300 00	809 00	.....	.....
Dallas, ...	2	1,325 00	161 70	.....	100 00	29.50	65 17	152.84	.....	.....
Des Moines.....	2	1,850 00	8.50	.....	100 00	20 00	295 00	512.71	.....	.....
Spring Valley.....	6	4,800 00	.....	.....	100 00	20 00	200 00	941.48	.....	.....
Sugar Grove.....	3	1,400 00	502 40	.....	.....	20 00	470 00	298.40	.....	.....
Washington.....	2	1,350 00	400 00	.....	85.00	18 00	802 00	171.49	.....	.....
Walnut.....	3	2,450 00	1,567.48	.....	.....	27 00	362 79	187 08	.....	.....
Union.....	5	8,800 00	111.65	.....	.....	10 00	851 19	875.11	40	.....
Linn.....	5	2,500 00	868.84	.....	.....	32.50	567 81	504 62	.....	10 00
Adel (Ind.).....	1	8,000 00	.....	.....	.....	18.19	980 25	476.67	.....	.....
Redfield (Ind.).....	1	8,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	58	85,995 00	7,069.93	99 00	73.50	822 07	6,411.25	5,799.73	40	10 00

DAVIS COUNTY.

Bloomfield (Ind.)	2	..	..	..	4,000.00	90.37	58.00	..	124.00	40.00	1,260.57	435.28	..	50.00
Bloomfield	1	..	7	..	2,600.00	108.21	..	..	..	20.00	185.47	517.70	..	..
29 Fabius	..	..	5	4	3,445.00	..	..	..	..	28.00	..	460.00	..	27.00
Marion	..	..	2	3	455.00	111.55	..	..	..	..	..	284.00	5	..
Fox	..	..	4	1	2,649.00	911.38	..	18.30	..	24.22	842.83	483.60	..	..
Perry	..	..	3	2	900.00	..	..	..	..	20.00	450.00	206.00	..	..
Prairie	..	..	3	..	1,500.00	50.00	..	..	90.00	10.00	150.00	331.88	..	..
Drakeville	..	..	3	..	500.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	167.20	..	..
Drakeville (Ind.)	..	..	1	..	300.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Roscoe	..	..	5	..	1,500.00	..	..	..	125.00	8.00	300.00	172.00	..	..
Soap Creek	..	..	4	1	925.00	106.00	..	..	54.00	20.00	..	302.25	..	..
Salt Creek	1	..	..	4	850.00	27.67	..	..	..	..	..	254.85	..	..
Troy (Ind.)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grove	..	..	8	..	3,021.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	379.15	..	..
Union	1	..	3	3	877.75	..	..	..	..	20.00	..	662.00	..	..
Wyacondah	..	..	2	4	1,190.00	..	..	..	..	15.00	..	535.66	..	..
Lick Creek	1	..	2	5	1,260.00	..	..	..	..	17.00	..	374.25	..	..
Total	6	..	52	27	25,972.75	1,400.18	58.00	18.30	393.00	222.22	2,688.87	5,565.32	5	77.00

DECATUR COUNTY.

Bloomington	..	..	..	3	350.00	..	..	..	..	10.00	303.73	77.01	..	..
Burrell	..	..	2	4	1,600.00	..	..	..	20.00	20.00	301.18	278.66	..	..
Center	..	..	4	..	2,000.00	529.92	..	..	83.50	19.08	355.11	415.15	..	..
Decatur (Ind.)	..	..	1	..	3,000.00	57.00	..	..	30.00	10.00	..	..	..	..
Decatur	..	..	1	3	700.00	358.50	..	..	59.73	10.00	506.06	559.00	..	..
Eden	..	..	3	4	950.00	100.00	..	..	..	16.00	449.22	411.19	..	..
Franklin	..	..	4	..	1,200.00	102.17	..	..	38.00	19.10	464.21	275.80	..	..
Fayette	..	..	3	..	1,350.00	199.31	..	..	316.99	28.00	371.67	..	..	287.00
Garden Grove (Ind.)	1	..	..	..	2,000.00	15.00	..	..	65.00	..	1,023.77	210.16	..	75.00
Garden Grove	..	..	3	..	1,780.00	80.00	..	..	13.00	29.83	356.47	383.56	..	40.00
Grand River	..	..	2	2	700.00	224.45	..	..	67.75	37.50	445.28	222.80	..	..
Hamilton	..	..	1	2	410.00	..	..	..	..	29.00	..	531.00	..	..
High Point	..	..	3	2	1,500.00	91.50	..	..	96.51	25.00	366.18	401.24	..	..

Reports of County Superintendents—H—Continued. Decatur County—Continued.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Manchester (Ind.)	1	..	..	15,000.00	8,000.00	..	..	..	185.00	50.00	1,487.86	1,157.82	1	90.00
Hopkinton (Ind.)	2	..	..	1,500.00	61.92	..	..	40.00	86.00	15.00	229.25	197.84	..	40.00
Delhi (Ind.)	..	..	1	500.00	..	..	..	..	50.00	80.00	414.96	698.90	..	40.00
Earlville (Ind.)	..	..	1	8,000.00	714.71	..	..	..	107.50	9.25	503.91	546.86	..	87.00
Colony	8	..	5	2,250.00	235.00	..	..	25.00	281.07	40.00	1,106.86	701.87	..	200.00
Elk	..	8	..	2,150.00	98.95	..	..	875.00	230.25	25.80	917.42	417.85	..	375.00
Honey Creek	..	..	10	4,450.00	481.55	..	..	400.00	287.51	49.91	645.78	560.97	..	400.00
Kichland	4	..	4	2,650.00	60.00	..	..	275.00	168.85	35.00	882.30	832.91	1	275.00
Coffin's Grove	..	..	4	2,850.00	2,000.00	..	..	210.00	200.00	53.50	880.00	482.00	1	185.00
Delaware	..	..	6	2,050.80	394.03	..	..	175.00	181.50	20.00	505.45	205.84	1	150.00
Onelda	..	..	6	4,500.00	2,087.50	..	..	191.00	225.70	23.00	686.50	346.00	1	380.00
Bremen	..	..	4	1,600.00	84.85	..	..	160.00	104.40	80.00	..	170.00	4	160.00
North Fork	..	..	5	3,225.00	175.00	..	..	..	175.00	40.00	1,124.14	329.53	..	275.00
Delhi	1	..	5	3,500.00	174.68	..	..	..	168.90	45.00	693.18	221.48	..	125.00
Milo	..	..	8	8,094.95	..	..	..	..	163.00	25.00	..	204.00	..	121.00

Prairie.....	4	1,200.00	59.57	12.25	85.00	10.00	180.00	25.00
Adams.....	8	1,930.00	.....	.....	112.00	44.74	284.50	156.00
Hazle Green ..	4	1,600.00	.....	15.00	125.00	17.00	794.78	60.00
Union.....	4	2,500.00	278.50	.....	.....	25.00	483.00	287.00
South Fork ..	5	2,680.00	782.52	40.00	224.80	30.00	885.46	150.00
Total.....	15	60,579.55	10,563.78	1,863.25	3,095.98	616.00	8,759.88	3,351.00

DES MOINES COUNTY.

Angula.....	4	3,100.00	500.11	200.00	78.53	20.00	11,172.19	19.00
Burlington (Ind.)..	4	88,000.00	7,071.71	296.00	848.53	225.00	.....	250.00
Burlington.....	1	7,700.00	1,921.88	.....	201.88	82.00	.....	.....
Benton.....	1	5,050.00	147.49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Danville.....	1	6,200.00	316.20	.....	275.55	55.00	1,925.97	250.00
Franklin.....	5	2,825.00	148.25	120.00	133.00	15.00	600.00	.....
Flint River.....	6	1,550.00	150.00	.....	125.00	32.00	862.78	.....
Union.....	1	2,200.00	587.89	.....	.....	20.00	495.74	.....
Huron.....	5	2,800.00	844.08	6.00	283.40	.....	503.98	.....
Washington.....	8	4,440.00	1,013.47	70.00	170.36	40.00	560.00	70.00
Yellow Springs ..	9	3,710.00	456.90	.....	139.15	45.80	1,073.17	4.00
Kossuth (Ind.).....	1	300.00	32.22	.....	42.50	5.00	868.75	10.00
Dodgeville.....	1	600.00	5.15	.....	.....	.....	.....	4.00
Huston (Ind.).....	1	600.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pleasant Grove (Ind.)..	1	8,000.00	505.88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	19	80,075.00	13,701.07	890.00	2,297.85	539.80	16,660.56	607.00

DICKINSON COUNTY.

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

DUBUQUE COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.								20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.	14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus		
	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.		Log.	For building repairing and furnishing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.				For Teachers' Fund.	
Dubuque (Ind.)	6	3	3	161,500.00	17,401.34	\$	\$2,161.16	\$846.40	\$12,806.04	\$	\$9,210.28	150	\$150.00		
East Cascade (Ind.)	1			400.00	100.00		18.00	30.00	120.00		271.82				
West Cascade (Ind.)															
Taylor		2	4	2,430.00											
Epworth (Ind.)															
Jefferson		1	3	1,600.00	44.00	44.75	94.15	105.00			773.55				
Iowa			2	3,000.00	437.84				156.98		892.03				
Center	1	3	2	3,000.00	220.30	206.20	50.00	50.00	628.37		899.91		185.00		
Whitewater			4	1,600.00							570.94	5	100.00		
Cascade		1	5	1,750.00	463.58		120.00	25.00	929.61		597.49		225.00		
Peru		4		4,000.00	63.80		118.40	60.00	745.00		379.57		120.00		
Concord			1	805.00	234.00						808.87		31.00		
Table Mound	1	1	2	2,250.00	35.00						660.99	4	250.00		
Prairie Creek			5	2,025.00	12.40						778.35		70.00		
Washington			5	1,900.00	577.00						730.12		275.00		
Zwingle (Ind.)			1	400.00	15.00						696.42		105.00		
Vernon	1		6	2,150.00							659.84				
Julien	1	1	4	4,500.00	400.00										
Liberty											551.63		125.00		
Webster (Ind.)		1		125.00	5.00						775.16		200.00		
St. Marys' (Ind.)			1	400.00	5.00						799.28				
Jackson (Ind.)			1	800.00											
Douglas (Ind.)			1	100.25	8.00										
Mosalem		3	3	1,370.00	16.80		82.75	35.00	285.00		738.85				

New Wine.....	6	2,900.00	56.35	.....	206.50	80.00	576.74	649.81	6	75.00
Dyersville (Ind.).....	1	700.00	56.50	12.00	.....	.....	600.00	353.45	4	100.00
Dodge.....	5	3,400.00	582.07	.....	25.00	75.00	913.08	530.24	.....	.....
Total.....	12 16 57 20	2,026.05	20,833.48	262.95	76.25	1,656.40	21,728.35	21,822.60	169	2,061.00

EMMETT COUNTY.

Armstrong's Grove.....	1	.....	50.00	.....	10.00	.....	90.00	182.00	.....	.....
Esterville.....	1	1,000.00	2.60	.....	.....	.....	178.85	87.00	.....	.....
Emmett.....	1	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	37.00	13.50	.....	.....
Total.....	1 1	1,100.00	52.60	.....	10.00	.....	305.85	232.50	.....	.....

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Auburn.....	3	1,225.00	.....	.....	.....	50.00	.....	310.52	.....	.....
Banks.....	3	2,100.00	768.57	.....	.....	25.00	5.00	63.73	1	70.00
Center.....	1	2,000.00	755.41	.....	12.00	25.00	484.80	168.62	.....	80.00
Clermont.....	2	2,480.00	.....	550.00	.....	103.00	.....	219.00	.....	.....
Clermont (Ind.).....	1	4,000.00	1,623.01	.....	70.00	.....	390.00	271.45	.....	.....
Dover.....	7	3,500.00	586.81	.....	.....	.....	779.76	375.30	.....	.....
Eden.....	6	1,950.00	137.00	.....	10.00	57.40	955.00	348.55	.....	180.00
Fremont.....	4	2,000.00	.....	90.00	6.00	16.00	351.00	140.84	.....	90.00
Fairfield.....	1	4,340.75	1,315.02	.....	5.00	.....	900.00	461.65	.....	.....
Harland.....	1	2,000.00	12.00	.....	.....	33.00	34.50	51.41	.....	.....
Illyria.....	1	1,580.00	268.33	180.00	.....	8.50	628.89	394.83	.....	200.00
Auburn (Ind.).....	1	.....	473.68	.....	.....	57.91	315.05	126.48	.....	.....
Oran.....	5	2,050.00	50.00	200.00	.....	10.00	.....	227.23	.....	160.00
Putnam.....	7	3,300.00	614.03	.....	4.60	44.86	564.14	237.51	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	4	2,460.00	.....	132.00	.....	20.00	.....	176.85	.....	132.00
Richland.....	3	900.00	317.05	190.54	26.00	20.00	341.86	103.90	.....	50.00
Scott.....	4	1,450.00	333.00	.....	6.00	12.50	600.00	69.92	.....	.....
Smithfield.....	1	400.00	2,750.00	.....	105.00	20.00	800.00	232.10	.....	.....
Windsor.....	6	2,300.00	823.00	.....	.....	30.00	275.65	876.35	.....	.....
West Union.....	7	4,500.00	7.08	.....	.....	74.80	858.69	342.30	.....	.....
Westfield.....	3	2,555.00	1,849.00	.....	48.00	51.75	.....	344.45	.....	156.00

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Fayette County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13			AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.					20	
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.			14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual appropriation received from
	Brick.	Stone.	Lor.	Brick.	Stone.	Lor.	For building, repairing and furnishing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For cashiers.	
Waucoma.....	1	1	1	400 00	1,100 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,819 25	5 00	30 00	80 00	323 21	824 91
Part of Fairbank (Ind.).....	1	1	1	4,000 00	3,000 00	315 92	315 92	86 00	297 70	66 00	30 00	2,030 63	531 80
West Union (Ind.).....	1	1	1	2,060 00	221 00	221 00	221 00	333 60	2,880 29	789 72	11,597 88	877 35	21,240 00
Pleasant Valley.....	10	6	81	57,650 75	16,239 06	1,342 54	333 60	2,880 29	789 72	11,597 88	877 35	21,240 00	8,256 54
Total.....	10	6	81	57,650 75	16,239 06	1,342 54	333 60	2,880 29	789 72	11,597 88	877 35	21,240 00	8,256 54

FLOYD COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13			AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.					20	
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.			14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual appropriation received from
	Brick.	Stone.	Lor.	Brick.	Stone.	Lor.	For building, repairing and furnishing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For cashiers.	
St. Charles.....	3	5	1	17,050 00	8,621 88	28 00	837 88	22 75	1,001 96	834 86	404 76	224 19	836 77
Floyd.....	2	2	2	2,750 00	1,263 20	32 00	204 25	27 00	861 40	595 68	461 00	272 44	150 00
Rock Grove.....	2	2	2	3,060 00	553 64	9 00	84 85	18 87	2,300 22	849 96	174 58	159 84	220 00
Rockford.....	1	1	1	1,200 00	112 20	14 25	30 95	78 95	83 72	38 72	171 00	219 13	100 00
Uster.....	1	1	1	400 00	14 25	1 70	1 70	80 00	80 00	80 00	10 42	10 42	57 46
Scott.....	1	1	1	2,750 00	807 48	1,009 85	1,009 85	8 50	1,152 85	78 95	2,300 22	849 96	220 00
Union.....	1	1	1	3,850 00	197 10	197 10	197 10	8 50	98 35	38 72	174 58	159 84	100 00
Riverton.....	1	1	1	1,500 00	570 00	6 84	6 84	44 36	143 87	10 42	287 88	1 50	200 00
Niles.....	1	1	1	1,400 00	6 84	6 84	6 84	44 36	143 87	10 42	287 88	1 50	200 00
Cedar.....	1	1	1	200 00	6 84	6 84	6 84	44 36	143 87	10 42	287 88	1 50	200 00
Floyd (Ind.).....	1	1	1	200 00	6 84	6 84	6 84	44 36	143 87	10 42	287 88	1 50	200 00
Total.....	21	27	10	56,970 00	7,745 94	467 06	148 50	9,187 96	2,310 10	8,882 53	10	777 43	8,882 53

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Clinton	1	5	4,200.00	800.00	4.00	498.30	55.70	425.00	243.01	8	250.00
Washington	1	3	7,500.00	1,064.93	4.00	256.24	70.15	798.00	309.67	...	198.50
Osceola	...	3	2,100.00	800.00	87.00	90.00	25.00	521.00	200.00	...	...
Reeve	...	6	1,050.00	...	...	...	...	...	310.58	...	...
Morgan	2	3	4,768.00	2,234.02	450.00	276.00	298.50	563.00	219.57	...	215.00
Geneva	...	3	1,000.00	251.96	79.40	80.89	29.00	...	...	...	...
Ingham	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total..	2	23	20,618.00	4,650.97	570.40	1,196.43	468.35	2,306.00	1,232.83	8	593.50

FREMONT COUNTY.

Sidney	...	10	4,560.00	1,413.26	...	88.70	30.00	714.40	601.59	...	...
Sidney (Ind.)	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,780.00	337.07	...	...
Ross	...	7	3,335.00	170.60	400.00	60.90	45.00	387.83	404.12	...	100.00
Franklin	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	390.00	400.00	...	100.00
Scott	...	3	3,900.00	298.00	...	126.60	7.00	838.00	545.21	50	200.00
Benton	...	8	1,500.00	248.00	113.65	250.59	15.00	673.81	254.90	...	187.00
Madison	...	5	3,650.00	737.80	187.00	126.00	20.00	...	188.67	...	...
Monroe	...	4	1,300.00	165.10	...	86.25	3.00	253.73	81.50	4	92.55
Fisher	...	...	100.00	15.00	25.00	...	60.00	...	...	...	...
Hamburg (Ind.)	1	...	5,000.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2	32	22,745.00	3,945.26	725.65	699.04	210.00	5,027.27	3,938.71	54	799.55

GREENE COUNTY.

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

GRUNDY COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.															
No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.	Brick.	Stone.	Log.	Value of School Houses in each District.	14	15	16	17	18	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers' Fund.	Amount of annual appropriation received from County Treasurer.	No. of Voluntes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus
					For building and repairing School Houses.	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses.								
Fairfield.....	5			\$ 2,100 00	\$ 553 88	\$257 60	\$.....	\$ 121 23	\$ 18 00		\$ 940 00	\$ 940 00	\$ 940 00	.....	\$ 250 60
Beaver.....	2			780 00	286 00			70 00	18 50				97 50	.....
Pleasant Valley.....	1			775 00	115 08	53 00	24 00	40 00	11 00			262 18		.....	71 00
German.....	4			4,000 00	416 04	49 78	12 00	180 95	71 80			288 06	484 25	4	150 00
Shiloh.....	3			1,200 00	20 00	100 00		50 00	69 97					.....
Lincoln.....	2			1,800 00	1 41			50 00	40 80				62 00	.....
Felix.....	3			1,800 00	240 00	89 50		88 15	80 00			72 47	556 82	.....
Clay.....	2				57 00			107 10	11 11					.....
Black Hawk.....	3			1,500 00	500 00	40 00			16 00			350 00	106 00	.....
Palermo.....	7			5,350 00	689 43		4 00	205 00	50 00			944 92	508 61	.....
Melrose.....	3			2,840 00	25 00		10 00	25 00	77 65			240 84	297 25	.....
Total.....	34			21,145 00	2,863 82	589 86	50 00	887 43	404 88			3,436 68	3,049 98	4	471 60

GUTHRIE COUNTY.

Cass.....	7			3,825 00	87 45			62 00	1,782 07	322 80	62 00	779 12		8	230 76
Center.....	6			4,600 00					426 17	156 00		384 22			
Jackson.....	7	1		2,850 00			100 00	25 00	408 10	68 85	25 00	541 80			7 00
Penn.....	4			1,150 00	60 50			42 00	538 50	141 78	42 00	742 77			
Orange.....	3			800 00	55 00	20 00		45 00	400 00	50 00	45 00	182 98			20 00
Thompson.....	4	1		1,500 00	111 80			40 00	827 00	74 50	40 00	272 60			
Dodge.....	3			1,300 00	630 50			24 00	338 13	97 30	24 00	186 27		3	
Beaver.....	2			960 00	40 00			13 00	118 98	33 26	13 00	110 00		150	75

Highland.....	1	350.00	25.00	.....	.....	18.00	17.00	164.57	86.44	.....
Union.....	2	1,450.00	.....	.....	.....	41.00	20.00	241.99	81.00	.....
Bear Grove.....	1	1,950.00	.....	.....	.....	85.00	8.00	480.00	204.96	75.00
Panora (Ind.).....	1	3,000.00	618.52	.....	.....	85.00	25.00	660.00	415.43	65.00
Total.....	42	23,875.00	1,590.27	20.00	100.00	1,171.93	341.50	5,889.11	3,937.59	407.50

HAMILTON COUNTY.

Boone	1 ..	3 ..	8,000.00	1,136.93	.....	.....	.....	150.00	80.00	1,191.70	443.11	...	115.00
Rose Grove.....	..	1 ..	1,400.00	126.39	.....	.....	24.00	25.25	30.00	110.00	38.90	...	.....
Ellsworth.....	..	1 ..	500.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	34.00	13.00	80.24	49.80	...	.....
Hamilton.....	..	5 ..	2,000.00	76.50	.....	.....	.....	95.50	20.20	329.36	248.55	...	.....
Scott.....	..	2 ..	700.00	3.30	.....	.....	.....	36.00	35.50	177.65	85.50	...	30.00
Webster.....	..	3 1	800.00	165.38	.....	.....	.....	45.46	25.00	453.91	420.60	...	.....
Lyon.....	..	1 ..	500.00	45.00	60.00	.....	.....	25.00	40.00	217.87	64.40	36	50.00
Marion.....	..	5 ..	2,450.00	485.00	.....	.....	.....	77.15	20.00	557.21	233.60	...	.....
Cass.....	..	3 ..	1,300.00	19.87	.....	.....	.....	80.00	18.00	572.56	169.17	...	90.00
Fremont.....	..	3 ..	1,744.50	844.50	.....	.....	.....	75.00	17.00	306.04	104.85	...	100.00
Total.	1 ..	27 1	19,394.50	2,903.87	60.00	24.00	.....	643.36	298.70	3,996.54	1,858.48	36	385.00

HANCOCK COUNTY.

[illegible]

HARDIN COUNTY.

Etna.....	5 ..	3,300.00	1,224.00	.....	78.35	28.00	.....	463.59	4	24.00
Hardin.....	4 ..	4,000.00	800.50	.....	123.30	260.00	884.22	534.44	10	.....

Reports of County Superintendents—H—Continued. Hardin County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13			AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.								20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.			14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.			No. of Volumes in the District Library.	
	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.	For building and repairing School Houses.	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses.	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers' Fund.	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus.		
Alden	2	1	..	\$ 4,900.00	..	..	\$1,439.66	\$ 90.00	\$..	\$ 35.62	\$..	\$ 780.91	\$ 264.18	..	\$ 145.00	..	..
Ellis	1	..	4	2,200.00	..	..	338.28	..	..	128.00	33.35	1,009.00	244.56	..	70.00	..	..
Tipton .....	..	..	4	1,985.00	..	1	629.65	..	..	74.60	15.00	216.83	269.51	..	60.00	..	..
Pleasant .....	..	..	6	3,150.00	..	..	510.00	..	22.00	135.70	20.00	740.28	397.83	..	..	..	..
Eldora .....	..	..	3	1,730.00	..	..	260.75	41.25	..	174.50	50.00	893.65	383.56	..	75.00	..	..
Clay .....	..	1	3	1,700.00	..	1	460.00	50.00	..	44.00	38.50	..	804.21	21	98.00	..	..
Jackson .....	..	..	6	3,600.00	..	..	563.80	..	..	203.05	68.15	1,041.50	430.06	..	150.00	..	..
Providence	1	..	4	950.00	..	..	251.35	..	..	147.50	7.15	1,408.04	702.61	..	160.00	..	..
Union .....	..	1	8	4,725.00	..	1	481.00	..	..	252.75	50.00	961.38	579.63	..	800.00	..	..
Ackley (Ind.) .....	..	..	1	1,000.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Iowa Falls (Ind.) .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	19.15	..	193.25	70.90	35.00	647.97	535.11	..	..	..	..
Eldora (Ind.) .....	..	..	1	4,000.00	..	..	293.20	..	..	83.04	20.00	846.15	408.53	..	..	..	..
Xenia (Ind.)	1	..	..	700.00	..	..	..	81.00	..	60.00	25.00	..	..	..	25.00	..	..
Providence (Ind.) .....	..	..	1	500.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6.00	..	..
Highland (Ind.) .....	..	..	1	600.00	..	..	182.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6.00	..	..
Total	4	4	51	39,040.00	..	3	7,453.34	212.25	338.55	1,748.01	425.50	9,429.93	6,017.82	35	1,059.00	85	..

HARRISON COUNTY.

Boyer	3	..	4	2,550.00	..	1	18.00	208.00	..	200.25	70.82	1,200.00	424.14	..	308.00	..	..
Calhoun .....	..	..	2	615.00	..	1	172.40	..	..	56.40	27.00	487.50	946.07	..	20.00	..	..
Cass .....	..	..	4	2,000.00	..	..	615.00	..	..	78.55	38.45	555.00	197.00	..	43.00	..	..
Cincinnati .....	..	..	4	1,878.00	..	..	413.09	62.50	..	..	15.00	919.19	247.22	..	62.50	..	..
Clay .....	..	..	1	700.00	..	2	220.45	..	..	37.50	8.00	325.00	299.84	..	..	..	..
Harrison .....	..	..	1	400.00	..	..	948.00	..	..	93.00	16.00	335.87	68.13	8	38.00	..	..

Jackson.....	1	1	550.00	471.70	.....	.....	.....	.....	287.20	92.95	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	4	1	1,700.00	574.81	.....	.....	.....	15.00	802.78	381.12	.....	150.00
Lagrange.....	3	3	1,200.00	121.50	.....	.....	25.00	20.00	598.40	158.75	.....	165.95
Little Sioux.....	2	2	650.00	209.05	.....	.....	.....	19.00	498.00	185.00	78	170.40
Magnolia.....	6	6	7,000.00	5,857.54	.....	.....	12.00	50.00	1,004.75	424.47	.....	.....
Raglan.....	6	6	1,800.00	479.90	.....	.....	.....	22.00	571.60	271.89	.....	302.95
Ht. Johns.....	4	4	1,600.00	428.50	.....	.....	.....	30.00	1,185.00	520.73	.....	825.00
Taylor.....	2	1	325.00	465.20	.....	.....	.....	20.00	625.30	184.00	.....	200.00
Union.....	2	2	120.00	120.00	.....	.....	.....	36.28	145.00	62.50	.....	60.00
Total.....	44	8	28,488.00	10,611.04	659.70	87.00	856.55	387.05	9,389.44	3,763.81	81	1,707.80

HENRY COUNTY.

Center.....	2	6	5,005.00	1,279.98	.....	.....	.....	60.00	819.02	716.14	.....	171.00
Mt. Pleasant (Ind.).....	2	1	35,000.00	5,632.29	.....	80.00	609.50	100.00	3,407.24	2,037.86	.....	200.00
Marion.....	2	7	5,300.00	1,758.55	.....	.....	315.00	70.00	1,419.65	464.22	.....	.....
Wayne.....	7	7	2,370.00	667.00	.....	.....	180.00	35.00	2,264.95	433.39	.....	.....
Scott.....	7	7	2,800.00	1,537.42	.....	.....	155.65	57.51	1,637.10	401.34	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	1	2	2,575.00	1,067.08	100.00	.....	.....	50.00	106.98	799.70	.....	100.00
Jefferson (Ind.).....	1	1	1,700.00	655.31	.....	.....	24.75	.....	.....	144.00	.....	.....
Marshall (Ind.).....	1	1	150.00	300.00	.....	.....	3.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Baltimore.....	1	5	2,110.00	68.86	.....	24.00	143.40	50.00	.....	417.00	.....	.....
Tippecanoe.....	1	5	3,600.00	1,332.21	.....	.....	.....	.....	519.31	521.37	.....	.....
Trenton.....	3	1	3,235.00	129.27	.....	30.00	110.50	.....	.....	524.88	.....	.....
Salem.....	2	6	2,990.00	251.73	150.00	.....	.....	42.00	1,012.68	578.81	.....	.....
Salem (Ind.).....	2	2	3,000.00	139.87	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	321.01	.....	.....
New London.....	8	8	1,525.00	.....	.....	.....	225.20	66.00	528.37	518.36	200	350.00
New London (Ind.).....	1	1	3,000.00	154.35	55.08	.....	48.00	30.00	380.22	234.63	.....	53.00
Canaan.....	4	4	1,850.00	77.90	.....	.....	110.45	21.50	757.75	107.77	84	.....
Jackson.....	6	6	3,400.00	434.80	.....	.....	.....	74.40	480.29	527.96	.....	.....
Total.....	17	64	79,010.00	15,486.62	305.08	140.00	2,195.45	657.41	13,333.56	8,748.44	284	874.00

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

HOWARD COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12				18	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.				Value of School Houses in each District.	14	15	16	17	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers' Fund.	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Votes in the District at Large.	Value of Apparatus	
	Brick.	Frame.	Log.												
Chester.....	3	1	1	1	\$ 2,800.00	\$2,100.00	\$ 75.00	\$28.00	\$ 60.00	\$ 50.00	\$ 298.00	\$ 118.84	...	...	\$ 75.00
Saratoga.....	1	2	2	2	550.00	...	...	...	...	4.50	70.00	2.16	1	...	28.00
Howard Center.....	2	2	2	2	1,015.00	176.00	...	...	68.50	15.00	40.00	77.98	...	...	60.00
Forest City.....	2	4	2	2	6,000.00	...	800.00	...	...	100.00	...	248.48	...	...	300.00
Howard.....	2	2	1	1	550.00	15.65	175.45	...	42.80	15.00	285.00	67.86	1	...	155.00
Oak Dale.....	1	1	1	1	550.00	9.50	...	18.00	52.47	24.00	...	41.90	1	...	80.00
Jamestown.....	1	1	1	1	550.00	1.25	...	...	44.50	4.00	286.00	96.21	...	...	80.00
Albion.....	1	3	3	3	3,450.00	183.00	175.00	...	110.00	40.00	456.00	237.92	...	...	170.00
Afton.....	3	3	3	3	1,385.00	28.38	...	...	100.00	40.00	700.20	184.98	...	...	25.00
Vernon Springs.....	5	5	5	5	2,475.00	56.20	48.50	...	228.50	40.00	...	178.00	5	...	150.00
New Oregon.....	9	9	9	9	6,200.00	5.25	...	27.00	379.40	70.00	565.00	431.46	...	...	5.00
Paris.....	4	4	4	4	1,850.00	8.50	...	8.00	100.00	38.00	768.00	190.65	...	...	...
Cresco (Ind.).....	...	...	...	...	...	153.86	...	160.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	38	88	4	4	28,575.00	2,717.54	773.95	234.00	1,191.17	435.00	8,863.20	1,756.89	8	...	1,128.00

HUMBOLDT COUNTY.

Dakota.....	1	..	6	..	6,050.00	1,100.00	..	..	310.00	40.00	1,060.36	82.60	..	..	..	250.00
Humboldt.....	..	..	5	..	2,915.00	592.47	..	..	51.00	42.00	871.97	158.57	..	..	..	182.00
Vernon.....	..	..	..	..	..	128.25	64.00	15.00	52.00	15.00	180.00	120.00	..	..	..	64.00
Wacousta.....	..	..	..	..	..	104.00	..	..	..	20.00	70.85	12.31	..	..	..	..
Total.....	1	..	11	..	8,965.00	1,869.41	96.00	16.00	413.00	117.00	1,942.04	373.46	..	..	..	440.00

IDA COUNTY.

Corwin.....	1	1	1,200.00	100.00	15.00	50.00	500.00	350.00	30	.....
IOWA COUNTY.										
Amana.....	3	1	2,400.00	613.00	.....	.....	.....	265.55	121	240.00
Dayton.....	.....	.....	2,700.00	.....	.....	97.71	60.81	448.48	.....	.....
English.....	1	.....	4,900.00	2,046.00	.....	129.00	75.00	1,060.00	.....	.....
Greene.....	.....	.....	1,775.00	66.00	.....	107.26	40.00	1,000.00	.....	.....
Hilton.....	.....	.....	800.00	.....	.....	24.00	6.00	279.59	2	12.00
Honey Creek.....	.....	.....	2,430.00	400.00	.....	250.00	48.63	1,090.53	.....	.....
Iowa.....	2	.....	2,250.00	.....	.....	115.00	30.00	403.46	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	.....	.....	1,800.00	361.33	3.00	48.24	30.00	563.57	1	.....
Marengo.....	1	.....	3,600.00	850.00	50.00	122.00	45.00	928.73	.....	250.00
Marengo (Ind.).....	1	.....	7,000.00	250.00	30.00	200.00	50.00	2,375.00	.....	.....
Millersburg (Ind.).....	.....	.....	200.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pilot.....	.....	.....	2,175.00	23.45	.....	164.60	30.00	565.49	.....	.....
Troy.....	.....	.....	3,600.00	100.00	170.00	344.75	46.00	1,340.00	.....	170.00
Lenox.....	.....	.....	1,010.00	369.40	.....	73.50	35.00	.....	.....	.....
Washington.....	.....	.....	1,000.00	44.95	.....	72.00	16.00	467.66	.....	40.00
Hartford.....	.....	.....	3,150.00	101.80	.....	184.40	27.00	960.00	.....	210.00
Sumner.....	.....	.....	1,400.00	289.90	.....	85.00	20.55	791.89	.....	.....
Cono.....	1	.....	400.00	17.00	.....	60.00	15.00	275.47	.....	.....
York.....	.....	.....	800.50	347.70	.....	.....	30.00	127.02	.....	.....
Fillmore.....	1	.....	3,296.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	426.36	.....	.....
Total.....	10	1	46,686.50	5,880.53	253.00	2,077.46	2,077.46	13,103.25	124	922.00

JACKSON COUNTY.

Monmouth.....	.....	.....	1,970.00	.....	541.00	.....	35.00	490.00	7	210.00
South Fork.....	1	.....	3,250.00	269.20	.....	207.00	45.00	.....	8	160.00
Maquoketa.....	1	2	3,475.00	.....	184.00	.....	36.00	.....	.....	184.00
Fairfield.....	.....	1	3,650.00	297.93	.....	158.65	30.00	.....	4	116.00

Reports of County Superintendents—P—Continued. Jackson County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses or other	14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual appropriation received from County Treasurer.	No. of Votes in the District at Primary.	Value of Apparatus	
	Stone	Frame	Log.		For District Library and Apparatus.	For rental of School Houses	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers' Wages.					
Van Buren.....	1	1	5	\$ 4.40	7	\$	\$ 240.00	\$	\$ 1,416.00	\$	879.39	9	665.00	
Iowa.....	..	..	8	2,810.00	68.74	50 00	177.50	40.00	1,024.48	519.79	9	665.00
Union.....	..	..	2	710.00	24.15	..	38 00	35.00	181.32	97.58	9	..
Brandon.....	1	..	7	4,000.00	..	..	180.00	35 00	..	489.80	..	..
Farmers' Creek.....	2	..	4	2,012.00	149.55	60.00	83 65	55 00	..	665.93	..	..
Perry.....	..	..	5	1,810.00	886.24	200.00	15 00	45 00	400.00	285.45	5	239.00
Jackson.....	..	..	4	1,950.00	401.19	..	198.95	40 00	1,330.45	448.68	..	80.00
Washington.....	1	..	4	2,675.00	99.43	..	70.26	24 00	251.38	389.97	..	..
Butler.....	..	..	4	1,200.00	..	..	27 00	25 00	250 00	414.20	..	78.00
Otter Creek.....	..	..	5	2,875.00	510.00	174.00	176 00	40 00	..	490.77	..	210.00
Richland.....	1	..	7	2,875.00	..	..	185 00	95 00	830.47	875.98	1	45.00
Bellevue.....	..	1	2	1,315.00	4.00	18 00	122.17	45.00	..	499.38	..	..
Prairie Springs.....	..	2	4	1,850.00	..	186.35	90 00	61.90	871.75	560.35	..	..
Tete Des Morts.....	..	2	..	1,400.00	416.88	180.00	49 93	81 00	386.88	429.27	4	..		
Maquoketa (Ind.).....	8	..	..	10,000.00	8,715.88	..	178 94	20 00	600 00	612.56	..	40.00
Andrew (Ind.).....	1	..	..	8,000.00	200.00	..	..	..	805 00	161.33	8	98.00
Monmouth (Ind.).....	..	1	..	600.00	180.26	44.90	87 00	10 00	270 95	118.42	..	40.00		
Bellevue (Ind.).....	1	..	..	4,000.00	221.00	..	76 00	25 00	688.87	602.13	9	40.00
Sabula (Ind.).....	..	1	..	800.00	58.75	..	52 00	20 00	430.65	846.06	..	..
Lamotte (Ind.).....	..	1	..	20.00	..	..	4 00	..	50 00	..	..	..
Zwingle (Ind.).....	..	1	..	400.00	18.45	..	20.75	..	..	..	..	30.00
Total.....	13	10	79	62,353.50	7,177.71	1,536.21	2,390.80	790.90	9,778.03	9,437.86	60	2,180.00		

JASPER COUNTY.

Malaka	7	2,650.00	733.21	863.08	175.67	30.00	525.00	366.30	...	200.00
Independence.....	6	8,375.80	737.90	...	175.00	28.00	200.00	340.00	105	135.00
Palo Alto.....	4	2,450.00	1,173.00	160.00	110.00	27.00	840.00	260.85	...	160.00
Poweshiek.....	8	7,400.00	700.00	...	181.27	40.00	250.00	551.68	...	252.00
Buena Vista	7	8,850.00	150.00	...	98.24	76.00	1,000.00	547.20	...	...
Newton	8	4,600.00	...	...	266.44	50.00	1,182.00	...	...	...
Greencastle (Ind.).....	1	8,000.00	646.00	...	49.65	25.00	121.00	209.80	2	38.00
Richland.....	3	2,000.00	510.00	15.00	95.00	20.00	850.00	220.20	...	...
Monroe (Ind.).....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rock Creek.....	2	800.00	...	...	57.00	...	...	112.00	...	80.00
Lynn Grove.....	6	3,050.00	...	...	245.00	...	...	227.00	...	200.00
Newton (Ind.).....	4	7,500.00	1,643.00	25.50	217.80	70.00	2,247.50	848.65	...	...
Clear Creek.....	...	2,285.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mariposa.....	4	2,500.00	...	160.00	105.00	20.50	...	1,802.00	...	30.00
Hickory Grove	2	700.00	580.29	39.32	34.00	20.00	...	74.75	...	25.00
Elk Creek.....	5	1,175.00	84.05	...	56.00	20.00	...	475.00	...	...
Prairie City (Ind.)	1	200.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20.00
Fairview.....	5	3,200.00	...	...	...	...	...	898.80	...	...
Mound Prairie.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	171.40	...	...
Des Moines.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	936.60	...	...
Washington .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	77.10	...	...
Total.....	72	50,735.80	6,957.45	622.40	1,868.07	426.50	7,215.50	8,119.33	107	1,140.00

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Walnut.....	1	85.00	...	...	...	16.00	...	368.16	...	...
Penn.....	6	2,375.00	635.12	...	253.29	26.00	1,003.08	469.56	...	210.00
Black Hawk.....	7	1,800.00	573.38	...	311.50	30.80	420.00	285.48	510	170.00
Polk.....	7	5,574.00	772.24	...	137.85	23.30	...	401.70	...	...
Locust Grove	5	2,000.00	161.04	...	114.16	15.00	679.46	337.52	...	...
Fairfield.....	9	5,329.00	1,124.97	...	202.00	15.00	...	369.72	...	...
Buchanan.....	6	1,890.00	1,142.50	...	258.86	16.00	1,050.00	341.64	...	...
Lockridge.....	4	4,430.00	...	...	11.00	80.00	...	599.04	...	...
Round Prairie.....	5	1,459.00	600.71	10.00	96.00	26.00	419.45	311.22	...	...

Reports of County Superintendents—II—Continued. Jefferson County—Continued.

JOHNSON COUNTY.

Big Grove.....	3	5	6,450.00	1,413.00	180.00	.....	.....	35.00	455.00	585.03	.....	180.00
Cedar.....	..	7	2,350.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	25.00	.....	897.55	.....	.....
Clear Creek.....	..	5	2,200.00	540.00	.....	.....	150.00	80.00	917.38	486.80	4	80.00
Fremont.....	..	4	1,150.00	184.19	.....	.....	120.00	22.00	450.23	855.63	.....	.....
Graham.....	..	6	1,600.00	.....	24.00	.....	.....	20.00	.....	400.00	.....	.....
Hardin.....	..	4	3,242.50	2,788.09	.....	.....	38.15	.....	.....	192.22	.....	.....
Iowa City.....	2	9	4,900.00	.....	86.59	.....	230.97	.....	.....	1,107.40	.....	15.00
Iowa City (Ind.).....	3	..	50,000.00	1,841.65	.....	.....	774.23	425.00	2,498.24	1,917.85	.....	75.00
Jefferson.....	1	2	850.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	336.42	.....	.....
Liberty.....	..	5	1,860.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	812.40	.....	.....
Madison.....	..	5	1,100.00	80.00	.....	.....	104.00	24.00	520.00	837.31	.....	100.00
Monroe.....	..	4	1,400.00	200.00	.....	.....	120.00	25.00	1,214.30	371.19	.....	15.00
Newport.....	..	3	400.00	200.00	76.00	.....	100.00	10.00	400.00	310.53	.....	75.00

Oxford.....	3	1	1,425.00	600.00	.....	.....	.....	45.00	878.00	385.32	.....	.....
Penn.....	4	..	2,600.00	608.29	.....	45.00	.....	.....	.....	289.58	.....	150.00
Pleasant Valley.....	7	1	3,040.00	788.99	.....	.....	.....	28.00	688.59	477.02	.....	.....
Scott.....	4	..	2,675.00	490.00	.....	..	.....	40.00	.....	297.98	.....	.....
Sharon.....	5	..	1,650.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	33.00	250.00	364.03	.....	.....
Bolon (Ind.).....	1	..	2,000.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30.00
Union.....	4	..	2,450.00	69.20	.....	.....	.....	19.19	707.73	323.52	.....	115.00
Washington.....	5	..	1,850.00	237.45	.....	.....	.....	20.00	1,130.30	397.65	.....	.....
Total.....	6	3	95,092.45	10,040.86	336.59	24.00	2,692.48	801.19	10,109.86	9,505.48	4	835.00

JONES COUNTY.

Cass	6	..	3,625.00	152.50	.....	.....	121.00	30.00	1,047.61	286.38	.....	405.00
Castle Grove.....	6	..	3,400.00	650.00	.....	.....	150.00	15.00	.....	295.40	.....	.....
Clay.....	8	..	3,900.00	774.68	.....	14.36	39.00	28.00	927.83	443.11	.....	20.00
Fairview.....	7	1	3,220.00	803.83	.....	.....	382.06	37.00	554.60	560.37	.....	240.00
Greenfield.....	7	1	4,300.00	300.00	.....	.....	100.00	30.00	500.00	435.22	.....	300.00
Hale.....	6	..	3,500.00	345.00	.....	.....	361.00	40.00	765.72	356.29	.....	.....
Jackson.....	9	1	2,800.00	394.83	.....	.....	.....	50.00	1,110.05	370.95	.....	.....
Monticello.....	5	..	9,000.00	2,500.00	.....	.....	300.00	40.00	702.09	883.96	.....	600.00
Madison.....	10	..	4,400.00	1,027.24	.....	.....	.....	32.00	931.18	308.94	.....	.....
Oxford.....	6	1	2,450.00	96.30	.....	.....	212.70	50.53	514.19	341.64	.....	100.00
Richland.....	1	4	2,360.00	796.66	.....	.....	127.87	55.00	390.97	364.18	.....	12.00
Rome.....	8	..	3,860.00	86.55	.....	.....	168.50	55.00	.....	460.02	.....	166.00
Scotch Grove.....	8	..	3,750.00	450.00	.....	.....	150.00	25.00	600.00	401.39	.....	50.00
Wayre.....	8	..	3,800.00	568.96	.....	.....	120.00	36.00	903.02	382.09	.....	.....
Wyoming.....	7	..	2,150.00	49.78	.....	.....	37.37	30.00	524.10	443.11	.....	180.00
Washington.....	2	1	1,015.00	24.00	.....	.....	18.00	42.00	.....	473.55	.....	.....
Anamosa (Ind.).....	2	..	9,600.00	900.00	.....	.....	200.00	10.00	2,280.00	674.14	.....	200.00
Wyoming (Ind.).....	1	..	.....	5,000.00	.....	.....	50.00	10.00	82.85	206.34	.....	50.00
Total.....	8	1107	67,130.00	14,920.33	.....	.....	1,537.50	615.53	11,832.72	7,687.08	.....	2,323.00

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

KEOKUK COUNTY.

KOSBUTH COUNTY.

Algon...	1,410.00	144.00	400.00	110.00	2,467.00	874	350.00
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Ewington.....	1	4	400.00	109.27	156.50	12.00	95.95	81.12	862.60	244.31	158	160.00
Creco.....	1	2	800.00	200.00	30.00	346.91	104.14
Total...	1	14	10,100.00	1,722.53	348.79	156.00	546.17	221.12	3,668.82	1,158.15	527	410.00

LEE COUNTY.

Keokuk (Ind.).....	4	1	51,000.00	25,000.00	.....	558.67	887.22	100.00	.....	4,941.43	.....	100.00
Ft. Madison (Ind.).....	2	1	3,000.00	30.00	.....	42.00	201.18	200.00	.....	1,469.10	.....	40.00
West Point (Ind.).....	1	1	2,000.00	325.00	.....	.....	125.00	5.00	.....	505.89	.....	.....
Franklin (Ind.).....	1	1	1,200.00	16.45	.....	.....	42.74	6.00	66.32	289.71	.....	36.00
Montrose (Ind.).....	1	2	800.00	1,053.80	28.70	.....	62.59	30.00	235.31	333.42	.....	27.00
Charleston (Ind.).....	1	1	800.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Primrose (Ind.).....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Croton (Ind.).....	1	1	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bummitville (Ind.).....	1	1	1,500.00	1,500.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Green Bay.....	6	5	1,410.00	641.78	.....	.....	.....	35.00	.....	335.99	.....	.....
Washington.....	2	2	4,350.00	.....	25.00	.....	.....	10.50	.....	558.26	.....	200.00
Denmark.....	4	4	1,850.00	71.16	.....	.....	132.00	13.75	107.18	490.56	.....	110.00
Pleasant Ridge.....	4	1	3,500.00	22.00	.....	.....	121.00	14.00	140.00	488.00	.....	266.00
Marion.....	4	1	8,900.00	.....	.....	.....	200.00	40.00	.....	663.03	.....	180.00
Cedar.....	1	7	2,500.00	477.11	180.00	.....	463.95	84.00	.....	594.03	.....	180.00
Harrison.....	3	7	2,045.00	.....	.....	.....	140.00	10.00	.....	562.10	.....	.....
Franklin.....	1	1	2,900.00	601.62	.....	.....	86.50	15.00	.....	464.74	.....	.....
West Point.....	1	2	930.00	.....	.....	.....	80.50	5.00	.....	428.34	.....	.....
Fort Madison.....	2	1	1,800.00	234.81	31.00	.....	32.00	.....	.....	99.64	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	2	3	2,905.00	599.60	.....	.....	79.00	83.75	.....	444.57	.....	.....
Montrose.....	2	1	4,200.00	2,000.00	.....	58.00	119.25	55.00	.....	500.78	.....	.....
Charleston.....	1	9	2,775.00	.....	.....	.....	200.00	60.00	.....	894.25	.....	.....
Van Buren.....	1	2	1,730.00	124.05	.....	34.00	116.00	.....	116.32	572.82	.....	.....
Des Moines.....	1	4	305.00	676.66	.....	.....	52.00	75.00	.....	472.67	.....	.....
Jackson.....	1	4	940.00	.....	50.00	8.00	240.00	75.00	.....	523.77	.....	.....
Total.....	30	17	91,029,940.00	33,373.54	314.70	700.67	3,330.93	817.00	735.03	15,632.60	.....	1,139.00

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

LINN COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13			AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.										20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.			14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual appropriation received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	22				
	Brick.	Stone.	Log.	For building and repairing and furnishing School Houses.	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses.	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers.	Value of Apparatus									
Bertram.	3		3	\$ 2,600.00	\$	\$	\$ 532.00	\$	\$ 145.00	\$ 25.00	\$	\$ 301.00	\$ 541.98						
Boulder.			4	1,800.00			219.88		100.00	26.88		421.05	805.24	65		75.00			
Brown.	1		7	2,500.00			186.27		171.00	45.00		968.00	667.41						
Buffalo.			5	1,750.00			397.09		70.65	30.88		815.85	801.35			90.00			
Clinton.		1	6	2,200.00									429.00						
College.			6	3,000.00						46.00		618.00	872.73						
Fairfax.	1		4	2,550.00			192.95		180.94	40.74		747.67	288.45			87.00			
Fayette.	3		4	3,000.00									425.58						
Franklin.	1		7	4,400.00								182.55	531.09	7					
Jackson.		1	7	4,250.00			163.59						878.96						
Linn.	3		8	3,150.00			59.98		261.39	45.00			479.88						
Maine.	1		13	7,200.00			100.98		190.95	45.00		1,065.52	837.93						
Marine.		2	5	4,000.00			1,243.18		600.00	150.00		870.09	484.59	8		60.00			
Mcroe.			4	2,500.00								490.92	388.63						
Otter Creek.	1		10	4,000.00			879.80		98.25	21.74		1,200.40	742.42						
Putnam.			4	1,500.00			547.66		341.70	70.00		814.76	884.14						
Rapids.	3		3	5,200.00			971.00			45.00		804.57	620.84			50.00			
Spring Grove.			8	1,700.00			24.15					248.00	254.84						
Washington.			7	2,125.00			42.08		108.00	17.11		1,225.68	401.10						
Cedar Rapids (Ind.)	1			15,000.00			889.57					2,160.61	1,201.55						
Center Point (Ind.)			1	1,000.00			23.00	80.00	514.93	200.00		136.34	271.63			30.00			
Kington (Ind.)	2			2,000.00			165.41		65.00	11.00			294.93						
Lisbon (Ind.)			2	5,000.00			804.00		200.00	16.00			878.97			50.00			
Mt. Vernon (Ind.)							1,807.30		60.65	30.00			526.43			30.00			
Marion (Ind.)	1		2	5,000.00			908.32		203.56	50.00		57.00	769.51			30.00			

Western.....	1	...	...	1,000.00	48.00	...	...	50.00	33.02	64.92	173.29	...
Total.....	23	4	110	3	90,800.00	9,242.44	31.00	236.40	3,661.61	1,236.84	13,787.58	80
											12,421.55	80
												492.00

LOUISA COUNTY.

Columbia City.....	10	...	...	4,000.00	1,773.81	...	...	300.00	70.00	1,719.50	697.35	...
Concord.....	5	...	...	3,450.00	806.70	...	...	110.38	30.00	595.84	301.75	...
Elliott.....	2	...	...	700.00	75.00	...	...	40.00	15.00	348.00	144.10	...
Elm Grove.....	6	...	...	2,000.00	872.00	...	...	100.00	50.00	375.00	297.00	...
Grandview.....	4	1	...	2,360.00	282.26	...	114.50	153.15	50.00	497.70	419.70	...
Jefferson.....	3	...	...	1,700.00	815.00	...	...	110.00	30.00	621.21	318.80	...
Marshall.....	8	...	...	4,350.00	1,055.04	...	...	533.12	45.00	1,115.73	472.40	...
Morning Sun.....	3	...	...	1,850.00	...	...	...	149.90	40.00	885.00	316.95	...
Oakland.....	2	...	...	725.00	303.59	...	...	58.00	10.00	518.07	231.24	...
Port Louisa.....	2	1	...	1,950.00	1,154.55	...	...	72.50	15.00	210.00	339.65	...
Union.....	2	...	...	90.00	10.52	...	...	63.50	35.00	303.53	198.25	...
Wapello.....	5	...	...	2,750.00	170.89	...	...	154.14	56.00	450.00	462.12	...
Grandview C.....	1	...	...	600.00	141.38	...	...	75.00	12.00	213.00	248.50	...
Columbus C.....	1	...	...	3,500.00	330.00	...	150.00	100.00	10.00	610.00	859.80	...
Morning Su.....	1	...	...	6,000.00	753.11	...	...	75.00	40.00	...	233.15	...
Wapello (In.....	1	...	...	600.00	300.44	...	...	64.36	12.00	950.00	399.90	...
Honey Cree.....	1	...	...	800.00	...	...	...	57.50	...	...	...	...
Total.....	8	1	58	6	37,525.00	7,371.00	204.50	130.00	2,346.55	520.00	9,402.58	1,225.30
											5,528.56	...

LUCAS COUNTY.

Benton.....	6	...	...	1,415.00	548.29	...	...	118.24	6.00	437.50	288.90	...
Cedar.....	3	1	...	1,775.00	169.00	...	...	97.00	24.00	598.00	297.00	...
Chariton.....	4	...	...	2,000.00	150.00	...	...	100.00	17.00	569.38	212.62	...
English.....	6	...	...	2,150.00	35.55	...	41.90	...	60.00	527.00	536.89	85
Jackson.....	3	...	...	1,000.00	14.52	...	...	95.00	6.00	413.42	104.55	...
Liberty.....	5	...	...	2,050.00	844.00	...	...	40.90	18.00	598.13	306.00	...
Otter Creek.....	6	...	...	2,800.00	120.00	...	...	140.00	38.00	810.00	245.81	...
Union.....	3	2	...	875.00	46.05	...	18.00	43.75	13.67	133.37	357.37	...

Winterset (Ind.)	.....	1	.....	10 00	.....	53.50	50.38	405.13	129.15	.....
	.....	.....	.....	1,828.79	.....	.....	30.00	531.64	560.11	.....
Total	.....	12	45	9	30,196.50	8,416.84	654.04	54.50	712.80	498.58
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	227
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,303.40

MAHASKA COUNTY.

Pleasant Grove	.....	3	3	3	875.00	320.50	.....	.....	112.00	63.00	636.93	457.90	.....
Union	.....	3	4	.....	3,785.00	730.57	.....	.....	100.00	40.00	1,288.04	546.60	.....
Prairie	.....	1	4	1	8,400.00	515.22	6.00	.....	134.23	16.50	735.12	470.06	106.00
Richland	.....	2	3	1	2,410.00	555.93	55.00	.....	195.50	30.00	947.73	751.91	.....
Black Oak	.....	2	3	.....	1,400.00	80.00	.....	148.00	80.00	.....	970.20	308.29	200.00
Madison	.....	.....	4	.....	1,900.00	417.57	.....	20.00	115.71	27.50	764.80	949.80	20.00
Adams	.....	.....	4	1	2,150.00	812.28	.....	150.00	151.75	23.50	901.28	1,324.73	.....
Monroe	.....	.....	5	.....	3,750.00	1,365.06	18.00	256.06	169.39	40.00	1,062.50	618.24	.....
White Oak	.....	.....	6	.....	2,965.00	823.92	.....	82.90	193.85	.....	415.42	511.14	11.00
Oskaloosa	.....	1	13	1	8,050.00	2,021.94	82.90	.....	257.14	150.00	1,573.28	1,646.02	200.00
Scott	.....	.....	5	1	1,665.00	86.95	158.40	.....	110.04	27.00	220.92	769.81	.....
Jefferson	.....	.....	6	.....	4,600.00	608.35	84.00	.....	97.13	40.00	608.59	612.30	204.00
Des Moines	.....	.....	4	.....	2,150.00	722.14	.....	.....	240.94	50.00	598.07	650.99	.....
Harrison	.....	.....	6	.....	4,000.00	1,021.56	143.00	.....	98.00	44.50	631.73	623.47	143.00
Cedar	.....	1	4	.....	2,600.00	68.75	10.00	.....	242.00	35.00	553.93	215.16	.....
Six Mile	.....	.....	1	.....	800.00	.....	15.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oskaloosa (Ind.)	.....	2	.....	.....	10,000.00	1,835.40	220.00	200.00	209.55	45.00	4,826.94	977.25	350.00
West Center (Ind.)	.....	.....	1	.....	300.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Center (Ind.)	.....	.....	1	.....	400.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Des Moines No. 1 (Ind.)	.....	.....	1	.....	600.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14.00
Des Moines No. 2 (Ind.)	.....	.....	1	.....	435.00	.....	.....	.....	15.00	.....	.....	.....	28.00
Indianapolis (Ind.)	.....	.....	1	.....	2,000.00	.....	.....	.....	45.00	.....	.....	.....	14.00
Granville (Ind.)	.....	.....	1	.....	500.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buckeye (Ind.)	.....	.....	1	.....	1,820.00	834.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Carbondale (Ind.)	.....	.....	1	.....	1,200.00	300.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	120.00	.....
Total	.....	10	83	8	63,745.00	13,120.14	1,259.86	391.90	2,567.23	632.00	16,734.88	11,554.27	21,128.50

Eden.....	1,000 00	703.50	.....	2.87	48.75	.....	44.00	645 00	841.20	50 00
Greencastle.....	1,400 00	78.50	.....	.....	74.75	.....	.....	450 00	225 00	200 00
Bellevue.....	1,820 00	124 00	11.00	.....	50.00	.....	8.00	215 00	127 00	.....
Jefferson.....	4,800 00	161.80	.....	.....	240 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Le Grand.....	800 00	242.00	8.50	.....	66.00	.....	26 00	258.76	69 00	.....
Minerva.....	2,045 00	631.00	163.00	20.00	60.00	.....	30 00	495 00	555 50	.....
Marion.....	600 00	.....	.....	.....	69 00	.....	18.00	250 00	343 00	.....
Marshall.....	1,800 00	470.00	.....	15.00	163 00	.....	15 00	1,030 00	498.50	.....
Marquette.....	1,450 00	10 00	.....	.....	140 00	.....	48.00	440.75	312 03	.....
State Center.....	3,000 00	168.70	.....	.....	315 00	.....	30 00	1,224.95	434 05	185 00
Timber Creek.....	4,500 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	345 00	.....
Vienna.....	8,950 00	1,105.45	.....	.....	127.20	.....	50 00	819 00	403 49	.....
Washington.....	1,200 00	127.00	.....	.....	123 00	.....	30 00	.....	210 00	.....
Liberty.....	600 00	.....	.....	.....	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	1,400 00	71.50	.....	.....	104 00	.....	22 00	150 00	175.45	.....
Total.....	40,255 00	4,368.95	180.50	37.67	1,931.65	389 00	.....	7,840.21	5,103.24	410 00

MILLS COUNTY.

Reports of County Superintendents—*P*—Continued.

MITCHELL COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13		AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.										20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.	14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus					
	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.															
Mitchell.....	1	1	5	\$ 3,500.00	\$2,800.00	\$	\$	\$ 125.00	\$ 40.00	\$ 630.00	\$	505.40	...	\$200.00				
Osage.....	1	1	2	2,200.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	746.70	...	...		
Osage (Ind.).....	...	...	1	2,000.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Ausgar.....	...	2	...	1,300.00	24.84	...	6.00	45.00	34.00	283.10	...	241.35	...	150.00				
Stacyville.....	1	...	3	1,450.00	...	...	...	...	80.00	...	...	210.70	...	...		
Stacyville (Ind.).....	...	...	1	200.00	760.00	...	...	18.59	28.50	...	...	...	...	...
Lincoln.....	...	...	3	1,800.00	1,225.00	...	...	50.00	25.00	...	...	174.70	...	125.00
Douglas.....	...	...	4	2,000.00	2,700.00	...	...	42.00	30.00	436.00	...	92.00	...	...		
Otranto.....	2	...	1	1,800.00	121.19	...	...	79.80	20.00	418.54	...	229.35	...	122.50		
Cedar.....	...	...	6	3,225.00	566.92	...	8.50	169.16	40.00	562.20	...	253.35	...	...		
Wayne.....	...	...	2	700.00	51.52	...	...	...	6.00	144.21	...	146.70	...	85.00
Jenkins.....	...	...	3	825.00	149.45	...	4.00	...	18.50	201.08	...	218.70	...	...		
Burr Oak.....	1	...	3	3,000.00	800.00	150.00	...	150.00	24.00	200.00	...	158.70	...	200.00				
Newburg.....	...	3	1	2,000.00	263.15	92.00	...	65.00	27.00	136.00	...	168.02	...	96.00				
Total.....	6	6	35	26,000.00	9,462.07	275.20	18.52	744.55	818.00	8,011.13	...	3,145.67	...	978.50				

MONONA COUNTY.

Franklin	2	5,500.00	160.86	21.75	100.00
Lincoln	1	200.00			
St. Claire	1	75.00		7.00	
Maple	2	700.00		1.50	
Center	2	700.00		8.00	
					400.50
					167.50

Kennebec.....	8	1	400.00	18.00	.....	.....	.....	8.00	.....	54.00	.....
Shelman.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	250.00	.....
Ashton.....	1	1	250.00	.....	68.00	.....	.....	10.00	.....	.....	68.00
Grant.....	1	1	.....	180.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40
West Fork.....	1	1	400.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belvidere.....	2	2	125.00	650.00	.....	.....	24.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Spring Valley.....	2	2	350.00	.....	.....	.....	24.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lake.....	1	2	350.00	.....	.....	.....	40.00	.....	.....	150.00	.....
Total....	18	5	9,050.00	1,003.86	68.00	185.75	27.50	1,012.00	40	168.00	

MONROE COUNTY.

Pleasant.....	1	5	1	1,950.00	.....	342.41	.....	79.80	32.00	350.10	516.17	....	842.41
Bluff Creek.....	..	5	2	1,970.00	419.67	175.00	.....	140.53	21.50	.....	340.28	..	175.00
Union.....	..	5	8	1,845.00	316.94	100.00	.....	37.38	15.00	400.44	529.50	6	103.00
Cedar.....	..	3	3	975.00	.....	.....	.....	154.21	.....	185.80	381.67	....	.....
Wayne.....	..	2	2	380.00	12.56	.....	.....	.....	18.00	232.00	235.82	....	.....
Gulford.....	..	1	2	310.00	185.00	.....	9.00	.....	.....	.....	388.57	....	.....
Troy.....	..	7	..	2,600.00	500.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	480.17	....	.....
Mantua.....	..	7	1	2,750.00	367.85	.....	.....	.....	24.00	486.90	481.21	....	.....
Urbana.....	..	4	..	1,700.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	163.85	258.49	....	.....
Monroe.....	..	2	3	650.00	15.86	.....	.....	.....	8.00	279.70	253.56	....	21.00
Franklin.....	..	1	5	1,050.00	25.00	.....	.....	.....	24.00	370.00	296.91	....	.....
Jackson.....	..	3	..	1,000.00	35.00	190.00	.....	.....	14.00	845.00	260.46	104	190.00
Albia (Ind.).....	1	....	..	2,600.00	686.44	.....	24.00	80.00	20.00	1,225.00	397.44	....	30.00
Blakesburg (Ind.).....	1	....	..	900.00	80.00	.....	2.00	.....	.....	101.47	19.01	2	.....
Total.....	2	45	22	20,680.00	2,644.32	807.41	35.00	777.21	176.50	4,140.26	4,839.26	112	861.41

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

[illegible]

REPORTS OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Montgomery County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	of what material constructed.			Value of Houses in District.	For building, repairing and furnishing School Houses.	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses.	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers' Wages.	Amount of appropriations received by County Treas.	No. of Votes in the District.	Value of App.
	Brick.	Stone.	Log.										
Douglas.....	5			\$ 1,950 00	\$ 747.59	\$ 84.10	\$ 6 00	\$.....	\$ 17.00	\$ 450.00	\$ 152.46	6	\$ 5.00
Washington.....	8			1,950 00									
West.....	9			1,000 00	196.20	44.80		169.50			106.54	2	50 00
Total.....	2	3	15	10,790 00	3,199.53	118.40	14 00	820.40	51.00	487.24	944.52	8	175 00

MUSCATINE COUNTY.

Lake.....	1		5	8,500 00	310 00			240.00	50.00	1,253.48	477.32		
Moscow.....	1		5	2,325 00	164 00		14.38	223.75	40 00	451.20	595 08		
Montpelier.....			8	2,800 00	394 00			126.40	38 00	358.37	818.68		
Pike.....			3	1,150 00	191.75			73.00	25.44	457.28	152.28		
Wapinonoc.....			5	2,250 00	220 00		80 00	240 00	20 00	611.76	237 70		
Goshen.....	1		4	1,700 00	1,276 70			163.85		549.00	502.00	18	125 00
Bloomington.....			8	5,050 00	902 00		20 00	369 00	45 50	1,263.10	531.10	300	300 00
Cedar.....			4	2,600 00	273.68			70.85	20 00	500.00	245.00		
Wilton.....			6	4,200 00	1,136.54			120.00	30.00	744.02	407.25		250 00
Sweetland.....	2	1	4	6,000 00	1,857.68	40.00	9 00	288.85	65 00	1,122.00	855 00		168.80
Seventy Six.....	3		4	4,600 00	1,275 30			235.00	40 00	850 00	576.63		
Fulton.....			8	7,200 00	1,410.28			315.00	20.50	1,145.00	648.13		
Orono.....			2	1,700 00				62.50	30.00	403.19	155.08		
Muscatine (Ind.).....	2				968.88	26.90	1,115.00	902.82		5,112.00	2,888.00		
District No. 2 (Ind.).....			1	1,500 00	175.54			107.00	26.00	1,000 00	315 00		
Wilton (Ind.).....			1	1,200 00	195 00					540 00	880 00		
West Liberty (Ind.).....	1				2,000 00			318 00		468.85	315.15		
Atalia (Ind.).....					521.63			65.54					
Total.....	11	1	63	47,875 00	13,303.28	68.90	1,191.33	3,800.56	450.44	16,329.76	9,599.11	816	908 30

PAGE COUNTY.

Washington.....	4	2,600.00	420.00	225.00	99.00	33.00	1,320.00	115.40	225.00
Valley.....	1	1,104.00	93.10	.....	8.00	28.00	549.98	309.57	47.00
Pierce.....	1	100.00	117.25	.....	.....	12.00	198.47	.....	50.00
Amity.....	5	2,500.00	418.92	234.00	85.00	50.00	605.80	492.85	265.00
Tarkio.....	2	800.00	698.39	.....	.....	.....	713.34	.....	153.25
Hawleyville (Ind.).....	1	2,000.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50.00
Nebraska.....	1	8,500.00	1,411.78	.....	116.00	40.00	479.70	845.58	25.00
Nodaway.....	3	2,200.00	650.68	.....	179.11	.....	625.08	244.05	.....
East River.....	5	2,725.00	968.00	.....	136.00	101.00	810.00	.....	400.00
Fremont.....	1	450.00	97.68	.....	58.55	16.00	225.33	104.21	.....
Lincoln.....	4	1,850.00	35.05	284.00	105.50	42.16	785.00	128.12	71.00
Harlan.....	4	2,045.00	585.00	.....	80.45	.....	496.00	245.15	125.00
Douglas.....	1	835.00	.....	.....	.....	18.00	.....	156.41	.....
Buchanan.....	2	970.00	196.00	.....	75.40	24.00	.....	498.70	.....
Clarinda (Ind.).....	1	8,000.00	290.20	.....	359.70	85.00	2,420.00	617.91	400.00
Total.....	34	81,699.00	5,975.95	743.00	1,391.84	405.16	9,128.95	8,257.69	5,181.25

PALO ALTO COUNTY.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

Lincoln.....	1	400.00	53.26	14.75	92.25	23.00	181.78	90.29	25.00
Plymouth.....	1	400.00	46.00	.....	21.00	.....	.....	115.71	50.00
Total.....	2	800.00	99.26	14.75	113.25	23.00	181.78	215.00	75.00

Reports of County Superintendents—H—Continued.

POCAHONTAS COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12		13		AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.		Value of School Houses in each District.		14	15	16	17	18	19	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus	
	Brick.	Frame.	Log.	For building and repairing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.	For Teachers' Fund.					
Des Moines.....	1	2	2	\$ 7,075.00	\$ 125.00	\$.....	\$ 6.00	\$ 62.50	\$ 55.00	\$ 600.00	\$ 1,993.81	...	225.00	
Lizzard....	..	2	..	8,000.00	25.86	.....	.....	84.44	55.00	360.00	2,117.78	...	100.00
Total.....	1	4	2	10,075.00	150.80	.....	6.00	150.94	110.00	960.00	4,111.59	...	325.00

POLK COUNTY.

Allen .....	..	..	3	2,780.00	1,600.00	.....	.....	149.00	16.00	830.00	542.84	...	...
Beaver.....	..	..	4	2,300.00	1,400.00	.....	50.00	147.90	20.00	800.00	350.96	...	...
Bloomfield..	..	..	4	2,275.00	.....	.....	.....	250.00	.....	..	495.28	1	25.00
Camp.....	..	..	6	2,200.00	148.80	.....	.....	172.73	98.16	738.48	952.84	...	...
Des Moines (Ind.)	8	..	2	15,000.00	800.00	.....	315.00	827.00	125.00	.....	2,787.16	...	75.00
Des Moines, E. S. (Ind.)	1	..	..	25,000.00	1,087.00	.....	.....	165.00	218.65	.....	1,442.05	...	...
Delaware.....	..	..	4	1,090.00	70.00	.....	18.50	.....	12.00	505.00	496.92	...	...
Douglas .....	..	..	8	1,050.00	118.27	.....	.....	.....	25.00	.....	208.28	...	240.00
Elkhart .....	..	..	3	2,100.00	.....	.....	15.00	62.00	16.00	.....	813.24	...	...
Elm Grove (Ind.) .....	..	..	1	500.00	.....	.....	.....	85.00	.....	.....	.....	...	...
Four Mile .....	..	..	2	975.00	134.75	.....	.....	79.00	24.00	50.00	882.12	...	...
Franklin .....	..	..	3	1,900.00	.....	.....	.....	103.00	15.00	.....	816.52	...	...
Hopkirk's Grove (Ind.) .....	..	..	1	400.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...
Jefferson .....	..	..	3	1,100.00	225.50	.....	.....	76.47	87.50	329.20	432.96	78	70.00
Lee .....	..	..	4	2,500.00	36.25	.....	.....	133.00	50.00	.....	448.56	...	...
Mailson	9	4,700.00	543.85	77.74	68.50	386.89	1,064.86
Maylor	7	1,750.00	133.00	531.86

Valley.....	1	4,000.00	123.81	
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POTTAWATTAMIE COUNTY.

Boomer.....	..	4	1	2,200.00	780.09	..	128.00	42.00	325.18	181.55	...	552.00
Center.....	..	2	..	1,500.00	9.65	..	91.80	40.00	..	216.75	...	170.00
Council Bluffs (Ind)	3	..	..	26,124.00	7,230.15	..	607.50	210.40	3,906.46	1,771.25	300	224.00
Crescent.....	6	..	1	10,300.00	100.00	..	200.40	40.00	..	656.10	...	300.00
Grove.....	..	1	..	500.00	..	..	70.00	..	..	178.95	...	57.25
James.....	..	3	1	1,600.00	51.00	..	65.75	27.00	587.18	131.30	1	165.33
Kane.....	9	1	..	14,300.00	1,520.05	..	221.75	91.00	2,046.80	588.41	...	820.00
Knox .....	..	3	..	2,800.00	..	..	..	80.00	..	198.77	...	30.00
Macedonia.....	..	2	..	1,750.00	750.00	..	80.45	20.00	113.82	123.25	...	..
Rockford.....	..	2	1	500.00	188.55	..	35.43	..	..	295.10	...	..
Silver Creek .....	..	2	..	500.00	500.00	..	108.50	84.50	610.48	129.25	10	40.00
Walnut Creek.....	..	1	2	1,040.00	581.00	..	55.00	25.00	866.50	134.50	...	189.35
York.....	1	..	1	700.00	..	..	..	7.50	77.97	106.90	...	100.00
Total.....	19	23	6	63,814.00	11,710.49	..	1,614.58	617.40	6,934.34	4,712.08	311	2,147.93

POWESHEIK COUNTY,

[illegible]

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Poweshiek County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.										20	21	22	
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.											Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus	
	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.		Log.													
Jefferson.....	4	1	\$2,000.00	\$	563.37	\$	70.23	\$	11.00	\$	310.19	\$	558.25	..	..	..
Lincoln.....	4	..	1,250.00	..	357.30	..	78.75	..	30.62	..	637.00	..	275.90	..	..	..
Madison.....	4	..	2,325.00	..	50.34	..	80.95	..	20.85	..	311.43	..	465.03	..	..	..
Malcom.....	3	..	2,000.00	..	74.78	..	172.50	..	15.10	..	..	..	130.28	..	..	..
Pleasant.....	3	..	2,200.00	..	439.91	..	55.98	..	21.00	..	..	..	352.78	..	150.00	..
Scott.....	4	..	2,500.00	..	..	..	112.00	..	40.00	..	..	..	231.40	..	..	..
Sheridan.....	1	..	200.00	..	..	..	..	..	11.50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar Creek.....	1	..	4	..	950.00	..	880.66	..	..	..	19.40	..	545.24	..	491.73	..	..	..
Union.....	8	..	2,400.00	..	292.14	..	60.00	..	32.00	..	229.86	..	725.35	..	194.00	..
Warren.....	5	..	1,700.00	..	34.00	..	182.60	..	65.00	..	..	..	596.30	..	..	..
Washington.....	6	..	3,050.00	..	1,326.50	..	62.60	..	50.95	..	..	..	462.80	..	..	..
Total.....	1	..	66	1	41,135.00	6,069.85	584.14	106.50	1,819.81	628.98	7,402.69	8,122.31	3	1,032.50	..	..	..	..

RINGGOLD COUNTY.

Sand Creek.....	..	..	4	..	825.00	153.00	108.05	..	80.00	22.00	287.82	516.19	4	160.00
Plate.....	..	..	4	1	1,925.00	788.75	179.55	8.00	16.15	36.25	276.99	993.23	..	264.50
West Fork.....	..	..	4	8	1,700.00	232.58	116.88	..	119.55	45.00	700.74	1,019.66	40	225.00
Lot's Creek.....	..	..	6	..	2,000.00	..	..	..	47.45	26.55	764.74	764.54	..	..
Mount Ayr.....	..	..	4	..	3,700.00	889.75	..	17.00	109.14	85.00	1,804.00	912.22	1	..
Middle Fork.....	..	..	4	..	1,600.00	227.80	1.50	..	58.90	88.00	561.19	878.90	..	..
Athens.....	..	..	8	..	1,800.00	61.07	..	..	44.50	..	549.00	497.09	..	..
East Fork.....	..	..	5	..	2,000.00	..	180.00	..	100.00	28.00	..	687.84	..	180.00
Washington.....	4	8	1,500.00	1,012.09	..	10.00	26.00	40.00	470.80	341.88

Total.....	1,200.00	2,814.49	585.43	30.00	596.60	259.80	4,914.73	108.00	45	829.50
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63

SAC COUNTY.

Douglas.....	1	500.00	280.00	46.00	57.96	24.00	300.00	46.00	150	25.00
Jackson.....	2	2,000.00	1,085.73	120.00	130.00	37.50	1,330.00	100.00	150	7.00
Sac.....	4	5,300.00	1,845.73	46.00	297.96	15.00	915.70	146.00	150	33.00
Total.....	7	7,800.00	1,845.73	46.00	297.96	76.50	3,545.70	146.00	150	33.00

SCOTT COUNTY.

Davenport.....	1	4,750.00	2,670.38	25.00	462.00	175.00	4,189.10	1,358.12	12	210.00
Le Claire.....	1	8,300.00	1,585.89	25.00	248.48	65.00	1,026.49	589.08	12	210.00
Princeton.....	3	1,800.00	499.99	25.00	196.91	90.00	585.29	492.91	12	210.00
Buffalo.....	4	1,987.00	168.45	25.00	71.75	20.00	1,045.74	488.98	4	32.00
Blue Grass.....	5	2,800.00	168.45	25.00	800.00	57.70	625.00	785.43	105	25.00
Hickory Grove.....	1	700.00	129.28	25.00	11.00	11.00	538.41	327.62	105	25.00
Allen's Grove.....	4	1,900.00	295.00	25.00	160.00	21.00	1,045.74	488.98	4	32.00
Liberty.....	7	3,600.00	3,422.05	25.00	105.25	70.00	625.00	785.43	105	25.00
Cleona.....	8	5,370.00	35.00	25.00	45.00	100.00	609.00	873.78	105	25.00
Winfield.....	2	1,000.00	185.94	25.00	82.95	15.00	180.00	185.51	105	25.00
Pleasant Valley.....	3	3,150.00	1,009.14	25.00	46.80	10.00	293.71	890.17	105	25.00
Rockingham.....	4	1,000.00	41.55	25.00	220.08	115.00	1,498.98	890.17	105	25.00
Lincoln.....	5	2,975.00	876.58	25.00	210.00	192.00	912.80	890.17	105	25.00
Sheridan.....	1	1,000.00	876.58	25.00	152.90	192.00	912.80	890.17	105	25.00
Butler.....	2	1,000.00	876.58	25.00	152.90	192.00	912.80	890.17	105	25.00
Fulton (.....)	5	98,800.00	87,335.83	75.00	1,681.76	450.00	15,972.83	7,968.53	110	850.00
City of.....	2	1,300.00	851.60	80.00	48.50	75.00	316.00	777.34	2	50.00
City of.....	1	5,000.00	620.90	80.00	45.00	50.00	.....	346.95	2	50.00
City of Princeton (Ind.).....	1	2,500.00	.....	80.00	70.00	50.00	.....	.....	2	50.00
No. 1, Davenport township.....	1	450.00	.....	80.00	70.00	50.00	.....	.....	2	50.00
No. 2, Davenport township.....	1	450.00	.....	80.00	70.00	50.00	.....	.....	2	50.00
No. 1, Le Claire township.....	1	3,500.00	1,057.00	80.00	20.00	190.00	137.97	114.67	1	50.00

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Scott County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.	14 For building and furnishing School Houses.	15 For District Library and Apparatus.	16 For rent of School Houses.	17	18 Secretary and Treasurer.	19 For Teachers' Salaries.	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus
	Brick.	Stone.	Log.										
Mayville (Ind.)	1	1	1	\$ 600.00	\$ 251.99	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 523.60	\$		\$
Fairview (Ind.)	2	2	2	2,100.00	7.50							15	150.00
Linn Grove (Ind.)	1	1	1	350.00				6.70					50.00
Walcott (Ind.)	1	1	1	800.00									20.00
No. 2, Blue Grass Tp. (Ind.)	1	1	1	850.00	100.00								
Long Grove (Ind.)	1	1	1	1,000.00				50.00					
No. 2, Winfield Tp. (Ind.)	1	1	1	400.00				20.00	20.00		123.60		
Buffalo (City) (Ind.)	1	1	1	8,000.00	897.31			40.00					10.00
No. 2, Buffalo Tp. (Ind.)	1	1	1	1,200.00	100.00			23.88	15.00		227.84		
Total	18	7	78	155,682.00	50,640.21	172.00	140.00	4,882.44	1,731.70	29,044.98	16,464.22	249	3,044.00

SHELBY COUNTY.

Fairview	5	1	1	2,700.00	1,112.44									295.02		200.00
Galland's Grove	1	1	1	1,900.00	217.86									891.91		100.00
Harlan	1	1	1	1,700.00	335.00									163.21		100.00
Jackson	1	1	1	1,800.00	1,119.20									314.61		100.00
Total	8	7	7	8,100.00	2,774.50									1,469.65		800.00

STORY COUNTY.

Washington	8	1	1	3,800.00	800.00	978.00	15.00	149.75	46.00	600.00	514.58	278.00
Collins	1	1	1	1,807.00	800.00	150.00		75.00	1.50	425.00	702.98	150.00

Palestine.....	2	1,217.15	360.50	276.50	106.98	484.68	762.15	360.50
Franklin.....	3	1,250.00	.....	94 10	25 50	591.47	623.60	.....
Lincoln.....	5	2,800.00	.....	191 00	32.00	1,250.00	444.88	100 00
Washington.....	1	800 00	42.00	3.50	6 00	440.50	61.45	52 00
New Albany.....	7	5,150.00	175.00	199.00	50.00	1,923.00	489 21	416.00
Lafayette.....	5	2,000 00	195.00	152.15	65.40	168.63	487.00	200.00
Milford.....	8	1,350.00	.....	120 00	39.73	608.00	1,011.43	10.00
Nevada.....	8	1,400.00	55.00	84 00	36 00	698.34	127.49	120.00
Total.....	54	36,827.00	1,788.75	1,673.65	595.77	10,185 61	6,291.12	2,277.75

TAMA COUNTY.

Buckingham.....	5	1,950.00	575.00	175.00	20.00	.....	.....	.....
Buckingham (Ind.).....	1	600.00	.....	.....	.....	125.00	.....	.....
Clark.....	2	600 00	.....	.....	6 00	.....	91.74	.....
Crystal.....	4	2,200.00	600.00	160.00	40.00	.....	172.99	.....
Carroll.....	4	1,800 00	705.18	77.00	16.00	491.00	181.68	.....
Carlton.....	7	5,687.00	.....	138.50	31.00	.....	479.62	.....
Columbia.....	6	2,910.00	635.00	125.00	50.00	.....	138.60	142 50
Genesee.....	4	2,650.00	640 63	145.70	46.00	892.50	237.89	85 90
Howard.....	4	1,880.00	313 00	252.00	30.00	1,398.00	556.01	.....
Highland.....	3	1,600.00	1,800.00	85.00	15.70	500.00	.....	.....
Indian Village.....	7	3,050.00	717.26	218.15	59.50	.....	828.23	.....
Lincoln.....	2	1,108.00	69.45	16 00	11.50	124.50	44 53	.....
Oneida.....	3	1,850.00	.....	67.00	40.00	.....	67.33	.....
Otter Creek.....	4	1,225.00	16.50	129.25	40.00	.....	478.54	.....
Perry.....	4	2,200.00	157.00	177.19	14.00	773.83	175 64	3.00
Richland.....	4	1,775.00	698.49	109.75	50.00	1,064.34	418.98	.....
Spring Creek.....	3	1,550.00	1,435.45	151.50	15.00	604.00	142.82	.....
Salt Creek.....	7	2,350.00	.....	.....	86.60	1,221.23	542.13	.....
Toledo.....	3	1,700.00	419.78	60.10	30.00	.....	581.90	.....
Toledo (Ind.).....	1	2,500.00	230.00	200.00	50.00	.....	722.42	30.00

Reports of County Superintendents—F--Continued. Tama County--Continued.

TAYLOR COUNTY.

Benton	1	2	7,300.00	.....	29.00	.....	.....	441.03	881.41	.....	.....
Buchanan (Ind.)	.....	1	2,150.00	.....	.....	30.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clayton	.....	3	901.00	.....	.....	.....	5.00	539.33	157.89	.....	.....
Dallas	.....	3	1,800.00	160.00	.....	22.50	12.50	257.67	228.93	.....	.....
Holt	.....	1	400.00	.....	.....	25.00	16.00	145.80	114.89	.....	.....
Jackson	1	1	810.00	289.27	.....	.....	10.00	180.00	150.02	.....	.....
Jefferson	.....	4	1,750.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	813.14	369.09	.....	240.00
Mason	.....	3	700.00	.....	.....	50.00	14.00	368.84	245.24	.....	.....
Marshall	.....	1	400.00	.....	.....	20.00	.....	216.92	78.95	.....	.....
Nodaway	.....	1	1,000.00	.....	79.00	.....	.....	134.80	124.96	.....	.....
Polk	.....	2	400.00	7.88	.....	15.00	5.00	362.87	249.83	.....	.....
Platte	.....	1	680.00	208.50	.....	46.00	10.00	190.61	46.76	.....	.....
Ross	.....	4	1,800.00	.....	90.00	.....	.....	557.99	286.50	181	15.00
Washington	.....	3	930.00	447.92	.....	49.00	10.25	282.00	119.96	.....	.....
Total	1	80	21,031.00	1,118.52	160.00	267.50	92.76	8,990.95	2,551.31	131	255.00

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued. Tama County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12		13	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.										20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			14 15 16 17 18 19												
	Brick.	Stone.		For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer. For Teachers' Fund.												
				Fuel.												
Tama City (Ind.)	2	3	6	24 50	\$	\$50.00	\$	116 81	\$	70.00	928.09	\$				
York								179.25								
Total	2	3	6	0.087 24	68.00	289 50	2,583 20	731.80	8,190 19	6,419 68					961.40	

TAYLOR COUNTY.

Benton	1	2	7,900.00			29.00					441.06	381.41	
Buchanan (Ind.)		1	2,150.00				30.00						
Clayton		3	901.00						5.00		589.38	157.89	
Dallas		3	1,800.00								257.67	228.33	
Holt		1	400.00								145.80	114.39	
Jackson	1	1	810.00								180.00	150.03	240.00
Jefferson		4	1,750.00								818.14	369.09	
Mason		3	700.00								368.84	245.24	
Marshall		1	100.00								216.92	76.95	
Nodaway		1	1,000.00								124.90	124.96	
Polk		2	400.00								362.87	249.83	
Platte		1	100.00								190.61	46.76	
Ross		4	1,800.00								557.90	286.50	15.00
Washington		8	950.00								282.90	119.95	
Total	1	1	21,031.00	1,118.53	169.00	29.00	257.50	92.75	8,890.95	2,551.81			255.00

Reports of County Superintendents—*P*—Continued. Van Buren County—Continued.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12			13		AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							20	21	22
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.		14	15	16	17	18	19	For Teachers' Fund.	Amount of annual apportionment received from County Treasurer.	No. of Volumes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus
	Brick.	Stone.	Lor.	Brick.	Stone.	For building and repairing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Fuel.	For compensation of Secretary and Treasurer.					
Milton (Ind.)	1	1	1	1	1	\$ 500.00	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Iowaville (Ind.)	1	1	1	1	1										
Total	14	3	67	16	16	45,865.00	599.50	220.00	1,147.14	421.10	12,366.49		7,356.66	6	789.75

WAPELLO COUNTY.

Adams	1	1	2	3	3	1,670.00	705.97		55.50	22.10	844.18	544.14			
Agency	1	1	1	1	1	1,799.00	402.82		87.00	10.00		232.41			
Agency City (Ind.)	1	1	1	1	1	6,000.00	1,165.86		98.61	6.20	205.78	594.60			
Ashland (Ind.)															
Bladensburg (Ind.)															
Blakesburg (Ind.)	1	1	1	1	1	879.00	126.00					183.41			
Cass						900.00	79.99	2.00				224.82			
Center	3	3	2	3	2		21.80			11.00	155.67	999.39			
Chillicothe (Ind.)			1	1	1	7,800.00	2,071.67		125.20	85.00	862.18	149.97			
Columbia	1	1	1	2	1	200.00	85.00		12.00	12.00	61.68	525.48			
Competine			6	6	6	1,020.00					456.04	483.74			
Dahlonaga	1	1		2	2	2,800.00	1,035.94		48.00	40.00	267.22	384.90			
Eddyville (Ind.)	1	1				555.00	36.29		56.00	18.00	145.20	605.05			
Green			4	4	4	1,000.00	118.20	180.00	70.37		1,175.23	562.60			
Highland			4	4	4	1,250.00	241.80		83.75	68.75	411.96	418.04			
Kenokuk			4	4	4	875.00			133.85	21.00	639.67	842.68			
Ottumwa (Ind.)	1	1	1	4	1	660.00	255.40	14.00		29.00	462.58	1,467.61			150.00
Pleasant			8	1	8	82,000.00	2,853.42	592.00	223.70	60.00	2,904.34	700.94			
Polk			8	8	8	865.00				50.00	1,055.16	579.46			
Total	14	3	67	16	16	45,865.00	599.50	220.00	1,147.14	421.10	12,366.49	7,356.66	6	789.75	

[illegible]

WARREN COUNTY.

[illegible]

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Washington (Ind.)	2	1	16,700 00	8,895.28	.....	.....	405 80	150.00	1,668 00	1,108.70	.....	25.00
Washington	1	8	5,750.00	1,072.43	.....	.....	897.79	30.20	1,177.00	568.03	.....	165.00
Crawford		7	4,400.00	1,221.22	.....	.....	935.88	90.00	1,160.62	558.82	.....	.....
Franklin		7	2,700.00	.....	.....	.....	275.03	80.00	407.87	386.81	.....	175.00
Iowa	1	6	2,800.00	1,992.18	.....	.....	.....	32.50	.....	448.51	.....	.....

Reports of County Superintendents—II—Continued. Washington County—Continued.

	Structure.			Value of Houses in District.	For building, repairing, furnishing School House.	For District Library & Apparatus.	For rent of School House.	Fuel.	For Comp. & Station of Secretary & Treasurer.	For Teachers.	Amount of Apportioned received by County Tre.	No. of Val. the Dist.	Value of Al.
	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.										
Dutch Creek.....	9	..	..	\$ 5,400.00	\$ 461.91	..	\$ 40.00	\$ 287.00	\$ 30.00	\$ 1,053.87	\$ 580.73	..	\$..
Cedar.....	..	..	9	8,550.00	762.67	..	5.50	812.65	24.00	523.61	416.77	1	8.00
Clay.....	1	..	3	1,860.00	69.60	..	..	102.73	18.00	..	384.94	..	..
Marion.....	..	..	6	2,030.00	644.22	..	..	..	37.44	186.75	498.88	..	..
Seventy-Six.....	..	..	3	800.00	100.00	..	..	80.00	..	500.00	188.81	..	..
Richmond.....	..	..	1	800.00	45.75	..	..	55.62	13.65	..	263.78	..	..
Brighton (Ind.).....	1	..	..	8,000.00	125.00	..	..	100.00	15.00	857.83	349.98	..	35.00
Jackson.....	..	..	9	4,150.00	..	..	..	267.73	21.00	..	528.64	..	..
Highland.....	..	..	4	475.00	..	..	..	150.00	27.00	511.80	210.73	..	..
English River.....	..	..	5	2,550.00	79.95	..	48.00	148.00	11.20	322.55	474.41	..	..
Lime Creek.....	..	..	10	3,650.00	1,257.03	..	..	262.52	71.82	350.42	680.88	..	..
Oregon.....	..	..	8	5,017.00	1,344.77	..	..	171.11	..	640.41	501.00	..	161.27
Brighton.....	..	..	4	1,542.80	106.15	..	..	110.81	25.00	427.77	173.73	..	..
Clay (Ind.).....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dayton.....	..	..	1	1,500.00	227.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total.....	6	101	2	73,174.80	12,908.86	400.00	93.50	3,812.66	596.81	9,786.00	8,267.10	1	569.27

WAYNE COUNTY.

Benton.....	..	..	4	1,940.00	101.46	100.00	..	108.19	42.25	1,058.00	430.66	..	335.25
Clay.....	..	..	3	900.00	785.21	..	..	..	..	213.75	143.74	..	..
Clinton.....	..	..	1	720.00	258.28	..	..	24.65	16.00	392.64	218.36	..	..

Corydon.....	5	2,400.00	447.83	.....	336 70	40 00	1,020.99	300.40	.....	200 00
Grand River.....	4	1,000.00	444.43	.....	247.74	20.00	485.74	275.63	.....	.....
Howard.....	3	1,000.00	162.96	60.00	.....	20.00	182.45	170.80	.....	.....
Jackson.....	2	1,200.00	153.08	.....	30.26	16.00	145.10	15.60	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	5	2,050.00	.....	.....	.....	13.75	215.29	272.06	.....	.....
Monroe.....	3	1,650.00	360.00	.....	117.75	42.00	336.03	385.52	.....	.....
Richman.....	4	1,100.00	5.23	.....	65.60	20.00	375.68	129.32	.....	.....
South Fork.....	5	1,350.00	675.95	.....	157.90	20.00	418.73	248.62	.....	.....
Union.....	6	2,350.00	120.50	.....	105.50	30.00	627.88	353.56	.....	150.00
Washington.....	5	3,200.00	507.72	188.00	138.40	50.00	915.30	288.70	.....	300.00
Walnut.....	4	1,725.00	.....	.....	65.00	12.00	380.71	181.78	.....	.....
Warren.....	2	675.00	101.61	.....	75.00	20.00	346.31	180.54	.....	40.00
Wright.....	4	1,160.00	275.50	.....	180.00	10.00	879.97	431.66	.....	200.00
Genoa (Ind.).....	1	600.00	99.20	50.00	5.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00
Total.....	61	25,020.00	4,448.94	338.00	1,652.69	372.00	7,469.07	4 065 96	.....	1,275 25

WEBSTER COUNTY.

Fort Dodge (Ind.).....	1	4,400.00	3,349.96	.....	105.00	125.00	2,612.50	653.96	.....	.....
Otho.....	2	1,100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175.00	.....	60.00
Wahkonsa.....	1	400.00	.....	.....	80.00	50.00	.....	143.24	.....	15.00
Webster.....	3	1,300.00	800.00	.....	.....	20.00	.....	287.41	.....	165.00
Hardin.....	1	600.00	225.00	.....	.....	88.10	82.12	218.50	1	35.00
Douglas.....	3	2,600.00	1,066.05	.....	8.00	50.00	375.00	269.78	.....	.....
Deer Creek.....	1	1,700.00	900.00	.....	30.00	22.00	300.00	94.26	.....	.....
Johnson.....	1	15.00	705.83	.....	4.00	16.00	223.33	184.80	.....	.....
Badger.....	2	550.00	100.00	.....	.....	60.00	250.00	94.08	.....	.....
Washington.....	3	1,768.00	.....	.....	.....	22.00	880.60	279.03	.....	20.00
Dayton.....	3	900.00	.....	.....	.....	10.00	138.71	344.89	.....	.....
Yell.....	3	1,500.00	.....	.....	.....	25.00	.....	263.87	.....	.....
Sumner.....	3	1,800.00	200.00	.....	.....	85.00	723.00	225.26	.....	.....
Jackson.....	2	600.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	122.15	.....	.....
Total.....	25	19,233.00	6,846.84	.....	177.00	473.10	5,535.26	3,805.73	1	295.00

Reports of County Superintendents—P—Continued

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.	14					16	17	18	19	Amount of annual appropriation received from County Treasurer.	No. of Voluntes in the District Library.	Value of Apparatus
	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.		For building and repairing School Houses	For District Library and Apparatus.	For rent of School Houses	Fuel.	For compen- sation of Secretary and Treasurer.								For Teachers' Fund.
Forest.....	1	1	1	\$ 3,000 00	\$ 125 00	\$..	\$ 75.00	\$ 60.00	\$ 319 00	\$ 153 85	\$ 100 00					
Center.....	3	1	1	2,500.00	1,500.00	35.00	250 00	61 00	353 00	300 00	100 00					
Pleasant.....	..	2	2	2,400 00	..	..	30 00	25 00	..	835 00	..			
Norway.....	..	..	2	1,908 00	730 00	..	86 00	80 00	185 00	64 00	..			
Total	4	5	5	9,808 00	2,355.00	36 00	441 00	326 00	857 00	852 85	200 00					

WINNESHIEK COUNTY.

Bloomfield.....	9	2,550 00	1,184.51	.....	.....	.....	63 30	860 30	858 10	8	.....
Military.....	5	2,225 00	928 00	.....	.....	818.70	85.00	.....	860 72	.....	180.00
Washington.....	2	2,075 00	60.00	.....	25 00	45 00	37 00	208 15	335 60	.....	.....
Jackson.....	3	1,310 00	621.00	10 00	.....	40 00	35 00	126 98	146 84	13	.....
Frankville.....	5	1,110.00	269.88	.....	.....	51.20	7 50	408.32	320.13	.....	150 00
Springfield.....	2	910.00	589.00	.....	.....	87.00	20 00	454 00	327.05	.....	80.00
Calmar.....	3	1,280.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	476 47	.....	.....
Sumner.....	3	575 00	115.00	.....	16 00	.....	80 00	401.00	136 10	.....	.....
Glenwood.....	2	650 00	575 00	.....	.....	.....	19 00	.....	375 00	.....	.....
Decorah.....	1	2,650 00	885 00	.....	39 00	187 50	.....	.....	346.72	.....	210.00
Madison.....	4	1,450 00	883.16	.....	.....	125.80	40 00	387.56	234 24	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	4	2,050 00	8 00	60 00	.....	121.00	88.00	700 00	160 00	.....	805 00
Pleasant.....	2	1,040.00	.....	.....	15.00	140.00	12 00	384.89	384 89	.....	150.00
Canoe.....	2	1,905.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00	.....	254 14	.....	.....
Bluffton.....	5	903 00	99 12	.....	.....	183.87	40.00	403 36	238 58	.....	.....

Orleans	3	1,700.00	500.00	163.00	40.00	98.00	20.00	399.99	181.62	180.00
Highland	2	1,350.00	138.21	163.00	10.00	30.50	12.00	399.99	219.72	180.00
Hesper	3	600.00	600.00	163.00	10.00	120.00	32.00	907.00	812.15	120.00
Burr Oak	3	900.00	25.40	163.00	57.00	105.90	15.00	594.31	335.90	120.00
Fremont	4	1,275.00	5,282.34	163.00	1,043.70	34.50	20.00	3,080.72	252.80	47.50
Decorah City (Ind.)	1	18,000.00	177.97	47.50	20.00	54.25	5.00	138.97	450.90	30.00
West Decorah (Ind.)	1	1,000.00	8.40	30.00	30.00	81.33	6.00	125.73	191.70	30.00
Fraukville (Ind.)	1	150.00	341.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	216.90	101.50	30.00
Burr Oak (Ind.)	1	100.00	37.93	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
Hesper (Ind.)	1	500.00	37.93	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
Ossian (Ind.)	1	500.00	37.93	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
Total	5 16	48,300.00	11,923.42	309.50	222.00	2,817.78	511.80	9,801.13	6,498.17	22 1,452.50

WOODBURY COUNTY.

Sioux City	1	900.00	217.00	20.00	480.00	300.00	100.00	152.30	1,714.10	50.00
Woodbury	2	4,000.00	27.70	18.00	18.00	146.85	27.00	1,891.99	452.90	50.00
Little Sioux	2	1,100.00	62.80	15.00	15.00	63.39	10.00	102.02	405.10	50.00
Correctionville	1	500.00	62.80	15.00	15.00	15.00	25.00	102.02	290.88	50.00
Total	3 4 1	6,500.00	307.50	20.00	498.00	525.24	162.00	1,646.31	2,862.98	50.00

WORTH COUNTY.

Bristol	2	2,600.00	225.00	12.00	12.00	41.10	25.00	44.41	217.11	112.40
Silver Lake	1	600.00	11.69	12.00	12.00	120.00	14.53	44.41	163.35	18
Hartland	3	2,600.00	63.00	81.14	81.14	81.00	80.00	85.32	400.00	67.00
Northwood	2	1,100.00	163.29	1.50	1.50	54.70	36.00	448.00	296.25	92.00
Brookfield	2	600.00	73.22	100.00	100.00	24.00	24.00	448.00	116.22	92.00
Union	1	1,000.00	20.00	2.00	2.00	25.00	25.00	54.45	54.45	47.00
Fertile	1	150.00	20.00	2.00	2.00	25.00	25.00	54.45	54.45	47.00
Total	1 12 2	8,650.00	556.20	44.64	44.64	296.80	154.53	577.73	1,347.88	370 318.40

Reports of County Superintendents—F—Continued.

WRIGHT COUNTY.

NAME OF DISTRICT TOWNSHIP.	12		13	AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM DISTRICT TAX, AND HOW APPROPRIATED.							20	21	22			
	No. of School Houses and of what material constructed.			Value of School Houses in each District.	14	15	16	17	18	19						
	Brick.	Stone.												Frames.	Log.	
Troy.....	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vernon.....	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Liberty.....	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Belmont.....	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Iowa.....	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Boone.....	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Eagle Grove.....	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wall Lake.....	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pleasant.....	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total.....	1	23	15,150 00	3,307 60	35 00	..	836 08	311 50	3,082 80	1,447 14	146	95 00				

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF IOWA,

WHOSE TERM OF OFFICE BEGINS JANUARY 1ST, A. D. 1868.

COUNTY.	NAME OF COUNTY SUP'T.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Adair.....	C. J. Bowman	Fontanelle.
Adams.....	Benjamin Weisner.....	Simpson.
Alamakee.....	Dr. Theodore Natchway...	Lansing.
Appanoose.....	L. M. Judd.....	Numa.
Audubon.....	B. G. Dodge.....	Exira.
Benton.....	Amos Dean.....	Blairstown.
Black Hawk.....	Seymour Gookins.....	Waterloo.
Boone.....	Harrison Selby	Molingona.
Bremer.....	J. Ransom Hall	Waverly.
Buchanan.....	S. G. Pierce.....	Independence.
Buena Vista.....	O. H. Stala... ..	Prairieville
Butler.....	George Graham.....	Clarksville.
Calhoun.....	Jonathan Bishop	Lake City.
Carroll	John K. Deal.....	Carrollton.
Cass	H. G. Smith.....	Grove City.
Cedar.....	E. L. Bassett.....	Inland.
Cerro Gordo.....	Nathan Bass.... ..	Mason City.
Cherokee.....	Geo. E. Fisher... ..	Cherokee.
Chickasaw... ..	J. C. Johnson.... ..	New Hampton.
Clarke.....	Jesse L. Adkins.....	Hopeville.
Clay.....	Romanzo A. Coats	Peterson.
Clayton.....	W. A. Preston.....	Elkader.
Clinton.....	Richard J. Crouch.... ..	DeWitt.
Crawford.....	Henry C Laub.....	Denison.
Dallas... ..	Amos Dilley.....	Adel.
Davis.....	John W. Young.....	Bloomfield.
Decatur... ..	Samuel Bowman	Leon.
Delaware.....	— Calvin.....	Hopkinton.
Des Moines.....	Thomas J. Trulcek.....	Burlington.
Dickinson.....	John Smith.....	Okoboji.
Dubuque.....	J. J. E. Norman.....	Dubuque.
Emmett.....	A. C. Rasmussen.....	Estherville.
Fayette.....	A. M. Felts	West Union.
Floyd.....	Henry O. Pratt.....	Charles City.
Franklin	L. B. Raymond.....	Hampton.
Fremont.....	G. W. Hoop.....	Sidney.
Greene.....	M. B. McDuffie.....	New Jefferson.
Grundy.....	Rev. L. D. Tracy.....	New Hartford,*
Guthrie.....	James L. Grandstaff.....	Panora.
Hamilton.....	Watson J. Covil.... ..	Webster City.
Hancock.....	Corydon Boughton.....	Upper Grove.
Hardin.....	J. M. Boyd.....	Berlin.
Harrison.....	H. C. Holmes.....	Magnolia.
Henry.....	Leonard Farr.....	Mt. Pleasant.
Howard	Rev. T. W. Lee.....	Cresco.
Humboldt.....	Eber Stone.....	Lotts Creek.
Ida	Matthew G. Aldrich.....	Ida.
Iowa.....	Wm. R. Akers.....	Millersburg.

* Butler county.

County Superintendents — Continued.

COUNTY.	NAME OF COUNTY SUP'T.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Jackson.....	T. C. Phelan.....	Zwingle.
Jasper.....	Sanford J. Moyer.....	Greencastle.
Jefferson.....	David Heron.....	Fairfield.
Johnson.....	George S. Hampton.....	Iowa City.
Jones.....	J. R. Stillman.....	Bowen's Prairie.
Keokuk.....	A. J. Kane.....	Sigourney.
Kossuth.....	John Reed.....	Algona.
Lee.....	Wm. G. Kent.....	Fort Madison.
Linn.....	Z. V. Elsberry.....	Springville.
Louisa.....	J. B. Porter.....	Port Allen.
Lucas.....	Wm. H. Maple.....	Chariton.
Madison.....	H. W. Hardy.....	Winterset.
Mahaska.....	J. F. Everett.....	Oskaloosa.
Marion.....	D. F. Bonner.....	Knoxville.
Marshall.....	Rev. Thos. J. Wilson.....	Marshallton.
Mills.....	Rev. L. S. Williams.....	Glenwood.
Mitchell.....	Rev. Alva Bush.....	Osage.
Monona.....	Joseph S. Maughlin.....	Ottawa City.
Monroe.....	J. W. H. Griffin.....	Albia.
Montgomery.....	E. H. Burris.....	Red Oak Junction.
Muscatine.....	R. H. McCampbell.....	Muscatine.
O'Brien.....	C. W. Inman.....	O'Brien.
Page.....	J. A. Woods.....	Clarinda.
Palo Alto.....	D. W. Spaldin.....	Soda Bar.
Plymouth.....	A. C. Sheetz.....	Melbourne.
Pocahontas.....	James J. Bruce.....	Rolfe.
Polk.....	Cyrus A. Mosier.....	Des Moines.
Pottawattamie.....	E. W. Bennett.....	Willow P. O.
Poweshiek.....	Rev. S. J. Buck.....	Grinnell.
Ringgold.....	Henry H. Ross.....	Mount Ayr.
Sac.....	Wm. P. Drewry.....	Sac City.
Scott.....	John Gallagher.....	Davenport.
Shelby.....	B. Hinsdell.....	Manteno.
Sioux.....	B. M. Morse.....	Calliope.
Story.....	F. D. Thompson.....	Nevada.
Tama.....	J. R. Stewart.....	Toledo.
Taylor.....	W. B. Snow.....	Memory.
Union.....	A. Robbins.....	Afton.
Van Buren.....	George B. Walker.....	Doud's Station.
Wapello.....	Rev. S. L. Burnham.....	Ottumwa.
Warren.....	J. C. Clarke.....	Indianola.
Washington.....	I. G. Moore.....	Washington.
Wayne.....	W. H. H. Rogers.....	Corydon.
Webster.....	D. A. Weller.....	Fort Dodge.
Winnebago.....	C. A. Steadman.....	Forest City.
Winneshiek.....	J. M. Wedgewood.....	Ossian.
Woodbury.....	Marshall Tingley.....	Sioux City.
Worth.....	Dr. James Keeler.....	Bristol.
Wright.....	Will D. VanVelsor.....	Luni.

THE

CENSUS OF IOWA,

AS RETURNED IN THE YEAR 1867.

**SHOWING, IN DETAIL, THE POPULATION, AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS, DOMESTIC
AND GENERAL MANUFACTURES, AND OTHER ITEMS OF INTEREST.**

PUBLISHED UNDER DIRECTION OF THE CENSUS BOARD.

**WILLIAM M. STONE, GOVERNOR,
ED WRIGHT, SECRETARY OF STATE,
JOHN A. ELLIOTT, AUDITOR OF STATE,
SAMUEL E. RANKIN, TREASURER OF STATE, }** **CENSUS BOARD.**

**DES MOINES:
F. W. PALMER, STATE PRINTER.**

1867.

CENSUS RETURNS,

SHOWING THE POPULATION OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF IOWA FOR THE YEAR 1867.

ADAIR COUNTY.

CENSUS RETURNS.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling Houses	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
74 75	30	Grand River	Hebron (T. 75)	29	88	85	173	..	..	..	31	13	8	66	..	..	..
74 75	31	Greenfield	Greenfield (T. 75)	18	60	51	111	..	..	..	27	27	..	45	..	..	..
76	31	Grove	..	7	20	18	38	..	..	..	10	8	..	10	..	..	..
76	30	Harrison	Arbor Hill	47	133	125	258	..	..	..	52	47	..	111	..	..	..
75 76	33	Jackson	..	37	115	75	190	..	..	..	50	38	..	72	..	..	..
77	31	Jefferson	Holiday	23	63	60	123	..	..	..	28	24	1	48	..	..	..
74	32	Richland	..	17	58	52	110	..	..	..	20	20	..	52	..	..	..
75 76	32	Summerset	Fontanelle (T. 75)	26	97	87	184	..	..	..	48	37	..	66	..	..	..
77	33	Walnut	..	11	26	29	55	..	..	..	12	10	..	18	..	..	..
74	33	Washington	..	47	179	173	352	..	..	..	61	40	5	150	..	..	1
..	..	Total	..	262	839	755	1594	..	..	..	339	264	14	638	..	..	1

ADAMS COUNTY.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
73	33	Carl	Carl	23	75	57	132	...	...	132	27	17	...	59	...	...	...
73	32	Colony	Nevinville	13	85	37	72	...	...	72	16	13	...	23	...	...	...
72 73	35	Douglass	...	37	138	119	257	...	...	257	56	35	...	114	...	...	...
71	34	Jasper	Simpson	30	100	103	203	...	...	203	38	31	...	78	...	...	...
71	35	Nodaway	East Nodaway	57	191	182	373	2	6	373	70	59	...	171	...	...	...
71	33	Queen City	...	51	152	111	263	...	...	263	68	43	...	104	...	...	...
72	33	"	Queen City	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 72	34	"	Queen City	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 72	34	Quincy	Quincy	101	270	266	536	...	1	536	112	91	...	223	...	...	...
71 72	32	Union	...	22	78	53	131	...	...	131	30	26	...	42	...	...	1
73	34	Washington	...	56	176	165	341	...	...	341	65	54	...	165	...	...	...
		Total		390	1215	1093	2308	2	7	2308	483	369	9	979	...	...	1

ALLAMAKEE COUNTY.

98	4	Center	Elon	154	472	420	892	...	...	892	149	83	47	335	...	...	8
96	3	Fairview	Allamakee	92	806	280	586	...	...	586	117	44	11	260	...	...	...
96	5	Franklin	Volney, Hardin	132	395	398	793	1	...	793	162	127	4	351	...	2	...
99	5	French Creek	French Creek	125	346	322	668	...	...	668	113	55	18	278	...	...	...
99	6	Hanover	...	73	240	202	442	...	...	442	71	46	18	161	...	2	2
100	3 4	Iowa	...	55	166	118	284	...	...	284	65	38	8	123	...	2	...
97	5	J. ferson	Rossville	176	560	493	1053	...	...	1053	184	162	4	414	...	1	...
98	2 3	Lafayette	Village Creek (R. 3)	170	529	495	1024	...	...	1024	193	107	106	403	...	1	...

99	3 4	Lansing, excl. of town	164	483	418	890	5	4	9	171	90	19	320	1
100	3 4	Lansing, town of	196	812	725	1537	1	...	1	351	338	35	444	1
96	4	Linton	92	257	219	476	...	...	...	97	64	7	176	1
97	6	Ludlow	150	301	382	778	...	...	...	153	112	9	297	...
98	5	Makre	282	832	702	1024	...	...	...	854	193	80	596	1
97	4	Paint Creek	176	560	548	1108	...	...	...	171	99	50	437	2
96	6	Post	210	504	508	1007	...	...	...	222	148	5	351	1
97	2 3	Taylor	151	452	463	915	...	...	...	171	103	1	415	2
100	5	Union City	77	216	209	425	...	...	...	75	52	16	127	1
98	6	Union Prairie	163	441	424	865	...	...	...	161	73	25	341	1
100	6	Waterloo	115	306	303	609	...	...	...	101	68	35	229	...
		Total	2762	8268	7708	15077	15	11	26	3081	1908	493	5063	8

APPANOOSE COUNTY.

pt 68 69	18	Ballair	102	316	271	537	1	...	1	116	84	...	267	1
pt 67	16	Caldwell	163	493	463	956	1	...	1	122	138	...	429	2
pt 67	17	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 68	17	Center	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 68	17	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 68	18	"	201	738	708	1441	2	5	7	295	228	1	584	2
pt 69	17 18	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 70	18	Charlton	120	337	322	659	...	...	...	136	90	...	290	1
pt 69 70	17	Douglas	67	227	247	474	...	...	...	97	59	...	185	...
pt 67	19	Franklin	126	345	341	686	2	5	7	187	103	...	315	1
pt 68	19	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 70	19	Independence	129	474	438	912	...	...	...	173	128	1	418	2
pt 69	19	Johns	109	369	318	677	...	...	...	130	104	...	316	1
pt 68	19	Lincoln	88	253	230	478	...	...	...	90	59	...	175	...
pt 67	17 18	Pleasant	147	402	386	788	5	3	8	181	117	8	341	...
pt 68 69	17	Sharon	59	251	225	476	...	...	...	88	61	1	201	1
pt 70	17	Taylor	149	526	468	994	1	...	1	216	167	...	408	4
pt 70	16	Union	92	340	310	659	...	...	...	125	96	...	318	2
pt 69 70	16	Udell	150	445	422	887	...	...	...	166	128	...	880	...
pt 69 70	18	Walnut	101	338	328	660	...	...	...	143	108	...	288	1
pt 68 69	16	Washington	149	479	498	977	5	2	7	174	140	1	417	2
pt 67 68	16	Wells	125	380	351	781	5	8	8	143	92	...	318	1
		Total	2072	6703	6321	13024	22	18	40	2592	1891	12	5649	5

CENSUS RETURNS.

AUDUBON COUNTY.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
...	...	Audubon	Hamlin's Grove.	34	86	98	184	...	...	...	41	32	...	70	...	...	...
...	...	Exira	Exira	52	158	154	312	...	...	...	74	54	...	120	...	...	...
...	...	Oakfield	Oakfield	53	156	138	294	...	...	...	62	41	...	98	...	...	...
...	...	Total		139	400	390	790	...	...	...	177	127	...	288	...	...	...

BENTON COUNTY.

85	9	Benton	...	129	369	362	731	...	...	...	127	101	1	256	...	...	...
84	11	Big Grove	...	95	295	253	548	...	1	1	126	99	...	223	...	...	...
86	12	Bruce	...	50	140	181	271	...	...	...	58	41	1	120	...	...	...
84	9	Canton	Shellsburgh	222	699	601	1300	1	...	...	297	235	4	510	...	...	...
86	11	Cedar	Mount Auburn	132	425	362	787	1	...	...	175	141	4	340	...	...	2
84	10	Eden	Unity	92	315	250	565	...	...	...	126	99	7	202	...	...	...
83	10	Eldorado	...	81	118	89	207	...	...	...	44	33	8	76	...	...	...
82	9	Florence	Florence	141	437	399	836	...	...	...	124	119	56	319	...	...	...
83	9	Fremont	Robin	74	212	188	400	...	...	...	67	50	10	131	...	...	...
86	10	Harrison	Burke	92	270	239	509	...	...	...	103	84	...	219	...	...	...
84	12	Homer	...	38	99	84	183	...	...	...	44	32	1	56	...	...	...
82	12	Iowa	Belle Plaine	283	970	876	1846	...	...	...	418	339	47	655	1	...	1
85	11	Jackson	...	117	893	947	740	...	...	...	144	80	8	824	...	...	...
83	12	Kane	...	59	184	170	354	...	...	...	76	57	14	125	...	...	...
82	11	Leroy	Blairstown	179	576	545	1121	...	...	...	245	181	13	437	...	...	...
85	12	Monroe	...	68	204	191	395	...	...	...	75	57	5	164	1	...	...

CENSUS RETURNS

7

80	Polk	178	538	1086	225	155	6	436	1
82	St. Clair	80	288	438	88	66	5	108	1
84	Taylor	352	1004	2039	4	269	...	844	43
86	Union	62	289	414	...	44	6	169	1
88	Total	2464	7750	14765	7	2283	191	5774	45

* Including the inmates of the State Asylum for the Blind.

BLACKHAWK COUNTY.

89	Barclay	123	358	699	137	55	20	288	1
90	Nantrelle	61	188	353	56	44	15	129	1
pt 87	La Porte City (R. 12)	131	337	669	150	115	2	237	1
88	Hudson	70	232	414	86	64	26	173	1
pts 87 88	Cedar Valley (T. 87)	90	284	531	102	54	56	208	1
pt 89	Cedar Falls, city of	554	1709	*3385	6	497	46	1251	1
pt 89	Cedar Falls, ex. of city	143	379	757	1	97	13	267	1
87	Eagle	40	133	240	99	89	4	93	1
pt 86	East Waterloo	383	938	1879	405	177	21	828	1
pt 89	"	78	238	433	90	66	6	168	1
pt 89	"	194	385	653	149	115	8	250	1
88	Fox	26	61	127	24	21	9	41	1
90	Lester	147	393	749	163	99	8	253	1
87	ion	110	352	648	161	113	4	227	1
88	Gilbertsville (T. 88)	115	325	653	135	99	10	261	1
pts 87-9	Enterprise	102	389	681	140	104	...	253	1
pt 87	"	68	168	341	67	57	1	105	1
w. + 90	"	88	252	483	106	66	5	205	1
pt 90	"	848	1172	2890	578	894	14	879	1
pt 89	Waterloo (R. 13)	2742	8220	*16024	12	2276	266	5891	1
...

* The returns for the city of Cedar Falls include, in the population, 300 children at the State Soldiers' Orphans' Home.—[Clerk District Court.]

BOONE COUNTY.

In 84	Boonsboro	264	813	1624	340	288	...	550	...
83 27 pt 26	Prairie Hill (R. 27)	84	259	497	105	86	...	174	...

BOONE COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
pts 83-5	25-27	Des Moines, excl. of Boonsboroe & Montana	.....	152	846	785	1581	.....	.....	.....	360	248	97	583	1	..	..
... pt 85	26 27	Dodge.....	Mineral Ridge (R. 26).....	148	505	434	939	.....	.....	.....	181	129	13	405	..	..	..
... pt 82	25 26	Douglas.....	Swede P't, Rapids, (R. 26)	140	447	432	879	.....	.....	.....	171	136	33	281	..	..	..
85 pt 84 25.	[28	Jackson .....	.....	56	162	168	330	.....	.....	.....	65	40	3	133	1	..	..
... 83 27pt26	26	Marcy	Molingona (R. 27).....	193	570	489	1059	.....	.....	.....	215	200	..	395	..	..	..
... In 84	26	Montana, town of...	Montana	139	602	502	1104	8	.....	8	315	281	4	301	..	..	..
... 85 28pt27	27	Pilot Mound	Cassady's Corner (R. 27) }	28	162	155	317	.....	.....	.....	47	45	18	136	..	..	..
... 85	27	"	Pilot Mound.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
... 85	27	"	Carson's Point.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
83 pt 83	28	Union .....	.....	43	129	114	243	.....	.....	.....	55	45	..	101	..	..	..
pts 82 83	25 26	Worth.....	Worth (T. 82, R. 26).....	102	311	295	606	.....	.....	.....	111	79	8	284	..	..	..
... 84	28	Yell .....	.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
... 84 .pt 27	"	"	Yough.....	133	363	316	679	.....	.....	.....	153	126	7	281	1	1	..
... 84 .pt 27	"	"	Riverside.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
.....	.....	Total.....	.....	1482	5169	4689	9858	3	.....	3	3218	1655	183	3624	8	1	..

BREMER COUNTY.

... 92	11	Dayton	Grove Hill	49	146	181	277	.....	.....	.....	53	27	..	106	..	..	..
... 98	18	Douglas	Frederika	55	156	141	297	.....	.....	.....	65	55	8	86	..	..	..
... 91	11	Franklin	Eagle	90	231	205	436	.....	.....	.....	96	71	9	156	..	1	..
... 93	12	Frederika	Tripoli	46	132	129	261	.....	.....	.....	50	93	2	105	..	..	..
... 93	12	Fremont.....	.....	81	231	203	434	1	.....	1	83	64	11	163	..	..	..

CENSUS RETURNS.

...	91	18	14	Jackson	Janesville (R. 14).	139	505	469	974	2	5	7	216	164	...	368	...
...	91	13	13	Jefferson	Bremer	109	349	297	646	...	...	...	146	104	6	242	...
...	92	14	14	Lafayette	...	86	257	215	472	...	...	...	109	69	2	216	...
...	93	11	12	Le Roy	Mentor	59	185	173	358	...	...	...	65	36	8	140	1
...	91	12	12	Maxfield	Maxfield	91	285	237	522	...	...	...	74	39	33	187	...
...	93	14	14	Polk	Horton	163	498	441	939	2	...	2	209	132	...	350	...
...	93	11	11	Sumner	Sumner	55	178	145	323	...	...	...	74	51	2	117	...
...	92	13	13	Warren	...	85	261	229	490	...	...	...	70	46	25	194	...
...	91	13	14	Washington, excl.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	92	14	14	of Waverly	...	118	411	367	778	...	...	...	158	101	9	297	1
...	91	14	14	Waverly, town of	Waverly	361	1102	1018	2120	...	...	...	483	349	19	678	1
...	...	...	...	Total	...	1586	4927	4400	9327	5	5	10	1947	1330	129	3405	2

BUCHANAN COUNTY.

...	90	8	8	Buffalo	Buffalo Grove, Castleville	54	162	146	308	...	...	...	64	43	...	112	...
...	89	8	8	Byron	Winthrop	129	380	329	709	3	...	3	161	114	8	265	...
...	87	8	8	Cono	...	59	187	138	325	...	...	...	71	52	...	127	...
...	90	10	10	Fairbank	Fairbank, Kier	175	501	461	962	...	...	...	198	110	8	379	1
...	89	7	7	Fremont	...	53	182	155	337	...	...	...	63	45	6	135	...
...	90	9	9	Hazelton	...	133	373	334	707	...	...	...	145	89	18	244	5
...	87	9	9	Homer	...	49	161	155	316	...	...	...	61	40	3	138	1
...	In 89	9	9	Independence, city of	Independence	375	1254	1213	2467	1	...	1	549	375	17	777	...
...	87	10	10	Jefferson	Brandon, Sunnyside	141	392	362	754	...	...	...	157	128	10	291	...
...	88	8	8	Liberty	Quasqueton	225	630	627	1257	...	...	...	270	194	8	56	1
...	90	7	7	Madison	Ward's Corners	96	245	245	490	...	...	...	103	52	4	206	...
...	88	7	7	Middlefield	...	61	211	195	406	...	...	...	73	55	5	178	...
...	87	7	7	Newton	Atlanta	127	401	393	794	...	...	...	142	94	8	367	...
...	89	10	10	Perry	Jessup, Chatham	178	534	484	1018	1	...	1	240	153	17	372	...
...	88	9	9	Sumner	...	41	163	139	302	...	...	...	65	39	2	106	...
...	89	9	9	Washington, excl. of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	88	10	10	Independence	Otterville	153	422	441	863	1	...	1	180	115	1	344	...
...	...	...	...	Westburg	...	41	111	98	209	...	...	...	47	37	1	77	...
...	Total	...	2090	6309	5915	12224	6	1	7	2589	1734	114	4174	1

BUENA VISTA COUNTY.

...	Barnes	...	29	87	64	151	39	28	6	49	1
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CARROLL COUNTY.

CARROLL COUNTY.											
86	89	81-83	Lincoln	Yatesville	40	114	90	204	63	1	57
					114	298	248	546	135	18	192
			Total								
84	85	83-86	Jasper	Glidden	48	134	141	275	49	34	136
83	86	84-86	Newton	Carrollton (83, 84)	50	107	95	202	45	88	85
83	86	83	Union	Coon Rapids (83, 88)	84	109	102	211	44	43	86
			Total		192	350	338	688	139	112	307

CASH COUNTY.

[illegible]

CEDAR COUNTY.

pts 80	3	4	Casa.	67	219	260	550	128	72	2	220	4	
81	3	4	Center, excl. Tipton.	802	863	834	1702	4	938	4	696	2	
82	3	4	"		82	260	237	487	1	86	7	179	4
pt 81	3	4	Clarence, town of.		85	286	242	528	2	105	17	207	4
pt 81	3	4	Dayton, exc. Clarence	124	450	386	838	2	194	18	304	1	
82	3	4	Farmington.	94	306	290	598	3	107	1	266	4	
83	3	4	Fremont.	156	425	392	817	1	177	13	306	4	
pt 80	3	4	Gower.	121	837	825	662	1	156	8	232	1	
80	3	4	Inland.	185	539	525	1064	1	237	9	428	1	
79 pt 80	3	4	lowa	73	214	184	398	1	100	75	152	4	
pt 81	3	4	Linn	153	461	399	860	1	172	90	295	4	
82	3	4	Massillon	82	461	399	860	1	172	90	295	4	

CEDAR COUNTY--CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
82	4	Pioneer	Mechanicsville	221	689	650	1339	1	...	1	325	190	5	512	...	...	...
pt 81	2 3	Red Oak	Red Oak (R. 3)	118	408	370	778	...	...	...	163	121	7	324	...	...	...
pt 79 80	2 3	Rochester	Rochester (T. 79, R. 8)	132	416	395	811	1	...	1	166	119	2	311	2	3	2
79	4	Springdale	Springdale	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	4	"	West Branch	210	623	618	1241	3	4	7	280	156	36	353	1	...	...
79	4	"	Downey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	1	Springfield	Louden, Rosette	202	671	592	1263	3	...	3	245	166	38	459	...	1	1
pt 79	2	Sugar Creek	Pleasant Hill	117	379	360	739	1	1	2	153	116	10	295	...	...	...
In 80 81	2 3	Tipton, town of	Tipton (T. 80, R. 2)	275	675	687	1362	6	8	14	265	181	2	543	2	...	1
...	...	Total	...	2747	8299	7736	16035	24	17	41	3415	2302	269	2072	20	7	14

CERRO GORDO COUNTY.

97	19	Falls	Plym'gh, Shellrock Falls	80	212	227	439	...	...	...	92	59	4	164	...	...	1
pt 97	20	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 96	19	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 94	19	Geneseo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
94	20	"	Geneseo	23	63	71	184	...	...	...	27	23	1	59	...	...	...
pt 94 95	21	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 94 97	22	Lake	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
95 96	22	"	Clear Lake (T. 96)	66	206	206	412	...	...	...	98	67	...	155	1	...	...
pt 95 96	21	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 97	21 22	Lincoln	Rock (R. 21)	36	110	115	225	...	...	...	50	31	...	100	...	...	...

96	20	Mason	Mason City	89	810	281	591	136	80	2	220	1	1
pt 96	21	"	"										
pt 96	21	"	"										
pt 94	21	"	"										
pt 95	20	"	"										
pt 97	20	"	"										
pt 94	20	Owen	Lime Creek [R. 20]										
pt 95	20	"	"	82	59	88	187	41	82	1	88		
pt 96	19	"	"										
Total				326	1040	988	1988	444	292	8	782	2	1

CHEROKEE COUNTY.

Cherokee	Cherokee [T. 92, R. 40]	18	54	48	102	24	8	35					
Pilot	Pilot Rock [T. 91, R. 40]	22	59	48	107	20	16	47					
Total		40	113	96	209	53	24	82					

CHICKASAW COUNTY.

94	14	Bradford	Bradford, Nashua	179	692	548	1140	2	2	259	140	1	448	1
95	14	Chickasaw	Chickasaw	148	398	370	768			161	108	8	803	1
95	13	Dayton	Dayton Center	53	176	153	329			64	25	1	122	
96	14	Deerfield	Deerfield [T. 96]	29	96	73	169	1	1	84	25	1	66	
94	12	Dresden	Fredericksburg	60	109	160	329			70	51	3	136	
94	11	Fredericksburg	Fredericksburg	78	257	247	504	1	1	122	60		174	
96	12	Jacksonville	Jacksonville	103	344	316	660			131	88	6	281	1
95	12	New Hampton	New Hampton	82	214	210	424			89	61		158	
94	13	Richland	Richland	62	199	198	397			79	45		163	1
95	11	Stapleton	Stapleton	63	196	173	369			70	42		101	
96	11	Utica	Utica	113	354	334	688			101	70	81	239	
96	18	Washington	Washington	78	238	201	439			95	55	2	169	1
Total				1048	3233	2983	6216	4	4	1275	770	97	2420	3

CLARKE COUNTY.

71	27	Doyle	Hopeville	123	388	397	785			158	111		395	
71	24	Franklin	Franklin	103	316	277	593			125	91		247	1
78	25	Fremont	Fremont	63	196	189	384			79	67		172	

CLARKE COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
71	25	Green Bay	Green Bay	77	238	211	449	1	1	2	99	53	...	203	1	1	1
72	24	Jackson	Ottawa	90	282	283	565	5	3	8	115	97	...	254	1	1	1
71	26	Knox	Lacelle	110	328	337	665	1	1	2	127	103	...	297	...	...	...
73	24	Liberty	Liberty	113	313	319	632	...	...	...	137	96	...	249	...	...	...
73	27	Madison	La Porte	37	114	108	222	...	...	...	45	36	1	81	...	...	...
72	25	Osceola	Osceola	162	493	499	992	12	13	25	203	148	...	398	...	...	...
72	27	Troy	Riley	22	70	60	130	...	...	...	31	17	1	44	...	...	...
72	26	Ward	...	43	143	145	288	...	...	...	53	41	1	180	...	2	...
73	26	Washington	Prairie Grove	82	241	262	503	...	...	...	94	58	...	238	...	1	...
...	...	Total	...	1025	3121	3087	6208	19	17	36	1266	918	8	2753	2	5	4

CLAY COUNTY.

...	58	204	165	369	98	60	...	128	...	1	...
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CLAYTON COUNTY.

93	5	Boardman	Elkader	230	805	695	1500	8	...	3	350	210	26	540	1
91	1	Buena Vista	...	69	189	180	369	79	69	10	188
91	6	Cass	Strawberry Point	192	490	462	952	...	...	...	201	103	7	372	...	1	...
93	2	Clayton	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 93	3	"	Clayton	136	423	981	804	1	...	1	154	100	13	844	...	...	...
pt 94	3	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
92	5	Cox Creek	Communla, Cox Creek	162	474	417	891	...	...	...	163	113	15	263	...	...	...

91	4 Elk	111	339	814	643	10	5	15	4773	3091	456	8898	12	7.10
94	4 Farmersburg	196	636	575	1201	10	3	13	243	169	10	975	13	451
pt 93	3 Garnavillo	183	611	555	1166	1	1	11	233	153	11	451	1	1
pt 98	"	208		345	723	1	1	2	171	85	38	514	2	1
pt 95	4 Gland	146		395	847	1	1	182	129	88	88	823	3	1
95	6 Grand Meadow	119		407	835	1	1	189	101	10	10	847	1	1
In 92	2 Guttentberg, city of	116		817	676	1	1	114	76	15	15	207	1	1
98	6 Highland	233		609	1254	1	1	223	125	44	44	483	1	1
pt 92 93	2 J. J. ferson, excl. of Gut-	196		417	823	1	1	170	117	2	2	360	1	3
91	5 Lodomillo	264		953	2041	2	3	520	490	30	30	706	1	1
In 95	3 McGregor	127		347	729	1	1	153	90	7	7	304	1	1
91	3 Mallory	60		201	401	1	1	60	89	7	7	170	1	1
94	6 Marion	198		532	1035	1	1	197	107	29	29	362	1	1
95 pt 94	3 Mendon, excl. McGr.	141		403	814	1	1	185	89	10	10	330	1	1
91	2 Millville	257		681	1365	1	1	237	319	19	19	518	1	1
95	5 Monona	156		428	950	1	1	176	131	45	45	564	2	3
pt 93	4 Rad	156		474	947	1	1	194	110	10	10	385	1	1
92	6 Sperry	185		488	1004	1	1	269	105	84	84	860	1	1
92 4 pt 3	Volga	148		418	835	1	1	128	83	20	20	248	1	2
94	5 Wagner	3918		11841	22864	10	5	15	4773	3091	456	8898	12	7.10
	Total													

OLINTON COUNTY.

82	2e Berlin	248	272	199	471	3	3	90	69	12	12	177	1	1
83	3e Bloomfield	171	531	468	989	3	3	216	125	10	10	404	1	1
83	2e Brookfield	153	454	369	833	1	1	164	118	91	91	325	1	1
In 81	6e Camanche, city of	108	264	289	553	4	4	124	98	9	9	207	1	1
80 81	6e Camanche, excl. city	88	255	334	489	1	1	108	75	250	250	859	1	1
82 pt 81	5e Center	199	584	485	1069	1	1	173	208	14	14	321	1	1
In 81	7e Clinton, city of	725	2271	2047	4318	19	6	18	1132	559	1360	1360	1	1
81	6e Clinton, excl. of city	186	462	446	908	1	1	169	89	85	85	273	1	1
83	5e Deep Creek	168	493	388	880	1	1	148	105	24	24	517	1	1
In 81	4e De Witt, city of	248	725	714	1439	6	4	10	313	280	280	517	1	1
80 81 82	3 4e De Witt, excl. of city	237	716	670	1886	2	2	274	181	38	38	606	1	1

CLINTON COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females	Total White Population	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
81	5e	Eden	Low Moor, Eden	140	418	367	785	..	..	..	153	144	36	334	..	..	..
81	4e	"	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
80	5 pt 4e	"	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
83	6 7e	Elk River	Elk River (R. 6)	190	669	552	1221	1	1	2	217	126	63	457	3	1	..
82	6e	Hampshire	"	139	425	364	789	..	..	..	133	55	43	275	..	..	..
82	1e	Liberty	Toronto	122	372	363	735	..	..	..	127	96	23	298	..	..	..
In 82	7e	Lyons, City of	Lyons	501	1750	1708	3458	5	7	12	691	289	276	1241	1	1	..
82	7e	Lyons, excl. of city	"	69	188	176	364	3	3	6	61	64	14	138	..	..	..
81	2e	Olive	Calainus	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
81	2e	"	Buena Vista	290	844	722	1566	..	..	..	242	122	469	588	..	..	..
80	2e	"	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
pt 81	3e	Orange	Grand Mound, Orange	92	258	250	508	1	..	1	99	66	39	210	..	..	..
83	1e	Sharon	Burgess	139	483	427	910	..	..	..	145	93	153	352	..	..	..
81	1e	Spring Rock	Wheatland	208	581	533	1114	4	..	4	214	156	23	426	1	..	..
pt 82	4e	Washington	"	124	393	354	747	..	..	..	136	..	15	256	..	..	..
83	4e	Waterford	Charlotte	167	486	455	941	..	..	..	173	113	30	357	..	..	..
pt 82	3e	Welton	Welton	123	388	319	702	1	..	1	124	79	26	291	..	..	..
..	..	Total	..	4810	14266	12899	27165	43	26	69	5426	3260	1652	9975	5	8	1

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

82	41	Boyer	..	14	45	45	90	..	..	..	16	12	1	35	..	..	1
83	39	Denison	Denison	46	180	158	338	..	..	..	80	55	6	99	..	..	..
pt 85	37-40	..	..	10	84	26	60	..	..	..	11	5	..	..	..	..	..

84	38	Milford	Boyer River	56	157	141	298	...	...	...	68	56	...	188	...	...
83	40	Union	...	43	160	123	283	1	1	2	63	50	19	124	...	...
...	...	Total	...	168	576	492	1068	1	1	2	237	178	26	896	...	1

63

DALLAS COUNTY.

79	27	Adel, town of...	Adel	70	280	255	535	4	4	8	82	47	...	186	...	...
pt 78-79	27	Adel, excl. of town...	...	292	1096	1041	2137	1	.	1	425	277	...	844	2	1
pt 79	28	"	Chattanooga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	28	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	27	Beaver	...	20	56	65	121	1	1	2	32	25	...	40	...	...
78	26	Boone	...	114	367	356	723	4	8	7	120	76	...	809	...	...
81	29	Dallas	...	35	124	104	228	...	...	...	51	40	...	96	1	2
81	26	Des Moines	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	26	"	Xenia	118	356	330	686	...	...	...	135	98	5	296	...	...
pt 80	26	"	Snyder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	29	Linn	...	100	314	291	605	...	...	...	122	78	...	252	...	...
81	28	Spring Valley	...	63	229	173	402	...	...	...	81	58	...	161	...	...
80	27	Sugar Grove	Pierce's Point	59	198	161	359	...	...	...	72	46	2	156	...	1
78	29	Union	Redfield	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	262	203	...	489	...	1
pt 79	28	"	...	198	626	569	1195	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 79	29	"	...	49	145	146	291	...	...	...	64	17	7	123	...	1
79 pt 80	26	Walnut	...	38	124	114	238	...	...	...	50	32	...	110	1	...
80	28pt27	Washington	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	Total	...	1156	3915	3605	7520	10	8	18	1296	996	16	3062	4	5

DAVIS COUNTY.

In 69	14	Bloomfield, town of...	Bloomfield	118	313	297	610	2	1	3	131	102	...	235	...	...
pt 68 69	13 14	" exc. of town	...	207	609	575	1184	3	6	9	244	165	...	553	...	...
In 69	14	Drakeville, town of...	Drakeville	33	123	124	247	...	...	...	49	39	1	121	...	...
pt 69	14	" exc. of town	...	50	147	161	308	1	...	1	61	24	...	130	...	...
67 68	15	Fabius	Monterey (T. 68)	191	558	532	1080	...	...	...	202	150	...	450	...	1
69	15	Fox River	West Grove	164	530	517	1047	...	...	...	213	166	...	448	2	2
67 68	13	Grove	Stiles (T. 67)	179	526	507	1038	2	...	2	205	140	9	435	...	...
70	13	Lick Creek	Floris, Chequest	169	559	571	1130	...	...	...	225	173	1	475	8	1

DAVIS COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Popula- tion.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
70	15	Marion	Oak Springs, Albany	138	418	398	816							847			
pt 69	13	Perry		133	366	373	739							285		1	
pt 68	12	Prairie	Pulaski	86	292	269	561	4						223			1
67 pt 68	12	Roacoe		77	242	221	463	1						199			
70	12	Salt Creek		163	480	462	942	8	6					367	1		2
70	14	Soap Creek		148	433	401	834							379	2	1	
69	12	Union	Troy	193	512	495	1007							435			
67 pt 68	14	Wycondah	Savannah (T. 67)	252	753	733	1486	1						666			
		Total		2301	6861	6686	13487	17	13					5748	8	6	13

DECATUR COUNTY.

68	27	Bloomington	Cross	23	33	73	156				33	23		61				
68	26	Burrell	Terrehaute	100	316	317	633	1		1	133	77		284				
69	25	Center	Leon	186	594	590	1184	5	3	7	246	143		510	2	1		
69	26	Decatur	Decatur [City]	124	357	472	829				123	95		812				
68	25	Eden		146	481	419	900				165	121		397			4	
67	27	Fayette	Sedgwick	81	89	81	170				39	36		53				
70	25	Franklin		51	152	137	289				60	43		123				
70	24	Garden Grove	Garden Grove	86	313	233	601	1		1	139	96		241	1			
69	27	Grand River	Funk's Mills	29	110	109	219				47	16		108				
67	25	Hamilton	Nine Eagles Spring Valley	88	231	231	462		1	1	90	69		218				
69	24	High Point	High Point	113	303	296	629	8	10	18	127	83		250				
70	26	Long Creek		64	193	193	386	2	4	6	66	44		171				

DES MOINES COUNTY--CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
70	4	Danville	Danville	278	836	783	1619	5	2	7	340	241	4	673	..	..	1
70	4	"	Parrish	176	494	497	991	5	3	8	175	114	4	342	..	..	..
70	4	"	Middletown	243	688	660	1348	1	..	1	280	185	6	630	..	..	..
70	3	Flint River	..	112	324	299	623	..	..	..	135	82	2	287	..	..	..
71	3	Franklin	Dodgeville	190	520	518	1038	10	8	18	209	140	10	441	6	..	1
72	1 pt	Huron	Huron (R. 2)	194	624	582	1206	6	1	7	270	173	23	487	1	1	..
71	4	Pleasant Grove	Pleasant Grove, South Flint	127	446	408	854	1	..	1	146	135	7	331	1	..	..
69 pt	3	Union	..	318	885	774	1659	..	..	..	359	281	36	655	..	1	..
72	4	Washington	La Vega	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
pt 72	2	Yellow Springs	Kossuth	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
pt 72	2	"	Northfield	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
72	3	"	Linton	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	Total	..	4013	11968	11283	23251	113	80	193	4651	3190	378	8233	14	4	3

DICKINSON COUNTY.

pt 98	36	Okoboji	Okoboji (T. 99, R. 36)	32	91	87	178	..	..	..	44	25	..	..	..	..	..
pt 99	36	Spirit Lake	Spirit Lake (T. 99)	48	102	102	204	..	..	..	49	28	..	..	..	..	..
pt 99	36	Pusculum	..	22	81	46	127	..	..	..	81	18	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	Total	..	97	274	235	509	124	61

DUBUQUE COUNTY.

..	37	Cascade	Cascade	223	534	542	1076	179	133	23	337
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[illegible]

EMMETT COUNTY,

98'9 p100	31	Armstrong Grove.	Armstrong's Grove.....	15	44	83	77	17	18	59	..
100	32-34 p81	Kmmett	Emmett (T. 100, R. 34)...	*25	*85	*75	*160	..	35	46	..
98 99	32-34	Estherville	Estherville (T. 99, R. 34).	44	150	120	270	1	70	104	..
98	32	Mud Lake.	High Lake	*80	*125	*75	*200	..	*40	*50	..
		Total		114	404	308	707	1	162	239	..

NOTE.---Those marked thus (*) are estimated. No census returns have been made to this office from Mud Lake township, and only a partial report from Emmett township.---[CLERK DISTRICT COURT.]

FAYETTE COUNTY.

[illegible]

DES MOINES COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
70	4	Danville	Danville	278	836	783	1619	5	2	7	340	241	4	673	.	.	1
70	4	"	Parish														
70	4	"	Middletown														
70	3	Flint River		176	494	497	991	5	8	8	175	114	4	342	.	.	.
71	3	Franklin		243	688	660	1348	1	...	1	280	185	6	630	.	.	.
72	1 pt	Huron		112	324	299	623	...	...	...	135	82	2	287	.	.	.
71	4	Pleasant Grove		190	520	518	1038	10	8	18	209	140	10	441	6	.	1
69 pt	3	Union		194	624	532	1206	6	1	7	270	173	23	487	1	1	.
72	4	Washington		127	446	408	854	1	...	1	146	135	7	331	1	.	.
pt 72	2	Yellow Springs															
pt 72	2	"		318	885	774	1659	...	...	...	359	281	86	655	.	1	.
72	3	"	Linton														
...	...	Total	...	4013	11968	11283	23251	113	80	193	4651	3190	378	8233	14	4	3

DICKINSON COUNTY.

pt 98	86	87	Okoboji	82	91	87	178	...	...	...	44	25	...	...	...	...	...
pt 99	86	86	Spirit Lake	43	102	102	204	...	...	...	49	38	...	...	...	...	...
pt 99	86	86	Wisculm	22	81	46	127	...	...	...	81	18	...	...	...	...	...
...	Total	97	274	235	509	124	81

DUBUQUE COUNTY.

...	87	2w	Cascade	223	534	542	1076	179	133	23	337
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FAYETTE COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling Houses	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
95	8	Dover	Eldorado	143	521	497	1018	1		1	163	108	86	409			8
95	10	Eden	Eden, Waucoma	145	462	425	887				191	117	7	319			
92	7	Fairfield	Brush Cr'k, Taylorsville.	190	519	513	1032				216	140	8	410			
93	10	Fremont	Mill	57	168	169	337				64	41		137			
93	9	Harlan		28	102	96	198				47	32		76			
93	7	Illyria	Leo														
93	7	"	Illyria	150	448	423	871	8	7	15	170	125	5	385			
93	7	"	Waudena														
91	9	Jefferson	Otsego	88	248	237	485				97	71	30	195			
91	10	Oran	Oran	93	289	286	575				118	86	4	247			
94	7	Pleasant Valley	Elgin	155	549	492	1041				191	148	81	412	1	*	
91	7	Putnam	Putnam	110	318	274	592				124	88	8	251	1		
94	10	Richland	Bethel	40	125	126	251				54	33	1	104	1		
91	8	Scott	Scott Center	24	80	79	159				32	25	2	69			
92	8	Smithfield	Seaton	93	284	255	539				119	71	4	214			
98	8	Westfield	Fayette, Lima	281	838	790	1628	1		1	343	237	3	637		1	
94	8	West Union	West Union	338	1064	1042	2106	3		6	480	316	10	839	1		3
94	9	Windsor	Windsor, Richfield	116	359	326	685				153	95	4	262	1		
		Total		2492	7692	7277	14969	18	10	28	3094	2025	231	5906	11	2	6

* Idiotic.

FLOYD COUNTY.

97	15	Cedar	Howardville (R. 16)	48	143	138	281				63	43	4	94			
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CENSUS RETURNS.

23

pt	16	Floyd	Floyd	186	579	543	1122	254	143	10	453	1	2
pt 96	17	"	64	159	156	815	83	69	117
pt 97	16	"	.....	180	357	378	735	2	.....	2	158	8	270	.....	.....	.....
pt 98	15	Niles	.....	103	285	275	560	.....	.....	143	101	21	200	.....	.....	.....
pt 99	15	Riverton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 90	16	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 91	18	Rockford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 92	17	Rock Grove	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 93	17	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 94	18	"	.....	112	351	330	681	.....	.....	142	86	1	252	.....	.....	.....
pt 95	18	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 96	18	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 97	18	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 98	16	St. Charles	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 99	15	"	.....	347	989	904	1893	2	1	3	313	12	659	.....	.....	.....
pt 90	16	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 91	18	Scott	.....	17	60	53	113	.....	.....	21	15	.....	50	.....	1	.....
pt 92	17	Ulster	.....	42	122	90	212	.....	.....	51	35	2	72	.....	.....	.....
pt 93	17	Union	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 94	16	"	.....	140	420	393	813	1	.....	1	179	.....	292	.....	1	.....
pt 95	17	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	.....	Total	.....	1189	3465	3260	6725	5	1	6	1525	58	2459	.....	3	2

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

[illegible]

HARRISON COUNTY.

CENSUS RETURNS.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
80	41	Boyer	Woodbine, Bigler's Grv.	81	385	276	641	...	...	...	150	101	...	253	...	...	...
80	42	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	42	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	43	Calhoun	Calhoun	49	183	166	349	...	...	...	67	51	5	136	...	...	...
79	41	Cass	Jeddo City	22	87	75	162	...	...	...	36	25	1	108	...	...	...
78	45	Cincinnati	Yazoo	59	243	176	419	...	...	...	105	71	19	157	...	...	...
79	45	Clay	Modall	82	226	276	502	...	...	...	101	73	...	144	4	...	...
81	41	Harrison	Harrison	26	83	70	153	...	...	...	88	41	7	49	1	...	...
81	44	Jackson	...	27	77	67	144	...	...	...	38	26	...	47	...	...	...
79	42	Jefferson	Logan	78	289	225	514	...	...	...	131	91	9	216	...	...	...
79	42	"	Whitesboro	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	42	"	Reider's Mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	43pt42	Lagrange	Harris Grove [R. 42]	43	146	125	271	...	...	...	64	56	...	147	...	...	...
81	45	Little Sloux	Little Sloux	106	*	*	472	...	...	...	160	118	...	167	1	...	...
80	43	Magnolia	Magnolia [T. 81]	105	315	280	595	1	...	...	140	110	5	234	...	...	...
80	44	Raglan	...	72	266	227	493	...	...	...	98	80	2	184	...	...	...
78	44	St. John	St. John, Missouri Valley	202	407	340	747	...	...	...	160	121	...	726	1	...	...
79	44	Taylor	...	39	146	114	260	...	...	...	51	41	...	102	...	...	...
78	41pt42	Union	...	18	60	53	113	...	...	...	24	19	...	46	1	...	...
...	...	Total	...	1009	*2893	*2470	5885	1	...	1	11863	1024	48	2715	8	...	...

* No return is made of the population of Little Sloux township by sexes. The total enumeration is, however, given.

HENRY COUNTY.

70	5 Baltimore	Lowell	166	486	467	983	...	6	4	...	189	127	1	881	1	2	...
73	5 Canaan	...	81	248	221	469	...	...	...	10	96	64	...	182	...	...	...
71	6 Center, exc. of Mt. Pl.	...	291	905	928	1918	...	33	30	63	879	806	18	604	2	3	881
70	6 Jackson	...	190	575	506	1061	...	16	11	27	228	159	2	422	...	...	...
73	7 J. J. Jerson	Marshall	260	749	697	1446	...	...	...	...	276	196	10	616	1	2	2
72	6 Marion	...	197	636	665	1321	...	9	11	20	290	174	4	558	...	...	...
In 71	6 Mt. Pleasant, city of	Mt. Pleasant	725	1998	2112	4110	...	126	101	227	947	719	16	1616	2	3	3
71	ex. of city	...	217	602	598	1195	...	7	4	11	285	241	...	446	...	1	9
In 71	n, city of New London	...	84	230	206	496	...	2	1	8	101	64	...	190	...	...	...
70	of city	...	229	718	651	1369	...	1	1	1	300	194	...	560	1	...	...
In 70	of	Salem	90	258	253	511	...	2	2	4	124	90	...	192	...	...	...
73	5 Scott	Winfield	144	448	412	860	...	3	2	2	194	141	3	342	...	...	...
71	7 Tippecanoe	...	280	798	753	1546	...	16	12	28	814	244	17	625	...	5	1
72	7 Trenton	Trenton	240	780	723	1502	...	2	1	3	309	183	26	651	...	2	1
73	6 Wayne	...	171	510	442	952	...	1	1	2	208	159	...	381	...	...	...
...	Total	...	3874	10026	9683	19709	...	223	178	401	4230	3063	97	7785	7	18	339

* Inclusive of the inmates of the State Hospital for the Insane.

HOWARD COUNTY.

97 98	14 Afton	Busi.	85	255	224	479	...	...	...	...	109	67	...	169	...	...	1
100	11 Albion	Osborne	90	256	212	468	...	...	...	...	113	83	...	151	...	...	...
100	13 Chester	Eatonville	46	180	105	235	...	...	...	...	52	39	...	94	...	2	...
100	12 Forest City	Foreston, Lime Springs	60	207	163	375	...	...	...	...	88	77	...	142	...	2	...
97 98	18 Howard	Howard	28	72	58	130	...	...	...	...	25	19	...	54	...	...	...
99	13 Howard Center	Howard Center	82	76	84	160	...	...	...	...	87	25	...	59	...	2	...
99	...	...	45	116	111	227	...	...	...	...	46	35	...	98	...	...	...
97 98	14 Oakdale	New Oregon	166	533	488	1016	...	...	...	...	220	153	...	890	...	...	...
100	14 Oakdale	...	16	55	41	96	...	...	...	...	23	12	...	40	...	...	...
97 98	13 Paris	...	54	153	125	278	...	...	...	...	65	35	...	64	...	...	...
98	13 Saratoga	Saratoga	10	24	17	41	...	...	...	...	11	7	...	10	...	...	...
98	11 Vernon Springs	Vernon Springs, Cresco	149	474	418	892	...	4	...	4	281	149	...	852	...	1	...
...	Total	...	776	2351	2046	4397	...	4	...	4	1010	701	...	1616	...	4	3

HUMBOLDT COUNTY.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
91	28	Dakota	Dakota (§6)	126	882	298	680	...	...	...	158	128	9	216	...	1	...
91	28	"	Sylvan Retreat (§29)														
91	27 29 30	"	Humboldt														
92	30	"															
92	28 29	"															
93	28 29	Humboldt	Lott's Creek (R. 29).	55	176	146	322	...	...	...	76	59	3	125	...	...	...
92 93	27	Vernon		49	146	123	269	...	...	...	58	40	...	103	...	...	...
93	30	Wacousta	Wacousta (§82)	7	18	19	37	...	...	...	9	7	1	8	...	...	...
...	...	Total		237	722	585	1307	301	234	13	452	...	1	...

IDA COUNTY.

86 87 88 89 39 40 41	Corwin	Ida (T. 87, R. 40)	18	51	39	90	25	19	32	...
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IOWA COUNTY.

pt 80 81	9 10	Amana	...	141	606	588	1189	299	142	103	183	...	1	9
pt 81	11 12	Cono	Cono (R. 12)	40	120	110	280	53	81	...	91
78	12	Dayton	...	119	868	818	681	1	...	...	153	116	2	258	...	...	...
78	11	Englist	Millersburg	244	784	714	1448	...	...	...	289	246	3	627	...	...	1
78	10	Fillmore	Lytle City	162	461	427	888	...	...	...	170	94	5	875	...	...	...
78	9	Greene	Jone, Foote	137	419	359	778	...	...	...	149	107	8	829	...	...	...
80	12	Hartford	Victor, Ladora	103	301	309	610	1	...	...	146	110	6	219	...	...	...

pt 80	10	Hilton	50	158	190	278	1	2	...	3	54	49	9	91	...	1
pt 81	11	Honey Creek	177	468	449	912	1	...	...	...	197	153	1	868	3	...
pt 80	9	Iowa	136	868	851	714	...	...	...	...	147	79	20	234	...	...
81	9	Lenox	67	213	182	895	...	...	...	...	84	57	4	188	...	...
79	12	Lincoln	37	119	110	329	...	...	...	...	47	35	4	86	1	...
80 81	10 11	Marengo, exc. of city	120	421	878	799	...	...	...	...	153	109	8	287	8	...
In 81	11	Marengo, city of	187	524	528	1047	1	3	...	4	271	210	5	355	1	1
79	11	Pilot	59	201	164	865	...	...	...	...	68	51	9	171	2	1
80	11	Sumner	71	186	205	891	...	...	...	...	90	70	1	152	...	...
79	10	Troy	117	870	309	679	...	...	...	...	139	98	14	297	...	...
pt 81	10 11	Washington	68	228	209	482	...	...	...	...	79	56	7	187	...	...
79	9	York	55	159	162	831	...	...	...	...	69	47	3	129	...	...
		Total	2080	6899	5982	12381	4	5	9	2654	1853	200	4618	4	8	10

JACKSON COUNTY.

In 85	3e Andrew, town of...	Andrew..	46	155	144	298	...	...	...	74	48	3	109	...
In 86	5e Bellevue...	Bellevue.	217	560	614	1174	6	8	...	248	170	11	424	1
86	4 5e Bellevue, exc. of town	...	189	440	429	869	1	...	1	149	81	15	867	2
85	1e Brandon...	...	212	607	514	1121	1	...	1	220	149	...	470	1
86	1e Butler...	...	185	408	897	800	...	...	...	154	74	11	819	...
84	4e Fairfield...	...	142	400	841	741	3	...	3	149	115	14	813	...
85	2e Farmers' Creek...	Farmers' Creek...	268	770	724	1494	...	...	...	328	195	6	613	3
85	...	Fulton...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
pt 84 85	...	Iron Hill...	208	606	515	1121	...	...	...	256	127	71	405	...
85	...	Sterling (T. 84)...	140	897	407	804	1	...	1	153	115	15	809	...
In 84	2	Spring Brook...	274	660	717	1886	...	...	...	329	309	12	500	...
84	...	Maquoketa...	184	878	815	688	...	...	...	147	57	...	291	1
84	...	Monmouth, Mill Rock...	159	561	541	1102	...	...	...	231	166	10	459	...
86	...	Oser Creek...	167	433	451	884	1	...	1	168	109	11	394	1
85	Andrew	...	141	423	409	824	...	...	...	184	93	3	818	1
87	...	...	200	604	545	1149	...	...	...	207	115	43	498	...
86	...	Cottonville, Lamotte...	180	523	484	1007	...	...	...	204	115	24	884	2
In 84	...	Sabula...	144	319	810	629	...	...	...	137	89	1	264	1
84	incl of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
87	4 5e Maquoketa...	Waterford...	150	437	431	858	...	...	...	184	118	2	388	...
87	4 5e Tete des Morts...	St. Donatus (R. 4)...	165	509	417	926	...	...	...	150	90	66	364	1

79	17	Richland	68	208	177	885	1	1	96	76	128	1
80	17	Rock Creek	54	173	147	320	...	...	59	82	130	1
79	21	Washington	36	105	110	215	...	...	68	48	81	...
		Total	2639	5508	7672	16180	83	26	59	3480	2479	94 6227 6 6 9

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

73	10	Black Hawk	121	982	348	730	...	...	149	120	289	...
72	9	Buchanan	240	688	658	1346	1	...	1	280	194	...
71	9	Cedar	146	410	378	783	3	6	9	157	99	...
71	11	Des Moines	181	570	605	1175	...	1	1	242	154	...
In 72	10	Fairfield, city of	320	958	1080	2018	6	9	15	389	266	...
72	10	" exc of city	263	765	693	1458	...	...	...	305	213	...
71	10	Liberty	162	520	504	1024	...	...	...	239	184	...
72	8	Lockridge	286	806	778	1584	11	6	17	284	160	...
72	11	Locust Grove	233	707	670	1377	1	...	1	294	227	...
73	9	Penn	230	748	708	1456	...	1	1	320	221	...
73	11	Polk	211	620	597	1217	...	...	...	248	197	...
71	8	Round Prairie	191	528	521	1049	...	...	...	215	165	...
73	8	Walnut	229	585	573	1158	...	...	...	226	150	...
		Total	2811	8287	8038	16375	22	23	45	3348	2349	121 7030 7 3

JOHNSON COUNTY.

pt 81	6	Big Grove	192	604	569	1173	4	2	6	235	143	11
81	5	Cedar	148	409	406	815	...	...	...	134	101	24
pt 79 80	7	Clear Creek	104	303	297	600	...	...	...	111	81	10
77	5	Fremont	120	370	327	697	...	...	...	164	94	1
pt 80	5	Graham	109	309	318	627	...	...	...	116	84	3
79	8	Hardin	71	200	205	405	...	...	...	86	56	2
In 79	6	Iowa City, city of	1025	3221	3163	6384	12	22	24	1200	802	37
79	6	" exc of city	352	1040	1006	2046	16	18	84	360	245	43
81	7	Jefferson	135	392	352	744	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	6	Liberty	120	357	301	658	...	...	...	183	75	5
pt 80 81	7	Madison	103	315	294	609	...	...	...	117	92	12
pt 80 81	8	Monroe	186	398	392	790	...	...	...	123	66	27
pt 80	5	New Port	103	328	314	642	1	1	2	110	66	9
pt 80 81	8	Oxford	134	387	362	749	...	...	...	150	109	14

FRANKLIN COUNTY—CONTINUED.

FREMONT COUNTY.

[illegible]

83	28pt24	Rose Grove.....	Rose Grove (R. 23).....	22	69	58	127	.....	.....	.....	36	28	5	44	.....
86	23	Scott.....	Randall.....	24	68	60	128	.....	.....	.....	20	9	39	54	.....
pt 87 88	26	Webster.....	Homer (T. 87).....	107	325	303	628	.....	.....	.....	129	73	1	269	.....
.....	.....	Total.....	.....	546	1626	1525	3151	.....	.....	.....	684	480	59	1256	1

HANCOCK COUNTY.

94	24-26	Amsterdam.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
w 1 94	23	".....	Upper Grove.....	16	52	52	104	.....	.....	.....	26	14	.....	40	.....
w 1 95	26	".....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
95	23-25	Avery.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
e 1 94	23	".....	.....	11	30	27	57	.....	.....	.....	16	13	.....	21	.....
e 1 95	26	".....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
96	23-25	Ellington.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
e 1 96	26	".....	.....	22	70	61	181	.....	.....	.....	27	18	.....	52	1
e 5-6 97	23	".....	Ellington.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
97	24-26	Madison.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
w 5-6 96	26	".....	.....	14	34	31	65	.....	.....	.....	15	14	.....	30	.....
w 1-6 97	23	".....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	Total.....	.....	63	186	171	857	.....	.....	.....	84	59	.....	143	1

HARDIN COUNTY.

89	22 w 1 21	Alden.....	Alden (R. 21).....	87	209	205	414	.....	.....	.....	91	72	2	151	.....
88	19	Clay.....	Lithopolis.....	150	465	445	910	.....	.....	.....	199	183	9	376	.....
87	19	Eldora.....	Eldora, Deland.....	210	657	574	1231	.....	.....	.....	272	211	2	456	2
88	21 22	Ellis.....	Cottage (R. 21).....	75	215	195	410	.....	.....	.....	99	60	.....	159	.....
89	19	Etna.....	Ackley.....	192	563	487	1050	.....	.....	.....	242	151	22	354	1
89	20 e 1 21	Hardin.....	Iowa Falls (R. 20).....	379	972	896	1868	.....	.....	.....	452	343	29	667	1
88	20	Jackson.....	Berlin, Hardin City.....	111	315	308	623	.....	.....	.....	123	93	9	252	.....
87	20	Pleasant.....	Point Pleasant.....	110	295	278	573	.....	.....	.....	119	76	7	218	.....
86	20 21 22	Providence.....	New Providence (R. 20).....	173	483	458	941	.....	.....	.....	208	172	4	386	2
87	21 22	Tipton.....	Tipton Grove.....	72	216	196	412	.....	.....	.....	91	47	8	167	.....
86	19	Union.....	Union.....	162	447	452	899	.....	.....	.....	187	151	.....	291	.....
.....	.....	Total.....	.....	1721	4837	4494	9331	.....	.....	.....	14	1508	92	3477	8

HARRISON COUNTY.

CENSUS RETURNS.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
80	41	Boyer	Woodbine, Bigler's Grv.	81	365	276	641	...	...	...	150	101	...	252	...	...	...
80	42	"	"	49	183	166	349	...	...	...	67	51	5	136	...	...	...
81	42	"	"	22	87	75	162	...	...	...	36	25	1	108	...	...	...
79	43	Calhoun	Calhoun	50	243	176	419	...	...	...	105	71	19	157	...	...	...
79	41	Cass	Jeddo City	82	226	276	503	...	...	...	101	73	...	144	4	...	...
78	45	Cincinnati	Yazoo	26	83	70	153	...	...	...	38	41	7	49	1	...	...
79	45	Clay	Modall	27	77	67	144	...	...	...	38	26	...	47	...	...	...
81	41	Harrison	Harrison	78	289	225	514	...	...	...	131	91	9	216	...	...	...
81	44	Jackson	Logan	43	146	125	271	...	...	...	64	56	...	147	...	...	...
79	42	Jefferson	Whitesboro	106	*	*	472	...	...	...	160	118	...	167	1	...	...
79	42	"	Reeder's Mills	105	315	280	595	1	...	...	140	110	5	234	...	...	...
78	43pt42	Lagrange	Harris Grove [R. 42]	72	266	227	493	...	...	...	98	80	2	184	...	...	...
81	45	Little Sioux	Little Sioux	202	407	340	747	...	...	...	160	121	...	726	1	...	...
80	43	Magnolia	Magnolia [T. 81]	39	146	114	260	...	...	...	51	41	...	102	...	...	...
80	44	Raglan	St. John, Missouri Valley	18	60	53	113	...	...	...	24	19	...	46	1	...	...
78	44	St. John	St. John, Missouri Valley	1009	*2898	*2470	5835	1	...	...	1363	1024	48	2715	8	...	...
79	44	Taylor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	41pt42	Union	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* No return is made of the population of Little Sioux township by sexes. The total enumeration is, however, given.

HENRY COUNTY.

70	5 Baltimore	Lowell	166	466	467	983	6	4	10	189	127	1	881	1	2	...
72	5 Canaan	...	81	248	221	469	...	...	...	98	64	...	182	...	...	...
71	...	Mt. Pitt.	281	995	928	1918	88	30	63	879	806	18	604	2	8	*881
70	...	...	190	575	506	1081	16	11	27	228	159	2	422	...	...	...
78	...	Marshall	260	749	697	1446	...	...	...	276	198	10	615	1	2	...
72	...	...	197	656	665	1321	9	11	20	280	174	4	558	...	...	...
In 71	...	ity of.. Mt. Pleasant	725	1998	2112	4110	126	101	227	947	719	18	1616	2	3	2
71	...	Lofcity	217	602	593	1195	7	4	11	285	241	...	446	...	1	2
In 71	...	city of New London	84	230	266	496	3	1	8	101	64	...	190	...	...	...
...	...	city	229	718	651	1869	1	...	1	800	194	...	560	1	...	...
In 70	...	Salem	99	253	253	511	2	2	4	124	90	...	192	...	...	...
78	5 Scott	Winfield	144	448	412	860	2	...	2	194	141	3	842	...	...	...
71	7 Tippecanoe	...	280	793	753	1346	16	12	26	314	244	17	625	...	5	1
72	7 Trenton	Trenton	240	780	722	1502	3	1	3	309	183	26	651	...	2	1
78	6 Wayne	...	171	510	442	952	1	1	2	206	169	...	381	...	...	...
...	Total	...	8374	10026	9688	19709	323	178	401	4230	8063	97	7765	7	18	*839

* Inclusive of the inmates of the State Hospital for the Insane.

HOWARD COUNTY.

97 98	14 Afton	Busti	55	255	224	479	...	...	...	109	67	...	169	...	...	1
100	11 Albion	Osborne	90	256	212	469	...	...	...	113	83	...	151	...	...	...
100	18 Chester	Eatonville	46	180	105	285	...	...	...	52	39	...	94	...	...	...
100	12 Forest City	Foreston, Lime Springs	60	207	168	375	...	...	...	88	77	...	142	...	...	...
97 98	18 Howard	Howard	23	72	58	130	...	...	...	25	19	...	54	...	...	...
98	12 Howard Center	Howard Center	32	76	84	160	...	...	...	37	25	...	59	...	...	...
99	14 Jamestown	...	45	116	111	227	...	...	...	46	35	...	98	...	...	...
97 98	11 New Oregon	New Oregon	166	533	483	1016	...	...	...	220	153	19	880	...	...	...
100	14 Oakdale	...	16	55	41	96	...	...	...	28	12	...	40	...	...	...
97 98	13 Paris	...	54	153	125	278	...	...	...	55	35	...	64	...	...	...
98	18 Saratoga	Saratoga	10	24	17	41	...	...	...	11	7	...	10	...	...	...
99	11 Vernon Springs	Vernon Springs, Cresco	149	474	418	892	4	...	4	231	149	...	352	...	1	...
...	Total	...	776	2351	2046	4897	4	...	4	1010	701	...	54	1616	4	3

HUMBOLDT COUNTY.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
91	28	Dakota	Dakota (§6)	126	882	298	680	...	...	...	158	128	9	216	...	1	...
91	28	"	Sylvan Retreat (§29)														
91	27 29 30	"	Humboldt														
92	30	"	Humboldt														
92	28 29	"	Humboldt														
93	28 29	Humboldt	Lott's Creek (R. 29)	55	176	146	322	...	...	...	76	59	3	125	...	...	...
92 93	27	Vernon		49	146	122	268	...	...	...	58	40	...	103	...	...	...
93	30	Wacousta	Wacousta (§32)	7	18	19	87	...	...	...	9	7	1	8	...	...	...
...	...	Total		237	722	585	1807	301	234	13	452	...	1	...

IDA COUNTY.

86 87 88 89	39 40 41	Corwin	Ida (T. 87, R. 40)	18	51	39	90	25	19	...	32
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IOWA COUNTY.

pt 80 81	9 10	Amana	...	141	606	583	1189	299	142	103	182	...	1	2
pt 81	11 12	Cono	Cono (R. 12)	40	120	110	230	52	81	...	91
78	12	Dayton	...	119	868	818	681	1	...	...	153	116	2	258	...	...	2
78	11	Englist	Millersburg	244	784	714	1448	...	...	...	289	246	3	627	...	...	1
78	10	Fillmore	Lytle City	162	461	427	888	...	...	...	170	94	5	375	...	...	...
78	9	Greene	Jone, Foote	137	419	359	778	...	...	...	149	107	2	329	...	...	...
80	12	Hartford	Victor, Ladora	103	301	309	610	1	...	...	145	110	6	219	...	...	2

pt 80	10	Hilton	50	158	120	973	1	3	54	49	9	91	1
pt 81	11	Honey Creek	177	468	449	912	1	3	197	153	1	383	3
pt 80	9	Iowa	136	363	351	714			147	79	20	234	
81	9	Lenox	67	213	183	895			84	57	4	168	
79	13	Lincoln	87	119	110	929			47	35	4	86	1
80 81	10 11	Marengo, exc. of city	120	421	378	799			153	109	8	287	8
In 81	11	Marengo, city of	187	524	528	1047	1	3	271	210	5	355	1
79	11	Pilot	59	201	164	885			68	51	2	171	2
80	11	Sumner	71	186	205	891			90	70	1	153	
79	10	Troy	117	370	309	673			139	98	14	297	
pt 81	10 11	Washington	68	228	209	483			79	56	7	187	
79	9	York	55	159	163	821			69	47	3	129	
		Total	2080	6898	5962	12381	4	5	92654	1853	200	4618	4
													8 10

JACKSON COUNTY.

In 85	3e	Andrew, town of	46	155	144	299			74	49	3	109	
In 86	5e	Bellevue	217	560	614	1174	6	8	248	170	11	424	1
85	4 5e	Bellevue, exc. of town	189	449	429	869	1		149	81	15	367	2
85	1e	Brandon	213	607	514	1121	1		220	142		470	1
86	1e	Butler	135	403	397	800			154	74	11	319	
84	4e	Fairfield	142	400	341	741	2		149	115	14	313	
85	2e	Farmers' Creek	268	770	724	1494			323	195		618	3
85	2e	"											
85	2e	"											
pt 84 85	6e	Iowa	206	606	515	1121			256	127	71	405	
85	4e	Jackson	140	397	407	804	1		153	115	15	309	
In 84	3 3e	Maquoketa, city of	274	669	717	1396			329	209	12	500	
84	3e	Maquoketa, ex. of city	184	373	315	688			147	57		291	1
84	1e	Monmouth, Mill Rock	159	561	541	1102			231	166	10	430	
86	2e	Otter Creek	157	438	451	884	1		163	109	11	394	1
85	3e	Perry, exc. of Andrew	141	423	408	824			184	93	3	318	1
87			200	604	545	1149			207	115	43	488	
86			180	528	484	1007			204	115	24	384	2
In 84		f.....	144	319	310	629			137	89	1	264	1
84		incl. of											
			150	427	431	858			184	113	2	338	
87	4	St. Donatus (R. 4)	165	509	417	926			150	90	66	364	1

79	17	Richland	68	208	177	385	1	1	96	76	128	1
80	17	Rock Creek	54	173	147	820			59	82	130	1
79	21	Washington	96	105	110	215			68	48	81	
		Total	2039	5508	7672	16180	33	26	59	3480	2479	94 6227 6 6 9

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

73	10	Black Hawk	121	382	348	730			149	120	289	
72	9	Buchanan	240	688	658	1346	1		1	280	194	
71	9	Cedar	146	410	373	783	3	6	9	157	99	
71	11	Des Moines	181	570	605	1175		1	1	242	154	
In 72	10	Fairfield, city of	320	958	1060	2018	6	9	15	389	266	
72	10	" exc of city	263	765	693	1458				305	213	
71	10	Liberty	162	520	504	1024				239	184	2
72	8	Lockridge	286	806	778	1584	11	6	17	284	160	
72	11	Locust Grove	233	707	670	1377	1		1	294	227	
73	9	Penn	230	748	708	1456		1	1	320	221	
73	11	Polk	211	620	597	1217				248	197	
71	8	Konnd Prairie	191	528	521	1049				215	165	1
73	8	Walnut	229	585	573	1158				226	150	
		Total	2811	8287	8088	16375	22	23	45	3348	2349	121 7030 7 3

JOHNSON COUNTY.

pt 81	6	Big Grove	192	604	569	1173	4	2	6	235	143	11
81	5	Cedar	148	409	406	815				134	101	24
pt 79 80	7	Clear Creek	104	303	297	600				111	81	10
77	5	Fremont	120	870	827	697				164	94	1
pt 80	5	Graham	109	309	318	627				116	84	8
79	8	Hardin	71	200	205	405				86	56	2
In 79	6	Iowa City, city of	1025	3221	3163	6384	12	22	24	1200	802	37
79	6	" exc of city	352	1040	1006	2046	16	18	84	360	245	43
81	7	Jefferson	135	392	352	744						1
78	6	Liberty	120	357	301	658				183	75	5
pt 80 81	7	Madison	103	315	294	609				117	92	12
pt 80 81	8	Monroe	186	398	392	790				123	66	27
pt 80	5	New Port	103	328	314	642	1	1	2	110	66	9
pt 80 81	8	Oxford	134	387	362	749				150	109	14

JOHNSON COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
pt 80	6	Penn	.....	109	311	308	619	...	...	...	118	51	...	274	...	...	...
pt 80	7	"	.....	142	426	389	815	2	...	...	162	132	12	319	...	...	...
pt 81	6	"	.....	130	391	376	767	...	...	...	167	121	9	308	...	...	...
78 5 pt 6	6	Pleasant Valley	.....	165	518	505	1018	...	...	...	208	142	14	401	...	...	...
79	5	Scott	.....	90	287	243	530	...	...	...	95	78	21	308	...	...	...
78	7	Sharon	.....	146	467	407	874	1	...	...	181	135	4	376	...	...	...
79	7	Union	.....	3634	11028	10534	21562	36	43	79	3965	2673	258	7617	4	8	7
78	8	Washington	.....													
.....	.....	Total	.....													

JONES COUNTY.

In 84	4	Anamosa, town of...	Anamosa.....	316	870	881	1751	8	4	12	388	320	21	594	...	6	6
85	4	Cass	.....	110	360	294	654	...	...	...	142	100	...	233	2	1	...
86	4	Castle Grove	.....	131	426	368	794	...	...	...	169	105	18	810	...	...	...
85	1	Clay	.....	149	465	458	923	...	...	...	178	107	3	390	...	...	...
84	4	Fairview, excl. of Anamosa	Fairview, Highland Grove	150	498	498	996	...	...	...	208	154	2	463	...	1	1
83	4	Greenfield	.....	164	480	457	937	...	...	...	198	150	4	378	...	2	...
83	2	Hale	.....	192	388	363	750	...	...	...	143	127	8	179	1	...	...
84	3	Jackson	.....	104	324	284	608	...	...	...	127	90	5	242	...	...	...
84	2	Madison	.....	158	373	336	709	...	...	...	167	86	...	252	...	...	...
86	8	Monticello	.....	303	868	853	1716	4	2	6	409	266	21	543	1	...	1
83	1	Oxford	.....	124	392	308	700	...	...	...	152	90	33	296	...	...	...

KEOKUK COUNTY.

[illegible]

77	12	Adams.	.....	Aurora.	.....	97	835	272	607	.....	182	94	3	253	1	1
74	13	Benton	.....	Butler	.....	158	487	474	961	.....	189	145	...	429	...	...
75	10	Clear Creek.	.....	Talleyrand.	.....	147	365	470	835	.....	170	89	4	815	...	...
77	11	English River.	.....	White Pigeon.	.....	192	575	579	1154	.....	233	190	4	485	...	...
77	11	"	.....	Webster	.....										
77	11	"	.....	South English	.....										
76	11	German.	.....	Baden	.....	206	670	580	1250	.....	229	148	17	525	2	1
pt 75	11	"	.....	Garibaldi.	.....										
74	11	Jackson.	.....	Ioka.	.....										
76	10	Lafayette.	.....	.....	.....	234	692	685	1327	.....	267	217	1	586	1	2
pt 74	11	Lancaster	.....	Lancaster (T. 75, R. 11).	.....	110	308	302	610	.....	182	100	5	220	...	...
77	10	Liberty.	.....	Chandler.	.....	182	648	640	1288	.....	260	185	1	543	1	5
77	13	Prairie	.....	Coal Creek.	.....	134	437	420	857	.....	171	116	...	351	...	1
74	10	Richland	.....	Richland	.....	67	210	181	391	.....	82	65	3	146	...	...
In 75	12	Sigourney, town of.	.....	Sigourney.	.....	262	795	764	1559	.....	319	245	...	650	1	1
pt 75	12	Sigourney, excl. town	.....	.....	.....	151	433	471	904	1	215	157	3	337	...	...
74	12	Steady Run.	.....	Martinsburg	.....	66	241	219	460	2	91	60	...	213	...	...
76	12	Van Buren.	.....	.....	.....	149	461	441	902	.....	173	140	...	415	...	1
75	13	Warren.	.....	.....	.....	143	437	435	872	.....	164	129	17	377	...	2
76	13	Washington	.....	Springfield, What Cheer.	.....	89	286	293	579	.....	114	78	...	267	1	2
76	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	224	457	412	869	1	179	94	...	389	...	1
.....	.....	Total	.....	.....	.....	2611	7837	7588	15425	4	48120	2252	58	6501	7	1418

KOSSUTH COUNTY.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
96	27-30	Algona	Kossuth Center (R. 28).	169	586	615	1101	...	...	...	269	196	...	...	439	...	...
97	27-30	"	Buffalo Fork (R. 28)...														
98	27-30	"	Greenwood (R. 28)...														
98 99 100	27-30	"	Beneca (T. 98, R. 30) ..														
pt 95	27-30	"	Algona (R. 28).....														
pt 94 95	29 30	Cresco	.....	44	109	97	206	...	...	...	56	33	...	77	...	...	...
pt 94 95	27 28	Irvington	Irvington (R. 28).....	46	137	128	265	1	...	1	55	46	...	109	...	...	...
.....	.....	Total	.....	259	832	740	1572	1	...	1	380	275	...	625	...	...	...

LEE COUNTY.

69	7	Cedar	Big Mound	199	546	525	1071	11	6	17	225	172	5	446	1	...	1
67	6	Charleston	Charleston	202	593	499	1092	...	...	...	228	138	3	483	...	...	...
69	4	Denmark	Denmark	162	408	434	842	13	8	21	193	132	4	326	...	...	1
66	6 7	Des Moines	Vincennes (R. 6), Belfast	198	502	475	977	39	45	84	212	151	9	865	...	1	...
68	6	Franklin	Franklin Center, Dover	302	879	882	1761	...	...	...	325	268	87	757	2	1	...
68	2	Green Bay	.....													
69	8	"	Jollyville	121	860	814	674	...	...	...	166	126	9	256	...	1	...
69	8	"	.....													
68	7	Harrison	Primrose	174	481	462	943	19	12	81	215	155	7	877	...	...	...
65	5	Jackson, exc. Keokuk	.....	188	468	444	912	74	57	131	165	101	24	879	2	...	...
67	5	J. ffrason	Jeffersonville	165	510	456	966	8	8	16	212	171	6	872	...	...	8
In 65	5	Keokuk, city of	Keokuk	1739	4719	4852	9571	487	481	918	2079	1499	115	3483	2	1	4
67	4	Madison	Fort Madison	629	1864	1769	3633	31	23	54	651	384	29	1237	...	...	...

pt 83 '8	6	Marion	St. Paul	220	694	1308	3	283	230	5	488	1	..
86	6	"	Pilot Grove	183	443	899	21	45	183	5	869	..	..
84	6	"	Clay's Grove	85	305	637	1	1	180	..	226	..	..
pt 85	5	Montrose, exc. of city	Sandusky, Summitville	156	444	875	7	16	189	..	365	..	..
In 86	5	" city of	Montrose	120	554	1060	1	1	225	16	448	1	..
87	7	Pleasant Ridge	Croton, Warren	191	563	1056	12	19	233	13	427	..	1
88	4	Van Buren	Washington	170	505	947	4	8	199	13	387	2	1
In 88	5	West Point, exc. of city	West Point	144	411	833	..	..	164	7	318	..	..
	5	" city of		5388	15259	30052	661	1365	4384	308	11450	10	8
		Total											

LINN COUNTY.

pt 83 '8	6	Bertram	Bertram (T. 83)	175	532	982	..	..	220	166	..	390	1	..
86	5	Boulder		94	811	599	..	..	117	64	4	268	..	..
84	5	Brown	la.	208	677	1293	..	..	279	208	..	515	..	..
pt 85	5	Buffalo		64	192	390	..	..	60	26	1	130	..	..
In 83	7	Cedar Rapids, city		432	1451	2896	15	28	615	470	95	939	..	2
83	8	Clinton		174	502	991	..	..	212	159	16	371	..	..
88	7	College		183	464	918	2	2	183	143	22	475	2	..
83	8	Fairfax		121	339	651	..	..	186	74	19	256	..	1
pt 84 '5	8	Fayette		129	437	859	1	1	178	182	..	351	1	..
82	5	Franklin	ibon	439	1814	2633	6	7	567	819	14	1122	2	..
86	6	Jackson		146	395	793	1	1	170	111	1	257	..	..
86	6	"		187	494	963	..	..	195	135	..	363	..	..
83	5	Linn		148	461	953	..	..	280	169	3	376	..	..
85	6	Maine		313	935	1862	5	6	449	328	14	632	1	2
pt 85	7	"		298	894	1682	1	1	380	278	5	716	1	..
pt 83 '4	6	Marion, city of		148	461	953	..	..	280	169	3	376	..	..
84	6	Marion, exc. of city		298	894	1682	1	1	380	278	5	716	1	..
pt 84	7	"		148	461	953	..	..	280	169	3	376	..	..
pt 83	7	"		298	894	1682	1	1	380	278	5	716	1	..
pt 84	7	Monroe	Dry Creek (R. 7)	148	461	953	..	..	280	169	3	376	..	..

LINN COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
... 85	7	Outer Creek	Lafayette	228	697	624	1321	...	...	1321	240	187	9	593	2	1	..
... 85	7	"	Flemingville	108	850	805	655	1	...	655	116	84	21	260	..	..	..
... pt 85	8	"	...	298	915	898	1808	...	...	1808	324	73	63	541	..	..	..
... 82	6	Putnam	...	61	226	194	420	...	...	420	74	59	1	183	..	1	..
... 83	7	Rapids, exc. of city	Spring Grove	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..
... 86	7	Spring Grove	Troy Mills*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..
... 86	7	"	West Prairie*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..
... 86	7	"	Center Point	149	515	472	987	...	...	987	199	157	...	445	..	..	..
86 pt 85	8	Washington	...	4148	12548	11952	24500	32	17	24500	5118	3469	288	9546	10	4	5
...	...	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* These offices may be in Jackson Township, as they are reported in both.

LOUISA COUNTY.

... pt 74	4	Columbus City	...	457	933	891	1824	8	4	1824	406	327	11	704	1	..	1
... pt 75	4	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
... pt 75	5	"	Columbus City, Clifton.	144	417	390	807	...	...	807	159	121	12	323	1	..	1
pt 74 75	4	Concord	Fredonia (R. 75)	47	202	161	363	...	...	363	80	63	10	124	..	..	..
... pt 78	1	Ellet	Palo Alto (R. 2)	196	358	314	672	1	1	672	182	104	4	264	..	..	..
... pt 74	4	Elm Grove	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..
... pt 74	8	Grandview	Grandview	253	751	721	1472	8	9	1472	332	238	11	578	1	..	1
... pt 75	8	"	Letis	120	307	286	598	9	8	598	181	100	...	244	4	...	...
pt 73 74	1	Jefferson	Toolsboro (T. 78, R. 2)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

CENSUS RETURNS.

pt 73 74	.....	4 Marshall.....	Cairo (T. 74).....	157	500	434	984	.....	.....	.....	199	141	16	888	.....	.....
...pt 73	.....	4 Morning Sun.....	Virginia Grove.....	195	530	502	1032	.....	.....	.....	216	166	...	397	.....	1 ..
...pt 73	.....	4 ".....	Morning Sun.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
...pt 73	.....	3 ".....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 75 76	.....	5 Oakland.....	Port Allen (T. 76).....	71	260	238	498	.....	.....	.....	113	87	1	180	.....	.....
...pt 74	.....	3 Port Louisa.....	Port Louisa.....	253	737	704	1441	.....	.....	.....	801	225	2	557	.....	.....
...pt 74	.....	3 ".....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 74 75	.....	3 ".....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
pt 75 76	.....	5 Union.....	.....	93	265	251	516	.....	.....	.....	116	90	1	222	.....	.....
pt 73 74	.....	3 3 4 Wapello, exc. of city.	.....	162	465	443	908	.....	.....	.....	196	143	3	376	.....	1 ..
...In 74	.....	3 Wapello, city of.....	Wapello.....	127	400	380	780	.....	.....	.....	2	187	2	273	.....	.....
.....	.....	Total.....	.....	2275	6125	5715	11840	.....	.....	.....	45	2568	73	4625	9	1 4

LUCAS COUNTY.

.....	71	.....	20 Benton.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	72	.....	20 Cedar.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	72	.....	21 Chariton, exc. of town	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
...In 72	.....	21 Chariton, town of...	Chariton.....	138	544	440	984	.....	.....	.....	287	244	...	860	.....	1 ..
.....	73	.....	21 English.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	72	.....	23 Jackson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	78	.....	22 Liberty.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	78	.....	23 Otter Creek.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	78	.....	20 Pleasant.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 ..
.....	71	.....	23 Union.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	71	.....	22 Warren.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	71	.....	20 Washington.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	72	.....	23 Whitebreast.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	Total.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	1213	4009	3715	7724	.....	.....	.....	22	1500	1155	4	8092	2 1 1

LYON COUNTY—NOT ORGANIZED.

MADISON COUNTY.

...76, &c	28, &c	Center, exc. of Wint's	.....	16	30	30	60	.....	.....	.....	13	10	.....	20	.....	.....
.....76	26	Crawford.....	Ellsworth.....	104	816	283	599	.....	.....	.....	3	87	6	259	.....	8 ..

MADISON COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
76	28	Douglas.....	.....	88	347	340	687	.....	.....	.....	154	117	.....	266	.....	.....	.....
74	29	Grand River	Venus.....	64	176	179	355	.....	.....	.....	65	59	.....	49	.....	1	.....
76	29	Jackson.....	.....	49	179	156	335	.....	.....	.....	73	59	.....	91	.....	2	.....
77	27	Jefferson.....	.....	71	223	195	417	.....	.....	.....	93	71	.....	134	.....	1	.....
77	26	Lee.....	.....	36	121	105	226	.....	.....	.....	87	25	.....	108	.....	.....	.....
75	28	Lincoln.....	.....	86	317	274	591	.....	.....	.....	125	107	.....	248	.....	.....	.....
77	28	Madison.....	North.....	92	299	277	576	.....	.....	.....	127	92	.....	219	.....	.....	.....
74	28	Monroe.....	Kasson, Clanton.....	60	171	154	325	.....	.....	.....	74	55	.....	130	.....	2	.....
74	26	Ohio.....	Ohio.....	92	254	258	512	.....	.....	.....	99	87	.....	229	.....	.....	.....
77	29	Penn.....	.....	42	117	108	225	.....	.....	.....	50	48	.....	60	.....	.....	.....
75	27	Scott.....	.....	148	471	462	933	.....	.....	.....	182	146	.....	414	.....	.....	.....
75	26	South.....	St. Charles.....	162	482	444	926	2	.....	.....	204	147	.....	397	.....	.....	.....
76	27	Union.....	.....	97	360	306	666	.....	.....	.....	116	81	.....	289	.....	.....	.....
74	27	Walnut.....	Peru.....	99	356	381	687	.....	.....	.....	124	86	.....	297	.....	.....	.....
75	29	Webster.....	Middle River.....	52	151	129	280	1	.....	.....	61	40	.....	108	.....	.....	.....
In 76	28	Winterset, City of.....	Winterset.....	204	668	674	1357	1	1	2	308	214	4	521	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	Total.....	.....	1562	5052	4705	9757	5	2	7	2025	1531	22	3332	3	6	.....

MAHASKA COUNTY.

76	15	Adams.....	Buck Horn.....	119	857	814	671	.....	.....	.....	137	95	.....	806	.....	.....	.....
76	17	Black Oak .....	.....	124	876	847	723	1	.....	1	150	90	16	279	.....	1	.....
74	14	Cedar.....	Fremont.....	134	429	511	940	3	8	6	187	151	1	866	.....	.....	.....
74	16	Des Moines.....	Given.....	141	413	398	811	.....	.....	.....	155	181	.....	844	.....	.....	.....

74	15 Harrison	101	538	518	1076	5	3	7	267	184	10	434	1	1
74	17 Jefferson	106	504	448	952				191	155	2	406	1	1
76	16 Madison	113	364	325	689				166	118	10	261		
76	14 Monroe	201	541	541	1102				288	186	1	407	2	
75	15 18 Oskaloosa, exc. of c	487	1586	1488	3076	20	7	27	636	445	20	1236	2	1
In 75	16 Oskaloosa, city of	488	1276	1391	2067	25	29	54	580	432	6	941		
77	14 Pleasant Grove	131	889	865	754				143	86	8	849		
77	16 Prairie	178	527	474	1001	2	6	8	213	181	11	390		
77	17 Richland	231	719	659	1378				288	191	4	549	2	
75	17 Scott	162	485	448	968				192	147	2	387	1	1
73	17 "													
75	17 "													
77	15 Union	153	448	452	900	5	4	9	174	127	6	382		
75	14 White Oak	159	440	488	908				162	119		389	1	
	Total	3128	9434	9147	18581	51	51	112	3851	2840	97	7426	9	2

MARION COUNTY.

pt 75	18 Clay	218	650	628	1276				246	185		598		
pt 75	18 "													
pt 76	18 "													
74	21 Dallas	144	459	441	900				178	119	6	389		
75	21 Franklin	70	246	212	458				98	77		192		
74	19 Indiana	184	536	544	1080				198	160		439	1	1
75	19 Knoxville, exc. of city	384	1316	1142	2858	1		1	478	326	1	1020	2	1
76	20 "													
pt 76	19 20 "													
In 75	19 Knoxville, city of	164	548	557	1100	8	3	6	248	201	1	345		1
77 pt 75	18 LakePrairie, exc. Pella	478	1415	1272	2887	2		2	528	450	88	1050	2	3
74	18 Liberty	238	624	665	1289				260	215	16	534		1
In (88, 10) 76	18 Pella, city of	375	923	910	1833				353	209	62	688	3	
n pt 77	21 Perry	68	193	196	389				77	52	4	168		
pt 76	21 Pleasant Grove	205	573	547	1120				207	149		492	3	
n pt 76	19 Polk	147	455	399	854				162	123	9	334	1	2
n pt 77	20 Red Rock	214	627	591	1218				226	150		551		2
n pt 77	19 Summit	196	560	523	1082				219	173		396		2
pt 76 77	21 Swan	178	494	450	944				203	136		377		

MARION COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
pt 76 77	20	Union.....	.....	97	272	279	551	.....	.....	.....	119	94	.....	211	1	2	..
..... 74	20	Washington.....	Gosport, Columbia.....	196	528	503	1031	.....	.....	.....	219	172	.....	412	1	1	..
.....	.....	Total.....	.....	3556	10314	9858	20172	6	8	9	4014	2991	187	8246	14	6	10

MARSHALL COUNTY.

85	19	Bangor.....	Bangor.....	118	333	265	598	5	6	11	118	99	.....	273	..	..	2
82	20	Eden.....	Edenville.....	78	233	208	441	..	..	..	100	..	..	169	..	..	..
82	17	Green Castle.....	.....	65	197	188	385	1	..	1	81	66	5	162	1	..	..
85	18	Iowa.....	Albion, Norris.....	268	681	653	1334	..	..	..	302	225	..	529	..	..	1
82	18	Jefferson.....	.....	57	175	155	330	..	..	..	65	39	4	135	..	..	..
83	17	Legrand.....	Legrand.....	172	538	376	914	..	..	..	215	169	22	362	..	..	..
85	20	Liberty.....	Illinois Grove.....	85	271	238	509	..	..	..	101	88	..	207	..	1	..
84	19	Marietta.....	Marietta.....	125	448	395	843	3	5	8	164	112	3	340	1	..	..
84	17	Marion.....	.....	130	404	355	759	..	..	..	165	123	2	310	..	..	..
84	18	Marshall, exc. of city.	.....	117	821	327	648	7	10	17	140	107	8	308	..	..	..
In 84	18	Marshalltown, city of	Marshalltown.....	500	1154	1108	2257	15	7	22	562	..	25	683	..	..	..
84	20	Minerva.....	Minerva.....	82	269	237	505	2	3	5	98	81	..	200	..	..	..
83	20	State Center.....	State Center.....	61	227	186	413	1	..	1	97	77	..	164	..	..	..
85	17	Vienna.....	Vienna.....	76	246	222	468	..	..	..	102	72	2	176	1	..	..
83	18	Timber Creek.....	Timber Creek.....	115	378	383	711	..	..	..	135	108	6	308	..	..	1
82 83	19	Washington.....	.....	58	164	169	333	..	..	..	67	56	131	128	..	1	..
.....	.....	Total.....	.....	2102	6038	5410	11448	84	81	65	2512	1423	208	4454	8	2	4

MILLS COUNTY.

[illegible]

MITCHELL COUNTY,

[illegible]

* Number of voters not returned—estimated at 99.—[CLAIMS OF THE DISTRICT COURT.]

MITCHELL COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
100	15	Wayne	Wentworth	52	139	129	268	...	...	...	58	35	...	105	...	...	...
		Total		1025	8198	2950	6148	2	...	...	1354	865	61	2260	1	4	1

MONONA COUNTY.

84	45	Ashton	Belvidere (T. 83, R. 44)	10	23	23	46	...	...	...	13	7	...	17	...	...	...
		Belvidere	Castana (T. 84, R. 44)	10	50	38	88	10	13	23	16	8	1	52	...	...	...
		Center		19	48	45	93	...	...	...	17	11	...	43	...	...	...
		*Franklin		53	140	127	276	...	...	...	67	50	...	90	1	...	...
		Grant		14	53	42	95	...	...	...	24	14	...	42	...	...	...
		Kennebec	Arcola (T. 84, R. 44)	42	148	120	277	...	...	...	66	44	...	117	...	...	...
		Lake		23	75	55	130	...	...	...	24	19	...	58	...	...	...
		Lincoln		34	84	86	170	...	...	...	43	34	...	41	...	...	...
		Maple	Mapleton (T. 85, R. 43)	30	79	79	153	...	...	...	29	20	...	53	...	...	...
In 88	45	*Onawa City, town of	Onawa City	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...
		St. Clair	St. Clair (T. 83, R. 42)	13	39	39	78	...	...	...	14	16	...	21	...	...	...
		Sherman	Bottom (T. 82, R. 45)	20	100	69	169	...	...	...	39	...	...	70	...	...	...
		Spring Valley		4	33	24	57	...	...	...	9	...	...	28	...	...	...
		†West Fork	West Fork (T. 85, R. 46)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	6	...	...	...	...	...
		Total		281	881	756	1637	10	13	27	868	169	5	632	1	1	...

* No report of the town of Onawa City is returned from the county, except of the number of militia. The figures for the other items are probably included in the statistics of Franklin township, in which Onawa City is located.
† Number of each sex not reported in Spring Valley township.
‡ No returns from this township of the several items except as indicated.

MONROE COUNTY.

In 72	17	Albia, city of.	Albia.	173	468	469	987	19	8	27	283	181	2	302	..	..
73	17	Bluff Creek.	Half Way Prairie	145	439	892	831	..	..	..	163	114	..	398	..	3
73	19	Cedar	Coalton	105	829	810	639	..	..	..	119	88	..	256	..	2
73	19	"	Thompsonville.													
73	19	"	Weller	91	267	245	512	..	..	..	98	67	..	224	..	..
71	18	Franklin	Tyrone.													
72	18	Guliford	Georgetown.	147	419	851	770	..	..	..	153	71	4	849	2	..
71	19	Jackson.	East Melrose, Osprey.	93	344	324	668	..	..	..	125	99	7	293	..	..
72	16	Mantua.	Frederick.	153	454	448	902	..	..	..	163	108	8	402	..	..
71	17	Monroe.	..	85	266	284	500	..	1	1	105	67	..	210	..	2
73	16	Pleasant	..	175	525	536	1061	..	..	..	191	137	8	379	..	2
72	17	Troy, exc. of Albia.	..	163	433	450	893	12	12	24	184	130	..	381	1	3
73	18	Union.	Lovilla.	195	581	586	1167	..	..	..	230	157	..	497	..	..
71	16	Urbana.	..	123	839	353	692	..	..	..	131	86	8	262	1	1
72	19	Wayne.	..	88	290	304	594	..	..	..	113	90	13	252	..	..
..	..	Total.	..	1735	5154	5002	10156	31	21	52	1998	1345	40	4190	4	12

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

73	36pt	Douglas.	Grant [R. 36].	57	147	148	295	62	51	2	124	..	1
73	38	Frankfort.	..	80	258	227	485	102	96	..	145
pt 73	37	"	..													
pt 72	37	"	Frankfort.													
n + 72	38	"	..													
n + 72	39	"	..	50	173	141	814	69	57	..	96
pt 71	36	Jackson.	Valiska [R. 36].													
71	38	Red Oak.	..													
pt 71	37	"	..													
pt 71	39	"	..	95	302	273	575	130	109	..	202	2	..
pt 72	37	"	..													
pt 72	38	"	..													
pt 72	38	"	..													
72	36	Washington	Red Oak Junction	44	153	136	289	56	35	..	101
pt 71	36	"	Sciola.													
pt 72	37	"	..													
pt 71	37	"	..													
pt 71	39	West	Carr's Point [T. 71].	18	65	49	114	24	19	..	46
..	..	Total.	..	344	1098	974	2072	443	367	2	714	2	1

CENSUS RETURNS.

MUSCATINE COUNTY.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
76 pt 77	... 2w	Bloomington, exc. of Muscatine....	.....	2426	647	617	1264	10	12	22	306	198	17	576	2	1	..
... pt 76	... 4w	Cedar.....	.....	63	225	233	458	...	...	...	95	70	3	177	..	..	..
... .. 78	... 1e	Fulton.....	Prairie Mills, Pleas't Pre.	200	574	504	1078	...	...	...	186	150	31	414	..	..	..
... .. 78	... 8w	Goshen.....	Atalissa.....	231	648	623	1271	3	3	6	277	210	11	505	1	1	1
... pt 77	2, 3, 4w	Lake.....	.....	112	408	357	765	5	4	9	153	114	11	337	..	..	..
... .. 77	... 1e	Montpelier.....	.....	124	374	328	702	1	...	1	150	101	13	267	..	..	..
... pt 78	... 2w	Moscow.....	.....	156	384	391	775	1	...	1	168	96	5	250	..	2	..
... In 77	... 2w	Muscatine, city of...	Muscatine.....	2042	3760	3800	7560	52	53	105	1493	1219	180	2395	8	2	3
... pt 76	... 4w	Orono.....	Orono.....	42	149	134	283	...	...	...	63	48	...	125	..	..	..
... pt 77	... 3w	Pike.....	.....	89	270	232	502	...	...	...	107	77	9	193	..	..	..
... pt 77	... 4w	".....	Pike, Lacey.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
... .. 76	... 3w	Seventy-Six.....	.....	159	468	460	928	1	...	1	202	143	8	356	1	1	..
... .. 77	... 1w	Sweetland.....	Fairport.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
... .. 77	... 1w	".....	Sweetland Center.....	263	758	729	1487	...	...	...	301	135	23	135	1	1	1
... pt 78	... 1w	".....	Milpine.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
... .. 78	... 4w	Wapsinonoc.....	West Liberty.....	261	773	702	1475	9	4	13	341	257	38	531	..	1	..
... .. 78	1pt 2w	Wilton, exc. of town.	.....	168	543	456	999	4	3	7	219	149	29	363	..	..	..
... In 78	... 1w	Wilton, town of....	Wilton.....	139	504	481	985	1	1	2	184	173	22	356	..	..	..
...	Total.....	6475	10485	10047	20532	87	80	167	4245	3184	399	6980	8	9	4

O'BRIEN COUNTY.

... .. 94	... 39	Waterman.....	7	12	8	30	11	10	...	9
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OSCEOLA COUNTY--Not Organized.

PAGE COUNTY.

67	37	Amity	College Springs	75	803	245	547	15	28	38	116	93	1	233	1	..	8
67	36	Buchanan	Centre	88	313	306	619	..	..	..	109	87	..	295	..	..	..
70	37	Douglas	..	95	123	97	220	1	..	1	40	80	..	96	..	..	..
68	36	East River	..	120	410	405	815	..	1	1	147	113	4	389	..	..	..
70	38	Fremont	..	24	68	64	133	..	..	..	24	17	..	60	..	..	..
68	37	Harlan	..	84	249	209	458	10	12	22	99	78	10	171	..	..	..
68	38	Lincoln	..	49	142	131	373	2	..	2	60	49	1	141	..	..	..
69	36	Nebraska	Hawleyville	88	257	273	530	9	11	20	122	94	..	231	..	..	..
69	37	Nodaway	Clarinda (R. 86)	231	647	603	1250	24	40	64	273	179	2	547	1	..	1
70	38	Pierce	Franklin Grove	18	58	61	119	..	..	..	27	19	..	47	..	..	..
69	38	Tarkio	Tarkio (R. 38)	31	122	100	222	..	..	..	54	23	..	97	1	..	..
70	38	Valley	..	68	219	202	421	..	..	..	87	58	..	167	..	..	..
67	38	Washington	Union Grove (R. 39)	45	140	130	270	1	..	1	43	30	..	156	..	..	..
..	..	Total	..	956	8030	2826	5876	62	87	149	1201	870	18	2619	3	..	4

PALO ALTO COUNTY.

* No report.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

90	48	Lincoln	..	..	..	..	92	..	..	..	24	17	1	31	..	..	..
91	46	Plymouth	..	..	..	..	132	..	..	..	29	9	..	86	..	..	..
92	45	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
90	pt 46	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	Total	..	..	..	..	314	..	..	..	53	26	1	67	..	..	..

pt 78	23	Lee, etc. of D. M. city	129	447	411	858	5	4	9	188	157	12	319	...	...
pt 78	24	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 79	24	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	25	Madison	842	1188	1088	2176	1	...	1	400	287	20	872	2	3
pt 80	24	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 81	24	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 79	24	Saylor	145	549	494	1042	1	...	1	222	180	...	438	3	3
pt 79	24	Valley	60	239	219	458	1	...	1	115	71	4	182	...	...
79	25	Walnut	119	404	356	760	5	...	10	160	188	...	810	...	...
pt 78	24	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 78	25	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	23	Washington	60	289	219	458	1	...	1	115	71	8	101	...	...
...	...	Total	3496	11579	10768	22367	180	183	263	4380	3286	171	7458	11	715

* That part of the city of Peoria, Ill., which is in Lee township. The remainder of the city is in Lee township. The townships of Lee, Madison, Saylor, Valley, Walnut, Washington, and a portion of Lee.

POTTAWATTAMIE COUNTY.

77	43	Boomer	49	180	165	345	...	...	...	61	40	14	142	...	...
75	39	Center	57	178	149	337	...	...	...	67	53	...	115	...	1
75	40	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	39	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
In 75	43	Council Bluffs, city of	698	2700	2103	4902	19	11	80	1214	754	198	1472	1	1
76	43	Crescent	180	410	411	821	...	...	...	142	85	27	816	...	...
76	44	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
76	42	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
74	39	Grove	84	122	116	238	2	...	2	41	29	8	118	...	...
75	41	James	28	99	80	179	...	...	...	88	19	...	75	...	...
5-6	11	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
76	40	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
74	43	Kane, exclusive of	125	378	327	705	1	...	1	138	89	14	288	...	2
75	42-44	Council Bluffs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
76	38	Knox	51	152	150	302	...	...	...	57	41	1	180	...	...
77	39	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
76	30	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
74	40	Macedonia	28	90	89	179	...	...	...	85	29	...	85	...	...

POTTAWATTAMIE COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling Houses	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
77	44	Rockford	Loveland Mills.	67	193	176	369	...	...	...	78	44	...	151	...	...	...
74	41	Silver Creek	...	253	66	52	118	...	...	...	24	18	...	66	...	...	...
74	88	Walnut Creek	...	30	91	95	186	...	...	...	39	19	...	78	...	...	...
76	41	York	...	21	64	65	129	...	...	...	19	13	...	54	...	...	...
77	41	"	...					...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
77	42	"	...					...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	...	Total	...	1571	4723	3977	8700	22	11	33	1953	1283	211	3090	1	4	2

POWESHEIK COUNTY.

80	14	Bear Creek	Brooklyn	191	538	494	1027	2	...	...	233	168	8	365	1	...	...
81	16	Chester	...	27	97	99	196	4	...	...	48	45	1	66	...	...	...
78	13	Deep River	Deep River	111	365	320	685	1	...	...	136	105	8	285	...	...	1
80	16	Grinnell, ex. of town	...	79	238	199	432	2	...	...	93	68	...	176	...	...	...
In 80	16	Grinnell, town of	Grinnell	165	495	474	969	10	14	24	199	200	1	417	...	...	...
78	14pt15	Jackson	Montezuma (R.14), Sherman	250	800	753	1553	1	...	1	318	250	4	600	1	4	...
81	13	Jefferson	Prairie Creek	86	296	286	582	...	...	...	90	70	12	255	...	...	...
79	13	Lincoln	...	75	235	193	428	...	...	...	91	71	8	148	...	...	...
81	14	Madison	...	67	216	187	403	...	...	...	90	81	7	167	...	...	1
80	15	Malcom	Malcom	57	178	141	319	1	...	...	83	67	...	99	...	...	...
79	15	Pleasant	...	64	215	195	410	6	1	7	85	78	...	190	...	8	...
79	14	Scott	...	39	139	123	262	...	...	...	42	35	...	106	...	1	...
81	15	Sheridan	...	16	60	47	107	...	...	...	28	22	...	40	...	...	...
78	16	Sugar Creek	Mill Grove	121	858	801	659	1	...	1	125	100	4	284	...	...	...

pt 78	Union	Forest Home.	119	389	357	746	1	1	143	89	5	231	2	1
80	Warren		107	369	327	696			189	104	5	288		
79	Washington	Tyro.	79	213	207	420			84	51	5	163		3
	Total		1653	5191	4053	9844	29	15	44	2027	60	3980	4	5

RINGGOLD COUNTY.

67 68	Athens	Cross (T. 68).	46	150	130	280			59	45	1	117		2
69 28pt29	East Fork		53	143	157	300	2	2	57	50		130		
67	Lot's Creek													
68	"	Caledonia.	69	243	217	460			94	71	3	211		
68	"	Ringgold.												
67 pt 68	Middle Fork	Ingart Grove (T. 67).	35	139	141	280			51	38	2	126		
pt 68	Mount Ayr.	Mount Ayr.												
pt 68	"	Estella.	116	340	349	689			135	114	6	254		
pt 69	"													
69 70	Platt.	[gene (R. 29)]	61	199	172	361			61	45		148		
70 28pt29	Sand Creek	Union Hill (R. 28), Eu-	46	144	144	288			56	40		116		
70	Washington													
pt 70	"		112	402	373	775	1	1	184	91	9	353	1	1
pt 69	"													
67 68	West Fork	Redding (R. 67).	73	229	219	448	1		88	65	1	197	2	1
	Total		610	1979	1902	8881	4	3	7	735	22	1052	3	1

SAC COUNTY.

89	35-38 Douglas.		19	37	44	81			27	14		32		
88	Jackson.	Sac City (R. 36).	41	158	153	311			70	89	8	106		
86 87	Sac.	Grant City (T. 86, R. 35).	43	102	101	203			42	26		90		
	Total		103	297	298	595			139	79	3	228		

SCOTT COUNTY.

80	2e Allen's Grove.	Allen's Grove.	103	343	290	633	1		1	109	119	36	245	
78	Blue Grass.	Blue Grass, Walcott.	158	630	571	1201	1		1	216	153	82	402	2
77	Buffalo.	Buffalo.	198	574	519	1098	4	2	6	246	140	14	414	1
80	Butler.	Walnut Grove.	133	349	308	657	1	3	4	134	89	41	260	1

[illegible]

SIoux COUNTY.

....	.95	Buncombe....	Calliope.....	4	11	7	18	8	7 ...		9
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STORY COUNTY.

82	21 Collins	54	170	180	350	2	61	40	2	170	1
84	24 Franklin	85	306	295	601	2	116	90	...	247	...
88	23 Grant*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
85	28 w 22 Howard	92	288	287	575	...	88	48	38	188	5
82	22 Indian Creek	134	444	460	904	...	183	131	1	375	...
85	24 La Fayette	37	102	90	192	...	26	17	22	74	...
85	21 e 22 Lincoln	14	40	45	85	...	17	13	2	38	...
84	23 Milford	52	179	155	334	...	66	61	3	135	...
83	pt 22 Nevada	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
86	e 1 23 "	284	754	766	1520	1	341	234	5	634	1
84	21 22 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	21 pt 22 New Albany	74	244	229	473	...	76	58	3	169	1
82	24 Palestine	71	277	236	513	1	67	47	16	215	1
84	21 e 22 Sherman†	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
82	23 Union	71	251	248	499	...	96	84	6	179	...
83	24 Washington	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	"	143	482	405	837	1	170	148	39	339	1
83	w 1 23 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	1111	8487	8396	6883	3	51802	971	137	2753	6

* Not organized; included in Nevada and Washington.
† " " " " Nevada.

CENSUS RETURNS.

TAMA COUNTY.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
86	14	Buckingham	Buckingham (R. 14)	69	227	208	435	1	1	2	72	56	18	161	1	1	1
84	15	Carlton	..	120	359	348	707	..	..	..	148	83	5	263	..	..	..
84	14	Carroll	..	63	112	103	215	..	..	..	43	29	2	95	..	..	..
85	13	Clark	..	19	49	50	99	..	..	..	24	17	5	32	..	..	..
82	15	Columbia	..	76	226	210	436	1	..	1	100	77	1	155	..	..	..
85	15	Crystal	Crystal	46	141	132	273	..	..	..	53	44	10	118	..	..	..
86	13	Geneseo	..	58	180	147	327	..	..	..	59	48	10	132	..	..	..
82	16	Highland	..	30	103	90	193	..	..	..	43	37	..	78	..	..	..
84	15	Howard	..	137	451	385	836	..	..	..	179	149	3	347	..	..	..
83	16	Indian Village	Orford, Butlerville	197	686	643	1329	1	..	1	281	205	97	499	..	..	..
86	16	Lincoln	..	7	20	18	38	..	..	..	10	..	..	16	..	..	..
84	13	Oneida	..	36	152	120	272	..	..	..	56	39	..	110	..	..	..
83	14	Otter Creek	..	114	378	368	741	..	..	..	116	87	17	325	..	..	..
85	14	Perry	Wolf Creek	77	246	205	451	..	..	..	83	66	13	179	..	..	2
82	14	Richland	Helena	125	395	377	772	..	1	1	164	129	4	302	..	..	..
82	13	Salt Creek	Chelsea, West Irving	151	482	445	927	..	..	..	182	163	16	370	..	..	..
85	16	Spring Creek	Badger Hill, Spring Creek	37	121	118	239	..	..	..	65	29	..	93	..	..	..
83	15	Toledo, exc. of village	Tama City	278	715	658	1373	1	..	1	317	240	3	503	..	8	..
In 83	15	" village of	Toledo	123	380	379	759	22	24	46	181	139	..	299	..	..	..
88	13	York	Waltham	108	371	321	692	..	..	..	107	93	41	291	..	..	..
..	..	Total	..	1891	5794	5320	11114	26	25	51	2283	1730	245	4368	..	3	2

TAYLOR COUNTY.

68	84 Benton	117	807	800	608	15	13	28	135	81	1	258	1
68	83 Clayton	57	162	170	332	1	1	2	64	46	...	132	...
69	85 Dallas	59	197	195	892	8	1	4	79	70	...	155	...
70	84 Holt	27	73	73	148	6	6	12	27	24	1	86	...
67	88 Jackson	40	153	145	298	8	4	7	58	43	...	122	...
67 68	83 Jefferson	79	287	230	467	3	4	7	85	67	...	209	...
69 70	83 Marshall	88	93	97	190	7	11	18	88	29	8	82	1
68	85 Mason	72	224	184	408	...	...	...	82	67	1	164	...
70	85 Nodaway	51	180	113	242	13	12	25	46	...	...	108	...
69 70	82 Platte	14	47	42	89	...	...	...	20	14	...	25	...
67	85 Polk	70	388	295	633	1	...	1	85	68	...	167	...
67	84 Rose	56	215	195	410	...	...	...	80	62	...	186	...
69	84 Washington	81	127	103	230	...	...	...	51	43	...	83	...
...	Gravely	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	Jenks	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	Total	706	2301	2141	4442	52	52	104	828	609	6	1859	1

UNION COUNTY.

73	29 Dodge	27	77	67	144	...	...	...	29	17	...	56	...
73 73	81 Douglas	10	25	31	56	...	...	...	14	9	...	16	...
71 pt 73	80 Highland	22	67	69	186	...	...	...	22	14	...	65	...
73	26 Jones	81	236	238	449	...	...	...	97	70	...	193	2
73 pt 73	30 Lincoln	38	124	110	294	...	...	...	45	81	...	117	...
73	28 New Hope	33	109	104	213	...	...	...	45	40	...	96	...
71	81 Platt	49	151	128	279	1	...	1	47	45	1	129	...
71	28 Pleasant	198	...	...	452	...	...	...	89	59	...	182	...
71	29 Sand Creek	23	...	...	115	...	...	...	28	19	...	46	...
73	29 Union	174	...	...	931	...	...	...	186	150	1	343	...
...	Total	656	1556	1453	3009	1	1	1	507	454	2	1235	2

VAN BUREN COUNTY.

la 69	9 Bentonport, city of.	90	246	268	514	...	1	1	109	83	2	214	1
la 70	9 Birmingham, city of.	99	269	273	541	4	4	8	126	80	...	224	1
pt 68	9 Bonaparte	173	533	573	1155	5	...	5	233	176	16	492	1

VAN BUREN COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Popu- lation.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
70	8	Cedar.....	.....	198	590	559	1149	...	...	...	237	177	3	449	...	1	1
69	11	Chequest.....	Lebanon.....	142	449	423	872	...	...	...	180	141	...	357	...	1	...
67	10	Des Moines.....	Upton.....	172	486	441	927	9	11	20	319	128	...	337	...	...	...
67	10	"	Home.....	150	393	410	803	8	12	20	159	99	9	834	3	1	2
67 pt 68	8	Farmington, excl. city	.....	115	363	349	712	1	...	1	153	81	...	251	...	...	...
In 68	8	Farmington, city of..	Farmington.....	179	437	513	950	1	...	1	243	120	1	369	...	...	...
69	8	Harrisburg .....	.....	220	625	605	1230	1	...	1	285	184	3	431	...	1	...
67	11	Jackson.....	Milton.....	99	319	327	646	27	15	42	139	81	1	241	...	...	...
68	11	"	Keosauqua.....	185	497	504	1001	8	12	20	200	127	...	441	...	...	2
In 69	10	Keosauqua, city of...	.....	187	554	474	1028	9	10	19	249	164	1	...	...	...	...
70	10	Lick Creek.....	Winchester.....	254	726	687	1413	12	10	22	276	200	2	628	...	1	...
70	9	Union, excl. of Bir- mingham.....	Kilbourne, Pittsburg.....	263	718	652	1375	2	3	4	309	243	4	559	1	...	...
69	10	Van Buren, excl. of Keosauqua.....	Vernon(68), Mt Sterling(67) Iowaville.....	157	617	571	1188	...	...	...	243	173	1	508	...	...	...
67 68	9	Vernon.....	Doud's Station.....	92	814	811	625	...	...	...	180	95	5	247	2	...	...
70	11	"	Mt. Zion.....	2780	8185	7944	16129	86	77	163	3491	2359	48	6082	9	6	6
70	11	"	Pierceville, Utica.....														
70	11	"	.....													
69	9	Washington, excl. of Bentonsport.....	.....													
69	9	Washington, do.....	.....													
.....	.....	Total.....	.....	2780	8185	7944	16129	86	77	163	3491	2359	48	6082	9	6	6

WAPELLO COUNTY.

pt 71	15 Adams.	Blakesburg, Coopersville.	237	708	639	1847	42	43	84	3938	2655	81	7520	9	14	8
pt 71																
pt 72			97	845	304	649										
pt 72		ity														
pt 72			90	290	298	598										
In 73		Agency City.														
pt 72	14,		106	822	319	641										
pt 78																
pt 78		Chillicothe.														
pt 78		wa Port Richmond (R. 14).	395	1108	1041	2147	6	5	11	459	292	13	884	1	2	2
pt 73		of														
			133	447	378	820	5	6	11	171	137	1	844			
			127	434	407	841				162	106		378			
pt 73		Competne.	101	290	285	575				119	81		287			
In 73		Dahlcnege.	236	672	672	1344	8	8	11	295	206	10	508	1	2	
		Eddyville.	198	602	547	1149				217	100	1	499	2		
		Point Isabel.	123	406	373	779				171	100		238			
			99	270	258	528	5	2	7	102	78	2	237			
pt 71		Ottumwa	556	1470	1443	2912	21	21	43	676	566	14	970			
In 73			187	531	548	1079				226	54		456	1		
pt 73		Christiansburg.	163	480	453	932				164	116	28	368	1		
pt 72		Kirkville, Comstock's Sta-	224	686	592	1328	9		2	261	189	1	480			
pt 73		Ashland.	157	674	613	1287				278	198	8	505			
		Total.	3213	9683	9163	18846	42	43	84	3938	2655	81	7520	9	14	8

WARREN COUNTY.

pt 77	23 Allen.	Carlisle, Summerset	105	847	292	639				126	96	8	224			
75	23 Belmont.	Rose Mount.	103	848	298	641				133	114		280			
77	24 Greenfield.	Fort Plain.	195	592	583	1175	5	5	10	229	190	3	499			
In 76	24 Indianola, city of.	Indianola.	193	512	511	1023	9	10	19	238	196	3	394			
75	25 Jackson		53	172	181	352				59	41		155			
76	25 Jefferson.	Linn, Oswego.	142	406	381	787			1	163	135	3	345	1		
74	23 Liberty.	Lawrenceburg, Liberty	83	315	390	605				120	84		270			
77	25 Lynn.	Norwalk.	109	329	325	654				186	83	1	275	1		
75	23 Otter.	Hammondsburg.	90	344	317	651	7	8	10	183	106		293			

WARREN COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
pt 76	22	Palmyra.	Palmyra (T. 77, R. 22).	176	558	563	1121	1	...	1121	219	167	...	491	...	...	1
pt 77	22	Richland	Hartford.	241	674	697	1371	...	...	1371	277	195	...	588	...	...	...
pt 74	24	Squaw	Sharon.	69	288	283	471	...	...	471	86	59	...	211	1	2	...
pt 76	22	Union	Sandyville	129	455	425	880	...	...	880	168	126	...	402	...	1	...
pt 74	25	Virginia	New Virginia.	41	107	113	220	1	...	220	46	34	...	83	...	1	...
pt 76	24pt23	Washington, excl. of Indianola	...	220	708	623	1331	2	1	1331	263	208	...	568	1	1	2
pt 74	22	White Breast	Lacona.	137	372	390	762	...	...	762	149	112	...	278	2	...	...
pt 75	24	White Oak	...	63	212	221	483	...	...	483	90	81	...	170	...	...	...
...	...	Total.	...	2154	6674	6443	13117	25	20	13117	2634	2031	13	5525	6	6	3

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

pt 74	8	Brighton	Brighton.	218	555	545	1100	4	5	1100	246	194	...	446	1	1	...
pt 76	8	Cedar	Cedarville	155	452	394	846	...	...	846	177	132	...	355	...	...	...
pt 74	9	Clay	Clay	127	434	380	814	...	...	814	169	138	...	345	...	...	...
pt 74	6	Crawford	Crawfordville	216	645	566	1211	...	...	1211	278	189	...	478	1	...	1
pt 75	9	Dutch Creek	Dutch Creek.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 75	9	"	Valley	212	655	585	1240	...	...	1240	262	160	...	515	...	...	1
pt 74	9	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 77	8 pt 7	English River	Richmond (R. 7)	250	748	710	1458	6	8	1458	266	188	...	629	1	7	...
pt 74	8	Franklin	...	123	375	362	737	7	2	737	168	110	...	296	...	...	...
pt 76	6	Highland	Dairy	85	259	224	483	...	...	483	99	68	...	192	...	...	...

CENSUS RETURNS.

77	6	Iowa	Yatton (R. 6)	180	566	530	1096	...	...	209	127	28	409	1	2	1
77	6	"	Davis Creek (R. 6)	149	459	452	911	3	...	177	140	12	392	...	4	...
77	7	"	Jackson	240	706	675	1381	2	...	287	234	20	543	4	1	...
76	7	Lime Creek	Wassonville (R. 9)	167	526	476	1003	...	...	186	150	60	413	...	...	...
74	8	Marion	Ainsworth	194	561	566	1127	...	...	246	199	5	404	1	...	...
75	6	Oregon	...	77	256	245	501	1	...	106	69	...	199	1	...	...
76	9	Seventy-Six	...	210	630	588	1218	3	...	805	216	9	638	...	...	...
pt 74	7	Washington	exc. city	402	1207	1253	2460	26	28	54	315	8	780	...	2	...
75	7	"	city of	3005	9034	8551	17585	52	38	90	2579	185	7034	10	17	3
pt 75	8	Washington	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
In 75	7	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

WAYNE COUNTY.

69	23	Benton	Lewisburgh	115	334	319	653	...	...	129	100	2	270	...	...	#1
69	23	Clay	Corydon	42	145	186	281	...	...	52	41	...	121	...	...	...
67	22	Clinton	Grand River, Clio	83	241	237	478	...	...	92	70	...	203	1	2	2
69	21	Corydon	Warsaw	174	381	334	665	2	...	146	113	...	313	...	...	...
67	23	Grand River	...	70	273	277	550	...	...	95	61	...	219	...	...	...
67	21	Howard	...	69	214	195	409	...	...	85	70	...	166	1	1	2
68	21	Jackson	...	30	90	76	166	...	...	35	28	...	69	...	...	...
68	23	Jefferson	...	78	243	228	471	...	...	92	56	...	203	...	1	...
67	20	Monroe	Genoa	74	228	263	491	...	...	75	53	...	237	1	...	1
70	23	Richman	Selma, Lucerne	40	140	112	252	...	...	57	34	...	112	...	...	1
69	20	South Fork	Promise City	91	300	295	595	...	...	118	91	...	252	1	1	...
70	21	Union	Bethlehem, New York	128	390	326	716	1	...	148	112	...	295	...	...	...
68	20	Walnut	Kniffin	75	217	232	449	...	...	89	56	...	207	...	...	...
68	22	Warren	Cambria	36	120	91	211	...	...	35	25	...	109	...	...	...
70	22	Washington	Confidence	99	286	292	578	...	...	113	85	...	256	...	...	...
70	20	Wright	...	113	356	333	689	...	...	142	114	...	413	...	...	...
...	...	Total	...	1317	9908	3746	7654	3	...	3	1503	1109	4	3445	4	5#7

* 1 Idlot.

WEBSTER COUNTY.

90	27	Badger	...	23	77	74	151	36	21	...	57
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WEBSTER COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
86	28p127	Dayton	West Dayton (R. 28)	112	336	306	642	...	...	...	113	89	19	239	...	...	...
90	29	Deer Creek	...	23	73	64	137	...	...	...	34	23	...	51	...	...	...
89	29	Douglas	...	45	123	123	246	...	...	...	63	46	...	93	...	...	...
88	30	"	...	54	193	146	339	...	...	...	43	57	48	126	...	...	2
86	29e127	Hardin	...	40	123	101	224	...	...	...	43	28	1	94	...	...	...
90	30	Jackson	...	35	123	109	231	...	...	...	46	35	2	96	...	1	...
89 w1	30	Johnson	...	56	143	166	309	...	...	...	71	52	4	80	...	...	...
88	29p128	Otho	Otho (R. 28)	65	135	120	255	...	...	...	72	59	...	130	...	...	...
87	28 29	Sumner	Hesperian	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
89	27	Wahkonsa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
89	28	"	Fort Dodge	384	921	893	1814	5	1	6	406	...	14	605	...	...	...
pt 88	28	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
88	27p128	Washington	Border Plains (R. 27)	68	250	204	454	...	...	...	108	60	...	199	1	1	1
87	30ep27	Webster	...	69	210	207	417	...	...	...	80	52	3	171	...	...	...
86	30	Yell	...	65	206	200	406	...	...	...	94	60	1	70	...	...	...
pt 87	27	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	Total	...	1039	2912	2713	5625	5	1	6	1209	581	92	2011	1	2	3

CENSUS RETURNS.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

98	23	Center	...	65	210	190	400	...	...	...	64	47	27	167	1	...	...
pt 98, 99	24	"	Benson Grove (T. 99, S. 36)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
pt 99	23 25 26	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
98	25'6 p124	Forest	Forest City (R. 24, S. 85)	24	73	63	134	...	...	...	26	10	...	54	...	...	...

pt 100	23, 24, 25, 26	Norway	14	52	58	105	17	8	41	...
pt 99, 100	23, 24, 25, 26	Pleasant	25	79	67	146	29	23	49	...
		Total	128	413	372	785	136	97	811	1

WINNESHIEK COUNTY.

96	7	Bloomfield	179	549	534	1083	235	152	7	431	...
99	9	Bluffton	91	314	250	564	104	61	49	341	...
100	9	Burr Oak	129	457	385	842	176	116	23	359	1
97	9	Calmer	269	791	589	1380	243	192	46	439	1
97	9	"					6				...
97	9	"									...
99	8	Canoe	146	432	380	812	164	189	26	309	2
98	8	Decorah, exc. of city	222	759	618	1377	247	169	42	485	...
98	8	Decorah, city of	245	850	805	1655	371	265	37	522	1
97	7	Frankville	166	533	494	1047	207	169	12	370	...
100	10	Fremont	101	290	282	572	120	79	5	209	1
98	7	Glenwood	186	557	529	1086	151	97	69	401	...
100	8	Hesper	166	503	506	1009	162	144	26	381	4
100	12	Highland	119	429	413	842	100	66	103	316	2
96	10	Jackson	72	198	204	400	68	50	15	152	1
98	10	Lincoln	84	296	293	589	64	38	30	250	...
98	9	Madison	99	413	320	733	90	87	55	301	1
96	8	Military	208	626	574	1200	198	153	76	438	2
99	10	Orleans	104	268	261	529	122	90	...	185	...
99	7	Pleasant	139	507	435	942	165	81	209	304	...
97	8	Springfield	173	520	479	999	146	95	102	440	2
97	10	Sumner	394	351	308	659	99	84	82	236	...
96	9	Washington									...
96	9	"	146	512	441	953	1	96	46	336	...
96	9	"									...
		Total	3438	10173	9100	19273	293413	2423	1060	7205	9

WOODBURY COUNTY.

89	42	Correctionville	27	91	90	181	36	24	51	...
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WOODBURY COUNTY—CONTINUED.

No. of Township.	Range.	Names of Townships, Towns, and Cities.	Names of Post-Offices.	No. of Dwelling Houses	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.
86	46	Lakeport.	Hamlin *	87	252	218	470	1	1	2	117	53	1	166	1	1	1
86	44	Little Sioux.	Smithland, Oto.	8	31	17	48	1	1	2	17	10	1	18	1	1	1
89	47	Sioux City tp., ex. city		187	549	481	1030	1	1	2	274	225	6	323	1	1	1
In 89	47	Sioux City, city of...	Sioux City.	37	134	106	240	1	1	2	66	39	25	85	1	1	1
88	48	Woodbury.	Woodbury.	346	1057	912	1969	1	1	2	510	351	32	643	1	1	1
		Total..															

* Reported by Postmaster at Sioux City—probably new township. created since census was taken.

WORTH COUNTY.

pt 99	21	22	Bristol.	50	143	126	269	1	1	2	44	26	1	105	1	1	1
pt 98	20	21	Brookfield.	18	58	54	112	1	1	2	16	12	6	54	1	1	1
98	22	Fertile.		8	18	27	45	1	1	2	8	5	1	18	1	1	1
pt 98	21	"						1	1	2					1	1	1
pt 99	22	"						1	1	2						1	1
100 pt 99	21	Hartland.	Hartland (T. 100).	76	234	212	446	1	1	2	52	21	17	156	1	1	1
pt 99	19	20	Northwood.	62	191	176	367	1	1	2	72	62	13	122	1	1	1
100	19	"						1	1	2						1	1
100	20	"						1	1	2						1	1
100	22	Silver Lake.	Northwood.	39	97	93	190	1	1	2	24	22	12	67	1	1	1
98	19	Union.						1	1	2						1	1
pt 98	20	"		16	58	61	114	1	1	2	17	12	13	50	1	1	1
pt 99	19	20	"					1	1	2						1	1
			Total.	269	794	749	1548	1	1	2	233	170	86	572	1	1	1

WRIGHT COUNTY.

93 pt 92	24	Belmond	Belmond (T. 98)	31	99	91	190	2	...	2	42	31	2	62	...	...
98	25	26	Bonne	22	48	46	94	...	1	...	22	16	...	41	...	...
91	25	26	Eagle Grove	21	62	42	104	...	...	...	23	22	18	38	...	...
pt 91	23	24	Iowa	28	98	75	173	...	...	...	42	23	2	69	...	...
pt 92	23	"	"													
pt 93	24	"	"													
92	25	26	Liberty	35	102	90	192	...	...	...	40	26	4	79	...	...
93 pt 92	23	Pleasant	42	120	106	226	...	...	...	...	41	21	9	93	1	...
90	25	26	Troy	29	98	90	188	...	...	...	37	24	4	80	...	...
90 pt 91	23	Vernon	8	40	50	90	...	...	...	...	14	10	...	38	...	...
90 pt 91	24	Wall Lake	15	41	31	72	...	...	...	...	19	12	...	19	...	...
...	...	Total	231	708	621	1329	2	1	3	280	185	39	519	1	...	...

CENSUS RETURNS.

TABLE I.

SHOWING THE POPULATION FOR 1867 BY COUNTIES, ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED, GIVING THE VARIOUS CLASSIFICATIONS THEREOF.

COUNTIES.	No. of Dwelling Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.	No. Students attending College.
Adair.....	262	839	755	1594	...	...	...	339	264	14	638	...	...	...	1
Adams.....	390	1215	1093	2308	2	7	9	483	369	9	979	...	...	...	1
Allamakee.....	2762	8268	7709	15977	15	11	26	8091	1998	493	6083	9	8	8	5
Appanoose.....	2072	6703	6321	13024	22	18	40	2592	1891	12	5649	8	16	5	...
Audubon.....	139	400	390	790	...	...	...	177	127	...	288	...	...	...	...
Benton.....	2464	7750	7015	14765	4	3	7	3064	2282	191	5774	*45	1	3	13
Black Hawk.....	2742	8220	7804	16024	9	3	12	3350	2276	266	5991	3	...	2	53
Boone.....	1482	5169	4889	9858	3	...	3	2118	1655	183	3634	8	11	...	2
Brener.....	1586	4927	4400	9327	5	5	10	1947	1330	129	3405	1	1	2	42
Buchanan.....	2090	6309	5915	12224	6	1	7	2589	1734	114	4174	1	2	1	6
Buena Vista.....	29	87	64	151	...	...	...	38	28	6	49	...	8	1	...
Butler.....	1144	3364	3175	6539	1	2	3	1448	989	53	2783	2	...	1	12
Calhoun.....	114	298	248	546	...	...	...	135	99	13	192	1	2	...	...
Carroll.....	132	350	338	688	...	...	...	138	112	...	307	...	...	...	...
Cass.....	388	1299	1178	12477	2	...	2	519	431	19	1025	8	...	1	...
Cedar.....	2747	8299	7736	6035	24	17	41	3415	2302	269	2072	20	...	14	44
Cerro Gordo.....	326	1000	988	1988	...	...	...	444	292	8	782	2	7	1	...
Cherokee.....	40	113	96	209	...	...	...	53	24	...	82	...	...	...	...
Chickasaw.....	1048	3283	2983	6216	4	...	...	127	770	97	2420	...	...	...	2
Clarke.....	1025	3121	3087	6208	19	17	36	1266	918	8	2753	2	2	4	8

CENSUS RETURNS.

Clay.....	58	204	165	369	.....	.....	.....	98	66	.....	128	.....	1	.....	8
Clayton.....	3918	11841	11023	22864	10	5	15	4773	3091	456	8898	12	7	10	86
Clinton.....	4810	14266	12899	27165	48	26	69	5426	8260	1652	9975	5	3	1	18
Crawford.....	168	576	493	1068	1	1	3	237	178	26	896	.....	.....	1	.....
Dallas.....	1156	3915	8605	7520	10	8	18	1296	996	16	3062	4	5	1	3
Davis.....	2301	6861	6626	18467	17	13	30	2736	2010	19	5748	8	6	12	126
Decatur.....	1400	4253	4214	8467	17	17	34	1660	1180	6	3662	4	6	5	23
Delaware.....	2670	7432	7014	14446	15	2	17	3029	2170	246	5562	8	4	2	46
Des Moines	4018	11968	11283	23251	113	80	198	4651	3190	378	8238	14	4	3	39
Dickinson.....	97	274	285	509	.....	.....	.....	124	81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dubuque.....	6130	20235	18526	38761	47	52	99	6870	4618	781	12456	8	8	20	226
Emmett.....	114	404	803	707	1	.....	1	162	120	.....	239	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fayette.....	2492	7692	7277	14969	13	10	23	8094	2025	231	5906	11	2	6	173
Floyd.....	1189	3465	3260	6725	5	1	6	1525	1081	58	2459	.....	3	2	2
Franklin.....	407	1211	1108	2319	2	.....	2	497	396	.....	942	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fremont.....	1149	3631	3364	6995	11	7	18	1446	1012	68	2804	5	12	1	163
Greene.....	424	1228	1124	2352	1	.....	1	502	373	8	905	.....	2	1	.....
Grundy.....	367	1100	1019	2119	.....	.....	.....	421	800	42	754	.....	1	.....	.....
Guthrie.....	654	2018	1885	3903	1	2	3	878	650	11	1537	3	.....	.....	.....
Hamilton.....	546	1626	1525	3151	2	1	3	684	480	59	1256	3	1	.....	1
Hancock.....	63	186	171	357	.....	.....	.....	84	59	.....	145	1	1	.....	.....
Hardin.....	1721	4837	4494	9331	7	7	14	2082	1508	92	3477	3	2	3	3
Harrison.....	1009	2893	2470	85865	1	.....	1	1363	1024	48	2715	8	.....	.....	5
Henry	3374	10026	9683	19709	223	178	401	4230	3063	97	7765	7	18	339	716
Howard.....	776	2351	2046	4397	4	.....	4	1010	701	54	1616	4	3	3	.....
Humboldt.....	237	722	585	1307	.....	.....	.....	301	234	13	453	.....	1	.....	.....
Ida.....	18	51	39	90	.....	.....	.....	25	19	.....	32	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iowa.....	2090	6399	5982	12381	4	5	9	2654	1853	200	4618	4	8	10	15
Jackson.....	3575	10245	9711	19956	11	3	14	4070	2505	968	7826	8	8	4	16

* Inclusive of inmates of State Asylum for the Blind.

§ There are 472 persons returned from this county, sex not given.

† Inclusive of 300 children at the State Orphans' Home.

‡ Includes inmates of Iowa Insane Hospital.

† Partly estimated.

CENSUS RETURNS.

TABLE I.—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	No. of Dwelling-Houses.	No. of White Males.	No. of White Females.	Total White Population.	No. of Colored Males.	No. of Colored Females.	Total Colored Population.	No. entitled to Vote.	No. of Militia.	No. of Foreigners not Naturalized.	No. between the ages of 5 and 21 years.	No. of Blind.	No. of Deaf and Dumb.	No. of Insane.	No. of Students attending College.
Jasper.....	2689	8508	7672	16180	88	26	59	9480	2479	94	6227	6	6	9	33
Jefferson.....	2811	8287	8088	16375	22	23	45	3348	2849	121	7030	7	...	8	78
Johnson.....	3684	11028	10534	21562	36	43	79	3965	2673	258	7617	4	8	7	112
Jones.....	2792	8380	7820	16200	18	10	28	3446	2311	195	6246	5	11	15	18
Keokuk.....	2611	7837	7588	15425	4	...	4	8120	2	58	6501	7	14	13	10
Kossuth.....	259	862	740	1572	1	...	1	380	275	...	625	...	...	...	...
Lee.....	5388	15239	14813	30052	681	684	1365	6275	4884	308	11459	10	8	11	100
Linn.....	4148	12548	11952	24500	32	17	49	5118	3469	288	9546	10	4	5	534
Louisa.....	2275	6125	5715	11840	28	17	45	2568	1935	73	4625	9	1	4	20
Lucas.....	1213	4009	3715	7724	14	8	22	1500	1155	4	3092	2	1	1	...
Lyon (not organized).....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madison.....	1562	5052	4705	9757	5	2	7	2025	1531	22	3832	3	6	...	4
Mahaska.....	3128	9434	9147	18581	61	51	112	3851	2840	97	7426	9	3	2	89
Marion.....	3556	10814	9858	20172	6	3	9	4014	2991	187	8246	14	6	10	189
Marshall.....	2102	6038	5410	11448	34	31	65	2512	1422	208	4454	3	2	4	173
Mills.....	1249	3669	3304	6973	11	10	21	1428	1140	57	2463	4	5	...	3
Mitchell.....	1025	3193	2950	6148	9	...	2	1354	865	61	2260	1	4	1	2
Monona.....	281	881	756	1637	10	13	27	368	169	5	632	1	1	...	...
Monroe.....	1785	5154	5002	10156	81	21	52	1998	1845	40	4190	4	12	...	1
Montgomery.....	844	1098	974	2072	...	...	...	443	867	2	714	2	1	...	23
Muscatine.....	6475	10485	10047	20532	87	80	167	4245	8134	899	6980	3	9	4	95

CENSUS RETURNS.

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	7	12	8	20	10	11	10	9	9	368	412	368	644	3951
O'Brien														
Osceola (not organized) ..														
Page	956	8050	2826	5876	870	1201	870	2619	8				4	
Palo Alto	71	230	188	413	78	98	78	149						
Plymouth		114	100	214	26	53	26	67						
Pocahontas	87	239	214	453	69	97	69	161						
Polk	8436	11579	10788	22367	8286	4880	8286	7458	11	7	15		46	
Pottawattamie	1571	4728	3977	8700	1233	1953	1233	3090	1	4	2		2	
Poweshiek	1653	5191	4653	9844	1604	2027	1604	3980	4	9	5		144	
Ringgold	610	1979	1902	3881	559	735	559	1652	3	4	1			
Sac	103	297	298	595	79	139	79	228						
Scott	5638	17788	16373	34064	4428	6078	4428	11904	15	5	15		154	
Shelby	204	655	558	1213	179	241	179	509						
Sioux	4	11	7	18	7	8	7	9						
Story	1111	3487	3396	6883	971	1302	971	2753	2	6	2		2	
Tama	1891	5794	5320	11114	1730	2233	1730	4368		3	2		28	
Taylor	706	2301	2141	4442	609	828	609	1859			1			
Union	655	1556	1453	3009	454	597	454	1235						
Van Buren	2780	8185	7944	16129	2359	3491	2359	6082	9	6			118	
Wapello	3213	9683	9163	18846	2655	3938	2655	7520	9	14	8		5	
Warren	2154	6674	6443	13117	2031	2634	2031	5525	6	6	3		7	
Washington	3005	9034	8551	17585	2579	3692	2579	7034	10	17	8		88	
Wayne	1317	3908	3746	7654	1109	1503	1109	3445	4	5	7		2	
Webster	1039	2912	2713	5625	581	1209	581	2011	1	2	3			
Winnebago	128	413	372	785	97	136	97	311	1					
Winneshek	3438	10173	9100	19273	2423	3413	2423	7205	9	7	9		88	
Woodbury	346	1057	912	1969	351	510	351	643					3	
Worth	269	794	749	1543	170	233	170	572						
Wright	281	708	621	1329	185	280	185	519	1				1	
Total	155,758	463,537	433,316	1,897,325	125,646	181,749	125,646	339,618	412	368	644	3951		

* 4 colored persons, sex not reported.

+ 473 sex not reported.

TABLE II.

SHOWING THE EXTENT OF RAILROAD FINISHED, THE NUMBER OF COLLEGES, &C., THE AMOUNT OF LANDS INCLOSED AND OF HEDGING, AND THE VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &C., IN THE STATE; AS WELL AS THE VALUE OF MANUFACTURES, AND THE AMOUNT OF COAL AND THE VALUE OF OTHER MINERALS RAISED, DURING THE YEAR 1866, IN IOWA; BY COUNTIES, ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED.

COUNTIES.	No. miles railroad finished.		No. colleges, academies, and universities.		Value of manufactures.		No. bushels coal raised, 80 lbs. per bushel.		Value minerals raised, not including coal.		Value agricultural implements, machinery, and wagons.		No. rods hedging.		No. acres land inclosed.	
Adair.....	\$ 2169	.....	.....	.....	\$ .....	.....	\$ 22307	.....	344	.....	6134	.....
Adams.....	16645	.....	1755	.....	.....	.....	27330	.....	998	.....	12388	.....
Allamakee.....	5	.....	.....	11772	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	162797	.....	234	.....	117620	.....
Appanoose.....	103957	.....	109988	.....	.....	.....	154395	.....	8375	.....	95920	.....
Audubon.....	5972	.....	480	.....	3429	.....
Benton.....	25	.....	.....	26216	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	154814	.....	9251	.....	118226	.....
Black Hawk.....	34½	1	.....	588873	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	151047	.....	2258	.....	98693	.....
Boone.....	27½	.....	.....	15788	.....	3670	.....	30	.....	81074	.....	2064	.....	34147½	.....
Bremer.....	6½	1	.....	17429	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	116477	.....	3840	.....	70964	.....
Buchanan.....	24½	.....	.....	44782	.....	.....	.....	90	.....	130899	.....	5788	.....	96629	.....
Buena Vista.....	344	.....
Butler.....	25	.....	.....	8700	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	106812	.....	5429	.....	57167	.....
Calhoun.....	8998	.....	40	.....	1619	.....
Carroll.....	5634	.....	105	.....	2871	.....
Cass.....	2060	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	39614	.....	1808	.....	18309	.....
Cedar.....	1	18718	244904	19601	177749
Cerro Gordo.....	19988	615	18337

CENSUS RETURNS.

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Cherokee.....									2027							208
Chickasaw									77455							47399
Clarke....									81543							45634
Clay.....									2870							751
Clayton									293877							172416
Clinton									370899							228890
Crawford									10403							5347
Dallas									99980							489264
Davis									179013							117096
Decatur									89858							58141
Delaware									170406							156644
Des Moines									538150							126321
Dickinson									915							1435
Dubuque									444391							169433
Emmett									5415							1423
Fayette									180972							128431
Floyd									103944							45460
Franklin									39196							12520
Fremont.....									70551							42376
Greene									22623							10548
Grundy.....									37785							20806
Guthrie.....									61899							24115
Hamilton									81363							15781
Hancock.....									4819							1919
Hardin									130456							64476
Harrison.....									77133							24811
Henry									257378							132534
Howard.....									57207							35821
Humboldt									10576							4842
Ida.....									1940							115
Iowa									165784							97789

CENSUS RETURNS.

TABLE II.—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	No. miles railroad finished.	No. colleges, academies, and universities.	Value of manufactures.	No. bushels coal raised, 80 lbs. per bushel.	Value minerals raised, not including coal.	Value agricultural implements, machinery, and wagons.	No. rods bedding.	No. acres land inclosed.
Jackson	51	...	\$ 134980	...	...	\$ 236909	3469	168152
Jasper	254	1	41903	89215	...	210053	4585	107596
Jefferson	27	2	218501	358675	15700	229955	18898	121471
Johnson	194	1	242737	70	177	224126	9835	160821
Jones .....	...	...	27265	...	15	225991	6339	158527
Keokuk .....	...	...	77483	59000	...	205747	12411	124119
Kossuth .....	...	...	...	...	...	10570	63	4007
Lee	55	3	1337831	5040	200	215256	70952	164223
Linn ..	49	2	855522	...	...	241517	12414	175220
Louisa	19	2	31225	...	...	163145	13629	108619
Lucas	12	...	82577	23155	...	73529	12628	45128
Lyon (not organized) ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madison .....	...	...	49680	1854	...	127907	10385	64383
Mahaska	20	1	119149	638381	...	229841	9178	184282
Marion	16	1	102680	181206	4177	178775	4236	120276
Marshall	26	3	11416	...	...	159529	8808	79230
Mills	18	...	35852	...	...	87539	4123	35950
Mitchell .....	...	1	39881	...	...	97693	3646	38947
Monona .....	...	...	18000	...	...	21085	35	6937
Monroe	27	...	74600	38684	8834	110043	6480	70218

CENSUS RETURNS.

Montgomery.....	451	4	5204 384164	49462	.....	20747 200425	.....	9363 150718
Muscatine.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
O'Brien.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1600	.....	123
Osceola (not organized).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Page .....	.....	.....	24768	10500	100	99392	5885	84191
Palo Alto.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	951
Plymouth.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2890	.....	1695
Pocahontas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5105	.....	1424
Polk.....	83	4	601733	382769	.....	773380	400	78802
Pottawattamie.....	25	.....	95967	.....	.....	82183	1083	22580
Poweshiek.....	251	1	19221	100	21	116426	3420	69417
Ringgold .....	.....	.....	23815	.....	.....	33773	5620	23130
Sac.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5430	260	2592
Scott.....	131	3	1126614	99200	145	328384	39681	193591
Shelby.....	.....	.....	1293	.....	.....	16855	730	4616
Sioux.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175	.....	40
Story.....	241	1	17417	.....	.....	77555	17909	42373
Tama.....	251	.....	61339	.....	4	139972	4529	77354
Taylor.....	.....	.....	10181	2700	65	41683	4163	26941
Union.....	.....	.....	8317	.....	.....	37346	3043	18271
Van Buren.....	30	1	263236	71170	27312	196280	32340	123684
Wapello.....	561	1	320675	164381	80	162399	18928	113821
Warren.....	.....	1	43042	93840	.....	168117	9633	83076
Washington.....	11	2	102387	4000	.....	246405	26167	155347
Wayne. . . . .	.....	.....	49286	18800	.....	79485	3297	57874
Webster.....	.....	.....	24307	39593	.....	71000	4765	27117
Winnebago .....	.....	.....	3425	.....	.....	5271	.....	1429
Winneshiek.....	30	1	146162	.....	.....	284773	991	179265
Woodbury.....	.....	.....	1250	.....	.....	22416	.....	3413
Worth.....	.....	.....	2337	.....	.....	21260	752	7593
Wright....	.....	.....	466	.....	.....	19580	509	6932
Total.....	11521	61	15957599	2483010	320820	11862402	663063	8263174

TABLE III.

EXHIBITING THE STATISTICS, BY COUNTIES, OF THE GRAIN CROPS OF THE STATE OF IOWA FOR THE YEAR 1886.

COUNTIES.	No. acres spring wheat.	No. bushels harvested.	No. acres winter wheat.	No. bushels harvested.	No. acres oats.	No. bushels harvested.	No. acres corn.	No. bushels harvested.	No. acres rye.	No. bushels harvested.	No. acres barley.	No. bushels harvested.
Adair.....	1073	16335	15	225	324	10490	3999	97132	3	25	.....	.....
Adams.....	1473	20477	9	134	535	14715	6264	110558	61	654	4	15
Allamakee.....	30817	423232	896	11775	8424	228405	21731	529653	174	2435	266	6193
Appanoose.....	1752	18393	2191	26486	9117	296042	41467	815281	470	5790	15	349
Audubon.....	699	11344	.....	.....	333	6107	1773	22868	.....	.....	4	11
Benton.....	294174	458309	33	384	8936	326757	81060	901480	140	1796	702	18355
Black Hawk.....	31892	500081	7	70	7639	318833	19468	484949	447	6712	271	6183
Boone.....	4301	55406	23	274	2181	72521	16884	468556	494	977	164	460
Bremer.....	17611	239772	5	90	6993	212187	122964	300662	1644	2460	191	5177
Buchanan.....	25312	351264	21	130	9073	246545	20096	426611	1004	1546	329	7027
Buena Vista.....	21	378	.....	.....	20	460	142	3430	.....	.....	.....	.....
Butler.....	15584	216590	214	315	4435	130390	12165	274037	126	1763	67	1888
Calhoun.....	308	6191	.....	.....	178	7172	654	19310	.....	.....	1	40
Carroll.....	497	8663	.....	.....	77	2771	1007	30123	.....	.....	4	100
Cass.....	3134	54307	1	26	973	33961	9103	186070	.....	.....	39	768
Cedar.....	30798	421655	1614	12490	15147	487830	50295	1539540	1143	18192	3576	85709
Cerro Gordo.....	2139	26011	.....	.....	1974	57786	2635	55669	.....	4	74	1261
Cherokee.....	10	150	.....	.....	8	240	300	8511	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chickasaw.....	8898	117087	.....	.....	4246	112484	7046	126488	16	321	123	2426
Clarke.....	2048	27576	116	1305	4497	129263	22819	451166	120	1528	.....	.....

CENSUS RETURNS.

Clay.....	93	1680	.....	77	2071	205	2675	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clayton.....	51208	780517	.....	15868	423387	82440	921185	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clinton.....	55291	795742	937	19773	628357	52594	1408983	390	6122	857	22456	.....
Crawford.....	808	17943	.....	360	12864	1823	47315	392	6535	4220	108179	.....
10 Dallas.....	8469	117551	55	3442	118700	255371	856234	4	110	†	15	.....
Davis.....	2490	18106	4276	11439	811599	44171	800143	100	1364	361	911	.....
Decatur.....	1030	11266	630	3668	104382	25069	299820	1018	11370	†	18	.....
Delaware.....	28831	418864	15	14095	444275	29312	661934	282	3686	28	271	.....
Des Moines.....	10916	116760	4789	8349	249752	47028	1547549	229	3784	1162	29103	.....
Dickinson.....	92	1456	.....	42	1345	248	3685	1144	14554	720	15534	.....
Dubuque.....	25244	364567	466	20853	661993	42394	1224272	.....	.....	2	60	.....
Emmett.....	200	3309	.....	1	20	442	10585	818	15229	1350	84315	.....
Fayette.....	24403	827850	56	12322	339093	23676	575156	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Floyd.....	11612	140696	10	4568	120534	8535	192599	22	210	508	10899	.....
Franklin.....	4865	60583	.....	1691	45448	4294	100199	21	295	85	1478	.....
Fremont.....	4637	85366	27	1998	64970	52162	749597	.....	.....	84	250	.....
Greene.....	1837	29281	.....	684	25353	6180	169074	45	830	200	8469	.....
Grundy.....	7110	106880	.....	2375	88287	4975	128554	13	105	6	90	.....
Guthrie.....	4738	73653	121	1428	55528	12711	439134	32	328	74	1621	.....
Hamilton.....	2853	81047	13	1399	47288	4996	115726	87	444	†	20	.....
Hancock.....	416	4349	.....	328	11949	595	10655	2	24	27	620	.....
Hardin.....	13791	209566	.....	4615	174568	18482	509022	.....	.....	7	265	.....
Harrison.....	6218	126868	19	1888	77291	11918	844676	52	622	100	1942	.....
Henry.....	10940	102980	4258	8478	263768	45029	1622322	82	575	756	2558	.....
Howard.....	10348	108447	.....	5879	111153	4664	81741	1987	20946	261	4920	.....
Humboldt.....	654	12159	.....	419	15758	1063	83790	15	195	323	5785	.....
Ida.....	45	930	.....	74	3230	95	1585	.....	.....	9	253	.....
Iowa.....	19697	292512	237	6392	228610	28438	950207	.....	.....	4	130	.....
Jackson.....	19596	273735	2067	22352	678297	45645	1324190	345	5616	630	17744	.....
Jasper.....	18912	353515	67	6978	252296	48908	1956396	1819	19302	669	15231	.....
Jefferson.....	5251	49593	7079	10199	298346	47849	1680553	111	1719	85	2695
								2430	81159	76	1415

CENSUS RETURNS.

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Page	5355	56486	88	1818	2449	70969	18367	829959	42	530	23	294
Palo Alto.....	155	9203	77	2131	577	7755
Plymouth.....	458	10141	.....	.....	120	4109	270	7555	.....	.....	24	739
Pocahontas.....	245	3846	.....	.....	75	2121	483	9750	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polk.....	9184	186518	177	2414	5164	198804	39405	1481567	196	2886	833	7161
Pottawattamie	4168	67779	.....	.....	1100	35833	8930	232757	15	478	99	2274
Poweshiek	16167	247787	25	815	3994	140530	25721	931720	120	2089	205	3946
Ringgold.....	775	8672	51	406	1930	52093	13653	157800	52	548	5	90
Sac.....	373	8485	.....	.....	302	10151	865	18645	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scott.....	48717	718619	147	1480	13993	407688	43693	1436464	310	5105	20299	555573
Shelby.....	1150	20914	.....	.....	313	10227	2459	54006	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sioux.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	40	10	200	.....	.....	.....	.....
Story.....	5555	71520	1	15	3006	104312	15200	410760	39	478	10	168
Tama.....	22802	423015	5	43	4310	158351	21864	705072	57	952	116	8362
Taylor.....	2820	34036	83	166	2043	55512	14104	234129	32	484	.....	.....
Union.....	1240	14098	104	1151	1553	46361	8019	136290	150	1995	14	15
Van Buren	6224	50069	7734	69052	8469	248627	36864	999460	1860	22599	44	759
Wapello.....	5595	56461	4912	58726	7740	210203	47060	1289370	1256	16995	127	655
Warren.....	8618	129381	648	8763	6483	214564	41311	1417940	549	6898	138	1013
Washington.....	17216	202869	4676	39410	11076	388726	52115	1807035	1586	21622	80	2035
Wayne.....	1275	8401	529	5756	4950	155350	25707	432793	219	2846	4	10
Webster.....	3439	58887	.....	.....	1603	51112	12821	201707	6	49	8	192
Winnebago.....	318	4595	.....	.....	197	5713	270	6370	.....	.....	33	307
Winneshiek.....	55159	792507	2	30	14580	417594	20732	489955	61	989	1256	29195
Woodbury.....	625	15985	6	150	243	10342	1676	40370	.....	8	248	380
Worth.....	1250	17139	.....	.....	693	21392	1144	23162	.....	.....	5	74
Wright.....	1523	21203	.....	.....	676	22619	1943	48697	5	20	9	155
Total.....	983906	13912368	73425	723152	504362	15861494	1992326	56923938	35604	492841	48013	1197729

• Estimated.

TABLE IV.

EXHIBITING THE STATISTICS, BY COUNTIES, OF THE SORGHUM AND GRASS CROPS OF THE STATE OF IOWA FOR THE YEAR 1906.

COUNTIES.	No. acres sorghum.	No. gallons syrup from sorghum.	No. pounds sugar from sorghum.	No. acres Hungarian grass.	No. tons hay from Hun- garian grass.	No. acres tame grasses.	No. tons hay from tame grasses.	No. tons hay from wild grass.	No. bushels grass-seed.
Adair.....	73	5614	.....	5	11	109	168	3765	35
Adams.....	110	6961	.....	161	296	203	320	4291	59
Allamakee.....	185	11915	206	282	480	8787	9568	5689	233
Appanoose.....	471	34403	207	5019	2223	8478	11203	2154	3193
Audubon.....	24	1981	.....	44	104	81	10	3104	22
Benton.....	394	31070	.....	23	72	4590	6013	18124	1550
Black Hawk.....	394	24563	.....	269	444	2840	2801	17466	197
Boone.....	255	19731	30	198	497	653	1054	11695	69
Bremer.....	338	21100	402	431	914	1866	2126	13836	306
Buchanan.....	381	30402	400	48	97	4223	5190	15498	622
Buena Vista.....	24	117	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	782	.....
Butler.....	224	14205	23	321	856	718	854	12608	238
Calhoun.....	16	1382	.....	6	11	4	8	1775	.....
Carroll.....	27	2737	.....	.....	.....	6	10	1652	.....
Cass.....	102	8692	15	170	428	67	104	6918	34
Cedar.....	473	45550	60	166	355	23137	19391	10110	7292
Cerro Gordo.....	55	3034	.....	137	343	91	126	6778	.....
Cherokee.....	13	682	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1113	.....
Chickasaw.....	156	10034	*6780	70	161	1816	1913	15744	1700
Clarke.....	301	18812	15	1688	2177	1951	2248	4798	297

CENSUS RETURNS.

Clay.....	16	816	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1648	.....
Clayton.....	298	82598	60	189	266	12159	12846	11432	1525	.....
Clinton.....	398	43466	20	809	1723	17729	17791	17867	2200	.....
Crawford.....	24	1423	.....	48	125	18	5	3878	.....	.....
Dallas.....	769	33403	200	369	926	618	772	10158	23	.....
Davis.....	563	37603	197	4777	5889	11008	12304	307	1151	.....
Decatur.....	356	15653	109	2229	2335	4056	5647	6258	530	.....
Delaware.....	426	31740	78	276	716	9503	11735	20382	1213	.....
Des Moines.....	418	37729	16	26	350	19377	19121	1954	887	.....
Dickinson.....	28	938	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1962	.....	.....
Dubuque.....	485	38862	.....	150	320	18584	20392	12098	830	.....
Emmett.....	32	1235	200	.....	.....	3	5	4178	.....	.....
Fayette.....	296	20593	120	51	106	8543	8816	20138	2233	.....
Floyd.....	136	7736	.....	474	900	687	983	13008	193	.....
Franklin.....	50	2479	.....	103	300	107	62	6920	.....	.....
Fremont.....	291	29301	40	241	627	103	92	14410	23	.....
Greene.....	98	9563	.....	30	66	59	60	4893	17	.....
Grundy.....	61	3401	.....	46	71	344	325	6824	30	.....
Guthrie.....	153	16709	2	292	626	182	305	6886	55	.....
Hamilton.....	111	6687	.....	12	31	79	47	9507	.....	.....
Hancock.....	8	237	.....	.....	.....	4	8	1458	11	.....
Hardin.....	324	21129	100	131	308	1042	1089	17251	101	.....
Harrison.....	201	14755	.....	530	755	6	18	16179	98	.....
Henry.....	687	66687	340	104	149	23300	22260	1539	6014	.....
Howard.....	45	2303	.....	99	249	568	636	12099	164	.....
Humboldt.....	48	2577	.....	7	16	25	11	5881	.....	.....
Ida.....	2	180	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	610	.....	.....
Iowa.....	389	36580	.....	59	136	5624	6930	20794	1224	.....
Jackson.....	672	60299	1	292	476	20816	24018	6140	1405	.....

* Maple sugar.

CENSUS RETURNS.

TABLE IV.—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	No. acres sorghum.	No. gallons syrup from sorghum.	No. pounds sugar from sorghum.	No. acres Hungarian grass.	No. tons hay from Hun- garian grass.	No. acres tame grass.	No. tons hay from tame grasses.	No. tons hay from wild grass.	No. bushels grass seed.
Jasper.....	539	50477	.....	259	610	2025	2512	21806	163
Jefferson.....	796	81619	106	78	302	24544	25796	296	13510
Johnson.....	579	52410	1161	472	960	15000	17304	17141	5494
Jones.....	581	52135	1005	499	1087	13492	16775	14580	636
Keokuk.....	705	63151	10	151	286	13042	15590	6210	2044
Kossuth.....	26	734	.....	.....	.....	13	15	5853	.....
Lee.....	628	60763	174	193	327	30930	25687	518	19957
Linn.....	880	72855	.....	127	160	18428	20187	23869	1205
Louisa.....	504	50345	109	178	342	13862	18408	7037	1370
Lucas.....	280	19728	173	2019	3269	2363	3337	5237	583
Lyon (not organized).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madison.....	432	35946	50	401	693	2636	3777	9186	235
Mahaska.....	599	65640	1005	326	599	13459	17366	9130	685
Marion.....	676	64354	2	779	1504	7475	9774	7009	739
Marshall.....	332	23852	24	318	642	1749	1720	16170	172
Mills.....	102	8060	6	290	616	63	115	12341	2
Mitchell.....	88	4892	.....	710	1884	547	818	12501	123
Monona.....	84	4700	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7787	.....
Monroe.....	451	26933	135	2226	8575	7967	9520	2429	919
Montgomery.....	63	4862	.....	12	25	170	225	4007	16
Muscatine.....	525	53072	52	167	257	15550	14144	8274	2916

CENSUS RETURNS.									
	4								
O'Brien.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200
Osceola (not organized) ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Page.....	167	9042	.....	.....	480	745	304	977	9564
Palo Alto.....	7	498	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3444
Plymouth.....	3	210	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1176
Pocahontas.....	17	731	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2304
Polk.....	621	39855	101	.....	715	1552	1334	1788	17690
Pottawattamie.....	103	8653	85	.....	272	494	24	266	11696
Poweshiek.....	313	27616	32	.....	129	464	2623	7468	16671
Ringgold.....	170	7139	.....	.....	345	475	863	1533	6751
Sac.....	22	1290	.....	.....	6	15	.....	.....	1581
Scott.....	234	27329	.....	.....	292	603	12033	13002	13865
Shelby.....	43	3529	100	.....	122	306	6	8	3146
Sioux.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50
Story.....	308	21103	330	.....	84	209	397	349	17827
Tama.....	285	25455	.....	.....	161	440	2140	2566	18886
Taylor.....	164	6581	.....	.....	456	535	720	1132	6675
Union.....	127	7262	.....	.....	335	496	625	1054	4285
Van Buren.....	506	46915	.....	.....	380	459	24409	18397	363
Wapello.....	486	43410	220	.....	1028	1459	15267	15763	975
Warren.....	524	44492	3	.....	821	1486	4692	6882	11053
Washington.....	704	71523	104	.....	56	134	21750	25561	6402
Wayne.....	337	17975	73	.....	2924	4288	4114	4736	4252
Webster.....	197	10477	.....	.....	2	14	58	110	16866
Winnebago.....	11	317	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2932
Winneshiek.....	88	5086	16	.....	221	420	8600	9227	21572
Woodbury.....	20	1983	.....	.....	6	10	.....	.....	7408
Worth.....	41	2168	.....	.....	51	252	17	1	6434
Wright.....	55	2719	.....	.....	.....	12	44	31	5664
Total.....	25796	2094557	14697	89436	58889	497460	537912	828153	107532

TABLE V.

EXHIBITING THE STATISTICS BY COUNTIES OF THE POTATO, ONION AND FLAX CROPS OF THE STATE OF IOWA FOR THE YEAR 1866.

COUNTIES.	No. acres Irish potatoes.	No. bushels harvested.	No. bushels sweet po- tatoes.	No. bushels onions.	No. acres flax.	No. bushels seed har- vested.	No. pounds lint.	No. gallons linseed oil.
Adair.....	72	5077	147	259	8	6	176	.....
Adams.....	91	5817	164	506	1	5	70	.....
Allamakee.....	1125	71582	4	1174	672	3254	753	.....
Appanoose.....	310	17069	1494	8198	4	4	.....	.....
Audubon.....	29	2490	3	105	7	38	400	.....
Benton.....	653	51424	418	1984	8	19	875	.....
Black Hawk.....	819	44028	180	2093	1	2	.....	.....
Boone.....	292	22817	447	992	25	117	18	.....
Bremer.....	610	86846	4	1235	7	6	45	.....
Buchanan.....	729	45793	28	1655	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buena Vista.....	10	942	.....	12	2	7	55	.....
Butler.....	351	84281	2	886	.....	.....	.....	.....
Calhoun.....	23	1813	.....	63	.....	.....	.....	.....
Carroll.....	26	3014	.....	62	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cass.....	94	7348	108	840	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cedar.....	630	28424	550	10845	2597	15471	45	.....
Cerro Gordo.....	142	18040	.....	262	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cherokee.....	6	649	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chickasaw.....	870	30784	644	1116	3	15
Clarke.....	247	13328	194	3396	18	77	680

CENSUS RETURNS.

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Clay.....	17	1386	11	4
Clayton.....	1442	82919	5	2560	7	120
Clinton.....	2898	64810	176	2925	227	3009
Crawford.....	62	4167	.....	178	8	.....	.....
Dallas.....	263	27229	667	1080	36	.....	.....
Davis.....	461	23447	760	3477	1832	2606	.....
Decatur.....	352	11134	323	2374	99	786	.....
Delaware.....	882	50518	187	2506	54	30	.....
Des Moines.....	710	40874	1767	2096	2193	.....	.....
Dickinson.....	31	8140	.....	36	.....	.....	.....
Dubuque.....	2266	64148	178	2315	126	.....	.....
Emmett.....	42	3571	.....	48	.....	.....	.....
Fayette.....	808	61703	2	1599	52	65	.....
Floyd.....	862	30248	.....	1127	2	.....	.....
Franklin.....	174	8937	.....	1043	.....	.....	.....
Fremont.....	195	13346	64	987	5	10	.....
Greene.....	82	8091	72	488	.....	.....	.....
Grundy.....	155	14505	16	409	5	80	.....
Guthrie.....	188	15481	27	566	38	.....	.....
Hamilton.....	230	9269	.....	394	1	25	.....
Hancock.....	28	3117	.....	46	.....	.....	.....
Hardin.....	535	41481	160	1697	7	35	.....
Harrison.....	207	16172	21	1187	.....	.....	.....
Henry.....	582	49209	2776	2610	2873	145	.....
Howard.....	447	87849	8	551	40	30	.....
Humboldt.....	87	8298	.....	101	4	.....	.....
Ida.....	4	305	.....	8	.....	.....	.....
Iowa.....	779	50691	827	2143	139	186	.....
Jackson.....	1236	51937	154	1689	24	.....	.....
Jasper.....	725	65622	1498	4466	4	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	560	38789	3064	3278	505	1401	51

TABLE V.—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	No. acres Irish potatoes.	No. bushels harvested.	No. bushels sweet potatoes.	No. bushels onions.	No. acres flax.	No. bushels seed harvested.	No. pounds lint.	No. gallons linseed oil.
Johnson.....	885	38135	793	1706	2879	22319	356075	65000
Jones.....	1345	37105	369	2366	†	1	.....	.....
Keokuk.....	521	29256	3095	4115	190	580	725	.....
Kossuth.....	68	5051	.....	52	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lee.....	977	70683	2301	1964	46	199	84	.....
Linn.....	892	45085	811	2908	69	485	127	.....
Louisa.....	438	30931	1011	1357	258	1637	80	.....
Lucas.....	233	17494	776	1735	3	10	260	.....
Lyon (not organized).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madison.....	870	35577	2014	1849	7	28	563	1
Mahaaka.....	545	51067	1291	3673	415	2209	4330	12000
Marion.....	673	59926	3524	3282	30	361	361	.....
Marshall.....	554	49492	614	2851	24	188	.....	.....
Mills.....	191	15602	71	1278	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mitchell.....	387	38838	.....	507	3	5	132	.....
Monona.....	190	6389	6	168	†	.....	20	.....
Monroe.....	298	22551	1473	1738	141	598	416	.....
Montgomery.....	61	4445	5	422	†	3	90	.....
Muscatine.....	988	46586	2558	5315	993	2637	200
O'Brien.....	10	750

Osceola (not organized)

CENSUS RETURNS.

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Page	210	9378	234	1245	4	31	197
Palo Alto	58	5582	17
Plymouth	20	2480	208
Pocahontas	68	4349	44
Polk	656	63263	1441	3459	1	9	15	.....
Pottawattamie	226	17054	520	1076	1	2	100	.....
Poweshiek	405	29835	311	2214	.....	.....	.....	.....

Ringgold	143	7203	143	562	14	284	12000	.....
Sac	31	2955	.....	55	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scott	3028	193727	1874	72206	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelby	55	5174	.....	136	1	.....	.....	.....
Sioux	1	200	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Story	346	26528	283	1284	1	14	.....	.....

Tama	515	44977	97	1739	2	20	480	.....
Taylor	152	8426	931	1076	3	11	110
Union	121	8448	223	797	5	8	335

Van Buren	657	84285	2128	3792	347	1798	1230
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Wapello	512	43773	2197	2987	95	683	350
Warren	515	51906	1663	3323	143	7	261
Washington	552	34411	1153	2723	82	48	2679
Wayne	206	10768	340	2065	88	523	300	.....
Webster	223	16277	.....	524	72	5	80	.....
Winnebago	39	4245	.....	54	.....	.....	.....	.....
Winnesiek	1049	77584	.....	1235	21	2	292	.....
Woodbury	66	5624	200	206	.....	10	.....	.....
Worth	93	9583	.....	25	1	.....	40	.....
Wright	92	6426	135

Total	42493	2666678	50390	213285	11906	61917	40053	80053
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NOTE.—The amount for Chickasaw in the item of "acres of land" is undoubtedly erroneous, but it is as officially reported from the county.—[SEC. OF STATE.]

TABLE VI.

EXHIBITING VARIOUS AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS, ARRANGED BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	No. acres in all other crops.	No. fruit trees in bearing.	No. fruit trees not in bearing.	No. pounds grapes raised.	No. gallons wine made.	No. pounds hops raised.	No. pounds tobacco raised.	No. acres planted for timber.	No. hives bees.	No. pounds honey taken.	No. pounds beeswax.
Adair.....	192	397	2036	182	7	4	1404	19	168	4227	116
Adams.....	75	196	4566	171	8	6	6480	52	189	5345	118
Allamakee.....	198	3395	32404	1248	148	749	4512	14	1044	8184	424
Appanoose.....	315	14684	69585	3066	484	201	11387	11	2048	84333	900
Audubon.....	61	20	618	11	8	12	185	84	105	1620	71
Benton.....	259	6875	79980	1976	12	360	5018	613	862	5783	473
Black Hawk.....	504	7050	42179	2628	857	128	700	266	512	5122	882
Boone.....	16	2773	20779	500	45	89	4222	42	409	7784	812
Bremer.....	885	3515	21257	245	904	192	1013	184	429	4584	219
Buchanan.....	567	4751	44640	1064	484	388	8116	185	715	4662	233
Buena Vista.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	22	1
Butler.....	222	906	14859	105	1	1345	351	137	287	2745	150
Calhoun.....	.....	6	709	.....	.....	11	387	1	13	52	12
Carroll.....	.....	10	1280	.....	.....	.....	125	8	7	111	.....
Cass.....	19	126	2501	64	270	20	443	40	233	1795	65
Cedar.....	712	29877	94227	8526	240	887	8215	800	2786	11040	552
Cerro Gordo.....	260	469	2479	258	.....	7	21	35	79	698	39
Cherokee.....	4	6	.....	.....	2	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chickasaw.....	2055	679	7940	323	87	388	5874	80	860	4204	187
Clark.....	855	7128	29914	1541	19	73	8772	49	778	18702	461

CENSUS RETURNS.

[illegible]

CENSUS RETURNS.

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Osceola (not organized)													
Page	145	2155	22286	513	5	16	3576	72	600	9359	396		
Palo Alto	492		386										
Plymouth			8		11								
Pocahontas	19		1027					6					
Polk	582	22655	80875	11936	172	286	7154	103	1586	23711	613		
Pottawattamie	103	1582	11018	1325	80	45	945	154	813	4061	103		
Poweshiek	329	5626	41684	928	14	184	4985	170	968	9907	165		
Ringgold	145	1160	8632	204	8	10	4709	39	477	9482	97		
Sac	88		126		10		50	1	7	65	7		
Scott	402	48803	149410	28013	2455	4468	5349	178	1234	9817	1032		
Shelby	21	240	777	20	1		333	2	96	1536	43		
Sioux	2				4								
Story	202	1488	84277	866	2	80	2750	77	624	8723	235		
Tama	186	2840	49043	858	15	113	1885	185	729	7554	97		
Taylor	177	1010	17669	156		17	3360	57	559	11235	180		
Union	137	598	9985	615	17	6	2201	10	366	7355	214		
Van Buren	508	57856	92195	16814	512	774	9295	6	2983	23000	983		
Wapello	639	25827	79940	18413	1066	432	8441	29	2501	21747	964		
Warren	1691	14106	65040	8510	349	691	7136	398	1846	34112	1061		
Washington	8021	35282	91858	25203	954	760	10458	185	2846	13710	1003		
Wayne	197	3040	25395	600		132	3888	59	1028	18149	303		
Webster	1593	1727	16903	205	121	96	1945	14	327	5122	252		
Winnebago	18	24	732				24	7	9	80			
Winneshiek	210	2268	41069	1748	86	690	1874	14	738	4081	183		
Woodbury	1	2	238				60	1	43	1232	15		
Worth	16	11	843			83	50	6					
Wright	64	25	2118		15	2	103	28	35	450	50		
Total	68116	1075177	3629789	549179	29495	48653	385002	48774	85727	896745	36266		

TABLE VII.

EXHIBITING THE STATISTICS OF FARM ANIMALS, &c., IN THE STATE OF IOWA, BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	No. of hogs of all ages.	No. of cattle of all ages.	No. milch cows.	No. pounds butter made.	No. pounds cheese made.	No. work oxen.	No. sheep in 1866.	No. pounds wool shorn in 1866.	No. sheep in 1867.	No. horses of all ages.	No. mules and asses of all ages.	No. dogs.	Value of sheep killed by dogs.	Value of sheep killed by wolves.
Adair.....	2049	1879	647	39887	2826	88	3359	11105	3738	860	47	304	104	95
Adams.....	3028	2698	836	44280	6197	127	7639	24336	7087	1030	121	848	245	572
Allamakee.....	24956	15132	5527	336895	15213	1299	10439	36795	11657	4864	51	2501	741	1847
Appanoose.....	29202	15102	4714	277941	6876	765	36930	114828	43689	5597	417	1799	1311	805
Audubon.....	835	1528	451	20444	2437	40	2073	8209	1632	453	86	132	67	182
Benton.....	27962	16437	5627	359389	17969	324	19749	61339	20759	7056	162	1991	815	511
Black Hawk.....	14801	12597	5199	368945	14432	271	15945	59496	15382	5625	152	1782	469	269
Boone.....	12788	7542	2595	136844	5196	273	16129	62718	17588	3290	192	1125	1961	408
Bremer.....	10882	9992	3635	238272	2841	284	10032	33110	9943	3960	48	1248	436	300
Buchanan.....	14298	12607	4605	343449	14494	408	18449	62170	20734	4786	90	1547	1189	794
Buena Vista.....	58	262	66	3195	.....	59	101	367	43	42	.....	20	4	.....
Butler.....	7801	8962	3001	200304	13730	251	8611	24760	6631	3461	80	916	283	159
Calhoun.....	473	586	211	15268	530	70	999	2672	888	243	6	81	38	3
Carroll.....	1097	784	243	10927	40	125	1551	6398	1499	233	3	89	127	95
Cass.....	3166	3618	1180	59457	13295	96	4879	14817	4701	1472	79	435	16	91
Cedar.....	49095	24854	8084	547822	10845	198	37084	124810	45778	9923	401	2301	1831	1228
Cerro Gordo.....	1651	2704	1149	46880	75848	76	2563	9300	2811	944	8	247	166	129
Cherokee.....	27	321	101	3792	.....	33	10	30	10	70	6	33	.....	.....
Chickasaw.....	6083	8828	2971	213977	8350	490	9850	35001	8800	2735	55	833	666	597
Clarke.....	15198	7101	2164	117254	4272	197	17797	59067	20529	3081	185	1060	1495	721

CENSUS RETURNS.

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Clay.....	106	483	125	7428	121	417	1159	63	104	3	56	86
Clayton.	37696	20559	7748	506828	17862	1098	16715	56186	16284	8306	371	3390	1119	1596
Clinton.....	47726	30556	10548	718716	21734	154	13828	45903	15289	12618	377	3596	1441	1587
Crawford.....	1100	1943	502	20029	60	172	2595	9178	2725	523	36	107	58	223
Dallas.....	16232	9001	2719	156730	8724	227	19801	74553	23090	3906	430	1143	702	600
Davis.....	30739	16377	5068	269535	5409	471	41447	128621	45595	6614	981	2104	919	276
Decatur.....	15674	9757	3072	156973	5031	378	29135	94799	30965	3992	352	1307	989	396
Delaware.. .	27696	18796	6766	448770	74231	454	18946	67792	22945	6988	188	2179	983	1512
Des Moines.....	38600	17459	6296	365453	3024	365	26278	84837	31630	8122	742	2840	897	662
Dickinson.....	104	545	192	9200	370	22	35	12	32	113	.....	33	.....	.....
Dubuque.....	42509	25754	10006	524093	46473	489	13758	50741	15842	9805	291	4032	922	1701
Emmett.....	180	1054	254	17240	2000	91	586	1997	954	186	5	48	184	.....
Fayette.....	21563	16473	6208	421827	24348	638	21406	82108	20392	5988	119	2001	1146	1824
Floyd.....	6303	6936	2368	162056	7040	210	9079	36179	13361	3284	87	786	092	729
Franklin....	2500	2650	993	60336	5910	160	4439	17390	4099	1155	28	349	230	114
Fremont.....	18471	12074	3645	136251	6485	830	14059	40851	12608	3191	435	1242	752	1561
Greene.....	4142	2362	768	41372	811	132	6252	22515	5146	1058	40	336	278	66
Grundy	3221	3098	1090	59105	2365	73	6775	23998	6495	1467	25	414	317	157
Guthrie.....	10099	5186	1498	92820	1170	131	13654	49415	15094	2086	75	630	583	696
Hamilton... .	2617	3967	1346	79714	20298	187	12018	22623	6410	1422	56	3735	16	2
Hancock.....	227	504	177	9935	688	19	1063	3814	1000	216	1	52	99	.....
Hardin.....	14377	8451	2961	181871	12453	241	18984	45852	12452	4354	85	1136	1742	1689
Harrison.....	10471	9415	2843	111730	12000	399	8234	28680	8549	4057	168	731	540	804
Henry.....	41881	16716	6654	386047	18050	308	52534	180112	62760	8937	483	2732	2326	377
Howard.....	4024	6116	2304	166807	13611	406	5403	17256	4492	1999	26	649	114	304
Humboldt.	579	1504	505	34670	73032	137	2307	9394	1628	492	9	215	125	.....
Ida.....	66	151	48	2850	140	15	3	9	33	38	2	13	.....	.....
Iowa.....	28565	10481	5392	324476	20830	860	20432	64942	19884	6040	230	1883	825	724
Jackson.....	45957	24915	9044	500061	35022	361	18865	66485	20133	9820	150	3483	1030	2433
Jasper.....	57115	16850	5558	343284	19074	481	51919	167464	55704	7727	565	2356	2526	996
Jefferson.....	37718	15789	6062	354302	8292	201	47678	161491	52068	8065	672	2534	2729	1003

CENSUS RETURNS.

TABLE VII.—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	No. of hogs of all ages.	No. of cattle of all ages.	No. milch cows.	No. pounds butter made.	No. pounds cheese made.	No. work oxen.	No. sheep in 1866.	No. pounds wool shorn in 1866.	No. sheep in 1867.	No. horses of all ages.	No. mules and asses of all ages.	No. dogs.	Value of sheep killed by dogs.	Value of sheep killed by wolves.
Johnson.....	50611	25706	8536	413392	45199	510	40756	141865	47696	9391	595	2690	1379	1228
Jones.....	43290	23146	7516	472605	51198	279	22624	81933	24019	8362	151	2430	1145	1242
Keokuk.....	38110	18529	5673	294732	16463	391	39804	130147	44410	7839	682	2663	2068	432
Kossuth.....	557	1708	524	21390	400	144	1513	3849	859	555	11	151	18	.....
Lee.....	40084	22248	8145	424605	173283	199	33577	121083	39490	9486	940	3992	5704	1517
Linn.....	47711	26243	8972	561068	29798	284	33805	118641	36781	10396	401	2730	2354	1086
Louisa.....	33878	19142	5226	272113	15357	200	24501	82718	27189	7152	449	1839	1434	1828
Lucas.....	15453	8385	2801	139559	7490	228	18684	51436	18992	3108	248	1069	944	297
Lyon (unorganized).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madison.....	23346	11302	3566	218559	7429	366	37109	126274	38233	4778	480	1421	1016	1455
Mahaska.....	41879	20259	6113	367638	14237	543	76825	282065	78166	8395	770	2467	1640	903
Marion.....	47808	19732	6127	339003	11503	497	34547	138769	39463	8490	681	2778	1648	182
Marshall.....	19959	10473	3843	273254	21291	197	84416	108451	24474	5466	117	1442	1562	814
Mills.....	11080	10621	3078	151785	7640	345	9047	31245	9931	3334	454	1150	409	235
Mitchell.....	8788	6899	2641	176976	14029	276	5008	14485	4790	2438	51	701	534	196
Monona.....	1404	8219	1188	26596	6739	239	3928	14805	11805	794	27	215	71	196
Monroe.....	21218	12098	3474	162258	3845	462	80802	88486	31877	4549	359	1614	815	391
Montgomery.....	3864	2657	844	38312	1620	174	4912	19174	6460	991	62	801	99	109
Muscatine.....	33000	19983	7812	417661	75286	154	20546	61128	19423	9118	580	2432	1809	571
O'Brien.....	10	50	25	400	200	10	80	8	4

CENSUS RETURNS.

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[illegible]

TABLE VIII.

EXHIBITING THE AGGREGATES OF THE SEVERAL ITEMS IN THE PRECEDING TABLES; AND COMPARING THEM WITH THOSE OF THE CENSUS OF 1865.

ITEMS.	1865.	1867.
Number of dwelling-houses.....	114351	155758
Number of white males.....	379746	463537
Number of white females.....	371879	433816
Total white population.....	751125	897325
Number of colored males....	1804	2508
Number of colored females.....	1803	2203
Total colored population.....	3607	4715
Number entitled to vote	146427	181749
Number of militia.....	94734	125646
Number of foreigners not naturalized	10594	18508
Number between the ages of 5 and 21 years.....	293565	339618
Number of blind	*259	*412
Number of deaf and dumb.....	376	368
Number of insane.....	613	644
Number of miles railroad finished.....	793	1152
Number of colleges, academies, and universities.....	41	62
Number of students attending college.....	2337	3951
Number of acres land inclosed.....	5327053	8263174
Number of acres sorghum ...	21452	25796
Number of gallons syrup from sorghum	1443605	2094557
Number of pounds sugar from sorghum.....	8386	14697
Number of acres Hungarian grass	37894	39486
Number of tons hay from Hungarian grass.....	63698	58889
Number of acres tame grasses.....	302899	497460
Number of tons hay from tame grasses.....	225349	537812
Number of tons hay from wild grass.....	713119	822153
Number of bushels grass seed.....	62114	107532
Number of acres spring wheat	827487	983905
Number of bushels harvested.....	7175784	13912368
Number of acres winter wheat.....	116965	73425
Number of bushels harvested....	1108781	723152
Number of acres oats.....	577540	504361
Number of bushels harvested.....	15928777	15861494
Number of acres corn.....	1727777	1992326
Number of bushels harvested	48471138	56928938
Number of acres rye	48992	35604
Number of bushels harvested.....	662388	492841
Number of acres barley.....	51804	48013
Number of bushels harvested	950696	1197729
Number of acres Irish potatoes.....	40198	42493
Number of bushels harvested	2730811	2666678
Number of bushels sweet potatoes.....	26222	50390
Number of bushels onions.....	207638	213285
Number of acres flax.....	12111	11906
Number of bushels seed harvested.....	75721	61917
Number of pounds lint.....	1112753	400053
Number of gallons linseed oil.....	890	80052
Number of acres in all other crops....	202788	63116

* The number of blind in 1865 does not include the inmates of the State Asylum for the Blind at Vinton; the census of 1867, on the contrary, does include the inmates of that Institution.

TABLE VIII.—AGGREGATES—CONTINUED.

ITEMS.	1865.	1867.
Number of fruit trees in bearing.....	636458	1075177
Number of fruit trees not in bearing.....	2523905	3629789
Number of hogs of all ages.....	1037117	1620089
Number of cattle of all ages.....	901881	956169
Number of milch cows.....	810137	326559
Number of pounds butter made.....	14538216	19192727
Number of pounds cheese made.....	1000738	1403864
Number of work oxen.....	37717	27246
Number of sheep in 1864.....	1000541	.....
Number of sheep in 1866.....	.....	1598226
Number of pounds wool shorn in 1864.....	2813620	.....
Number of pounds wool shorn in 1866.....	.....	5323385
Number of sheep in 1867.....	.....	1708958
Number of horses of all ages.....	316702	425055
Number of mules and asses of all ages.....	14303	22037
Number of dogs.....	86060	125207
Number of hives bees.....	87118	85727
Number of pounds honey taken.....	1128399	896745
Number of pounds beeswax.....	51434	36266
Number of pounds grapes raised.....	390409	549179
Number of gallons wine made.....	80779	29495
Number of pounds hops raised.....	27847	48653
Number of pounds tobacco raised.....	753623	385002
Number of acres planted for timber.....	20285	48774
Number of rods hedging.....	331741	603063
Number of bushels coal raised, 80 pounds per bushel.....	1666582	2483010
Value of minerals raised, not including coal.....	\$31875	\$320820
Value of manufactures.....	\$7100465	\$15957599
Value of agricultural implements, machinery, and wagons.....	\$7707027	\$11362402
Value of sheep killed by dogs.....	.....	\$82612
Value of sheep killed by wolves.....	.....	\$55655
Number of acres land assessed.....	.....	28773400
Assessed value of lands and town lots.....	.....	\$189550825
Assessed value of personal property.....	.....	\$66966359
Total assessed valuation.....	.....	\$256517184

TABLE IX.

SHOWING THE AVERAGE YIELD OF CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS IN THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THE STATE FOR THE YEAR 1886.

COUNTIES.	Bushels spring wheat.	Bushels winter wheat.	Bushels oats.	Bushels corn.	Bushels rye.	Bushels barley.	Bushels Irish potatoes.	Gallons syrup from sorghum.	Pounds wool per sheep.
Adair.....	15.13	15.00	32.36	24.29	12.50	.....	70.50	76.93	3.31
Adams.....	13.90	15.00	27.50	17.64	10.72	15.00	63.92	63.28	3.19
Allamakee.....	13.73	13.14	27.11	24.37	14.00	23.28	63.62	64.40	3.52
Appanoose.....	10.49	12.09	32.47	19.66	12.32	23.27	55.06	73.04	3.11
Audubon.....	16.22	.....	18.34	12.89	.....	22.00	88.90	82.54	3.96
Benton.....	15.57	11.68	36.57	29.02	12.83	26.14	78.87	78.86	3.10
Black Hawk.....	15.67	10.00	41.74	24.91	15.00	22.81	53.75	62.34	3.73
Boone.....	12.88	12.45	33.25	28.30	19.94	28.75	78.14	77.37	3.89
Bremer.....	13.61	18.00	30.34	24.45	15.00	27.10	60.08	62.43	3.30
Buchanan.....	13.87	6.47	27.16	21.23	15.46	21.36	62.90	79.56	3.37
Buena Vista.....	18.90	.....	23.00	24.15	.....	.....	94.20	58.50	3.63
Butler.....	13.88	15.00	29.40	22.52	14.00	28.18	97.67	63.42	2.87
Calhoun.....	20.10	.....	40.30	29.52	.....	40.00	57.08	86.40	2.67
Carroll.....	17.43	.....	36.00	29.91	.....	25.00	115.93	101.38	4.12
Casa.....	17.32	26.00	34.83	20.44	.....	19.70	78.17	85.21	3.04
Cedar.....	13.69	7.74	32.20	30.41	15.93	23.96	45.12	96.30	3.87
Cerro Gordo.....	12.11	.....	29.22	21.13	.....	17.04	91.83	55.16	3.63
Cherokee.....	15.00	.....	30.00	11.70	.....	.....	108.17	52.46	3.00
Chickasaw.....	13.16	.....	26.49	17.94	20.00	19.88	83.20	64.32	3.57
Clarke.....	13.46	11.25	28.74	19.77	12.73	.....	53.96	62.50	3.32
Clay.....	18.26	.....	27.00	18.05	.....	.....	81.53	51.00	2.78
Clayton.....	15.24	8.52	26.68	28.40	15.70	26.20	57.50	111.24	3.36
Clinton.....	14.57	11.21	31.78	26.79	16.67	25.63	26.82	109.21	3.32
Crawford.....	22.20	.....	35.73	25.95	27.50	60.00	67.24	39.30	3.53
Dallas.....	13.88	9.00	34.49	33.53	13.78	25.30	103.53	43.49	3.76
Davis.....	7.27	11.22	27.24	18.15	11.17	72.00	50.86	66.79	2.98
Decatur.....	10.93	11.89	28.46	11.96	13.07	9.68	31.63	43.97	3.25
Delaware.....	14.51	6.00	31.52	22.66	16.52	25.04	57.27	74.50	3.57
Des Moines.....	10.69	9.03	29.91	32.90	12.72	21.56	56.85	90.26	3.23
Dickinson.....	15.82	.....	32.02	14.86	.....	30.00	101.30	33.50	.35
Dubuque.....	14.44	5.00	31.74	28.74	18.62	25.41	28.31	69.82	3.69
Emmett.....	16.54	.....	.20	23.95	.....	.....	85.02	38.60	3.40
Fayette.....	13.43	13.41	27.51	24.29	9.55	21.06	76.36	69.57	3.84
Floyd.....	12.11	8.00	26.38	22.56	14.05	17.33	83.54	56.88	3.98
Franklin.....	13.88	.....	26.87	23.33	.....	7.36	51.36	49.58	3.91
Fremont.....	13.88	9.69	32.52	14.37	18.44	17.34	68.44	100.69	2.91
Greene.....	15.94	.....	37.06	23.36	8.08	15.00	98.67	97.58	3.60
Grundy.....	14.96	.....	37.17	25.84	12.25	21.90	93.58	55.75	3.54
Guthrie.....	15.54	15.53	33.88	34.55	12.00	30.00	116.40	109.20	3.62

TABLE IX — AVERAGES — CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Bushels spring wheat.	Bushels winter wheat.	Bushels oats.	Bushels corn.	Bushels rye.	Bushels barley.	Bushels Irish potatoes.	Gallons syrup from sorghum.	Pounds wool per sheep.
Hamilton.....	18.20	12.84	33.80	23.18	12.00	23.00	40.80	111.82	1.88
Hancock.....	10.45	.....	36.48	17.90	.....	38.00	111.82	29.62	3.58
Hardin.....	15.20	.....	37.82	27.54	11.90	19.42	77.53	65.21	3.80
Harrison.....	20.40	14.37	40.94	28.92	18.00	25.55	78.12	73.40	3.41
Henry.....	9.41	10.52	31.11	36.03	10.54	18.85	84.55	97.07	3.42
Howard.....	10.48	.....	18.91	17.53	18.00	17.91	84.67	51.18	3.20
Humboldt.....	18.59	.....	37.60	31.78	.....	28.00	95.38	53.68	4.07
Ida.....	20.66	.....	48.65	16.68	.....	32.86	76.00	90.00	3.00
Iowa.....	14.85	7.52	35.77	33.41	16.28	28.16	65.07	94.04	3.18
Jackson.....	13.97	9.70	.....	.....	.....	76	42.02	89.73	3.52
Jasper.....	18.69	8.47	.....	.....	.....	70	90.51	93.65	3.22
Jefferson.....	9.44	9.73	.....	.....	.....	13	69.26	102.54	3.39
Johnson.....	15.20	9.86	.....	.....	.....	15	43.09	90.52	3.47
Jones.....	14.40	9.95	.....	.....	.....	14	27.59	89.73	3.62
Keokuk.....	11.05	9.44	.....	.....	.....	30	56.15	89.59	3.31
Kossuth.....	14.34	.....	.....	.....	.....	30	74.28	28.24	2.54
Lee.....	9.48	7.57	.....	.....	.....	18	72.35	96.75	3.61
Linn.....	13.28	11.00	.....	.....	.....	10	100.11	81.70	3.51
Louisa.....	11.27	11.85	.....	.....	.....	39	70.82	99.89	3.38
Lucas.....	9.81	11.15	.....	.....	.....	31	75.08	70.46	2.75
Lyon (not organized).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madison.....	15.46	11.62	.....	.....	.....	30	96.15	88.21	3.40
Mahaska.....	13.00	11.28	.....	.....	.....	76	93.70	109.58	3.67
Marion.....	12.89	9.95	.....	.....	.....	15	89.04	95.20	4.01
Marshall.....	14.87	15.70	.....	.....	.....	30	89.84	71.84	3.15
Mills.....	16.46	5.00	.....	.....	.....	30	81.70	79.02	3.45
Mitchell.....	13.71	.....	.....	.....	.....	38	100.86	58.94	2.89
Monona.....	28.71	.....	.....	.....	.....	30	88.63	50.01	3.77
Monroe.....	9.72	12.04	.....	.....	.....	30	75.67	59.83	2.87
Montgomery.....	14.00	14.67	.....	.....	.....	30	72.87	77.17	3.90
Muscatine.....	12.78	7.61	.....	.....	.....	78	49.67	101.09	2.97
O'Brien.....	20.00	.....	30.00	35.00	.....	.....	70.00	.....	.....
Osceola (not organized).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Page.....	10.55	15.00	28.98	17.96	12.62	13.40	93.78	54.14	3.33
Palo Alto.....	20.84	.....	27.70	18.44	.....	.....	96.24	71.15	4.02
Plymouth.....	23.88	.....	34.24	27.98	.....	30.75	124.00	70.00	.....
Pocahontas.....	15.70	.....	28.28	20.18	.....	.....	69.03	43.00	4.00
Polk.....	14.86	13.63	37.54	37.59	14.72	21.50	111.41	64.18	3.36
Pottawattamie.....	10.20	.....	32.12	2	.....	.....	75.46	84.01	2.60
Poweshiek.....	15.83	10.00	35.18	3	.....	.....	73.66	68.23	3.47
Ringgold.....	11.19	11.00	27.00	1	.....	.....	50.72	42.00	3.08
Sac.....	22.75	.....	33.61	2	.....	.....	95.32	58.64	3.09
Scott.....	14.65	10.07	29.08	3	.....	.....	68.98	112.52	3.20

TABLE IX.—AVERAGES—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Bushels spring wheat.	Bushels winter wheat.	Bushels oats.	Bushels corn.	Bushels rye.	Bushels barley.	Bushels Irish potatoes.	Gallons syrup from sorghum.	Pounds wool per sheep.
Shelby.....	18.19	.....	32.67	21.55	.....	.....	97.04	82.07	3.08
Sioux.....	12.88	.....	4.00	20.00	.....	.....	200.00	.....	.....
Story.....	12.88	15.00	34.70	27.02	12.25	16.80	76.66	68.52	3.24
Tama.....	18.55	8.60	36.74	32.24	16.70	29.00	87.34	89.32	3.27
Taylor.....	12.06	5.04	27.17	16.60	15.12	.....	55.43	40.13	2.22
Union.....	11.36	11.07	29.72	17.00	18.30	10.00	69.82	57.18	3.32
Van Buren.....	8.00	8.93	29.36	27.11	12.15	17.25	52.19	92.72	3.25
Wapello.....	10.09	10.94	27.16	27.40	13.53	5.15	85.46	89.32	2.48
Warren.....	15.01	13.52	33.10	34.32	12.56	7.34	100.79	84.91	2.97
Washington.....	11.78	8.43	35.10	34.67	13.63	25.44	62.34	101.60	3.32
Wayne.....	6.60	11.88	31.88	16.83	13.00	20.00	52.27	53.34	3.51
Webster.....	17.12	.....	31.92	15.73	8.17	24.00	73.00	53.18	5.46
Winnebago.....	14.45	.....	29.00	23.59	.....	9.31	108.84	28.83	2.38
Winneshiek.....	14.37	15.00	28.64	23.63	16.21	23.24	73.96	57.23	3.22
Woodbury.....	25.57	25.00	42.56	24.09	.....	1.13	85.21	99.15	2.40
Worth.....	13.71	.....	30.87	20.25	.....	14.80	103.04	52.88	3.05
Wright.....	13.92	.....	33.46	24.54	4.00	17.23	69.84	49.44	2.37

TABLE X.

EXHIBITING THE STATISTICS OF ASSESSMENT, VALUATION, AND TAXATION, THE AMOUNT OF LAND INCLOSED, THE NUMBER OF DWELLING-HOUSES, AND THE TOTAL POPULATION, IN THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THE STATE.

COUNTIES.	Number of acres of land assessed.	Number of acres of land inclosed.	Assessed value of land per acre.	Assessed value of lands and town lots.	Assessed value of personal property.	Total valuation.	State tax at 2½ mills.	No. of dwelling-houses.	Total population.
Adair.....	858808	6034	\$3.20	\$1165724	\$91732	\$1257456	\$3143 63	282	1594
Adams.....	259791	12388	2 99	814009	157584	971598	2428 98	890	2317
Allamakee.....	406163	117620	3 76	1781368	701281	2482599	6206 50	2762	16003
Appanoose.....	824648	95920	5 48	1916141	998507	2914648	7286 62	2072	13064
Audubon.....	121096	8429	3 02	376891	68122	444953	1112 38	139	790
Benton.....	459498	118226	5 72	3089932	997069	4037001	10092 50	2464	14773
Black Hawk.....	851138	98698	6 65	8208707	1034360	4243067	10607 67	2742	16036
Boone.....	304104	84147	4 61	1722228	522287	2244510	5611 27	1482	9861
Bremer.....	267115	70964	5 06	1589694	378937	1964631	4921 58	1586	9337
Buchanan.....	359104	96629	6 14	2701115	714605	3415720	8539 30	2090	12231
Buena Vista.....	141051	344	2 00	382102	5818	387420	968 55	29	151
Butler.....	860608	57167	4 00	1501213	303423	1804636	4511 59	1144	6543
Calhoun.....	297095	1619	2 69	802850	35790	838640	2096 60	114	546
Carroll.....	223680	2871	3 06	692356	48296	735652	1839 13	132	688
Cass.....	306452	13309	3 57	1155894	194268	1350462	3375 40	888	2479
Cedar.....	364916	177749	9 13	3635839	1325840	4961679	12404 20	2747	16076
Cerro Gordo.....	359642	18337	3 14	1157297	70679	1227967	3069 95	326	1988
Cherokee.....	59980	208	1 67	101925	11338	113203	283 16	40	209
Chickasaw.....	315022	47399	4 00	1346909	186335	1533444	3833 61	1048	6220

CENSUS RETURNS.

TABLE X.—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Number of acres of land assessed.	Number of acres of land inclosed.	Assessed value of land per acre.	Assessed value of lands and town lots.	Assessed value of per-sonal property.	Total valuation.	State tax at 2½ mills.	No. of dwelling-houses.	Total population.
Clarke	270478	45634	\$4.16	\$1233306	\$502451	\$1735259	\$4838.15	1025	6244
Clay .....	...	751	...	...	...	...	...	58	369
Clayton	492294	172415	6.86	4367688	1341806	5709494	14273.72	3918	22879
Clinton	445078	228389	8.04	5188965	1668568	6857538	17143.83	4810	27234
Crawford	264882	5347	3.15	863522	55178	918700	2296.75	168	1070
Dallas	367404	34667	4.84	1884892	1194555	3059447	7648.62	1156	7538
Davis	315290	117096	5.68	1937633	1058512	2996145	7490.36	2101	18517
Decatur	339593	58141	4.00	1423811	423906	1847717	4619.28	1400	8501
Delaware	303137	156644	6.90	2829687	818150	3647837	9119.59	2670	14463
Des Moines	256846	126321	12.54	5234926	2504524	7739450	19848.62	4013	23444
Dickinson	2991	1435	2.05	6125	29051	30176	75.44	97	509
Dubuque	381650	169433	8.56	6992217	3971503	10763720	26909.30	6130	38860
Emmett	16134	1423	1.97	35987	45377	81364	203.41	114	708
Fayette	460085	128431	4.89	9425278	618840	8048618	7609.05	2492	14992
Floyd	323084	45460	4.04	1503780	320432	1824212	4560.53	1189	6731
Franklin	322809	12520	3.07	1001612	92954	1094566	2736.42	407	2831
Fremont	283199	44866	4.85	1537109	635332	2172441	5431.10	1148	7013
Greene	317851	10548	3.79	1278600	234846	1518542	3788.85	424	2353
Grundy	317602	20306	3.30	1070580	118735	1189315	2973.29	367	2119
Guthrie	333010	24115	4.01	1377978	287398	1665871	4104.48	654	3906

CENSUS RETURNS.

Hardin.....	344890	1919	2.15	7737223	1389767	3474.42	546	8154
Harrison.....	336921	64476	4.06	1470214	750816	1877.04	63	857
Henry.....	355427	24811	5.37	1986494	1893304	4738.26	1721	9345
Howard.....	265893	132534	9.25	3262542	2529237	6480.72	1009	5886
Humboldt.....	291000	3582	3.64	1140744	4794637	11986.59	3374	20110
Ida.....	156912	4842	2.46	388129	1315408	3238.52	776	4401
Iowa.....	389101	97789	5.93	2508183	455641	1139.10	237	1307
Jackson.....	397578	163152	6.88	3236131	.....	.....	18	90
Jasper.....	449175	107596	6.29	3138455	3526367	8815.92	2090	12390
Jefferson.....	273326	121471	7.33	2263270	4265664	10664.16	2575	19970
Johnson.....	388507	160821	8.78	4286661	4616060	11540.15	2639	16239
Jones.....	353740	158523	7.40	2865462	3232814	8082.03	2811	16420
Keokuk.....	369089	124118	6.23	2446444	5950432	14876.08	3634	21641
Kossuth.....	165829	4007	2.07	349474	4008760	10021.90	2792	16228
Lee.....	320609	164223	11.45	7246069	3465614	8664.03	2611	15429
Linn.....	448306	174320	8.76	5041544	395515	988.78	259	1573
Louisa.....	247142	108619	7.11	1931939	10255284	25638.21	5388	81417
Lucas.....	272285	45128	4.79	1507507	6842457	17106.14	4148	24549
Lyon (not organized).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2839917	7099.79	2275	11885
Madison.....	359173	64833	5.89	2225433	2037481	5093.70	1213	7749
Mahaska.....	359686	141172	8.97	3687115	.....	.....	.....	.....
Marion.....	354104	120276	7.54	2988429	3179171	7947.94	1562	9764
Marshall.....	330938	79230	6.37	2236598	5515195	13787.99	3128	18693
Mills.....	258660	35950	5.00	1401810	4531200	11328.00	3556	20181
Mitchell.....	286436	38947	4.10	1305574	3161267	7903.17	2102	11513
Monona.....	302255	6937	8.29	1056502	2111434	5278.58	1249	6994
Monroe.....	270164	70218	6.56	1975525	1613601	4034.00	1025	6150
Montgomery.....	173600	9363	3.16	577149	1199544	2998.86	281	1664
Muscatine.....	272567	149718	11.86	4186560	2809361	7023.40	1735	10208
O'Brien.....	112589	123	2.00	225178	724976	1812.44	344	2073
					5898191	14745.48	6475	20699
					228333	570.83	7	20

CENSUS RETURNS.

TABLE X--CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Number of acres of land assessed.	Number of acres of land included.	Assessed value of land per acre.	Assessed value of lands and town lots.	Assessed value of personal property.	Total valuation.	State tax at $2\frac{1}{2}$ mills.	No. of dwelling-houses.	Total population.
Osceola (not organized)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Page.....	335689	34191	\$ 3.72	\$1346141	\$ 452426	\$1798567	\$4496.43	956	6025
Palo Alto.....	.....	951	2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	71	413
Plymouth.....	58813	675	2.00	107726	23847	131573	328.93	.....	214
Pocahontas.....	250063	1424	2.00	500126	22852	522478	1806.19	87	453
Polk.....	362098	81801	8.80	5608883	1960423	7569306	18923.26	3436	32680
Pottawattamie.....	458427	22580	6.00	4412981	844391	5257372	13143.43	1571	8733
Poweshiek.....	356256	69417	6.03	2320714	944952	3270666	8176.66	1653	9888
Ringgold.....	343863	23130	3.30	1160390	214644	1375034	3437.58	610	3888
Sac.....	166861	2598	2.04	349875	30164	380089	950.10	103	595
Scott.....	284906	193381	12.74	6367323	2346496	8713819	21784.55	5638	84362
Shelby.....	208487	4616	3.20	675614	168616	844280	2110.57	204	1213
Sioux.....	175454	40	2 00	351858	8509	355367	888.42	4	18
Story.....	359241	40873	3.96	1507869	317841	1825710	4554.27	1111	6888
Tama.....	450773	77354	5.14	2548770	880989	3429759	8574.40	1891	11165
Taylor.....	380540	26941	3.11	1237861	544259	1782120	4455.30	706	4546
Union.....	271867	18271	3.33	947630	191690	1139320	2848.30	655	3010
Van Buren.....	305850	123684	3.07	2314693	1341463	4156151	10890.38	2780	16292

Washington.....	118821	7.81	3261505	1913062	5174567	12936 42	3218	18930
Wayne.....	83074	7.03	2715735	1064382	3780117	9450 29	2154	18162
Webster.....	155347	7.87	3143992	1625421	4769413	11923 53	3005	17675
Winneshiek.....	57974	4.32	1489661	439008	1928669	4821 67	1817	7657
Woodbury.....	27117	3.08	1694430	289213	1983643	4959 11	1089	5631
Worth.....	1429	2.00	491726	24166	515892	1289 78	128	785
Wright.....	179265	4.09	2090910	639724	2730634	6826 58	8438	19302
	8413	3.00	962369	256411	1218780	8046 95	346	1970
	7593	2.15	536630	79756	616386	1540 96	269	1543
	6832	2.19	764522	59095	823617	2059 04	231	1832
Total.....	28778400	8263174	\$189550825	66966359	\$256517184	\$641292.88	155558	902040

NOTE.—The statistics of assessment, valuation, and taxation above have been obtained from the office of the Auditor of State, and are here inserted for purposes of reference and comparison.—[SECRETARY OF STATE.

TABLE XI.

SHOWING THE POPULATION OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF IOWA AT EACH ENUMERATION SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN.

COUNTIES.	Wis. Terr.	IOWA TERRITORY.																	STATE OF IOWA.
	1836.	1838.	1840.	1844.	1846.	1847.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1854.	1856.	1859.	1860.	1863.	1865.	1867.		
Adair	150	663	1011	984	900	1071	1594	
Adams.....	339	1019	1413	1538	1638	1818	2317	
Allamakee.....	227	777	1300	2000	4266	7709	10843	12237	13465	13957	16003	.....
Appanoose	1300	948	1281	3131	3951	4243	6265	9075	11449	11931	11866	10748	13064	.....
Audubon	283	865	454	388	510	790	.....
Benton.....	297	312	312	673	753	1237	2623	6247	8063	8496	9561	11245	14773	.....
Black Hawk	315	2514	5538	7095	8244	10014	12306	16036	.....
Boone.....	419	756	890	1024	1678	3518	4018	4232	4607	5236	9361	.....
Bremer.....	309	1095	3228	4336	4915	5404	7224	9337	.....
Buchanan	149	250	406	519	1006	1023	2299	5125	6918	7906	8294	10037	12231	.....
Buena Vista.....	57	.....	.....	151	.....
Butler.....	73	.....	2141	3504	8724	4142	5006	6542	.....
Calhoun.....	119	136	147	170	224	546	.....
Carroll.....	251	250	281	297	400	688	.....
Cass.....	416	815	1489	1612	1623	1895	2479	.....
Cedar.....	557	1225	2217	2862	2809	3183	3941	4084	4971	7643	9481	12175	12949	13274	14041	16076	.....
Cerro Gordo.....	632	855	940	1007	1311	1988	.....
Cherokee	85	58	20	64	209	.....
Chickasaw	400	588	2651	3816	4336	4397	5355	6320	.....
Clarke.....	549	1626	3978	5006	5427	5693	5716	6244	.....
Clay	52	.....	.....	869	.....
Clayton	274	1044	1200	1500	2176	3000	3873	5000	6318	9337	15187	18669	20728	21235	21922	22879	.....
Clinton.....	445	800	1201	1800	1570	2044	2835	3001	3822	7806	13441	17395	18988	19821	22405	27234	.....
Crawford	235	429	383	456	574	1070	.....
Dallas.....	104	635	812	925	1216	2393	3991	4068	5244	5088	5886	7588	

CENSUS RETURNS.

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Davis	2622	8400	4464	4989	7264	7454	7553	9787	11258	13328	13764	13959	18128	13517
Decatur . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	965	1016	1184	3025	6229	8238	8677	8373	8052	8501
Delaware . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	1759	2000	2615	4637	8099	10024	11024	11667	12508	14468
Des Moines	6257	4605	10071	11649	12914	14488	12575	16700	20198	20781	19611	21213	19894	23444
Dickinson . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	121	180	189	300	509
Dubuque	2381	3056	7440	9185	10841	11000	12500	16662	25871	30581	31164	30839	33078	38860
Emmett . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	105	.....	368	708
Fayette . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	825	1200	2065	5042	8375	11891	12073	12739	18124	14992
Floyd . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2448	3458	3744	4018	4886	6731
Franklin . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	780	1159	1309	1448	1899	2321
Fremont . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	1244	1600	2044	3006	3368	4327	5074	4778	5698	7018
Greene . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1089	1424	1374	1416	1659	2353
Grundy . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	435	680	793	1024	1332	2119
Guthrie . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	222	300	772	2149	2754	3058	3205	3249	3906
Hamilton . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	655	1699	1602	2023	3154
Hancock . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	121	179	240	292	357
Hardin . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300	1259	4033	3323	5440	5376	6813	9845
Harrison . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1065	1900	3132	3621	3663	4265	5836
Henry	8058	3784	6759	7229	8707	8915	9633	10159	15395	16299	18701	16780	17816	20110
Howard . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	444	3017	3168	3382	3871	4401
Humboldt . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	519	332	394	606	1307
Ida . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	38	43	.....	.....	90
Iowa . . . . .	.....	.....	435	600	822	1000	1823	2307	4873	7098	8029	8544	10258	12390
Jackson	881	1452	4639	5677	7210	7597	8231	12166	14977	17710	18493	19158	19097	19970
Jasper . . . . .	.....	.....	560	1223	1288	1492	1674	8466	7490	9195	9883	10627	12095	16239
Jefferson . . . . .	.....	.....	8463	8825	9997	10081	10225	11117	18305	14478	15038	14649	14772	16420
Johnson	237	1504	3887	4010	4474	5061	5788	8467	14457	16900	17573	17184	18778	21641
Jones	241	475	1779	2140	3007	3400	4201	6075	9835	13475	13306	13495	14376	16228
Kenkuk . . . . .	.....	.....	2918	3958	4822	5105	5306	7299	10346	12329	13271	18412	18996	15429
Kossuth . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	377	810	416	865	694	1578

CENSUS RETURNS.

TABLE XL—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	WIS. TERR.	IOWA TERRITORY.																STATE OF IOWA.
		1836.	1838.	1840.	1844.	1846.	1847.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1854.	1856.	1859.	1860.	1863.	1865.		1867.
Lee.....	2839	6095	9830	12860	13231	15000	18783	17625	20360	22590	27273	31242	29232	28523	28063	31417	31417
Linn.....	..	205	1885	2643	3411	3954	4762	5444	6160	6890	10802	14702	17720	18947	18700	20754	24549	24549
Louisa.....	1180	1925	3238	3644	3648	4155	5067	5100	5476	7341	9568	10805	10370	10673	10948	11885	11885
Lucas.....	471	1025	1046	1921	4408	5287	5766	6257	6352	7746	7746
Lyon (unorgan- [ized])
Madison.....	701	1174	1492	1832	8122	5508	7071	7339	7934	8214	9764	9764
Mahaska.....	2942	3774	5559	5986	6758	7479	9093	13050	14515	14816	16249	17082	18693	18693
Marion.....	1360	2350	3797	5412	5809	6289	9315	14060	16167	16813	17318	18719	20181	20181
Marshall.....	338	454	710	1607	4460	5713	6015	7550	8759	11518	11518
Mills.....	1463	2171	3102	4381	4481	6287	5218	6994	6994
Mitchell.....	1911	3291	3409	3375	4176	6150	6150
Monona.....	222	459	885	832	931	1096	1664	1664
Monroe.....	886	400	1222	2000	2886	3125	3430	4577	6860	8377	8612	9322	9435	10208	10208
Montgomery..	933	872	1094	1256	1218	1585	2072	2072
Muscatine....	1247	1942	2882	1485	3010	4516	5773	6170	6812	9555	12569	15503	16444	16989	17241	20899	20899
O'Brien.....	8	.....	.....	20	20
Owceola (unor- [ganized])
Page.....	551	584	636	1148	1964	3674	4419	4662	5211	6025	6025
Palo Alto.....	181	132	143	216	413	413
Plymouth.....	112	148	98	105	214	214
Pocahontas...	126	103	132	215	453	453
Polk.....	1301	1792	4214	4444	6000	5989	5368	9417	11288	11625	12956	16473	22630	22630
Pottawattamie..	6552	7828	5758	5057	8060	8498	5012	4969	4737	5388	8733	8733
Poweshiek....	443	615	742	915	1953	4460	5388	5668	6370	7796	9388	9388
Ringgold.....	1472	2507	2923	3039	3089	3988	3988
Seco.....	251	269	346	384	304	595	595

Scott.....	1252	2193	2750	3000	3633	4887	5967	6016	8026	12671	21521	25861	26939	26827	28474	84363
Shelby.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	828	458	784	818	828	900	1213
Blount.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	18
Story.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	214	836	2868	3828	4051	4868	5916	6868
Tama.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	262	1163	2520	5346	5385	7027	7882	11165
Taylor.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	204	398	479	891	2079	3468	3590	3737	4299	4546
Union.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	80	81	808	1993	2012	2420	2526	3010
Van Buren.....	3174	6166	9019	9870	10203	11677	12269	13000	12753	13843	15921	15879	17081	15862	15599	16392
Wapello.....	.....	.....	2814	4422	5660	7255	8479	8500	8888	10521	13246	15080	14518	16729	18794	19990
Warren.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	649	943	1193	1488	4446	8000	9150	10281	10932	11150	13162
Washington.....	283	1571	3120	3483	3518	4424	4991	5079	5881	7580	11113	13368	14235	15003	15789	17675
Wayne.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	341	500	794	1665	4182	5680	6409	6529	6927	7657
Webster.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	372	907	3088	2596	2504	2858	3772	5631
Winneshek.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	163	300	546	800	1528	3315	7506	12211	13943	15421	16421	19303
Winneshago.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	189	108	204	298	785
Woodbury.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	170	2000	1100	1119	1106	1295	1970
Worth.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	759	756	885	1143	1643
Wright.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	427	632	653	693	906	1332
Total.....	10531	22859	43114	75152	97589	116651	152988	191982	230713	326013	519053	638775	674913	701733	754699	902040

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF POST-OFFICES IN THE STATE NOVEMBER 1, 1867.

Names of Post-offices.	Counties.	Names of Post-offices.	Counties.
Abingdon.....	Jefferson.....	Belle Plaine.....	Benton.....
Ackley.....	Hardin.....	Bellevue.....	Jackson.....
Adel.....	Dallas.....	Belmond.....	Wright.....
Adelphi.....	Polk.....	Belvidere.....	Monona.....
Afton.....	Union.....	Bennington.....	Marion.....
Agency City.....	Wapello.....	Benson Grove.....	Winnebago.....
Agricola.....	Mahaska.....	Benton.....	Mills.....
Ainsworth.....	Washington.....	Bentonsport.....	Van Buren.....
Albany.....	Davis.....	Berlin.....	Hardin.....
Albia.....	Monroe.....	Bertram.....	Linn.....
Albion.....	Marshall.....	Bethel.....	Fayette.....
Alden.....	Hardin.....	Bethlehem.....	Wayne.....
Algona.....	Kossuth.....	Big Grove.....	Pottawattamie..
Allamakee.....	Allamakee.....	Bigler's Grove.....	Harrison.....
Allen's Grove.....	Scott.....	Big Mound.....	Lee.....
Allison.....	Dubuque.....	Big Rock.....	Scott.....
Alton.....	Dallas.....	Birmingham.....	Van Buren.....
Ames.....	Story.....	Blairsburg.....	Hamilton.....
Amish.....	Johnson.....	Blairstown.....	Benton.....
Amlty.....	Scott.....	Blakesburg.....	Wapello.....
Anamosa.....	Jones.....	Bloomfield.....	Davis.....
Andrew.....	Jackson.....	Blue Grass.....	Scott.....
Aplington.....	Butler.....	Bluffton.....	Winneshek.....
Apple Grove.....	Polk.....	Bon Accord.....	Johnson.....
Arbor Hill.....	Adair.....	Bonaparte.....	Van Buren.....
Arcola.....	Monona.....	Boone.....	Dallas.....
Argo.....	Lucas.....	Boonsboro.....	Boone.....
Armstrong's Grove...	Emmett.....	Border Plains.....	Webster.....
Ashland.....	Wapello.....	Botany.....	Shelby.....
Atalissa.....	Muscatine.....	Botavia.....	Jefferson.....
Atlanta.....	Buchanan.....	Bottom.....	Monona.....
Attica.....	Marion.....	Bowen's Prairie.....	Jones.....
Auburn.....	Mahaska.....	Boyer River.....	Crawford.....
Augusta.....	Des Moines.....	Boylan's Grove.....	Butler.....
Aurora.....	Keokuk.....	Bradford.....	Chickasaw.....
Avon.....	Polk.....	Brandon.....	Buchanan.....
Bach Grove.....	Wright.....	Brighton.....	Washington.....
Baden.....	Keokuk.....	Bristol.....	Worth.....
Badger Hill.....	Tama.....	Brookfield.....	Clinton.....
Baker.....	Jefferson.....	Brooklyn.....	Poweshiek.....
Ballyclough.....	Dubuque.....	Brookville.....	Jefferson.....
Bangor.....	Marshall.....	Brownsville.....	Mitchell.....
Bankston.....	Dubuque.....	Brush Creek.....	Fayette.....
Barclay.....	Black Hawk.....	*Buck Creek.....	Bremer.....
Barryville.....	Delaware.....	Buck Horn.....	Mahaska.....
Bartlett.....	Fremont.....	Buckingham.....	Tama.....
Beacon.....	Mahaska.....	Buena Vista.....	Clinton.....
Bear Grove.....	Guthrie.....	Buffalo.....	Scott.....
Bedford.....	Taylor.....	Buffalo Fork.....	Kossuth.....
Beetrace.....	Appanoose.....	Buffalo Grove.....	Buchanan.....
Belfast.....	Lee.....	Burgess.....	Clinton.....
Belgrove.....	Butler.....	Burke.....	Benton.....
Belinda.....	Lucas.....	Burlington.....	Des Moines.....
Belle Fontaine.....	Mahaska.....	Burr Oak.....	Winneshek.....
		Burr Oak Springs.....	.....

* Not in the lists in the preceding pages, having been reported to the Census Board or otherwise ascertained since those pages were printed.

Alphabetical List of Post offices—Continued.

Names of Post-offices.	Counties.	Names of Post-offices.	Counties.
Busti.....	Howard.....	Clanton.....	Madison.....
Butler.....	Keokuk.....	Clarence.....	Cedar.....
Butler Center.....	Butler.....	Clarinda.....	Page.....
Butlerville.....	Tama.....	Clarksville.....	Butler.....
Cairo.....	Louisa.....	Clay.....	Washington.....
Cal[a]mus.....	Clinton.....	Clayford.....	Jones.....
Caldwell.....	Appanoose.....	Clay's Grove.....	Lee.....
Caledonia.....	Ringgold.....	Clayton.....	Clayton.....
Calhoun.....	Harrison.....	Clayton Center.....	".....
Calmer.....	Winneshiek.....	Clear Creek.....	Allamakee.....
Caloma.....	Marion.....	Clear Lake.....	Cerro Gordo.....
Camanche.....	Clinton.....	Clermont.....	Fayette.....
Cambria.....	Wayne.....	Clifton.....	Louisa.....
Cambridge.....	Story.....	Clinton.....	Clinton.....
Campton.....	Delaware.....	Clio.....	Wayne.....
Canton.....	Jackson.....	Clyde.....	Jasper.....
Cardiff.....	Mitchell.....	Coal Creek.....	Keokuk.....
Carl.....	Adams.....	Coalton.....	Monroe.....
Carlisle.....	Warren.....	Coldwater.....	Franklin.....
*Carroll City.....	Carroll.....	Colesburg.....	Delaware.....
Carrollton.....	".....	Colfax.....	Jasper.....
Carr's Point.....	Montgomery.....	College Springs.....	Page.....
Carson's Point.....	Boone.....	Colo.....	Story.....
Cascade.....	Dubuque.....	Columbia.....	Marion.....
Cassady's Corner.....	Boone.....	Columbus City.....	Louisa.....
Castalia.....	Winneshiek.....	Communia.....	Clayton.....
Castana.....	Monona.....	Competine.....	Wapello.....
Castle Grove.....	Jones.....	Comstock's Station.....	".....
Castleville.....	Buchanan.....	Confidence.....	Wayne.....
Cedar Bluffs.....	Cedar.....	Cono.....	Iowa.....
Cedar Falls.....	Black Hawk.....	Conover.....	Winneshiek.....
Cedar Rapids.....	Linn.....	Coon Rapids.....	Carroll.....
Cedar Valley.....	Black Hawk.....	Coopersville.....	Wapello.....
Cedarville.....	Washington.....	Copi.....	Johnson.....
Center.....	Page.....	Cora.....	Fremont.....
Center Point.....	Linn.....	Correctionville.....	Woodbury.....
Centerville.....	Appanoose.....	Corydon.....	Wayne.....
Central City.....	Linn.....	Cottage.....	Hardin.....
Ceres.....	Clayton.....	Cottage Hill.....	Dubuque.....
Cessford.....	Cedar.....	Cottonville.....	Jackson.....
Chandler.....	Keokuk.....	Council Bluffs.....	Pottawattamie.....
Chapin.....	Franklin.....	Council Hill.....	Clayton.....
Chariton.....	Lucas.....	Cox Creek.....	".....
Charles City.....	Floyd.....	Crawfordsville.....	Washington.....
Charleston.....	Lee.....	Crescent City.....	Pottawattamie.....
Charlotte.....	Clinton.....	Cresco.....	Howard.....
Chatham.....	Buchanan.....	Cross.....	Ringgold.....
Chattanooga.....	Dallas.....	Croton.....	Lee.....
Chelsea.....	Tama.....	Crystal.....	Tama.....
Chequest.....	Davis.....	Dahlonga.....	Wapello.....
Cherokee.....	Cherokee.....	Dairy.....	Washington.....
Chickasaw.....	Chickasaw.....	Dakota.....	Humboldt.....
Chillicothe.....	Wapello.....	Dale City.....	Guthrie.....
Christiansburg.....	".....	Dallas.....	Marion.....
Cincinnati.....	Appanoose.....	Dalmanutha.....	Guthrie.....

* Not in the list in the preceding pages, having been reported to the Census Board since those pages were printed.

Alphabetical List of Post-offices — Continued.

Names of Post-offices.	Counties.	Names of Post-offices.	Counties.
Danforth.....	Johnson.....	Elkport.....	Clayton.....
Danville.....	Des Moines.....	Elk River.....	Clinton.....
Davenport.....	Scott.....	Ellington.....	Hancock.....
Davis Creek.....	Washington.....	Ellsworth ..	Madison.....
*Dayton.....	Bremer.....	Elm Springs.....	Butler.....
Dayton Center.....	Chickasaw.....	Elon.....	Allamakee... ..
Decatur.....	Decatur.....	Elvira.....	Clinton.....
Decorah.....	Winneshiek.....	Ely.....	Marion.....
Deep River.....	Poweshiek.....	Emmett.....	Emmett.....
Deerfield.....	Chickasaw.....	Emmettsburg.....	Palo Alto.....
Delanti.....	Hardin.....	English Settlement...	Marion.....
Delaware.....	Delaware.....	Enterprise.....	Black Hawk....
Delhi.....	Delaware.....	Epworth.....	Dubuque.....
Denison.....	Crawford	Estella.....	Ringgold.....
Denmark.....	Lee.....	Estherville.....	Emmett.....
Dennis.....	Appanoose.....	Eugene.....	Ringgold.....
*Denver.....	Bremer.....	Eveland Grove.....	Mahaska.....
Derrinane.....	Dubuque.....	Exira.....	Audubon.....
Des Moines.....	Polk.....		
De Witt.....	Clinton.....	Fairbank.....	Buchanan.....
Dixon.....	Scott.....	Fairfax.....	Linn.....
Dodge.....	Guthrie.....	Fairfield.....	Jefferson.....
Dodgeville.....	Des Moines	Fairport.....	Muscatine.....
Doran.....	Mitchell.....	Fairview.....	Jones.....
Dorchester.....	Allamakee.....	Farley.....	Dubuque.....
Doud's Station.....	Van Buren.....	Farmersburg	Clayton.....
Douglas.....	Fayette.....	Farmers' Creek.....	Jackson.....
Dover.....	Lee.....	Farmersville.....	Mahaska.....
Downey.....	Cedar.....	Farmington.....	Van Buren.....
Drakeville.....	Davis.....	Fayette.....	Fayette.....
Dry Creek.....	Linn.....	Fern Valley.....	Palo Alto.....
Dubuque.....	Dubuque.....	Festina ..	Winneshiek.....
*Dunlap.....	Harrison.....	Fillmore.....	Dubuque.....
Durango.....	Dubuque.....	Flemingville.....	Linn.....
Durant.....	Cedar.....	Flint.....	Mahaska.....
Dutch Creek.....	Washington.....	Florence.....	Benton.....
Dyersville.....	Dubuque.....	Floris.....	Davis.....
		Floyd.....	Floyd.....
Eagle.....	Bremer.....	Fontanelle.....	Adair.....
Eagle Grove.....	Wright.....	Foot.....	Iowa.....
Earlville	Delaware.....	Forest City.....	Winnebago.....
East Melrose.....	Monroe	Forest Home.....	Poweshiek.....
East Nodaway.....	Adams.....	Foreston.....	Howard.....
Eastport.....	Fremont.....	Forestville.....	Delaware.....
Eatonville.....	Howard.....	Fort Atkinson.....	Winneshiek.....
Eddyville.....	Wapello.....	Fort Dodge.....	Webster.....
†Eden.....	Fayette.....	Fort Madison.....	Lee.....
Edenville.....	Marshall.....	Fort Plain.....	Warren.....
Edinburg.....	Jones.....	Frankfort.....	Montgomery....
Edna.....	Cass.....	Franklin Center.....	Lee.....
Egypt.....	Mills.....	Franklin Grove.....	Page.....
Eldora.....	Hardin.....	Frank Pierce.....	Johnson.....
Eldorado.....	Fayette.....	Frankville.....	Winneshiek.....
Elgin.....	Fayette.....	Frederica.....	Bremer.....
Elkader.....	Clayton.....	Frederick.....	Monroe.....
Elkhart.....	Polk.....	Fredericksburg	Chickasaw.....

* Not in the list in the preceding pages, having been reported to the Census Board since those pages were printed.

† Eden post-office is also printed as in Clinton county on page 16.

Alphabetical List of Post-offices—Continued.

Names of Post-offices.	Counties.	Names of Post-offices	Counties.
Fredonia.....	Louisa.....	Half Way Prairie.....	Monroe.....
Freedom	Lucas	Hamburg	Fremont.....
Freeport.....	Winneshiek.....	Hamilton	Marion.....
Fremont	Mahaska.....	Hamlin.....	Woodbury
French Creek.....	Allamakee	Hamlin's Grove.....	Audubon
Freyburg	Wright.....	Hammondsburg	Warren.....
Fuller's Mills.....	Jones.....	Hampton.....	Franklin.....
Fulton.....	Jackson.....	Hardin.....	Allamakee
Funk's Mills.....	Decatur.....	Hardin City	Hardin.....
		Harlan.....	Shelby.....
Galesburg.....	Jasper.....	Harper's Ferry	Allamakee
Garden Grove.....	Decatur.....	Harris Grove.....	Harrison.....
Garibaldi.....	Keokuk.....	Harrison.....	"
Garnaville.....	Clayton.....	Hartford.....	Warren.....
Garry Owen.....	Jackson.....	Hartland.....	Worth.....
Gaston.....	Fremont.....	Hawleyville.....	Page.....
Gem.....	Clayton.....	Hazel Green.....	Delaware.....
Geneseo.....	Cerro Gordo.....	Hebron	Adair.....
Geneva.....	Franklin.....	Helena.....	Tama.....
Genoa.....	Wayne.....	Henderson's Prairie..	Fayette.....
Genoa Bluffs	Iowa.....	Hesper	Winneshiek
Georgetown.....	Monroe.....	Hesperian.....	Webster.....
Germanville.....	Jefferson.....	Hibbsville	Appanoose
Giard.....	Clayton.....	High Lake.....	Emmett
Gilbert.....	Scott.....	Highland.....	Clayton.....
Gilbertsville.....	Black Hawk.....	Highland Grove.....	Jones.....
Given.....	Mahaska.....	High Point	Decatur.....
Glasgow.....	Jefferson.....	Holiday.....	Adair
Glenwood.....	Mills.....	Holt.....	Taylor.....
Glidden.....	Carroll.....	Home	Van Buren
Goldfield.....	Wright.....	Homer.....	Hamilton.....
Gosport	Marion.....	Homestead	Iowa.....
Grand Mound.....	Clinton.....	Hook's Point.....	Hamilton.....
Grand River.....	Wayne.....	Hopeville	Clarke
Grandview.....	Louisa.....	Hopewell	Mahaska
Grant.....	Montgomery ..	Hopkinton.....	Delaware.. ..
Grant City.....	Sac.....	Horton.....	Bremer
Granville.....	Mahaska.....	Howard	Howard
Gravily	Taylor.....	Howard Center	"
Great Oak.....	Palo Alto.....	Howardville	Floyd
Greeley.....	Delaware.....	Hudson	Black Hawk.....
Green Bay.....	Clarke	Humboldt.....	Humboldt
Greencastle.....	Jasper.....	Huron.....	Des Moines.....
Greenfield.....	Adair.....		
Greenvale.....	Dallas.....	Iconium.....	Appanoose
*Greenwood	Kossuth.....	Ida.....	Ida.....
Greenwood.....	Polk.....	Illinois Grove.....	Marshall
Grinnell.....	Poweshiek.....	Illyria.....	Fayette
Grove City.....	Cass.....	Independence	Buchanan.....
Grove Creek.....	Jones.....	Indianapolis.....	Mahaska.....
Grove Hill.....	Bremer.....	Indianola.....	Warren.....
Grundy Center.. ..	Grundy.....	Ingart Grove.....	Ringgold
Gurley.....	Cass.....	Ingham.....	Franklin.....
Guthrie Center.....	Guthrie.....	Inland.....	Cedar.....
Guttenberg.....	Clayton.....	Ioka.....	Keokuk.....
		Iola.....	Marion.....

* As reported to this office from Algona. It is probably incorrect. Greenwood post-office is in Polk county.

Alphabetical List of Post-offices—Continued.

Names of Post-offices.	Counties.	Names of Post offices.	Counties.
Ion.....	Allamakee.....	Lawrenceburg.....	Warren.....
Iowa Center.....	Story.....	Lebanon.....	Van Buren.....
Iowa City.....	Johnson.....	Le Claire.....	Scott.....
Iowa Falls.....	Hardin.....	Legrand.....	Marshall.....
Iowaville.....	Van Buren.....	Leighton Station.....	Mahaska.....
Iron Hill.....	Jackson.....	Leo.....	Fayette.....
Irvington.....	Kossuth.....	Leon.....	Decatur.....
		*Leroy.....	Bremer ..
Jacksonville	Chickasaw.....	Lester.....	Black Hawk....
Janesville.....	Bremer.....	†Letts.....	Louisa.....
Jeddo City.....	Harrison.....	Lewis.....	Cass.....
Jefferson.....	Dubuque.....	Lewisburg.....	Wayne.....
Jeffersonville....	Lee.....	Liberty.....	Clarke.....
Jenks.....	Taylor.....	Liberty Center.....	Warren.....
Jerome.....	Appanoose ..	Libertyville.....	Jefferson.....
Jessup.....	Buchanan.....	Lima.....	Fayette.....
Johnson.....	Jones.....	Lime Creek.....	Cerro Gordo...
Jollyville.....	Lee.....	Lime Springs.....	Howard.....
Jone.....	Iowa.....	Lincoln.....	Polk.....
		Linden.....	Dallas.....
Kasson.....	Madison.....	Linton.....	Des Moines.....
Kendrick.....	Greene.....	Lisbon.....	Linn.....
Keokuk.....	Lee.....	Lithopolis.....	Hardin.....
Keosauqua.....	Van Buren.....	Little Sioux.....	Harrison.....
Kier ..	Buchanan ..	Little Turkey.....	Chickasaw.....
Kilbourne.....	Van Buren.....	Livingston ..	Appanoose.....
Kimball.....	Jasper ..	Lockridge.....	Jefferson.....
King.....	Dubuque.....	Locust Lane.....	Winnebago.....
Kingston.....	Des Moines.....	Logan.....	Harrison.....
Kirkville.....	Wapello.....	Lott's Creek.....	Humboldt..
Kniffin.....	Wayne.....	Louden.....	Cedar.....
Knoxville.....	Marion.....	Loveland Mills.....	Pottawattamie..
Kossuth.....	Des Moines.....	†Lovilia.....	Monroe.....
Kossuth Center.....	Kossuth.....	Lowell.....	Henry.....
Koszta.....	Iowa.....	Low Moor.....	Clinton.....
		Lucerne.....	Wayne.....
Lacelle.....	Clarke.....	Ludlow.....	Allamakee.....
Lacey.....	Muscatine.....	Luni.....	Wright.....
Lacona.....	Warren.....	Lybrand.....	Allamakee.....
Ladora.....	Iowa.....	Lycurgus.....	Allamakee.....
Lafayette.....	Linn.....	§Lynn.....	Warren.....
Lagrange.....	Lucas.....	Lynnville.....	Jasper.....
Lake City.....	Calhoun.....	Lyons.....	Clinton.....
Lake Mills.....	Winnebago.....	Lytle City	Iowa.....
Lakin's Grove....	Hamilton.....		
Lamotte.....	Jackson.....	Macedonia.....	Pottawattamie..
Lancaster.....	Keokuk.....	McGregor.....	Clayton.....
Langworthy.....	Jones.....	Macksville.....	Guthrie.....
Lansing.....	Allamakee.....	Madison.....	Jones.....
La Porte.....	Clarke.....	Magnolia.....	Harrison.....
La Porte City.....	Black Hawk....	Malcom.....	Poweshiek.....
Last Chance	Lucas.....	Manchester.....	Delaware.....
Lattners.....	Dubuque.....	Manteno.....	Shelby.....
La Vega.....	Des Moines.....	Manti.....	Fremont.....

* Not in the list in the preceding pages, having been reported to the Census Board since those pages were printed.

† Incorrectly printed "Letts" on page 38.

‡ Incorrectly printed "Lovilla" on page 45.

§ Printed "Linn" on page 57 from erroneous information.

Alphabetical List of Post-offices—Continued.

Names of Post-offices.	Counties.	Names of Post-offices.	Counties.
Mapleton.....	Monona.....	Mt. Zion.....	Van Buren.....
Maquoketa.....	Jackson.....	Muscatine.....	Muscatine.....
Marble Rock.....	Floyd.....	Nantrille.....	Black Hawk....
Marengo.....	Iowa.....	Nashua.....	Chickasaw....
Marietta.....	Marshall.....	National.....	Clayton.....
Marion.....	Linn.....	Necot.....	Linn.....
Marshall.....	Henry.....	Nelson.....	Mitchell.....
Marshalltown.....	Marshall.....	Nemora.....	Johnson.....
Martinsburg.....	Keokuk.....	Nevada.....	Story.....
Maysville.....	Franklin.....	Nevinville.....	Adams.....
Mason City.....	Cerro Gordo....	Newark.....	Marion.....
Masonville.....	Delaware.....	New Buda.....	Decatur.....
Massillon.....	Cedar.....	Newburg.....	Mitchell.....
Maxfield.....	Bremer.....	New Hampton....	Chickasaw....
Mechanicsville.....	Cedar.....	New Hartford.....	Butler.....
Memory.....	Taylor.....	New Jefferson.....	Greene.....
Memphis.....	Appanoose.....	New Liberty.....	Scott.....
Mennon.....	Marion.....	New London.....	Henry.....
Mentor.....	Bremer.....	New Oregon.....	Howard.....
Merrimac.....	Jefferson.....	New Philadelphia..	Story.....
Middle River.....	Madison.....	New Port Center....	Johnson.....
Middletown.....	Des Moines.....	New Providence....	Hardin.....
Mill.....	Fayette.....	New Sharon.....	Mahaska.....
Milledgeville.....	Appanoose.....	Newton.....	Jasper.....
Milleray.....	Dubuque.....	New Vienna.....	Dubuque.....
Millersburg.....	Iowa.....	New Virginia.....	Warren.....
Mill Grove.....	Poweshiek.....	New York.....	Wayne.....
Mill Rock.....	Jackson.....	Nine Eagles.....	Decatur.....
Millville.....	Clayton.....	Nishna.....	Pottawattamie..
Mil'pine.....	Muscatine.....	Nora Springs.....	Floyd.....
Milton.....	Van Buren.....	Norris.....	Marshall.....
Mineral Ridge.....	Boone.....	North.....	Madison.....
Minerva.....	Marshall.....	Northfield.....	Des Moines....
Missouri Valley.....	Harrison.....	North Liberty.....	Johnson.....
Mitchell.....	Mitchell.....	North McGregor....	Clayton.....
*Mitchellville.....	Polk.....	Northville.....	Greene.....
Modail.....	Harrison.....	North Washington..	Chickasaw....
Moffitt's Grove.....	Guthrie.....	Northwood.....	Worth.....
Moingona.....	Boone.....	Norwalk.....	Warren.....
Monmouth.....	Jackson.....	Nugent's Grove....	Linn.....
Monona.....	Clayton.....	Numa.....	Appanoose.....
Monroe.....	Jasper.....	Oakfield.....	Audubon.....
Montana.....	Boone.....	Oakland Valley.....	Franklin.....
Mcnterey.....	Davis.....	Oak Springs.....	Davis.....
Montezuma.....	Poweshiek.....	Oasis.....	Johnson.....
Monticello.....	Jones.....	Ogden.....	Dubuque.....
Montrose.....	Lee.....	Ohio.....	Madison.....
Moravia.....	Appanoose.....	Okoboji.....	Dickinson.....
Morning Sun.....	Louisa.....	Ola.....	Lucas.....
Moscow.....	Muscatine.....	Old Mission.....	Winneshiek....
Mt. Auburn.....	Benton.....	Onawa City.....	Monona.....
Mt. Ayr.....	Ringgold.....	Oran.....	Fayette.....
Mt. Hope.....	Delaware.....	Orange.....	Clinton.....
Mt. Joy.....	Scott.....	Orford.....	Tama.....
Mt. Pleasant.....	Henry.....	Orleans.....	Appanoose.....
Mt. Sterling.....	Van Buren.....		
Mt. Vernon.....	Linn.....		

* Printed "Mitchell" on page 48 from erroneous information.

Alphabetical List of Post-offices—Continued.

Names of Post-offices.	Counties.	Names of Post-offices.	Counties.
Orono.....	Muscatine....	Point Palestine....	Story.....
Osage.....	Mitchell.....	Point Pleasant.....	Hardin.....
Osborne.....	Howard.....	Polk City.....	Polk.....
Osceola.....	Clarke.....	Port Allen.....	Louisa.....
Oskaloosa.....	Mahaska.....	Port Louisa.....	".....
Osprey.....	Monroe.....	Port Richmond.....	Wapello.....
Ossian.....	Winneshiek.....	Postville.....	Allamakee.....
Oswego.....	Warren.....	Prairieburg.....	Linn.....
Otho.....	Webster.....	Prairie City.....	Jasper.....
Otisville.....	Franklin.....	Prairie Creek.....	Poweshiek.....
Oto.....	Woodbury.....	Prairie Grove.....	Clarke.....
Otranto.....	Mitchell.....	Prairie Hill.....	Boone.....
Olsego.....	Fayette.....	Prairie Mills.....	Muscatine.....
Ottawa.....	Clarke.....	Primrose.....	Lee.....
Otter Creek.....	Jackson.....	Princeton.....	Scott.....
Otterville.....	Buchanan.....	Promise City.....	Wayne.....
Ottumwa.....	Wapello.....	Prospect Hill.....	Linn.....
Owen's Grove.....	Cerro Gordo.....	Pulaski.....	Davis.....
Oxford Mills.....	Jones.....	Putnam.....	Fayette.....
Ozark.....	Jackson.....	Quasqueton.....	Buchanan.....
Palestine.....	Johnson.....	Queen City.....	Adams.....
Palmyra.....	Warren.....	Quincy.....	".....
Palo.....	Linn.....	Randall.....	Hamilton.....
Palo Alto.....	Louisa.....	Rapids.....	Boone.....
Panora.....	Guthrie.....	Redding.....	Ringgold.....
Paris.....	Linn.....	Redfield.....	Dallas.....
Parkersburg.....	Butler.....	Red Oak.....	Cedar.....
Parrish.....	Des Moines.....	Red Oak Junction.....	Montgomery.....
Pedes.....	Cedar.....	Red Rock.....	Marion.....
Pella.....	Marion.....	Reeder's Mills.....	Harrison.....
Peoria.....	Mahaska.....	Riceville.....	Mitchell.....
Peoria City.....	Polk.....	Richfield.....	Fayette.....
Peosta.....	Dubuque.....	Richland.....	Keokuk.....
Peru.....	Madison.....	Richmond.....	Washington.....
*Peterson.....	Clay.....	Ridgedale.....	Polk.....
Pierceville.....	Van Buren.....	Riley.....	Clarke.....
Pierce's Point.....	Dallas.....	Ringgold.....	Ringgold.....
Pike.....	Muscatine.....	Rippey.....	Greene.....
Pilot Grove.....	Lee.....	Rising Sun.....	Polk.....
Pilot Mound.....	Boone.....	Riverside.....	Boone.....
Pilot Rock.....	Cherokee.....	Robin.....	Benton.....
Pin Oak.....	Dubuque.....	Rochester.....	Cedar.....
Pittsburg.....	Van Buren.....	Rock.....	Cerro Gordo.....
Platteville.....	Taylor.....	Rockdale.....	Dubuque.....
Pleasant Grove.....	Des Moines.....	Rockford.....	Floyd.....
Pleasant Hill.....	Cedar.....	Rock Grove City.....	Floyd.....
Pleasant Plain.....	Jefferson.....	Rolfe.....	Pocahontas.....
Pleasant Prairie.....	Muscatine.....	†Rolley.....	Jackson.....
†Pleasant Valley.....	Scott.....	Rose Grove.....	Hamilton.....
Pleasantville.....	Marion.....	Rose Mount.....	Warren.....
Plum Hollow.....	Fremont.....	Rosette.....	Cedar.....
Plymouth.....	Cerro Gordo.....	Rossville.....	Allamakee.....
Plymouth Rock.....	Winneshiek.....	Round Grove.....	Scott.....
Point Isabel.....	Wapello.....		

* Not in the list in the preceding pages.

† Printed "Valley City" on page 52.

‡ Printed "Rolly" on page 31.

Alphabetical List of Post-offices—Continued.

Names of Post-offices.	Counties.	Names of Post-offices.	Counties.
Russell.....	Lucas.....	*Spring Lake.....	Bremer.....
Sabula.....	Jackson.....	Spring Valley.....	Decatur.....
Sac City.....	Sac.....	Springville.....	Linn.....
Saint Ansgar.....	Mitchell.....	Springwater.....	Winneshiek.....
Saint Charles.....	Madison.....	Staceyville.....	Mitchell.....
Saint Clair.....	Monona.....	Stapleton.....	Chickasaw.....
Saint Donatus.....	Jackson.....	Starr.....	Marion.....
Saint John.....	Harrison.....	State Center.....	Marshall.....
Saint Paul.....	Lee.....	Stellapole.....	Iowa.....
Salem.....	Henry.....	Sterling.....	Jackson.....
Salina.....	Jefferson.....	Stiles.....	Davis.....
Sand Spring.....	Delaware.....	Story City.....	Story.....
Sandusky.....	Lee.....	Strawberry Point.....	Clayton.....
Sandysville.....	Warren.....	Summerset.....	Warren.....
Saratoga.....	Howard.....	Summitville.....	Lee.....
Savannah.....	Davis.....	Sumner.....	Bremer.....
Sawana.....	Clayton.....	Sunnyside.....	Buchanan.....
Saylorville.....	Polk.....	Swanton.....	Butler.....
Sciola.....	Montgomery.....	Swede Point.....	Boone.....
Scotch Grove.....	Jones.....	Sweetland Center.....	Muscatine.....
Scott Center.....	Fayette.....	Sylvan Retreat.....	Humboldt.....
Seaton.....	".....	Syracuse.....	Bremer.....
Sedgwick.....	Decatur.....	Tabor.....	Fremont.....
Selma.....	Wayne.....	Tallahoma.....	Lucas.....
Seneca.....	Kossuth.....	Talleyrand.....	Keokuk.....
Seventy-eight.....	Johnson.....	Tama City.....	Tama.....
Sharon.....	Warren.....	Tarkio.....	Page.....
Shellrock.....	Butler.....	Taylorville.....	Fayette.....
Shellrock Falls.....	Cerro Gordo.....	Terrehaute.....	Decatur.....
Shellsburg.....	Benton.....	Thompsonville.....	Monroe.....
Sherman.....	Poweshiek.....	Timber Creek.....	Marshall.....
Sherrill's Mound.....	Dubuque.....	Tipton.....	Cedar.....
Shobe's Grove.....	Franklin.....	Tipton Grove.....	Hardin.....
Shueyville.....	Johnson.....	Tivoli.....	Dubuque.....
Siam.....	Taylor.....	Toledo.....	Tama.....
Sidney.....	Fremont.....	Toolshoro.....	Louisa.....
Sigel.....	Clayton.....	Toronto.....	Clinton.....
Sigourney.....	Keokuk.....	Tower Hill.....	Delaware.....
Simpson.....	Adams.....	Trenton.....	Henry.....
Sioux City.....	Woodbury.....	Tripoli.....	Bremer.....
Sisley's Grove.....	Linn.....	Troy.....	Davis.....
Smithland.....	Woodbury.....	Troy Mills.....	Linn.....
Smyrna.....	Clarke.....	Tyro.....	Poweshiek.....
Snyder.....	Dallas.....	Tyrone.....	Monroe.....
Soda Bar.....	Palo Alto.....	Ulster.....	Floyd.....
Solon.....	Johnson.....	Union.....	Hardin.....
South English.....	Keokuk.....	Union City.....	Union.....
South Flint.....	Des Moines.....	Union Grove.....	Page.....
Spillville.....	Winneshiek.....	Union Hill.....	Ringgold.....
Spirit Lake.....	Dickinson.....	Union Mills.....	Mahaska.....
Spragueville.....	Jackson.....	Union Prairie.....	Allamakee.....
Spring Brook.....	Jackson.....	Uniontown.....	Delaware.....
Spring Creek.....	Tama.....	Unionville.....	Appanoose.....
Springdale.....	Cedar.....	Unity.....	Benton.....
Springfield.....	Keokuk.....	Upper Grove.....	Hancock.....
Spring Grove.....	Linn.....		

* Not in the list of post offices in Bremer county as printed on page 8.

Alphabetical List of Post-offices—Continued.

Names of Post-offices.	Counties.	Names of Post-offices.	Counties.
Upton.....	Van Buren.....	West Branch.....	Cedar.....
Urbana.....	Benton.....	West Dayton.....	Webster.....
Utica.....	Van Buren.....	Western College.....	Linn.....
Valiska.....	Montgomery.....	Westerville.....	Decatur.....
Valley.....	Washington.....	West Fork.....	Monona.....
Valley City.....	Scott.....	West Grove.....	Davis.....
Valley Farm.....	Linn.....	West Irving.....	Tama.....
Van Buren.....	Jackson.....	West Liberty.....	Muscatine.....
Vandalla.....	Jasper.....	West Mitchell.....	Mitchell.....
Venus.....	Madison.....	West Point.....	Lee.....
Vernon.....	Van Buren.....	West Prairie.....	Linn.....
Vernon Springs.....	Howard.....	West Union.....	Fayette.....
Victor.....	Iowa.....	What Cheer.....	Keokuk.....
Vienna.....	Marshall.....	Wheatland.....	Clinton.....
Village Creek.....	Allamakee.....	Wheeler's Grove.....	Pottawattamie..
Vincennes.....	Lee.....	Wheeling.....	Marion.....
Vinton.....	Benton.....	White Cloud.....	Mills.....
Viola.....	Linn.....	White Oak.....	Mahaska.....
Virginia Grove.....	Louisa.....	White Pigeon.....	Keokuk.....
Volga City.....	Clayton.....	Whitesboro.....	Harrison.....
Volney.....	Allamakee.....	Whitneyville.....	Cass.....
Wacousta.....	Humboldt.....	Wickliffe.....	Jackson.....
Wadaloup.....	Grundy.....	Williamston.....	Chickasaw.....
Wagner.....	Clayton.....	Willoughby.....	Butler.....
Wahaghbonsy.....	Mills.....	Wilson Grove.....	Fayette.....
Walcott.....	Scott.....	Wilton.....	Muscatine.....
Walnut City.....	Appanoose.....	Winchester.....	Van Buren.....
Walnut Fork.....	Jones.....	Windham.....	Johnson.....
Walnut Grove.....	Scott.....	Windsor.....	Fayette.....
Waltham.....	Tama.....	Winfield.....	Henry.....
Wapello.....	Louisa.....	Winterset.....	Madison.....
Wapsa.....	Linn.....	Winthrop.....	Buchanan.....
Ward.....	Mills.....	Wolf Creek.....	Tama.....
Ward's Corners.....	Buchanan.....	Woodbine.....	Harrison.....
Warren.....	Lee.....	Woodbridge.....	Cedar.....
Warsaw.....	Wayne.....	Woodbury.....	Woodbury.....
Washington.....	Washington.....	*Woodville.....	Winneshiek.....
Wassonville.....	Washington.....	Wooster.....	Jefferson.....
Waterford.....	Jackson.....	Worth.....	Boone.....
Waterloo.....	Black Hawk.....	Worthington.....	Dubuque.....
Waterville.....	Allamakee.....	Wyoming.....	Jones.....
Waubeck.....	Linn.....	Xenia.....	Dallas.....
Waucoma.....	Fayette.....	Yankee Settlement...	Clayton.....
Waudena.....	Fayette.....	Yatesville.....	Calhoun.....
Waukon.....	Allamakee.....	Yatton.....	Washington.....
Waverly.....	Bremer.....	Yazoo.....	Harrison.....
Webster.....	Keokuk.....	York.....	Delaware.....
Webster City.....	Hamilton.....	York Prairie.....	Cedar.....
Weller.....	Monroe.....	Yough.....	Boone.....
Wells's Mills.....	Appanoose.....	Zoar.....	Cedar.....
Welton.....	Clinton.....	Zurich.....	Jones.....
Wentworth.....	Mitchell.....		
West Bend.....	Pa'o Alto.....		

* Woodville is also printed as in Jasper county, on page 88 from erroneous information.

NOTE.—The above list of post-offices, which in another form appears in the Census Returns, was obtained from the Clerks of the District Court, and also from Postmasters at county-seats, of the latter of whom about eighty responded to circulars sent, asking the desired information.

OFFICIAL REGISTER FOR THE YEAR 1868.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

William M. Stone, Marion county, Governor.

George J. North, Polk county, Private Secretary to the Governor.

Benjamin F. Gue, Webster county, Lieutenant-Governor.

The above persons will be succeeded, about January 16, by the following:
Samuel Merrill, Clayton county, Governor.

—————, Clayton county, Private Secretary to the Governor.

John Scott, Story county, Lieutenant Governor.

Ed Wright, Cedar county, Secretary of State.

Wm. H. Fleming, Clinton county, Deputy.

John A. Elliott, Mitchell county, Auditor of State.

Samuel A. Ayres, Polk county, Deputy.

Samuel E. Rankin, Washington county, Treasurer of State.

Isaac Brandt, Polk county, Deputy.

Cyrus C. Carpenter, Webster county, Register of State Land Office.

John M. Davis, Johnson county, Deputy.

D. Franklin Wells, Johnson county, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Lewis J. Coulter, Linn county, Clerk, and *ex officio* State Librarian.

Francis W. Palmer, State Printer.

James S. Carter, State Binder.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT.

John F. Dillon, Scott county, Chief Justice.

Chester C. Cole, Polk county, Judge.

George G. Wright, Van Buren county, Judge.

Joseph M. Beck, Lee county, Judge.

Charles Linderman, Page county, Clerk.

Henry O'Connor, Muscatine county, Attorney-General.

Edward H. Stiles, Wapello county, Reporter of the Decisions.

DISTRICT COURTS.

JUDGES.

Francis Springer, Louisa county, 1st judicial district.
 Harvey Tannehill, Appanoose county, 2d judicial district.
 James G. Day, Fremont county, 3d judicial district.
 Henry Ford, Harrison county, 4th judicial district.
 Hugh W. Maxwell, Warren county, 5th judicial district.
 Ezekiel S. Sampson, Keokuk county, 6th judicial district.
 J. Scott Richman, Muscatine county, 7th judicial district.
 James H. Rothrock, Cedar county, 8th judicial district.
 James Burt, Dubuque county, 9th judicial district.
 Milo McGlathery, Fayette county, 10th judicial district.
 Daniel D. Chase, Hamilton county, 11th judicial district.
 William B. Fairfield, Floyd county, 12th judicial district.

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

Joshua Tracy, Des Moines county, 1st judicial district.
 James B. Weaver, Davis county, 2d judicial district.
 Charles E. Millard, Mills county, 3d judicial district.
 Orson Rice, Dickinson county, 4th judicial district.
 Samuel D. Nichols, Guthrie county, 5th judicial district.
 Moses A. McCoid, Jefferson county, 6th judicial district.
 Lyman Ellis, Clinton county, 7th judicial district.
 C. R. Scott, Jones county, 8th judicial district.
 Mathew M. Trumbull, Black Hawk county, 9th judicial district.
 L. O. Hatch, Allamakee county, 10th judicial district.
 John H. Bradley, Marshall county, 11th judicial district.
 John E. Burke, Bremer county, 12th judicial district.

The terms of the officers of the Twelfth judicial district will expire on the 1st day of January, 1869; those of the others on the 1st day of January, 1871.

THE MILITIA.

The Governor, Commander-in-Chief.
 Brigadier-General Nathaniel B. Baker, Clinton county, Adjutant and Inspector General, Acting Quartermaster-General, and acting as Paymaster-General.
 Lieut.-Col. William F. Sapp, Pottawattamie county, Aide-de-Camp.
 Lieut.-Col. Samuel L. Glasgow, Wayne county, Aide-de-Camp.
 Lieut. Col. George Cowie, Washington, D. C., Aide-de-Camp.
 Lieut.-Col. Frank Sutton, Special Aide-de-Camp.
 Lieut.-Col. George J. North, special Aide-de-Camp.

The officers of the Governor's staff are appointed by the Governor, and hold office during his pleasure

TWELFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convenes at the Capitol, Des Moines, Monday, January 13, 1868.

SENATE.

Dists.	COUNTIES.	SENATORS.	POST-OFFICES.
1	Lee.....	*Nathaniel G. Hedges.	Keokuk.....
	Lee.....	*Joseph Hollman..	Fort Madison.....
2	Van Buren.....	*Eliab Doud.....	Doud's Station. ...
3	Davis.....	|Henry C. Traverse. ...	West Grove.....
4	Appanoose.....	|Madison M. Walden...	Centerville
5	Wayne, Lucas, Clarke.....	William Hartshorn....	Corydon.....
6	Monroe.....	Edward M. Bill.....	Albia.....
7	Decatur, Ringgold.....	Isaac W. Keller.....	Mount Ayr.....
8	Taylor, Page, Adams, Union, Montgomery.....	Napoleon B. Moore....	Clarinda.....
9	Pottawattamie, Mills, Cass, Fre- mont.....	Jefferson P. Casady....	Council Bluffs.....
10	Des Moines.....	†Charles L. Matthies...	Burlington.....
11	Henry.....	*Theron W. Woolson..	Mount Pleasant.....
12	Jefferson.....	Abial R. Pierce.....	Lockridge.....
13	Wapello.....	†Augustus H. Hamilton	Ottumwa.....
14	Louisa	*James M. Robertson..	Columbus City.....
15	Washington.....	|Granville G. Bennett..	Washington.....
16	Muscatine.....	*John A. Parvin.....	Muscatine.....
17	Keokuk.....	†John C. Johnson....	Richland.....
18	Mahaska.....	John R. Needham	Oskaloosa.....
19	Marion.....	§Thomas McMillan....	English Settlement.
20	Warren.....	|George E. Griffith. ...	Indianola.....
21	Madison, Adair, Guthrie, Dallas.	*Joseph R. Reed.....	Adel.....
22	Scott.....	*Andrew M. Larimer..	LeClaire.....
	Scott.....	†William W. Cones....	Davenport.....
23	Clinton.....	*John Henry Smith. ...	Camanche.....
24	Cedar.....	William P. Wolf.....	Tipton.....
25	Johnson.....	Samuel H. Fairall.	Iowa City.....
26	Iowa, Poweshiek.....	Matthew Long.....	Stellapolls.....
27	Jasper.....	*John Meyer.....	Newton.....
28	Polk.....	*Jonathan W. Cattell..	Des Moines.....
29	Jackson.....	L. B. Dunham.....	Maquoketa.....
30	Jones.....	*Sewell S. Farwell	Monticello
31	Linn.....	Robert Smyth.....	Mount Vernon.....
32	Benton, Tama.....	James Chapin.....	Vinton.....
33	Marshall, Hardin.....	Wells S. Rice.....	Marshalltown.....
34	Dubuque	§F. M. Knoll.....	Dubuque
	Dubuque.....	*Benjamin B. Richards.	Dubuque.....
35	Delaware.....	Joseph Grimes.....	Colesburg.....
36	Buchanan, Bremer.....	William G. Donnan. ...	Independence.....
37	Clayton.....	Homer E. Newell.	McGregor.....
38	Fayette.....	William Larrabee.....	Clermont.....
39	Franklin, Butler, Grundy, Cerro Gordo.....	Marcus Tuttle.....	Clear Lake.....
40	Black Hawk.....	*James B. Powers.....	Cedar Falls.....
41	Allamakee.....	|L. E. Fellows.....	Lansing.....
42	Winneshiek.....	*H. C. Bulis.....	Decorah.....

* Elected in 1865. † Elected in 1866 to fill vacancies. ‡ Elected in 1867 to fill vacancy.
 § Re-elected. | Members of the House of Representatives 11th General Assembly.

List of Senators—Continued.

Dists.	COUNTIES.	SENATORS.	POST OFFICES.
43	Floyd, Mitchell, Howard, Chickasaw	§John G. Patterson....	Charles City....
44	Boone, Hamilton, Story, Greene,	Isaac J. Mitchell.....	Boonsboro.....
45	Worth, Winnebago, Kossuth, Emmett, Dickinson, Clay, Palo Alto, Hancock, Wright, Humboldt, Pocahontas, Sac, Buena Vista, Calhoun, Webster.	Theodore Hawley.....	Fort Dodge.....
46	Harrison, Shelby, Audubon, Carroll, Crawford, Monona, Woodbury, Ida, Cherokee, Plymouth, Sioux, O'Brien.....	*Addison Oliver.....	Onawa City....

*Elected in 1865. §Re-elected.

Mr. Needham was a member of the Senate in the 4th and 5th General Assemblies, and as Lieutenant-Governor presided in the Senate of the 9th General Assembly. Mr. Cattell was a Senator in the 6th and 7th General Assemblies, Mr. Woolson in the 9th and 10th, and Mr. Parvin in the 10th.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Dists.	COUNTIES.	REPRESENTATIVES.	POST-OFFICES.
1	Lee.....	Gibson Browne....	Keokuk.....
	Lee.....	C. C. Bauder.....	Primrose.....
	Lee.....	William Werner.....	West Point.....
2	Van Buren.....	*Joel Brown.....	Birmingham.....
	Van Buren.....	Seth Craig.....	Keosauqua....
3	Davis.....	*J. M. Garrett.....	Troy.....
	Davis.....	William G. Wilson ..	Mt. Pleasant or Stiles.
4	Appanoose.....	Brannock Phillips....	Unionville.....
5	Wayne.....	William Glasgow.....	Promise City.....
6	Decatur.....	H. W. Peck.....	Decatur City.....
7	Des Moines.....	†Robert Allen	Dodgeville.
	Des Moines.....	A. G. Adams.....	Burlington.....
8	Henry.....	John P. Grantham....	Mt. Pleasant.....
	Henry.....	Jacob Hart.....	Mt. Pleasant.....
9	Jefferson.....	John Hayden.....	Libertyville.....
	Jefferson.....	A. R. Fulton.	Fairfield
10	Wapello... ..	*Charles Dudley....	Agency City.....
	Wapello.....	Samuel T. Caldwell....	Eddyville.. ..
11	Monroe.....	A. A. Ramsay.....	Albia.....
12	Lucas.....	Samuel D. Wheeler....	Chariton.....
13	Clarke.....	Barclay Burrows.....	Osceola.....
14	Page.....	Joseph Cramer.....	Clarinda.....
15	Fremont.....	Charles O. Dewey....	Sidney.....
16	Mills.....	John Y. Stone.....	Glenwood
17	Louisa.....	Albert Ellis.....	Cairo... ..
18	Washington.....	Joseph D. Miles.....	Crawfordsville....
	Washington.....	M. Goodspeed.....	Lexington.
19	Keokuk.....	†John Morrison, jr....	Butler.....
	Keokuk.....	William Hartsock.....	South English

* Sat in the 11th General Assembly.

† Elected in 1866 to fill vacancy, and re-elected in 1867.

List of Representatives—Continued.

Dists.	COUNTIES.	REPRESENTATIVES.	POST-OFFICES.
20	Mahaska.....	Charles Stanley.....	Oskaloosa.....
	Mahaska.....	Thomas Ballinger.....	Farmersville.....
21	Marion.....	Edmund Meachem.....	Attica.....
	Marion.....	Banner G. Bowan.....	Pella.....
22	Warren.....	Mark A. Dashiell.....	Hartford.....
23	Madison.....	Benjamin F. Murray...	Winterset.....
24	Pottawattamie.....	Lysander W. Babbitt...	Council Bluffs.....
25	Muscatine.....	*Samuel McNutt.....	Muscatine.....
	Muscatine.....	*R. M. Burnett.....	Muscatine.....
26	Johnson.....	John P. Irish.....	Iowa City.....
	Johnson.....	Jacob Y. Blackwell.....	Iowa City.....
27	Iowa.....	Abraham Bolton.....	Homestead.....
28	Poweshiek.....	Leonard F. Parker.....	Grinnell.....
29	Jasper.....	Merritt W. Atwood.....	Newton.....
30	Polk.....	John A. Kasson.....	Des Moines.....
	Polk.....	Joshua H. Hatch.....	Des Moines.....
31	Dallas.....	Le Roy Lambert.....	Redfield.....
32	Scott.....	*M. J. Rohlf.....	Davenport.....
	Scott.....	Charles Kelley.....	LeClaire.....
	Scott.....	M. C. Davis.....	Davenport.....
33	Clinton.....	Aylett R. Cotton.....	Lyons.....
	Clinton.....	Charles G. Trusdell...	Clinton.....
	Clinton.....	Charles E. Leffingwell...	Wheatland.....
34	Jones.....	*John Russell.....	Wyoming.....
	Jones.....	*John McKean.....	Anamosa.....
35	Cedar.....	William S. Chase.....	West Liberty.....
	Cedar.....	C. P. Sheldon.....	Tipton.....
36	Jackson.....	L. W. Stuart.....	Monmouth.....
	Jackson.....	John A. Tritz.....	St. Donatus.....
37	Linn.....	Adam Perry.....	Western.....
	Linn.....	William B. Leach.....	Cedar Rapids.....
38	Benton.....	John W. Traer.....	Vinton.....
39	Tama.....	James Wilson.....	Wolf Creek.....
40	Marshall.....	Ben W. Johnson.....	Marshalltown.....
41	Dubuque.....	*Thomas S. Wilson...	Dubuque.....
	Dubuque.....	R. B. Lockwood.....	Worthington.....
	Dubuque.....	John B. Longueville...	King.....
	Dubuque.....	Dennis Donovan.....	Ballyclough.....
42	Delaware.....	Cummings Sanborn...	Earlville.....
43	Buchanan.....	*Phineas C. Wilcox...	Independence.....
44	Black Hawk.....	George Ordway.....	Waterloo.....
45	Hardin.....	*Thomas B. Knapp.....	Iowa Falls.....
46	Clayton.....	Horace Hamilton.....	National.....
	Clayton.....	James Newbury.....	Strawberry Point...
	Clayton.....	P. G. Bally.....	Hardin.....
47	Fayette.....	Aaron Brown.....	Fayette.....
	Fayette.....	Curtis R. Bent.....	West Union.....
48	Bremer.....	D. P. Walling.....	Tripoli.....
49	Chickasaw.....	William Tucker.....	Chickasaw.....
50	Allamakee.....	*P. G. Wright.....	Ludlow.....
	Allamakee.....	George R. Miller.....	Rossville.....
51	Winneshiek.....	*Horace B. Williams...	Hesper.....
	Winneshiek.....	Jeremiah T. Atkins...	Frankville.....
52	Boone.....	Jackson Orr.....	Montana.....
53	Story.....	James Hawthorn.....	Nevada.....

* Sat in the 11th General Assembly. Mr. McNutt was also a member of the 10th General Assembly, and Mr. Russell of the 9th and 10th.

† Elected in 1866 to fill vacancies, and re-elected in 1867.

List of Representatives—Continued.

Dists.	COUNTIES.	REPRESENTATIVES.	POST-OFFICES.
54	Floyd.	*Wilberforce P. Gaylord	Rock Grove City....
55	Harrison, Shelby.....	Joseph H. Smith....	Magnolia.....
56	Mitchell, Howard.....	*J. H. Brown.....	Cresco.....
57	Sioux, O'Brien, Buena Vista, Cherokee.	Eli Johnson.....	Cherokee.....
58	Dickinson, Emmett, Clay, Palo Alto.....	Roderick A. Smith....	Okoboji.....
59	Cerro Gordo, Winnebago, Worth, Kossuth.....	Charles W. Tenney ...	Plymouth.....
60	Woodbury, Ida, Sac, Plymouth..	Eugene Criss.....	Sac City.....
61	Wright, Hamilton, Franklin, Hancock.....	John D. Hunter.....	Webster City.....
62	Webster, Pocahontas, Calhoun, Humboldt... ..	Samuel Rees.....	Fort Dodge.....
63	Monona, Crawford, Carroll.....	Stephen Tillson.....	Onawa City
64	Greene, Guthrie, Audubon.....	Henry C. Rippey.....	New Jefferson.....
65	Ringgold, Taylor.....	†Leonard T. McCann..	Bedford.....
66	Adair, Cass, Montgomery.....	G. F. Kilburn.....	Fontanelle.....
67	Butler, Grundy.....	James A. Guthrie....	Shellrock.....
68	Adams, Union.....	N. W. Rowell.....	Afton.....

* Sat in the 11th General Assembly.
† Elected in 1866 to fill vacancy, and re-elected in 1867.

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

STATE UNIVERSITY OF IOWA,

IOWA CITY, JOHNSON COUNTY.

Established, 1847.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

- The Governor, *ex-officio* President.
Lewis W. Ross, Pottawattamie county; term expires 1868.
Rush Clark, Johnson county; term expires 1868.
R. M. Burnett, Muscatine county; term expires 1870.
H. C. Bulis, Winneshiek county; term expires 1870.
Coker F. Clarkson, Grundy county; term expires 1870.
Christian W. Slagle, Jefferson county; term expires 1870.
Samuel J. Kirkwood, Johnson county; term expires 1868.
N. R. Leonard, President *pro tem.* of the Faculty, *ex-officio* Trustee.

William J. Haddock, Secretary of the Board.

William Crum, Treasurer of the Board.

The Trustees of the State University are elected by the General Assembly for four years. The Treasurer and Secretary are chosen by the Board of Trustees, and hold office during the pleasure of that body. The Board also elects a President and the requisite number of professors and tutors.

ASYLUM OF THE BLIND,

VINTON, BENTON COUNTY.

Established at Iowa City in 1853. Removed to Vinton, August, 1862.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

James McQuinn, Benton county, term expires in 1870: President of the Board.

Elijah Sells, Benton county; term expires in 1868.

James Chapin, Benton county; term expires in 1868: Treasurer of the Board.

John H. Dysart, Tama county; term expires in 1870.

Charles H. Conklin, Benton county; term expires in 1870.

James L. Geddes, Principal of the Institution, *ex-officio* Trustee; term as member of the Board expires in 1868: Secretary of the Board.

Mrs. N. A. Morton, Matron.

The Trustees of the Asylum of the Blind are chosen by the General Assembly for the term of four years. The Board elects its own officers, and chooses the Principal, Matron, Teachers, &c., of the Asylum, and from the employees selects a Steward.

INSTITUTION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB.

*Established at Iowa City, Johnson County, January 31, 1855. Permanently located at Council Bluffs, Pottawattamie County, July 4, 1866.**

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

The Governor.

N. H. Brainerd, Johnson county, appointed September 24, 1868.

Thomas M. Banbury, Johnson county, appointed in 1864.

Milton B. Cochran, Johnson county, appointed February 10, 1866.

Thomas J. Cox, Johnson county, appointed March 1, 1867, by the Governor, to fill vacancy.

Ed Wright, Cedar county, Secretary of State.

* The Institution remains at Iowa City, awaiting the erection of the buildings at Council Bluffs.

D. Franklin Wells, Johnson county, Superintendent of Public Instruction.
Benjamin Talbot, Principal of the Institution.

—
Mrs. Mary B. Swan, Matron.

—
The Trustees of the above Institution are appointed by the Governor and Senate for four years; vacancies occurring during the recess of the General Assembly are filled by the Governor till the next session of that body. The Board elects one of its own members Treasurer; it also chooses the Principal, Matron, and other officers, &c., of the Institution, and from the employees chooses a Steward.

—
COMMISSIONERS *under the Act of April 3, 1866, to locate the Institution at Council Bluffs:*

Thomas Officer, Pottawattamie county.

Caleb Baldwin, " "

Dr. E. Honn, " "

IOWA HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

MOUNT PLEASANT, HENRY COUNTY.

—
Established in 1855.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Maturin L. Fisher, Clayton county, term expires July 4, 1872.

Martin L. Edwards, Henry county, term expires July 4, 1868.

Luke Palmer, Des Moines county, term expires July 4, 1870.

J. Monroe Shaffer, Jefferson county, term expires July 4, 1868.

John R. Needham, Mahaska county, term expires July 4, 1872.

Andrew W. McClure, Henry county, term expires July 4, 1870.

Benjamin Crabb, Washington county, term expires July 4, 1872.

—
Mark Ranney, M. D., Superintendent.

Martin L. Edwards, Treasurer.

—
The Trustees of the "Iowa Hospital for the Insane" are elected by the General Assembly for the term of six years. The Board holds an annual meeting on the first Wednesday of December, at which time the President and Secretary of the Board are elected. The Board also appoints the Medical Superintendent, the Matron, and one or more Assistant Physicians.

STATE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE AND MODEL FARM,

STORY COUNTY.

Established March 31, 1858.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

The President of the College *ex-officio* President of the Board. Office now vacant.

The Governor.

Peter Melendy, Black Hawk county.

J. Wilson Williams, Des Moines county .

James D. Wright, Lucas county.

Hugh M. Thomson, Scott county.

John Russell, Jones county.-

Benjamin F. Gue, Webster county.

B. O. Stevenson, Adams county.

J. C. Cusey, Humboldt county.

Thomas K. Brooks, Polk county.

Theron A. Morgan, Keokuk county.

R. W. Humphrey, Floyd county.

John Garber, Clayton county.

John Russell, Jones county,

J. Wilson Williams, Des Moines county, } Building Committee.

James D. Wright, Lucas county,

C. A. Dunham, Des Moines county, Superintendent of the College building.

Hugh M. Thomson, Scott county, Superintendent of Agricultural College Farm
and *ex-officio* Secretary of the Board of Trustees.

L. P. Sherman, Polk county, Treasurer.

The Trustees are elected by the General Assembly for the term of four years. The terms of one-half the above named Trustees will expire on the 1st day of May, 1868, and of the other half two years later. The Board of Trustees meets annually on the second Monday of January, at which time the Treasurer is elected. The Board appoints the Superintendent of Agricultural College Farm during its pleasure, and has the power to elect a "President for the State Agricultural College and Farm," &c.

IOWA SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' HOME.

HOMES AT DAVENPORT, SCOTT COUNTY, CEDAR FALLS, BLACK HAWK COUNTY
AND GLENWOOD, MILLS COUNTY.

—
Established as a State Institution in 1866.
—

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Jonathan W. Cattell, Polk county, President.

Pearl P. Ingalls, Polk county.

Thomas E. Corkhill, Des Moines county.

John A. Parvin, Muscatine county.

P. G. Wright, Allamakee county.

N. H. Brainerd, Johnson county.

James B. Powers, Black Hawk county.

—
The Trustees of the "Iowa Soldiers' Orphans' Home" are elected by the General Assembly for the term of two years. The terms of office of the above named Trustees expire on the 2d day of April, 1868.

—————
THE PENITENTIARY OF THE STATE.

FORT MADISON, LEE COUNTY.

—
Established February 25, 1839.
—

Martin Heisey, Des Moines county, Warden.

James H. Reynolds, Deputy Warden.

Charles Hillis, Clerk.

William Reinick, Chaplain.

Augustus W. Hoffmeister, Physician.

—
The Warden is elected by joint ballot of the General Assembly at each regular session. He appoints the Clerk, Deputy Warden, Chaplain, and Guards; and with the concurrence of the Governor appoints the Physician; and on the nomination of the latter appoints the Steward.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DIRECTORS OF THE STATE BANK OF IOWA.

IOWA CITY, JOHNSON COUNTY.

Established July 29, 1858.

Edward T. Edginton, Lucas county.
George M. Woodbury, Marshall county.
One vacancy.

BANK COMMISSIONERS UNDER THE GENERAL BANKING LAW.

Created July 29, 1858.

Thomas A. Graham, Tama county.
William Bickford, Jefferson county.
Philip Viele, Lee county.

The Bank Commissioners, as well as the Directors of the State Bank of Iowa are chosen by the General Assembly, the former in joint convention, every two years. Both offices are now merely nominal, as the State Bank has ceased to exist, and there has never been any bank established under the general banking law.

COMMISSIONERS OF LEGAL INQUIRY.

William H. Seevers, Mahaska county.
Jacob Butler, Muscatine county, appointed by the Governor September 13, 1866,
to fill vacancy.
One vacancy.

The Commissioners of Legal Inquiry are appointed by the Governor and Senate every sixth year. A full Commission was appointed April 2d, 1866.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Charles A. White, Johnson county, State Geologist.

Gustavus Hinrichs, Johnson county, Chemist of the Survey.

O. H. St. John, Black Hawk county, Assistant Geologist.

The State Geologist was appointed by Chapter 73, Acts 11th General Assembly, and his term of service will continue until April 2, 1868, and until his successor is appointed. He appoints his Assistant and the Chemist of the Survey.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

TABLE SHOWING THE NAMES OF THE COUNTY JUDGES, CLERKS OF THE DISTRICT COURT, TREASURERS, AND RECORDERS, WITH THE COUNTY-SEATS OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	COUNTY-SEATS.	COUNTY JUDGES.	CLERKS OF THE DISTRICT COURT.	TREASURERS.	RECORDERS.
Adair	Pontanelle	Wm. Taylor	William B. Hall	James C. Gibbs	Wesley Taylor
Adams	Quincy .....	.....	John Bixby	Walter E. McDuffee	Walter E. McDuffee
Allamakee	Waukon .....	.....	Giles P. Edels	H. H. Stillwell	Patrick Ryder
Appanoose	Centerville .....	.....	Kelisa P. Morrison	Charles W. Bowen	Samuel M. Moore
Audubon	Exira .....	.....	Albert I. Brainard	A. B. Houston	H. F. Andrews
Benton	Vinton .....	.....	Buren R. Sherman	James H. Shatts	Frederick Lyman
Black Hawk	Waterloo .....	.....	Gustavus A. Eberhart	Romain A. Whitaker	James W. McClure
Boone	Bonnsboro .....	.....	Henry R. Wilson	George E. Jones	Alonso J. Barkley
Bremer	Waverly .....	.....	Henry C. Moore	William V. Lucas	Edward C. Dougherty
Buchanan	Independence .....	.....	Edward Brewer	Lewis A. Main	Thomas J. Marinus
Buena Vista	Prairieville .....	.....	Abner Bell	Hubbard Sanders	James George
Butler	Butler Center .....	.....	James W. Davis	John F. Wright	J. H. Hale
Calhoun	Lake City .....	.....	William H. Fitch	Samuel T. Hutchison	George G. Gray
Carroll	Carrollton .....	.....	Wm. Henry Price	William Gilley	Thomas Elwood
Cass	Lewis .....	.....	William Waddell	Wilkins Warwick	Henry Temple
Cedar	Tipton .....	.....	Sylvanus Yates	Edwin H. Pound	Jesse James
Cerro Gordo	Mason City .....	.....	B. F. Hartshorn	Thomas G. Emsley	Charles M. Adams
Cherokee	Cherokee .....	.....	Elisha Kinsbury	Carlton Corbett	Arthur Phineas
Chickasaw	New Hampton .....	.....	.....	William W. Birdsell .....	.....
Clarke	Osceola .....	.....	.....	William G. Kennedy .....	.....
Clay	Peterson .....	.....	.....	David N. Costa	Christian Kirchner
Clayton	Elkader .....	.....	.....	.....	William D. Crook
Clinton	De Witt .....	.....	.....	.....	Joseph D. Fegan
Crawford	Denison .....	.....	.....	.....	Thomas Dobson

LIST OF COUNTY OFFICERS.—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	COUNTY SEATS.	COUNTY JUDGES.	CLERKS OF THE DISTRICT COURT.	TREASURERS.	RECORDERS.
Dallas ..	Adel ..	Jeremiah Perkins ..	John K. Joy ..	John Maulsby ..	Jeremiah Perkins ..
Davis ..	Bloomfield ..	William Van Benthusen ..	Erasmus W. Tatlock ..	Henry Nulton ..	Ambrose H. Hill ..
Decatur ..	Decatur City ..	Robert Kinnear ..	Edward K. Pitman ..	Samuel C. Thompson ..	William W. Ellis ..
Delaware ..	Delhi ..	J. B. Bogus ..	Eli O. Clemans ..	Joseph M. Holbrook ..	William H. H. Blanchard ..
Des Moines ..	Burlington ..	John C. Powers ..	William Garrett ..	William Horner ..	Samuel Pollock ..
Dickinson ..	Spirit Lake ..	Samuel Pillsbury ..	Albert A. Mosher ..	Thomas Wyckoff ..	Alexander Jenkins ..
Dubuque ..	Dubuque ..	Stephen Hempstead ..	H. A. Rooney ..	Arthur McCann ..	Warner Lewis ..
Emmett ..	Estherville ..	Charles Jarvis ..	Howard Graves ..	D. M. L. Bemus ..	Howard Graves ..
Fayette ..	West Union ..	H. N. Hawkins ..	Joseph Hobson ..	James Stewart ..	Edwin H. Kinyon ..
Floyd ..	Charles City ..	Abner Root ..	John V. W. Montague ..	Hervey Wilbur ..	Gustavus B. Eastman ..
Franklin ..	Hampton ..	W. W. Day ..	R. S. Benson ..	George Beed ..	James H. Beed ..
Fremont ..	Sidney ..	Alexander Wilson ..	John C. Shockley ..	Giles Cowles ..	D. G. Bodenhamer ..
Greene ..	New Jefferson ..	Harry Potter ..	I. D. Howard ..	Gillum S. Tolliver ..	Thomas G. Stiles ..
Grundy ..	Grundy Center ..	Albert F. Willoughby ..	James M. Comstock ..	E. H. Beckman ..	Albert F. Willoughby ..
Guthrie ..	Panora ..	Wm. Elliott ..	Wm. Maxwell ..	George W. Harlan ..	Howard Brown ..
Hamilton ..	Webster City ..	Isaiah Doane ..	Michael Sweeney ..	John Eckstein ..	Isaiah Doane ..
Hancock ..	Ellington ..	George W. Elder ..	James M. Elder ..	Henry N. Brockway ..	Lambert B. Bailey ..
Hardin ..	Eldora ..	Ellis Parker ..	Richard F. Kiple ..	Lucius E. Campbell ..	Samuel S. Waldo ..
Harrison ..	Magnolia ..	Benjamin Bonney ..	John W. Stocker ..	Augustin W. Ford ..	Henry C. Harshbarger ..
Henry ..	Mt. Pleasant ..	John B. Drayer ..	Thomas A. Bereman ..	Columbus V. Arnold ..	Horton J. Howard ..
Howard ..	New Oregon ..	Darius O. Preston ..	Aaron Kimball ..	M. M. Moon ..	William H. Patterson ..
Humboldt ..	Dakota City ..	Jared M. Snyder ..	Andrew W. McFarland ..	Charles Bergk ..	Charles Bergk ..
Ida ..	Ida ..	Obed Waterman ..	W. J. Wagoner ..	J. H. Moorehead ..	Ebenezer Comstock ..
Iowa ..	Marengo ..	Isaac Goodin ..	William G. Springer ..	Charles Baumer ..	Charles V. Gardner ..
Jackson ..	Andrew ..	J. S. Darling ..	E. J. Holmes ..	James A. Bryan ..	Benj. Van Steenburg ..
Jasper ..	Newton ..	Orlando C. Howe ..	John A. Senton ..	Josiah B. Eyerly ..	John C. Wilson ..
Jefferson ..	Fairfield ..	Thomas Morgan ..	William Long ..	L. P. Vance ..	David B. Miller ..

Johnson.....	Iowa City.....	James Cavanagh.....	Fernando H. Lee.....	Archibald C. Younkin..	Joseph S. Lodge.....
Jones.....	Anamosa.....	Davis McCarn.....	Jacob C. Dietz.....	Lawrence Schoonover..	James S. Perfect
Keokuk.....	Sigourney.....	William McLoud.....	Joseph Andrews.....	John J. Howard.....	James E. Woods.....
Kossuth.....	Algona.....	Lewis H. Smith.....	James L. Paine.....	Jerome E. Stacy.....	Harvey M. Taft.....
Lee.....	Fort Madison.....	Edmund Jaeger.....	Charles Doerr.....	A. C. Roberts.....	Noble Warwick
Linn.....	Marion.....	A. B. Dumont.....	Andrew J. McKean....	Richard T. Wilson....	John J. Daniels.....
Louisa.....	Wapello.....	William G. Allen.....	John Hale.....	Whitney S. Kremer	John A. Brown.....
Lucas.....	Chariton.....	Robert McCormick.....	Nelson B. Gardner.....	James B. Custer.....	Robert McCormick
Lyon.....	Not organized.....				
Madison.....	Winterset.....	Thomas C. Gilpin.....	Miller R. Tidrick.....	William L. Leonard....	Oziah A. Moser
Mahaska.....	Oskaloosa.....	Samuel Thompson.....	Charles P. Searle.....	James A. Young.....	John Larmer.....
Marion.....	Knoxville.....	Joseph Brobst.....	George Kruck.....	Edward Baker.....	Allen Hamrick.....
Marshall.....	Marshalltown	Truman A. Lampman..	James L. Williams.....	Harry A. Gerhart.....	A. J. Cooper.....
Mills.....	Glenwood.....	D. M. Mitchell.....	H. A. Copeland.....	William H. Taft.....	Jason M. Powell.....
Mitchell.....	Mitchell.....	Amos S. Faville.....	Calvin S. Prime.....	Charles Sweney.....	Garrett S. Needham....
Monona.....	Onawa.....	Elijah Peake.....	Herbert E. Morrison....	John E. Belleck.....	John E. Selleck.....
Monroe.....	Albia.....	George Hickenlooper...	Joseph T. Young	Harrison Hickenlooper.	James Coen.....
Montgomery..	Red Oak Junction...	W. G. Ewing.....	William W. Merritt....	Wayne Stennett.....	W. G. Ewing.....
Muscatine.....	Muscatine.....	Henry H. Benson.....	John W. Jayne.....	Robert F. Thompson....	Wilford M. Kennedy....
O'Brien.....	O'Brien.....	Archibald Murray.....	John Moore.....	Chester W. Inman.....	Archibald Murray.....
Osceola.....	Not organized.....				
Page.....	Clarinda.....	John R. Morledge.....	Jacob Butler.....	Henry Dorsey.....	Amel B. Cramer.....
Palo Alto.....	Soda Bar.....	John M. Hefley.....	James H. Underwood...	James P. White.....	Allen Barker.....
Plymouth.....	Melbourne.....	A. E. Rea.....	A. C. Sheelz.....	John Henry Morf.....	Henry Snider.....
Pocahontas...	Milton.....	Samuel N. Harris.....	William D. McEwen....	William H. Hait.....	E. C. Brown.....
Polk.....	Des Moines.....	John B. Miller.....	Harry H. Griffiths.....	Charles G. Lewis	Irving N. Thomas.....
Potawatomie	Council Bluffs...	Hardin Jones.....	Edward F. Burdick....	William Porterfield....	William G. Crawford...
Poweshiek...	Montezuma.....	Lucian C. Blanchard...	John W. Cheshire.....	Sylvester Bates.....	John Hall.....
Ringgold.....	Mount Ayer.....	John T. Williams.....	Thomas Ross.....	Charles W. Dake.....	Warren R. Turk.....
Sac.....	Sac City.....	David Carr Early.....	Wm. H. Hobbs.....	R. Ellis.....	Nathan W. Condron....
Scott.....	Davenport	Theodore D. Eagal.	John Galligan.....	Levy S. Viele.....	James Thorington.....

LIST OF COUNTY OFFICERS.—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	COUNTY SEATS.	COUNTY JUDGES.	CLERKS OF THE DISTRICT COURT.	TREASURERS.	RECORDERS.
Shelby.....	Harlan.....	Nathan Lindsey.....	Alfred M. Louis.....	Milo H. Adams.....	John F. Gish.....
Sioux.....	Challiope.....	R. D. Fought.....	Bartlett M. Morse.....	Andrew J. Brown.....	David Carroll.....
Story.....	Nevada.....	Rothens H. Mitchell.....	Joseph A. Fitchpatrick.	Thomas C. Davis.....	Samuel Bates.....
Tama.....	Toledo.....	Thomas J. Free.....	David D. Appelgate.....	James H. Struble.....	Jacob Yeiser, jr.....
Taylor.....	Bedford.....	R. B. Kinsell.....	Elisha T. Smith.....	Ezekiel Rose.....	Daniel Underwood.....
Union.....	Afton.....	Joshua F. Bishop.....	G. W. Beymer.....	Ira Seeley.....	Orrin E. Davis.....
Van Buren..	Keosauqua.....	Alexander Brown.....	John A. Miller.....	Joshua S. Sloan.....	Edwin Goddard.....
Wapello.....	Ottumwa.....	James S. Porter.....	Leonidas M. Godley.....	William J. Ross.....	Daniel W. Tower.....
Warren.....	Indianola.....	John D. Ingalla.....	Charles McKay.....	Paris P. Henderson.....	Miles W. Judkins.....
Washington..	Washington.....	Samuel Bigger.....	Christopher T. Jones...	Robert Glasgow.....	William R. Jeffrey.....
Wayne.....	Corydon.....	Martin Rad.....	E. W. Fullerton.....	Benjamin S. Jones.....	A. R. Meredith.....
Webster.....	Fort Dodge.....	James R. Strow.....	Wilson Lumpkin.....	Jonathan Hutchinson...	David H. Taylor.....
Winnebago...	Forest City.....	Samuel Tennis.....	E. D. Hinman.....	R. Clark.....	H. S. Bot-ford.....
Winneblesh..	Decorah.....	E. Culler, jr.....	Dan. Lawrence.....	George N. Holway.....	John E. Powers.....
Woodbury...	Sioux City.....	J. H. Snider.....	F. J. Lambert.....	B. F. Smith.....	A. Groninger.....
Worth.....	Northwood.....	John U. Perry.....	Horace V. Dwelle.....	Duncan McKercher.....	Duncan McKercher.....
Wright.....	Grant.....	John L. Morse.....	George A. McKay.....	Charles A. Overbaugh...	R. K. Eastman.....

TABLE SHOWING THE SHERIFFS, SURVEYORS, SUPERINTENDENTS OF COMMON SCHOOLS, CORONERS, AND DRAINAGE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THE STATE.

COUNTIES.	SHERIFFS.	SURVEYORS.	SUPERINTENDENTS OF COMMON SCHOOLS.	CORONERS.	DRAINAGE COMMISSIONERS.
Adair	Abner Root.....	N. W. Pryor.....	C. J. Bowman.....	Lemuel Lewis.....	.....
Adams	William Bixler.....	Abel A. Nolan.....	B. Wiesner.....	James P. Campbell.....	Zachary Lawrence.....
Allamakee	Robert Rathen.....	Henry Dayton.....	Theodore Nachtway.....	John Farrell.....	G. L. Miller.....
Appanoose	Henry H. Wright.....	J. J. Wall.....	L. N. Judd.....	Beverly A. Joiner.....	.....
Audubon	John Hundley.....	P. I. Whitted.....	B. G. Dodge.....	B. Muermen.....	B. B. Beers.....
Benton	Henry M. Wilson.....	James A. Brown.....	Amos Dean.....	Moses Denman.....	.....
Black Hawk	William F. Brown.....	E. A. Snyder.....	Seymour Gookins.....	George W. Dickenson.....	.....
Boone	George W. Crooks.....	J. B. Torbert.....	Harrison Selby.....	Lewis Davis.....	Jacob Stull.....
Bremer	Charles M. Kingsley.....	Harry B. Hoover.....	J. Ransom Hall.....	G. W. Nash.....	.....
Buchanan	John A. Davis.....	J. W. Myers.....	Sylvester G. Pierce.....	Hiram H. Hunt.....	.....
Buena Vista	Olans H. Dahl.....	F. W. Buckow.....	O. H. Starle.....	M. Steen.....	Theodore Steen.....
Butler	Lyman L. Smith.....	O. W. McIntosh.....	George Graham.....	E. W. Metzger.....	E. D. Button.....
Calloun	William Miles.....	Seldon H. Richardson.....	Jonathan Bishop.....	Daniel Lowe.....	James Pluce.....
Carroll	James H. Colclo.....	J. F. H. Sugg.....	John K. Deal.....	A. P. Willson.....	.....
Cass	Victor M. Bradshaw.....	Albert Wakefield.....	H. G. Smith.....	Oliver Mills.....	Horace Littlefield.....
Cedar	John D. Shearer.....	Marin G. Miller.....	E. L. Bassett.....	William H. Hammond.....	Robert Gower.....
Cerro Gordo	A. M. Thompson.....	Charles McNary.....	Nathan Bass.....	Pence.....	D. Dougherty.....
Cherokee	Samuel T. Miller.....	Joel H. Davenport.....	George E. Fisher.....	Parkeat.....	John Doak.....
Chickasaw	James A. Albertson.....	H. H. Patter.....	J. C. Johnson.....	Everingham.....	Julius H. Powers.....
Clarke	Eben. M. Ledgerwood.....	Abraham C. Rarick.....	Jesse L. Adkins.....	Smith.....	.....
Clay	David Watts.....	Peter M. Mc[ol]re.....	Romanzo A. Coats.....	L. Crozier.....	J. W. Brockschink.....
Clayton	James Davis.....	M. F. Smith.....	W. A. Preston.....	Mc[ol]son.....	.....
Cinton	Robert Hozle.....	.....	ouch.....	McNell.....	W. W. A. Huntington.....
Crawford	Benjamin Clough.....	.....	b.....	McWilliams.....	.....
Dallas	John M. Byers.....	.....	.....	Macklin E. Coona.....	G. L. Robertson.....
Davis	Daniel Bradbury.....	.....	ng.....	Ed. Grinstead.....	.....
Decatur	George Woodbury.....	.....	nan.....	M. D. Miller.....	.....
Delaware	William Williams.....	.....	p.....	D. Trumbull.....	.....
Des Moines	James H. Latty.....	.....	unlock.....	William A. Haw.....	J. Wilson Williams.....

LIST OF COUNTY OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	SHERIFFS.	SURVEYORS.	SUPERINTENDENTS OF COMMON SCHOOLS.	COBONERS.	DRAINAGE COMMISSIONERS.
Dickinson...	W. S. Beers.....	W. F. Pillsbury.....	John Smith.....	.....	.....
Dubuque.....	William D. Bucknam..	John T. Everett.....	J. J. E. Norman.....	J. O'Hea Cantillon	J. Gilmore.....
Emmett.....	Giles W. Robbins.....	L. S. Williams....	A. C. Rasmussen.....	A. Ordway.....	Nels Peterson.....
Fayette.....	Jacob Swank.....	H. J. Ingersoll.....	A. M. Felts.....	Lewis Armstrong.....	.....
Floyd.....	David M. Ferguson..	Edwin Klintop.....	Henry O. Pratt.....	Benjamin F. Wright..	.....
Franklin.....	Albert Pickering.....	S. H. Vankirk.....	L. B. Raymond.....	J. K. Addis	B. H. Gibbs.....
Fremont.....	William Martin.....	Eldred Huff.....	G. W. Hoop.....	J. A. Kelly.....	John Copeland.....
Greene.....	Clinton DeWitt.....	James L. Perry.....	M. B. McDuffie.....	James Thornton.....	.....
Grundy.....	Charles H. Clark.....	John J. Schuber.....	Lorenzo D. Tracy.....	E. B. Lamb.....	Joseph F. Walker....
Guthrie.....	Joseph W. Cummins..	James W. Nation	James L. Grandstaff. .	Henry C. Cox.....	Ira P. Wetmore.....
Hamilton	John McMiller.....	William T. Wright....	W. J. Covil.....	Jesse R. Burgess	Hewitt Ross.....
Hancock.....	J. H. Beadle.....	James Crow.....	C. Boughton.....	Sewell Whitcombe....	John Christie, sen....
Hardin.....	Nelson Gibbs.....	Judd Bradley.....	J. M. Boyd.....	S. P. Smith.....	T. H. Quiggle.....
Harrison.....	Albert J. Cutler.....	J. Z. Hunt	Charles H. Holmes	Matthew Winter.....	Job Ross.....
Henry... ..	William T. Spearman..	James Hanks	Joseph McCarty.....	William Bird.....	.....
Howard.....	Jerry F. Powell.....	P. N. Glatbart	Timothy W. Lee.....	J. J. Clemmer.....	.....
Humboldt...	Henry C. Cusey.....	T. Elwood Collins....	Eber Stone.....	A. N. Coffin.....	John Bartholomew ..
Ida.....	A. J. Teal.....	A. J. Teal.....	Matthew G. Aldrich...	C. L. Crain.....	.....
Iowa.....	John M. Richardson..	John L. Williams....	William R. Akers	William K. Miller....	.....
Jackson.....	Morris S. Allen.....	A. C. Simpson.....	T. C. Phelan.....	James W. Eckles.....	James Clark.....
Jasper.....	James M. Rodgers	Charles C. Turner....	Sanford J. Moyer.	David S. Stover.....	.....
Jefferson.....	Jacob S. Gantz.....	I. H. Crumley.....	David Herron.....	J. Monroe Shaffer....	.....
Johnson.....	Samuel P. McCaddon ..	Edward Worden.....	George S. Hampton....	Charles A. Vogt.....	.....
Jones.....	Orrin B. Crane.....	Daniel L. Blakeslee...	James R. Stillman....	V. C. Williston.....	.....
Keokuk.....	John T. Parker.....	Joel Crossman.....	A. J. Kane.....	A. C. Robison.....	.....
Kossuth.....	John M. Pinkerton...	Henry Durant, jr.....	John Reed.....	George W. Paine.....	.....

Lee	John A. Bishop.....	George Berry.....	Henry Schevers.....	.....
Linn	John G. Hayzlett.....	George A. Gray.....	Mowry Farnum.....	.....
Louisa	Edwin B. Lacey.....	William C. Blackstone..	George Presbury.....	.....
Lucas	Gaylord Lyman	Wilson R. Larimer.....	John C. Miller.....	.....
Madison	Jonas F. Brock.....	P. G. Andrews.....	J. H. Mack .....	.....
Mahaska	James W. Hinesley.....	Nathaniel Caven.....	George W. Norton.....	Nathaniel Caven.....
Marion	J. P. Vincent.....	John Caruthers.....	Henry Keefer.....	.....
Marshall	T. C. McCracken	William Bremner.....	William B. Waters.....	.....
Mills	Ezra B. Samson.....	David Templeton.....	D. F. Eakin.....	D. B. Herrington.....
Mitchell	William Ramsdell.....	Nelson Rood.....	L. S. Hart, Jr.....	G. S. Johnson.....
Monona	William A. Grow.....	Charles H. Holbrook ..	Richard Stebbins.....	Delos M. Dimmick...
Monroe	Alexander McDonald ..	John N. Massey.....	Elijah T. Knight.....	.....
Montgomery ..	Hiram G. McMullan.....	E. P. Milner.....	J. M. Hewitt.....	.....
Muscatine	Abraham E. Kelth.....	John A. Mathewson.....	John Beard.....	Gamaliel Olds
O'Brien.....	C. Chealey	Daniel W. Inman.....	Chester W. Inman.....	R. B. Crego.....
Osceola .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Page	George W. Burns.....	Thomas J. Garnett.....	James W. Scott.....	.....
Palo Alto	John McFarland.....	Ben Franklin.....	.....	.....
Plymouth	J. P. Riley.....	A. C. Sheetz.....	Andrew Black.....	.....
Pocahontas .....	.....	Oscar Strong.....	J. N. Johnson.....	James Brundige.....
Polk	Peter H. Van Slyck.....	Jule Bauman.....	Madison Young.....	.....
Pottawattamie ..	Perry Reel.....	Richard Kaywood.....	Berthold Hahn.....	.....
Poweshiek	Nicholas Carr.....	Thomas J. Drain.....	William S. Green .....	.....
Ringgold	John A. Lesan.....	Albert G. Beall.....	James A. Drake.....	.....
Sac	J. S. Tiberghien.....	Charles Wilson .....	.....	Eugene Criss.....
Scott	Gustav Schnitger.....	Thomas Murray.....	R. G. Platt.....	.....
Shelby	Thomas Chatburn	Abraham Rubendall.....	G. Hoepfner.....	William Howlett, Jr..
Sioux .....	.....	A. Scott.....	Marlin Pollard	A. Scott.....
Story .....	.....	Madison C. Allen	Bartlett M. Morse	Adolphus Rood.....
.....	.....	Franklin D. Thompson ..	.....	.....
Tama .....	.....	C. W. Hyatt .....	.....	W. S. Turbett.....
Taylor.....	.....	D. W. Lamb.....	Nathan Fisher.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	W. B. Hamilton.....	.....

LIST OF COUNTY OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	SHERIFFS.	SURVEYORS.	SUPERINTENDENTS OF COMMON SCHOOLS.	CORONERS.	DRAINAGE COMMISS- SIONERS.
Union.....	Milton Carter.....	Frederick Sommer.....	A. Robbins.....	C. T. Hyde.....	.....
Van Buren ..	John C. McCrary.....	Ira Claflin.....	George B. Walker.....	L. W. Thornburg.....	.....
Wapello.	Thomas Bedwell.....	John Grant.....	S. L. Burnham.....	Ansel L. Chamberlin.....	.....
Warren.....	Elbert J. Kuhn.....	Levi Reeves.....	Julius C. Clarke.....	Archibald Payne.....	.....
Washington ..	Abram Bunker.....	C. C. Paulk.....	Isaiah G. Moore.....	Robert W. McElroy.....	.....
Wayne.....	William M. Littell.....	Burris Moore.....	W. H. H. Rogers.....	Nathan Brown.....	.....
Webster.....	Jacob Walz.....	George S. Killam.....	Daniel A. Weller.....	Francis Brewer.....	Daniel W. Prindle.....
Winnebago....	M. K. Landrue.....	Augustus Oulman.....	C. A. Steadman.....	G. P. Smith.....	Wm. Lackore.....
Winneshiek ..	A. Skofstad.....	Ebenezer Baldwin.....	John M. Wedgewood..	Cyrus McKay.....	.....
Woodbury ..	George W. Kingsnorth	John C. Watts.....	M. Tingley.....	O. G. Flahe.....	S. R. Day.....
Worth.....	William H. Perkins ..	Lemuel Dwell.....	James Keeler.....	Simon Kustad.....	James D. Kendall ..
Wright.....	William Huise.....	John C. Morris.....	Wm. M. D. Van Velsor	R. E. Train.....	.....

IOWA IN XLTH CONGRESS.

SENATORS FROM IOWA.

James Harlan, Mt. Pleasant; term expires March 4, 1878.

James W. Grimes, Burlington; term expires March 4, 1871.

REPRESENTATIVES FROM IOWA.

James F. Wilson, Fairfield, 1st district.

Hiram Price, Davenport, 2d district.

William B. Allison, Dubuque, 3d district.

William Loughridge, Oskaloosa, 4th district.

Grenville M. Dodge, Council Bluffs, 5th district.

Asahel W. Hubbard, Sioux City, 6th District.

FEDERAL OFFICERS IN IOWA.

JUDICIAL.

Samuel F. Miller, Keokuk, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, and Presiding Judge of the Eighth Circuit of the United States.

James M. Love, Ottumwa, Judge of the U. S. District of Iowa.

William G. Woodward, Muscatine, Clerk of the U. S. Circuit Court.

John C. Burns, Dubuque, Clerk of the U. S. District Court.

George W. Clark, Indianola, U. S. Marshal.
 Alexander Bowers, Des Moines, Deputy.
 Harry H. Fulton, Keokuk, Deputy.
 P. M. Crawford, Dubuque, Deputy.
 Fitzroy Sessions, Cedar Falls, Deputy.

REGISTERS IN BANKRUPTCY.

John Bruce, Keokuk, 1st Congressional District.
 Milton M. Price, Davenport, 2d Congressional District.
 Willis Drummond, McGregor, 3d Congressional District.
 Daniel Anderson, Albia, 4th Congressional District.
 John Mitchell, Des Moines, 5th Congressional District.
 Charles W. Lowrie, Boonsboro, 6th Congressional District.

U. S. COMMISSIONERS.

William G. Woodward, Muscatine, appointed November, 1862.
 John L. Harvey, Dubuque, appointed November, 1862.
 Stephen Sibley, Des Moines, appointed November, 1862.
 H. B. Ten Eyck, Keokuk, appointed November, 1862.
 John N. Rogers, Davenport, appointed November, 1862.
 D. C. Bloomer, Council Bluffs, appointed November, 1862.
 Micajah Williams, Oskaloosa, appointed November, 1862.
 Richard Ambler, Mt. Pleasant, appointed November, 1862.
 George Frazee, Burlington, appointed November, 1862.
 Henry B. Hendershott, Ottumwa, appointed, 1862.
 H. P. Scholte, Pella, appointed November, 1862.
 Charles W. Simmons, Boonsboro, appointed November, 1862.
 William G. Hammond, Des Moines, appointed November, 1862.
 Henry Hospers, Marion county, appointed June 5, 1863.
 James B. Powers, Cedar Falls, appointed June 8, 1865.
 Walter I. Hayes, Clinton, appointed May, 1867.
 Thomas Sargent, Fort Dodge, appointed May, 1867.
 Daniel M. Harria, Panora, appointed May, 1867.
 William T. Smith, Oskaloosa, appointed May, 1867.
 Harvey J. Skiff, Powshiek county, appointed May, 1867.
 Daniel F. Ellsworth, Hardin county, appointed May, 1867.
 John Currier, Sioux City, appointed May, 1867.
 John S. Stacy, Anamosa, appointed May, 1867.
 George Woodbury, Decatur county, appointed May, 1867.
 John A. Hull, Boonsboro, appointed May, 1867.
 Rush Clark, Iowa City, appointed May, 1867.
 James H. Shields, Dubuque, appointed October 26, 1867.

Benjamin W. Poor, Dubuque, appointed October 26, 1867.

* Franklin Wilcox, ————— appointed October 26, 1867.

* John Rogers, Keokuk county; appointed October 26, 1867.

* John N. W. Rumble, Iowa county; appointed October 26, 1867.

* Sanford Harned, Keokuk county; appointed October 26, 1867.

MASTER IN CHANCERY.

William G. Woodward, Muscatine county; appointed November 17, 1862.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

ASSESSORS.

James B. Weaver, 1st collection district; office at Bloomfield.

George Meason, 2d collection district; office at Muscatine.

Lucius L. Huntley, 3d collection district; office at Dubuque.

John Connell, 4th collection district; office at Toledo.

Cole Noel, 5th collection district; office at Adel.

Thomas H. Benton, jr., 6th collection district; office at Marshalltown.

COLLECTORS.

William W. Belknap, 1st collection district; office at Keokuk.

James Armstrong, 2d collection district; office at Davenport.

David B. Henderson, 3d collection district; office at Dubuque.

Alonzo J. Pope, 4th collection district; office at Sigourney.

Lampson P. Sherman, 5th collection district; office at Des Moines.

Albert Head, 6th collection district; office at New Jefferson.

* Commissions not yet issued.

PENSION AGENTS.

—
David B. Wilson, Fairfield.

M. Mobley, Dubuque.

James D. Thompson, Des Moines.

—

The office at Fairfield does the pension business of the following counties: those in the 1st Congressional district; those in the 4th do. except Benton, Jasper, Marion, and Tama; and Muscatine in the 2d do.

The office at Dubuque does the pension business for the following counties: those in the 2d Congressional district, except Muscatine; those in the 3d do.; Benton and Tama, in the 4th do.; and Black Hawk, Butler, Cerro Gordo, Franklin, Grundy, and Worth in the 6th district.

The Des Moines office does the pension business for the remainder of the State.

LIST OF NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS PUBLISHED IN THE STATE, DEC. 1, 1867.

LIST OF PERIODICALS.

139

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PUBLICATIONS.	WHERE PUBLISHED.	HOW OFTEN PUBLISHED.	CHARACTER.
Adair.....	The Adair County Register.	Fontauelle.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Adams.....	Adams County Gazette.	Quincy.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Allamakee.....	The Lansing Mirror.	Lansing.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Allamakee.....	Weekly Chronicle.	Lansing.....	Weekly.....	Neutral.....
Appanoose.....	The Loyal Citizen	Centerville.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Benton.....	Register.	Vinton.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Benton.....	Transcript.	Belle Plaine.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Benton.....	County News.	Vinton.....	Weekly.....	Neutral.....
Black Hawk.....	Falls Gazette.	Cedar Falls.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Black Hawk.....	Courier.	Waterloo.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Boone.....	Standard.	Montana.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Boone.....	County Advocate.	Bonsborn.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Bremer.....	County Phoenix	Waverly.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Bremer.....	Democratic News.	Waverly.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Buchanan.....	Buchanan County Bulletin and	Independence.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Buchanan.....	Conservative.	Independence.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Butler.....	Gazette.	Clarksville.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Cass.....	Cass County Messenger.	Lewis.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Cedar.....	The Tipton Advertiser.	Tipton.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Cedar.....	Mechanicsville Journal.	Mechanicsville.....	Weekly.....	.....
Cerro Gordo.....	Cerro Gordo Republican.	Mason City.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Chickasaw.....	New Hampton Courier.	New Hampton.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Chickasaw.....	The Weekly Nashua Post.	Nashua.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Clarke.....	Clarke County Sentinel.	Oscola.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Clayton.....	Journal.	Elkader.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Clayton.....	.....	McGregor.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Clayton.....	.....	McGregor.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Clinton.....	.....	Lyons.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Clinton.....	Herald.	Clinton.....	Semi weekly.....	Republican.....
Clinton.....	.....	De Witt.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....

LIST OF NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PUBLICATIONS.	WHERE PUBLISHED.	HOW OFTEN PUBLISHED.	CHARACTER.
Clinton.....	*Lyons Advocate.....	Lyons.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Clinton.....	<i>Iowa Volkszeitung</i>	Lyons.....	Weekly.....	"People's Party.".....
Crawford.....	Denison Review.....	Denison.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Dallas.....	The Dallas Weekly Gazette.....	Adel.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Davis.....	Weekly Union Guard.....	Bloomfield.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Decatur.....	The Leon Pioneer.....	Leon.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Delaware.....	Delaware County Union.....	Manchester.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Des Moines.....	Gazette and Argus.....	Burlington.....	Daily, Semi-Weekly, and Weekly.....	Republican.....
Des Moines.....	Weekly National Merchant.....	Burlington.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Des Moines.....	<i>Die Iowa Tribune</i>	Burlington.....	Weekly.....	Commercial.....
Dubuque.....	<i>National Demokrat</i>	Burlington.....	Tri-Weekly and Weekly.....	"People's Party.".....
Dubuque.....	.....	Dubuque.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Dubuque.....	.....	Dubuque.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Republican.....
Dubuque.....	.....	Dubuque.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Dubuque.....	.....	Dubuque.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Fayette.....	Union.....	West Union.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Fayette.....	*Leader.....	Clermont.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Fayette.....	North Iowa Observer.....	Fayette.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Floyd.....	Eldred's Charles City Intelligencer.....	Charles City.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Franklin.....	Franklin Reporter.....	Hampton.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Fremont.....	The American Union.....	Sidney.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Fremont.....	Fremont Weekly Times.....	Hamburg.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Greene.....	New Jefferson Era.....	New Jefferson.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Guthrie.....	Guthrie County Ledger.....	Panora.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Guthrie.....	Guthrie Vedette.....	Panora.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Hamilton.....	The Hamilton Freeman.....	Webster City.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Hardin.....	Iowa Falls Sentinel.....	Iowa Falls.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Hardin.....	The Eldora Ledger.....	Eldora.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Harrison.....	The Western Star.....	Magnolia.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....

Henry.....	Mt. Pleasant Journal.....	Mt. Pleasant.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Henry.....	The Free Press.....	Mt. Pleasant.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Henry.....	The Salem Excelsior.....	Salem.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Howard.....	*Plainsdealer.....	.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Howard.....	Cresco Times.....	Cresco.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Humboldt.....	Humboldt True Democrat.....	Springvale.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Iowa.....	Progressive Republican.....	Marengo.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Iowa.....	*Citizen.....	Marengo.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Jackson.....	Maquoketa Excelsior.....	Maquoketa.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Jackson.....	The Bellevue Journal.....	Bellevue.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Jackson.....	*Sabula Gazette.....	Sabula.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Jasper.....	Jasper Free Press.....	Newton.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Jasper.....	The Jasper Weekly Republican.....	Newton.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Jefferson.....	The Fairfield Ledger.....	Fairfield.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Jefferson.....	The Home Visitor.....	Fairfield.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Jefferson.....	The Iowa Democrat.....	Fairfield.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Johnson.....	Iowa City Republican.....	Iowa City.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Johnson.....	The State Press.....	Iowa City.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Johnson.....	The Annals of Iowa.....	Iowa City.....	Quarterly.....	Historical.....
Jones.....	The Anamosa Eureka.....	Anamosa.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Jones.....	Monticello Express.....	Monticello.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Keokuk.....	Sigourney Weekly News.....	Sigourney.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Kossuth.....	The Upper Des Moines.....	Algona.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Lee.....	Gale City.....	Keokuk.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Republican.....
Lee.....	Fort Madison Plaindealer.....	Fort Madison.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Lee.....	.....	Keokuk.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Lee.....	.....	Keokuk.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Linn.....	.....	Cedar Rapids.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Linn.....	.....	Marion.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Linn.....	.....	Marion.....	Weekly.....	.....
Louis.....	.....	Wapello.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Lucas.....	.....	Chariton.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Lucas.....	.....	Chariton.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....

LIST OF NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PUBLICATIONS.	WHERE PUBLISHED.	HOW OFTEN PUBLISHED.	CHARACTER.
Madison.....	The Winterset Messenger.....	Winterset.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Mahaska.....	The Winterset Messenger.....	Oskaloosa.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Mahaska.....	ator.....	Oskaloosa.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Mahaska.....	.....	Oskaloosa.....	Monthly.....	Temperance.....
Marion.....	.....	Oskaloosa.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Marion.....	.....	Knoxville.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Marion.....	.....	Pella.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Marion.....	.....	Knoxville.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Marion.....	.....	Pella.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Marshall.....	.....	Marshalltown.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Marshall.....	.....	Marshalltown.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Mills.....	.....	Glenwood.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Mitchell.....	.....	Osgo.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Mitchell.....	.....	Mitchell.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Monona.....	.....	Onawa.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Monroe.....	.....	Albia.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Muscatine.....	The Weekly Albia Union.....	Muscatine.....	Daily, Tri weekly, and Weekly.....	Republican.....
Muscatine.....	Muscatine Journal.....	Muscatine.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Muscatine.....	Muscatine Courier.....	Muscatine.....	Weekly.....	.....
Muscatine.....	The Wilton Chronicle.....	Muscatine.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Page.....	The Page County Herald.....	Clarinda.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Polk.....	Iowa State Register.....	Des Moines.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Republican.....
Polk.....	Iowa Statesman.....	Des Moines.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Polk.....	Iowa Homestead.....	Des Moines.....	Weekly.....	Agricultural.....
Polk.....	Iowa Instructor and School Journal.....	Des Moines.....	Monthly.....	Educational.....
Polk.....	The Temperance Platform.....	Des Moines.....	Bi-weekly.....	Temperance.....
Polk.....	The Western Jurist.....	Des Moines.....	Bi-monthly.....	Legal.....
Pottawattamie.....	The Council Bluffs Bugle.....	Council Bluffs.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Pottawattamie.....	Council Bluffs Nonpareil.....	Council Bluffs.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Republican.....
Poweshiek.....	The Montezuma Republican.....	Montezuma.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Ringgold.....	The Ringgold Record.....	Mount Ayr.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....

Scott.....	Davenport Gazette.....	Davenport.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Republican.....
Scott.....	<i>Der Demokrat</i>	Davenport.....	Daily and Weekly.....	"People's Party".....
Scott.....	Davenport Democrat.....	Davenport.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Scott.....	Le Claire Register.....	Le Claire.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Scott.....	The True Radical.....	Davenport.....	Weekly.....	"People's Party".....
Scott.....	The Western Soldier's Friend.....	Davenport.....	Monthly.....	Republican.....
Story.....	The Story County Eagle.....	Nevada.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Tama.....	Tama County Union.....	Tama City.....	Weekly.....	.....
Tama.....	Tama County Republican.....	Tama City.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Tama.....	The Orford Leader.....	Orford.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Taylor.....	The Iowa South-West.....	Bedford.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Union.....	The Weekly Aston Tribune.....	Aston.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Van Buren.....	Keosauqua Republican.....	Keosauqua.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Van Buren.....	Bentonsport Signal.....	Bentonsport.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Wapello.....	Ottumwa Courier.....	Ottumwa.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Republican.....
Wapello.....	The Eddyville Transcript.....	Eddyville.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Wapello.....	Ottumwa Democratic Mercury.....	Ottumwa.....	Daily and Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Warren.....	Weekly Visitor.....	Indianola.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Washington.....	The Washington County Press.....	Washington.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Washington.....	The Record.....	Washington.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Wynne.....	Corydon Monitor.....	Corydon.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Webster.....	The Iowa North-West.....	Fort Dodge.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Winnebick.....	The Decorah Republican.....	Decorah.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Winnebick.....	The.....	Decorah.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....
Woodbury.....	The Sioux City Register.....	Sioux City.....	Weekly.....	Democrat.....
Woodbury.....	The Sioux City Journal.....	Sioux City.....	Weekly.....	Republican.....

NOTE.—The names of the papers in the above list have been taken from the first page headings, except those marked thus *, copies of which were not at hand. The names in italics are of those printed in the German language, except "*De Public Gazette*," which is printed in the Dutch language.

APPENDIX.

The matter contained in the following pages, comprising a list of executive, judicial, and legislative officers of the Territory and State from the organization of Iowa Territory, July 3, 1838, to the 1st of January, 1868, together with other information, has been prepared in the office of the Secretary of State from the records of that office and other reliable sources ; and was gotten up for the purpose of preserving the information thus collected in a compact and convenient form for official reference hereafter. The Census Board, believing it would be of interest and use to the public generally, have requested its publication. Accordingly, it is here inserted as an Appendix to the Census Report.

ED WRIGHT, Secretary of State.

HISTORICAL MEMORANDA.

The territory embraced in the present State of Iowa is a part of what is commonly called the "Louisiana Purchase," which, as is known, includes all that portion of our national possessions west of the Mississippi river, excepting Texas and the territory since obtained from Mexico and from Russia. This immense domain, known in the treaties as the "Colony or Province of Louisiana," was originally taken possession of by France, which nation divided with England, Spain and Russia the entire continent of North America. In 1763, at the close of what is known in our history as the "Old French War," and in Europe as the "Seven-years War," France parted with her share of the continent: Great Britain retaining Canada and the regions to the northward, which she had conquered during the war; while Spain obtained, by cession, the territory west of the Mississippi. On the 1st of October, 1800, Spain, by the treaty of St. Idlesonso, retroceded this territory to France. By the treaty of April 30, 1803, France ceded it to the United States; in consideration of which the former government was to receive the sum of \$11,250,000, and the liquidation of certain claims held by citizens of the United States against France, not exceeding in amount \$3,750,000.

By act of Congress, approved October 31, 1803, the President was authorized to take possession of the territory and provide for it a temporary government. By another act of the same session, approved March 26, 1804, the newly acquired country was divided, October 1, 1804, into the territory of "Orleans" (south of the thirty-third parallel north latitude) and the District of "Louisiana," which latter was placed under the authority of the officers of Indiana Territory. On the 4th of July, 1805, under act of Congress, approved March 3, 1805, the "District of Louisiana" was organized into a territory of the same name, with a government of its own, in which condition it remained until 1812. On the 30th of April, in that year, the territory of Orleans became a State of the Union, under the name of "Louisiana;" and on the first Monday in December, by virtue of an act approved June 4, 1812, the territory of Louisiana was reorganized and called the "Territory of Missouri." By an act of Congress approved March 2, 1819, which took effect July 4, "Arkansaw Territory" was formed, comprising the present State of Arkansas and the country to the westward. By a joint resolution, approved March 2, 1821, the "State of Missouri," being a part of the territory of that name, was admitted into the Union.

By act of Congress, approved June 28, 1834, the territory "bounded on the east by the Mississippi river, on the south by the State of Missouri," &c., was made a part of the territory of Michigan. On the 3d day of July, 1836, Wisconsin territory, embracing within its limits the present States of Iowa, Minnesota, and Wisconsin, was taken from that of Michigan, and given a separate government. On the 3d day of July, 1838, by virtue of an act of Congress, approved June 12, 1838, the territory of Iowa was constituted; including, in addition to

the present State, the greater part of what is now Minnesota, and extending northward to the British line.

By act of Congress, approved March 8d, 1845, provision was made for the admission of Iowa into the Union, with boundaries extending on the north to the parallel of latitude passing through the mouth of the Mankato or Blue Earth river, and on the west only to $17^{\circ} 30'$ west from Washington, corresponding very nearly to the existing line between Ringgold and Union counties, on the one hand, and Taylor and Adams on the other. The Constitutional Convention of 1844 had adopted much more extensive boundaries even than those of the present State, the northwestern line extending from the mouth of the Big Sioux or Calumet river direct to the St. Peter's river where the Watonwan river (according to Nicollet's map) enters the same; thence down the main channel of said river to the main channel of the Mississippi river; and thence down the Mississippi, embracing within the proposed limits some of the richest portions of the present State of Minnesota. The reduction of these boundaries by Congress being quite distasteful to the people, the whole thing was rejected at a popular election. In 1846, Congress proposed new boundary lines, which were embodied in the Constitution adopted that year; the State retaining the Missouri slope, but submitting to a material reduction of its pretensions on the north, its western line in that direction, however, being extended to the Big Sioux river. The Constitution with these modified boundaries having been accepted by the people, the STATE OF IOWA was formally admitted into the Union on the twenty-eighth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, as the twenty-ninth State in the Confederacy.

REGISTER OF THE TERRITORY OF IOWA.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS.

GOVERNORS.

Robert Lucas, appointed 1838.
John Chambers, appointed 1841.
James Clarke, appointed November, 1845.

SECRETARIES.

William B. Conway, appointed 1838; died in office, November, 1839.
James Clarke, appointed 1839.
O. H. W. Stull, appointed 1841.
Samuel J. Burr, appointed 1843.
Jesse Williams, appointed 1845.

TERRITORIAL AUDITORS.

Office created January 7, 1840.

Jesse Williams, appointed January 14, 1840.
William L. Gilbert, appointed January 23, 1843; reappointed February 27, 1844.
Robert M. Secrest, appointed 1845.

TERRITORIAL TREASURERS.

Office created February 23, 1839.

Thornton Bayless, appointed January 23, 1839.
Morgan Reno, appointed 1840.

TERRITORIAL AGENTS.

—
Office created January 14, 1841.
 —

Jesse Williams, appointed January 15, 1841.

John M. Colman, appointed in 1842; reappointed February 15, 1843, and February 12, 1844.

Anson Hart, appointed 1844 or 1845.

Office abolished May 29, 1845.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

—
Office created February 12, 1841.
 —

William Reynolds, appointed in 1841.

Office abolished March 19, 1842.

COMMISSIONERS TO LOCATE THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT AT IOWA CITY.

—
Under Act approved January 21, 1839.
 —

Chauncey Swan, appointed February 20, 1839.

John Ronalds, appointed February 20, 1839.

Robert Ralston, appointed February 20, 1839.

Legislated out of office January 14, 1841.

JUDICIARY OF IOWA TERRITORY.

SUPREME COURT.

—
 Charles Mason, Chief Justice, 1838 to 1846.

Joseph Williams, Associate Justice, 1838 to 1846.

Thomas S. Wilson, Associate Justice, 1838 to 1846.

Thornton Bayless, Clerk, 1838 to —.

George S. Hampton, Clerk, — to 1846.

Eastin Morris, Reporter, 1843 to 1846.

REPRESENTATION IN CONGRESS.

DELEGATES.

William W. Chapman; in the XXVth and XXVIth Congresses.

Francis Gehon.*

Augustus C. Dodge; in the XXVIIth, XXVIIIth, and XXIXth Congresses.

* Elected in 1899, but appears never to have acted as delegate.

LEGISLATIVE.

FIRST LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Burlington, November 12, 1838. Adjourned January 25, 1839.

COUNCIL.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee	Jesse B. Browne
Van Buren.....	J. Keith, E. A. M. Swazy
Des Moines.....	Arthur Inghram, Robert Ralston, George Hepner.
Henry.....	Jesse D. Payne, L. B. Hughes
Muscatine, Louisa, Slaughter..	James M. Clark.....
Cedar, Johnson, Jones, Linn ..	Charles Whittlesey.....
Scott and Clinton.....	Jonathan W. Parker ..
Dubuque, Jackson, Clayton ...	Warner Lewis, Stephen Hempstead
Jesse B. Browne, elected President November 18.	
B. F. Wallace, elected Secretary November 18.	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee	William Patterson, Hawkins Taylor, Calvin J. Price, James Brierly.....
Van Buren	James Hall, Gideon S. Bailey, Samuel Parker...
Des Moines.....	James W. Grimes, George Temple, Van B. Delashmutt, Thomas Blair, George H. Beeler*.....
Henry.....	William G. Coop, William H. Wallace, Asbury B. Porter.....
Muscatine, Louisa, Slaughter..	John Frierson, William L. Toole, Levi Thornton, S. Clinton Hastings.....
Cedar, Johnson, Jones, Linn ..	Robert G. Roberts
Scott and Clinton.....	Laurel Summers, Jabez A. Burchard, jr.†.....
Dubuque, Jackson, Clayton ...	Chauncey Swan, Andrew Bankson, Thomas Cox, Hardin Nowlin
William H. Wallace, elected Speaker November 13.	
Joseph T. Fales, elected Chief Clerk November 13.	

* Qualified and took his seat November 21, as successor to Cyrus S. Jacobs, deceased.

† Obtained his seat November 22; the House on that day deciding in his favor, and against Samuel R. Murray, who had up till that time occupied the seat.

SECOND LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.*

Convened at Burlington, November 4, 1839. Adjourned January 17, 1840.

COUNCIL.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	Jesse B. Browne.....
Van Buren.....	J. Keith, E. A. M. Swazy.....
Des Moines.....	Arthur Inghram, Robert Ralston, George Hepner.
Henry.....	Jesse D. Payne, L. B. Hughes.....
Muscatine, Louisa † Slaughter.	James M. Clark
Cedar, Jones, Linn, Johnson...	Charles Whittlesey.....
Scott and Clinton.....	Jonathan W. Parker.....
Dubuque, Jackson, Clayton. .	Warner Lewis, Stephen Hempstead.....
Stephen Hempstead, elected President November 7.	
B. F. Wallace, elected Secretary November 5.	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	William Patterson, Edward Johnston, Alfred Rich, Joshua Owen.....
Van Buren.....	James Hall, Gideon S. Bailey, Uriah Biggs.....
Des Moines.....	William R. Ross, Shepherd Leffler, L. N. English, Isaac Fleenor, Joseph C. Hawkins.....
Henry and Jefferson.....	William G. Coop, Jacob L. Myers, John B. Lash.
Muscatine and Johnson.....	S. Clinton Hastings, T. T. Clark.....
Louisa and Washington.....	Daniel Brewer, Jacob Mintun.....
Cedar, Jones, and Linn.....	George H. Walworth.....
Scott and Clinton.....	Laurel Summers, Joseph M. Robertson.....
Jackson.....	Thomas Cox.....
Dubuque, Clayton, &c.....	Edward Langworthy, Loring Wheeler, James Churchman ...
Edward Johnston, elected Speaker November 4.	
Joseph T. Fales, elected Chief Clerk November 4.	

* An extra session of this Assembly was held at Burlington, July 18, 1840, pursuant to an act of the Legislative Assembly, approved January 11, 1840.
† Now called Washington.

THIRD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Burlington, November 2, 1840. Adjourned January 15, 1841.

COUNCIL.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	Jesse B. Browne, Edward Johnston.....
Van Buren.....	James Hall, Gideon S. Bailey.....
Des Moines.....	J. C. Hawkins.....
Henry.....	William H. Wallace.....
Jefferson.....	William G. Coop.....
Louisa and Washington.....	Francis Springer.....
Muscatine and Johnson.....	S. Clinton Hastings.....
Cedar, Jones, and Linn.....	George Greene.....
Scott and Clinton.....	Jonathan W. Parker.....
Jackson, Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c.....	M. Bainbridge, Joseph S. Kirkpatrick.....
	M. Bainbridge, elected President November 3.
	B. F. Wallace, elected Secretary November 3.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	James Brierly, Daniel F. Miller, John Box.....
Van Buren... ..	Isaac N. Lewis, John Whitaker, William Steele..
Des Moines.....	Shepherd Leffler, Milton D. Browning, Alfred Hebard, Robert Avery, David Hendershott....
Henry.....	John B. Lash, Asbury B. Porter, Paton Wilson..
Jefferson	Alexander A. Wilson.....
Louisa.....	William L. Toole.....
Washington.....	Simon P. Teeple.....
Muscatine.....	Thomas M. Isett.....
Johnson....	Henry Felkner.....
Cedar, Jones, and Linn.....	George H. Walworth, Harmon Van Antwerp....
Scott and Clinton.....	Laurel Summers, Joseph M. Robertson....
Jackson.....	Thomas Cox.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c.....	Edward Langworthy, Timothy Mason.....
	Thomas Cox, elected Speaker November 3.
	Joseph T. Fales, elected Chief Clerk November 3.

FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Iowa City, December 6, 1841. Adjourned February 18, 1842.

COUNCIL.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	Jesse B. Browne, Edward Johnston.....
Van Buren.....	James Hall, Gideon S. Bailey.....
Des Moines.....	* Shepherd Leffler.....
Henry.....	William H. Wallace.....
Jefferson.....	William G. Coop.....
Louisa and Washington	Francis Springer.....
Muscatine and Johnson.....	S. Clinton Hastings.....
Cedar, Jones, and Linn.....	George Greene.....
Scott and Clinton.....	Jonathan W. Parker... ..
Jackson, Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c.....	M. Bainbridge, Joseph S. Kirkpatrick.....
J. W. Parker, elected President December 7.	
J. W. Woods, elected Secretary December 7.	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	William Patterson, E. S. McCulloch, Henry S. Campbell.....
Van Buren.....	John M. Whitaker, Uriah Biggs, Oliver Weld....
Des Moines.....	Alfred Hebard, Isaac Leffler, David E. Blair, George Hepner, James M. Morgan.....
Henry.....	Asbury B. Porter, Paton Wilson, Simeon Smead.
Jefferson.....	Richard Quinton.....
Louisa.....	William L. Toole.....
Washington.....	Thomas Baker.....
Muscatine.....	Samuel Holliday.....
Johnson.....	Henry Felkner.....
Cedar, Jones, and Linn.....	Samuel P. Higginson, Thomas Denson.....
Scott and Clinton.....	Joseph M. Robertson, James Grant.....
Jackson.....	James K. Morse.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c.	Warner Lewis, C. H. Booth.....
Warner Lewis, elected Speaker December 7.	
Joseph T. Fales, elected Chief Clerk December 7.	

* Elected to fill vacancy.

FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Continued at Iowa City, December 5, 1842. Adjourned February 17, 1843.

COUNCIL.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	William Patterson, Robert M. G. Patterson...
Van Buren.....	John D. Elbert, James H. Jenkins.....
Des Moines.....	Shepherd Leffler.....
Henry.....	William H. Wallace.....
Jefferson.....	Joseph B Teas.....
Louisa and Washington.....	Francis Springer.....
Muscatine and Johnson.....	Pleasant Harris.....
Cedar, Jones, and Linn.....	John P. Cook.....
Scott and Clinton.....	Robert Christie.....
Jackson, Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c.....	Thomas Cox, Francis Gehon.....
John D. Elbert, elected President December 7.	
Joseph T. Fales, elected Secretary December 7.	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	James Brierly, E. S. McCulloch, Wm. Steele. ...
Van Buren.....	Isaac N. Lewis, Rickey D. Barton, Samuel Swearingen.....
Des Moines.....	David E. Blair, Geo. Hepner, James M. Morgan, Abner Hackleman, David J. Sales.....
Henry.....	Paton Wilson, Evan Jay, Thomas McMillan.....
Jefferson.....	John W. Culbertson
Louisa.....	Joseph Newell.....
Washington.....	David Bunker.....
Muscatine.....	Err Thornton.....
Johnson.....	Henry Felkner.....
Cedar and Jones.....	George H. Walworth, John C. Berry.....
Scott.....	Joseph M. Robertson.....
Clinton.....	Eli Goddard.....
Jackson.....	Ansel Briggs.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c.	Thomas Rogers, Frederick Andros.....
James M. Morgan, elected Speaker December 6.	
B. F. Wallace, elected Chief Clerk December 6.	

SIXTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.*

Concened at Iowa City, December 4, 1843. Adjourned February 16, 1844.

COUNCIL.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	William Patterson, Robert M. G. Patterson.....
Van Buren.....	John D. Elbert, James H. Jenkins.....
Des Moines.....	Shepherd Leffler.....
Henry.....	William H. Wallace.....
Jefferson.....	Joseph B. Teas.....
Louisa and Washington.....	Francis Springer.....
Muscatine and Johnson.....	Pleasant Harris.....
Cedar, Jones, and Linn.....	John P. Cook.....
Scott and Clinton.....	Robert Christie.....
Jackson, Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c	Thomas Cox, Francis Gehon.....
Thomas Cox, elected President January 11, on the forty-first ballot—Francis Springer acting as President <i>pro tem.</i> till that time.	
B. F. Wallace, elected Secretary December 7.	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	James Brierly, William Steele, Joseph Roberts..
Van Buren.....	Josiah H. Bonney, Sam'l Borland, Jas. M. Wray.
Des Moines.....	Alfred Hebard, Abuer Hackleman, James W. Grimes, John Johnson, John D. Wright.....
Henry.....	Paton Wilson, Hamilton Robb, Wm. Thompson.
Jefferson	John W. Culbertson.....
Louisa.....	George W. McCleary.....
Washington....	Thomas Baker.....
Muscatine.....	Edward E. Fay.....
Johnson.....	James P. Carleton.....
Cedar, Jones, and Linn.....	George H. Walworth, Robert Smythe
Scott.....	Gilbert C. R. Mitchell.....
Clinton.....	John Brophy.....
Jackson. . .	John Foley.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c.	Thomas Rogers, Hardin Nowlin.....
James P. Carleton, elected Speaker December 5.	
Joseph T. Fales, elected Chief Clerk December 5.	

* An extra session of this Assembly was held at Iowa City June 16, 1844, pursuant to an act of the Assembly approved February 15, 1844.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

Convened at Iowa City, October 7, 1844. Adjourned November 1, 1844.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	Charles Staley, Alexander Kerr, David Galland, Calvin J. Price, James Marsh, John Thompson, Henry M. Salmon, O. S. X. Peck.....
Des Moines.....	James Clarke, Henry Robinson, John D. Wright, Shepherd Leffler, Andrew Hooten, Enos Lowe, John Ripley, George Hepner.....
Van Buren.....	Elisha Cutler, jr., John Davidson, Paul Brattain, David Ferguson, Gideon S. Bailey, John Hale, jr., Thomas Charlton
Jefferson.....	Robert Brown, Hardin Butler, Sulifand S. Ross, James L. Murray, Samuel Whitmore.....
Henry.....	Joseph C. Hawkins, George Hobson, John H. Randolph, Jonathan C. Hall, Joseph D. Hoag.
Washington.....	Wm. R. Harrison, Enoch Ross, Caleb B. Campbell.
Louisa.....	John Brookbank, Wm. L. Toole, Wright Williams.
Muscatine.....	Jonathan E. Fletcher, Ralph P. Lowe, Elijah Sells.
Johnson.....	Robert Lucas, Samuel H. McCrory, Henry Felkner.
Linn.....	Thomas J. McKean, Samuel W. Durham, Luman M. Strong.....
Cedar.....	Samuel A. Bissell, James H. Gower
Scott.....	James Grant, Andrew W. Campbell, Ebenezer Cook.....
Clinton.....	Lyman Evans, Ralph R. Benedict.....
Jones.....	John Taylor.....
Jackson.....	Joseph S. Kirkpatrick, William Morden, Richard B. Wyckoff.....
Wapello.....	William H. Galbraith, William W. Chapman....
Davis.....	J. C. Blankinship, Samuel W. McAtee... ..
Keokuk.....	Richard Quinton.....
Mahaska.....	Van B. Delashmutt, Stephen B. Shelledy.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Black Hawk, and Fayette.....	Francis Gehon, Edward Langworthy, Theophilus Crawford, Stephen Hempstead, Samuel B. Olmstead, Michael O'Brien.

Shepherd Leffler, elected President October 7.

George S. Hampton, elected Secretary October 7.

The constitution adopted by this convention was rejected by the people at an election held on the 4th day of August, 1845, there being 7,235 votes cast "for the constitution," and 7,656 votes cast "against the constitution."

SEVENTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Iowa City, May 5, 1845. Adjourned June 11, 1845.

COUNCIL.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	James Brierly, John Thompson.....
Van Buren, Davis, Appanoose.	Paul Brattain, Henry M. Shelby.....
Des Moines.....	Shepherd Leffler.....
Henry.....	John Stephenson.....
Jefferson, Wapello, and *Kish- kekosh.....	William G. Coop.....
Louisa, Washington, Keokuk, Mahaska, &c.....	Enoch Ross
Muscatine and Johnson.....	S. Clinton Hastings.....
Cedar, Linn and Jones.....	William Abbe.....
Scott and Clinton.....	Laurel Summers.....
Jackson, Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c.....	Stephen Hempstead, Philip B. Bradley.....
S. Clinton Hastings, elected President May 7.	
John F. Kinney, elected Secretary May 7.	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee	Jacob Huner, Charles Stewart, James Anderson.
Van Buren.....	Frederick Hancock, George Montague, George W. Lester.....
Des Moines.....	James M. Morgan, John Johnson, Ebenezer W. Davis, George Chandler, Richard Noble.....
Henry.....	Norton Munger, Samuel D. Woodworth, Charles Clifton.....
Jefferson, Wapello, and *Kish- kekosh.....	Reuben R. Harper.....
Louisa.....	George W. McCleary
Washington, Keokuk, Mahaska, &c.....	Stephen B. Shelledy.....
Muscatine.....	Abraham T. Banks.....
Johnson.....	Hugh D. Downey.....
Cedar, Linn and Jones.....	Joseph K. Snyder, John Taylor.....
Scott.....	Joseph M. Robertson.....
Clinton.....	Shubae Coy.....
Jackson.....	James Leonard.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c	David S. Wilson, Samuel Murdock.....
James M. Morgan, elected Speaker May 6.	
William Thompson, elected Chief Clerk May 6.	

* Now called Monroe.

EIGHTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Iowa City, December 1, 1845. Adjourned January 19, 1846.

COUNCIL.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	James Brierly, John Thompson.
Van Buren, Davis, and Appa- noose.....	Paul Brattain, Henry M. Shelby.....
Des Moines.....	Shepherd Leffler.....
Henry.....	John Stephenson.....
Jefferson, Wapello, and Kisk- kekosh.....	William G. Coop.....
Louisa, Washington, Keokuk, Mahaska, &c.....	Enoch Ross... ..
Muscatine and Johnson.....	S. Clinton Hastings.....
Cedar, Linn, and Jones.....	William Abbe.....
Scott and Clinton.....	Laurel Summers.
Jackson, Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c.....	Stephen Hempstead, Philip B. Bradley.....
Stephen Hempstead, elected President December 3.	
John F. Kinney, elected Secretary December 3.	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	Jacob Hunter, Wm. Patterson, Jesse B. Browne..
Van Buren....	Frederick Hancock, George W. Lester, David Ferguson.....
Des Moines.....	James M. Morgan, John D. Wright, John Ripley, Archibald McMichael, Joshua Holland.
Henry....	Norton Munger, Samuel D. Woodworth, Charles Clifton.....
Jefferson, Wapello, and *Kish- kekosh.....	Joseph Flink.....
Louisa.....	George W. McCleary.....
Washington, Keokuk, Mahaska, &c.....	Stephen B. Shelledy.....
Muscatine	Abraham T. Banks.....
Johnson.....	Hugh D. Downey....
Cedar, Linn and Jones.....	Joseph K. Snyder, John Taylor.....
Scott.....	Joseph M. Robertson.....
Clinton.....	Shubael Coy.....
Jackson	Thomas Graham.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, &c.....	David S. Wilson, Samuel Murdock.....
George W. McCleary, elected Speaker December 2.	
William Thompson, elected Chief Clerk December 2.	

* Now called Monroe.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

Convened at Iowa City, May 4, 1846. Adjourned May 19, 1846.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	David Galland, Josiah Kent, George Berry.....
Des Moines.....	Enos Lowe, Shepherd Leffler, George W. Bowie.
Van Buren.....	Thomas Dibble, Erastus Hoskins, Wm. Steele...
Jefferson.....	Sullifand S. Ross, William G. Coop.....
Henry	George Hobson, Alvin Saunders.....
Davis	John J. Selman.....
Appanoose and Monroe.....	Wareham G. Clark.....
Wapello.....	Joseph H. Hedrick.....
Iowa, Marion, Polk, and Jasper	John Conrey.....
Mahaska.....	Stephen B. Shelledy.. ..
Keokuk.....	Sanford Harned.....
Washington	Stewart Goodrell.....
Louisa	John Ronalds.....
Muscatine	J. Scott Richman
Johnson	Curtis Bates
Linn and Benton.....	Socrates H. Tryon.....
Cedar.....	Samuel A. Bissell
Scott.....	James Grant
Clinton.....	Henry P. Haun.....
Jackson	William Hubbell
Jones	Sylvester G. Matson.....
Clayton	David Olmstead
Dubuque, Delaware, Buchanan, Fayette, Black Hawk.....	Thomas McCraney, Francis K. O'Ferrall.....
Enos Lowe, elected President May 4.	
William Thompson, elected Secretary May 4.	

The constitution adopted by this convention was sanctioned by the people at an election held on the 31 day of August, 1846, there being 9,492 votes cast "for the constitution," and 9,036 votes cast "against the constitution." This constitution was presented to Congress in December, 1846, and on the 28th of the same month an act was passed for the admission of Iowa into the Union. The first election for State officers was held on the 26th day of October, 1846, pursuant to proclamation of Governor James Clarke, when Ansel Briggs was elected Governor, Elisha Cutler, jr., Secretary of State, Joseph T. Fales, Auditor, and Morgan Reno, Treasurer.

REGISTER OF THE STATE OF IOWA.

OFFICERS OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

GOVERNORS.

- Ansel Briggs, Jackson county; elected October 26, 1846; oath of office administered December 3, by Chief Justice Mason.
- Stephen Hempstead, Dubuque county; elected August 5, 1850; oath of office administered December 4, by Chief Justice Williams.
- James W. Grimes, Des Moines county; elected August 3, 1854; oath of office administered December 9, 1854, by Maturin L. Fisher, President of the Joint Convention.
- Ralph P. Lowe, Lee county; elected October 13, 1857; oath of office administered January 14, 1858, by Chief Justice Wright.
- Samuel J. Kirkwood, Johnson county; elected October 11, 1859; oath of office administered January 11, 1860, by Chief Justice Wright.
- Samuel J. Kirkwood, Johnson county; re-elected October 8, 1861; oath of office administered January 15, 1862, by Chief Justice Baldwin.
- William M. Stone, Marion county; elected October 13, 1863; oath of office administered January 14, 1864, by Chief Justice Wright.
- William M. Stone, Marion county; re-elected October 10, 1865; oath of office administered January 11, 1866, by Lieut.-Governor Eastman.
- Samuel Merrill, Clayton county; elected October 8, 1867.
-

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS.

Office created September 3, 1857, by the New Constitution.

- Oran Faville, Mitchell county; elected October 13, 1857; qualified January 14, 1858.
- Nicholas J. Rusch, Scott county; elected October 11, 1859; qualified January 11, 1860.
- John R. Needham, Mahaska county; elected October 8, 1861; qualified January 15, 1862.
- Enoch W. Eastman, Hardin county; elected October 13, 1863; qualified January 14, 1864.
- Benjamin F. Gue, Webster county; elected October 10, 1865; qualified January 11, 1866.
- John Scott, Story county; elected October 8, 1867.

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

- Elisha Cutler, jr., Van Buren county; elected October 26, 1846; qualified December 5.
- Josiah H. Bonney, Van Buren county; elected August 7, 1848; qualified December 4.
- George W. McCleary, Johnson county; elected August 5, 1850; qualified December 2.
- George W. McCleary, Johnson county; re-elected August 2, 1852; bond approved December 4.
- George W. McCleary, Johnson county; re-elected August 7, 1854; qualified December 4.
- Elijah Sells, Muscatine county; elected August 4, 1856; qualified December 1.
- Elijah Sells, Muscatine county; re-elected October 12, 1858; second term commenced January 3, 1859.
- Elijah Sells, Muscatine county; re-elected November 6, 1860; third term commenced January 7, 1861.
- James Wright, Delaware county; elected October 14, 1862; term of office commenced January 5, 1863.
- James Wright, Delaware county; re-elected November 8, 1864; second term commenced January 2, 1865.
- Ed Wright, Cedar county; elected October 9, 1866; term of office commenced January 7, 1867.

AUDITORS OF STATE *

- Joseph T. Fales, Des Moines county; elected October 26, 1846; qualified December 4.
- Joseph T. Fales, Des Moines county; re-elected August 7, 1848; bond approved March 5, 1849.
- William Pattee, Bremer county; elected August 5, 1850; bond approved December 2.
- William Pattee, Bremer county; re-elected August 2, 1852; bond approved December 8.
- Andrew J. Stevens, Polk county; elected August 7, 1854; qualified December 4; resigned in 1855.
- John Pattee, Bremer county; appointed by the Governor, September 13, 1855; bond approved September 22.
- John Pattee, Bremer county; elected August 4, 1856; qualified December 2.
- Jonathan W. Cattell, Cedar county; elected October 12, 1858; term of office commenced January 3, 1859.
- Jonathan W. Cattell, Cedar county; re-elected November 6, 1860; second term commenced January 7, 1861.
- Jonathan W. Cattell, Cedar county; re-elected October 14, 1862; third term commenced January 5, 1863.
- John A. Elliott, Mitchell county; elected November 8, 1864; term of office commenced January 2, 1865.
- John A. Elliott, Mitchell county; re-elected October 9, 1866; second term commenced January 7, 1867.

* This officer was styled "Auditor of Public Accounts," in the former Constitution of the State.

TREASURERS OF STATE.*

Morgan Reno, Johnson county; elected October 26, 1846; qualified December 18.
 Morgan Reno, Johnson county; re-elected August 7, 1848; bond approved January 11, 1849.
 Israel Kister, Davis county; elected August 5, 1850; qualified December 2.
 Martin L. Morris, Polk county; elected August 2, 1852; qualified December 4.
 Martin L. Morris, Polk county; re-elected August 7, 1854; qualified December 4.
 Martin L. Morris, Polk county; re-elected August 4, 1856; qualified December 1.
 John W. Jones, Hardin county; elected October 12, 1858; term of office commenced January 3, 1859.
 John W. Jones, Hardin county; re-elected November 6, 1860; second term commenced January 7, 1861.
 William H. Holmes, Jones county; elected October 8, 1862; term of office commenced January 5, 1863.
 William H. Holmes, Jones county; re-elected November 8, 1864; second term commenced January 2, 1865.
 Samuel E. Rankin, Washington county; elected October 9, 1866; term of office commenced January 7, 1867.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Office created in 1847.

James Harlan, Henry county; elected April 5, 1847; †qualified June 5.
 Thomas H. Benton, jr., Dubuque county; elected April 3, 1848; qualified May 23.
 Thomas H. Benton, jr., Dubuque county; re-elected April 7, 1851; bond approved July 25.
 James D. Eads, Lee county; elected April 4, 1854; bond approved June 7; suspended March 3, 1857.
 Joseph C. Stone, Johnson county; appointed by the Governor and qualified March 4, 1857.
 Maturin L. Fisher, Clayton county; elected April 1, 1857; qualified June 9.
 Office abolished by act of the Board of Education passed December 24, 1858, the duties of the office to be performed by the Secretary of that Board.

SECRETARIES OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Office created by act of Board of Education, passed December 24, 1858.

Josiah T. Tubby, Polk county; acting as Secretary of the Board during its session which commenced December 6, 1858, and continuing after its adjournment as acting Secretary of the Board of Education, under resolution of December 24, until the Secretary elected by the Board should qualify. Mr. Tubby qualified December 29.

* The designation of this office was "Treasurer," under the Constitution of 1846.

† The Supreme Court decided (July term, 1847,) that the law creating the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction had not gone into effect when this election was held. A second election was accordingly held the following year.

Thomas H. Benton, jr., Pottawattamie county; elected by the Board of Education, December 21, 1858; qualified January 14, 1859.

Thomas H. Benton, jr., Pottawattamie county; re-elected December 21, 1859.

Thomas H. Benton, jr., Pottawattamie county; re-elected December 6, 1861; resigned in 1863.

Oran Faville, Mitchell county; appointed by the Governor and qualified January 1 1864.

Office abolished March 23, 1864, and duties devolved on Superintendent of Public Instruction.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Office again created March 23, 1864.

Oran Faville, Mitchell county; elected by the General Assembly, March 26, 1864; qualified March 28.

Oran Faville, Mitchell county; re-elected, by the people, October 10, 1865; second term commenced January 1, 1866. Resigned March 1, 1867.

D. Franklin Wells, Johnson county; appointed by the Governor, March 4, 1867; qualified March 9; elected by the people October 8, 1867, for the balance of the term.

D. Franklin Wells, Johnson county; re-elected October 8, 1867; new term commences January 1, 1868.

REGISTERS OF THE STATE LAND-OFFICE.

Anson Hart, Johnson county; elected April 2, 1855; bond approved May 5.

Theodore S. Parvin, Muscatine county; elected April 6, 1857; qualified May 18.

Amos B. Miller, Cerro Gordo county; elected October 12, 1858; term of office commenced January 3, 1859.

Amos B. Miller, Cerro Gordo county; re-elected November 6, 1860; second term commenced January 7, 1861. Appointed Captain Company B, Thirty-second Iowa Infantry, October 6, 1862.

Edwin Mitchell, Polk county; appointed by the Governor October 1862; qualified October 31.

Josiah A. Harvey, Fremont county; elected October 14, 1862; term of office commenced January 5, 1863.

Josiah A. Harvey, Fremont county; re-elected November 8, 1864; second term commenced January 2, 1865.

Cyrus C. Carpenter, Webster county; elected October 9, 1866; term of office commenced January 7, 1867.

STATE PRINTERS.

—
Office created January 8, 1849.
 —

- Garrett D. Palmer and George Paul, Johnson county; elected January 4, 1849; term commenced May 1.
 Harrison Holt and Andrew Keesecker, Dubuque county; elected February 4, 1851; declined.
 William H. Merritt, Dubuque county; appointed by Governor April 12, 1851; term of office commenced May 1, 1851.
 William A. Hornish, Lee county; elected January 20, 1853; term commenced May 1; resignation accepted May 16.
 Dennis A. Mahony and Joseph B. Dorr, Dubuque county; appointed May 16, 1853; qualified May 23.
 Peter Moriarty, Jackson county; elected January 20, 1855; term of office commenced May 1.
 John Teesdale, Johnson county; elected January 12, 1857; term commenced May 1.
 John Teesdale; re-elected January 26, 1858; second term commenced May 1, 1859.
 Francis W. Palmer, Dubuque county; elected January 25, 1860; term of office commenced May 1, 1861.
 Francis W. Palmer; re-elected January 27, 1862; second term commenced May 1, 1863.
 Francis W. Palmer; re-elected January 16, 1864; third term commenced May 1, 1865.
 Francis W. Palmer; re-elected March 10, 1866; fourth term commenced May 1, 1867.

STATE BINDERS.

—
Office created February 21, 1855.
 —

- William M. Coles, Scott county; appointed by the Governor March 16, 1855; term of office commenced May 1.
 William M. Coles; elected by the General Assembly January 12, 1857; second term commenced May 1.
 Frank M. Mills, Polk county; elected January 26, 1858; term of office commenced May 1, 1859.
 Frank M. Mills; re-elected January 25, 1860; second term commenced May 1, 1861.
 Frank M. Mills; re-elected January 27, 1862; third term commenced May 1, 1863.
 Frank M. Mills; re-elected January 16, 1864; fourth term commenced May 1, 1865.
 James S. Carter, Polk county; elected March 10, 1866; term commenced May 1, 1867.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF IOWA.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

*Charles Mason, Des Moines county; resigned in June, 1847.

Joseph Williams, Muscatine county; appointed by the Governor, June, 1847.
Term expired January 25, 1848, by constitutional limitation.

S. Clinton Hastings, Muscatine county; appointed by the Governor, January 26, 1848. Term expired January 15, 1849.

Joseph Williams, Muscatine county; elected by the General Assembly December 7, 1848, and commissioned December 26, 1848, for six years—from January 15, 1849.

George G. Wright, Van Buren county; elected January 15, 1855; qualified January 11.

Ralph P. Lowe, Lee county; elected Judge October 11, 1859, with Caleb Baldwin and Lacon D. Stockton, and drawing the shortest term, became Chief Justice; qualified January 12, 1860.

Caleb Baldwin, Pottawattamie county; elected as above, and drawing the second shortest term became Chief Justice January 1, 1862.

George G. Wright, Van Buren county; term commenced January 1, 1864.

Ralph P. Lowe, Lee county; term commenced January 1, 1866.

John F. Dillon, Scott county; term commences January 1, 1868.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES.

*Joseph Williams, Muscatine county. Appointed Chief Justice June, 1847.

*Thomas S. Wilson, Dubuque county. Resigned in October, 1847.

John F. Kinney, Lee county; appointed by the Governor June 12, 1847, and again January 26, 1848; elected by the General Assembly, and commissioned, December 8. Resignation accepted January 20, 1854, to take effect February 15.

George Greene, Dubuque county; appointed by the Governor November 1, 1847, and again January 26, 1848; elected by the General Assembly December, 7, 1848; term of office commenced January 15, 1849. Succeeded by W. G. Woodward.

Jonathan C. Hall, Des Moines county; appointed by the Governor January 20, 1854, to succeed Kinney, resigned. Succeeded by N. W. Isbell.

* Held over from territorial government, owing to failure of State Legislature to elect Judges. Their successors were appointed by the Governor, to hold office till the adjournment of the next session of the Legislature; when appointments were again made, as above.

- William G. Woodward, Muscatine county; elected by the General Assembly January 5, 1855; qualified January 9.
- Norman W. Isbell, Linn county; elected by the General Assembly January 6, 1855; qualified January 16. Resigned in 1856.
- Lacou D. Stockton, Des Moines county; appointed by the Governor May 17, 1856, vice Isbell, resigned; qualified June 3; elected by the General Assembly January 12, 1857; re-elected by the people under the present Constitution October 11, 1859. Died June 9, 1860.
- Caleb Baldwin, Pottawattamie county; elected by the people October 11, 1859 qualified January 11, 1860. Became Chief Justice January 1, 1862.
- George G. Wright, Van Buren county; appointed by the Governor June 19, 1860, vice Stockton, deceased; qualified June 26; elected by the people November 6, 1860. Became Chief Justice January 1, 1864. Re-elected October 10, 1865; new term commenced January 1, 1866.
- Ralph P. Lowe, Lee county; re-elected October 8, 1861; new term commenced January 1, 1862. Became Chief Justice January 1, 1866.
- John F. Dillon, Scott county; elected October 13, 1863, vice Baldwin; term commenced January 1, 1864; becomes Chief Justice January 1, 1868.
- Chester C. Cole, Polk county; appointed March 1, 1864, by the Governor, under the provisions of Chapter 23, Acts of 10th General Assembly, which took effect February 27, 1864; qualified same day; elected by the people November 8, 1864; term commenced January 1, 1865.
- Joseph M. Beck, Lee county; elected by the people October 8, 1867; term commences January 1, 1868.

CLERKS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

- George S. Hampton, Johnson county; appointed and bond approved July 6, 1867.
- George S. Hampton, appointed February 2, 1848, for the 4th Judicial District.
- James W. Woods, appointed 1848, for the 1st Judicial District.
- Alexander D. Anderson, appointed 1848, for the 2d Judicial District.
- Lewis J. Whitten, appointed —, for the 5th Judicial District.
- Thomas J. Given, appointed 1848, for the 3d Judicial District.
- George S. Hampton, Johnson county; appointed 1853; bond approved March 5.
- William Vandever; appointed and qualified June, 1855.
- Lewis Kinsey, Wapello county; appointed November 3, 1856, and qualified November 14; re-appointed January 12, 1860.
- Charles Linderman, Page county; elected by the people, October 9, 1866, for four years, under the provisions of Chapter 88, Acts of 11th General Assembly; term commenced January 7, 1867.

ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

Office created February 9, 1853.

- David C. Cloud, Muscatine county; elected by the people August 1, 1853; bond approved September 9; re-elected August 7, 1854.
- Samuel A. Rice, Mahaska county; elected August 4, 1856; bond approved September 24; re-elected August 2, 1858.
- Charles C. Nourse, Polk county; elected November 6, 1860; term commenced January 7, 1861; re-elected October 14, 1867.
- Isaac L. Allen, Tama county; elected November 8, 1864; term commenced January 2, 1865. Resigned January 11, 1866.

Frederick E. Bissell, Dubuque county; appointed by the Governor and qualified January 12, 1866; elected by the people October 9, 1866; died June 12, 1867.
 Henry O'Connor, Muscatine county; appointed by the Governor June 20, and qualified June 29, 1867; elected by the people October 8.

REPORTERS OF THE DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

George Greene, Dubuque county, acting from 1847 to 1855.
 The Attorney-General, *ex-officio*, from September 1853, under the law creating the office of Attorney-General. Mr. Cloud, Attorney-General, however, appears never to have acted, and Judge Greene continued to perform the duties of the office.
 Wm. Penn Clarke, Johnson county; appointed by the Supreme Court, 1855.
 Thomas F. Withrow, Polk county; appointed in 1860; qualified April 17; re-appointed in 1864.
 Edward H. Stiles, Wapello county; elected by the people, October 9, 1866; term of office commenced January 7, 1867.

DISTRICT COURTS UNDER CONSTITUTION OF 1846.

FIRST DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Des Moines, Henry, Lee, and Louisa. Washington county was at first a part of this district, but was detached and added to the Fourth District by Chapter 57, Acts 2d General Assembly, approved January 12, 1849.]

Created February 17, 1847.

JUDGES.

George H. Williams, Lee county; elected April 5, 1847, and commissioned April 27.
 Ralph P. Lowe, Lee county; elected April 5, 1852. Resigned in 1857.
 John W. Rankin, Lee county; appointed by the Governor April 9, 1857; qualified April 18.
 Thomas W. Clagett, Lee county; elected April 6, 1857; qualified May 16.

SECOND DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Buchanan, Cedar, Clayton, Clinton, Delaware, Dubuque, Fayette, Jackson, Jones, Muscatine, and Scott. To which were added: in 1847, Allamakee and Winneshiek; in 1851, Black Hawk, Bremer, Butler, and Grundy; and in 1853, Chickasaw and Howard. In 1853, the Eighth District was taken from the Second; and Butler and Grundy counties were added to the Fifth. In 1855, the new Tenth District

took Allamakee, Chickasaw, Clayton, Fayette, Howard, and Winneshiek counties. In 1858, when the district was abolished, it consisted of the counties of Black Hawk, Bremer, Buchanan, Delaware, and Dubuque.]

Created February 17, 1847.

J U D G E S .

James Grant, Scott county; elected April 5, 1847; commissioned November 15.
Thomas S. Wilson, Dubuque county; elected April 5, 1852; qualified May 8;
re-elected April 6, 1857.

THIRD DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Appanoose, Davis, Jefferson, Keokuk, Mahaska, Marion, Monroe, Van Buren, and Wapello, "and the counties west of the counties of Marion, Monroe, and Appanoose." In 1849, the new Fifth District took the counties of Appanoose, Marion, and Monroe, and the counties to the westward. Mahaska county was detached December 19, 1856, on the creation of the Eleventh District. When abolished in 1858, the district consisted of the counties of Davis, Jefferson, Keokuk, Van Buren, and Wapello.]

Created February 17, 1847.

J U D G E S .

Cyrus Olney, Jefferson county; elected April 5, 1847; commissioned December 7.
Resignation accepted March 15, 1851.
Joseph C. Knapp, Van Buren county; appointed by the Governor March 15, 1851.
William H. Seevers, Mahaska county; elected April 5, 1852; qualified May 7.
Resigned; successor appointed January 10, 1856.
Caleb Baldwin, Jefferson county; appointed by the Governor and qualified January 10, 1856.
Henry B. Hendershott, Wapello county; elected April 7, 1856; qualified May 14, 1856.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Benton, Boone, Dallas, Iowa, Jasper, Johnson, Linn, Marshall, Polk, Poweshiek, Story, and Tama. In 1849, Washington county was annexed from the First District, and Boone, Dallas, Jasper, Marshall, Polk, and Story detached to the Fifth. In 1856, Poweshiek was detached to the new Eleventh District, and in 1857, Marshall and Story to the new Thirteenth. When abolished in 1858, the district consisted of Benton, Iowa, Johnson, Linn, Tama, and Washington counties.]

Created February 17, 1847.

J U D G E S .

James P. Carleton, Johnson county; elected April 5, 1847; commissioned April 27; re-elected April 5, 1852. Resigned in 1858.

William Smyth, Linn county; appointed by the Governor October 6, 1853; qualified October 10; elected by the people April 8, 1854. Resigned.
 Isaac Cook, Linn county; appointed by the Governor January 28, 1857; qualified March 20; elected by the people April 6.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Appanoose, Boone, Clarke, Dallas, Decatur, Fremont, Jasper, Lucas, Madison, Marion, Marshall, Monroe, Page, Polk, Ringgold, Story, Taylor, Warren, and Wayne. In February, 1851, the counties of Fremont, Page, Ringgold, and Taylor were made a part of the new Sixth District. On the 20th of the same month, the counties of Bancroft [now part of Kossuth], Emmett, Fox [now Calhoun], Greene, Guthrie, Hancock, Hardin, Humboldt, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Pocahontas, Risley [now Hamilton], Winnebago, Wright, and Yell [now Webster] were added to the district. On the 9th of February, 1853, the Ninth District was taken from the Fifth, and Guthrie county was added to the Sixth District; at the same time the district was increased by the addition of Butler, Cerro Gordo, Floyd, Franklin, Grundy, Mitchell, and Worth counties. In 1855, the counties of Cerro Gordo, Floyd, Mitchell, and Worth were made a part of the new Tenth District. On the 9th of December, 1856, the counties of Dallas, Jasper, Marion, and Polk were detached to the new Eleventh District. In the same year, by act approved January 27, 1857, the Thirteenth District was formed out of a portion of the Fifth. Guthrie county was reattached to the Fifth, February 26, 1857. On the 24th February, 1858, Webster county was detached, and annexed to the Thirteenth District. When abolished under the present Constitution, the district consisted of the following counties: Boone, Calhoun, Emmett, Greene, Guthrie, Hancock, Humboldt, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Pocahontas, and Winnebago.]

Created in 1849.

JUDGES.

William McKay, Polk county; elected April 2, 1849; commissioned April 27.
 Phineas M. Casady, Polk county; elected April 3, 1854; qualified June 1. Resigned.
 Charles J. McFarland, Boone county; appointed by the Governor May 7, 1854;* qualified in July.
 William W. Williamson, Polk county; declared elected April 2, 1855; qualified April 11. This election was contested; and the contest was decided, January 10, 1856, against Judge Williamson, and in favor of Charles J. McFarland, Boone county, who qualified January 10, 1856.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Adair, Adams, Audubon, Buena Vista, Buncombe [now Lyon], Carroll, Cass, Cherokee, Clay, Crawford, Dickinson, Fremont, Harrison, Ida, Mills, Monona, Montgomery, O'Brien, Osceola, Page, Plymouth, Pottawattamie, Ringgold, Sac, Shelby, Sioux, Taylor, Union, and Waukau [now Woodbury]. The 7th district was formed from a part of the 6th, on the 9th of February, 1853; at the same time Guthrie county was added to the 6th. Audubon and Cass counties were detached, and annexed

* According to the record; but it is evidently erroneous, as Judge Casady did not resign till June, or July.

to the 7th district, December 26, 1856; Ringgold and Union were made a part of the 9th district, February 9, 1857; and Guthrie was attached to the 5th district, February 25. On the 3d of September, 1857, Mills county was added to the district by a special provision in the Constitution. When abolished under the new Constitution, the district therefore consisted of the following counties: Adair, Adams, Fremont, Mills, Montgomery, Page, and Taylor.]

Created February, 1851.

JUDGES.

James Sloan; elected April 7, 1851. Resignation accepted March 9, 1852.
 Allen A. Bradford, Fremont county; appointed by the Governor, May 4, 1852; qualified May 24; elected by the people, April 4, 1853. Resigned.
 E. H. Sears, Fremont county; appointed by the Governor, January 9, 1855; qualified February 1; elected by the people, April 2.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Buena Vista, Buncembe [now Lyon], Carroll, Cherokee, Clay, Crawford, Dickinson, Harrison, Ida, Mills, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Plymouth, Pottawattamie, Sac, Shelby, Sioux, and Woodbury. On the 26th of December, 1856, the district was reduced by detaching all the counties except Harrison, Pottawattamie, and Shelby, to which were added Audubon and Cass counties. Mills county was unconnected formally with any district until September 3, 1857, when the new constitution took effect, which contained a special provision attaching Mills to the Sixth District. The other counties went to form the new Twelfth District, March 13, 1857.]

Created February 9, 1853.

JUDGE.

Samuel H. Riddle, Pottawattamie county; appointed by the Governor June 14, 1853; elected by the people April 3, 1854.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Cedar, Clinton, Jackson, Jones, Muscatine, and Scott. On the 1st of March, 1857, the Fourteenth District was formed of a part of this district. At the time of its abolition, in 1858, it consisted therefore of the counties of Cedar, Jones, and Muscatine.]

Created February 9, 1853.

JUDGES.

William E. Leffingwell, Clinton county; elected April 4, 1853. Resigned.
 John B. Booth, Jackson county; appointed by the Governor in 1854; qualified April 15.
 William H. Tuthill, Cedar county; elected April 2, 1855; qualified May 2.

NINTH DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Appanoose, Clarke, Decatur, Lucas, Madison, Monroe, Warren, and Wayne. Of these, Madison and Warren were detached, and made a part of the new Eleventh District, December 19, 1856. February 9, 1857, Ringgold and Union counties were added to the district from the Sixth. When abolished in 1858, the district consisted of the counties of Appanoose, Clarke, Decatur, Lucas, Monroe, Ringgold, Union, and Wayne.]

Created February 9, 1858.

J U D G E .

John S. Townsend, Monroe county; elected April 4, 1858.

TENTH DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Allamakee, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Clayton, Fayette, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell, Winneshiek, and Worth. These counties, with the exception of Cerro Gordo and Worth, and the addition of Bremer and Butler, became the Tenth Judicial District under the present Constitution in 1858.]

Created in 1855.

J U D G E .

Samuel Murdock, Clayton county; elected April 2, 1855; commissioned May 8.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Dallas, Jasper, Madison, Mahaska, Marion, Polk, Poweshiek, and Warren.]

Created December 19, 1856.

J U D G E .

William M. Stone, Marion county; elected April 6, 1857; commissioned April 23.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Buncombe, [now Lyon], Buena Vista, Carroll, Cherokee, Clay, Crawford, Dickinson, Ida, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Plymouth, Sac, Sioux, and Woodbury.]

Created March 18, 1857.

JUDGE.

Marshall F. Moore, [Woodbury county; elected April 6, 1857; commissioned September 5.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Butler, Franklin, Grundy, Hamilton, Hardin, Marshall, Story, and Wright, to which Webster county was added February 24, 1858.]

Created March, 1857.

JUDGE.

James D. Thompson, Hardin county; elected April 6, 1857; commissioned July 1.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Clinton, Jackson, and Scott.]

Created February 6, 1857.

JUDGES.

Gilbert C. R. Mitchell, Scott county; elected April 6, 1857; qualified May 20.
Resigned.

Asahel H. Bennett, Scott county; appointed by the Governor October 19, 1857.

The above districts were superseded, in accordance with Article V. of the Constitution of 1857, by eleven new districts, the Judges and District-Attorneys of which entered upon their duties on the first day of January, 1859.

DISTRICT COURTS UNDER CONSTITUTION OF 1857.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Des Moines, Henry, Lee, and Louisa.]

JUDGE.

Francis Springer, Louisa county; elected October 12, 1858; re-elected October 14, 1862, and October 9, 1866.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEY.

Joshua Tracy, Des Moines county; elected October 12, 1858; re-elected October 14, 1862, and October 9, 1866.

SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Appanoose, Davis, Lucas, Monroe, Van Buren, Wapello, and Wayne.]

JUDGES.

John S. Townsend, Monroe county; elected October 12, 1858.
Henry H. Trimble, Davis county; elected October 14, 1862.
Harvey Tannehill, Appanoose county; elected October 9, 1866.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

Amos Harria, Appanoose county; elected October 12, 1858; re-elected October 14, 1862.
James B. Weaver, Davis county; elected October 9, 1866.

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Adams, Cass, Clarke, Decatur, Fremont, Mills, Montgomery, Page, Pottawattamie, Ringgold, and Union. On the 27th of January, 1864, Cass county was detached, and annexed to the Fifth District.]

JUDGES.

E. H. Sears, Fremont county; elected October 12, 1858.
James G. Day, Fremont county; elected October 14, 1862; re-elected October 9, 1866.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

Robert B. Parrott, Clarke county; elected October 12, 1858.

Charles E. Millard, Mills county; elected October 14, 1862; re-elected October 9, 1866.

FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Buena Vista, Calhoun, Cherokee, Clay, Crawford, Dickinson, Emmett, Harrison, Humboldt, Ida, Kossuth, Lyon, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Palo Alto, Plymouth, Pocahontas, Sac, Shelby, Sioux, and Woodbury.]

JUDGES.

Asahel W. Hubbard, Woodbury county; elected October 12, 1858.

Isaac Pendleton, Woodbury county; elected October 14, 1862.

Henry Ford, Harrison county; elected October 9, 1866.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

Orlando C. Howe; elected October 12, 1858.

Henry Ford, Harrison county; elected October 14, 1862.

Orson Rice, Dickinson county; elected October 9, 1866.

FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Adair, Audubon, Carroll, Dallas, Greene, Guthrie, Madison, Warren, and Polk. The county of Cass was added January 27, 1864.]

JUDGES.

John H. Gray, Polk county; elected October 12, 1858; re-elected October 14, 1862. Died October 14, 1865.

Charles C. Nourse, Polk county; appointed by the Governor, October 16, 1865; qualified October 20. Resigned, to take effect August 1, 1866.

Hugh W. Maxwell, Warren county; appointed by the Governor, July 23, 1866, from August 1; elected by the people, October 9.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

P. Gad Bryan, Warren county; elected October 12, 1858.

John Leonard, Madison county; elected October 14, 1862; resigned January, 1864.

Benjamin F. Murray, Madison county; appointed January 23, 1864; qualified January 27.

Hugh W. Maxwell, Warren county; elected by the people November 8, 1864; qualified December 22; resigned July 3, 1866.

Samuel D. Nichols, Guthrie county; appointed by the Governor July 5, 1866; qualified July 9; elected by the people October 9.

SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Jasper, Jefferson, Keokuk, Mahaska, Marion, Poweshiek, and Washington.]

JUDGES.

William M. Stone, Marion county; elected October 12, 1858. Commissioned as Captain of Company B, Third Iowa Infantry Volunteers, May 29, 1861.
 William Loughridge, Mahaska county; appointed by the Governor September 5, 1851; elected by the people October 8, 1861; re-elected October 14, 1862.
 Ezekiel S. Sampson, Keokuk county; elected October 9, 1866.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

George D. Woodin, Keokuk county; elected October 12, 1858.
 Horace S. Winslow, Jasper county; elected October 14, 1862.
 Moses A. McCoid, Jefferson county; elected October 9, 1866.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Clinton, Jackson, Muscatine, and Scott.]

JUDGES.

John F. Dillon, Scott county; elected October 12, 1858; re-elected October 14, 1862. Resigned to take effect December 25, 1863, having been elected Judge of the Supreme Court.
 J. Scott Richman, Muscatine county; appointed October 27, 1863, from December 25; elected by the people November 8, 1864; re-elected October 9, 1866.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

Henry O'Connor, Muscatine county; elected October 12, 1858.
 Lyman A. Ellis, Clinton county; elected October 14, 1862; re-elected October 1866.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Benton, Cedar, Iowa, Johnson, Jones, Linn, and Tama].

JUDGES.

William E. Miller, Johnson county; elected October 12, 1858; appointed Colonel, Twenty-eighth Iowa Infantry Volunteers, August 10, 1862.
 Norman W. Isbell, Linn county; appointed by the Governor September 10, 1862; qualified September 15; elected by the people October 14. Resigned to take effect August 31, 1864.
 Charles H. Conklin, Benton county; appointed by the Governor August 19, 1864, from August 31; elected by the people November 8. Resigned in 1865.
 Nathaniel M. Hubbard, Linn county; appointed by the Governor November 15, 1865; qualified December 1.
 James H. Rothrock, Cedar county; elected October 9, 1866.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

Isaac L. Allen, Tama county; elected October 12, 1858; re-elected October 14, 1862. Resignation accepted August 19, 1864, to take effect October 1.

C. R. Scott, Jones county; appointed by the Governor from October 1, 1864; elected by the people November 8; re-elected October 8, 1866.

NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Black Hawk, Buchanan, Delaware, Dubuque, and Grundy.]

JUDGES.

Thomas S. Wilson, Dubuque county; elected October 12, 1858.

James Burt, Dubuque county; elected October 14, 1862; re-elected October 9, 1866.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

Winslow T. Barker, Dubuque county; elected October 12, 1858.

George Wattson, Delaware county; elected October 14, 1862.

Matthew M. Trumbull, Black Hawk county; elected October 9, 1866.

TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Allamakee, Bremer, Butler, Clayton, Chickasaw, Fayette, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell, and Winneshiek. The counties of Bremer, Butler, Floyd, and Mitchell were detached in organizing the Twelfth Judicial District, July 4, 1864, but remained connected with this district, except for election purposes, till January 2, 1865.]

JUDGES.

Elias H. Williams, Clayton county; elected October 12, 1858; re-elected October 14, 1862.

Milo McGlathery, Fayette county; elected October 9, 1866.

ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Originally composed of the counties of Boone, Cerro Gordo, Franklin, Hamilton, Hancock, Hardin, Marshall, Story, Webster, Winnebago, Worth, and Wright. July 4, 1864, the counties of Cerro Gordo, Hancock, Winnebago, and Worth were detached in organizing the Twelfth Judicial District, but remained connected with this district except for election purposes till January 2, 1865.]

JUDGES.

John Porter, Hardin county; elected October 12, 1858; re-elected October 14, 1862. Resigned.

Daniel D. Chase, Hamilton county; appointed by the Governor February 5, 1866; qualified February 10; elected by the people October 9.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

William P. Hepburn, Marshall county; elected October 12, 1858. Appointed Captain Company B, Second Iowa Cavalry Volunteers, August 14, 1861.
 Daniel D. Chase, Hamilton county; elected October 8, 1861; qualified November 12; re-elected October 14, 1862. Appointed Judge of the District Court February 5, 1866.
 John H. Bradley, Marshall county; appointed February 5, 1866; qualified February 8; elected by the people October 9.

TWELFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

[Composed of the counties of Bremer, Butler, Cerro Gordo, Floyd, Hancock, Mitchell, Winnebago, and Worth.]

Created July 4, 1864; the counties composing it to remain connected with their former districts (the Tenth and Eleventh) for purposes of holding court till January 1, 1865.

JUDGE.

William B. Fairfield. Floyd county; elected November 8, 1864; term commenced January 1, 1865.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEY.

John E. Burke, Bremer county; elected November 8, 1864.

NOTE.—The terms of office of the judges and district-attorneys under the present Constitution commence on the first day of January following their election, except when elected to fill vacancies, in which case they enter upon their duties immediately on qualification.

THE MILITIA.

ADJUTANTS-GENERAL.

Daniel S. Lee, Lee county; appointed April 3, 1851.
 George W. McCleary, Louisa county; appointed May 16, 1855.
 Elijah Sells, Muscatine county; appointed January 15, 1857.
 Jesse Bowen, Johnson county; appointed January 18, 1858.

ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Nathaniel B. Baker, Clinton county; appointed and qualified July 25, 1861; reappointed January 14, 1864.

ASSISTANT ADJUTANTS-GENERAL.

John Scott, Story county; appointed March 27, 1860.

John C. Culbertson, Johnson county; appointed October 10, 1861. Resigned January 1, 1862.

Philo E. Hall, Clinton county; appointed September 22, 1862. Resigned June 19, 1863.

Matthew M. Trumbull, Black Hawk county; appointed June 19, 1863. Appointed Colonel of the Ninth Iowa Cavalry Volunteers September 26, 1863.

John C. Culbertson, Johnson county; appointed October 5, 1863. Resigned November 30, 1864.

Francis H. Impey, Scott county; appointed December 1, 1864. Resigned October 31, 1865.

Edward E. Bassett, Scott county; appointed November 1, 1865.

Office abolished April 4, 1866.

QUARTERMASTERS-GENERAL.

Ezra Drown, Jefferson county; appointed April 16, 1851.

Nathaniel B. Baker (Adjutant-General); acting from July 25, 1861.

COMMISSARIES-GENERAL.

Thomas S. Epsy, Lee county; appointed April 16, 1851.

Charles B. Richards, Webster county; appointed February 5, 1858.

Duties devolved on Quartermaster-General from and after June 12, 1861.

PAYMASTERS-GENERAL.

Constantine Holtenbach, Dubuque county; appointed April 16, 1851.

Hiram Price, Scott county; commissioned October 28, 1861; to date from August 30.

Office abolished, and duties devolved on Adjutant-General, April 26, 1862. Duties discharged by Assistant Adjutant-General from and after October 2, 1862. Duties again devolved on Adjutant-General April 4, 1866.

JUDGE-ADVOCATE GENERAL.

H. M. Shelley, Van Buren county; appointed April 16, 1851.

Office vacated June 12, 1861.

SURGEON-GENERAL.

John Kell, jr., Louisa county; appointed July 21, 1851.
Nathan Udell, Appanoose county; appointed March 27, 1860.
J. C. Hughes, Lee county; appointed in 1861.
Office abolished February 17, 1864.

ASSISTANT SURGEON-GENERAL.

John C. Bennett, Polk county; appointed March 27, 1860.

MILITARY SECRETARIES.

James Burt, Dubuque county; appointed April 16, 1851.
N. H. Brainerd, Johnson county; appointed in 1861.
George J. North, Polk county; appointed January 16, 1864. Relieved from duty
January 12, 1866.

NOTE.—Chapter 17, Laws of Extra Session, Eighth General Assembly, approved May 28, 1861, which took effect June 12, 1861, annulled all prior commissions above the rank of Captain in the Iowa Militia, except those for the three regiments then recently organized for the service of the United States.

REPRESENTATION IN CONGRESS.

XXIXTH CONGRESS—1846 to 1847.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
First General Assembly failed to elect.	1	S. Clinton Hastings, Muscatine.....
	2	Shepherd Leffler, Burlington.....

XXXTH CONGRESS—1847 to 1849.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
Augustus C. Dodge, Burlington; elected December 7, 1848	1	William Thompson, Mt. Pleasant.....
George W. Jones, Dubuque; elected December 7, 1848.....	2	Shepherd Leffler, Burlington.....

XXXIST CONGRESS—1849 to 1851.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
George W. Jones, Dubuque.	1	<i>First Session</i> —William Thompson, Mt. Pleasant; unseated by the House of Representatives on a contest, and the election remanded to the people. . .
Augustus C. Dodge, Burlington; re-elected January 10, 1849.	1	<i>Second Session</i> —Daniel F. Miller, Fort Madison; elected September 4, 1850.
	2	Shepherd Leffler, Burlington.

XXXIIND CONGRESS—1851 to 1853.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
George W. Jones, Dubuque.	1	Bernhart Henn, Fairfield.
Augustus C. Dodge, Burlington.	2	Lincoln Clark, Dubuque.

XXXIIIND CONGRESS—1853 to 1855.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
Augustus C. Dodge, Burlington.	1	Bernhart Henn, Fairfield
George W. Jones, Dubuque; re-elected December 21, 1852.	2	John P. Cook, Davenport.

XXXIVTH CONGRESS—1855 to 1857.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
George W. Jones, Dubuque.	1	Augustus Hall, Keosauqua.
James Harlan, Mt. Pleasant; elected Jan. 6, 1855, and Jan. 17, 1857*.	2	James Thorington, Davenport

XXXVTH CONGRESS—1857 to 1859.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
George W. Jones, Dubuque.	1	Samuel R. Curtis, Keokuk.
James Harlan, Mt. Pleasant.	2	Timothy Davis, Elkader.

XXXVITH CONGRESS—1859 to 1861.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
James Harlan, Mt. Pleasant.	1	Samuel R. Curtis, Keokuk.
James W. Grimes, Burlington; elected January 26, 1858.	2	William Vandever, Dubuque.

* Election declared illegal by the U. S. Senate, January 12, 1857; again elected as above.

XXXVIITH CONGRESS—1861 TO 1863.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
James Harlan, Mount Pleasant; re-elected January 11, 1860.....	1	<i>First Session</i> —Samuel R. Curtis, Keokuk.*
James W. Grimes, Burlington.....	1	<i>Second and Third Sessions</i> —James F. Wilson, Fairfield; elected October 8, 1861.
	2	William Vandever, Dubuque.

* Vacated seat by acceptance of commission as Brigadier-General; and J. F. Wilson chosen his successor.

XXXVIIITH CONGRESS—1863 TO 1865.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
James Harlan, Mt. Pleasant.....	1	James F. Wilson, Fairfield.....
James W. Grimes, Burlington	2	Hiram Price, Davenport.....
	3	William B. Allison, Dubuque.....
	4	Josiah B. Grinnell, Grinnell.....
	5	John A. Kasson, Des Moines.....
	6	Asahel W. Hubbard, Sioux City. ...

XXXIXTH CONGRESS—1865 TO 1867.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
James Harlan, Mt. Pleasant.*.....	1	James F. Wilson, Fairfield.....
James W. Grimes, Burlington.....	2	Hiram Price, Davenport
Samuel J. Kirkwood, Iowa City; elected January 13, 1866.....	3	William B. Allison, Dubuque.....
	4	Josiah B. Grinnell, Grinnell.....
	5	John A. Kasson, Des Moines.....
	6	Asahel W. Hubbard, Sioux City.....

* Became Secretary of the Interior May 1, 1865, and resigned his seat in the Senate. Samuel J. Kirkwood chosen his successor as above.

XLTH CONGRESS—1867 TO 1869.

U. S. SENATORS.	Dist.	REPRESENTATIVES.
James W. Grimes, Burlington.....	1	James F. Wilson, Fairfield.....
James Harlan, Mt. Pleasant; elected January 13, 1866.....	2	Hiram Price, Davenport.....
	3	William B. Allison, Dubuque
	4	William Loughbridge, Oskaloosa
	5	Grenville M. Dodge, Council Bluffs...
	6	Asahel W. Hubbard, Sioux City.

LEGISLATIVE.

FIRST GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Iowa City, November 30, 1846. Adjourned February 25, 1847.
Convened in Extra Session, January 8, 1848. Adjourned Jan. 25, 1848.

SENATE.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	Jacob Huner, *James Sprott.....
Van Buren.....	John M. Whitaker, *John F. Sanford.....
Davis and Appanoose.....	John J. Selman.....
Wapello and Monroe.....	*James Davis.....
Marion, Polk, Dallas, Jasper...	Thomas Baker.....
Des Moines.....	*Milton D. Browning, Samuel Fullinwider.....
Henry.....	*Evan Jay.....
Jefferson.....	†Robert Brown... ..
Louisa and Washington.....	*Francis Springer.....
Keokuk and Mahaska....	*R. R. Harbour....
Muscatine, Johnson, and Iowa.	Thomas Hughes.....
Scott and Clinton... ..	*Loring Wheeler.....
Cedar, Linn, and Benton.....	Samuel A. Bissell.....
Jackson and Jones.....	*Philip B. Bradley.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, Fayette, Buchanan, and Black Hawk.....	*Theophilus Crawford, Thomas H. Benton, jr...

Thomas Baker, elected President December 1, 1846. Thomas Hughes, elected January 4, 1848.
John B. Russell, elected Secretary December 1, 1846, and January 5, 1848.

* Drew for the term of four years in the classification, December 4, 1846.
† In the extra session, John Howell represented Jefferson county.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	Jesse B. Browne, William Steele, William J. Cochran, Josiah Clifton, Reuben Conlee, *Daniel S. Baker,.....
Van Buren.....	George Montague, Anderson McPherrin, Dudley Hardy, R. B. Willoughby.....
Davis and Appanoose.....	Andrew Leech.....
Wapello.....	A. B. Comstock.....
Monroe.....	Charles Anderson.....
Marion, Polk, Dalias, and Jasper	John N. Kinsman, Simeon Reynolds.....
Des Moines.....	Alfred Hebard, David E. Blair, † G. W. Bowle, Joshua Holland.....
Henry.....	John T. Morton, Abraham Updegraff, Thomas Wright.....
Jefferson.....	† Samuel Whitmore, James R. Bailey, William H. Lyons.....
Louisa.....	Wright Williams.....
Washington.....	Stewart Goodrell... ..
Keokuk.....	Nelson King.....
Mahaska.....	† John W. Smith.....
Muscatine.....	Elijah Sells.....
Muscatine, Johnson, and Iowa.	Irad C. Day.....
Johnson and Iowa.....	Smiley H. Bonham.....
Scott... ..	James McManus.....
Clinton.....	William E. Leffingwell.....
Cedar.....	Nelson Rathbun... ..
Linn and Benton.....	Robert Smyth.....
Jackson and Jones.....	Sylvester G. Matson, George F. Green.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, Fayette, Buchanan, and Black Hawk.....	Samuel B. Olrustead, Michael O'Brien.....

Jesse B. Brown, elected Speaker December 26, 1846, and January 4, 1848.
Silas A. Hudson, elected Chief Clerk December 26, 1846. J. Scott Richman elected January 4, 1848.

* Mr. Conlee died December 23, 1846, and the vacancy was filled by Daniel S. Baker from and after February 2, 1847, during the regular session.
† At the extra session, Josiah Kent filled the place of Baker from Lee; T. L. Sargeant, that of Bowle, from Des Moines; George Weyand, that of Whitmore from Jefferson; and William Edmundson, that of Smith from Mahaska.

SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Iowa City, December 4, 1848. Adjourned January 15, 1849.

SENATE.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	James Sprott, *Thomas S. Espy.....
Van Buren.....	John F. Sanford, *George G. Wright.....
Davis and Appanoose.....	*John J. Selman.....
Wapello and Monroe.....	†Barney Royston.....
Marion, Polk, Dallas, Jasper..	*Phineas M. Casady.....
Des Moines.....	Milton D. Browning, *Alfred S. Fear.....
Henry.....	Evan Jay.....
Jefferson.....	*John Howell.....
Louisa and Washington.....	Francis Springer.....
Keokuk and Mahaska.....	R. R. Harbour.....
Muscatine, Johnson, and Iowa	*Freeman Alger.....
Scott and Clinton.....	Loring Wheeler.....
Cedar, Linn, and Benton.....	*John P. Cook.....
Jackson and Jones....	Philip B. Bradley.....
Dubuque, Clayton, Delaware, Fayette, Buchanan, and Black Hawk.....	Theophilus Crawford, *John G. Shields.....
John J. Selman, elected President December 5.	
C. C. Rockwell, elected Secretary December 7.	

* Elected at the general election of 1848 for four years.

† Elected to fill vacancy.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	William C. Read, Cave J. McFarland, Michael H. Walker, Samuel Norton, Isaac W. Griffith..
Van Buren.....	John Alexander, Josiah W. McManaman, Abner H. McCrary, Willard Elmer.....
Davis and Appanoose.....	Reuben Riggs.....
Wapello.....	Joseph H. Flint.....
Monroe.....	William M. Allison.....
Marion, Polk, Dallas, and Jasper	Lysander W. Babbitt, Manly Gifford.....
Des Moines.....	Thomas L. Sargeant, George Davidson, John Penny, John L. Corse.....
Henry.....	Samuel D. Woodworth, Mark Burroughs, H. R. Thompson.....
Jefferson.....	George Weyand, William Baker, Andrew Collins.
Louisa.....	Wright Williams.....
Washington	Stewart Goodrell.....
Keokuk.....	William Jacobs.....
Mahaska.....	.....
Muscatine.....	George D. Stephenson... ..
Muscatine, Johnson, and Iowa	Joseph E. Harrison.....
Johnson and Iowa....	Smiley H. Bonham.....
Scott.	John D. Evans.....
Clinton... ..	James D. Bourne.....
Cedar.....	Jeremiah C. Betts.....
Linn and Benton.....	Abraham Timmons.....
Jackson and Jones.....	Dennis A. Mahony, Nathan G. Sales.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Clayton, Fayette, Buchanan, and Black Hawk.....	Sidney Wood, James A. Langton.. . . .
Smiley H. Bonham, elected Speaker December 5.	
Wm. E. Leffingwell, elected Chief Clerk December 6.	

THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Iowa City, December 2, 1850. Adjourned February 5, 1851.

SENATE.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	Thomas S. Espy, *Nathan Baker.....
Van Buren.....	George G. Wright, *John B. Spees.....
Davis, Appanoose, and Wayne.	John J. Selman.....
Wapello, Monroe, and Lucas..	*Henry B. Hendershott.
Marion, Polk, Dallas, Jasper, Marshall, Story, Boone, War- ren, and Madison.....	Phineas M. Casady.....
Des Moines.....	*George Hepner, †Enos Lowe.....
Henry	*John T. Morton.....
Jefferson.....	John Howell.....
Louisa and Washington	*Norman Everson.....
Mahaska, Keokuk, Poweshiek.	*Joseph Lowe.....
Muscatine, Johnson, and Iowa.	Freeman Alger.....
Scott and Clinton.....	*William E. Leffingwell.....
Cedar, Linn, Benton, and Tama	John P. Cook.....
Jackson and Jones.....	*Nathan G. Sales.....
Dubuque, Clayton, Delaware, Buchanan, Black Hawk, Win- neshiek, and Allamakee....	John G. Shields, *Warner Lewis.....
Enos Lowe, elected President December 3.	
Philip B. Bradley, elected Secretary December 3.	

* Elected at the general election, 1850, for four years.
† Elected to fill vacancy.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
Lee.....	E. S. McCulloch, John Thompson, R. P. Wilson, Smith Hamill, Adolphus Salmon.....
Van Buren.....	Abner H. McCrary, George C. Allender, Chauncey G. Dibble.....
Davis, Appanoose, and Wayne	Reuben Riggs, Samuel Riggs.....
Wapello.....	Joseph H. Flint, Andrew Major.....
Monroe and Lucas.....	N. B. Preston.....
Marion, Polk, Dallas, Jasper, Marshall, Story, Boone, War- ren, and Madison.....	Lysander W. Babbitt, Edwin R. Guiberson.....
Des Moines.....	William Harper, George Temple, Moses W. Rob- inson.....
Henry.....	Peyton Wilson, Abraham Updegraff.....
Jefferson.....	Charles Negus, Thomas McCulloch, Hiram D. Gibson.....
Louisa.....	Andrew Gamble.....
Washington.....	David Bunker.....
Mahaska, Keokuk, and Powe- shiek.....	William Jacobs, R. R. Harbour.....
Muscatine.....	John A. Parvin.....
Johnson and Iowa.....	Gilman Folsom.....
Scott.....	Laurel Summers.....
Clinton.....	William G. Haun.....
Cedar.....	Goodwin Taylor.....
Linn, Benton, and Tama.....	Isaac M. Preston.....
Jackson and Jones.....	Richard B. Wyckoff, John E. Goodenow.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Buchanan, and Black Hawk.....	Theophilus Crawford, Hugh V. Gildea, A. K. Eaton.....
Clayton, Fayette, Winneshiek, and Allamakee.....	Eliphalet Price.....
George Temple, elected Speaker December 8.	
C. C. Rockwell, elected Chief Clerk December 8.	

FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Iowa City, December 6, 1852. Adjourned January 24, 1853.

SENATE.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	| Calvin J. Price, *James M. Love, †Salmon Cowles.....
Des Moines.....	*Milton D. Browning, George Hepner.....
Van Buren.....	John B. Spees, *George Schramm.....
Jefferson.....	*William G. Coop, |John Park.....
Henry.....	†Archibald McKinney.....
Wapello.....	|John W. Hedrick.....
Wapello, Monroe, Lucas, Clarke	Henry B. Hendershott.....
Davis.....	|Samuel G. McAchran.....
Davis, Appanoose, Wayne, and Decatur.....	*Amos Harris.....
Pottawattamie.....	|Hadley D. Johnson.....
Mills, Montgomery, Adams, Union, Ringgold, Taylor, Page, and Fremont.....	|George W. Lucas.....
Louisa and Washington.....	Norman Everson.....
Keokuk.....	Joseph Lowe.....
Mahaska.....	|John R. Needham.....
Marion, Warren, and Madison.	*Jefferson D. Hillis.....
Scott.....	|Eli S. Wing.....
Muscatine.....	|Jonathan E. Fletcher.....
Cedar and Clinton.....	William E. Leffingwell.....
Johnson, Iowa, and Poweshiek	*George D. Crosthwait.....
Jasper, Polk, Dallas, Guthrie, Greene, Boone, Story, Marshall, Hardin, Risley, Yell, Fox, Pocahontas, Humboldt, Wright, Franklin, Cerro Gordo, Hancock, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Emmett, Bancroft, Winnebago, Worth...	|Andrew Y. Hull.....
Jackson.....	|Elisha F. Clark.....
Jackson and Jones.....	Nathan G. Sales.....
Linn, Benton, and Tama.....	*Isaac M. Preston.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Buchanan, Black Hawk, Grundy, Butler, Bremer, Clayton, Fayette, Allamakee, Winneshiek, Howard, Mitchell, Floyd, and Chickasaw.	|John G. Shields, Warner Lewis, *Maturin L. Fisher.

William E. Leffingwell, elected President December 7.

T. B. Cumíng, elected Secretary December 7.

* Elected at the general election, 1852, for four years.

† Elected to fill vacancy.

| Elected at the general election, 1852, to fill original vacancies, and in the classification Messrs. Clark, Lewis, Needham, McAchran, Park, and Shields drew the long term.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	S. G. Wright, H. Washburn, J. S. Gilmore, J. M. Anderson, F. Hesser, S. W. Sears.....
Des Moines.....	James W. Grimes, Justus Clark, W. Seymour, J. Wilson Williams.....
Van Buren.....	Anderson McPherrin, Lewis Fordyce, Jacob Ream, Robert Russell.....
Jefferson.....	Samuel Whitmore, W. T. Rogers, H. B. Mitchell.
Henry.....	Robert Caulk, James C. Green, Levi Jessup. ...
Wapello.....	*Robert Cock, James C. Ramsey.....
Wapello, Monroe, Lucas, and Clarke.....	Henry Allen.....
Monroe, Lucas, and Clarke....	John S. Townsend.
Davis.....	Albert Duckworth, John A. Drake.....
Davis, Appanoose, Wayne, and Decatur.....	Abraham Putman.....
Appanoose, Wayne, Decatur..	Harvey B. Duncan.....
Pottawattamie.....	A. S. Bryant.....
Mills, Montgomery, Adams, Union, Ringgold, Taylor, Page, and Fremont.....	William C. Means.....
Pottawattamie, Mills, Fremont, Page, Taylor, Ringgold, Union, Adams, Montgomery, Cass, Adair, Audubon, Shelby, Harrison, Monona, Crawford, Carroll, Sac, Ida, Waukau, Plymouth, Cherokee, Buena Vista, Sioux, O'Brien, Clay, Dickinson, Osceola, and Buncombe.....	Joseph L. Sharp.....
Louisa.....	Micajah Reeder, John Cleaves.....
Washington.....	David Bunker, Horace H. Wilson.....
Keokuk.....	Harvey Stevens.....
Mahaska.....	William R. Ross.....
Keokuk and Mahaska.....	Samuel Coffin.
Marion, Warren, and Madison.	P. Gad Bryan, James M. Walters, Napoleon B. Allison.....
Scott.....	James Grant, Le Roy Dodge.....
Muscataine.....	Elijah Sells, Freeman Alger.....
Cedar.....	Amos Witter.
Clinton.....	William G. Haun.....
Johnson.....	Gilman Folsom.....
Johnson, Iowa, and Poweshiek	Robert M. Hutchinson.....
Jasper, Polk, Dallas, Guthrie, Greene, Boone, Story, Marshall, Hardin, Risley, Yell, Fox, Pocahontas, Humboldt, Wright, Franklin, Cerro Gordo, Hancock, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Emmett, Bancroft, Winnebago, and Worth.....	J. F. Rice, Joseph C. Goodson, Benjamin Green.
Jackson.....	George F. Green, L. Wasson.....
Jones.....	John Taylor.....
Linn, Benton, and Tama.....	A. F. Stedman, John McArthur.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Buchanan,	A. K. Eaton, A. D. Anderson, Richard Bonson,

* Name changed to "Coles" by Chapter 89, Acts 4th General Assembly, which took effect January 20, 1868.

Black Hawk, Grundy, Butler,
and Bremer.
Clayton, Fayette, Allamakee,
Winneshiek, Howard, Mitch-
ell, Floyd, and Chickasaw...
James Grant, elected Speaker December 7.
J. Smith Hooton, elected Chief Clerk December 7.

Lyman Dillon.....

Edwin Montgomery, John Garber.....

FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Iowa City, December 4, 1854. Adjourned January 26, 1855.
Convened in Extra Session, July 2, 1856. Adjourned July 16, 1856.

SENATE.

COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
Lee.....	*James M. Love, †E. S. McCulloch, †W. A. Thurston
Des Moines.....	Milton D. Browning, †William F. Coolbaugh...
Van Buren.....	George Schramm, †Abner H. McCrary.....
Jefferson.....	William G. Coop, John Park.....
Henry.....	†Alvin Saunders
Wapello.....	†James C. Ramsey.....
Wapello, Monroe, Lucas, and Clarke.....	†Dan. Anderson.....
Davis.....	Samuel G. McAchran.....
Davis, Appanoose, Wayne, and Decatur.....	†Nathan Udell.....
Pottawattamie.....	†James D. Test.....
Mills, Montgomery, Adams, Union, Ringgold, Taylor, Page and Fremont.....	George W. Lucas....
Louisa and Washington.....	†H. T. Cleaver....
Keokuk.....	†James L. Hugin....
Mahaska....	John R. Needham.....
Marion, Warren, and Madison.	Jefferson D. Hillis
Scott.....	†Ambrose C. Fulton.....
Muscatine.....	†George W. Wilkinson.....
Cedar and Clinton.....	†Julius J. Matthews.....
Johnson, Iowa, and Poweshiek	†Samuel Workman.....
Jasper, Polk, Dallas, Guthrie, Greene, Boone, Story, Marshall, Hardin, Risley, Yell, Fox, Pocahontas, Humboldt, Wright, Franklin, Cerro Gordo, Hancock, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Emmett, Bancroft, Winnebago, and Worth.....	†Theophilus Bryan, §James C. Jordan.

* At the extra session, David T. Brigham filled the place of James M. Love, of Lee county, appointed Judge of the United States District Court.
† Elected at the general election, 1854, for four years. ‡ Elected to fill vacancies.
§ The seat of Theophilus Bryan was contested by James Jordan, and the contest was decided in favor of Jordan, January 8, 1856.

Jackson.....	Elisha F. Clark.....
Jackson and Jones.	*Joseph Birge.....
Linn, Benton, and Tama.....	Isaac M. Preston.....
Dubuque, Delaware, Buchanan, Black Hawk, Grundy, Butler, Bremer, Clayton, Fayette, Allamakee, Winneshiek, How- ard, Mitchell, Floyd, and Chickasaw.	*Wm. W. Hamilton, Maturin L. Fisher, John G. Shields.....
Maturin L. Fisher, elected President December 7.	
P. B. Rankin, elected Secretary December 8.	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Dis.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Allamakee and Winneshiek ...	James D. McKay.....
2	Clayton.....	Reuben Noble, Lafayette Bigelow.....
3	Fayette, Chickasaw, Butler, Bremer, Black Hawk, Grun- dy, Franklin, Cerro Gordo, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell, and Worth.....	Jacob W. Rogers.....
4	Delaware and Buchanan	Thomas E. Turner.....
5	Dubuque.....	Richard Bonson, John M. Moore, Ben M. Sam- uels, William S. Hall.....
6	Jackson.....	James P. Edie, Thomas S. Smith.....
7	Jones.	William H. Holmes.....
8	Jackson and Jones.....	David Kinert.....
9	Cedar.....	Allen D. Graham.....
10	Clinton.....	Joseph A. Brown.....
11	Scott ..	Amos Witter, Andrew J. Hyde.....
12	Cedar, Clinton, and Scott.....	George Smith.....
13	Washington.....	Samuel A. Russell.....
14	Louisa	John C. Lockwood.....
15	Washington and Louisa.....	James N. Young.....
16	Muscatine.....	Reasin Pritchard, John H. Pigman.....
17	Des Moines.....	Thomas L. Sargeant, John L. Corse, Joshua Tracy, George S. Albright.....
18	Henry.....	Willet Dorland, Francis White, Samuel McFarland.....
19	Lee	George Newsam, William Damon, Josiah Hinkle, Horace Dewey, Samuel Boyles, Robert P. Creel.....
20	Linn.....	John P. Conkey, Robert Holmes.....
21	Johnson.....	Samuel H. McCrory.....
22	Johnson and Iowa.....	Rolla Johnson.....
23	Poweshiek, Jasper, Benton, and Tama... ..	John Connell.....
24	Van Buren.....	George N. Rosser, Joseph Barker, Robert Meek, Henry Weatherington.....
25	Jefferson	James Wamsley, Edmund Meachem, Robert Stephenson.....
26	Davis.....	O. D. Tisdale, D. C. Greenleaf.
27	Wapello.....	Samuel K. Creamer, Nimrod Poston.....
28	Wapello and Keokuk.....	Cyrus Franklin.....
29	Keokuk.....	W. F. Morgan

• Elected at the general election, 1854, for four years.

30	Appanoose.....	William Monroe.....
31	Monroe.....	Matthew A. Goodfellow
32	Wayne, Decatur, Lucas, Clarke	S. P. Yeomans.....
33	Mahaska	Samuel Coffin, Micajah Williams.....
34	Marion	*James M. Walters, Green T. Clark.....
35	Marion, Warren, and Madison.	P. Gad Bryan, Jairus E. Neal.....
36	Polk	Alfred M. Lyon.....
37	Polk, Dallas, and Guthrie.....	Ezra Vanfossen.....
38	Greene, Boone, Story, Hardin, Webster, Yell, Fox, Pocahon- tas, Humboldt, Wright, Han- cock, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Em- mett, Bancroft, Winnebago, and Marshall	Samuel B. McCall
39	Fremont, Page, Taylor, and Ringgold	William Dewey
40	Mills, Montgomery, Adams, Union, Adair, Audubon, and Cass	†Richard Tutt.....
41	Pottawattamie	Daniel S. Jackson, John T. Baldwin.....
42	Harrison, Shelby, Carroll, Craw- ford, Monona, Woodbury, Ida, Sac, Buena Vista, Cherokee, Plymouth, Sioux, O'Brien, Clay, Dickinson, Osceola, and Buncombe	*Thomas B. Neely

Reuben Noble, elected Speaker December 5.
Charles C. Nourse, elected Chief Clerk December 5.

* Seat contested by Green T. Clark, and contest decided in favor of Mr. Clark, January 4.
† Died December 22, 1854, never having qualified. His seat remained vacant during the regular session.
NOTE.—At the extra session, Lewis Kinsey filled the place of Mr. Lockwood of Louisa county; J. Scott Richman, that of Mr. Pritchard of Muscatine; John S. Hamilton, that of Mr. Damon of Lee; S. J. Reid, that of Mr. Hinkle of Lee; W. F. B. Lynch, that of Mr. Dewey of Lee; J. M. Anderson, that of Mr. Boyles of Lee; William Beckford, that of Mr. Wamsley of Jefferson; C. E. Noble, that of Mr. Meachem of Jefferson; and Joseph W. Russell, that of Mr. Tutt of the 40th district.

SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Iowa City, December 1, 1856. Adjourned January 29, 1857.

SENATE.

Dis	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee.....	E. S. McCulloch, William A. Thurston...
2	Lee and Van Buren	*David T. Brigham.....
3	Van Buren.....	Abner H. McCrary
4	Des Moines.....	William F. Coolbaugh, *Lyman Cook.....
5	Davis.....	*Henry H. Trimble.....

* Elected at the general election, 1856, for four years.

6	Jefferson.....	*William M. Reid.....
7	Henry.....	Alvin Saunders.....
8	Wapello.....	James C. Ramsey.....
9	Monroe, Lucas, and Clark.....	Dan. Anderson.....
10	Appanoose, Wayne, Decatur..	*John W. Warner.....
11	Fremont, Mills, Page, Taylor, Montgomery, Ringgold, Ad- ams, and Union.	*Samuel Dale....
12	Pottawattamie, Harrison, Shel- by, Woodbury, Monona, Au- dubon, Crawford, Calhoun, Sac, Ida, Cherokee, Buena Vista, Pocahontas, Palo Alto, Emmett, Clay, Dickinson, Osceola, O'Brien, Plymouth, Sioux, and Buncombe.....	James D. Test ...
13	Louisa.....	H. T. Cleaver
14	Washington.....	*Charles Foster.....
15	Keokuk.....	James L. Hugin.....
16	Mahaska.....	*William Loughridge.....
17	Marion.....	*Jairus E. Neal.....
18	Warren, Madison, Adair, and Cass.....	*M. L. McPherson.....
19	Muscatine.....	George W. Wilkinson.....
20	Johnson and Iowa.....	*Samuel J. Kirkwood...
21	Scott.....	†Nicholas J. Rusch
22	Cedar.....	*Jonathan W. Cattell.....
23	Clinton.....	Julius J. Matthews.....
24	Linn.....	*William G. Thompson...
25	Linn, Benton, Black Hawk, and Buchanan.....	*George McCoy.....
26	Poweshiek, Jasper, Marshall, and Tama.....	*Josiah B. Grinnell
27	Polk, Dallas, and Guthrie.....	James C. Jordan.....
28	Jackson.....	*Jeremiah W. Jenkins.....
29	Jackson and Jones	Joseph Birge.....
30	Dubuque.....	*William G. Stewart.....
31	Dubuque and Delaware	William W. Hamilton.....
32	Clayton.....	*Henry B. Carter.....
33	Fayette, Bremer, Butler, Frank- lin, Grundy, Hardin, Wright, Webster, Boone, Story, Greene, and Humboldt.....	*Aaron Brown.....
34	Allamakee, Winneshiek, How- ard, Chickasaw, Mitchell, Floyd, Worth, Cerro Gordo, Hancock, Winnebago, Ban- croft, and Kossuth.....	*Jeremiah T. Atkins.....

William W. Hamilton, elected President December 2.

Charles C. Nourse, elected Secretary December 2.

* Elected at the general election, 1856, for four years.

† Elected to fill vacancy.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Dis.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee.....	Joseph Van Valkenburgh, Thomas Sawyer, J. B. Pease, J. H. Sullivan, W. H. Griswold...
2	Des Moines.....	Thomas J. R. Perry, J. Wilson Williams, E. D. Rand.
3	Van Buren.....	David Doud, jr., R. H. McDow, Dudley Hardy.
4	Davis.....	Barnett Milliser, David Mendenhall....
5	Jefferson.....	Charles O. Stanton, W. H. Copeland, Lewis Reeder.....
6	Henry.....	Willet Dorland, Samuel McFarland.....
7	Wapello.	Cyrus Franklin, S. G. Finney....
8	Wapello and Keokuk.....	Morrison F. Bottorf.....
9	Monroe.....	Samuel Gossage.....
10	Lucas, Clarke, and Union.....	D. W. Scoville.....
11	Appanoose.....	James Galbraith.....
12	Wayne and Decatur.....	Thomas M. Bowen.....
13	Fremont.....	William Kelsey.....
14	Mills, Taylor, Page, Montgomery, Ringgold, and Adams...	Samuel H. Moer.....
15	Pottawattamie.....	A. V. Larimer.....
16	Harrison, Shelby, Woodbury, Monona, Audubon, Crawford, Carroll, Calhoun, Sac, Ida, Cherokee, Buena Vista, Pochontas, Palo Alto, Emmett, Clay, Dickinson, Osceola, O'Brien, Plymouth, Sioux, and Buncombe.....	N. G. Wyatt.....
17	Louisa.....	N. W. Burris.....
18	Washington.....	William B. Lewis.....
19	Louisa and Washington.....	Andrew J. Kirkpatrick.....
20	Keokuk.....	Abraham C. Price.....
21	Mahaska.....	R. M. Wilson, John H. Fry.....
22	Marion.....	Green T. Clark, Miles Jordan.....
23	Warren.....	C. B. Jones.....
24	Madison, Adair, and Cass.....	Benjamin F. Roberts.....
25	Muscatine.....	David C. Cloud, J. A. Mills
26	Johnson.....	George D. Woodin.....
27	Johnson and Iowa.....	Phineas Inskeep.....
28	Scott.....	Ell S. Wing, Horatio G. Barner, Robert H. Rogers.....
29	Cedar.....	Ed Wright.....
30	Clinton.....	Charles H. Toll....
31	Clinton and Cedar.....	*E. M. Wright.....
32	Linn.....	John E. Kuriz, Daniel Lothian.....
33	Poweshiek and Jasper.....	David Edmundson.....
34	Benton, Tama, and Marshall.	Delos Arnold....
35	Polk.....	William P. Davis.....
36	Polk, Dallas, and Guthrie.....	Benjamin Green.....
37	Jackson.....	William Mordan, Jacob K. Hershberger.....
38	Jones.....	William H. Holmes.....
39	Jackson and Jones.....	William Thomas.....
40	Delaware.....	James M. Noble.....
41	Black Hawk and Buchanan...	Morrison Bailey.....
42	Dubuque.....	John M. Moore, Winslow T. Barker, Thomas Hardie, Daniel Cort....
43	Clayton	La Fayette Bigelow, Francis Rodman....

* E. M. Wright died about the time the session convened, and the vacancy was not filled.

44	Boone, Webster, Story, Hardin, Greene, Franklin, Wright, and Humboldt	Walter C. Wilson.....
45	Allamakee.....	James Bryson
46	Winneshiek, Howard, Mitchell, Worth, Winnebago, and Ban- croft.....	Claus L. Clausen.....
47	Fayette.....	Robert A. Richardson.....
48	Bremer, Chickasaw, Butler, Floyd, Cerro Gordo, Han- cock, Kossuth, and Grundy.	E. R. Gillett.....
Samuel McFarland, elected Speaker December 2.		
J. W. Logan, elected Chief Clerk December 2.		

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

Convened at Iowa City, January 19, 1857. Adjourned March 5, 1857.

Dis.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee	Edward Johnston, William Patterson.....
2	Lee and Van Buren	Squire Ayers.....
3	Van Buren.....	Timothy Day.....
4	Des Moines.....	Jonathan C. Hall, Moses W. Robinson.....
5	Davis.....	David P. Palmer.....
6	Jefferson.....	James F. Wilson.....
7	Henry.....	Rufus L. B. Clarke.....
8	Wapello.....	George Gillaspay.....
9	Monroe, Lucas, and Clarke....	John Edwards.....
10	Appanoose, Wayne, Decatur ..	Amos Harris.....
11	Fremont, Mills, Page, Taylor, Montgomery, Ringgold, Ad- ams, and Union.....	Daniel H. Solomon.....
12	Pottawattamie, Harrison, Shel- by, Woodbury, Monona, Au- dubon, Crawford, Carroll, Calhoun, Sac, Ida, Cherokee, Buena Vista, Pocahontas, Palo Alto, Emmett, Clay, Dickinson, Osceola, O'Brien, Plymouth, Sioux, Buncombe.	Daniel W. Price.....
13	Louisa.....	Francis Springer.....
14	Washington.....	David Bunker.....
15	Keokuk.....	Jeremiah Hollingsworth...
16	Mahaska.....	James A. Young.....
17	Marion.....	Hiram D. Gibson.....
18	Warren, Madison, Adair, Cass.	Lewis Todhunter.....
19	Muscatine.....	John A. Parvin.....
20	Johnson and Jones.....	William Penn Clarke.....
21	Scott.....	George W. Ells..
22	Cedar.....	Robert Gower.....
23	Clinton.....	Aylett R. Cotton.....

24	Linn.....	Hosea W. Gray.....
25	Linn, Benton, Black Hawk, and Buchanan.....	James C. Traer.
26	Poweshiek, Jasper, Marshall, and Tama.....	Harvey J. Skiff.....
27	Polk, Dallas, and Guthrie.....	Thomas Seely.....
28	Jackson... ..	William A. Warren.....
29	Jackson and Jones.....	Albert H. Marvin.....
30	Dubuque.....	John H. Emerson.....
31	Dubuque and Delaware.....	John H. Peters.....
32	Clayton.....	Alpheus Scott.....
33	Fayette, Bremer, Butler, Franklin, Grundy, Hardin, Wright, Webster, Boone, Story, Greene Allamakee, Winneshiek, and Humboldt.	Sheldon G. Winchester.....
34	Howard, Chickasaw, Mitchell, Floyd, Worth, Cerro Gordo, Hancock, Winnebago, Bancroft, and Kossuth.....	John T. Clark.....

Francis Springer, elected President January 20.
Thomas J. Saunders, elected Secretary January 20.

The Constitution adopted by this Convention was sanctioned by the people at an election held on the 3d day of August, 1857, there being 40,311 votes cast "For the Constitution," and 38,681 votes cast "Against the Constitution," and took effect by proclamation of the Governor September 8d, 1857.

SEVENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Des Moines, January 11, 1858. Adjourned March 23, 1858.

SENATE.

District	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee	*John R. Allen, *John W. Rankin
2	Lee and Van Buren	David T. Brigham.....
3	Van Buren.	*Gideon S. Bailey.....
4	Des Moines.....	*William F. Coolbaugh, Lyman Cook.....
5	Davis	Henry H. Trimble.....
6	Jefferson	William M. Reid
7	Henry.....	*Alvin Saunders.....
8	Wapello	John A. Johnson.....
9	Monroe, Lucas, and Clarke....	*Dan. Anderson.....
10	Appanoose, Wayne, and Decatur	John W. Warner.....
11	Fremont, Mills, Page, Taylor, Montgomery, Ringgold, Union, and Adams.....	Samuel Dale.....

* Elected at the general election in 1857 for four years.

12	Pottawattamie, Harrison, Shelby, Woodbury, Monona, Audubon, Crawford, Calhoun, Sac, Ida, Cherokee, Buena Vista, Pocahontas, Palo Alto, Emmett, Clay, Dickinson, Osceola, O'Brien, Plymouth, Sioux, and Buncombe....	*W. H. M. Pusey
13	Louisa	*Samuel Reiner.....
14	Washington	Charles Foster.....
15	Keokuk	*O. P. Sharradan.....
16	Mahaska	William Loughridge.....
17	Marion	Jairus E. Neal
18	Warren, Madison, Adair, and Cass.....	M. L. McPherson.....
19	Muscatine.....	*A. O. Patterson.....
20	Johnson and Iowa.....	Samuel J. Kirkwood.....
21	Scott.....	*Nicholas J. Rusch.....
22	Cedar.....	Jonathan W. Cattell
23	Clinton	*George M. Davis
24	Linn.....	William G. Thompson.....
25	Linn, Benton, Black Hawk, and Buchanan	George McCoy.....
26	Poweshiek, Jasper, Marshall, and Tama.....	Josiah B. Grinnell
27	Polk, Dallas, and Guthrie.....	*William P. Davis
28	Jackson.....	Jeremiah W. Jenkins.....
29	Jackson and Jones	*Joseph Mann
30	Dubuque.....	William G. Stewart.....
31	Dubuque and Delaware.....	*David S. Wilson ...
32	Clayton	Henry B. Carter.....
33	Fayette, Bremer, Butler, Franklin, Grundy, Hardin, Wright, Webster, Boone, Story, Greene, and Humboldt.....	Aaron Brown.....*
34	Allamakee, Winneshiek, Howard, Chickasaw, Mitchell, Floyd, Worth, Cerro Gordo, Hancock, Winnebago, Bancroft, and Kossuth.....	Jeremiah T. Atkins

President—Oran Faville, Lieutenant-Governor; inaugurated January 15.
Secretary—George E. Spencer; elected January 12.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Dis.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Allamakee.....	George W. Gray
2	Winneshiek.....	E. E. Cooley.....
3	Fayette.....	Robert A. Richardson.....
4	Clayton.....	L. G. Collins, W. H. Sterns.....
5	Buchanan and Fayette.....	J. S. Woodward.....
6	Black Hawk.....	Zimri Streeter.....
7	Dubuque.....	Theophilus Crawford, Lincoln Clark, Dennis A. Mahony.....
8	Delaware.	Joseph Grimes.....
9	Dubuque, Jones, and Clayton..	W. S. Johnson

* Elected at the general election in 1857 for four years.

10	Benton.....	Thomas Drummond.....
11	Howard, Chickasaw, Bremer..	W. P. Harmon.....
12	Mitchell, Floyd, and Butler...	Matthew M. Trumbull.....
13	Worth, Cerro Gordo, Franklin, Wright, Hancock, Winne- bago, Kossuth, Webster, Hamilton, Calhoun, Poca- hontas, Palo Alto, Sac, Buena Vista, Clay, Dickinson, and Emmett.....	Cyrus C. Carpenter.
14	Pottawattamie, Harrison, Shel- by, Monona, Crawford, Wood- bury, Ida, Plymouth, Chero- kee, O'Brien, Osceola, and Buncombe.....	Samuel H. Casady.....
15	Guthrie, Dallas, Cass, and Adair	Leroy Lambert.....
16	Boone, Greene, Carroll, Audubon	Cornelius Beal.....
17	Hardin, Grundy, and Story....	John L. Dana.....
18	Tama and Marshall.....	T. Walter Jackson.....
19	Polk.....	Thomas Mitchell.....
20	Jasper.....	Stephen B. Shelledy.....
21	Iowa, Poweshiek, and Mahaska	William H. Seevers.....
22	Johnson.....	John Clark, J. Cavanaugh.....
23	Linn.....	E. D. Waln, Ellsworth N. Bates.....
24	Jones.....	H. Steward.....
25	Cedar.....	Ed Wright.....
26	Jackson.....	Philip B. Bradley, T. Millsap.....
27	Clinton.....	Horace Anthony, Thomas Watts.....
28	Scott.....	John W. Thompson, Benjamin F. Gue, Robert Scott.....
29	Muscatine.....	Freeman Alger.....
30	Muscatine and Cedar.....	William Lundy.....
31	Louisa.....	Royal Prentiss.....
32	Des Moines.....	Justus Clark, Wm. H. Clune.....
33	Des Moines and Louisa.....	D. N. Sprague.....
34	Washington.....	Samuel E. Rankin.....
35	Keokuk.....	Theron A. Morgan.....
36	Washington and Keokuk.....	W. McGrew.....
37	Iowa and Poweshiek.....	C. J. L. Foster.....
38	Mahaska.....	A. M. Cassidy.....
39	Marion.....	Israel C. Curtis, Martin B. Bennett.....
40	Warren.....	Charles E. Millard.....
41	Madison.....	Edwin R. Guiberson.....
42	Lucas and —.....	John Edwards.....
43	Fremont, Mills, and Montgom- ery.....	James M. Dewa.....
44	Adams, Union, Page, Taylor, and Ringgold.....	W. B. Davis... ..
45	Decatur.....	W. J. Laney.....
46	Davis.....	Barnett Milliser.....
47	Wayne, Appanoose, and Davis.	Alonzo W. Sharp.....
48	Appanoose.....	J. A. Pierson.....
49	Van Buren.....	Squire Ayers, J. J. Cassady.....
50	Monroe.....	John Reitzel.....
51	Wapello.....	William Campbell, William McCormick.....
52	Jefferson.....	James F. Wilson, T. Moorman.....
53	Henry.....	Lauren Dewey, J. F. Randolph.....
54	Lee.....	C. C. Bauder, J. A. Casey, William W. Belknap.....
55	Lee, Henry, and Van Buren ..	George W. McCrary.....

Stephen B. Shelledy, elected Speaker January 12.

Benjamin Franklin Jones, elected Chief Clerk January 12. Resigned January 18, and William P. Hepburn elected to fill the vacancy.

EIGHTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Des Moines, January 8, 1860. Adjourned April 8, 1860.

Convened in Extra Session May 15, 1861. Adjourned May 29, 1861.

SENATE.

Dist.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee	John W. Rankin, †Valentine Buechel...
2	Van Buren.....	Gideon S. Bailey.....
3	Davis	*Cyrus Bussey.....
4	Appanoose	*Nathan Udell.....
5	Wayne and Decatur.....	*William E. Taylor
6	Ringgold, Taylor, Adams, Union, and Clarke.....	*J. C. Hagans.....
7	Page, Fremont, Mills, and Mont- gomery.. ..	*Harvey W. English.....
8	Des Moines.....	William F. Coolbaugh.....
9	Henry.....	Alvin Saunders
10	Jefferson.....	*James F. Wilson.....
11	Wapello	John A. Johnson.....
12	Monroe and Lucas.....	Dan. Anderson.....
13	Louisa.....	Samuel Reiner
14	Muscatine	A. O. Patterson.....
15	Washington	*William B. Lewis
16	Keokuk	O. P. Sharradan.....
17	Mahaska	*H. H. Williams
18	Marion.....	*Jairus E. Neal
19	Scott	†John W. Thompson
20	Clinton.....	George M. Davis
21	Cedar.....	*James M. Kent.....
22	Johnson	*Jesse Bowen.....
23	Polk.....	William P. Davis.....
24	Jackson	*George F. Green.....
25	Jones	Joseph Mann.....
26	Linn.....	*H. G. Angle.....
27	Dubuque.....	David S. Wilson, *George W. Trumbull
28	Clayton	*D. Hammer
29	Warren.....	*Paris P. Henderson
30	Madison, Dallas, and Adair....	*M. L. McPherson
31	Pottawattamie, Cass, Harrison, Shelby, Audubon, and Guthrie	W. H. M. Pusey
32	Monona, Crawford, Carroll, Greene, Woodbury, Sac, Ida, Calhoun, Webster, Humboldt, Pocahontas, Buena Vista, Cherokee, Plymouth, Sioux, O'Brien, Clay, Palo Alto, Kossuth, Emmett, Dickinson, Osceola, and Buncombe....	*John F. Duncombe.....
33	Iowa and Poweshiek.....	*J. J. Watson.....
34	Jasper and Marshall.....	*A. M. Pattison.....

*Elected at the general election, 1857, for four years.
Elected to fill vacancies.

35	Benton and Tama.....	*Thomas Drummond.....
36	Grundy, Black Hawk, Butler, and Franklin.....	*A. F. Brown.....
37	Delaware and Buchanan.....	*David C. Hastings.....
38	Fayette and Bremer.....	*Lucian L. Ainsworth.....
39	Allamakee and Winneshiek...	*George W. Gray.....
40	Howard, Chickasaw, Mitchell, Floyd, Cerro Gordo, Worth, Hancock, Winnebago, and Wright.....	*Julius H. Powers... ..
41	Story, Boone, Hardin, and Ham- ilton.....	*John Scott.....
<i>President</i> —Nicholas J. Rusch, Lieutenant-Governor; inaugurated January <i>Secretary</i> —James H. Sanders; elected January 10.		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Dis.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee.....	E. S. McCulloch, Calvin J. Price, Nathaniel G. Hedges, Thomas W. Clagett.....
2	Van Buren.. . . .	John M. Whitaker, Henry Clay Caldwell....
3	Davis.....	Harvey Dunlavy, Marvin Hotchkiss.....
4	Appanoose.....	Frederick A. Stephens.....
5	Wayne.....	Hartley Bracewell.....
6	Decatur.....	Racine D. Kellogg.....
7	Ringgold and Taylor.....	Reuben A. Moser.....
8	Page and Fremont.....	Reuben F. Conner.....
9	Des Moines.....	Justus Clark, Moses W. Robinson, Jonathan C. Hall.....
10	Henry.....	Alvah H. Bereman, A. J. Withrow.....
11	Jefferson.....	Matthew Clark, W. W. Cottle.....
12	Wapello.....	Jonathan C. Mitchell, James Doggett....
13	Monroe.....	L. O. Haskall.....
14	Lucas.....	John Edwards.....
15	Clarke.....	John L. Millard.....
16	Union, Adams, Adair, and Cass	K. W. Macomber.....
17	Montgomery and Mills....	Washington Darling.....
18	Louisa.....	John H. Williamson.....
19	Muscatine.....	Michael Price, George C. Shipman
20	Washington.....	Matthew Morehead, Robert Glasgow....
21	Keokuk.....	H. Campbell, George P. Ellis.....
22	Mahaska.....	Mahlon Stanton, Thomas N. Barnes.....
23	Marion.	Martin B. Bennett, Israel C. Curtis.....
24	Warren.....	James E. Williamson.....
25	Madison.	Thomas D. Jones.....
26	Pottawattamie.....	Samuel H. Riddle
27	Scott... ..	Benjamin F. Gue, James Quinn, William H. F. Gurley.....
28	Clinton.....	Nathaniel B. Baker, George W. Parker.....
29	Cedar.....	Ed Wright.....
30	Johnson.....	Rush Clark, George T. Davis.....
31	Iowa.....	Hugh B. Lynch.....
32	Poweshiek.....	A. M. Cowing.....
33	Jasper.....	C. M. Davis.....
34	Polk.....	Stewart Goodrell.....
35	Dallas.....	Leroy Lambert
36	Guthrie, Audubon, Shelby, and Harrison.....	Daniel M. Harris.....

* Elected at the general election, 1857, for four years.

87	Jackson.....	Benjamin McCullough, William H. Reed....
38	Jones.....	John Taylor.....
39	Linn.....	Amos Witter, Jennings Crawford.....
40	Benton.....	James McQuinn.....
41	Tama.....	Abraham Tompkins.....
42	Marshall.....	William Bremner.....
43	Story and Hamilton.....	S. B. Rosenkrans.....
44	Boone.....	Cornelius Beal.....
45	Crawford, Monona, Carroll, and Greene	J. W. Denison.....
46	Dubuque.....	Francis A. Gnifke, James H. Williams, F. Mangold, John D. Jennings.....
47	Delaware	John W. LeLacheur.....
48	Buchanan... ..	George W. Bemis.....
49	Black Hawk.....	Zimri Streeter....
50	Hardin.....	David Hunt
51	Humboldt, Webster, Pocahon- tas, and Calhoun.....	Samuel Rees.....
52	Clayton.....	S. R. Peet, Samuel Merrill.....
53	Fayette.....	Leander C. Noble.....
54	Bremer and Chickasaw.....	George W. Ruddick... ..
55	Franklin, Wright, Butler, and Grundy.....	Chauncey Gillett.....
56	Allamakee.....	Charles Paulk.....
57	Winneshiek....	Amos Hoag.....
58	Cerro Gordo, Worth, Winneba- go, and Floyd, also Hancock	Elbridge G. Bowdoin.....
59	Mitchell and Howard.....	D. D. Sabin
60	Woodbury, Ida, Plymouth, Cherokee, also Sioux, O'Brien, Buncombe, and Osceola.....	Patrick Robb.....
61	Dickinson, Sac, Buena Vista, Kossuth, also Emmett, Clay, and Palo Alto.....	John E. Blackford.....

John Edwards, elected Speaker January 10.

Charles Aldrich, elected Chief Clerk January 10, 1860. William Thompson,
elected May 15, 1861.

NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Des Moines, January 13, 1862. Adjourned April 8, 1862.
Convened in Extra Session, September 3, 1862. Adjourned September 11, 1862.

SENATE.

Dis.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee.....	*Frederick Hesser, *George W. McCrary.....
2	Van Buren.....	*Abner H. McCrary
3	Davis	†James Pollard; qualified February 8.....
4	Appanoose.....	Nathan Udell.....
5	Wayne and Decatur..	†E. F. Esteb; qualified February 19.....
6	Ringgold, Taylor, Page, Union, Adams, and Montgomery...	J. C. Hagans.....
7	Fremont, Mills, and Pottawat tawmie.....	Harvey W. Engle.....
8	Des Moines.....	*John G. Foote.....
9	Henry.....	*Theron W. Woolson..
10	Jefferson.....	†J. Monroe Shaffer.....
11	Wapello.....	*J. W. Dixon.....
12	Monroe and Lucas.....	*Warren S. Dungan.....
13	Louisa.....	*James S. Hurley.....
14	Muscatare.....	*William G. Woodward.....
15	Washington.....	William B. Lewis.....
16	Keokuk.....	*I. P. Teter.....
17	Mahaska.....	H. H. Williams.....
18	Marion.....	Jairus E. Neal
19	Scott.....	*Benjamin F. Gue, *Joseph B. Leake.....
20	Clinton....	*Norman Boardman.....
21	Cedar.....	James M. Kent.....
22	Johnson.....	Jesse Bowen.....
23	Polk.....	*Josiah H. Hatch.....
24	Jackson.....	George F. Green....
25	Jones.....	*William H. Holmes.....
26	Linn.....	H. G. Angle.....
27	Dubuque.....	George W. Trumbull, *John D. Jennings.....
28	Clayton	D. Hammer.....
29	Warren.....	John Kern; qualified February 15.....
30	Madison and Clarke.....	M. L. McPherson.....
31	Adair, Cass, Dallas, Guthrie, Andubon, and Shelby.....	*James Redfield.....
32	Harrison, Monona, Crawford, Carroll, Woodbury, Sac, Ida, Calhoun,, Webster, Hum- boldt, Pocahontas, Buena Vista, Cherokee, Plymouth, Sioux, O'Brien, Clay, Palo Alto, Kossuth, Emmett, Dickinson, Osceola, and Buncombe.....	John F. Duncombe..

* Elected at the general election, 1861, for four years.

† Elected to fill vacancy.

33	Iowa and Poweshiek.....	J. J. Watson.....
34	Marshall, Hardin, and Grundy	A. M. Pattison.....
35	Benton and Tama.....	†Joseph Dysart... ..
36	Black Hawk, Butler and Frank- lin.....	A. F. Brown... ..
		D. C. Hastings.....
37	Delaware.....	
38	Fayette and Bremer.....	Lucian L. Ainsworth.....
39	Allamakee.....	George W. Gray... ..
40	Chickasaw, Howard, Mitchell, Winnebago, Hancock, Floyd, Worth, Cerro Gordo, and Wright.....	†George W. Howard; qualified March 21.....
41	Story, Boone, Hamilton, and Greene	†Edwin B. Potter; qualified February 19.....
42	Winnebago.....	*Martin V. Burdick.....
43	Jasper.....	*Sherman G. Smith.....

President—John R. Needham, Lieutenant-Governor; inaugurated January 15.
Secretary—William F. Davis, elected January 14.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Dis.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee	Charles W. Lowrie, T. G. Stevenson, Martin Thompson, Godfrey Eichorn.....
2	Van Buren.....	George Schramm, Joshua Glanville.....
3	Davis	Harvey Dunlavy, David Ferguson.....
4	Appanoose	George B. Stewart, Edward J. Gault.....
5	Wayne.....	Hartley Bracewell
6	Decatur.....	Racine D. Kellogg
7	Des Moines.....	J. Wilson Williams, Franklin Wilcox, Calvin J. Jackson.....
8	Henry.....	W. C. Woodworth, John P. West
9	Jefferson	Peter Walker, Abial R. Pierce.....
10	Wapello.....	Joseph H. Flint, Thomas D. McGlothlen.....
11	Monroe.....	Oliver P. Rowles.....
12	Lucas.....	John D. Sarver
13	Clarke	William M. Calfee.....
14	Fremont.....	James L. Mitchell.....
15	Mills	Appler R. Wright.....
16	Louisa.....	John Cleves.....
17	Washington	Thaddeus H. Stanton, John W. Quinn.....
18	Keokuk	John Wasson, Louis Hollingsworth
19	Mahaska	Micajah T. Williams, Samuel G. Castor.....
20	Marion	Hiram D. Gibson, W. E. Wetherall.....
21	Warren.....	Newton Guthrie.....
22	Madison	Alfred Hood.....
23	Pottawattamie.....	W. W. Wilson.....
24	Muscatine.....	George C. Shipman, Michael Price
25	Johnson.....	Rush Clark, Samuel H. Fairall.....
26	Iowa.....	Henry M. Martin.....
27	Poweshiek.....	Thomas Holyoke.....
28	Jasper.....	John Meyer
29	Polk.....	John Mitchell.....
30	Dallas	Peter T. Russell.....
31	Scott	James T. Lane, Jos. R. Porter, Jos. H. White.

* Elected at the general election, 1861, for four years.

† Elected to fill vacancies.

32	Clinton	George W. Parker, John S. Maxwell
33	Cedar	H. C. Loomis, James H. Rothrock
34	Jackson	Ebenezer Dorr, Joseph P. Eaton
35	Jones	Otis Whittemore, John Russell
36	Linn	Joseph B. Young, Isaac Milburn
37	Benton	James McQuinn
38	Tama	Leander Clark
39	Marshall	Thomas Mercer
40	Story	Thomas C. McCall
41	Boone	Alfred L. Speer
42	Dubuque	Thomas Hardie, William McLennan, F. M. Knoll, Christian Denlinger
43	Delaware	Salve G. Van Anda
44	Buchanan	Jed Lake
45	Black Hawk	Warner H. Curtiss
46	Hardin	W. J. Moir
47	Clayton	George L. Bass, D. W. Chase
48	Fayette	W. B. Lakin, Levi Fuller
49	Bremer	Joseph O. Hudnutt
50	Chickasaw	J. F. Wilson
51	Allamakee	Joseph Burton
52	Winneshiek	William H. Baker, Ole Nelson
53	Howard and Mitchell	D. G. Frisbie
54	Floyd, Cerro Gordo, Worth, and Winnebago	Elbridge G. Bowdoin
55	Butler, Grundy, and Franklin	Alonzo Converse
56	Hancock, Kossuth, Emmett, and Palo Alto	J. E. Blackford
57	Humboldt, Wright, Hamilton, and Webster	Lewis H. Cutler
58	Dickinson, Clay, Buena Vista, and Pocahontas	Charles C. Smeltzer
59	Plymouth, Cherokee, Ida, and Woodbury	Isaac Pendleton
60	Sac, Calhoun, Carroll, and Greene	George S. Walton
61	Audubon, Guthrie, Cass, and Adair	Samuel L. Lorah
62	Taylor, Ringgold, and Union	Reuben A. Moser
63	Adams, Montgomery, and Page	George A. Gordon
64	Shelby, Harrison, Monona, and Crawford	William W. Fuller

Rush Clark, elected Speaker January 14.

Charles Aldrich, elected Chief Clerk January 14.

TENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Des Moines, January 11, 1864. Adjourned March 29, 1864.

SENATE.

Dis.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee.....	Frederick Hesser, George W. McCrary.....
2	Van Buren.....	Abner H. McCrary
3	Davis.....	*Samuel A. Moore.....
4	Appanoose.....	*Nathan Udell.....
5	Wayne, Lucas, and Clarke....	†Ziba Brown.....
6	Decatur.....	*C. G. Bridges.....
7	Ringgold, Taylor, Page, Union, Adams, and Montgomery....	*L. W. Hillyer.....
8	Fremont, Mills, Cass, and Pot- tawattamie.....	*Lewis W. Ross.....
9	Des Moines.....	John G. Foote.....
10	Henry.....	Theron W. Woolson.....
11	Jefferson.....	*D. P. Stubbs.....
12	Wapello.....	J. W. Dixon.....
13	Monroe.....	*William C. Shippen.....
14	Louisa.....	James S. Hurley.....
15	Muscatine.....	†John A. Parvin... ..
16	Washington.....	*J. F. McJunkin.....
17	Keokuk.....	†John C. Hogin.....
18	Mahaska.....	*J. A. L. Crookham.....
19	Marion.....	*Thomas McMillan.....
20	Warren.....	*Philo G. C. Merrill.....
21	Madison, Dallas, Guthrie, and Adair.....	†Benjamin F. Roberts.....
22	Scott.....	Benjamin F. Gue, †Thomas J. Saunders.....
23	Clinton.....	Norman Boardman.....
24	Cedar.....	*Henry Wharton.....
25	Johnson.....	*Ezekiel Clark.....
26	Iowa and Poweshiek.....	*M. E. Cutts... ..
27	Jasper.....	†Elisha Flaugh.....
28	Polk.....	Josiah H. Hatch.....
29	Jackson.....	*John Hilsinger.....
30	Jones	†Ezekiel Cutler; qualified February 6.....
31	Linn.....	*Joseph B. Young.....
32	Benton and Tama.....	*William B. King.....
33	Marshall, Story, Boone, Hamil- ton, and Greene.....	*Henry C. Henderson.....
34	Dubuque.....	John D. Jennings, *F. M. Knoll.....
35	Delaware.....	*John M. Brayton.....
36	Buchanan and Bremer.....	*L. W. Hart.....
37	Clayton.....	*Benjamin T. Hunt.....
38	Fayette.....	*Harvey S. Brunson.....
39	Hardin, Grundy, Black Hawk, Butler, and Franklin.....	*Coker F. Clarkson.....
40	Allamakee.....	*George W. Gray

* Elected in 1863 for four years.

† Elected to fill vacancies.

41	Winneshiek.....	Martin V. Burdick.....
42	Howard, Mitchell, Worth, Cerro Gordo, Floyd and Chickasaw.....	*John G. Patterson.....
43	Harrison, Shelby, Audubon, Monona, Crawford, Carroll, Woodbury, Ida, Sac, Calhoun, Webster, Plymouth, Cherokee, Buena Vista, Winnebago, Hancock, Wright, Pocahontas, Humboldt, Sioux, O'Brien, Clay, Palo Alto, Kossuth, Emmett, Dickinson, Osceola, and Buncombe.....	George W. Bassett.....

President—Enoch W. Eastman, Lieutenant-Governor; inaugurated January 14.
Secretary—William F. Davis; elected January 12.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Dis.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee.....	Ferdinand Meisner, B. S. Morriam, Washington Galland.....
2	Van Buren.....	William C. Garrett, James W. Latham.....
3	Davis.....	F. H. Cary, Dennis A. Hurst.....
4	Appanoose.....	Edward F. Morton.....
5	Wayne.....	Elijah Glendenning.....
6	Decatur.....	John R. Andrews.....
7	Des Moines.....	Joseph J. McMakin, James Bruce.....
8	Henry.....	H. R. Lyons, Alvah H. Bereman.....
9	Jefferson.....	George C. Fry, Owen Bromley.....
10	Wapello.....	Peter Knox, Edward H. Stiles.....
11	Monroe.....	John Clark.....
12	Lucas.....	H. H. Day.....
13	Clarke.....	Calvin R. Johnson.....
14	Page.....	N. L. Van Sandt.....
15	Fremont.....	T. L. Buckham.....
16	Mills.....	William Hale.....
17	Louisa.....	Enoch Potter.....
18	Washington.....	Samuel A. Russell, Nathan Littler.....
19	Keokuk.....	Joseph Andrews, R. S. Mills.....
20	Mahaska.....	J. N. H. Campbell, Ephraim Munsell.....
21	Marion.....	John L. McCormack, Stephen Y. Gose.....
22	Warren.....	Samuel B. Lindsay.....
23	Madison.....	John E. Darby.....
24	Pottawattamie.....	Andrew J. Bell.....
25	Muscatine.....	Jacob Butler, Samuel McNutt.....
26	Johnson.....	Robert S. Finkbine, Warner Spurrier.....
27	Iowa.....	Silas G. Sweet.....
28	Poweshiek.....	Reuben Sears.....
29	Jasper.....	Salem Jeffries.....
30	Polk.....	Nicholas Baylies.....
31	Dallas.....	Elwood Lindley.....
32	Scott.....	Hugh M. Thomson, Hugh M. G. Skiles, William Sanderson.....
33	Clinton.....	George W. Parker, Samuel G. Magill.....

* Elected in 1868 for four years.

34 Cedar	John W. Stanton, William P. Wolf.....
35 Jackson.....	Henry Green, Ebenezer Dorr.....
36 Jones	John Russell, J. H. Fuller.....
37 Linn	John P. Carbee, Charles Weare
38 Benton	Alexander Runyon.....
39 Tama	Phineas Helm
40 Marshall.....	Oliver F. Hixson.....
41 Dubuque.....	Daniel Cort, Benjamin B. Richards, John Christoph, D. O'Brien.....
42 Delaware.....	Joseph W. Simpson
43 Buchanan	Dilazon D. Holdridge
44 Black Hawk.....	Cicero Close.....
45 Hardin	William J. Moir.....
46 Clayton	William J. Gilchrist, Henry White
47 Fayette.....	P. F. Sturgis
48 Bremer	John E. Burke.....
49 Chickasaw.....	Henry C. Vinton.....
50 Allamakee	Charles Paulk.....
51 Winneshiek.....	Ole Nelson, James H. Brown
52 Howard and Mitchell.....	Thomas R. Perry
53 Butler, Franklin, and Grundy..	Willis A. Lathrop.....
54 Cerro Gordo and Floyd.....	A. B. F. Hildreth
55 Hamilton and Story	George M. Maxwell.....
56 Boone and Greene.....	Samuel B. McCall.....
57 Wright, Hancock, Winnebago, and Worth.....	Charles D. Pritchard.....
58 Emmett, Humboldt, Kossuth, and Palo Alto.....	Edward McKnight.....
59 Clay, Dickinson, O'Brien, and Sioux.....	John Smith.....
60 Buena Vista, Calhoun, Poca- hontas, and Webster.....	James W. Logan.....
61 Cherokee, Ida, Plymouth, and Woodbury.....	William L. Joy.....
62 Carroll, Crawford, Monona, and Sac.....	Addison Oliver.....
63 Harrison and Shelby.....	Stephen King.....
64 Adair, Audubon, Cass, and Guthrie.....	Elbridge B. Fenn.....
65 Adams, Montgomery, Union...	W. B. Davis.
66 Ringgold and Taylor.....	William Elliott.....

Jacob Butler, elected Speaker January 12.

Jacob Rich, elected Chief Clerk January 12.

ELEVENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Convened at Des Moines, January 8, 1866. Adjourned April 3, 1866.

SENATE.

Dist.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee.....	*Nathaniel G. Hedges, *Joseph Holman.....
2	Van Buren.....	*Eliab Doud.....
3	Davis.....	†Samuel A. Moore.....
4	Appanoose.....	Nathan Udell.....
5	Lucas, Clark, and Wayne.....	Edward E. Edwards.....
6	Ringgold and Decatur.....	C. G. Bridges.....
7	Taylor, Page, Union, Adams, and Montgomery.....	L. W. Hillyer.....
8	Fremont, Mills, Cass, and Pot- tawattamie.....	Lewis W. Ross.....
9	Des Moines.....	*Fitz Henry Warren.....
10	Henry.....	*Theron W. Woolson.....
11	Jefferson.....	D. P. Stubbs.....
12	Wapello.....	*Edward H. Stiles.....
13	Monroe.....	William C. Shippen.....
14	Louisa.....	*James M. Robertson.....
15	Muscataine.....	*John A. Parvin.....
16	Washington.....	J. F. McJunkin.....
17	Keokuk.....	*Ezekiel S. Sampson.....
18	Mahaska.....	J. A. L. Crookham.....
19	Marion.....	Thomas McMillan.....
20	Warren.....	†William M. Marshman.....
21	Madison, Dallas, Adair, and Guthrie.....	*Joseph R. Reed.....
22	Scott.....	*Joseph B. Leake, *Andrew M. Larimer.....
23	Clinton.....	*John Henry Smith.....
24	Cedar.....	Henry Wharton.....
25	Johnson.....	Ezekiel Clark.....
26	Iowa and Poweshiek.....	M. E. Cutts.....
27	Jasper.....	*John Meyer.....
28	Polk.....	*Jonathan W. Cattell.....
29	Jackson.....	John Hilsinger.....
30	Jones.....	*Sewell S. Farwell.....
31	Linn.....	†Joseph B. Young; admitted February 22. ...
32	Benton and Tama.....	William B. King.....
33	Marshall, Story, and Boone. .	Henry C. Henderson.....
34	Dubuque.....	F. M. Knoll, *Benjamin B. Richards.....
35	Delaware.....	John M. Brayton.....
36	Buchanan and Bremer.....	L. W. Hart.....
37	Clayton.....	Benjamin T. Hunt.....
38	Fayette.....	†William B. Lakin.....
39	Hardin, Grundy, and Hamilton	Coker F. Clarkson.....
40	Black Hawk and Butler.. .	*James B. Powers.....
41	Allamakee.....	†Charles Paulk.....

* Elected in 1865 for four years.

† Elected to fill vacancies.

42	Winneashlek.....	*H. C. Bulis.....
43	Howard, Mitchell, Floyd, and Chickasaw.....	John G. Patterson.....
44	Worth, Winnebago, Kossuth, Emmett, Dickinson, Clay, Palo Alto, Hancock, Cerro Gordo, Wright, Humboldt, Pocahontas, Buena Vista, Sac, Calhoun, Webster, and Franklin.....	George W. Bassett.....
45	Harrison, Shelby, Audubon, Carroll, Greene, Crawford, Monona, Woodbury, Ida, Cherokee, Plymouth, Sioux, O'Brien, Osceola, and Lyon..	*Addison Oliver.....
President—Benjamin F. Gue, Lieutenant-Governor; inaugurated January 11.		
Secretary—J. W. Dixon; elected January 9.		

* Elected in 1865 for four years.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Dis.	COUNTIES.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.
1	Lee.....	Webster Ballinger, William G. Buck, Peter M. Lowden.....
2	Van Buren.....	Joel Brown, Jonathan Thatcher.....
3	Davis.....	J. M. Garrett, Henry C. Traverse.....
4	Appanoose.....	Madison M. Walden.....
5	Wayne	Samuel L. Glasgow.....
6	Decatur... ..	Thomas H. Brown.....
7	Des Moines.....	J. Wilson Williams, Charles Ben Darwin, Samuel A. Flanders.....
8	Henry.....	John P. West, Thomas A. Bereman.....
9	Jefferson.....	George C. Fry, John T. McCullough.....
10	Wapello.....	Peter Knox, Charles Dudley.....
11	Monroe.....	Henry L. Dashiell.....
12	Lucas.....	A. B. Conaway.....
13	Clarke.....	John F. Landes.....
14	Page.....	Charles Linderman.....
15	Fremont.....	William C. Sipple.....
16	Mills.....	William Hale.....
17	Louisa.....	*N. T. Brown.....
18	Washington.....	Granville G. Bennett, Howard M. Holden ...
19	Keokuk.....	Theron A. Morgan, †David A. Stockman.....
20	Mahaska.....	Thomas N. Barnes, Simon G. Gary.....
21	Marion.....	B. F. Van Leuven, James D. Gamble.....
22	Warren.....	George E. Griffith.....
23	Madison.....	Joseph M. Browne.....
24	Pottawattamie.....	William F. Sapp.....
25	Muscatine.....	Samuel McNutt, R. M. Burnett.....
26	Johnson.....	G. E. DeForest, Robert S. Finkbine.....
27	Iowa.....	John R. Serrin.....
28	Poweshiek.....	David H. Emery.....
29	Jasper.....	David Ryan.....
30	Polk.....	Hoyt Sherman, George Lute Godfrey.....
31	Dallas.....	W. S. M. Abbott.....

* Died April 1. † Died February 7th.

32	Scott.....	Hugh M. Thomson, M. J. Rohlf, John N. Rogers.....
33	Clinton.....	B. R. Palmer, G. W. Thorne.....
34	Cedar ...	Ed Wright, John G. Safely.....
35	Jackson.....	John Wilson, Alva McLaughlin.....
36	Jones... ..	John Russell, John McKean
37	Linn.....	John B. Carbee, A. Sydney Belt.....
38	Benton.....	Alexander Runyan.....
39	Tama.....	Leander Clark.....
40	Marshall.....	Thomas J. Wilson.....
41	Dubuque.....	D. O'Brien, Winslow T. Barker, Thomas S. Wilson, Andrew Bahl.....
42	Delaware.....	Albert Boomer.....
43	Buchanan.....	Phineas C. Wilcox.....
44	Black Hawk.....	Cicero Close.....
45	Hardin.....	Thomas B. Knapp.....
46	Clayton.....	John Garber, P. P. Olmsted, Douglas Leffingwell.....
47	Fayette.....	Alonzo Abernethy, D. G. Goodrich.....
48	Bremer.....	Allen E. Holmes.....
49	Chickasaw.....	Gilbert J. Tisdale.....
50	Allamakee.....	P. G. Wright, L. E. Fellows.....
51	Winneshiek.....	James H. Brown, Horace B. Williams.....
52	Boone.....	W. C. Martin.....
53	Story	George M. Maxwell.....
54	Howard and Mitchell.....	D. W. Poindexter.....
55	Butler and Grundy.....	Lorenzo D. Tracy.....
56	Floyd and Cerro Gordo.....	Wilberforce P. Gaylord.....
57	Webster, Pocahontas, Buena Vista, and Clay.....	Robert Alcorn.....
58	Worth, Winnebago, Kossuth, and Hancock.....	L. Dwelle.....
59	Humboldt, Wright, Franklin, and Hamilton	G. W. Hand.....
60	Dickinson, Palo Alto, Emmett, and O'Brien, also, Osceola and Lyon.....	Howard Graves.....
61	Woodbury, Plymouth, Cherokee, and Sioux.....	William L. Joy.....
62	Monona, Crawford, Ida, Sac... ..	S. J. Comfort.....
63	Harrison and Shelby.....	L. R. Bolter.....
64	Calhoun, Greene, Carroll, and Audubon.....	Azor R. Mills.....
65	Guthrie, Adair, and Cass.....	Abraham L. McPherson.....
66	Montgomery, Adams, Union... ..	A. K. Crawford
67	Taylor and Ringgold.....	Alexander Z. Huggins.....

Ed Wright, elected Speaker January 9.

Charles Aldrich, elected Chief Clerk January 9.

Names of the Presidents and Secretaries of the Council and Senate, and Speakers and Chief Clerks of the House of Representatives, of the several sessions of the Legislative and General Assemblies of the Territory and State of Iowa, from 1838 to 1868, also the place and date of meeting and of adjourning.

TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION.

No. of Session.	Date of Convening.	Date of Adjourning.	Place of Meeting.	Name of President of Council.	Name of Speaker House of Representatives.	Name of Secretary of Council.	Name of Chief Clerk of House of Representatives.
1st	Nov. 12, 1838	Jan. 25, 1839	Burlington	Jesse B. Brown.....	William H. Wallace.	B. F. Wallace.....	Joseph T. Fales..
2d	Nov. 4, 1839	Jan. 17, 1840	"	Stephen Hempstead.		B. F. Wallace.....	Joseph T. Fales..
3d, Extra..	July 13, 1840	Aug. 1, 1840	"	James M. Clark.....		B. F. Wallace.....	Joseph T. Fales..
3d	Nov. 2, 1840	Jan. 15, 1841	"	M. Bainbridge.....		B. F. Wallace.....	Joseph T. Fales..
4th	Dec. 6, 1841	Feb. 18, 1842	Iowa City	Jonathan W. Parker.		J. W. Woods.....	Joseph T. Fales..
5th	Dec. 5, 1842	Feb. 17, 1843	"	John D. Elbert.....		Joseph T. Fales..	B. F. Wallace.....
6th	Dec. 4, 1843	Feb. 16, 1844	"	*Thomas Cox.....		B. F. Wallace.....	Joseph T. Fales..
6th, Extra.	June 16, 1844	.....	"	Francis Gehon		Charles Maderd...	Joseph T. Fales..
7th	May 5, 1845	June 11, 1845	"	S. Clinton Hastings..		John F. Kinney...	William Thompson
8th	Dec. 1, 1845	Jan. 19, 1846	"	Stephen Hempstead.		John F. Kinney...	William Thompson

*Elected January 11, 1844, Francis Springer acting as President *pro tem.* till that date.

STATE ORGANIZATION.

EDUCATIONAL.

FIRST BOARD OF EDUCATION.

*Convened at Des Moines, December 6, 1858. Adjourned December 25.
Convened December 5, 1859. Adjourned December 24.*

NAMES OF MEMBERS.

Ralph P. Lowe, Governor; *ex-officio*.

1st Judicial District—	*Charles Mason; elected October 12, 1858.
2d " "	—T. B. Perry; elected October 12, 1858.
3d " "	—†George P. Kimball; elected October 12, 1858.
4th " "	—D. E. Brainard; elected October 12, 1858.
5th " "	—Dan Mills; elected October 12, 1858.
6th " "	—†Samuel F. Cooper; elected October 12, 1858.
7th " "	—†Thomas H. Canfield; elected October 12, 1858.
8th " "	—Frank M. Connelly; elected October 12, 1858.
9th " "	—†O. H. P. Roszell; elected October 12, 1858.
10th " "	—A. B. F. Hildreth; elected October 12, 1858.
11th " "	—†Isaac J. Mitchell; elected October 12, 1858.

President—Oran Faville, Lieutenant-Governor.

Secretary—Josiah T. Tubby, acting from December 6, 1858. Thomas H. Benton, jr.; elected December 21; qualified January 14, 1859; re-elected December 21.

* In the second session, Philip Viale filled the place of Charles Mason.

† In the classification drew the short term.

SECOND BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Convened December 2, 1861. Adjourned December 20.

NAMES OF MEMBERS.

Samuel J. Kirkwood, Governor; *ex-officio*.
 1st Judicial District—Philip Viele; elected October 11, 1859.
 2d " " —T. B. Perry; elected October 12, 1858.
 3d " " —Dexter C. Bloomer; elected November 6, 1860.
 4th " " —D. E. Brainard; elected October 12, 1858.
 5th " " —Dan Mills; elected October 12, 1858.
 6th " " —Samuel F. Cooper; re-elected November 6, 1860.
 7th " " —Daniel W. Ellis; elected November 6, 1860.
 8th " " —Frank M. Connelly; elected October 12, 1858.
 9th " " —Lyman N. Ingalls; elected November 6, 1860.
 10th " " —A. B. F. Hildreth; elected October 12, 1858.
 11th " " —Daniel D. Chase; elected November 6, 1860.
President—Nicholas J. Rusch, Lieutenant-Governor.
Secretary—Thomas H. Benton, jr.; re-elected December 6.

THIRD BOARD OF EDUCATION.

NAMES OF MEMBERS.

Samuel J. Kirkwood, Governor; *ex-officio*.
 1st Judicial District—Henry K. Edson; elected October 14, 1862.
 2d " " —Samuel M. Moore; elected October 14, 1862.
 3d " " —Dexter C. Bloomer; elected November 6, 1860.
 4th " " —William J. Wagoner; elected October 14, 1862.
 5th " " —S. C. Vance; elected October 14, 1862.
 6th " " —Reuben Mickel; elected October 14, 1862, to fill vacancy.
 7th " " —Daniel W. Ellis; elected November 6, 1860.
 8th " " —*William Reynolds; elected 14, 1862.
 9th " " —Lyman N. Ingalls; elected November 6, 1860.
 10th " " —G. H. Stevens; elected October 14, 1862.
 11th " " —J. M. Brainard; elected October 14, 1862, to fill vacancy.
President—John R. Needham, Lieutenant-Governor.
Secretary—Thomas H. Benton, jr.; resigned in 1863. H. A. Wiltse, acting during a part of 1863, before Col. Benton's resignation. Oran Faville, appointed by the Governor January 1, 1864.

NOTE.—The Board of Education was abolished March 23, 1864, never having met since December, 1861.

* Samuel Storrs Howe was elected in place of Mr. Reynolds, October 13, 1863.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DES MOINES RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Hugh W. Sample, Jefferson county, President; elected August 2, 1847; bond approved September 7.

Charles Corkery, Dubuque county, Secretary; elected August 2, 1847; bond approved September 7.

Paul Brattain, Van Buren county, Treasurer; elected August 2, 1847, bond approved September 7.

William Patterson, Lee county, President; elected August 6, 1849, for three years; qualified September 14.

Jesse Williams, Johnson county, Secretary; elected August 6, 1849, for two years; qualified September 15.

George Gillaspv, Marion county (subsequently of Wapello county), Treasurer; elected August 6, 1849, for one year; bond approved October 12; re-elected August 5, 1850, for three years.

NOTE.—The Board of Public Works, which had been established for the improvement of the navigation of the Des Moines river by Chapter 103, Acts First General Assembly, approved February 24, 1847, was abolished by Chapter 58, Acts Third General Assembly, approved February 5, 1851, and taking effect February 17, 1851; which act created the offices of Commissioner and Register of the Des Moines River Improvement, to be appointed by the Governor and Senate for two years from February 1, 1851. Chapter 108, Laws Fourth General Assembly, approved January 24, 1853, which took effect February 10, 1853, so far modified the law of 1851 as to provide for the election of Commissioner and Register by the people.

COMMISSIONERS OF THE DES MOINES RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

Ver Planck Van Antwerp, Lee county; appointed February 22, 1851; bond approved March 7.

Ver Planck Van Antwerp, appointed January 24, 1853.

Josiah H. Bonney, Van Buren county; elected April 4, 1853; bond approved May 18.

William McKay, Polk county; elected April 2, 1855; bond approved May 19. Resigned November 8, 1856.

Edwin Manning, Van Buren county; appointed by Governor November 17, 1856; bond approved December 1; elected April 6, 1857.

William C. Drake, Wayne county; elected October 12, 1858; term commenced January 8, 1859.

Office abolished March 16, 1860.

REGISTERS OF THE DES MOINES RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

George Gillaspy, Wapello county; appointed February 22, 1851; bond approved March 7.

Paul C. Jeffries, Wapello county; appointed January 24, 1853; bond approved February 7.

George Gillaspy, Wapello county; elected April 4, 1853; bond approved May 21.

John C. Lockwood, Louisa county; elected April 2, 1855; bond approved May 11.

Office abolished February 23, 1857, and duties devolved on Register of State Land office.

REVISION OF LAWS.

COMMITTEE TO DRAFT, REVISE, AND PREPARE A CODE OF LAWS
FOR THE STATE OF IOWA.

Appointment took effect February 9, 1848.

Charles Mason, Des Moines county; qualified May 25.

William G. Woodward, Muscatine county; qualified February 4.

Stephen Hempstead, Dubuque county; qualified February 17.

NOTE.—The above Committee prepared what is known as the Code of 1851.

COMMISSIONERS TO REVISE AND IMPROVE THE SCHOOL LAWS
OF IOWA.

Authorized July 31, 1856.

Horace Mann, of Ohio.

Frederick E. Bissell, Dubuque county.

Amos Dean, President of the State University.

COMMISSIONERS TO PREPARE A CODE OF CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, AND REVISE AND CODIFY THE LAWS.

Under a Joint Resolution, and Chapter 40 of the Acts, of the Seventh General Assembly, 1858.

William Smyth, Linn county.
Winslow T. Barker, Dubuque county.
*Charles Ben Darwin, Des Moines county.

NOTE.—The "Revision of 1860" was prepared by these Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS OF LEGAL INQUIRY.

Charles Ben Darwin, Des Moines county; appointed by the Governor and Senate, 1860.
William Smyth, Linn County; appointed by the Governor and Senate, 1860.
Winslow T. Barker, Dubuque county; appointed by the Governor and Senate, 1860.

Charles Ben Darwin, Des Moines county; appointed April 2, 1866.
Frederick E. Bissell, Dubuque county; appointed April 2, 1866. Died June 12, 1867.
William H. Seevers, Mahaska county; appointed April 2, 1866.
Jacob Butler, Muscatine county; appointed by the Governor September 13, 1866, vice Darwin.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.

COMMISSIONERS TO LOCATE THE CAPITAL AT MONROE CITY.

Under Chapter 71, Acts of First General Assembly, approved February 22, 1847.

John Brown, Lee county.
Joseph D. Hoag, Henry county.
John Taylor, Jones county.

Functions terminated by Chapter 120, Acts of Second General Assembly, approved January 15, 1849, which repealed former law.

*Charles Ben Darwin was also appointed April 21, 1860, to revise the General Laws of the Eighth General Assembly with the Revision.

COMMISSIONERS TO LOCATE THE CAPITAL AT FORT DES MOINES.

Under Chapter 72, Acts of Fifth General Assembly.

Lincoln Clark, Dubuque county; appointed March 8, 1856. Declined.
Guy Wells, Lee county; appointed March 8, 1856.
Stewart Goodrell, Washington county; appointed March 8, 1856.
J. A. L. Crookham, Mahaska county; appointed March 8, 1856.
Benjamin R. Pegram, Pottawattamie county; appointed March 8, 1856.
J. H. D. Street; appointed March 16, 1856, vice Clark.

GEOLOGICAL AND MINERALOGICAL SURVEY.

Authorized January 31, 1855.

James Hall, of New York, State Geologist; appointed in 1855; nominated by the Governor, and confirmed by the Senate, January 7, 1857.
J. D. Whitney, of Massachusetts, Chemical Assistant; appointed in 1855.

Again ordered April 2, 1866.

Charles A. White, Johnson county, State Geologist; appointed April 2, 1866.
Gustavus Hinrichs, Johnson county, Chemist; appointed April 6, 1866.
C. Child, Dubuque county, Assistant Geologist; appointed in 1866.
O. H. St. John, Black Hawk county, Assistant Geologist; appointed March 15, 1867, vice Child.

COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION.

Office created April 11, 1860.

Nicholas J. Rusch, Scott county; appointed by the Governor and Senate April 12, 1860, for two years from May 1, 1860, under Chapter 81, Acts 8th General Assembly.

Office abolished at the expiration of Mr. Rusch's term, under Chapter 11, Acts 9th General Assembly.

REGISTER OF FEDERAL OFFICERS FOR THE TERRITORY AND STATE.*

JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Samuel F. Miller, Keokuk, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States; appointed in 1862.
James M. Love, United States District Judge.

JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

John J. Dyer, Dubuque; appointed in 1846. Died in 1856.
James M. Love, Keokuk (now of Ottumwa); appointed in 1856.

CLERK OF THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

William G. Woodward, Muscatine; appointed May, 1862.

CLERKS OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Theodore S. Parvin, Muscatine; appointed in 1846.
John C. Burns, Dubuque; appointed in 1856.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

Isaac Van Allen; appointed 1838.
Charles Weston; appointed 1840.
John G. Deshler; appointed 1848.
Edward Johnston, Fort Madison; appointed 1845 and 1846.
Isaac M. Preston, Marion; appointed 1848.
Stephen Whicher, Muscatine; appointed 1849.

* The data for the information contained under this caption are from unofficial sources.

Joseph C. Knapp, Keosauqua; appointed 1853 and 1858.
William H. F. Gurley, Davenport; appointed 1861.
Caleb Baldwin, Council Bluffs; appointed 1865.
Milton D. Browning, Burlington; appointed 1867.

MARSHALS.

Francis Gehon; appointed 1838.
Thomas Johnson; appointed 1841.
Isaac Leffler; appointed 1842.
Gideon S. Bailey, Van Buren county; appointed 1845 and 1846.
Stephen B. Shelledy; appointed 1849.
Laurel Summers, Le Claire; appointed 1853 and 1858.
Herbert M. Hoxie, Des Moines; appointed 1861.
Peter Melendy, Cedar Falls; appointed 1865.
Joel M. Walker, Des Moines; appointed 1866.
George W. Clark, Indianola; appointed 1867.

SURVEYORS-GENERAL (IOWA AND WISCONSIN).

Albert G. Ellis; appointed 1838.
George W. Jones; appointed 1840.
James Wilson; appointed 1841.
George W. Jones; appointed 1845.
Warner Lewis, Dubuque; appointed 1848.
George B. Sargent, Davenport; appointed 1850.
Warner Lewis, Dubuque; appointed 1853 and 1858.
—— Townsend, of Wisconsin; appointed 1861. Died in 1863.
H. A. Wiltse, Dubuque; appointed 1863.

GENERAL ELECTION OF 1867.

Abstract of votes cast in the several counties of the State of Iowa, for Judge of the Supreme Court, Attorney-General, and Superintendent of Public Instruction of said State, at the General Election held on the 8th day of October, 1867:

COUNTIES.	For Judge of Supreme Court.		For Attorney-General.		For Sup't of Public Instruction.		For Sup't to fill vacancy.	
	Joseph M. Beck.	John H. Craig.	Henry O'Connor.	W. T. Barker.	D. Franklin Wells.	Maturin L. Fisher.	D. Franklin Wells.	Maturin L. Fisher.
Adair.....	237	108	237	.....	203	108	237	.....
Adams.....	810	185	809	186	810	115	188	6
Allamakee.....	1213	1811	1207	1811	1212	1812	985	187
Appanoose.....	1845	1164	1848	1163	1844	1163	1844	1163
Audubon.....	79	92	79	92	74	92	.....	.....
Benton.....	1510	762	1515	756	1512	762	1232	.....
Black Hawk.....	1405	612	1401	619	1408	612	1409	612
Boone.....	1082	876	1079	875	1082	876	.....	.....
Bremer.....	999	483	996	486	1000	484	577	245
Buchanan.....	1895	825	1898	818	1895	825	1194	714
Buena Vista.....	6	2	6	2	6	2	6	2
Butler ..	518	807	678	812	531	811	361	281
Calhoun.....	88	51	88	51	88	51	44	.....
Carroll.....	113	46	113	46	113	46	118	46
Cass.....	805	190	803	191	805	190	293	.....
Cedar..	1837	1033	1832	1036	1841	1033	1841	1038
Cerro Gordo.....	844	52	844	52	.....	52	.....	.....
Cherokee.....	40	14	40	14	89	14	40	14
Chickasaw.....	758	331	759	330	760	328	651	205
Clarke.....	740	326	739	326	741	324	599	234
Clay.....	61	6	61	6	61	6	61	6
Clayton.....	2553	1709	2538	1718	2547	1773	2546	1768
Clinton.....	2133	1662	2104	.....	2127	1680	.....	.....
Crawford.....	134	119	135	118	134	118	111	63
Dallas.....	820	446	820	.....	820	446	820	.....
Davis.....	1326	1221	1324	1221	1327	1223	1327	1223
Decatur.....	863	876	864	.....	862	876	862	.....
Delaware.....	1508	890	1506	893	1489	891	.....	233
Des Moines...	2173	1880	2142	2067	2165	1880	1498	.....
Dickinson ..	102	4	102	...	102	5	102	5
Dubuque.....	*3840	1940	1865	3405	.....	2435	.....	3337
Emmett.....	112	19	112	19	112	19	111	19
Fayette.....	2101	965	2122	965	1856	862	2129	967
Floyd.....	773	292	767	298	774	292	774	292
Franklin....	397	55	392	55	397	55	397	.....

*As officially returned from the county. It is evidently an error. The figures for Messrs. Beck and Craig should be reversed.

ABSTRACT OF VOTES, 1867—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	For Judge of Supreme Court.		For Attorney- General.		For Sup't of Public Instruction.		For Sup't to fill vacancy.	
	Joseph M. Beck.	John H. Craig.	Henry O'Connor.	W. T. Barker.	D. Franklin Wells.	Maturin L. Fisher.	D. Franklin Wells.	Maturin L. Fisher.
Fremont.....	799	859	799	859	799	860	876	.....
Greene.....	303	214	301	215	288	214	234	.....
Grundy.....	277	7	277	7	277	7	37	.....
Guthrie.....	455	399	456	399	456	399	.....	.....
Hamilton.....	465	120	464	.....	465	120	12	1
Hancock.....	64	24	63	24	64	24	4	.....
Hardin.....	1078	399	1076	369	1017	369	633	351
Harrison.....	694	588	695	599	694	603	.....	.....
Henry.....	2349	860	2339	859	2352	854	1882	.....
Howard.....	616	337	616	337	616	337	255	72
Humboldt.....	248	71	247	71	242	70	224	27
Ida.....	15	1	15	1	15	1	.....	.....
Iowa.....	1189	992	1186	968	1167	972	493	13
Jackson.....	1730	1859	1717	1854	1679	1782	1732	1851
Jasper.....	1814	681	1810	.....	1815	663	1811	683
Jefferson.....	1790	1811	1786	1815	1787	1315	1209	.....
Johnson.....	1928	.....	1928	2040	1920	2047	1924	2044
Jones.....	1753	1198	1746	1200	1753	1198	1459	971
Keokuk.....	1472	1312	1456	1358	858	853	1475	1313
Kossuth.....	217	13	217	13	217	13	217	13
Lee.....	2587	3078	2577	3094	2583	3095	2583	3095
Linn.....	2631	1169	2627	1173	2601	1171	2063	1091
Louisa.....	1344	698	1334	691	1344	697	1344	.....
Lucas.....	788	668	783	670	.....	668	.....	.....
Madison.....	1185	744	1184	744	1185	744	1056	.....
Makaska.....	2064	1840	2057	.....	2064	1840	2064	967
Marion.....	2064	1975	2054	1980	2060	1976	1642	1033
Marshall.....	1388	.....	1386	448	1389	446	1388	447
Mills.....	631	516	631	.....	627	516	498	.....
Mitchell.....	717	.....	711	165	714	165	672	.....
Monona.....	268	134	268	.....	269	133	189	24
Monroe.....	1096	753	1099	750	1095	754	1095	.....
Montgomery.....	261	189	260	189	261	189	178	.....
Muscatine.....	2071	1468	2051	1468	2060	1283	2072	300
O'Brien.....	6	3	6	3	6	3	6	3
Page.....	.....	399	674	71	674	399	604	51
Palo Alto.....	39	56	39	56	38	42	38	36
Plymouth.....	50	5	50	5	50	5	50	5
Pocahontas.....	82	18	83	17	82	17	14	5

ABSTRACT OF VOTES, 1867—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	For Judge of Supreme Court.		For Attorney- General.		For Sup't of Public Instruction.		For Sup't to fill vacancy.	
	Joseph M. Beck.	John H. Craig.	Henry O'Connor.	W. T. Barker.	D. Franklin Wells.	Maturin L. Fisher.	D. Franklin Wells.	Maturin L. Fisher.
Polk	2162	1659	2153	1632	2157	1657	1932	.....
Pottawattamie.....	816	942	No	ret.	811	965	692	.....
Poweshiek.....	1049	553	1048	562	1049	561	1049	561
Ringgold.....	436	204	436	205	436	205	436	205
Sac	111	34	111	34	111	34	111	34
Scott.....	1846	1737	1817	2447	1844	1777	1652	1642
Shelby	107	109	107	109	107	108	107	.....
Sioux	No	retu	rn.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Story.....	769	405	764	405	770	407	665	.....
Tama	938	418	938	447	938	448	569	.....
Taylor	540	228	539	.....	540	202	511	142
Union.... ..	363	301	363	301	363	301	363	301
Van Buren.....	1881	1515	1884	1514	1885	1512	1885	.....
Wapello.....	1837	1790	1832	.....	1837	1789	1595	.....
Warren.....	1320	670	1323	667	1319	670	1150	589
Washington.....	1824	1024	1806	1024	1812	1024	1500	88
Wayne.....	863	619	855	617	862	615	862	.....
Webster.....	598	480	597	481	598	480	598	480
Winnebago.....	147	1	147	1	147	1	.....	.....
Winneshiek.....	1819	528	1818	528	1819	527	1819	.....
Woodbury.. ..	254	238	254	238	254	238	241	227
Worth.....	180	36	180	36	180	36	180	36
Wright	191	62	190	....	191	62	.....	.....
Total.....	90789	58880	89035	54641	85845	61224	70902	31325

SCATTERING VOTES.

For Judge of the Supreme Court.

John L. Craig—Johnson county, 2043; Tama, 34. Total, 2077.
James M. Beck—Butler county, 165; Page, 675. Total, 840.
John M. Craig—Marshall county, 447; Mitchell, 164. Total, 611.
Joseph H. Beck—Fayette county, 27.
William P. Parker—Pottawattamie county, 25.
Henry O'Connor—Pottawattamie county, 17; Clinton, 1. Total, 18.
H. Thayer—Chickasaw county, 1.
E. H. Williams—Floyd county, 1.

ABSTRACT OF VOTES, 1867—CONTINUED.

For Attorney-General.

W. F. Barker—Mills, 516; Taylor, 175; Wapello, 1787; Wright, 62. Total, 2540.
W. T. Barker—Dickinson, 5; Jasper 681; Mahaska, 1340. Total, 2026.
William T. Barker—Adair county, 108; Clinton, 1685; Monona, 134. Total, 1927.
W. L. Barker—Decatur, 875.
W. T. Barker—Dallas, 447.
W. P. Barker—Page, 269; Taylor, 52. Total, 321.
W. D. Barker—Hamilton, 120.
W. J. Barker—Page 59.
W. P. Barlor—Taylor, 1.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Franklin Wells—Dubuque, 1626.
B. F. Wells—Butler, 151; Lucas, 788. Total, 939.
F. D. Wells—Cerro Gordo, 348.
George Walker—Van Buren, 1.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction, to fill Vacancy.

Franklin Wells—Dubuque, 1944.
F. D. Wells—Cerro Gordo, 285.
B. F. Wells—Butler, 7.

NOTE.—Sioux county, the returns of which were received at the office of the Secretary of State subsequent to the official canvass, gave 8 votes for Joseph M. Beck, Henry O'Connor, and D. Franklin Wells for both terms, respectively, for the offices for which they were severally candidates.

The following is the state of the vote for the several candidates, giving each the vote evidently intended for him.

For Judge of the Supreme Court.

Joseph M. Beck.....	90,797	
James M. Beck.....	840	
Joseph H. Beck.....	27	91,664
Deduct for error in Dubuque county.....		1,400
Total for Beck.....		90,264
John H. Craig.....	58,880	
John L. Craig.....	2,077	
John M. Craig.....	611	
Add for error in Dubuque county....	1,400	62,968
Scattering.....		45
Total vote.....		158,277
Beck over Craig.....	27,296	

For Attorney-General.

Henry O'Connor.....	89,043	
W. T. Barker.....	54,641	
W. F. Barker.....	2,540	
William T. Barker.....	1,927	
W. T. Baker.....	2,026	
W. L. Barker.....	875	
W. T. Parker.....	447	
W. P. Barker.....	321	
W. D. Barker.....	120	
W. J. Barker.....	59	
W. P. Barlor.....	1	62,957
Total vote.....		152,000
O'Connor's majority.....	26,086	

ABSTRACT OF VOTES, 1867—CONTINUED.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.

D. Franklin Wells.....	85,853	
Franklin Wells.....	1,626	
B. F. Wells.....	939	
F. D. Wells.....	343	88,761
Maturin L. Fisher.....		61,224
Scattering.....		1
		<hr/>
Total.....		149,986
Wells over Fisher ...	27,537	

For Superintendent of Public Instruction, to fill vacancy.

D. Franklin Wells.	70,910	
Franklin Wells.....	1,944	
F. D. Wells.....	285	
B. F. Wells.....	7	73,146
Maturin L. Fisher.....		81,325
		<hr/>
Total vote.....		104,471
Wells's majority.....	41,821	

Clarke.....	...	...	...	...	86	73	405	320	...	462	351	594	130	128	665	290	559	359
Clay.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	9	3	19	...	11	4	27	...
Clayton.....	163	144	...	...	687	332	949	719	11	1630	1429	1861	990	1	2022	1704	1633	1529
Clinton.....	163	157	...	...	443	465	1157	991	...	1605	1521	1429	693	734	1909	1398	1708	1091
Crawford.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	27	...	45	55	47	...	...	50	35	56	56
Dallas.....	...	...	...	...	202	189	418	380	...	530	448	549	404	...	615	347	662	403
Davis.....	...	...	...	...	690	711	250	687	413	715	1142	691	1457	...	994	1331	1185	1072
Decatur.....	...	...	...	...	110	253	240	494	4	390	771	465	681	...	678	801	667	824
Delaware.....	*76	*89	...	...	382	299	523	399	...	844	894	1185	542	1	1305	721	1182	704
Des Moines.....	769	894	...	...	1045	1213	1162	1405	181	1704	1923	1823	1313	...	2070	1788	1871	1609
Dickinson.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	9	...	31	15	46	4	...	31	1	52	2
Dubuque.....	490	492	...	...	669	1101	999	2482	...	1751	3153	1987	2750	...	2064	3280	1552	2842
Emmett.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	5	23	...	...	23	2	35	2
Fayette.....	...	...	...	...	352	225	592	344	27	1102	849	1151	682	...	1339	813	1145	740
Floyd.....	...	...	...	...	72	4	344	211	...	495	281	492	153	...	568	206	571	283
Franklin.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	32	...	201	51	237	30	...	193	63	243	85
Fremont.....	...	...	...	...	179	186	223	273	14	293	504	344	556	3	519	396	542	776
Greene.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	119	...	126	146	59	83	...	131	102	198	97
Grundy.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	4	...	110	17	142	2	...	168	27	134	24
Guthrie.....	...	...	...	...	37	113	168	192	...	257	263	283	284	...	295	266	329	275
Hamilton.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	149	92	...	193	105	214	106	...	198	78	283	79
Hancock.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	14	34	14	...	27	19	57	14
Hardin.....	...	...	...	...	65	100	435	289	...	645	458	552	253	...	681	807	772	334
Harrison.....	...	...	...	...	78	93	150	198	...	297	351	406	...	255	332	319	357	437
Henry.....	370	614	...	...	1164	530	1632	829	44	1596	998	1723	803	13	2036	880	1885	828
Howard.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	189	127	...	336	279	316	251	...	413	244	353	283
Humboldt.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	10	...	49	29	46	16	...	51	30	96	31
Ida.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	9	5	...	6	3	9	3
Iowa.....	31	13	...	...	228	129	466	360	...	765	549	687	729	...	764	742	840	784

*Includes the vote of Buchanan county.

ABSTRACT OF VOTES FOR GOVERNOR—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Oc.26,'46.		August 5, 1850.		Aug.7,1854.		October 13, 1857.		Oct.11,1859.		October 8, 1861.		Oct.13,1863.		Oct.10,1865.				
	Ansel Briggs.	Thomas McKnight.	Stephen Hempstead.	James L. Thompson.	Wm. Penn Clarke.	James W. Grimes.	Curtis Bates.	Ralph P. Lowe.	Ben M. Samuels.	W. T. Henry.	Samuel J. Kirkwood.	Augustus C. Dodge.	Samuel J. Kirkwood.	William H. Merritt.	Ben M. Samuels.	William M. Stone.	James M. Tuttle.	William M. Stone.	Thomas H. Benton, jr.
Jackson.....	357	222	523	337	1	618	717	872	1019	...	1273	1477	1338	1280	22	1598	1726	1587	1525
Jasper.....	27	15	98	93	...	279	73	727	424	...	946	705	1006	669	9	1120	688	1304	1027
Jefferson.....	516	421	733	674	19	967	774	1151	960	8	1282	1199	1379	403	716	1378	1199	1478	1086
Johnson.....	300	254	396	268	7	699	560	1163	1193	59	1602	1395	1675	1472	52	1546	1569	1547	1509
Jones... ..	71	89	213	165	14	438	440	787	708	...	1161	1153	1309	457	...	1427	1002	1463	839
Keokuk.....	202	164	400	307	2	507	519	879	780	...	1025	1043	1211	898	242	1215	1098	1306	1197
Kossuth.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	45	...	75	37	71	3	2	54	15	138	12
Lee.....	1040	767	1473	931	103	1425	1676	...	...	...	2159	2392	1657	2197	1	2473	2489	2289	2865
Linn.....	272	197	436	380	26	835	610	1214	998	89	1771	1345	1715	1308	...	2070	1147	2095	1230
Louisa.....	291	356	299	352	21	645	459	559	669	...	956	679	1097	559	1	1237	631	1114	832
Lucas.....	...	...	46	41	...	101	124	399	396	5	521	457	549	474	...	580	481	553	516
Lyon (unorganized)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madison.....	...	...	100	62	...	159	202	491	533	...	651	729	705	666	...	777	624	976	562
Mahaska.	251	300	484	518	...	887	568	1027	846	2	1212	1187	1488	1113	2	1733	1167	1820	1188
Marion.....	128	104	367	268	3	493	649	809	1131	7	1256	1438	1441	1402	4	1365	1534	1634	1804
Marshall.....	...	...	24	11	...	110	114	416	142	26	795	442	785	890	...	960	492	1002	375
Mills.....	...	...	...	...	...	177	155	183	218	...	262	245	364	74	119	407	284	432	243
Mitchell.....	...	...	...	...	...	32	...	487	416	...	516	204	597	132	...	574	109	606	119
Monona.....	...	...	...	...	...	25	7	40	85	...	105	105	135	86	...	99	95	115	138
Monroe.....	79	49	242	141	11	390	354	610	644	1	749	666	762	641	45	306	700	880	654

Montgomery	348	361	...	...	...	10	16	69	56	...	125	115	148	79	...	141	90	174	118
Muscatine	...	...	...	...	...	739	619	1140	1105	...	1457	1364	1689	1318	1	1721	1354	1678	1481
O'Brien	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	18	...	4	4	2	5
Osceola (unorg'zed)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Page	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	128	206	...	377	833	410	243	13	434	241	397	298
Palo Alto	...	...	...	...	...	61	93	...	...	...	3	44	2	21	17	...	29	6	48
Plymouth	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	11	30	8	...	...	5	23	...
Pocahontas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	17	10	17	...	17	12	43	10
Polk	78	74	...	...	...	450	450	1115	879	...	1078	1048	1146	1182	11	1420	1243	1689	1468
Pottawattamie	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	205	463	7	295	600	406	189	186	463	817	490	435
Poweshiek	...	...	...	...	...	217	215	473	296	...	595	411	676	374	48	723	526	805	393
Ringgold	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	43	...	260	135	307	77	...	353	114	336	152
Sac	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	43	...	28	37	5	48	...	21	19	86	40
Scott	285	337	...	...	...	773	589	1717	1399	3	2208	1625	1785	1511	187	2613	1315	2081	1648
Shelby	...	...	...	...	...	19	23	38	33	...	78	96	99	...	6	80	82	73	74
Sioux	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	4	...	...
Story	...	...	...	...	...	61	51	217	243	...	395	358	412	817	...	453	342	539	439
Tama	...	...	...	...	...	117	37	303	174	4	600	295	649	270	1	818	418	868	479
Taylor	...	...	...	...	...	11	66	222	168	...	804	257	363	186	1	381	170	382	271
Union	...	...	...	...	...	8	26	88	115	...	151	193	209	186	...	213	187	233	179
Van Buren	820	732	...	...	...	1067	1026	1035	1116	16	1397	1402	1434	1367	1	1619	1272	1565	1202
Wapello	...	...	...	...	...	823	857	856	1153	20	1016	1260	1295	1604	...	1401	1464	1544	1446
Warren	...	...	...	...	...	63	281	696	394	8	937	609	961	739	...	1122	758	1172	756
Washington	223	306	...	...	...	815	499	1124	775	42	1208	946	1381	508	403	1587	1107	1600	988
Wayne	...	...	...	...	...	127	100	210	314	...	416	535	449	...	3	500	575	599	529
Webster	...	...	...	...	...	22	104	269	358	...	252	333	245	263	...	299	264	396	432
Winnebago	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	34	49	...	...	29	18	83	...
Winneeshiek	...	...	...	...	...	185	76	525	229	...	1022	771	1055	...	621	1400	863	1144	668

ABSTRACT OF VOTES FOR GOVERNOR—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.	Oc. 26, '46.		August 5, 1850.		Aug. 7, 1854.		October 18, 1857.		Oct. 11, 1859.		October 8, 1861.		Oct. 13, 1863.		Oct. 10, 1865.				
	Ansel Briggs.	Thomas McKnight.	Stephen Hempstead.	James L. Thompson.	Wm. Penn Clarke.	James W. Grimes.	Curtis Bates.	Ralph P. Lowe.	Ben. M. Samuels.	W. T. Henry.	Samuel J. Kirkwood.	Augustus C. Dodge.	el J. Kirkwood.	im H. Merrill.	Ben M. Samuels.	William M. Stone.	James M. Tuttle.	William M. Stone.	Thomas H. Benton, Jr.
Woodbury.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	125	.....	.....	182	163	.....	.....	.....	122	107	112	57
Worth.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	98	26	.....	.....	.....	120	85	143	6
Wright.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	.....	.....	80	52	.....	.....	.....	75	43	194	45
Soldiers' vote.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17001	3000	736	607
Total	7026	7379	18486	11403	575	28312	21192	38498	1	56532	53832	54492	86122	57848	70445	54070
			Scattering..... 11		Scattering.. 19								can 463	Scattering.. 25		Scattering. 360			

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E R R A T A .

- Page 11.*—In line 13, third column, after "McGregor," insert "city of."
- Page 16.*—The blank in the last line, third column, which was caused by type dropping from the "form," should be filled with "Jackson."
- Page 64.*—The total white population of Cass county is 2,477, instead of 12,477, and of Cedar county 16,035, instead of 6,035.
- Page 115.*—For the name of the State Librarian, read "Lewis I. Coulter," instead of "Lewis J. Coulter."
- Page 131.*—For the name of the County Superintendent of Buena Vista, read "O. H. Stala," instead of "O. H. Starle."
- Page 133.*—The names of the County Superintendents of Linn, Marion, and Pocahontas counties, are severally "Zarah V. Ellsberry," "*D. F. Bonner*," and "James J. *Bruce*."
- Page 159.*—Correct the name of the member of the House of Representatives from Clinton county, to "Shubael Coy."
- Page 160.*—In the names of members of the House of Representatives from Lee county, for "Jacob Hunter," read "Jacob Huner"; and from Wapello county, read "Flint" instead of "Flink."
- Page 165.*—Insert, under head "Registers of the State Land Office," "Office created February 9, 1855."
- Page 170.*—Under the head of "Fourth District," omit, from fifth and sixth lines, the words, "and in 1857, Marshall and Story to the new Thirteenth."
- Page 171.*—Under the sub-head "Judges," (Fifth District,) for "Charles J. McFarland," read "Cave J. McFarland," in both places.
- Page 176.*—Charles E. Millard was re-elected District-Attorney of the Third Judicial District "October 9," 1866. Hugh W. Maxwell was appointed by the Governor Judge of the Fifth Judicial District "July 28, 1866," to take effect August 1.
- Page 198.*—An asterisk (*) should have been prefixed to the name of "John A. Johnson," Senator from Wapello county.
- Page 201.*—In first foot-note, for "1857", read "1859".
- Page 208.*—An asterisk (*) should have been prefixed to the name of "George W. Bassett," Senator from District 48.

CHANGES AND CORRECTIONS IN POST-OFFICES.

- Allamakee County.*—P. 4—Omit "Hardin."
- Winneshiek County.*—P. 61—Omit "Conover"; after "Springwater," in the same line, insert "Locust Lane"; insert "Twin Springs" in the same line with "Plymouth Rock"; omit "Woodville," "Burr Oak Springs," and "Locust Lane" (Pleasant township); and read "New Alba" for "Festina."
- Alphabetical List.*—Pages 106-114—Omit the following: "Burr Oak Springs, Winneshiek;" "Clayton Center, Clayton;" "Conover, Winneshiek;" "Festina, Winneshiek;" "North McGregor, Clayton;" "Sawana, Clayton;" "Sigel, Clayton;" and "Woodville, Winneshiek." Insert the following: "Littleport, Clayton;" "New Alba, Winneshiek;" "Read, Clayton;" and "Twin Springs, Winneshiek."
- Page 109.*—The county in which Hardin post-office is situated is "Clayton," not "Allamakee."
- Page 111.*—"Milpine" should read "Melpine."

The following are corrected lists of post-offices received since the foregoing pages were printed:

BREMER COUNTY.

NO. TP.	NO. RANGE.	CIVIL TOWNSHIP.	POST-OFFICES.
92.....	11.....	Dayton.....	Buck Creek (§ 92).....
93.....	13.....	Douglas.....	Frederika (§ 13).....
91.....	11.....	Franklin.....	Eagle Hill (§ 22), Grove Hill (§ 11).....
93.....	12.....	Frederika.....	Tripoli (§ 33).....
92.....	12.....	Fremont.....	None.....
91... 13	14... ..	Jackson.....	Janesville (§ 35, R. 14).....
91.....	13.....	Jefferson.....	Denver (§ 24).....
92.....	14.....	Lafayette.....	Spring Lake (§ 17).....
93.....	11.....	Le Roy.....	None.....
93.....	12.....	Le Roy.....	Mentor (§ 1), Leroy (§ 13).....
91.....	12.....	Maxfield.....	Maxfield (§ 4).....
93.....	14.....	Polk.....	Horton (§ 26), Syracuse (§ 30).....
93.....	11.....	Sumner.....	None.....
93.....	12.....	Sumner.....	Sumner (§ 10), Dayton (§ 34).....
92.....	13.....	Warren.....	None.....
91.....	13.....	Washington.....	None.....
91.....	14.....	Washington.....	Waverly.....
92.....	14.....	Washington.....	None.....

CLAYTON COUNTY.

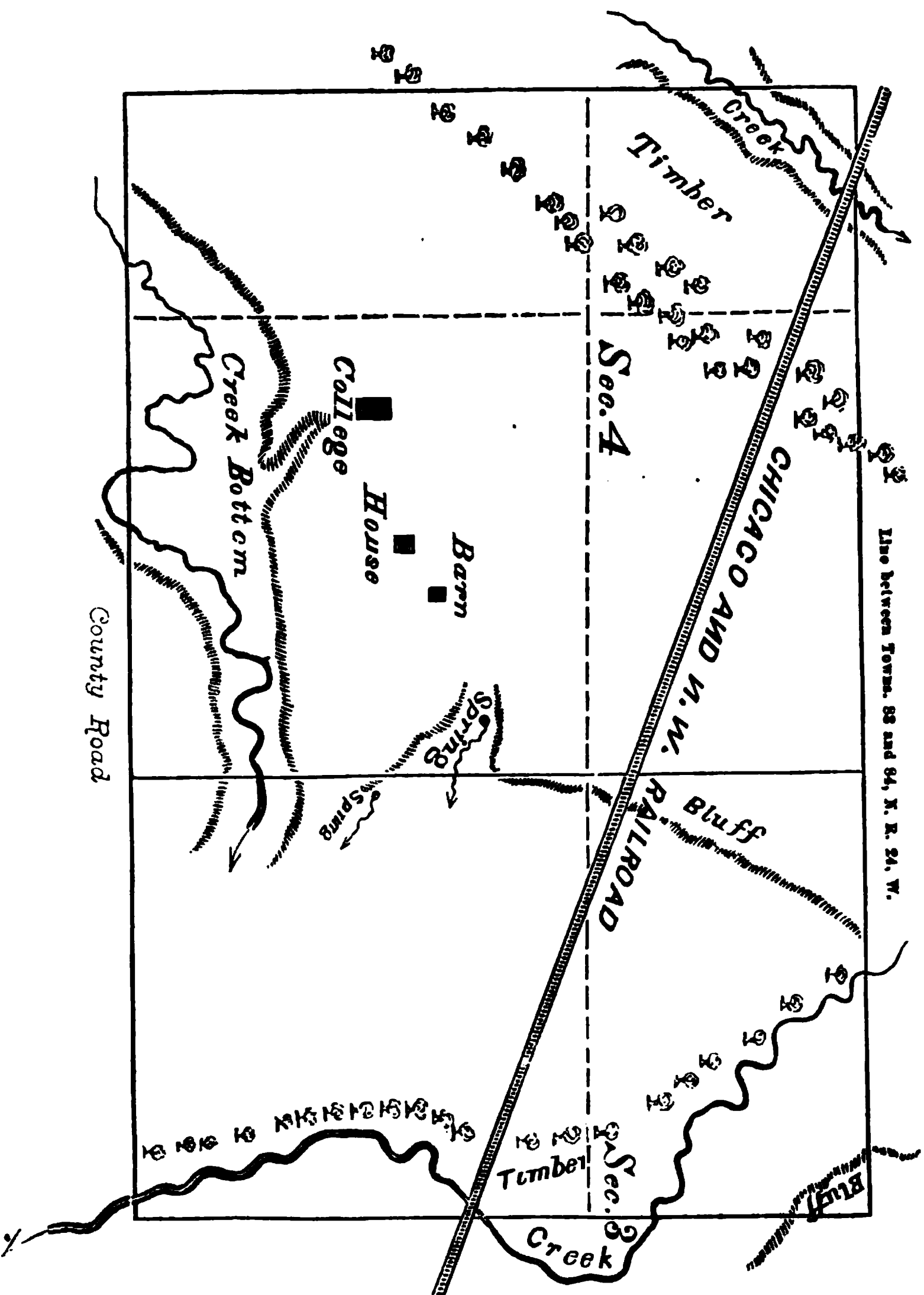
NO. TP.	NO. R.	CIVIL TOWNSHIP.	POST-OFFICES.
..... 93	..... 5	Boardman.....	Elkader.....
..... 91	..... 1	Buena Vista.....	None.....
..... 91	..... 6	Cass.....	Strawberry Point.....
..... 93	..... 2	Clayton.....	None.....
pt. 93, 94	..... 3	Clayton.....	Clayton.....
..... 92	..... 5	Cox Creek.....	Cox Creek, Littleport.....
..... 91	..... 4	Elk.....	None.....
..... 94	..... 4	Farmersburg.....	Farmersburg, National.....
... pt. 93	..... 3, 4	Garnavillo.....	Ceres, Garnavillo, (R. 3).....
..... 95	..... 4	Giard.....	Council Hill, Giard.....
..... 95	..... 6	Grand Meadow.....	None.....
... In 92	..... 2	Guttenberg, city.....	Guttenberg.....
..... 98	..... 6	Highland.....	Highland.....
pt. 92, 93	..... 2, 3	Jefferson, exc. of Guttenberg.....	None.....
..... 91	..... 5	Lodomillo.....	Yankee Settlement.....
... In 95	..... 3	McGregor, city of.....	McGregor.....
..... 91	..... 3	Mallory.....	None.....
..... 94	..... 6	Marion.....	Gem.....
95 pt. 94	..... 3	Mendon, exc. of McGregor.....	None.....
..... 91	..... 2	Millville.....	Millville.....
..... 95	..... 5	Monona.....	Monona, Hardin.....
... pt. 93	..... 4	Read.....	Read.....
..... 92	..... 6	Sperry.....	Volga City.....
..... 92.. 4 pt.	..... 3	Volga.....	Elkport, (R. 4).....
..... 94	..... 5	Wagner.....	Wagner, Communia.....

NEWSPAPERS.—Pages 139-143.—The following are names of newspapers and periodicals reported since the foregoing pages were printed:
Dubuque County.—"The Evergreen," Dubuque, monthly, Masonic.
Mahaska County.—"The Evangelist," Oskaloosa, monthly, religious principles). "Business Expositor and College Advocate," Oskaloosa; published "in the interest of Oskaloosa College."
Wapello County.—"Weekly Irish Harp," Ottumwa, Fenian.
Winnebago County.—"Winnebago Press," Forest City, Weekly, Republican.

1901

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

MAP OF AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FARM.



SECOND REPORT
OF THE TRUSTEES
OF THE
Iowa Agricultural College,

TO THE
GOVERNOR AND GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF IOWA,

CONTAINING A HISTORY OF THE COLLEGE FROM ITS INCEPTION TO THE
PRESENT TIME; THE SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT FOR THE LAST TWO
YEARS; REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION; RE-
PORT OF THE BUILDING COMMITTEE; REPORT OF THE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE; REPORT OF THE TREAS-
URER AND LAND AGENT.

JANUARY 27, 1868.

DES MOINES:
F. W. PALMER, STATE PRINTER,
1868.

To His Excellency, Governor Samuel Merrill :

In accordance with the requirements of the provisions of Chapter 114, of the Acts of the Tenth General Assembly, we herewith submit a Report of the condition of the Iowa Agricultural College and Farm ; the Reports of the Executive and Building Committees ; the Land Agent and Treasurer ; a summary of the Report of the Committee on Organization, and other facts of public interest relating to the College ; also a brief history of its origin and progress up to the present time.

TRUSTEES OF THE IOWA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

Elected by the Legislature of 1866. Terms of office began May 1, 1866.

Ex - Officio—GOV. SAMUEL MERRILL.

- 1st District—J. WILSON WILLIAMS, Term expires, May 1, 1868.
2d District—DR. J. D. WRIGHT, Term expires, May 1, 1868.
3d District—B. O. STEVENSON, Term expires, May 1, 1868.
4th District—J. C. CUSEY, Term expires, May 1, 1870.
5th District—DR. T. K. BROOKS, Term expires, May 1, 1870.
7th District—H. M. THOMSON, Term expires, May 1, 1868.
8th District—JOHN RUSSELL, Term expires, May 1, 1870.
9th District—PETER MELENDY, Term expires, May 1, 1868.
10th District—JOHN GARBER, Term expires, May 1, 1868.
11th District—B. F. GUE, Term expires, May 1, 1870.
12th District—R. W. HUMPHREY, Term expires, May 1, 1870.
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OFFICERS OF THE IOWA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

HON. B. F. GUE.....President.
HON. H. M. THOMSON.....Secretary and Supt. of Farm.
MAJ. S. E. RANKIN.....Treasurer.
C. A. DUNHAM.....Architect.

BUILDING COMMITTEE.

HON. JOHN RUSSELL, DR. J. D. WRIGHT, HON. J. W. WILLIAMS.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

B. F. GUE, R. W. HUMPHREY, J. C. CUSEY, PETER MELENDY.

COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION AND PROFESSORS.

B. F. GUE, PETER MELENDY, JOHN RUSSELL.

BRIEF HISTORY OF THE COLLEGE.

As the Iowa Agricultural College is beginning to be recognized as one of the most important of the public Institutions of the State, it is well to collect and preserve a record of all facts relating to its origin and history, up to the present time, that in the future, when the pioneers in the work shall have passed away, a truthful record of their doings may be secured.

At the first session of the Legislature held under the New Constitution, which convened at Des Moines on the eleventh day of January, 1858, R. A. Richardson of Fayette county, B. F. Gue of Scott county, Ed Wright of Cedar county, William Lundy of Muscatine county, and Charles Foster of Washington county, prepared a bill providing for the organization of a State Agricultural College, for the purpose of affording the laboring classes better facilities for procuring a college education.

The bill was introduced into the House on the 4th day of February, by Mr. Richardson, printed, and referred to the Committee of Ways and Means.

On the 10th day of March, Mr. Wilson, chairman of the committee, reported the bill back to the House, and recommended that its future consideration be indefinitely postponed. This brought on a spirited contest between the friends and opponents of the measure.

Speeches were made in advocacy of the bill by B. F. Gue, Ed Wright, William Lundy and R. A. Richardson, and against it — principally on the ground of inexpediency, owing to the condition of State finances — by J. F. Wilson, W. H. Seevers and John Edwards.

After a free discussion, the friends of the bill consented to reduce the appropriation asked for from \$20,000 to \$10,000, and the bill thus passed both branches of the Legislature by a large majority.

The first Board of Trustees, consisting of one from each Judicial District, was composed of the following named gentlemen, viz.:

M. W. Robinson, Timothy Day, John Wright, G. W. F. Sherwin, William Duane Wilson, Richard Gaines, Suel Foster, J. W. Henderson, E. G. Day, Peter Melendy and John Pattee.

In 1859, the Trustees purchased a farm in Story county, containing 648 acres.

The farm is located about thirty miles north of Des Moines, on the line of the North Western Railway, about midway between Boonsboro and Nevada.

The Trustees proceeded to erect upon the farm a brick house, a large barn, and other necessary buildings, and to build fence and break up a part of the land.

There was connected with the College bill, a provision for an Agricultural Department and Office, to be immediately opened at the Capital, for the purpose of procuring and supplying facts, statistics, seeds and plants to the farmers of the State. William Duane Wilson was elected Secretary of the Board of Trustees and Superintendent of this Department. He was continued in that position for several years, gathering and disseminating a large amount of valuable information, and some valuable grains, seeds and plants. At the session of the Legislature of 1864 this Department was abolished and the office at the Capital discontinued.

At the session of the Legislature in 1860 the enemies of the College made a strong effort to secure the repeal of the bill providing for its establishment. A resolution was adopted directing "the Committee on Agriculture to inquire into the expediency of repealing an act providing for the establishment of the Agricultural College." After taking the subject into careful consideration, the committee submitted the following reports, which are taken from the House Journal of 1860:

"The Committee on Agriculture, to whom was referred a resolution directing the committee to inquire into the expediency of repealing the law enacting and providing for an Agricultural College and Farm, have had the same under consideration, and the minority of said committee beg leave to report, that in their opinion it is expedient to repeal said law, and for the following, among other reasons:

"1st. Said Institution was not, and is not now, demanded by a

majority of the tax-payers of the State, or those for whose especial benefit it is claimed the same was created.

“2d. It is believed that the expenditure of money required to establish and keep up such an Institution will be entirely disproportioned to the benefit resulting therefrom to the people of this State.

“3d. Admitting that the Institution would be of practical value to the agricultural interests of the State, your committee believe it unwise and unjust to embark in such a costly enterprise at a time when such financial distress pervades the country, and when the people are already overburdened with taxes.

“4th. Again, the State of Iowa is yet young, and almost one-half of her territory unsettled, and it is unjust to burden the present tax-payers of the State with the cost of establishing an Institution not imperatively demanded.

“JOHN M. WHITAKER,

“T. N. BARNES.

“Which, on motion, was laid on the table.

“Mr. Gue, from Committee on Agriculture, presented the following majority report:

“The undersigned, members of the Committee on Agriculture, to whom was referred a resolution inquiring into the expediency of repealing the law creating and providing for an ‘Agricultural College and Experimental Farm, to be connected with the entire agricultural interest of the State,’ ask leave to submit the following report: That, in their opinion, it is clearly inexpedient, unwise and unjust to repeal said law, for the following, among other reasons:

“1st. That the law was enacted by the last Legislature at the earnest solicitation of the most intelligent and experienced farmers, mechanical and working men of the State; that after a full and free discussion upon the merits of the bill, and the expediency of their laying the foundation of an Institution for the benefit of the great mass of the people who earn an honest living by the hard labor of their hands and the sweat of their brows, it was passed with a unanimity that ought to have entitled it to a *fair trial* before attempts are made to crush it out.

“2d. There is no evidence before the committee that any considerable number of people, of any class, or in any portion of the

State, desire that the law of the last session, for the establishment of this Institution, should be repealed until after a reasonable time has elapsed to enable them to judge whether it will meet the wants and expectations of those for whose benefit it was proposed to establish it. Your committee believe it would be but justice to the very large and respectable class of our citizens, who compose the working men of the State, to let the original intent of the friends of this Institution be fairly carried out, as provided by the law which it is proposed to repeal.

“3d. In view of the financial embarrassments which now depress our people, the friends of the College have decided to ask for no further appropriation from the State at this session of the Legislature; but that they will solicit and secure such subscriptions from friendly sources as may enable them, when times are more propitious, with some assistance from the State, to erect such buildings as the wants of the Institution may require; thus relieving the people from any apprehensions that this Institution should add to their already heavy burthen of taxation.

“Your committee would further represent that the law was so framed that the Institution should go into operation gradually. An Agricultural Bureau was organized in connection with the board, for the purpose of collecting and disseminating valuable information which could in no other manner be so effectually and cheaply obtained. It also provides for the collection and distribution of seeds; thus affording a medium of exchange among farmers in the different parts of the State, which, of itself, is of far more value than the whole amount of expense incurred. Indeed, it is impossible to calculate the great advantages which will undoubtedly result from this department.

“Who can estimate the value to this State of the introduction of the single article of Sorghum, obtained by the seed department of the General Government, which has saved to our citizens, already, hundreds of thousands of dollars. Through this department of the College, we are already reaping the benefit of the law, to some extent, while the Board is engaged in making preparations for carrying its provisions fully into effect, as fast as the means at their disposal will justify.

“The farm has already been purchased, the location made, and an amount of money subscribed to assist in erecting the necessary

buildings. As evidence of the demand there is for an Institution of this kind, and its popularity among the farmers, your committee would state that there has already been numerous applications for admission into the College, as students, as soon as it goes into operation.

“In view of all these facts, your committee would most earnestly protest against the repeal of this law, and the consequent destruction of all that has thus far been accomplished; being confident, as we are, that if this step backward is taken, that it must and will be retraced, and that all of the time and money already expended, will be worse than lost; it will be evidence to our citizens and to the world, that after having once determined to educate our working men, to elevate labor and make it honorable and ennobling; that after having decided to provide an Institution in which the sons of our farmers and mechanics may be educated for their chosen profession, we have repented of our noble purpose, and have concluded that ignorance is preferable to knowledge, and have chosen darkness rather than light. All of which is respectfully submitted.

“B. F. GUE,
R. W. MACOMBER,
M. W. ROBINSON,
L. C. NOBLE,
F. A. STEVENS.”

The minority of the committee submitted with their report a bill repealing the act by which the College was established. This was a critical time in the history of the new enterprise. The State was depressed with a heavy debt hanging over it; the whole country was suffering from great financial embarrassment; the policy of the Legislature was to economise in all directions and cut off every project likely to draw heavily upon its resources. An Agricultural College was at best an experiment to some extent, and was looked upon with little favor even by many intelligent farmers. Its friends watched with anxiety the indications every where visible of a disposition on part of a majority of the Legislature to wipe out its existence thus summarily an act from which they had hoped to eventually build up a great institution devoted to the interests of the laboring people. H. C. Caldwell, one of the ablest and most influential members of the House, led the attack on the College. It was clearly evident to the friends of the College that a majority

of the House was disposed to vote for the bill of repeal. Time must be gained, or all their hopes were likely to be blasted. The Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture arose and moved that the bill be laid upon the table *for the present*, as its opponents were not quite ready to act upon it. The motion seemed reasonable, and prevailed. About two weeks later an effort was made to take the bill from the table, but the friends of the College *were not ready yet*, and raised the point — “that where objection was made, it required a *two-thirds vote* to call the bill up.” The Speaker sustained the point, and as the friends of the College *never got ready during the session* to take up the bill, and as its opponents were not able to get a two-thirds vote, it has rested there in quietness from that date to this.

The friends of the College, well satisfied that they had barely saved their embryo institution from destruction, made no effort during the remainder of the session to procure an appropriation for the erection of a building, but decided to wait for a more auspicious occasion.

Before the assembling of the next Legislature the great rebellion had convulsed the whole country, and the entire energies and resources of the loyal States were required to preserve our government from destruction. All thought of asking aid of the State was postponed, and the trustees and friends of the College were content to wait for the return of peace.

The Secretary in his Report for 1863, says :

Beyond the expenditures necessary to place the Farm under a fair state of cultivation, the trustees did not feel justified in making appropriations from the limited amount in their hands, but preferred reserving the best of the assets for an endowment to meet the expenses of the Institution when in operation, hoping that when it had the ability, the State would make the needed appropriation for College buildings. But during all this time the people of the State, generally supposed that buildings were erecting and that the College would soon be open to the public, and many applications had been made to receive students. Had it not been for the extraordinary condition of the financial matters of the State, such would doubtless have been the situation of the Institution on the opening of the present year, now about five years since the purchase of the College Farm. If all this could not have been done, a general

expectation, or hope at least, was felt by its friends generally, that the Farm would be opened for experimental husbandry. Even this could not be accomplished under the circumstances without involving an expenditure which was thought would not be justified by the people of the State, unless the College Institution was fully provided for.

In July, 1862, Congress appropriated the several loyal States in the Union, for Agricultural Colleges, 30,000 acres of land, for each Senator and Representative in Congress. The amount under this grant, to the State of Iowa, was 240,000 acres. Any State accepting this grant is required by the terms of the grant to erect the necessary College buildings, without using any of the proceeds of the lands for that purpose, within five years from the time the acceptance of the grant. The State of Iowa, at the Special Session in September, 1862, accepted this grant, with this and other conditions imposed therein.

Peter Melendy was appointed by the Governor to select the lands embraced in the grant, and in October of the same year entered upon the work.

The following extracts from his report will show how and where the lands were located :

“It was ascertained that there were about 6,000,000 acres of vacant lands remaining in the State, two-thirds of which were in the Sioux City District, comprising all the counties north of township 85 and west of range 33. It required some days to prepare the necessary maps and plats for reference, and I was ready to commence the examination of lands about the first of November. It soon became apparent that the land speculations of a few years since had reached, in various directions, from the settlements along the rivers, and that a large part of the timber had been entered, together with considerable portions of the adjacent prairie. Under these circumstances I adopted the policy of selecting good lands only, even if they were so far from timber as to be slightly depreciated at present below the minimum of the government price. I considered it expedient also (confirmed by the opinion of several of the College Trustees) to select about 50,000 acres within the six mile limits of the land grant railroads—the Dubuque & Sioux City and the Cedar Rapids & Missouri River Railroads. For convenience, these will be designated as railroad lands, and as they

are taken at the maximum price it reduces the aggregate to about 200,000 acres. It is believed, however, that by the extension of these roads this class of lands will become quite as remunerative to the College fund as any of the lands selected at the minimum price. In the selections I have kept in view the adaptation of the lands to agricultural purposes, especially for grain-growing and stock-raising; also, the probable points of market, when the country becomes settled, and generally their location near the line of roads as well as probable towns; and in the railroad lands, in most instances, their position in reference to probable stations, or on roads leading through or near them to railroad depots.

After traversing the Sioux City, Des Moines and Fort Dodge districts, in more than thirty counties, including the region on both forks of the Des Moines over eighty miles above Fort Dodge, I reviewed the preliminary list prepared on the several routes, and made the selections in the counties hereinafter named; the lands being indicated in the list, described in the plat-books, and also marked on the accompanying maps of the land districts. The selections were made in as large bodies as practicable, in good localities, with a view to encourage settlement in neighborhood colonies, and also for the convenience of more careful examinations if found to be necessary, and for the better management of the agency that may be required in disposing of the lands. The limited time did not permit me to examine every tract personally, but wherever lands have been selected, reference was had to springs, streams, stone-quarries, nearness to timber, superior grass or grain land, or some of those advantages and circumstances that might render the land more salable. At the same time there remained in nearly every township some land of a quality equal to that selected, for I thought it better policy not to remove, in any township or county, all the opportunities that immigrants may seek for entries, pre-emptions, or homesteads upon Government lands; for settlements in the neighborhood of the College lands will tend to increase their value.

The quantity in the several land districts, and the quantity of railroad lands, are indicated, nearly, in round numbers, by the following figures:

Fort Dodge district railroad lands..... 30,000 acres.

Fort Dodge district other lands..... 85,000 acres.

Sioux City district railroad lands.....	20,000 acres.
Sioux City district other lands.....	50,000 acres.
Des Moines district railroad lands.....	6,000 acres.
Des Moines district other lands.....	4,000 acres.

Total, about195,000 acres.

These figures, like those referring to the lands in some of the counties, will be slightly changed in perfecting the list, by the omission of some tracts selected by the counties, and perhaps by some pre-emptions. The apparent deficit in the total number is made up, nearly, by considering the maximum-priced railroad lands at twice their actual quantity."

By a subsequent adjustment of the selections with the General Government, the number of acres embraced in the grant was brought up to 204,309 acres, which amount was certified to the State.

At the session of the Legislature which convened at the Capital in January, 1864, a determined and systematic effort was made by some of the friends of the State University to divert the lands granted by Congress for the benefit of Agricultural Colleges, to increase the endowment of the University, upon conditions that a department of agriculture should be established, an experimental farm secured, and an agricultural course provided at the University for those who wished to pursue it.

It was claimed by the friends of the proposition, that this would be a substantial compliance with the law making the grant; that it would save a large expense in buildings, professors, cabinets, libraries, &c.; that the University would soon need, and must have, a larger endowment, and that in no way could it be so easily obtained as by diverting the College Grant.

These views were ably urged by Ex-Gov. Kirkwood, President Spencer, and A. B. F. Hildreth, then representative from Floyd county.

On the other hand, the friends of the Agricultural College resisted the attempt to divert the grant from its original purpose, contending that it belonged to the Agricultural College by the express terms of the act; that the industrial classes comprised the majority of the people and tax-payers of the State; that they were seeking to build up one institution that should be devoted to their

interests, and that after having assisted in securing the grant of lands for its endowment, it would be gross injustice to divert it to one that was already richly endowed.

Public discussions were held for several evenings in the Hall of the House of Representatives, in which Governor Kirkwood appeared as the champion of the diversion; while B. F. Gue, Senator from Scott county; Maxwell, Representative from Story; Russell of Jones, and Thomson of Scott, opposed it. The scheme was finally defeated, and the entire grant given forever to the Agricultural College.

After the contest was ended, the manner of disposing of the lands in such a way as would soonest produce an income for the support of the College, was a subject of much solicitude, and engaged the earnest attention of the Legislature and friends of the College for a long time.

The lands were remote from railroads, settlements and timber, and surrounded by Government lands which could be taken by actual settlers as homesteads at a merely nominal cost, and it could not be hoped that the College lands would sell for even \$1.00 per acre, for several years to come. After much thought on the subject, the present plan of leasing them was devised by Governor Kirkwood, Senators B. F. Gue and C. F. Clarkson, incorporated in a bill which became a law, and has since produced such remarkable results, enabling the College to realize an annual income already, of nearly \$30,000 per year.

The act provides that the Trustees may lease, for a term of ten years, any of said lands; the lessee to pay eight per cent interest on the appraised value of the land annually in advance, with the privilege of purchasing the same at the expiration of the lease. In case the lessee fails to pay the interest promptly, his right to hold the land is forfeited, with all improvements made thereon. The lands were then appraised, a land office opened at Fort Dodge, and Hon. George W. Bassett appointed agent for the sale and lease of the lands.

At the same session of the Legislature an appropriation was made of \$20,000 to aid in the erection of the College building.

In June, 1864, the building committee, consisting of Suel Foster, Peter Melendy, and J. A. Bronson, proceeded to let the contracts

tracts for excavation of cellar, making brick, furnishing of lumber, carpenter work, stone cutting, &c.

John Browne, of Des Moines, was employed as architect, who furnished the plan of the building. In September, Mr. Browne was discharged and C. A. Dunham was employed, who materially changed the plans, and directed the removal of the cellar walls, which had become badly damaged owing to their faulty construction. By the report of the secretary, Peter Melendy, made to the General Assembly in 1866, it appears that the appropriation of \$20,000 was expended in putting in the foundation of the College and making brick for the superstructure.

During this session a committee consisting of Senator Powers of Black Hawk county, Representatives Finkbine of Johnson, and Russell of Jones, was appointed by the Legislature to visit the College Farm and report the condition of affairs. They presented an elaborate report, and estimated that it would require \$91,000 to complete the building, and pay the outstanding indebtedness. An appropriation for that amount was made by the Legislature, and an act passed regulating the manner in which it should be expended.

An entire new board of Trustees was elected who came into office on the first of May, 1866, and at a meeting held at the Farm in June, a contract was let to Mr. Reichard for the completion of the College building. He was to be furnished with all of the brick required to finish the work, and was to furnish all other material, and do the work, for which he was to receive \$78,872. The building was to be completed by the first day of January, 1868. The remaining facts of interest connected with the College and Farm, will be found in abstracts of the reports of the Building Committee, Executive Committee, Superintendent of the Farm, Treasurer, and Land Agent, which will be found in this publication.

Among the early friends of the College, and active members of the Board of Trustees for a long series of years, will be found the names of Suel Foster of Muscatine, the first President of the Board; Peter Melendy, a member of the Executive Committee for many years, and at one time Superintendent and Secretary; Wm. Duane Wilson, the active and efficient Secretary of the Board, and author of several of the best publications relating to

the agricultural interests of the State; M. W. Robinson, who was for years an active member of the Board, and subsequently held the offices of Secretary, Superintendent, and Treasurer; J. A. Bronson of Jones county, who was an active member of the Executive Committee.

As long as Agricultural Colleges exist, the name of JUSTIN S. MORRILL will not be forgotten by their friends. It is to his untiring efforts, supported by Senator Wade of Ohio, and Senator Harlan of our own State, that Congress was induced to make a grant of the public lands for their permanent endowment. At the Thirty-Fifth session of Congress, in December, 1857, Mr. Morrill, as Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, introduced his first bill granting lands to the States for the endowment of institutions devoted to giving instruction in agriculture and the mechanic arts. It met with strong opposition both in the House and Senate. In the House its most active opponent was Mr. Cobb of Alabama, and in the Senate Jefferson Davis of Mississippi, J. M. Mason of Virginia, and Mr. Pugh of Ohio. The bill finally passed the House on the 22d of February, 1858, by only five majority. In the Senate the friends of the bill were not able to reach it during the session, and it went over to the winter of 1859, when, on the 7th of February, it passed that body by only three majority. The bill went to the President for his approval; but James Buchanan, true to his instincts of sympathy with the lordly planters of the South, placed his veto upon an act that was designed to benefit the laboring people.

Upon the opening of the new Congress under President Lincoln's Administration, Senator Wade introduced the bill again in the Senate, and after a long delay it was finally passed by the decisive vote of thirty-two to seven. It went to the House, and on the 17th of June, 1862, was passed by ninety ayes to twenty-five nays. A few days later it received the signature of President Lincoln and became a law.

Among the active friends of the bill in the House, we have neglected to name Mr. Walbridge of Michigan, who was an active and efficient supporter of the measure. And to no one are the friends of Agricultural Colleges more indebted for earnest works in their interests, at all times, and upon all occasions, than to Dr.

Evans Pugh, the late lamented President of the Pennsylvania Agricultural College.

We have thus briefly alluded to the most active and earnest friends of our Agricultural College in the days of its infancy, and have also noted the prime movers in securing the beneficent act providing for the endowment of this and similar institutions, that their earnest and long-continued labor may not be forgotten by future generations who are destined to reap the great benefits of their works.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER FOR 1866.

Hon. B. F. Gue, President of the Board of Trustees of the Iowa Agricultural College :

I herewith submit a statement of the transactions of my office from the first day of May, 1866, to the first day of January, 1867.

BUILDING FUND.

By amount received from State Treasurer.....	\$40,000.00
State warrant.....	10,000.00
Received from M. W. Robinson.....	312.75
Total.....	<u>\$50,312.75</u>
To amount paid on warrants.....	\$38,811.31
Transferred to farm fund.....	3,547.24
	<u>\$42,358.55</u>
Balance.....	7,954.20
Total.....	<u>\$50,312.75</u>

FARM FUND.

By amount paid from building fund.....	\$ 3,547.24
By amount received of M. W. Robinson, Secretary....	654.73
By amount of Story county bonds.....	1,600.00
By amount from parties on land notes.....	2,820.00
Total.....	<u>\$ 8,621.97</u>
Amount paid on warrants.....	3,352.80
Balance.....	5,269.17
Total.....	<u>\$ 8,621.97</u>

INTEREST FUND.

By amount of Story county bonds and interest.....	\$ 7,733.66
By amount received of G. W. Bassett.....	4,926.27
Total.....	<u>\$12,659.93</u>

REPORT FOR 1867.

To the President of the Board of Trustees of the Iowa Agricultural College :

I herewith submit a statement of the transactions of my office for the year 1867.

It will be seen that the fund demonstrated "Interest Fund," has accumulated quite a fund in my hands. During the first part of the year, by the provisions of the law making the appropriations requiring the filing of vouchers of actual payment by the Board on account of the College building, before any money could be drawn from the State Treasury, and at times the inability of the State Treasurer to pay the requisitions of the President of the Board, this fund was temporarily loaned to meet the payments due the contractor. I used this fund in such manner upon consultation with some members of the Board, as I believe to the best interests of the Institution. However, during the summer I perceived that this fund would not be further required for that purpose, and endeavored to invest the money so as to bring a revenue. As the College is to be a State Institution, I thought it not only proper but politic to invest its means in the State indebtedness, and sought Iowa bonds in preference to other securities.

Upon consideration of the resolution of the Board directing the investment of this fund, I came to the conclusion that I would not be authorized to pay over par for any bonds I might purchase. As government bonds have ruled high in the market, often bringing more than one year's interest as a premium, and for reasons above expressed, I did not invest any of these funds in them. I have corresponded with sundry persons in the State who I learned held Iowa bonds, have advertised in New York, and employed agents in Chicago to purchase, but have only obtained \$9,100 at par. I could secure all wanted by paying a premium ranging

from two to three per cent. I submit the matter to the judgment of the Board.

It seems to me some discretion might be given the Treasurer, or perhaps better, the Executive Committee empowered to direct or advise him upon the terms and character of these investments. As the success and usefulness of the Institution, in a large measure, must depend upon its financial affairs, considerable attention ought to be directed to what will be its permanent fund.

I herewith submit a statement of the funds :

COLLEGE BUILDING FUND.

1867.

Balance last report, January 6, 1867.....	\$ 7,954.20
Feb. 9. Amount received from State Treasurer.....	10,000.00
May 10. Amount received from State Treasurer.....	10,000.00
Aug. 6. Amount received from State Treasurer.....	10,000.00
Sept. 27. Amount received from State Treasurer.....	10,000.00
Total receipts.....	<u>\$47,954.20</u>
Amount paid out on warrants.....	<u>\$45,561.20</u>
Balance on hand, January 6, 1868.....	\$2,393.00

FARM FUND.

1867.

Balance last report, January 6, 1867.....	\$5,269.17
Feb. 18. Interest on Story county bonds.....	112.00
May 22. From A. H. Morris, on note.....	273.60
Sept. 25. From H. M. Thomson, Secretary.....	800.00
	<u>\$6,454.77</u>
Amount paid out on warrants.....	<u>\$2,298.70</u>
Balance.....	<u>\$4,156.07</u>
Composed of Story county bonds.....	<u>\$1,600.00</u>
Cash.....	<u>2,556.07</u>
	<u>\$4,156.07</u>

INTEREST FUND.

1867.

Balance last report, January 6, 1867.....	\$7,733.66
Jan. 17. Received interest.....	4,923.27
Jan. 17. Received of G. W. Bassett.....	1,965.40

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

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Jan.	24.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	5,419.00
Feb.	6.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	1,262.50
Feb.	8.	Interest received from State Treasurer.....	100.00
Feb.	18.	Interest received on Story county bonds....	511.17
March	31.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	266.00
April	4.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	2,809.96
May	2.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	500.00
May	21.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	835.25
May	27.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	546.00
June	11.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	28.80
July	5.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	3,448.34
July	6.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	588.15
Oct.	3.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	6,920.48
Dec.	30.	Received of G. W. Bassett.....	6,253.33
1868.			
Jan.	2.	Received interest on Iowa bonds.....	297.50
Iowa bonds.....			9,100.00

\$53,508.66

1067.

Aug.	12.	Amount paid for Iowa bonds and interest..	\$ 503.79
Aug.	15.	Amount paid for Iowa bonds and interest..	8,062.22
		Exchange and interest.....	22.00
Sept.	19.	Paid for Iowa bonds and interest.....	629.69
		Paid in warrants.....	513.50
Balance.....			43,777.46

\$53,508.66

Balance composed of Iowa bonds.....			\$ 9,100.00
Story county bonds.....			6,700.00
Cash.....			27,977.46

\$43,777.46

L. P. SHERMAN, Treasurer.

REPORT OF THE LAND AGENT.

LAND OFFICE OF THE IOWA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, }
DECEMBER 31, 1867. }

To the Board of Trustees of the Iowa Agricultural College :

In compliance with your instructions, the following annual report of the transactions of the Land Department of the College is hereby submitted for your consideration.

The agency for selling and leasing lands belonging to the College and included in the act of Congress approved July 2, 1862, was established at Fort Dodge on the 15th day of July, 1865, by order of the Executive Committee, and the lands offered for sale and lease under the provisions of Chapter 117 of the Acts of the 10th General Assembly.

The lands were withdrawn by order of the committee, on the 6th day of December following. At the next session, the General Assembly authorized the Board of Trustees to sell or lease the remainder of the lands, but provided that the price should be advanced fifty per cent additional to the valuation made in 1865, and the interest on leases was advanced to eight per cent per annum. This established the minimum price of lands at \$2.25 per acre.

The Board of Trustees having entered into a permanent contract with me for the establishment and maintenance of a land agency at Fort Dodge for a term of ten years from the date of the first leases, ordered the lands to be again offered for sale and lease on terms consistent with the provisions of the last mentioned act of the General Assembly.

The lands were accordingly again brought into market on the 14th day of May, 1866, but the great advance in price, and the increase in the rate of interest, necessarily made the sales somewhat slower than the previous year.

The following is a summary of the transactions of the office up to December 31, 1867:

Number of acres of land leased up to December 31, 1865.....	57,436
Valuation.....	\$109,459.44
Annual interest at 6 per cent.....	6,567.56

Number of acres of land leased from December 31, 1865, to January 9, 1867.....	54,998
Valuation.....	\$130,779.81
Annual interest at 8 per cent.....	10,462.38

Number of acres of land leased from January 9, 1867, to December 31, 1867.....	57,806
Valuation.....	\$149,680.13
Annual interest at 8 per cent.....	11,974.41

Total number of acres leased.....	170,240
Total valuation.....	\$389,919.38
Total amount of interest from leases.....	29,004.35

Total amount of interest paid over to the Treasurer...	\$ 43,512.46
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Total number of acres in the grant.....	204,309
Amount leased.....	170,240 $\frac{5}{8}$
Amount not leased.....	34,068 $\frac{3}{8}$

Entire grant.....	204,309 $\frac{3}{8}$
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The interest has been paid over quarterly, as stipulated in my contract with the Board.

No absolute sales have been made, the contracts being wholly in form of leases, with a right of purchase to the lessee, or his assignee, and consequently no part of the principal has been received, nor is it probable that the purchase money on many of the leases will be paid until at or near the expiration of the term of lease.

All leases have been so drawn as to terminate on or before the 31st day of December, 1875, at which time it is expected that all of the lands will have been disposed of, the principal collected and remitted to the College, and all business pertaining to the Land Agency closed up.

This unexpected success in converting an unproductive land grant into an interest-bearing fund, yielding an ample revenue for the support of the College, is chiefly due to the wise method adopted for the disposal of the lands. It is doubtful if a revenue sufficient for the support of the College, in its most limited operations, could have been realized in many years had the Board relied only upon absolute sales. The small sum required in advance in taking leases has enabled men of limited means to invest in College lands, while the price fixed by the College has, in almost all cases, been above the price held for lands of corresponding quality adjacent.

One strong inducement to persons leasing these lands was the fact that they are exempt from taxation during the term of the lease. This question was early brought to the attention of the Board of Trustees, and subsequently submitted to the Attorney-General for his opinion. On the 26th day of January, 1866, Hon. F. E. Bissell, then Attorney-General, in reply to this inquiry, addressed a communication to Hon. Wm. H. Holmes, President, and Peter Melendy, Secretary, of the Board of Trustees, in which he expressed the opinion "that these lands are not subject to taxation." This official opinion was printed and very generally distributed with circulars issued from this office. Although this exemption is not expressed in the terms of the lease, yet it was considered as an element of value in the contract, and was regarded as an important consideration to the lessee.

Any attempt now to change this implied condition, by imposing unexpected burdens upon the lessee, even if the right exists, would induce forfeitures, retard collections of interest, and fatally reduce the revenue of the College.

The interest for the current year is now being paid in with but few delinquences.

The Agency, as stipulated in the contract, has been conducted without expense to the College.

GEO. W. BASSETT,
Agent for the Iowa Agricultural College.

REPORT
OF THE
COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION, AND SELECTION OF FACULTY.

At the January session of the Board of Trustees, held at the Capital in 1867, the following resolution was adopted :

Resolved, That a committee of three be elected by ballot, whose duty it shall be, to examine into, and, if necessary, visit Agricultural Colleges in other States, in order to procure all information necessary for the successful organization of our College.

That it shall also be their duty to select competent professors, engage them and fix their salaries, and make a full and complete report of their doings to the Board.

Gov. Stone, Lieut. Gov. Gue, and Peter Melendy, President of the State Agricultural Society, were selected to constitute the committee.

Owing to the pressure of official duties, Gov. Stone was unable to serve, and the investigation was made by Lieut. Gov. Gue and Peter Melendy, who submitted their report to the Board on the 15th of January, 1868.

The following is a brief summary of the most important facts and suggestions contained therein :

We began our investigations by corresponding at once with some of the most successful Agricultural Colleges in the country, and with such persons as would be likely to know of suitable men to fill some of the professorships in our College. These investigations were continued for several months, but without satisfactory results. We were unable by correspondence to procure that amount of knowledge of details and facts that would enable us to arrive at any satisfactory conclusions as to the qualification of persons recommended for professors.

Appreciating the vital importance of securing 'as members of the Faculty, men thoroughly qualified, and as to whose competency there existed no reasonable doubt; and believing as we do, that the success of our College, from which so much is expected, depends in a great measure upon the capability of the men who shall conduct it, we soon became convinced that it was absolutely necessary to make a thorough personal investigation into the standing qualifications and capacity of the persons recommended to us for these positions.

We, therefore, determined to visit several of the Agricultural and Literary Colleges in other States, for the purpose of pursuing our investigations.

1. As to the plan of organization, working, success or failure of the several Institutions.

2. The causes which have led to success or failure of those which have been established in other States.

3. The course of instruction — how conducted and illustrated.

4. Determining how many professors and teachers we need, and of what grade.

5. Finding and securing competent men for President and Faculty.

6. Thoroughly investigating the manual labor system where it has succeeded, and also where it has failed.

7. Ascertaining the most approved method of fitting up and furnishing the various rooms and departments of our College.

We became convinced at an early day that the most difficult part of the mission intrusted to us, was the selection of a corps of professors thoroughly competent for the work — eminent as teachers of experience in conducting an Agricultural College. On the character and ability of its Faculty will the character and success of the Institution depend more than upon all other circumstances taken together. Buildings, cabinets, libraries, and rich endowments, will all be in vain, if the living agents, the professors, be not men of ripe attainments, fine culture, and eminent teaching powers. Self-nominated candidates are always abundant, but the men we want will need to be sought for, and are extremely difficult to obtain when found. Such men are always in demand, and are generally employed in positions which they will not readily abandon.

We determined to rigidly scrutinize without fear or favor the qualifications of every candidate for a place, and employ none but men of tried and proven ability. Older and ordinary colleges may do with second rate men, but ours can only succeed with the best men. The greatest difficulty we have experienced is in finding suitable men for President and Professor of Agriculture. It is not so difficult to fill the other chairs with men competent, experienced, and of known ability.

The President, as the executive officer, the leading spirit, the head of the Institution, must be a man clearly comprehending the plan and objects of an agricultural college, who is in full sympathy with its friends, and a firm believer in the idea. He must be thoroughly educated, that he may inspire respect among other members of the faculty and the students; of untiring energy, for his mission is to build up an institution that will endure for ages, and rank among the first in the West. It is needless for us to say that it is extremely difficult to find such a man, and *more* difficult to secure him for our College when found. The services of such men are always in great demand, and at this time a large number of States besides ours are searching diligently for the very men we want. Wisconsin, Illinois, Minnesota, Vermont, New York, Ohio, Indiana, Massachusetts, and several other States, have within the past year been exploring the field, searching for such men for their Agricultural Colleges and Universities.

Our investigations thus far have been thorough, it being our determination to recommend no one for this most important position, about whose qualifications we entertain a doubt. Several of the States we have visited have been from one to two years in finding and securing the proper men for the Presidency of their Agricultural Colleges. An incompetent man at the head of such an institution in its infancy, will inflict a blow upon its prosperity that will require years to recover from. It will dishearten the friends of industrial education, give the College a bad name, keep away the most desirable class of students, and, in short, prove as fatal to success, as is an incompetent commander in time of battle. While we have found several persons whom we are satisfied will fill the chairs of Professors of Mathematics, Natural Sciences, Modern Languages, &c., with credit to themselves and the College, we are not yet satisfied that we have found any one whom we can

recommend for the presidency without further investigation. We have several in view who are highly recommended for the place, and are giving each case a thorough investigation, and hope to find some one among the number who will come up to the high standard of qualification required for the position.

VISIT TO THE COLLEGES.

We have visited several of the Agricultural Colleges now in operation in the different States, and carefully investigated their various plans or organization, the course of instruction, rules and regulations governing them, noting such facts as we regarded of importance in the organization of our College.

In Michigan and Massachusetts we found the same general ideas prevailing among those having the control of the Agricultural Colleges, and we were gratified to learn that their views in relation to the objects and aims of these institutions, correspond very nearly with the plan of ours as far as yet developed.

The fact that these two institutions seem to us to be the most successful by far, of any we have visited, in demonstrating the feasibility of combining practical with a theoretical education, encourages us in the firm belief that our College is aiming at the true system.

THE MICHIGAN AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

We visited this Institution in October last, while on our way east, and spent a number of days investigating its plan of organization, course of instruction, system of labor, and the manner of fitting up and furnishing a cabinet, lecture room, laboratory, &c. To Michigan belongs the honor of having inaugurated and established the first successful Agricultural College in the United States. The buildings consist of the College proper, which is fifty by one hundred feet in size, and three stories in height above the basement; a separate boarding-hall forty-three by eighty-two feet in size, and the same height; and four commodious dwellings for the use of the President and professors,—all built of brick. The College is located three miles east of Lansing, the Capital of the State, on a farm of 676 acres, which was at the time of its location covered with a dense forest.

The College was opened on the 13th of May, 1857, under the

charge of President Williams, four professors and an assistant in chemistry, and has continued in operation up to the present time with varied success.

For several years after its organization it labored under many disadvantages, arising from its location in the midst of an extended forest in an inaccessible part of the State, the opposition encountered from its enemies, and all of the various obstacles that are met in organizing any new Institution.

The first President had been engaged in active political life, and while under his charge, the College was made the object of bitter party feeling, which in some measure impaired its usefulness, and served to arouse a partisan prejudice against the Institution.

The first two years were years of severe trial to the College and its friends. The buildings had been insecurely made; large outlays were required to render them trustworthy; a wet spring, and afterward a severe drought, produced almost a failure of crops; the farm was new, and most of the labor of the students was necessarily employed in chopping, logging, fencing, draining and pulling stumps, a kind of labor that is hard and not very instructive to the pupil.

It was admitted by all that the academic instruction was of a high order, but the lack of facilities for imparting practical instruction in agriculture had a tendency to render the labor system irksome to the student and unpopular with the public.

It was a serious misfortune to the Institution that its isolated location, and the native wildness of the farm rendered it unable to take advantage of the first enthusiasm, which otherwise might have been excited in regard to an enterprise devoted to the interests of the laboring classes, and which promised so much for their future benefit. The President in his inaugural truly said:

“Friends and enemies will demand too much, and that too early. The acorn we plant to-day will not branch into the majestic oak to-morrow. The orchard we plant this year will not offer a harvest of fruit the next. The Institution itself, like the seeds, plants, trees, and very implements which come under its ordeal, require patience, wisdom and time for trial and development.”

At this time the object and chief aim of the Institution were not definitely settled, but continued for many years a subject of debate.

Many urged that its first object should be, to enable a very large number of students to acquire a passably good education, in a way that should reduce their expenses.

Others claimed that it should be a purely and thoroughly agricultural school, and devoted only to such branches as pertained to that course.

The average attendance of students for the first six years up to 1864, had been about seventy-five, and the average expenses of the College, exclusive of permanent improvements, were about \$12,000 per year.

Up to this time continual changes had been made in the control, management, course of instruction and professors, all of which could not be otherwise than damaging to the Institution.

It was in a great measure an experiment and must necessarily grope its way along in an untrodden path, and learn by experience and actual trial, many facts of interest and vital importance which other similar institutions can now have to guide and direct them in their organization and management.

Up to this time, Michigan Agricultural College has received no aid from the Land Grant, but has relied for support upon appropriations of the Legislature, a very uncertain and unpleasant method of procuring an endowment. But that will soon be ended, as the lands have been located chiefly in the valuable pine forests in the northern part of the State, and will soon be a source of large revenue.

After ten years' experience, the following course of study has been adopted and seems to be well suited to the wants of the students. We present it in full for the guidance of our College in its organization :

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

PREPARATORY CLASS.

FIRST HALF YEAR.

Arithmetic — Robinson's Higher.

Descriptive Geography — Mitchell's School.

English Grammar — Green.

SECOND HALF YEAR.

Algebra — Robinson's Elementary.
Natural Philosophy — Olmsted's School.
Composition — Quackenbos.

COLLEGE COURSE.

FRESHMAN CLASS.

FIRST HALF YEAR.

Algebra — Robinson.
History.
Geometry — Robinson.
Book - keeping — Bryant & Stratton.

SECOND HALF YEAR.

Trigonometry — Robinson.
Surveying — Davies.
Practical Agriculture.
Geology — Dana.

SOPHOMORE CLASS.

FIRST HALF YEAR.

English Literature — Chambers.
Structural Botany — Gray.
Vegetable Philosophy.
Elementary Chemistry — Youmans.

SECOND HALF YEAR.

Entomology—Harris.
Landscape Gardening—Downing and Kemp.
Analytical Chemistry—Fresenius.
Systematic Botany—Gray.
Horticulture.

JUNIOR CLASS.

FIRST HALF YEAR.

Physics—Snell's Olmsted.

Agricultural Chemistry—Johnstone.

Inductive Logic—Herschel.

SECOND HALF YEAR.

Physics.

Rhetoric—Whately.

Animal Physiology.

SENIOR CLASS.

FIRST HALF YEAR.

Zoology — Carpenter.

Practical Agriculture.

Mental Philosophy — Haven.

Astronomy.

SECOND HALF YEAR.

Civil Engineering — Mahan.

Moral Philosophy.

Political Economy — Carey.

French.

Declamations every six weeks during the course. Compositions every two weeks.

SELECT COURSE.

Persons of suitable age and acquirements, who desire to pursue one or more branches of study more closely related to Agriculture, (such as Chemistry, Botany, Animal Physiology, &c.,) may be received for a less time than is requisite for the full course.

DEPARTMENTS OF INSTRUCTION.

ELEMENTARY CHEMISTRY.—The primary forces—Heat, Light, Electricity, Magnetism, &c.; Chemical Affinity and the Laws of

Chemical Combination; Elementary Substances—their history, properties, combinations and uses; Application of Chemistry to the Arts and Manufactures; Organic Chemistry. In the study of Elementary Chemistry the facts and principles of the science are illustrated by experiments.

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY.—General Analysis; Analysis of Soils; Analysis of Minerals; use of the Blow-Pipe; Analysis of Manures; Analysis of the Ashes of Plants; Alkalimetry and Acidimetry. In prosecuting Chemical Analysis, the student spends three hours a day in the Laboratory, under the direction and supervision of the Professor of Chemistry, applying with his own hands the tests required to determine the composition and properties of bodies, thus securing a practical knowledge of the methods employed in these investigations.

AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY.—Formation and composition of soils; the relations of air and moisture to vegetable growth; connection of heat, light and electricity, with growth of plants; nature and source of food of plants; chemical changes attending vegetable growth; chemistry of the various processes of the farm, as plowing, fallowing, draining, &c.; preparation, preserving and composting of manure; artificial manure; methods of improving soils by chemical means; by mineral manures; by vegetable manures; by animal manures; by indirect methods; rotation of crops; chemical composition of the various crops; the chemistry of the dairy. The instruction in Chemistry is imparted both by lectures and text books.

PRACTICAL AGRICULTURE.—*First Year.*—Laying out of farms; arrangement and planning of farm buildings; farm implements; general principles of tillage; principles of drainage; laying out and construction of drains; methods of seeding; harvesting of crops; principles of stock-breeding; breeds of domestic animals—their characteristics and adaptation to particular purposes.

Fourth Year.—General principles of farm economy; manures—their management and mode of application; succession of crops; preparation of the soil for particular crops; cultivation of crops; management of grass lands; stock husbandry; care of animals and principles of feeding; fattening of animals; management of

sheep. In addition to the above course, instruction is given in the field in the various manual operations of the farm.

BOTANY.—A course is first given in Physiological Botany, Systematic botany is then taken up, the Natural Orders being studied as to their Botanical characteristics; their size and geographical distribution; their relative importance; the genera and species having agricultural value; those having commercial or medical value; those having ornamental value; and those which are obnoxious or detrimental, as weeds or poisonous plants. The orders are illustrated by diagrams, and numerous living and dried specimens. The living specimens are dissected and examined by the students, and their genera and species determined. The indigenous plants, together with those cultivated in the gardens and grounds, afford material for the study of this department of Botany. In the study of Vegetable Physiology, structure is illustrated by means of diagrams. Several excellent microscopes are used in the study of minute structure.

HORTICULTURE.—In the course of Vegetable Physiology, the relations of that Science to Horticulture are pointed out. The Sophomore class being employed during the year in the gardens and College grounds, is afforded abundant opportunities for the application of the instruction received in the class-room. It is intended that each student shall have practical experience in every agricultural operation. In addition to these methods of instruction, a course of lectures is given on the history, theory and practice of Horticulture.

ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY.—In this department, particular attention is given to the Anatomy and Physiology of domestic animals. The course is illustrated by anatomical preparations, and diagrams, representing the comparative structure of the organs of locomotion, digestion, circulation, respiration and reproduction of each branch of the animal kingdom. Dissections of animals are made, to render the student familiar with the appearance, situation and relation of the organs of the animal system in a state of health, and the changes produced by disease. Opportunities are given for the study of the minute structure of the various tissues by means of the microscope.

ZOOLOGY. — Principles of the classification of animals, as founded

on their structure and embryonic development. Descriptive Zoology, comprising the systematic arrangement of animals in accordance with their natural affinities, in classes, orders, families, &c.; habits and geographical distribution of animals.

ENTOMOLOGY. — The course in Entomology is illustrated by a valuable collection of native and exotic insects. Particular attention is given to the study of species injurious to vegetation; and the best methods of checking their ravages are discussed. Students by collecting and preserving specimens of our native species, become familiar with their habits in their several stages of development.

MATHEMATICS AND CIVIL ENGINEERING. — The Preparatory class spend some time in a review of Arithmetic. The following branches of mathematics and their application follow: Algebra, Geometry, Plane Trigonometry, Spherical Trigonometry, Analytical Geometry, Surveying, Leveling, Platting, Mechanics, Strength of Material, Arches, Framing, Bridge and Road Building. Students have the use of chain, compass, and other instruments for practice, and receive instruction in the field as well as in the lecture room, each student being required to take charge of field surveys, and to become practically acquainted with the use of the level.

GEOLOGY. — A course of daily recitations in Geology during the second half of the Freshman year, is illustrated by maps, diagrams and specimens.

ENGLISH LITERATURE. — Instruction in this department is given by means of text books and lectures. Rhetoric—style. History of English literature. Rhetoric—arguments, conviction, persuasion, fallacies in reasoning. Select portions of English classics receive critical examination in a course of reading prescribed for each class. The classes have regular and systematic instruction in the art of the selection, arrangement and expression of the matter related to the assigned or chosen topics for composition.

PREPARATORY. — The Preparatory course is designed, by a review of the ordinary branches of a common school education, to prepare the student to enter upon the regular College course of study. It serves also to qualify him to teach during the winter months.

LABOR. — Each student, not exempt for physical disability, is required to labor three hours a day on the farm or in the gardens. The number of hours may be increased to four or diminished to two and a half. Some compensation is allowed; but the labor is regarded as an essential part of the educational system of the College, and is performed with special reference to illustrating and applying the instruction of the lecture room. Students are not employed in those kinds of work only in which they may be most proficient, but, as the work is classified, each is made acquainted with all the operations of farming and gardening."

THE LABOR SYSTEM.

Your committee have taken especial care to obtain all the information in their reach on this subject, as by the law of our State it must be embraced in the course of instruction in our College. We are aware that manual labor has often been tried in various educational Institutions in this country and Europe, and in many—perhaps most instances—has been pronounced impracticable, and has been abandoned as a failure. In some cases, it has succeeded and produced satisfactory results. In many cases it has been adopted chiefly with a view to reducing the expenses of acquiring an education, and has not yet in many instances that we are aware of in this respect, met the expectations of its advocates. It can hardly be expected that such labor as boys can perform—each laboring two or three hours a day, with continual changes from one kind of work to another, as may be required by the season and circumstances, performed by unskilled hands, can be very profitable.

In an Agricultural College, that is not the chief object of labor. Its first use should be educational, and so planned and conducted as to most clearly illustrate the principles of science taught in the recitation.

The theory may be explained in the lecture or recitation-room, but it can only be thoroughly understood and fixed in the mind of the student by illustration and practical application.

A second object of the labor rule is, that if properly conducted at regular stated times, it will serve to promote and preserve the health of the student, and under judicious management will tend to cultivate a taste for agricultural and mechanical pursuits.

It is a well established fact that students who go through a regular college course, such as is generally adopted in literary institutions, very seldom engage thereafter in any industrial pursuit. Four or six years of study without labor at that period of life when habits and tastes are rapidly being formed, will almost inevitably destroy the inclination to return to farm or mechanical labor; and in too many instances the student has imbibed the notion that there is something degrading in manual labor. They generally turn to the so-called learned professions, as being more genteel and attractive, corresponding more nearly with the habits and education acquired while in College. Thus it is that these professions are continually over-crowded, while Agriculture is deprived of the best educated and most promising young men who were reared while boys to habits of industry of the hand as well as the head.

A third object of the labor system is to enable the student, by a few hours of work each day, to reduce his expenses while acquiring a College education. This will enable many deserving young men of limited means to secure a thorough education, who might otherwise be unable to meet the expense.

Since entering upon our mission, we have often had occasion to discuss, with its ablest and most sincere opponents, the feasibility of the labor system. We find the prevailing opinion among prominent educational men of the East to be, that manual labor, and a thorough college education, can not be successfully pursued at the same time, in one institution.

Our faith in the soundness of the theory adopted by the organic act establishing our Agricultural College has, however, never been shaken. We have visited one Agricultural College where it has been tried for years, and is now abandoned as a failure; one other where it has never been tried, and the idea is scouted as impracticable; two where it is succeeding in a degree to satisfy its most ardent advocates, and one other where it is about to be inaugurated under circumstances that will doubtless secure its success.

In the Michigan Agricultural College it has now been tested for nearly ten years, and no candid, observing person can deny that it is working there with great success, and to the entire satisfaction of the students, faculty and the public.

One thorough application of the theory to practice, as successful

as has been done at this Institution, demonstrates its soundness, and that with proper management, in the hands of practical men, it may succeed equally as well in any Agricultural College. As to the Michigan Agricultural College belongs the honor of having first successfully introduced and systematized the manual labor system, making it a leading feature in the course of instruction, your Committee gave their plan a thorough investigation, and make an elaborate report of the result of their observations, that our College may profit by the experience of this Institution.

We had before us here the positive demonstration, extending through a long series of years, that a combination of labor and study could be profitably and successfully embraced in a College course. It has been thoroughly tested in this Institution for so long a period that it can no longer be regarded as simply an experiment, but has become there an established system. President Abbott, who has given the subject careful study, and has had a large experience in demonstrating the soundness of the theory, in his report for 1866 answers many of the objections urged by its opponents, and many questions asked by those still in doubt. As we know of no better authority, we have here introduced a part of his able article on the subject, together with the rules governing the labor in their College:

“What is the labor system at the Michigan Agricultural College?”

1. All students labor, except from physical disability. There is consequently no caste in the College.

2. The regular hours of labor are from half-past one to half-past four each afternoon, Saturdays excepted, on which day labor is furnished only on request. Until a few years past the students were arranged in three divisions, the first division going to their work immediately after breakfast, being succeeded by a second at the end of three hours, and by the third in the afternoon. By this means the teams were kept employed by the students, and the expense of hiring hands to a good degree obviated. The objection to the plan was that the labor could not be made so educational to the students as when working in one division.

3. The professors and foremen work with the students, or personally superintend the work. The Professor of Agriculture and the Professor of Horticulture, and the foreman of the farm, a

graduate of the College, are in the field with the students during the whole of the regular working hours.

4. The labor is intimately connected with the subjects of their lectures and lessons. The principles learned from books find their illustration in the field or work-shop, and on the other hand, what students observe while at labor, stimulates them to the investigation of principles.

5. The Sophomores work the entire year with the Professor of Horticulture; the Juniors, the entire year with the Professor of Practical Agriculture. To others are assigned special duties, such as ringing the bell, the care of Library and Museum, assistance to the Secretary of the College, &c. The rest of the students are divided from an alphabetical list, into three equal portions, two of which are assigned to the Farm Department, and one to the Horticultural Department, for their labor. A new assignment is made every fortnight.

Does the labor make the student a skilled workman? It tends to do so. The student who sees a body dissected, under the skillful hands of a professor of anatomy, does not become by that sight an accomplished anatomist, but he has learned anatomy in a way that books and lectures alone can not teach him. The student in geology does not think a cabinet of geological specimens useless to him because it has not made him at once competent to conduct a geological survey. To labor upon the farm and gardens, and about the stock, &c., gives the student some practice in various kinds of work, although not always, nor perhaps generally, sufficient to give him very great skill in it. But he sees the principles he has been learning illustrated. The operations of farming, horticulture, &c., are before his eyes for four years, and he can not help acquiring some valuable familiarity with the details of farming and horticultural operations. He may have to set a tire upon a wheel, or graft fruit, or hang a gate, or set posts in balloon frames, or manage the drill machine, but once or twice in his College course; but these things are constantly done and talked about and lectured upon in sight and hearing, while other and more common operations fall oftener to his hand.

Do students do their work as well as hired men do? Much of it has not been done so well as hired men would do it. Some of the students are but boys. Some of them are entirely unaccustomed

to work when they come. On the other hand we have been able to have much work done well, that ordinary hands can not do at all. Surveying, leveling, platting, are such. Besides, we always find some among the students more competent to be left in charge of certain labors connected with farming, horticultural experiments, the stock, &c., than any we can hire. Moreover, the labor is succeeding better every year. As more of it is done in gangs, working with the professors, as it becomes more interesting from connection with the lectures delivered, the work grows better, and the results of the system, both educationally and otherwise, are more satisfactory. The average age of our students is greater than it was during the war. As a general thing students like the labor, and there is very little shirking of it.

The students receive from 1 to 7½ cents an hour for their labor, the average wages paid being 6½ cents. It has generally been thought that those who received most received less than they earned, while those who received least, received more than they earned. It has often been doubtful, at the year's end, whether the labor was, on the whole, worth all that was paid for it. Much of the labor has been expended on permanent improvements, necessarily, and the results are not such as to determine exactly the amount of profit. The best scholars are almost always the best workers.

The students work cheerfully with the professors and foremen. They are treated more as companions, than as laborers, and the feeling of authority extended, or of compulsion, is scarcely ever thought of, if we can trust to appearances, and to the hearty feeling of good will existing between faculty and students.

Could not students derive the same advantages from excursions made to well managed farms, &c., that they derive from the labor system?

It is already the custom at this College, as it is in Pennsylvania, Maryland, Yale, and other Colleges, to make excursions with the students to any places which will be likely to repay the expense and time of the visit. Grand Ledge, with its sandstone cliffs, its limestone and coal, has been repeatedly visited by classes in geology under the direction of the teachers of that branch of study. Botanical excursions are not infrequent. The County Agricultural Fair has been visited by the classes in stock-breeding

and practical agriculture. Older and wealthier communities, doubtless afford better opportunities for learning from such sort of excursions, and every year will be adding to the interest of such as we can make. The Agricultural College could be located in no place in Michigan, however, so as to secure within any reasonable limits the advantages for study of practical operations, or of stock, that the College itself affords.

It is not easy to see how such excursions can take the place, as an educational agent, of daily labor, under competent instruction. The student needs to be deliberately shown how to do things, with explanations, repeated if necessary; his own practice will then fix in his mind what he has learned. Renewed practice will make the operation easy for him to perform, or at least frequent observation of process, render them familiar.

Excursions to finely-managed farms, or to herds of fine cattle, will not tend to *preserve habits of manual labor, and the taste for it*, as actual labor does. This is a point of some importance. 'At the outset,' says Wilson Flagg, in his prize essay on Agricultural Instruction, 'we are met by this objection, that the surest way of causing a man to quit his paternal acres, and to enter into other business, is to give him a superior education.' This will continue to be the case until the cost of an education seems to the farmer to be repaid by increased profits, or pleasure, or influence. Such a conviction does not extend itself rapidly. The natural processes on which successful farming, or stock-raising, or fruit-culture depend, are of the most complicated sort; so much so, that Agriculture is among the last of the arts to be assisted by the advancement of science. Farmers, too little accustomed to act in concert, are more slowly moved by new views than other classes of people. Hence, has been inferred the necessity of governmental assistance in the establishment and maintenance of Agricultural Schools. And because the sort of schools was new and without precedents, the inaugurators of such schools have urged the necessity of patiently working upon some plan until it should have time to develop and perfect itself.

The labor system certainly works too well to warrant its abandonment, or its modification very materially. Its pecuniary value to the student is manifest. Probably greater care should be

taken to ascertain the real value of the returns it makes to the institution.

In many institutions the system does not work so well as here. Probably our students are older than those of most other institutions, not professional, and of a more industrious turn of mind. Nor do we know whether elsewhere the Professors take immediate charge of the labor of the students.

Each student labors three hours every day. The work, is performed under the direction, and as far as may be, under the eye of the Professors of the College. Although some compensation is allowed for this work, yet the chief object of it is neither profit to the student nor to the College. It is conducted *for the education of the student*, under rules which will shortly be given.

There is consequently vital connection between the class-room and the farm, gardens, orchards and stock. All these, and the management of them, become objects of study to the student. They serve him both as means of illustration, and as fields for practice.

The rules by which these features of the College become realized are as follows:

RULES.

RULE I. At least one week before the commencement of the term in each year, the Superintendent of the Farm shall present to the President of the College, in writing, a plan of the system of cultivation and management of the farm, proposed for the season, giving in detail the contemplated operations for each field and division. This plan shall embrace:

1. Proposed permanent improvements;
2. The crops to which each field is to be devoted, together with the variety and quantity of seed proposed;
3. The mode of culture, and the kind and quantity of fertilizers proposed for each crop;
4. A detailed and accurate description of any new seed or mode of culture, if any such is proposed, together with a full account of the advantages likely to be derived therefrom.

RULE II. The Superintendent of the Horticultural Department

shall, in like manner, present a plan of operations for his department, giving the details as minutely as possible for each section and subdivision of the gardens and grounds.

RULE III. The Faculty shall carefully consider the plans presented by the Superintendents, and discuss as fully as possible the principles involved in the proposed methods; and they offer such suggestions and amendments as may seem desirable for perfecting and maturing the same. The plans as perfected and adopted by the Faculty, shall be carried out in practice on the farm and in the gardens, unless modified by the Board of Agriculture when referred to them.

RULE IV. The plans for conducting the farm and gardens, as soon as determined, shall be recorded in full by the Secretary, in books kept in his office for that purpose.

RULE V. The Professor of Agricultural Chemistry shall present to the Faculty a detailed statement of a proposed system for the management, manufacture and proper preservation of manures, having reference to the best and most economical disposition of the same, and the adaptation of special manures to particular crops.

RULE VI. The Faculty, after a full examination and discussion of the proposed system for the management of manures, shall determine the plan to be pursued, and make suitable provisions for putting into practical operation the plan adopted.

RULE VII. The Superintendents of the Farm and Gardens shall keep a journal of all the work done in each field of their respective departments, and of all transactions connected with the same. This journal shall be transcribed by the Secretary, once a month, into books kept in his office for that purpose. The journal shall embrace:

1. A general statement of the weather at the time of preparing the soil—of putting in the crop—of cultivating the same—during its growth and at the time of harvesting;

2. A detailed account of the crops raised in each field and in the garden, including a statement of the condition of the soil before cultivation, and during its preparation for the crop; the method of seeding, with variety and quantity of seed used, and its preparation for sowing or planting;

3. Details of the growth of the crops and any circumstances that may have influenced the development or maturing of it ;

4. The time of harvesting the crop, the condition in which it is secured, the disposition made of the same — as, where stored, whether sold or not, with the yield and general results ;

5. Purpose for which the crop has been cultivated, whether for profit or to test some new variety of plant or method of cultivation.

RULE VIII. A committee shall be appointed by the Faculty at the commencement of the term in each year, to prepare and report a series of experiments for the next season, which report shall be presented to the Faculty at its first meeting in October following.

RULE IX. The Faculty shall decide upon the experiments to be made, and the manner of conducting the same ; and shall appoint some one of their number to superintend such experiments. Each officer having in charge any experiment shall keep a full record of his proceedings in conducting the same.

RULE X. Students, who have attained a suitable proficiency in their studies, may be appointed to assist in conducting experiments, and they shall, for that purpose, be under the direction of the officer having charge of the same.

RULE XI. The Superintendent of the Farm shall present to the Faculty, at their first meeting in February, a report on the stock belonging to the College, giving a detailed account of its condition, mode of management, increase and results of the system of breeding, together with such suggestions as he may think fit to make. This report shall embrace —

1. The number and kind of horses, their management and condition ;

2. The number and condition of each of the different breeds of neat cattle ; the number of grade animals, and the breeds from which they have been derived ; and proposed disposition of the same ;

3. The number and condition of each distinct breed of sheep, and the grades of the same, with a statement of the amount and quality of wool produced, their management, increase, &c. ;

4. Swine ;

5. Poultry.

RULE XII. Each breed of domestic animals shall be so kept as to avoid any danger of crossing or mixing with any other breed. Cross-breeding shall not be permitted, except to accomplish a definite object, or for the purpose of experiment, and then only in accordance with a plan, setting forth the object to be accomplished and adopted by the Faculty; who shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary for putting the same into practical operation.

RULE XIII. An accurate record of the stock belonging to the College shall be kept in a book provided for that purpose. The details of the breeding and management of each breed shall be carefully and distinctly stated, together with the purpose for which each animal is kept, and the disposition made of the same.

RULE XIV. For the purpose of imparting to the student an accurate knowledge of Agriculture as an art, the Instructors in the several departments of the College, in their class-exercises, shall illustrate the sciences taught, as far as possible, by a thorough discussion of the principles involved in the details of the practical operations on the farm and in the garden.

RULE XV. The superintendents of the farm and gardens shall make an annual report on the implements used in their respective departments, giving the results of their experience in the use of each implement and its adaptedness to the purpose for which it was designed, and its comparative value. Any new implement that has been tried during the year shall be particularly described, and an accurate estimate of its merits given.

RULE XVI. A Committee on Buildings shall be appointed each year, who shall report to the Faculty the condition of the buildings, and recommend such additions and improvements as may seem desirable. The Faculty shall carefully examine the report when presented, and shall make such recommendations to the Board of Agriculture as they may deem for the interest of the College.

RULE XVII. The State Board of Agriculture shall determine what proportion of the whole number of students on the farm and in the garden shall be assigned to each. The list of students shall be examined each week, to see that the proper proportion is employed in each department.

RULE XVIII. Students shall labor both on the farm and in the garden; and the alternations from the farm to the garden, and from

the garden to the farm shall be as frequent as the proportion of farm and garden labor, as determined by the State Board of Agriculture, will permit: provided that such changes shall not occur often than once a week.

[April 6, 1863, Rule XVIII was amended by an addition that one class shall work an entire year on the garden and another on the farm for the same period.]

RULE XIX. Students shall be employed with a view to their attaining the greatest proficiency in the art of farming, without reference to the greatest pecuniary gain to the College.

RULE XX. Work at the College shall be classified as follows: 1. Care of stock; 2. Care of tools and repairing the same; 3. Care of grounds and shrubbery; 4. Preparation of grounds for crops, plowing, &c.; 5. Sowing or planting different kinds of seeds; 6. Weeding and hoeing; 7. Harvesting and securing crops; 8. Preparation of manures; 9. Gathering and preserving seeds; 10. Secretary duties, care of books, &c.

RULE XXI. The Faculty shall make such arrangements that each student shall perform a proper proportion of labor of the several kinds, as classified in Rule XX.

RULE XXII. The Superintendents of the Farm and Gardens shall, once a month, deliver to the students lectures on topics connected with practical arrangement and management of farms and gardens.

RULE XXIII. The Professor of Agricultural Chemistry shall cause a daily meteorological journal to be kept, according to the system adopted by the Smithsonian Institute.

RULE XXIV. Any officer having in charge the development of any of these plans, who shall deem any change or modification of them advisable, shall submit to the Faculty a written statement, setting forth in full the reasons for the desired change. Changes or modifications adopted by the Faculty shall be recorded by the Secretary.

Under Rule XVII, it was determined that two-thirds of the students not employed on special duties, should report to the Superintendent of the Farm for work, and the other third to the Superintendent of the Gardens.

Under Rule XVIII, the work of the Sophomore Class has been performed entirely under supervision of the Superintendent of the Gardens, and that of the Juniors under the Superintendent of the Farm. This was done in order to enable systematic instruction in the manual operations of farm and gardens to be given during some portion of a student's course.

The plan contemplates the bestowing of considerable labor upon experiments—an expenditure that rarely brings pecuniary profit, and when it does, rarely without a very large previous expenditure of means and time. The list is a large one of discoverers and inventors, who have devoted life and all its means to accomplish some end, which has been secured only as the discoverer was ready to die. Agricultural experiments are costly; even the safer kinds require a degree of care that absorbs the profit which otherwise might accrue.

But if Agriculture is ever to be an art founded on science, if a real knowledge of the laws and workings of nature is to be the basis of the farmer's practice in the culture of plants, in the selection, feeding, and breeding of animals, and the numberless other duties of his craft, then experiment must determine those laws and workings. The universal complaint of those philosophers who would generalize from particular cases and discover laws is, that, in spite of the multitude of observers and the cases recorded in the agricultural and other papers of the day, there is a great lack of accurately recorded observations. It is indeed *the* great lack, even upon the most commonly performed operations of the farm. As Agricultural Colleges become established, and able, from their endowment, to be at the expense, will it not be their work to provide the means of evidence from which these truths may be discovered? And may it not be hoped that the several State Agricultural Colleges will unite in well-considered and conjoined efforts to this end? Gradually the world will furnish interpreters of the facts, and a true body of those sciences on which the practice of agriculture is based, will be the result.

But, aside from the hopes of furthering science, experimenting must be carried on as a means of education of the student. He must be inducted into the methods of scientific proof and scientific discovery, or the grander and more inspiring views of his profession

sion will be wanting, and his power of doing good by the education bestowed upon him will be in great measure lost.

The system of labor, and of experimenting, was entered upon under many embarrassments. A complete compliance with the rules has been kept in view, and more nearly approximated to every year. At the close of the last year (1864) the Faculty reported to the Board of Agriculture their great satisfaction in the workings of the system. It has served in a good degree to withstand the tendency of the College to turn from its proper work to that of giving a general education from books merely. It has tended to excite and maintain in students a relish for their out-of-door work. It has directed the native curiosity of the student toward those subjects which the College professes most particularly to teach."

We observed that the students seemed to take the same degree of pride and interest in the performance of the allotted labor, that they did in any of the other exercises.

Where students desire, they are permitted to labor at any time not employed in regular exercises, and as they receive compensation for all labor performed, many are almost, and some entirely, paying all expenses by their industry.

Most of the labor on the farm of three hundred acres under cultivation is performed by the students. Hired help is only kept to use the teams during the interval when the students are not employed.

BOARDING AND OTHER EXPENSES.

The students and several of the assistant teachers board at the Boarding Hall; which is in charge of a steward, who has charge of it, furnishing the table, making all purchases and providing all of the labor and material for carrying it on. A strict account is kept of all expenses incurred, and the entire cost is apportioned equally among the students and other boarders. The steward is furnished with rooms and board for himself and family, and receives a salary of \$500 per year. The cost of board of the students for the past year has amounted to about \$2.60 each per week. The amount earned for labor is credited to each student, and deducted from this and other expenses. Four dollars a year to each student is charged for room-rent. Washing is done for forty-two cents per dozen. Students' rooms are furnished with bedsteads and stoves.

Students furnish every thing else, renting mattresses and pillows of the College. The cost of providing other furniture for the rooms varies from four to six dollars to each student, depending upon the taste of the student. A matriculation fee of five dollars entitles the student to the privilege of the whole course, and the proceeds are appropriated to the increase of the library. At the opening of each year the student is required to pay ten dollars as an advance on board, which is allowed in settlement.

During the winter season, when labor can not be performed on the farm, a vacation of three months is given to enable such as wish to teach school. The wages thus earned, together with the proceeds of labor on the farm, enables those who are industrious and economical to defray a large share of the expenses of the year.

The necessary annual expenses of the student for the College year will be about \$135, which is far less than that of any other College we know of. Where this amount is reduced by wages saved from labor and school-teaching, it becomes so small as to place a college education within the reach of the poorest young men in the State.

The College is under the direction of a President and four full Professors, two assistant. The salary of the President is \$2,300, and of the Professors \$1,500 each, with house-rent free.

The entire management of this College seemed to be conducted in a thoroughly systematic manner, reflecting great credit upon the trustees and Faculty.

The discipline is mild, but firm, and the students generally seem disposed to make the best use of their time and opportunity.

The President, T. C. Abbott, has long been connected with the College, and fully comprehends the importance and value of the new system of industrial education. His able assistants, Manly Miles, Professor of Practical Agriculture, R. C. Kedzie, Professor of Chemistry, and A. N. Prentiss, Professor of Botany and Horticulture, seem to be peculiarly adapted to the important positions which they fill. Their method of imparting instruction, is thorough and in a way that requires the students to work out chiefly with his own head and hands the various problems presented. In this manner a lasting impression is made upon the mind of the student,

as he has proved the truth or error of the theory presented to him.

The students at this College have as means of illustrating their studies :

First. — A large farm consisting of meadow, plow and timber land, upon which they labor and keep the best breeds of stock.

Second. — A vegetable garden, small fruit, apple and pear orchards and nursery.

Third. — A botanical garden of trees, shrubs, flowers and plants, in which a hot-house is to be erected.

Fourth. — A large chemical laboratory with a fine assortment of apparatus.

Fifth. — Philosophical and mathematical apparatus.

Sixth. — A museum of animal, mineral, and vegetable productions.

Seventh. — The Cooley Herbarium, a valuable collection of plants.

Eighth. — Library and reading room, workshop, tools, &c.

We have thus given the details of the Michigan Agricultural College, and its organization and working, because we believe it to be the most perfectly arranged of any one we have visited, and that the knowledge here obtained will be of great value in organizing and conducting ours.

The next Institution of a similar character that we visited was the

PENNSYLVANIA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

This College was opened in February, 1859, on a plan similar to that adopted in Michigan. The object of the Institution, as stated by the President, Dr. Pugh, "is to combine manual labor with study during the College course. By requiring the student to labor a certain amount each day, he acquires a practical knowledge of the principles taught in the recitation - room, regards labor as a necessary part of his education, and preserves his health and habits of industry while pursuing his studies. The course of instruction shall be practical, excluding ancient and foreign languages."

The College was opened with Dr. Pugh as President, and four additional Professors. The course of study was radically different

from that pursued in the ordinary literary colleges, and was so arranged as to be particularly adapted to imparting a knowledge of those branches of education, of practical value to students who were preparing themselves for following industrial pursuits. Many of the branches embraced in the ordinary College course were discarded, and the time and study devoted to illustrating by labor and experiment the theories taught in the recitation-room.

The President, in speaking of the advantages of the course adopted, says:

“The student has an opportunity of seeing all of the practical operations of the farm, garden and nursery performed in the most approved manner, with the use of the best manures, seeds, tools and implements; and what is of more importance than all of this, he studies in the class-room and laboratory the scientific principles involved in all he does. He learns how to study the geology, mineralogy and chemistry of the soil he cultivates; the botany of the plant he grows, and the laws of health and diseases of the animals he uses.”

Dr. Pugh was a firm believer in the manual labor-system, and during his administration inaugurated and established this part of the educational course, and conducted it with satisfactory results, both to the students and friends of industrial education.

During the four years in which Dr. Pugh was President of the College, it was gradually growing in favor and usefulness, with the industrial classes for whose benefit it was established, and promising great usefulness and success in the future. During this time it was rapidly working its way into the confidence of the farmers, mechanics and laboring classes generally. The attendance was large, and, judging from all we can learn, the College was in a highly prosperous condition.

The death of Dr. Pugh occurred suddenly in the spring of 1864, and a new President, taken from a literary College, was elected to fill his place. From this time it is observed that there was a falling off in the number of students; that the labor was badly managed, without system or superintendence; it ceased to be directed by those competent to give instruction, and soon began to be regarded by the students as a species of drudgery, instead of a means of illustrating theories taught in the recitation-room.

The new President was not experienced in practical agriculture,

and was consequently not competent to direct or successfully carry out a system of instructive labor. It is not strange that under such circumstances the labor soon ceased to be instructive to the students or profitable to the farm, and in the course of two years after the death of Dr. Pugh it was practically abandoned, and this distinctive feature of the Agricultural College system was discarded as a failure.

There has been adopted in its place a full course of military instruction, extending through the whole period of four years. Students are now required to provide themselves with a complete uniform, and devote one hour each day to drills. They are also required to take exercise daily, one hour in the gymnasium provided for that purpose. There has also been added a regular classical course, in which the ancient languages are taught, as well as other branches usually adopted in literary Colleges, thus abandoning the distinctive feature of an Agricultural College.

We noticed that under the manual-labor system the annual expense for board, tuition, washing and incidentals amounted to \$140 for each student; while under the new system, since the abolition of labor, the annual expense amounts to about \$350 each.

In 1867 the Faculty of the College was reorganized in accordance with the new plan of instruction decided upon, and General John Frazer was elected President. The new Faculty are firmly of the belief that manual labor can not be successfully incorporated with the course of instruction; that it is neither necessary, profitable nor practicable, and that no College can succeed in the undertaking.

Your committee were somewhat surprised that the farmers and mechanics of the "Quaker State" should thus willingly consent to exchange the manual-labor feature of their College for the military drill and a resort to the gymnasium, in order to obtain that amount of exercise necessary to secure good health to the student. Having recently witnessed the remarkable success of the labor system as practiced in the Michigan Agricultural College, we could not readily be converted to the *Pennsylvania reform*, even when so ably and plausibly argued as it was by the accomplished President of the Pennsylvania Agricultural College. We had observed that, while the former Institution was crowded with students to its utmost capacity and had within the last year refused admission to

more than three hundred applicants from inability to accommodate them, the Pennsylvania College, with ample room for four hundred students, had only forty-five in attendance at the time of our visit. This one fact was significant to us of the estimate placed upon the usefulness of each by the citizens of their respective States, who ought to be competent judges.

We believe the Pennsylvania College to be a good and valuable institution, but not as an *Agricultural* College.

After some time spent in investigating the qualifications of various applicants for professorships in our College, we proceeded to New Haven, at which place is located the Institution which received the land grant for the State of Connecticut, known as the

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

It is a branch of Yale College and located near the old buildings, thus enjoying the benefit of enabling its students to have access to the large and valuable cabinets, collections and laboratories belonging to Yale. Although the recipient of the Agricultural College Grant of lands, its Faculty make no pretensions to having an Agricultural College. It is more especially designed as a school of science, but has among the several courses of instruction here pursued one called the course in Agriculture, in which especial attention is given to lectures on the theory and practice of Agriculture, instruction in Chemistry, Botany, Zoology, Geology, Meteorology, Horticulture, and Forestry. No attempt is made to give the student any of the practical applications of the theories taught by a system of labor, as the entire Faculty are unbelievers in the idea of manual labor in connection with acquiring a College education. Excursions are made under the Professors for the purpose of observing the methods of out-door illustrations, in the examination of plants, insects, animals, farming operations, &c. There are ten professors employed at an average compensation of about \$2,300 each per year.

The number of students in attendance is about one hundred and twenty, whose annual expenses are about \$450 each. The Institution will accommodate about two hundred students, but is not yet filled.

The arrangements of the interior of the building and its various departments were excellent, and we learned much of value to our

College in relation to apparent furniture, apparatus and fitting up which can not well be here enumerated.

MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

This Institution is located at Amherst, sufficiently near to the old Amherst College to enable the students to enjoy the benefit of lectures, cabinets, collections, &c. The buildings consist of one dormitory structure, capable of accomodating about fifty students, with recitation-rooms, a cabinet and library-room, a separate building for laboratory, containing lecture-room and other accommodations. A boarding-hall for about fifty students is erected near by.

The College had been but recently organized, and was opened in October last with a full attendance of students, and in charge of President Clark, assisted by an able corps of Professors. The salaries paid range from \$1,500 to \$3,500.

The course of instruction is similar in many respects to that of the Michigan Agricultural College, which has been given, with the addition of the French and German languages.

The President and Faculty are firm believers in the manual-labor system, have inaugurated it from the start, and are conducting it with the most satisfactory results.

The students labor in the afternoon of each day, under the direction of the Professor of Agriculture, and Superintendent of the farm. They are divided into squads, each party under the direct charge of a captain appointed from among their own number.

Through the courtesy of President Clark we obtained a large amount of valuable information upon the various subjects connected with the plan of organization in its details, including their plans of fitting up and furnishing laboratory, cabinet-rooms, library, lecture-rooms, recitation and students' rooms; also the manner of conducting their financial affairs, keeping the various accounts and books, preparing the blanks, rules, regulations, &c., all of which are too voluminous to be incorporated here. We have procured copies of all of their publications, forms, blanks, &c., course of study and instruction, which accompany this report.

After visiting several towns, cities, colleges, and seminaries, pursuing our investigations relative to professors, we visited the

NEW YORK AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE,

or more properly known as Cornell University, which is located at Ithica, New York.

This University is designed to be much more comprehensive in its plan and scope than an ordinary Agricultural College. It will embrace six departments, namely:

First. — Department of Agriculture.

Second. — Mechanic Arts.

Third. — Civil Engineering.

Fourth. — Military Engineering and Tactics.

Fifth. — Mining and Practical Geology.

Sixth. — History, Social and Political Science.

The University is not fully organized yet, but the general plans have been decided upon and adopted.

ADMISSION OF STUDENTS, FEES, &c.

By the terms of the act granting lands to the Institution, one student from each Assembly district in the State is to be admitted to a full course free of any charges for tuition. Such students are to be selected by the School Commissioners and Board of Supervisors of the county in which he resides, subject, however, to examination and approval by the Faculty of the University.

Suits of rooms are provided for about two hundred students, and will be furnished at the expense of the University, for which rent will be charged at the rate of seventy-five cents per week.

A tuition fee of thirty dollars per year is required of all excepting one student sent from each Assembly district.

Chemicals for use in the laboratory will be charged to the students receiving them at actual cost.

LABOR SYSTEM.

Students in the Agricultural Department will labor on the farm connected with the University from one to three hours per day, under the direction of the Professors of Agriculture and Engineering.

Work-shops are to be erected, where the students in the Mechanical course can labor under the instruction of skilled artisans in the various departments of mechanic arts.

The general plan of this University is on a magnificent scale, embracing the erection of not less than thirty buildings, at a cost of not less than \$30,000 each.

The leading spirit in this great enterprise is Hon. Ezra Cornell of Ithica, who has already given to the Institution the munificent gift of \$500,000, beside two hundred acres of land for the Agricultural Department, and other gifts to the amount of more than \$25,000. The University receives the entire land grant made to the State for Agricultural Colleges, amounting to 990,000 acres.

It is expected that this great endowment will eventually enable the Institution to furnish State students board free, as well as instruction.

Sectarianism of every description is forever excluded from the University. By the terms of the charter no trustee, professor or student can be accepted or rejected on account of any religious or political opinion he may or may not hold.

The great aim of the University, as tersely expressed by its founder, Mr. Cornell, is "to provide an Institution where any person can find instruction in any branch or study."

Your committee, in pursuing their investigations, visited the following colleges, universities, seminaries and schools of science:

Columbia College, New York, where we had a conference with Prof. Chandler, who was a student of Liebig, and was formerly a professor in one of the New York agricultural colleges, but is now connected with the School of the Mines.

Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts.

Cornell University, Ithica, New York.

Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst, Massachusetts.

Amherst College, Amherst, Massachusetts.

Willetston Seminary, East Hampton, Massachusetts.

Yale College, New Haven, Connecticut.

Sheffield Scientific School, New Haven, Connecticut.

Pennsylvania Agricultural College, Center county, Penn.

Smithsonian Institute, Washington, D. C.

Michigan Agricultural College, Lansing, Mich.

Farmers' College, College Hill, Ohio.

School of the Mines, New York City, N. Y.

Douglas University, Chicago, Illinois.

Girard College, Philadelphia, Penn.

School of Technology, Boston, Mass.

Lehigh University, South Bethlehem, Penn.

Agassiz Museum, Cambridge, Mass.

Department of Education, Washington, D. C.

The mass of information obtained at these Institutions is too voluminous to be given here, but will be invaluable in the organization, furnishing, fitting up and inaugurating our College.

Our investigations extended through twelve States, embracing visits to the chief seats of learning, and conferences with the following eminent educational men:

H. D. Emory and C. D. Corbet, of Illinois, editors of the *Prairie Farmer*.

President Abbot, Professors Miles, Kedzie and Prentiss, of the Michigan Agricultural College.

P. Barry, distinguished horticulturalist, Rochester, N. Y.

J. J. Thomas, assistant editor *Country Gentleman* and author of several works on Forest-growing and Agriculture.

Luthen Tucker & Son, Albany, N. Y.

B. P. Johnson, Secretary New York Agricultural Society, Albany, N. Y.

Gen. M. P. Patrick, late President New York Agricultural College at Ovid.

President Gould, Syracuse, N. Y.

President White, of Cornell University, Ithica, N. Y.

Ezra Cornell, founder of the University, Ithica, N. Y.

President Fraser, Vice-President Caldwell and Prof. Phin, of Pennsylvania Agricultural College.

President Allen, of Girard, formerly of Pennsylvania Agricultural College.

Dr. Witherell, of Lehigh University, Pa.

Prof. Glover, of Maryland Agricultural College.

Prof. Baird, Smithsonian Institute.

Prof. Barnard, Commissioner of Education, Washington, D. C.

H. Capron, Commissioner of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Orange Judd, Editor *American Agriculturist*.

Dr. Thurbur, Assistant Editor *American Agriculturist*.

Prof. Chandler, School of the Mines, N. Y.

Prof. Root, School of the Mines, N. Y.

President Woolsey, of Yale College, New Haven.

Profs. Lyman, Brough, Brewer, Wright and Gilman, of Sheffield Scientific School, New Haven.

Marshall Wilder, President United States Agricultural Society.

President French, late of Massachusetts Agricultural College.

Dr. George B. Loring, E. W. Buel and C. L. Flint, of Massachusetts Agricultural Society.

C. F. Brown and M. Fletcher, Editors *New England Farmer*.

Prof. Agassiz, of Andover, Mass.

President Clark, Massachusetts Agricultural College.

Prof. Stockbridge, Massachusetts Agricultural College.

Dr. John Warder, President Ohio Pomological Society, Cincinnati, Ohio.

President Carey, late President Farmers' College, Ohio.

Lieutenant-Governor of Kentucky, Trustee of Kentucky Agricultural College, and many others of lesser note.

Your committee have received letters and certificates recommending the following persons as well qualified for members of the Faculty of the Iowa Agricultural College. We have conferred with some of these gentlemen, and investigated their qualifications as far as we have been able up to this time, and are still engaged in the work.

Of those recommended for the Presidency, the following are the most prominent :

Prof. Welch, late Principal State Normal School, Michigan.

Dr. Witherell, Lehigh University, Pennsylvania.

Dr. Wm. Clift, graduate of Amherst.

Dr. Chadborn, late of Massachusetts Agricultural College.

Prof. Whitman, late of Pennsylvania Agricultural College.

Dr. George Law Olmstead and Hon. J. B. Grinnell, of Iowa.

Prof. Amos Brown, Havana, N. Y.

For *Professors of Chemistry* :

Prof. Root, of New York School of the Mines.

Prof. E. S. Wright, of Ohio Medical College.

Dr. S. H. Kridelbaugh, of Page county, Iowa.

For *Professors of Botany, Natural History, Geology, Mathematics, &c.*, the following persons have been recommended :

Prof. Baker, of Indianola, Iowa.

Prof. Piper, of Manchester, Iowa.

Prof. Brainard, of Dubuque, Iowa.

Prof. Parry, of Davenport, Iowa.

Dr. Shaffer, of Fairfield, Iowa.

M. St. John, of Waterloo, Assistant State Geologist.

Prof. Dupins, Queen's University, Kingston, Canada.

Prof. G. W. Jones, Franklin, N. Y.

Prof. Wright, Williston Seminary, Massachusetts.

Prof. Wright, of Sheffield Scientific School, New Haven, Conn.

Prof. Long, of Western Union College, Ohio.

And many others whose qualifications we have not yet investigated.

Your committee have not been unmindful of the great responsibility which rests upon them in deciding who to select from among the long array of names of eminent men placed before them. We have felt that it is far better for the future prosperity of our College to go slow, investigate thoroughly, and be fully satisfied that we are right before deciding upon the selection of the Faculty. There is far more danger, in our opinion, likely to result from haste, than the public may realize.

We are firmly of the belief, judging from facts which have come to our knowledge, that the partial failure of many similar Institutions within the last few years, has been owing more to the employment of incompetent men as members of the Faculty, than from all other causes combined. In seeking to avoid this danger we have thus far gone slow, and endeavored to give each case a fair, rigid, and impartial investigation, without being influenced by fear or favor.

We have arrived at the following conclusions in relation to the selection of Professors :

That, other things being equal, it will be better to select young men of promise, who have graduated at the best Institutions in the country, and have had the benefit of instruction from the most eminent teachers of science, who are just entering upon the great work, and are seeking to identify themselves with a new enterprise where a wide field of usefulness is open before them. Men

who are able and willing to work, who have a name to make and will give their best years and entire energies to the cause of industrial education.

We can not hope to procure the services of the eminent men whose genius and acquirements have given them a world-wide fame. To take Agassiz from Cambridge we must outbid the Emperor of France. To take Dana or Johnson from Yale, Chandler or Dwight from Columbia, Guizot from Princeton, or Parke from Andover, would absorb our whole income. We can not hope to secure such acquisitions in the start; but by employing the most promising among the younger men, who are willing to work in building up an Institution that bids fair to take its place, in due time, among the great seats of learning in the West, we secure enthusiasm, energy, ambition, talent and all of the elements of success.

We need a few thoroughly-tried and experienced men among the Faculty to direct and control, and give to the Institution the benefit of their experience; but for the hard work which is required to build up and sustain such an enterprise, we must have a strong element of young Western men.

In conclusion we would say that we have given the subject of organization our careful attention, and as thorough investigation as was in our power during the three months devoted to the work, and are prepared to recommend the following general outline of a plan of organization:

First. — That we need at least a President, four full Professors and two Assistants, in the organization; and that the President should be chosen at as early a day as practicable, that he may assist and advise in filling up the Faculty, and fitting up the College building.

Second. — That the following studies shall be included in the course of instruction, viz.: Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, Forestry, Horticulture, Fruit-growing, Animal and Vegetable Anatomy and Physiology, Geology, Mineralogy, Meteorology, Entomology, Zoology, Veterinary Art, Plain Mensuration, Leveling, Surveying, Book-keeping, Practical Agriculture, Landscape Gardening, with such other branches as may be added by the Faculty and Trustees.

Third. — A system of instructive labor on the farm, in the garden,

orchard, nursery, and in such mechanical trades as may be from time to time provided for.

No student to be exempt from labor except in case of sickness or physical disability. The labor to be made instructive by being conducted and taught in the most thorough and systematic manner.

The students to be paid by the hour a reasonable compensation, which shall be applied upon board and other necessary expenses.

Fourth.—The Boarding Department to be under the supervision of a Steward selected by the Trustees, who shall make all purchases, furnish the supplies for the table, keep the accounts of his department under proper guards, and have general control of everything pertaining to the Boarding Hall.

Fifth.—The admission of students to be on the basis of one or more for each Representative in the popular branch of the General Assembly; to be selected in a manner to be fixed hereafter, subject to such examination of qualifications as to education and moral character as may be determined by the Trustees and Faculty.

Sixth.—Politics and sectarianism of every description to be carefully excluded, and never to be permitted to control the selection of students or members of the Faculty, and under no circumstances to be taught in any department of the College.

Seventh.—The exercise of great care in the selection or purchase of apparatus, instruments, furniture and fixtures, that all be of the most approved style; and that appropriations be at once secured for laboratory, library, cabinets, &c.

Eighth.—That three or four non-resident Professors—men of eminence and great attainments in particular sciences, such as Geology, Natural History, Chemistry, Horticulture and Fruit-growing,—be engaged to deliver each a series of lectures to the students, and such others as may desire to hear them, during each year, that the College may have the benefit in this way of the best talent in the country.

We are aware that it will require several years to fully develop and properly arrange all of the departments of our College. We shall undoubtedly learn many valuable facts in the course of our progress, which will aid us in the future.

It is gratifying to note the increasing interest that is yearly being manifested in the subject of industrial schools. The doubtful

problem of a few years ago is to-day a fixed fact, tried and proved. Agricultural Colleges are now among the necessary institutions of growing civilization, destined to supply the great want so often felt by the sons of toil, that will enable the most lowly and obscure of farmers' sons to secure a thorough education suited to their wants and avocations.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

B. F. GUE,
PETER MELENDY,
Committee on Organization.

REPORT
OF THE
SUPERINTENDENT AND SECRETARY.

To the Board of Trustees of the Iowa Agricultural College and Farm :

GENTLEMEN: The law creating the office of Superintendent and Secretary of the Iowa Agricultural College and Farm, requiring an annual report from me as the incumbent of that office, I herewith submit the same for your consideration.

I entered on the duties of the office on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1867 (nine days after my election). I found things much in the same condition they were by the Executive Committee in the early part of the month. The preparations for the better care of the stock had made some progress, but were not completed, although very much needed. I found, also, that no change had been made in the indiscriminate mode of feeding. Grain was fed in such abundance that it was rarely all consumed in time for the next meal, and many of the young sheep were so nauseated that they would not eat enough to support them, for several days at a time; while, on the other hand, some with more vigorous appetites were very unnecessarily fat for stock animals. No regular amount had been fixed as the ration of any animal or lot of animals, but all had abundance, and much was wasted. The hay was very coarse and innutritious, and with corn of rather inferior quality (it was all more or less frost-bitten), it was difficult to fix the amount of feed necessary per head or lot, to keep them in healthy condition. I therefore gave orders to reduce the amount of grain fed, until it was all consumed in one hour after feeding, and to measure all grain fed, so as to keep an accurate account with the grain and stock. The hay being of very poor quality, it required a good deal of grain to keep the stock in condition.

My predecessor reports the total net value of crops of all kinds on hand on the first of January, 1867, to be \$2,132.72. On the 28th of January I measured the oats and corn, and found the amount on hand on that day to be 670 bushels of oats — \$268.00; and 511 bushels of corn — \$255.50, taken at his valuation per bushel. Of the wheat I found substantially as stated in his report — 263 bushels of the crop of 1866. I also found about 50 bushels of wheat of the crop of 1865 (a very inferior article). The timothy-seed and wool I found also on hand, reports of which will be found under their proper heads.

Finding the stock of oats and corn so much less than represented, I instituted a system of rigid economy to prevent waste, and required a weekly statement by weight of all grain fed, and what fed to, my occasional measurements in the bins prompting to care and accuracy in both feeding and making out the monthly returns.

Notwithstanding all our care, I found it necessary to purchase both hay and corn to save the stock from suffering, and to keep the teams up so as to get along with the work. The cost of each will be found under the head of "Receipts and Expenditures."

I have procured material and partly erected a picket fence around the garden, &c., attached to the farm house; but from the difficulty of procuring workmen who could erect it in a workmanlike manner, until the setting in of winter, I have not been able to get it finished. The cost already incurred for lumber, posts, nails, labor, &c., is \$150.

During the fall of 1866 the fence separating the orchard from one of the small pasture lots was removed and put up on the west side of the orchard. I had a good, substantial post and rail fence, 36½ rods long, put up in its place, costing \$54.

I was notified that the post-and-board fence across Squaw Creek Bottom was from three to five feet over on the public road, by the person superintending the work of improving the road across the Bottom, and asked to remove it, as the whole of the room was needed to get material for raising the embankment above high-water mark. I had the whole, amounting to 111 rods, taken down and rebuilt, at a cost of \$28.90 for labor, the old material being used with the addition only of a few posts. I have a ditch opened wide and deep enough to carry all the water ordinarily flowing

in the slough that skirts along and near the south side of the farm, directly east from where the slough debouches from the bluffs to Squaw creek, length a little over 100 rods. This improvement conveys the water directly in a straight due east line into the creek, instead of letting it flow over some forty acres of pasture. The grass crop produced hitherto, has been so coarse as to be very unpalatable to stock except for a very short time in the early part of the summer; According to my experience the grass now produced will become finer every year until principally composed of what are usually termed tame grasses. The cost of the ditch was \$45.65.

There was no reliable fence on the north line of the farm, and no part of the fence that was there was owned by the State; in consequence of which, our crops have been somewhat injured by stock ranging the woods and pastures in that direction. I have had a very substantial post- and rail-fence put on the north line of the farm opposite and as far as our lands are under cultivation. Length of fence, eighty-five and one-third rods; cost, \$120.00. I would recommend the erection continued westward to the railroad bridge, so as to be some barrier to keep trespassers from among the timber.

About six hundred and fifty rods of fence have been built by the C. & N. W. R. R. Co. on the north side of the railroad track.

From old lumber that had been used about the brick-yard I have had three sheep-houses or sheds erected, 24 feet by 12 each, with double-board roofs of sound lumber—each having access to an open yard for air and exercise—yet so constructed that the different lots can be kept apart from each other. The work was all done by the farm hands; cost for nails, \$10.00.

The hog-house, partly erected during the fall of 1866, was completed; cost, including material and labor, \$85.87½. I have had open-yards added to four of the pens, at odd times, by farm hands—using old lumber.

In the north-west corner of that portion of the farm south of the railroad, there were a few acres of land on which were several small patches of hazel brush, &c., around and among which some breaking has been done. I had sufficient broke and cleaned up to make the field square. The grubbing and breaking cost \$40.50.

North-west of the College and between that and the brick-yard,

there were fifteen or sixteen acres of flat, wettish land that had been broke with the prairie plow, (some of it three times) and each time been allowed to run back, in a great measure, to a wild state. We endeavored to plow it in the spring, but got only between three and four acres very imperfectly done. I have the whole sown with oats, and by giving a good deal of extra harrowing succeeded in raising a rather inferior crop. On the south side of, and close to the railroad is another piece of wet land, amounting to about eight acres that was broke out of prairie during the summer of 1865; sown with oats in the spring of 1866, and was so wet that the oats could not be reaped. We made an effort to plow it in the spring, but failed to accomplish anything with it at that time. Since harvest I have had both well plowed into narrow ridges and channels opened to carry off the surface-water so as to facilitate the putting in a crop early in the spring. If drained, these two pieces of land are the best on the farm, and to drain them it will require 3,665 feet of four-inch tile for mains and about 12,250 feet for side drains of two- and three-inch tile, which will cost at the tile-works about \$368.00. Both utility and appearance demand that these two pieces of land should be drained or else sown to grass and pastured; but neither of them will produce a good quality of grass without drainage. These tracts are interspersed with dry knolls and ridges of very fertile land, and I would urge upon the Board the propriety of taking steps to procure the thorough drainage of these and all the other wet spots on the upland part of this farm.

The orchard produced a few apples but of inferior quality owing to the drought.

The young vines also produced a few grapes which with currants, gooseberries &c., were all used in the house.

Agreeable to a resolution of the Board at the last annual meeting, Hon. J. Willson Williams made (about the 1st of April last) a topographical survey of the farm. In doing so it was discovered that some of the original corners, witness-trees, &c., had nearly disappeared. I had new bearing- or witness-trees marked, (when at a distance from timber, stones deep into the ground have been substituted for trees.) I had also stones, dressed and marked, set in each of the original or other corners of the farm, and all recorded in the County Surveyor's record book of Story county.

While the County Surveyor was on the farm, I agreed with Mr. Porter to have the land surveyed that the old Board had proposed exchanging with him in connection with a contemplated alteration of a road supposed to be laid through the farm. The records of the county show that said road was vacated between the years 1857 and 1859, and until some information was had in 1866, the only portion of known public road on the farm, except $17\frac{5}{8}$ chains (which has never been opened) on the line between sections 3 and 4, was the road along the south, and $14\frac{5}{8}$ chains on the south end of west lines. I have posted notices, as by law required, and taken the other necessary steps to have the road on the line between sections 3 and 4 vacated.

I think that trading away $17.63\frac{1}{2}$ acres of the best and most beautiful laying land on the farm for a piece of land as broken and shapeless as the $14\frac{5}{8}$ acres the State would receive from Mr. Porter, and abandoning the road along the south line of the farm for one to run diagonally across and through a portion of the most useful land on the farm, is to perform an act injurious alike to the appearance, and detrimental to the true interests of the farm and the State.

During the fall, to-wit.: on the 22d of October, and 1st, 3d, and 7th of November, the dry drass near the railroad caught fire from railroad trains (on the 5th twice) and destroyed several hundred rails on different parts of the farm, (about 200 are totally destroyed, and from 4 to 500 so much injured that if moved from their present position they could not be put into another fence). In addition to the above, the fires did much damage to young timber on the farm and many hundreds of dollars damage in the neighborhood. I notified the agent of the railroad company at Ames of these fires and of the damage we had sustained, but on examination of the laws now in force, I am in doubt of our ability to reach the company, so as to recover damage, I therefore refer the matter to the Board and Legislature.

Of the tools and implements on the farm many were nearly worn out; of those said to be in good order I found only one plow in a condition fit for work, but by putting some repairs on that and one other, I succeeded in getting the spring crop into the ground, although not always in a satisfactory manner.

The majority of the implements, &c., were found to be unsatisfactory and inefficient, and on consultation with the Executive Committee it was decided to advertise for sale such implements, tools, surplus stock, &c., as it was deemed advisable to dispense with, or have replaced with those improved and perfected so as to keep up with the progressive age in which we live.

The sale was far from being a success; some implements unsuited to this soil were sold; also some pigs, sheep and a yoke of oxen. The implements and oxen I think, were sold for their full value, also some of the sheep and pigs, but considering that prices offered for some portion of the latter were below their value, I stopped the sale. I hold three well secured notes bearing ten per cent interest for \$190; and the remainder of the proceeds were paid in cash, to-wit: \$159.70. Total \$349.70. The plows sold were as far as this farm was concerned, perfectly useless lumber.

There are now here three stirring plows, of which one made at Dixon, Illinois, does very fair work, but so much time is lost in getting repairs made on the cast iron portions of it that we have been compelled to lay it aside.

The next, the Garden City plow, from Furst & Bradley, Chicago, Illinois, is a tolerably fair plow while on dry ground, but on our flat, rich, rather damp soil, it does not scour, and consequently makes very poor work in such places.

During the fall, I got a plow from the manufactory of Deere & Co., of Moline, Illinois, which far surpasses any plow I have yet seen tried in this soil; the mold-board differs in form from any of the plows I have yet seen. Those heretofore in use are made of a plate of steel presenting a regularly curved surface to the furrow, and very few of them will scour in the black sticky portions of the soil peculiar to Central Iowa (the soil sticking like wax in the hollow formed by the concave face) whenever it gets the least damp. This new patent mold-board is not merely bent over and outward to turn the furrow slice upside down similar to those heretofore in use, but in these new plows the middle of the mold plate is as if pressed outward until it presents a surface very similar in form to that frequently taken by the common plow when the sticky soil is adhering to it (what some people call half loaded) or slightly convex on its horizontal line, thus presenting every part of its front surface equally to the furrow, so that with

its high polish and extra hard face it rarely ever requires to be cleaned off while being used in the field. It is well made, very strong, and so finely polished as to be very easy on the team.

The bills actually paid for repairs on the reaper and mower amounted to over \$30.00, and this is by far the smallest portion of the expense incurred in trying to carry on a farm with such implements. The loss of two hours in harvest getting repairs done may be of more consequence to the farmer than ten times what he may have to pay a blacksmith for repairing his reaper; but such losses he will have to bear until he secures tools and implements that give a reasonable promise of being equal to the task required of them, and the old reaper, mower and corn planter were sold with a view to procuring others better adapted to the full performance of their work.

STOCK.

The cattle have been healthy and have done well during the past season, and their natural increase has been all that could be desired: I advertised some surplus stock for sale as instructed by the Board, and sold four head for \$275.00 part of which are not yet paid, or stock delivered. I think it would be much more profitable for the State to provide more accommodations, for the stock than to be compelled to force the sale of such promising young animals in this manner. With the sale of these we yet have all the stock we can accommodate with a due regard to their health and comfort.

HORSES.

The horses are all doing, and have done well for their age, but two of them are getting pretty old and should be replaced by animals of more youth and vigor, one of them especially, and it will be necessary either to purchase or hire at least one additional team to enable the next season's work to be carried on successfully. There ought to be five able work-horses on the farm to do the work, and a mare to breed or work occasionally in spring and all so as to keep up stock, without going into the market to buy.

SHEEP.

Three sheep died during the summer, two from the intense

heat, and one (supposed) from snake-bite, and one died at the beginning of winter from catarrh or some disease of the lungs. The remainder of them appear in excellent health and are in good store order.

HOGS.

A very fine young Chester White sow died in farrowing. The rest of the hogs are doing very well. We have a number of young hog, and amongst them some very fine pure Berkshires of both sexes, very superior animals—but we find very little market for them for breeding purposes, and what little we find is at prices scarcely remunerative.

I made an effort to secure a supply of mangolds, turnips and carrots for our young stock during the winter, but from causes as stated below I was not very successful. The mangolds were sown in the small enclosure adjoining the farm-house, our land I supposed in a suitable condition to produce a good crop, but the heavy rains in the latter part of May and beginning of June, caused so many of the young plants to perish that there were not enough left for half a crop, I therefore had the ground prepared for turnips, with some other pieces on different parts of the farm. I had turnip-seed sown at the proper season which grew well, and until the month of September promised us a very good supply of roots for winter use, but alas, “the best laid schemes of mice and men gang aft agley.”

Early in September the grasshoppers made their appearance, and before the middle of October, our whole turnip-crop had disappeared. The grasshoppers first eat off the tender leaves then the bulbs. The rutabagas fared some better, the leaves only being eaten, but after the leaves were eaten off, the bulbs ceased growing, and became so hard, dry, and fibrous that they can scarcely be used.

Our carrots which promised an excellent crop, suffered also severely; their growth was stopped by their tops being eaten off just at the season of the year when their most rapid growth takes place. I estimate that the crop was curtailed at least two-thirds.

Following is a summary of the accounts kept with the different crops, mangolds and turnips excepted :

VALUE AND COST OF CROPS FOR THE YEAR 1867.

	Profit.
Value of 23 a. 3 r. and 29 poles wheat.....	\$594.70
Cost of do. (436 bu.)	255.75 — 338.95
Value of 26 a. 0 r. 28 poles oats.....	516.90
Cost of do. (996 bu.).....	198.76 — 318.14
Value of 25 a. 1 r. 18 poles corn.....	542.00
Cost of do. (1006 bu.).....	243.40 — 298.60
Value of 24 a. 1 r. 33 poles timothy hay.....	322.00
Cost of do. (33½ tons).....	74.25 — 247.75
Value of 72½ tons natural grass hay.....	327.00
Cost of do.....	129.00 — 198.00
Value of 1 a. 69 rods sorghum.....	108.00
Cost of do (135 gall.).....	68.40 — 39.60
Value of 1 a. 9 rods carrots.....	64.20
Cost of do. (107 bu.).....	61.10 — 3.10
Value of 4 a. potatoes and vegetable.....	200.00
Cost of do.....	150.00 — 50.00
Net profit on produce.....	<u>\$1494.14</u>

There were about 4 acres of potatoes and vegetables of various kinds raised on the place that have cost in seed, labor &c. about \$150.00. As near as I can estimate the product was about \$200.00, but being from time to time since early summer consumed in the house, and since stored for winter use I can only make an estimate.

The improvements required, exclusive of field labor, made it necessary to keep more hands employed permanently on the farm, as it was impossible to procure sufficient suitably skilled labor at such times as it was required in this vicinity. I therefore endeavored to retain a sufficient force of experienced hands so as to be certain of getting work done in a systematic manner and at the proper season.

The cost of farm labor, including Mr. Graves' salary and the hire of a team for the year, is	\$1,112.00
Cost of permanent improvements on the farm and farm buildings, house, &c.....	610.00
	<u>\$1,722.04</u>

I have received funds from the following sources, to - wit :

Sales of Story county lands.....	\$959.00
Sales of Boone county lands.....	332.89
Sales of wool (crop of 1866).....	229.00
Sales of timothy seed.....	175.30
Sales of wheat.....	169.75
Sales of stock.....	196.10
Boarding workmen at college 12 days.....	202.10
At various times from treasurer from farm and building funds.....	978.00
Collected Story county notes.....	78.70
Various other sources.....	216.20
	<hr/>
	\$3,537.00

I have expended as follows, to - wit :

For farm labor and team hire.....	\$ 762.00
For improvements on farm, &c.....	610.00
For deposited with treasurer.....	800.00
For paid executive committee.....	200.20
For insurance policy for three years.....	58.25
For building fund.....	123.00
For to P. L. Porter, on account of road.....	50.00
For surveying, (County Surveyor).....	24.00
For blacksmithing and hardware.....	186.10
For express on book, &c., from Washington.....	35.25
For hay and corn.....	80.10
For incidental expenses.....	619.14
	<hr/>
	\$3,549.04

SALES OF STORY COUNTY LANDS.

To W. G. Little, the s. hf. se. qr, nw. qr. of sec. 14, T. 83, R. 24, for.....	\$240.00
To Hy. McCarthy, e. hf se. qr. sec. 10, T. 83, R. 24, for \$800.00. Received note for \$267.00 bearing ten per cent interest, due in two years, and in cash.....	533.00
To W. A. Gossard 15 acres off of the n. end of w. hf, se. qr. sec. 34, T. 83, R. 24, for \$90.00. Received two notes for \$30.00 each, bearing ten per cent interest, due in one and two years, and in cash.....	30.00

To Daniel McCarthy, the s. hf. sw. of nw. of sec. 11, T. 83, R. 24 west, for \$200.00. I received one note for \$66, due in one year, and one note for \$67.00, due in two years, both bearing ten per cent interest, and in cash..	67.00
To Benjamin McLaren, ten acres off of the s. end of the e. 24 acres of the se. qr. of sec. 10, T. 83, R. 24, for \$100.00. I received two notes for \$33.00 each, due in one and two years, with ten per cent interest, and in cash.....	34.00
To Polly A. Kintzley, 10 acres off of the e. side of the se. qr. of the se. qr. sec. 33, T. 84, R. 24, for \$75.00. I received two notes for \$25.00 each, bearing ten per cent interest, due in one and two years, with cash....	25.00
To Daniel McCarthy, 10 acres, being part of the s. hf, ne. qr. of sec. 10, T. 83, R. 24 w. I received two notes for \$30.00 each, due in one and two years, with ten per cent interest, and in cash.....	30.00
For 40 acres sold in Boone county.....	332.89
	<hr/>
	\$1,291.89

RECAPITULATION.

W. G. Little.....	\$240.00
Henry McCarthy.....	533.00
W. A. Gossard.....	30.00
Daniel McCarthy.....	67.00
B. McLaren.....	34.00
Polly A. Kintzley.....	25.00
Daniel McCarthy.....	30.00
Land in Boone county.....	332.89
	<hr/>
Total received.....	\$1291.89

Promissory notes received and when due.

Hy. McCarthy for.....	\$267.00 due 24th Aug. 1869
W. A. Gossard.....	30.00 due 27th June 1868
W. A. Gossard.....	30.00 due 27th June 1869
Daniel McCarthy.....	66.00 due 14th Sept. 1868
Daniel McCarthy.....	67.00 due 14th Sept. 1869

B. McLaren.....	33.00 due 12th Nov. 1868
B. McLaren.....	33.00 due 12th Nov. 1869
Polly A. Kintzley.....	25.00 due 27th Dec. 1868
Polly A. Kintzley.....	25.00 due 27th Dec. 1869
Daniel McCarthy.....	30.00 due 12th Nov. 1868
Daniel McCarthy.....	30.00 due 12th Nov. 1869

Total in notes.....\$635.00 for land sold.
190.00 for auction sales.

There are three work-horses and two colts, the property of the State, on the farm, valued at....	\$ 565.00
Four cows and three yearling (common stock)....	222.00
Seven young grade animals.....	160.00
One bull, four cows, and three young Durhams....	2,800.00
One bull and two cows, Devon.....	300.00
One bull, Ayrshire.....	300.00
Three bucks and three ewes, Spanish Merino sheep	1,400.00
One buck and two ewes, Cotswold sheep.....	350.00
One buck and one ewe, Leicester sheep.....	275.00
Fifty - six high grade sheep.....	280.00
Forty - one high grade lambs.....	103.00
One buck, five ewes and three lambs, Southdowns.	475.00
One boar, two sows and nine young Berkshire swine	295.00
Two Hospital sows.....	100.00
One sow and two young Suffolks.....	75.00
One Chester White boar.....	50.00
Fourteen fattening hogs.....	200.00
Thirty - four store hogs.....	170.00
Fifty - one chickens.....	12.20
Eighteen bronze turkeys.....	27.00

Total value of stock.....\$8,259.70

Value of tools and implements.....	1,461.45
Value of office and household furniture.....	283.25
Value of crops raised in 1867.....	2,664.60

Total.....\$12,669.00

There are about 300 evergreens on the farm, nearly one - half

of which are red cedar the remainder chiefly balsam, pine, and spruce. From one-third to one-half will do to transplant the coming season if properly protected afterward.

There are also a few very fine young larches fit to transplant.

I would recommend that a large supply of those trees be procured for improving and ornamenting the grounds around the College.

DONATIONS.

Early in the spring I received from the Department of the Interior three boxes containing —

Jefferson's complete works.....	9 volumes.
State papers.....	17 volumes.
Annals complete.....	42 volumes.
American archives.....	9 volumes.

During the months of May and June I received four boxes from the Smithsonian Institute containing some valuable geological specimens, marbles, shells, &c. which are carefully stored away for the use of the College.

In the beginning of June I received a note from Dr. White, State Geologist, informing me that he had some boxes of specimens for this Institution. I was not in a position to take proper care of many valuable acquisitions of this nature, and so signified to him. I have since sent for and received four boxes of specimens from him, for the use of the College.

I also received a very superior plow from Messrs. Deere & Co., Ill., described elsewhere in this report.

The members of this Board whose term of office expires on the first day of May next, are —

J. W. Williams, 1st District.

J. D. Wright, 2d District.

B. O. Stevenson, 3d District.

H. M. Thomson, 7th District.

P. Melendy, 9th District.

John Garber, 10th District.

All of which is most respectfully submitted,

H. M. THOMSON,
Superintendent and Secretary.

APPENDIX TO SECRETARY'S REPORT.

The act of Congress making donations of land for the support (endowment) of Agricultural Colleges, demanding an annual report of the progress of the agricultural and other industrial interests of the States accepting those grants, I herewith present the following tables from the last Census Report of our State, which present a reliable exhibit of the condition of those interests:

ITEMS.	1865.	1867.
Number of dwelling-houses.....	114351	155738
Number of white males.....	379746	463537
Number of white females.....	371379	433316
Total white population	751125	897325
Number of colored males.....	1804	2508
Number of colored females	1803	2508
Total colored population.....	3607	4715
Number entitled to vote.....	146427	181749
Number of militia.....	94734	125646
Number of foreigners not naturalized.....	10594	13508
Number between the ages of 5 and 21 years.....	293565	339618
Number of blind.....	*259	*413
Number of deaf and dumb.....	376	368
Number of insane	613	644
Number of miles railroad finished.....	793	1153
Number of colleges, academies and universities.....	41	63
Number of students attending college.....	2337	3951
Number of acres land inclosed.....	5327053	8263174
Number of acres sorghum.....	21452	25796
Number of gallons syrup from sorghum.....	1443605	2094557
Number of pounds sugar from sorghum....	8386	14697
Number of acres Hungarian grass.....	37894	39436
Number of tons hay from Hungarian grass.....	63698	58890
Number of acres tame grasses.....	302899	497460
Number of tons hay from tame grasses....	225349	537813
Number of tons hay from wild grass.....	713119	823153
Number of bushels grass seed.....	63114	107533
Number of acres spring wheat.....	827487	933905
Number of bushels harvested.....	7175784	13912368
Number of acres winter wheat.....	116965	73435
Number of bushels harvested.....	1108781	723153
Number of acres oats.....	577540	504361
Number of bushels harvested....	15928777	15861494
Number of acres corn.....	1727777	1992336
Number of bushels harvested.....	48471133	56923933
Number of acres rye.....	48992	35604

TABLE—CONTINUED.

ITEMS.	1865.	1867.
Number of bushels harvested.....	662388	492841
Number of acres barley.....	51804	48018
Number of bushels harvested....	950896	1197729
Number of acres Irish potatoes.....	40198	42498
Number of bushels harvested.....	2730811	2666678
Number of bushels sweet potatoes.....	26222	50390
Number of bushels onions.....	207638	213285
Number of acres flax.....	12111	11906
Number of bushels seed harvested.....	75721	61917
Number of pounds lint.....	1112753	400053
Number of gallons linseed oil.....	890	80052
Number of acres in all other crops.....	202788	63116
Number of fruit trees in bearing.....	636458	1075177
Number of fruit trees not in bearing.....	2523905	3629789
Number of hogs of all ages.....	1087117	1620089
Number of cattle of all ages.....	901831	956169
Number of milch cows.....	310137	324559
Number of pounds butter made.....	14538216	19192727
Number of pounds cheese made.....	1000738	1403864
Number of work oxen.....	37717	27246
Number of sheep in 1864.....	1000541	.....
Number of sheep in 1866.....	.....	1598226
Number of pounds wool shorn in 1864.....	2813620	.....
Number of pounds wool shorn in 1866.....	.....	5323385
Number of sheep in 1867.....	.....	1708958
Number of horses of all ages.....	316702	425055
Number of mules and asses of all ages.....	14303	22087
Number of dogs.....	86060	125207
Number of hives bees.....	87118	85727
Number of pounds honey taken.....	1128399	896745
Number of pounds beeswax.....	51434	36266
Number of pounds grapes raised.....	390409	549179
Number of gallons wine made.....	80779	29495
Number of pounds hops raised....	27847	48653
Number of pounds tobacco raised.....	753626	385002
Number of acres planted for timber.....	20285	48653
Number of rods hedging.....	331741	663068
Number of bushels coal raised, 80 pounds per bushel.....	1666582	2483010
Value of minerals raised, not including coal.....	\$31875	\$320820
Value of manufactures.....	\$7100465	\$15957599
Value of agricultural implements, machinery and wagons..	\$7707027	\$11362402
Value of sheep killed by dogs.....	.....	\$82612
Value of sheep killed by wolves.....	.....	\$55655
Number of acres land assessed.....	.....	28773400
Assessed value of lands and town lots.....	.....	\$189550825
Assessed value of personal property.....	.....	\$ 6696359
Total assessed valuation.....	.....	\$256517184

*The number of blind in 1865 does not include the inmates of the State Asylum for the Blind at Vinton; the census of 1867, on the contrary, does include the inmates of that Institution.

TABLE

SHOWING THE POPULATION OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF IOWA AT EACH ENUMERATION SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN.

COUNTIES.	STATE OF IOWA.																
	WIS. TERR.	IOWA TERRITORY.															
	1836.	1838.	1840.	1844.	1846.	1847.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1854.	1856.	1859.	1860.	1863.	1865.	1867.
Adair...	150.	663	1011	984	900	1071	1594
Adams.....	339	1019	1413	1533	1638	1818	2317
Alamakee....	227	777	1300	2000	4266	7709	10843	12237	13465	13957	16003
Appanoose...	1300	948	1281	3131	3951	4243	6265	9075	11499	11931	11866	10748	13064
Audubon.....	283	365	454	388	510	790
Benton	297	812	812	678	753	1237	2623	6247	8063	8496	9561	11245	14772
Black Hawk...	315	2514	5538	7095	8244	10014	12306	16036
Boone.....	419	756	890	1924	1678	3518	4018	4232	4607	5236	9861
Bremer.....	309	1095	3228	4336	4915	5404	7224	9337
Buchanan.....	149	...	406	519	1006	1023	2299	5125	6918	7906	8294	10037	12231
Buena Vista...	57	...	...	151
Butler.....	73	...	2141	3504	3724	4142	5006	6542
Calhoun.....	119	136	147	170	224	546
Carroll.....	251	250	281	297	400	688
Cass.....	416	815	1489	1613	1623	1895	2479
Cedar	557	1225	2217	2862	2809	3183	3941	4084	4971	7643	9481	12175	12949	13274	14041	16076
Cerro Gordo...	632	855	940	1007	1311	1988
Cherokee.....	85	58	20	64	209
Chickasaw....	400	588	2651	3816	4386	4897	5355	6220
Clarke.....	549	1626	3978	5006	5427	5693	5716	6244
Clay.....	52	...	...	869
Clayton.....	...	274	1044	1200	1500	2176	3000	3873	5000	6318	9337	15187	18669	20728	21235	21922	22879
Clinton.....	...	445	800	1201	1300	1570	2014	2835	3001	3822	7306	13441	17395	18988	19821	22405	27234
Crawford.....	235	429	988	456	574	1070
Dallas.....	635	812	925	1216	2392	3991	4058	5244	5088	5886	7538
Davis.....	4939	7264	7454	7558	9787	11258	13328	18764	18959	18123	13517
Decatur.....	965	1016	1184	3025	6229	8238	8677	8373	8052	8501
Delaware.....	171	800	781	1111	1800	1760	2000	2615	4087	6099	10024	11024	11067	12508	14403

Des Moines...	6257	4605	5546	9109	9391	10071	11649	12914	14488	12575	16700	20198	20781	19611	21213	19894	23444
Dickinson	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	121	180	189	300	509
Dubuque	4274	2391	3056	4049	6030	7440	9185	10841	11000	12500	16662	25871	30581	31164	30839	33078	38860
Emmett	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	105	...	368	708
Fayette	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	825	1200	2065	5042	8375	11391	12073	12739	18124	14993
Floyd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2448	3453	3744	4018	4886	6731
Franklin	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	780	1159	1309	1448	1899	2321
Fremont	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1244	1600	2044	3006	3368	4327	5074	4778	5698	7013
Greene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1089	1424	1374	1416	1659	2358
Grundy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	435	680	793	1024	1332	2119
Guthrie	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	222	300	772	2149	2754	3058	3205	3249	3906
Hamilton	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	655	1699	1602	2023	3154
Hancock	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	121	179	240	292	357
Hardin	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	1259	4033	3323	5440	5376	6813	9345
Harrison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1065	1900	3132	3621	3663	4265	5836
Henry	...	3058	3784	6017	6875	6759	7229	8707	8915	9683	10159	15395	16299	18701	16780	17816	20110
Howard	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	444	3017	3168	3382	3871	4401
Humboldt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	519	332	394	606	1307
Ida	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	43	...	...	90
Iowa	...	...	...	...	...	435	600	822	1000	1323	2307	4873	7098	8029	8544	10258	12390
Jackson	...	881	1452	2000	4767	4639	5677	7210	7597	8231	12166	14077	17710	18493	19158	19097	19970
Jasper	...	...	...	...	...	560	1223	1288	1492	1674	3466	7490	9195	9883	10627	12095	16239
Jefferson	...	...	2780	5694	6000	8463	8825	9997	10081	10225	11117	13305	14478	15038	14649	14772	16420
Johnson	...	237	1504	2949	3000	3387	4010	4474	5061	5788	8467	14457	16900	17573	17184	18778	21641
Jones	...	241	475	1112	1758	1779	2140	3007	3400	4201	6075	9835	13475	13306	13495	14376	16228
Keokuk	...	...	...	...	...	2918	3953	4822	5105	5306	7299	10346	12329	13271	13412	13996	15429
Kossuth	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	377	310	416	365	694	1573
Lee	...	2839	6095	9830	12860	13231	15000	18783	17625	20360	22590	27273	31242	29232	28523	28063	31417
Linn	...	205	1385	2643	3411	3954	4762	5444	6160	6890	10802	14702	17720	18947	18700	20754	24549
Louisa	...	1180	1925	3238	3644	3648	4155	5067	5100	5476	7341	9568	10805	10370	10673	10948	11885
Lucas...[ized.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	471	1025	1046	1921	4408	5287	5766	6257	6852	7746
Lyon (unorgan-	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madison	...	...	...	...	...	...	701	1174	1492	1882	3122	5508	7071	7339	7984	8214	9764
Mahaska	...	...	...	...	2942	3774	5559	5986	6758	7479	9093	13050	14515	14816	16249	17082	18693
Marion	...	...	...	...	1360	2350	3797	5412	5809	6289	9315	14060	16167	16813	17318	18719	20181
Marshall	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	338	454	710	1607	4460	5713	6015	7550	8759	11513
Mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1463	2171	3102	4381	4481	6287	5218	6994
Mitchell	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1911	3291	3409	3375	4176	6150

TABLE SHOWING THE POPULATION OF IOWA SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN—Continued.

COUNTIES.	WIS. TERR.		IOWA TERRITORY.										STATE OF IOWA.									
	1836.		1838.	1840.	1844.	1846.	1847.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1854.	1856.	1859.	1860.	1863.	1865.	1867.				
Monona.....	386	400	.....	.....	2886	3125	3480	222	459	885	832	931	1096	1664				
Monroe.....	1222	2000	.....	.....	.....	4577	6860	8377	8612	9322	9435	10208				
Montgomery..	233	872	1094	1256	1218	1535	2072				
Muscantine.....	1247	1942	2882	1485	.....	3010	4516	5773	6170	6812	9555	12569	15503	16444	15989	17241	20699			
O'Brien... [ized.)	8	.....	.....	20				
Osceola(unorgan-				
Page.....	551	584	636	1148	1964	3674	4419	4662	5211	6025				
Palo Alto.....	131	133	142	216	418				
Plymouth.....	112	148	93	105	214				
Pocahontas....	126	103	122	215	453				
Polk.....	1301	1792	4214	4444	6000	5939	5968	9417	11238	11625	12956	16473	22630				
Pottawattamie..	6552	7828	5758	5057	3060	3498	5012	4968	4737	5388	8733				
Poweshiek.....	443	615	742	915	1958	4460	5338	5668	6370	7796	9888				
Ringgold.....	1473	2507	2923	3039	3089	3888				
Sac.....	251	269	246	284	304	595				
Scott.....	1252	2198	2750	3000	.....	3652	4887	5987	6016	8628	12671	21521	25861	25959	26327	28474	34362			
Shelby.....	328	456	784	818	828	900	1218				
Sioux.....	10	.....	.....	18				
Story.....	214	886	2868	3826	4051	4368	5918	6888				
Tama.....	262	1163	3520	5346	5285	7027	7882	11165				
Taylor.....	204	393	479	891	2079	3468	3590	3757	4199	4546				
Union.....	80	81	806	1998	2012	2420	2528	3010				
Van Buren.....	8174	6166	9019	9870	.....	10203	11577	12269	13000	12753	13843	15921	15879	17081	15862	15599	16292			
Wapello.....	2814	4422	.....	5660	7255	8479	8500	8848	10521	13246	15060	14518	16729	18794	18930			
Warren.....	649	943	1193	1448	4446	8000	9150	10281	10932	11150	13162				
Washington.....	288	1571	3120	3483	.....	3518	4484	4901	5079	5881	7560	11118	13366	14235	15003	15789	17675			
Wayne.....	341	500	794	1665	4162	5860	6409	6522	6327	7657				
Webster.....	372	907	3088	2596	2604	2858	3772	5681				
Winnebago.....	182	300	546	800	1623	3815	7506	12211	13942	15421	15421	10302				
Winnebago.....	148	103	204	298	785				
Woodbury.....	176	2000	1100	1119	1106	1296	1970				

Since I became immediately connected with this Institution I have heard much said in relation to it. Those for whose benefit it has been created almost invariably have high anticipations of its success, while at the same time, those who from their position in society might be supposed to know that it is "mind that makes the man," are in many cases incredulous of our success; of all such I request a careful perusal of the following extract:

THE RESPECTABILITY OF MECHANICAL TRADES.

"The choice of a pursuit in life, one of the most important practical questions upon which a young person is ever called to decide, is often determined by the most trifling circumstances and without the slightest aid from judgment or reflection. One youth becomes a soldier because his great grandfather was at the taking of Quebec, or his great uncle signalized himself in Braddock's fight; another studies medicine, and hopes to be an almost infallible doctor because he is the seventh son of a seventh son; while a third chooses the profession of the law for no better reason than that his sponsor, at the baptismal font, chose to call him John Marshall, Daniel Webster or Henry Clay. Surely this is not that practical wisdom which adapts the fittest means to the noblest ends. The choice in life is at least worthy of such consideration as common sense would dictate in any other case, where success in an enterprise depends upon fitness for undertaking it. Men do not expect to "gather grapes from thorns," or "figs from thistles," yet they expect their sons and daughters to succeed in pursuits for which they are wholly incapacitated by talents, disposition or education. And what is still more unreasonable, they expect them to be happy in situations which are totally uncongenial to their natures. One reason why parents and guardians fall so frequently into errors on this point — errors, too, which they lead those under their charge to embrace—is the vain imagination that there is a great and essential difference in the respectability of those pursuits which are admitted by all to be honest.

The respectability of a profession, we suppose it will be admitted, must depend in a great measure upon the respectable character of its members, taken collectively, or regarded with reference to the most brilliant examples. If we adopt this standard, it will be

found no easy matter to establish a claim to superior respectability in favor of any one trade or profession, or class of trades or professions. If it should be asserted that the (so called) learned professions of law, physic or divinity, are more respectable than the pursuits of commerce, mechanics or agriculture, it might easily be shown that taken collectively, the members of these latter trades or professions possess more wealth, ease and independence than those of the learned ones; and further, that among them as brilliant examples of pre-eminence, patriotism and public spirit may be pointed out as those of the more learned professions.

In a country like ours such a claim of respectability in behalf of any profession is preposterous; and yet it is constantly assigned by purse-proud fathers and weak-minded mothers, as a reason for determining their children's pursuit in life.

There is a very general impression that a merchant, clergyman, doctor or lawyer, stands higher in social estimation than a mechanic or farmer. But such is not the fact, as a general principle; if, in a particular instance, a particular merchant, for example, stands higher in social estimation than a particular mechanic, it is not on account of the respective means by which they earn their livelihood, but because the merchant in this instance has claims by wealth, intelligence or education, which the mechanic has not; and by passing into the next street, and taking another example, you will find the tables completely turned, and the mechanic in the enjoyment of a social position to which the merchant can not aspire. This fact is sufficient to prove that a man of one trade or profession does not take a lower position in society than another of a different profession simply on account of the different modes by which they subsist, but by reason of other circumstances which are wholly independent of this consideration. A gentleman who is a merchant does not, for example, decline an intimate acquaintance and social intercourse with his neighbor simply because his neighbor is a mechanic, but because their favorite topics of conversation, their tastes and pursuits are different; and this is clearly apparent from another fact, viz: that whenever two persons of totally different trades or professions happen to meet frequently upon some common ground of science or the fine arts in their leisure hours, they immediately recognize each other's natural equality, and become familiar companions; they unite in

the same pursuits in their leisure hours, and become daily more and more assimilated in mind and character, as well as in their favorite recreation, until they are bound by the strictest bond of friendship.

There is, therefore, no necessary or essential difference in the respectability of different trades and professions; and there is no estrangement between their members that may not be overcome by precisely the same means which constitute the cause of intimacy in other circumstances. In our country, therefore, in point of real and essential respectability, all trades and professions are equal; and the social position which a man occupies, and the degree of respect which he is able to command, depends not upon his trade or profession, but upon his individual character.

If, in every part of the United States, the stupid prejudice which would exclude the mechanic or farmer from any society to which his intelligence and good manners entitle him, is not thoroughly exploded, the time has certainly arrived when it is no longer to be avowed by intelligent or well-bred people. In fact, the rule which would exclude a man from any drawing-room in the land, on the simple ground of being a mechanic, would have excluded from the same drawing-room such men as Nathaniel Bowditch, who was a sailor by trade; Roger Sherman, who was a shoemaker by trade; Benjamin Franklin, who was a printer by trade; Geo. Washington, a very respectable man of the last century, who was a surveyor by trade; or U. S. Grant, who is a tanner by trade.

But the imaginary respectability which a man may happen to enjoy, from his position in society, is not, by any means, the first and most important thing to be considered, in the choice of a profession. It should not be the leading motive in determining the choice of the parent; neither should it be the main consideration in the mind of the young person himself. There is another, and much more important point, which claims and should receive the precedence.

Every parent, in making choice of a profession for his son, and every son in making the same choice for himself, should seriously and deliberately inquire what trade or profession affords the best chance for happiness—happiness in the noblest and broadest sense—happiness which consists in contentment, independence

and real usefulness — happiness which begins in the conscientious and successful discharge of duty on earth, and reaches forward to the unerring retribution of a future world. The inquiry which is thus presented is a very extensive one. It admits of whole years of investigation — whole volumes of disquisition to treat it at large, and apply it to any considerable portion of the cases that might arise.

* * * * *

Farmers and mechanics of Iowa, this Institution is created for the purpose of mentally elevating the class of which we are a part. Let us unite earnestly for its support. Shrink not, although we may sometimes see the smile of incredulity flit across the countenances of those whose illiberal minds can not discern that progress belongs to the age in which we live. Rest assured that no man of pure enlightened mind but will rejoice at every effort we make for improvement, and with such on one side, we can afford to bear with those whose limited minds lead them to look down on the man whose independent spirit prompts him to rely on the skill of his own hands for the means which supports himself and those he loves. It is said “in unity there is strength,” and it is well known that a want of unity is one of the greatest obstacles we have to encounter; let us then, drop our minor and local differences and present a united front in support of a scientific, systematic, and intellectual training of those who are destined to be the future producers and creators of the wealth and prosperity of our country. ’

H. M. T.

REPORT OF THE BUILDING COMMITTEE.

At the meeting of the Board of Trustees in May, 1866, they proceeded to elect the Superintendent of the building and the Building Committee of three, as prescribed by the Act of the General Assembly, granting the appropriation to complete the College Building. Mr. C. A. Dunham was elected Architect and Superintendent, John Russell, J. Willson Williams and J. D. Wright were elected members of the Building Committee, all of whom gave the necessary bonds as required by law. The Board also, at the same meeting, resolved to authorize the Superintendent to employ a competent mechanic to be present at the building and see that the work should be executed in every respect as prescribed by him, the cost of whose services should not exceed five dollars per day.

After the adjournment of the session of the Board, the Superintendent and the Building Committee visited the building and found that the foundation walls were in a much damaged condition. It was concluded, after due consultation, that the chairman of the Building Committee should immediately proceed to make the necessary arrangements to commence the repair of the walls and have the cellar thoroughly drained. With this in view, the superintendent, the other members of the committee and members of the Board of Trustees concurred in requesting him to go to the work and act in the capacity of Superintendent's representative.

Many difficulties were at first presented. Hands had to be procured and material obtained, which involved the visiting of different localities sometimes remote from the building. No pains were spared in order to secure information that would enable the committee to determine where the best accessible material could be obtained.

As shown by the report of the joint committee of the 11th, General Assembly who visited the building during the session of

1866, Mr. Robertson of Des Moines had entered into a contract with the former Board of Trustees under which he was to superintend the making of all the brick expected to be used in the construction of the building, and was also to superintend laying in the walls, all the brick to be used in the basement and cellar of the building. The Board were bound to pay to Mr. Robertson as his compensation for superintendence, twenty-five per cent on all the cost incurred in prosecuting the work.

The present Board of Trustees were anxious to rid themselves of this contract. After several ineffectual attempts, on the part of the Building Committee, to secure more favorable terms from Mr. Robertson, the Board of Trustees at a meeting in June, following finally concluded to pay Mr. Robertson five hundred dollars to release them from his contract which he accepted.

The repairs upon the walls and drain were commenced on the 21st of May, 1866, and were completed on the 28th of July, at which time the chairman of the Building Committee ceased to act in the capacity of Superintendent's representative on the work.

The whole cost of the work done, repairing the walls, draining and grading the cellar, was one thousand one hundred and twenty-three dollars and ninety - three cents.

Shortly after the adjournment of the first meeting of the Board, in May, the Building Committee instructed the Superintendent to advertise for propositions to complete the building after the repairs were completed. With a view to this the Board held a meeting at the farm on the 22d of June, 1866. Propositions were received from several parties to complete the building. The lowest proposition made was by Mr. Jacob Reichard, who proposed to complete the building — the brick being furnished by the Board — for the sum of seventy - three thousand eight hundred and seventy-two dollars. The contract was awarded to Mr. Reichard, and the Building Committee instructed Mr. Dunham to proceed to Des Moines with Mr. Reichard and have a contract and bond drawn up with the approval of the Attorney General or Judge Wright. The contract was duly executed, and a bond for fifty thousand dollars conditioned for the faithful performance of it, placed in the hands of the committee.

The brick-making to complete the building was prosecuted through the summer of 1866. A good foreman and hands were

hired by the Committee, and were placed under the direction of the Superintendent's representative. Five hundred thousand were made that year at a total cost of three thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven dollars and fifty-six cents. Many difficulties were encountered in procuring the proper material, and it had to be hauled a considerable distance a portion of the time.

The contract with Mr. Reichard was signed on the 17th of July, 1866, at which time he received \$7,000.00 on it; and he commenced work on the building in the latter part of that month.

The Committee had succeeded through the kindness and friendship of Mr. Howe, the Superintendent of the Iowa Division of the C. & N. W. R. R., in securing the construction of a side-track on the railroad opposite the building, so that material was shipped nearer than at the railroad station.

A deduction of 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ per cent was also ordered by Mr. Dunlap, the General Superintendent, on all freight passing over the road, used in the construction of the building; which was given to the contractor.

During the first year (1866) the building progressed as far as could have been expected. Many difficulties presented themselves to the contractor which he could not control, and the work was not in as forward a condition on the approach of winter as Mr. Reichard had expected.

As early in the spring of 1867 as it was proper, work was resumed on the walls of the building. In the month of August of last year, it was ascertained by the Superintendent that there would be a deficiency of the amount of brick necessary to complete the building. Notice was received by the Chairman of the Committee that seventy-six thousand would be needed for that purpose. As soon as practicable he hastened to secure them, and finally purchased the amount at Marshalltown, at the rate of ten dollars per 1000, delivered on cars. The freight charged was \$336.00, costing at the building in all \$1,096.00.

Mr. Reichard was bound by his contract to have finished the building by the first of January, the present year. He has been unable to complete it, but thinks he will be able to do so early in the coming spring. The building is now all inclosed and some of the rooms entirely finished. Most of it has received one coat of plaster,

and the joiner-work mostly ready to be put up as soon as the plastering is ready to receive it.

Mr. Reichard has up to this time received $72,214\frac{2}{3}$ dollars on his contract and has yet due to him $\$1657\frac{1}{8}$, which is the full amount of the contract price. There will be some amount due to him for extra work ordered by the Superintendent. But no report of it has yet been received from Mr. Dunham, and no claims have been presented by Mr. Reichard. So far the character of the work done upon the building is all that could be desired and is creditable to the contractor.

The expenditures of the appropriation to complete the building and pay debts, has been as follows :

Amount paid Mr. Reichard on contract.....	\$72,214.82
Amount paid C. A. Dunham for per centage as architect.....	2,000.00
Amount paid for brick and freight on same.....	1,096.00
Amount paid for sundry expenses, as shown on book and by vouchers filed.....	357.80
Amount paid Superintendent's representative on the work.....	2,320.00
Amount paid members of Building Committee per diem and expenses as allowed by board.....	769.26
Amount paid on debts contracted by old Board of Trustees.....	5,303.50
Amount paid for brick making (500,000) in 1866..	3,861.31
Amount paid for repair of foundation, drain, &c..	1,123.93
	<hr/>
	\$89,046.62

It has been found, on examining the books of the Treasurer, that amounts in the aggregate to the sum of \$263.75 have been drawn from the building fund without the orders being made payable to the chairman of the Building Committee, which amounts will require to be added to the above amounts, making in all \$89,310.37.

Vouchers for the expenditure of each ten thousand dollars have been filed with the Auditor of State as fast as the money has been paid out. A strict account of each item has also been kept by the chairman of the Building Committee, and will be open to the inspection of any committee which may be appointed to examine them.

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The following are the important items contained in the report of the Executive Committee for the past two years:

The committee spent considerable time, immediately after their appointment in investigating the financial affairs of the College and farm.

They were unable to find any records of the doings of their predecessors, and as no complete book account of the receipts and expenditures could be found, it was impossible to ascertain with any degree of certainty, the financial condition of the Institution. They found a large amount of old claims unpaid, and at once set about investigating them and paying such as they were satisfied were just. They have during the past two years audited and paid of the old debts against the Farm Fund \$6,598.94 in addition to the debts against the College, which amounted to 5,303.50 making a total indebtedness of 11,902.44, all of which has been paid.

For a detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures on the farm during the last two years, see the reports and books of the Superintendent, which show all items in full, with the vouchers.

The statement of the Superintendent for the year 1866, shows that there was raised upon the farm during that year, the following products:

<i>Wheat</i> .—263 bushels at a cost of \$141.28, valued at....	\$452.00
<i>Oats</i> .—1,078 bushels at a cost of \$189.44, valued at....	471.20
<i>Corn</i> .—1,697 bushels at a cost of \$214.31, valued at....	865.00
<i>Timothy</i> .—Hay and seed, cost \$57.05, valued at....	274.00
<i>Sorghum</i> .—Cost \$23.50, valued at.....	28.80
<i>Potatoes, Carrots and Beans</i> —Cost \$49.10, valued at....	93.00
<i>Buckwheat, Hungarian and Garden</i> —Cost \$31.55, valued	75.00
<i>Prairie Hay</i> .—Cost \$67.50, valued at.....	350.00
Value of wool sold.....	285.00
Total value of farm products.....	2,132.72
Total amount paid for labor.....	1,487.50

The stock on the farm consisted of

4 horses valued at.....	\$435.00
21 head of cattle, valued at.....	5,615.00
134 head of sheep, valued at.....	4,307.00
20 head of swine, valued at.....	684.00

Total value of stock..... \$11,041.00

Value of tools and farm implements.....	\$1,721.29
Value of office and household furniture	137.50
Value of implements purchased in 1866.....	405.60
Increase of stock during the year 1866 was estimated at.	941.50
Loss of stock valued at	287.00
Value of fruit trees planted	84.00
Permanent improvements, building, fencing, &c., for 1866, cost.....	719.26

In January 1867, H. M. Thomson was elected Superintendent and Secretary, and upon the 24th of the month he entered upon the duties of his office. As his report of the transactions on the farm for the last year is very full and complete, and is published in the report of the Trustees it will not be necessary to enter into the details in this place.

We are gratified to be able to state that a marked change for the better is clearly visible in the management of the farm during the past year. A system of farming has been inaugurated that is already producing better crops, better care of stock, and is clearly discernable in the permanent improvements, in fencing, draining and bringing the land under a better system of cultivation. From a careful examination of his financial management, we are satisfied that he is working with energy and system to make the farm a paying investment instead of drawing heavily upon our resources, as heretofore. There are many permanent improvements needed to place the farm in a condition creditable to the State, for the purpose which it is designated to serve.

For the proper care of stock, additional buildings and fencing are very much needed. Some additional stock should be procured at once in order to keep up the varieties that are now being tested. More horses are absolutely required to make out teams sufficient to successfully carry on the work. A considerable amount of

draining should be done at once to place the farm in proper condition for successful cultivation.

The College building is now nearly completed, and long before another meeting of the Legislature it is expected that the College will be in successful operation. Our building is one of the finest in the West, and one in which the people of the State may well feel a just pride. The farm is well adapted to the purposes of illustrating the instruction of the recitation-rooms, embracing as it does every variety of soil in the State.

Our endowment fund has been most judiciously managed, and so invested that it is producing a large annual income, amply sufficient to sustain and build up one of the best educational institutions in the West. The time so long and anxiously looked for by hundreds of the young men of our State has almost arrived when they shall be enabled to obtain a thorough College education in an Iowa Institution adapted to their wants. It only remains for the present Legislature to provide means for finishing one of the noblest works which has ever engaged its attention.

By the express conditions of the Act of Congress making the grant of lands to the States for the support of Agricultural Colleges, no part of "the fund arising from the grant can ever be used directly or indirectly, for the purchase, erection, preservation, or repairing of any building or buildings." It is further expressly provided that the interest shall be inviolably appropriated to the endowment, support and maintenance of the College. The Act also declares that any State which accepts this grant, shall within five years provide at least one College for industrial education, or the grant is forfeited and reverts to the General Government.

It will be seen from these requirements of the Act, that in order to hold our munificent land grant, the Legislature must at its present session make the necessary appropriations for fitting up and furnishing the College building at once, as the five years have nearly expired since the State accepted the grant.

The committee have, therefore, with the assistance of competent judges of the cost of the various fixtures required, made the following estimate of the amounts needed for the various purposes:

To provide for heating, plumbing and cooking range	
for College.....	\$10,000

Lecture room, furniture and library.....	5,000
Furniture for student's rooms, recitation and professor's rooms, and tools for students.....	10,000
Two cisterns and laboratory fixtures.....	2,200
Three Professor's dwellings.....	10,000
For grading, laying out grounds and planting trees, &c.....	2,000
For Philosophical, Astronomical and Mathematical Instruments and apparatus.....	2,000
For clocks and bell.....	1,200
For out-buildings and office-furniture.....	1,300
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	\$43,700

There is also needed for fitting up the farm in a condition creditable to the State, the following amounts, for buildings, stocks, &c. :

For tile draining.....	\$1,000
Hog-house, corn-crib and hen-house.....	800
Horse-stable, granery and tool-house.....	2,500
Cellar for roots and shed for implements and farm machinery.....	750
Horses and harness.....	500
Furniture for farm house.....	1,500
Other improvements and incidentals.....	1,200
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	\$8,250
Deduct cash on hand.....	2,556
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Balance required.....	\$5,694

The College Building will accommodate about 200 students, the steward and necessary help, and two or three teachers.

There are no dwelling houses in reach that can be obtained for the professors and their families, as there is no town in the immediate vicinity of the College, and it will be necessary to proceed at once to erect suitable dwellings for the President and at least two of the Professors. In no other way can we induce competent men to accept these positions. It is believed that three good substantial houses for this purpose can be erected for about \$10,000. The rent will of course be taken into consideration in

fixing the salaries of the Professors. A few single men can probably be obtained, among the numbers of the Faculty, who can occupy rooms in the College building; but men with families must have accommodations of a home, or we shall be compelled to employ those of an inferior grade.

No similar institution in the West is in a better condition, when we consider its buildings, endowment, and favorable surroundings, than the Iowa Agricultural College; and it only remains for the Legislature at its present session, to act with its accustomed liberality, to insure the success of the only College within its borders devoted to the industrial education of farmers' and mechanics' sons, who desire to remain in the pursuits followed by their fathers. No class of people have a stronger claim upon the consideration of the Legislature.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

B. F. GUE,

R. W. HUMPHREY,

J. C. CUSEY,

Executive Committee

OPINION OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

[A question having been raised as to whether the Agricultural College lands are taxable, the opinion of the Attorney General was solicited, and that officer has kindly communicated it as follows.]

OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL, }
DES MOINES, IOWA, Jan. 25, 1866. }

Hon. W. H. Holmes, President pro tem., and Peter Melendy, Secretary, &c., of the Iowa Agricultural College—

GENTS: You ask if the lands granted by the State of Iowa to the Iowa Agricultural College by Chap. 117 of the Tenth General Assembly, are liable to taxation under the revenue laws of the State.

These lands were granted by the United States to Iowa for a specific purpose. (See Act of Congress, July 2, 1862.)

The State of Iowa accepted the grant for the purpose specified, and on the 29th day of March, 1864, an Act was passed by the General Assembly granting these lands to the Iowa Agricultural College; and in said Act it is provided that said College should have authority to lease "for a term of ten or more years, any of said lands—the lessee to pay six per cent interest per annum upon the appraised value of said lands, with the privilege of purchasing the same at the expiration of the lease, at their appraised value at the date of the lease."

All the rights of the lessee are derived under and by virtue of leases made in accordance with the terms of the foregoing provision.

It is provided in the Code, Sec. 712, that "lands bought from the United States or this State, and whether bought on credit or otherwise, are liable to taxation."

The only question then, is whether these agricultural lands are

under the law, and the contracts given *bought* on a credit or otherwise.

My opinion is they are not. The persons holding the leases are not purchasers—they have neither paid for the land, nor have they agreed to pay for the same.

The lease may be an agreement to sell, but it is not an agreement to *buy*, for no one is bound to pay.

My opinion therefore is that these lands are not subject to taxation under any law now in force.

F. E. BISSELL,
Attorney-General.

